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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	36864
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	250000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p250-1fg144m

I/O Power-Up and Supply Voltage Thresholds for Power-On Reset (Commercial and Industrial)

Sophisticated power-up management circuitry is designed into every ProASIC®3 device. These circuits ensure easy transition from the powered-off state to the powered-up state of the device. The many different supplies can power up in any sequence with minimized current spikes or surges.

In addition, the I/O will be in a known state through the power-up sequence. The basic principle is shown in [Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#).

There are five regions to consider during power-up.

ProASIC3 I/Os are activated only if ALL of the following three conditions are met:

1. VCC and VCCI are above the minimum specified trip points ([Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#)).
2. $VCCI > VCC - 0.75 \text{ V}$ (typical)
3. Chip is in the operating mode.

VCCI Trip Point:

Ramping up: $0.6 \text{ V} < \text{trip_point_up} < 1.2 \text{ V}$

Ramping down: $0.5 \text{ V} < \text{trip_point_down} < 1.1 \text{ V}$

VCC Trip Point:

Ramping up: $0.6 \text{ V} < \text{trip_point_up} < 1.1 \text{ V}$

Ramping down: $0.5 \text{ V} < \text{trip_point_down} < 1 \text{ V}$

VCC and VCCI ramp-up trip points are about 100 mV higher than ramp-down trip points. This specifically built-in hysteresis prevents undesirable power-up oscillations and current surges. Note the following:

- During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI.
- JTAG supply, PLL power supplies, and charge pump VPUMP supply have no influence on I/O behavior.

PLL Behavior at Brownout Condition

Microsemi recommends using monotonic power supplies or voltage regulators to ensure proper power-up behavior. Power ramp-up should be monotonic at least until VCC and VCCPLLX exceed brownout activation levels. The VCC activation level is specified as 1.1 V worst-case (see [Figure 2-2 on page 2-5](#) for more details).

When PLL power supply voltage and/or VCC levels drop below the VCC brownout levels ($0.75 \text{ V} \pm 0.25 \text{ V}$), the PLL output lock signal goes low and/or the output clock is lost. Refer to the "Power-Up/Down Behavior of Low Power Flash Devices" chapter of the [ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User's Guide](#) for information on clock and lock recovery.

Internal Power-Up Activation Sequence

1. Core
2. Input buffers

Output buffers, after 200 ns delay from input buffer activation.

Thermal Characteristics

Introduction

The temperature variable in the Microsemi Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption cause the chip junction to be higher than the ambient temperature.

EQ can be used to calculate junction temperature.

$$T_J = \text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_A$$

where:

T_A = Ambient Temperature

ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient $\Delta T = \theta_{ja} * P$

θ_{ja} = Junction-to-ambient of the package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in [Table 2-5 on page 2-6](#).

P = Power dissipation

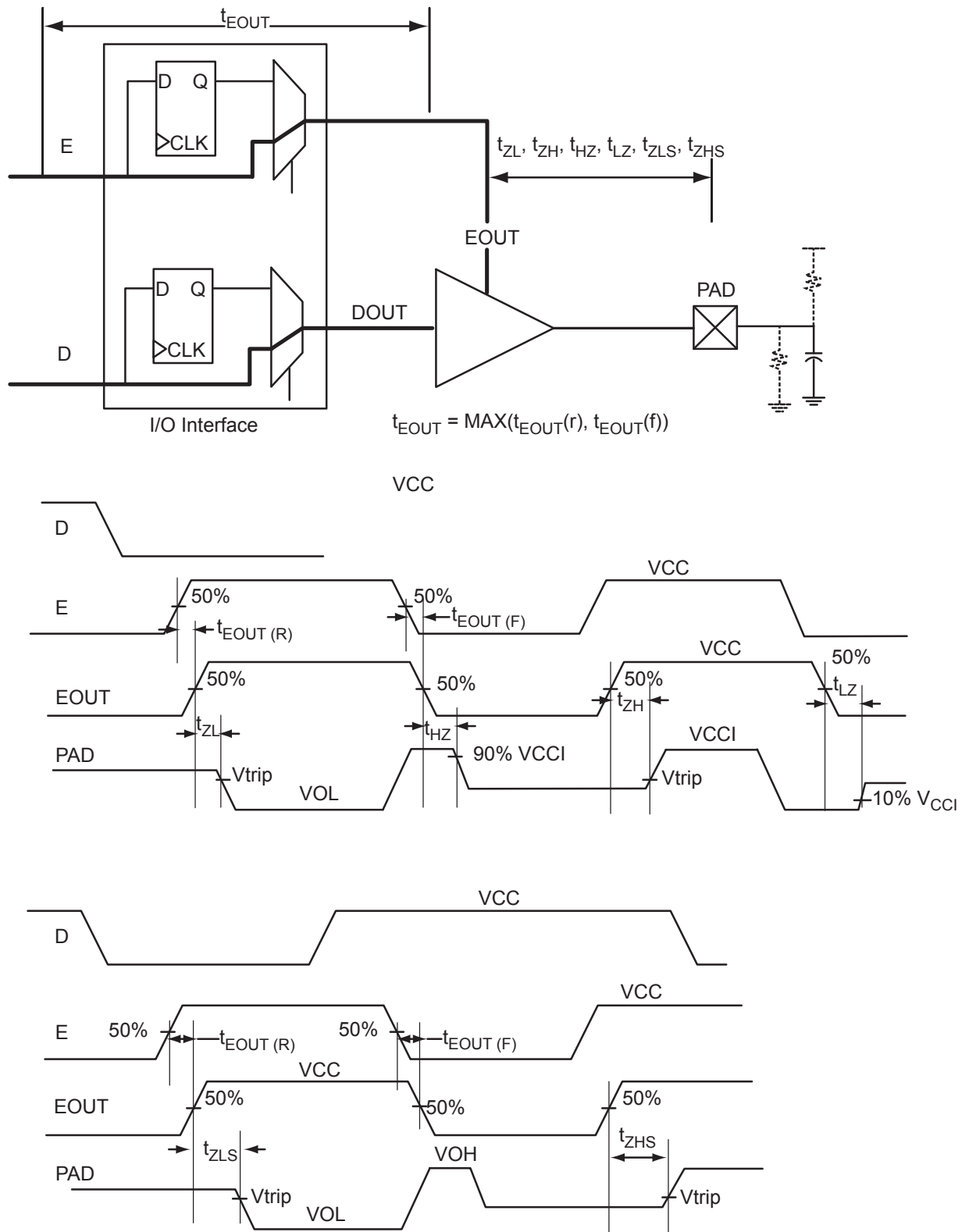


Figure 2-6 • Tristate Output Buffer Timing Model and Delays (Example)

I/O DC Characteristics

Table 2-27 • Input Capacitance

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$, $f = 1.0$ MHz	–	8	pF
C_{INCLK}	Input capacitance on the clock pin	$V_{IN} = 0$, $f = 1.0$ MHz	–	8	pF

Table 2-28 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	$R_{PULL-DOWN} (\Omega)^2$	$R_{PULL-UP} (\Omega)^3$
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	17	50
	24 mA	11	33
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	100 μ A	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
	16 mA	20	40
	24 mA	11	22
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	50	56
	8 mA	50	56
	12 mA	20	22
	16 mA	20	22
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	67	75
	8 mA	33	37
	12 mA	33	37
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on V_{CCI} , drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / IOL_{spec}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCImax - VOH_{spec}) / IOH_{spec}$
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-70 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 1.7\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	11.86	0.04	1.22	0.43	9.14	11.86	2.77	1.66	11.37	14.10	ns
	–1	0.56	10.09	0.04	1.04	0.36	7.77	10.09	2.36	1.41	9.67	11.99	ns
	–2	0.49	8.86	0.03	0.91	0.32	6.82	8.86	2.07	1.24	8.49	10.53	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	6.91	0.04	1.22	0.43	5.86	6.91	3.22	2.84	8.10	9.15	ns
	–1	0.56	5.88	0.04	1.04	0.36	4.99	5.88	2.74	2.41	6.89	7.78	ns
	–2	0.49	5.16	0.03	0.91	0.32	4.38	5.16	2.41	2.12	6.05	6.83	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.45	0.04	1.22	0.43	4.18	4.45	3.53	3.38	6.42	6.68	ns
	–1	0.56	3.78	0.04	1.04	0.36	3.56	3.78	3.00	2.88	5.46	5.69	ns
	–2	0.49	3.32	0.03	0.91	0.32	3.12	3.32	2.64	2.53	4.79	4.99	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	3.92	0.04	1.22	0.43	3.93	3.92	3.60	3.52	6.16	6.16	ns
	–1	0.56	3.34	0.04	1.04	0.36	3.34	3.34	3.06	3.00	5.24	5.24	ns
	–2	0.49	2.93	0.03	0.91	0.32	2.93	2.93	2.69	2.63	4.60	4.60	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.53	0.04	1.22	0.43	3.60	3.04	3.70	4.08	5.84	5.28	ns
	–1	0.56	3.01	0.04	1.04	0.36	3.06	2.59	3.15	3.47	4.96	4.49	ns
	–2	0.49	2.64	0.03	0.91	0.32	2.69	2.27	2.76	3.05	4.36	3.94	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	3.53	0.04	1.22	0.43	3.60	3.04	3.70	4.08	5.84	5.28	ns
	–1	0.56	3.01	0.04	1.04	0.36	3.06	2.59	3.15	3.47	4.96	4.49	ns
	–2	0.49	2.64	0.03	0.91	0.32	2.69	2.27	2.76	3.05	4.36	3.94	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-81 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 1.4\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.78	0.04	1.44	0.43	12.81	12.78	3.40	2.64	15.05	15.02	ns
	–1	0.56	10.87	0.04	1.22	0.36	10.90	10.87	2.89	2.25	12.80	12.78	ns
	–2	0.49	9.55	0.03	1.07	0.32	9.57	9.55	2.54	1.97	11.24	11.22	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.01	0.04	1.44	0.43	10.19	9.55	3.75	3.27	12.43	11.78	ns
	–1	0.56	8.51	0.04	1.22	0.36	8.67	8.12	3.19	2.78	10.57	10.02	ns
	–2	0.49	7.47	0.03	1.07	0.32	7.61	7.13	2.80	2.44	9.28	8.80	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	9.33	0.04	1.44	0.43	9.51	8.89	3.83	3.43	11.74	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	7.94	0.04	1.22	0.36	8.09	7.56	3.26	2.92	9.99	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	6.97	0.03	1.07	0.32	7.10	6.64	2.86	2.56	8.77	8.31	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	8.91	0.04	1.44	0.43	9.07	8.89	3.95	4.05	11.31	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	7.58	0.04	1.22	0.36	7.72	7.57	3.36	3.44	9.62	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	6.65	0.03	1.07	0.32	6.78	6.64	2.95	3.02	8.45	8.31	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	8.91	0.04	1.44	0.43	9.07	8.89	3.95	4.05	11.31	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	7.58	0.04	1.22	0.36	7.72	7.57	3.36	3.44	9.62	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	6.65	0.03	1.07	0.32	6.78	6.64	2.95	3.02	8.45	8.31	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-82 • 1.5 V LVC MOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 1.4\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.83	0.04	1.42	0.43	6.42	7.83	2.71	2.55	8.65	10.07	ns
	–1	0.56	6.66	0.04	1.21	0.36	5.46	6.66	2.31	2.17	7.36	8.56	ns
	–2	0.49	5.85	0.03	1.06	0.32	4.79	5.85	2.02	1.90	6.46	7.52	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	4.84	0.04	1.42	0.43	4.49	4.84	3.03	3.13	6.72	7.08	ns
	–1	0.56	4.12	0.04	1.21	0.36	3.82	4.12	2.58	2.66	5.72	6.02	ns
	–2	0.49	3.61	0.03	1.06	0.32	3.35	3.61	2.26	2.34	5.02	5.28	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-100 • Output Enable Register Propagation Delays
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.59	0.67	0.79	ns
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.31	0.36	0.42	ns
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.44	0.50	0.58	ns
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.67	0.76	0.89	ns
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.67	0.76	0.89	ns
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OEWCCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{OEWPPE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{OECKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Enable Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{OECKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Enable Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-105 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Parameter	-2	-1	Std.	Units
INV	$Y = !A$	t_{PD}	0.40	0.46	0.54	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	t_{PD}	0.47	0.54	0.63	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	t_{PD}	0.47	0.54	0.63	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	t_{PD}	0.49	0.55	0.65	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	t_{PD}	0.49	0.55	0.65	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	t_{PD}	0.74	0.84	0.99	ns
MAJ3	$Y = \text{MAJ}(A, B, C)$	t_{PD}	0.70	0.79	0.93	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	t_{PD}	0.87	1.00	1.17	ns
MUX2	$Y = A !S + B S$	t_{PD}	0.51	0.58	0.68	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	t_{PD}	0.56	0.64	0.75	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

VersaTile Specifications as a Sequential Module

The ProASIC3 library offers a wide variety of sequential cells, including flip-flops and latches. Each has a data input and optional enable, clear, or preset. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a representative sample from the library. For more details, refer to the [Fusion](#), [IGLOO/e](#), and [ProASIC3/E Macro Library Guide](#).

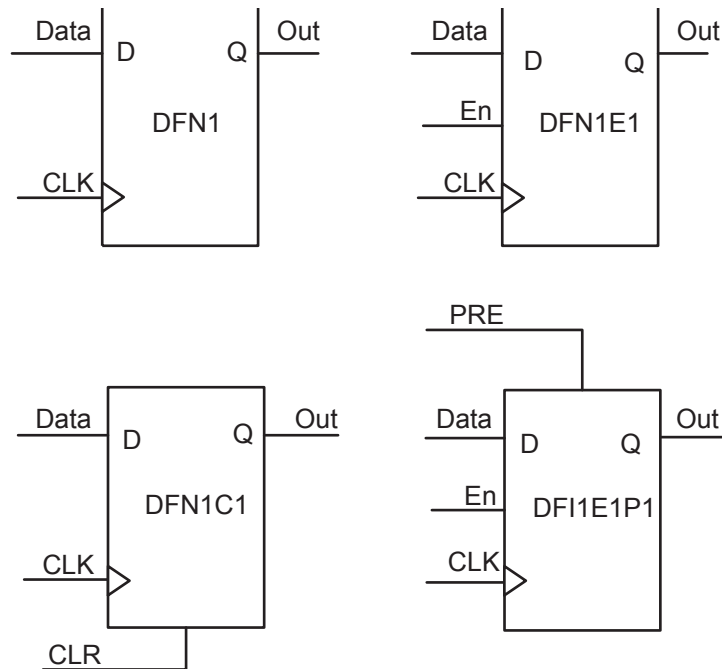


Figure 2-26 • Sample of Sequential Cells

Global Resource Characteristics

A3P250 Clock Tree Topology

Clock delays are device-specific. [Figure 2-28](#) is an example of a global tree used for clock routing. The global tree presented in [Figure 2-28](#) is driven by a CCC located on the west side of the A3P250 device. It is used to drive all D-flip-flops in the device.

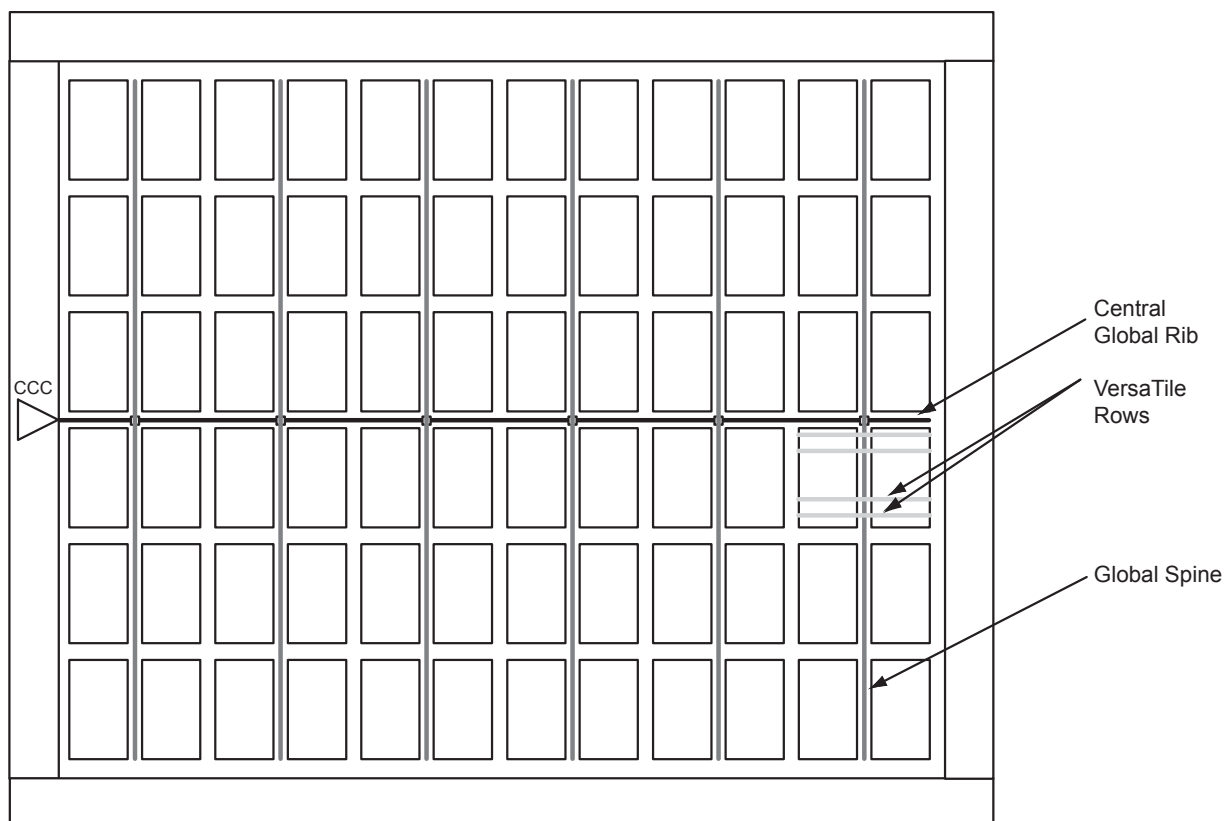


Figure 2-28 • Example of Global Tree Use in an A3P250 Device for Clock Routing

Global Tree Timing Characteristics

Global clock delays include the central rib delay, the spine delay, and the row delay. Delays do not include I/O input buffer clock delays, as these are I/O standard-dependent, and the clock may be driven and conditioned internally by the CCC module. For more details on clock conditioning capabilities, refer to the ["Clock Conditioning Circuits" section on page 2-90](#). [Table 2-108](#) to [Table 2-114 on page 2-89](#) present minimum and maximum global clock delays within each device. Minimum and maximum delays are measured with minimum and maximum loading.

Table 2-113 • A3P600 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.87	1.09	0.99	1.24	1.17	1.46	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.86	1.11	0.98	1.27	1.15	1.49	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-114 • A3P1000 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.94	1.16	1.07	1.32	1.26	1.55	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.93	1.19	1.06	1.35	1.24	1.59	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.35	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-117 • RAM512X18**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{AS}	Address setup time	0.25	0.28	0.33	ns
t_{AH}	Address hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	0.13	0.15	0.17	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.10	0.11	0.13	ns
t_{DS}	Input data (WD) setup time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input data (WD) hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (output retained)	2.16	2.46	2.89	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (pipelined)	0.90	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{C2CRWH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.50	0.43	0.38	ns
t_{C2CWRH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.59	0.50	0.44	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock cycle time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Notes:

1. For more information, refer to the application note [Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs](#).
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-118 • FIFO (for all dies except A3P250)
Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

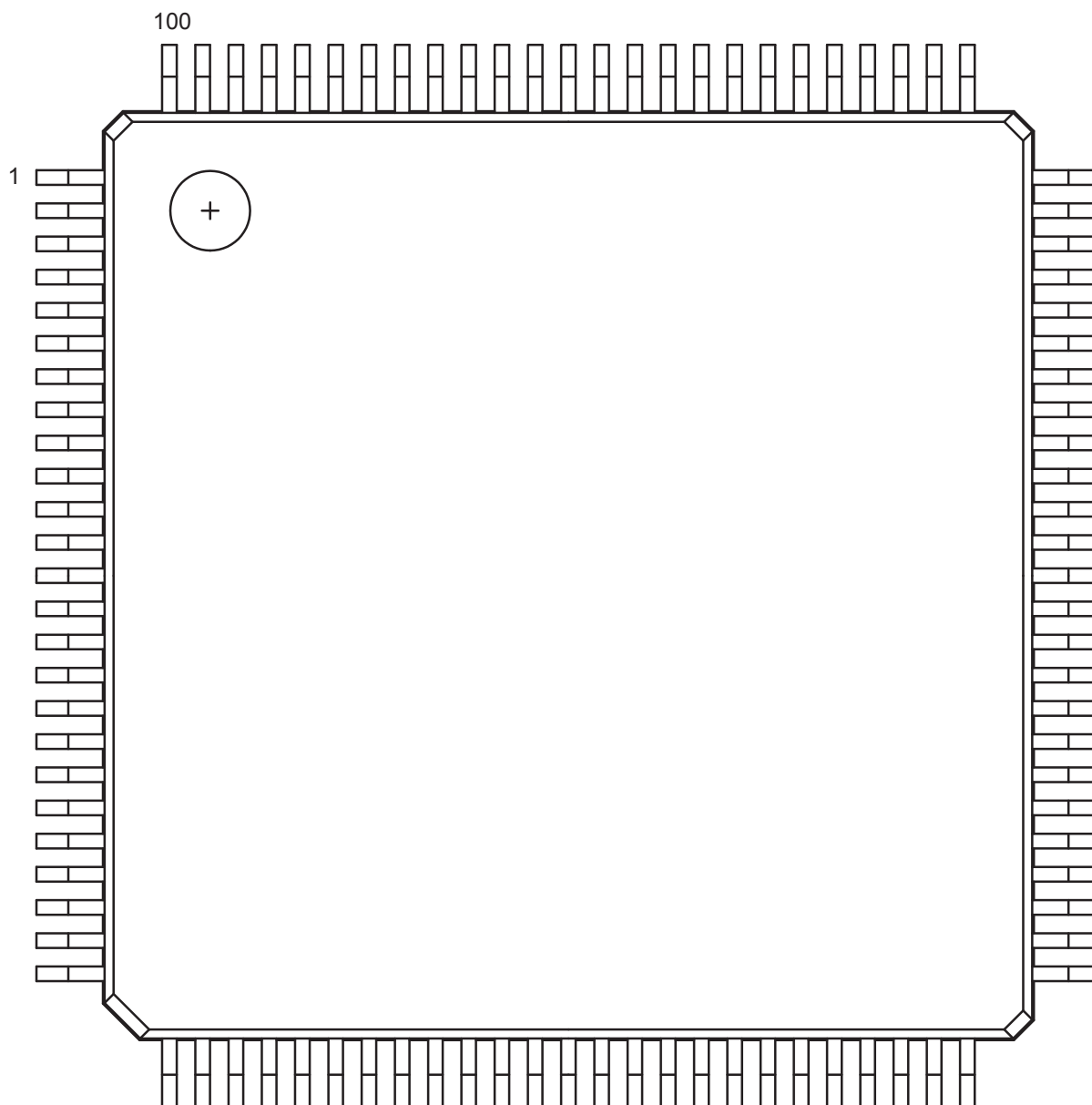
Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	1.34	1.52	1.79	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.17	2.47	2.90	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.94	1.07	1.26	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
t_{REMRSTB}	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
t_{RECRSTB}	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
t_{MPWRSTB}	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	310	272	231	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

QN48	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	GEC0/IO73RSB1
3	GEA0/IO72RSB1
4	GEB0/IO71RSB1
5	GND
6	VCCIB1
7	IO68RSB1
8	IO67RSB1
9	IO66RSB1
10	IO65RSB1
11	IO64RSB1
12	IO62RSB1
13	IO61RSB1
14	IO60RSB1
15	IO57RSB1
16	IO55RSB1
17	IO53RSB1
18	VCC
19	VCCIB1
20	IO46RSB1
21	IO42RSB1
22	TCK
23	TDI
24	TMS
25	VPUMP
26	TDO
27	TRST
28	VJTAG
29	IO38RSB0
30	GDB0/IO34RSB0
31	GDA0/IO33RSB0
32	GDC0/IO32RSB0
33	VCCIB0
34	GND
35	VCC
36	IO25RSB0

QN48	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
37	IO24RSB0
38	IO22RSB0
39	IO20RSB0
40	IO18RSB0
41	IO16RSB0
42	IO14RSB0
43	IO10RSB0
44	IO08RSB0
45	IO06RSB0
46	IO04RSB0
47	IO02RSB0
48	IO00RSB0

VQ100 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO118UDB3
3	IO118VDB3
4	GAB2/IO117UDB3
5	IO117VDB3
6	GAC2/IO116UDB3
7	IO116VDB3
8	IO112PSB3
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO109PDB3
11	GFB0/IO109NDB3
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO108NPB3
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO108PPB3
16	GFA2/IO107PSB3
17	VCC
18	VCCIB3
19	GFC2/IO105PSB3
20	GEC1/IO100PDB3
21	GEC0/IO100NDB3
22	GEA1/IO98PDB3
23	GEA0/IO98NDB3
24	VMV3
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO97RSB2
27	GEB2/IO96RSB2
28	GEC2/IO95RSB2
29	IO93RSB2
30	IO92RSB2
31	IO91RSB2
32	IO90RSB2
33	IO88RSB2
34	IO86RSB2
35	IO85RSB2
36	IO84RSB2

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB2
40	IO77RSB2
41	IO74RSB2
42	IO71RSB2
43	GDC2/IO63RSB2
44	GDB2/IO62RSB2
45	GDA2/IO61RSB2
46	GNDQ
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV2
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO60USB1
58	GDC0/IO58VDB1
59	GDC1/IO58UDB1
60	IO52NDB1
61	GCB2/IO52PDB1
62	GCA1/IO50PDB1
63	GCA0/IO50NDB1
64	GCC0/IO48NDB1
65	GCC1/IO48PDB1
66	VCCIB1
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO43NDB1
70	GBC2/IO43PDB1
71	GBB2/IO42PSB1
72	IO41NDB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
73	GBA2/IO41PDB1
74	VMV1
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
82	IO29RSB0
83	IO27RSB0
84	IO25RSB0
85	IO23RSB0
86	IO21RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO15RSB0
91	IO13RSB0
92	IO11RSB0
93	GAC1/IO05RSB0
94	GAC0/IO04RSB0
95	GAB1/IO03RSB0
96	GAB0/IO02RSB0
97	GAA1/IO01RSB0
98	GAA0/IO00RSB0
99	GNDQ
100	VMV0

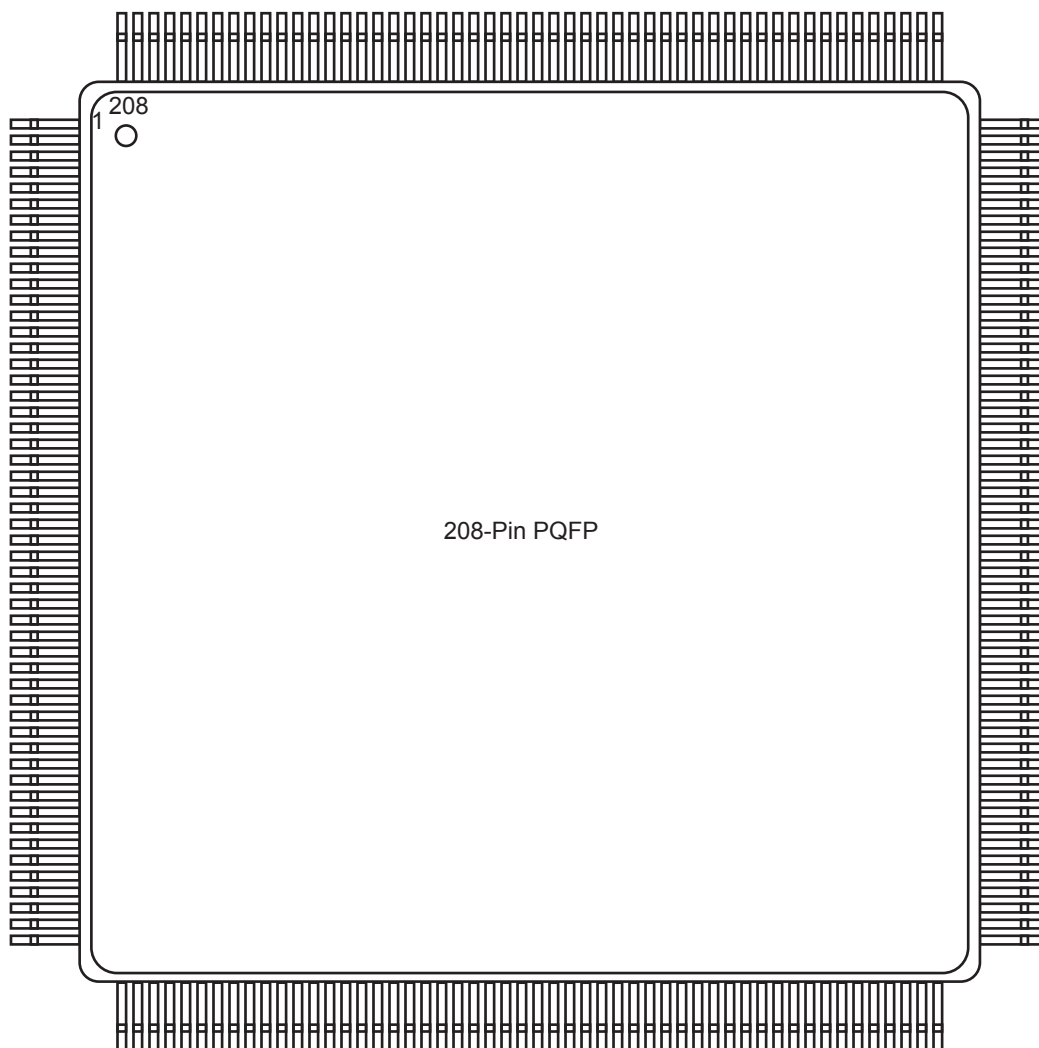
TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
109	NC
110	NC
111	GBA1/IO24RSB0
112	GBA0/IO23RSB0
113	GBB1/IO22RSB0
114	GBB0/IO21RSB0
115	GBC1/IO20RSB0
116	GBC0/IO19RSB0
117	VCCIB0
118	GND
119	VCC
120	IO18RSB0
121	IO17RSB0
122	IO16RSB0
123	IO15RSB0
124	IO14RSB0
125	IO13RSB0
126	IO12RSB0
127	IO11RSB0
128	NC
129	IO10RSB0
130	IO09RSB0
131	IO08RSB0
132	GAC1/IO07RSB0
133	GAC0/IO06RSB0
134	NC
135	GND
136	NC
137	GAB1/IO05RSB0
138	GAB0/IO04RSB0
139	GAA1/IO03RSB0
140	GAA0/IO02RSB0
141	IO01RSB0
142	IO00RSB0
143	GNDQ
144	VMV0

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
1	GAA2/IO67RSB1
2	IO68RSB1
3	GAB2/IO69RSB1
4	IO132RSB1
5	GAC2/IO131RSB1
6	IO130RSB1
7	IO129RSB1
8	IO128RSB1
9	VCC
10	GND
11	VCCIB1
12	IO127RSB1
13	GFC1/IO126RSB1
14	GFC0/IO125RSB1
15	GFB1/IO124RSB1
16	GFB0/IO123RSB1
17	VCOMPLF
18	GFA0/IO122RSB1
19	VCCPLF
20	GFA1/IO121RSB1
21	GFA2/IO120RSB1
22	GFB2/IO119RSB1
23	GFC2/IO118RSB1
24	IO117RSB1
25	IO116RSB1
26	IO115RSB1
27	GND
28	VCCIB1
29	GEC1/IO112RSB1
30	GEC0/IO111RSB1
31	GEB1/IO110RSB1
32	GEB0/IO109RSB1
33	GEA1/IO108RSB1
34	GEA0/IO107RSB1
35	VMV1
36	GNDQ

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
37	NC
38	GEA2/IO106RSB1
39	GEB2/IO105RSB1
40	GEC2/IO104RSB1
41	IO103RSB1
42	IO102RSB1
43	IO101RSB1
44	IO100RSB1
45	VCC
46	GND
47	VCCIB1
48	IO99RSB1
49	IO97RSB1
50	IO95RSB1
51	IO93RSB1
52	IO92RSB1
53	IO90RSB1
54	IO88RSB1
55	IO86RSB1
56	IO84RSB1
57	IO83RSB1
58	IO82RSB1
59	IO81RSB1
60	IO80RSB1
61	IO79RSB1
62	VCC
63	GND
64	VCCIB1
65	GDC2/IO72RSB1
66	GDB2/IO71RSB1
67	GDA2/IO70RSB1
68	GNDQ
69	TCK
70	TDI
71	TMS
72	VMV1

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
73	VPUMP
74	NC
75	TDO
76	TRST
77	VJTAG
78	GDA0/IO66RSB0
79	GDB0/IO64RSB0
80	GDB1/IO63RSB0
81	VCCIB0
82	GND
83	IO60RSB0
84	GCC2/IO59RSB0
85	GCB2/IO58RSB0
86	GCA2/IO57RSB0
87	GCA0/IO56RSB0
88	GCA1/IO55RSB0
89	GCB0/IO54RSB0
90	GCB1/IO53RSB0
91	GCC0/IO52RSB0
92	GCC1/IO51RSB0
93	IO50RSB0
94	IO49RSB0
95	NC
96	NC
97	NC
98	VCCIB0
99	GND
100	VCC
101	IO47RSB0
102	GBC2/IO45RSB0
103	IO44RSB0
104	GBB2/IO43RSB0
105	IO42RSB0
106	GBA2/IO41RSB0
107	VMV0
108	GNDQ

PQ208 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
K1	GEBO/IO99NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO98PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO98NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO97RSB2
K5	IO90RSB2
K6	IO84RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO66RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO63RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO60VDB1
K12	GDB0/IO59VDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	GEBO/IO96RSB2
L4	IO91RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO82RSB2
L7	IO80RSB2
L8	IO72RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO95RSB2
M3	IO92RSB2
M4	IO89RSB2
M5	IO87RSB2
M6	IO85RSB2
M7	IO78RSB2
M8	IO76RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
G13	GCC1/IO48PPB1
G14	IO47NPB1
G15	IO54PDB1
G16	IO54NDB1
H1	GFB0/IO109NPB3
H2	GFA0/IO108NDB3
H3	GFB1/IO109PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO110NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO48NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO49PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO50NPB1
H15	NC
H16	GCB0/IO49NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO107PPB3
J2	GFA1/IO108PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO106NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO106PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO52PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO50PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO53PPB1
J15	NC
J16	GCA2/IO51PDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
K1	GFC2/IO105PDB3
K2	IO107NPB3
K3	IO104PPB3
K4	NC
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO52NPB1
K14	IO55RSB1
K15	IO53NPB1
K16	IO51NDB1
L1	IO105NDB3
L2	IO104NPB3
L3	NC
L4	IO102RSB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO59VPB1
L14	IO57VDB1
L15	IO57UDB1
L16	IO56PDB1
M1	IO103PDB3
M2	NC
M3	IO101NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO100NPB3

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	NC
M9	IO74RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	NC
M14	GDB1/IO59UPB1
M15	GDC1/IO58UDB1
M16	IO56NDB1
N1	IO103NDB3
N2	IO101PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO100PPB3
N4	NC
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO97RSB2
N7	IO86RSB2
N8	IO82RSB2
N9	IO75RSB2
N10	IO69RSB2
N11	IO64RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	NC
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO58VDB1
N16	GDA1/IO60UDB1
P1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO99NDB3
P3	NC
P4	NC
P5	IO92RSB2
P6	IO89RSB2
P7	IO85RSB2
P8	IO81RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
R17	GDB1/IO87PPB1
R18	GDC1/IO86PDB1
R19	IO84NDB1
R20	VCC
R21	IO81NDB1
R22	IO82PDB1
T1	IO152PDB3
T2	IO152NDB3
T3	NC
T4	IO150NDB3
T5	IO147PPB3
T6	GEC1/IO146PPB3
T7	IO140RSB2
T8	GNDQ
T9	GEA2/IO143RSB2
T10	IO126RSB2
T11	IO120RSB2
T12	IO108RSB2
T13	IO103RSB2
T14	IO99RSB2
T15	GNDQ
T16	IO92RSB2
T17	VJTAG
T18	GDC0/IO86NDB1
T19	GDA1/IO88PDB1
T20	NC
T21	IO83PDB1
T22	IO82NDB1
U1	IO149PDB3
U2	IO149NDB3
U3	NC
U4	GEB1/IO145PDB3
U5	GEB0/IO145NDB3
U6	VMV2
U7	IO138RSB2
U8	IO136RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
U9	IO131RSB2
U10	IO124RSB2
U11	IO119RSB2
U12	IO107RSB2
U13	IO104RSB2
U14	IO97RSB2
U15	VMV1
U16	TCK
U17	VPUMP
U18	TRST
U19	GDA0/IO88NDB1
U20	NC
U21	IO83NDB1
U22	NC
V1	NC
V2	NC
V3	GND
V4	GEA1/IO144PDB3
V5	GEA0/IO144NDB3
V6	IO139RSB2
V7	GEC2/IO141RSB2
V8	IO132RSB2
V9	IO127RSB2
V10	IO121RSB2
V11	IO114RSB2
V12	IO109RSB2
V13	IO105RSB2
V14	IO98RSB2
V15	IO96RSB2
V16	GDB2/IO90RSB2
V17	TDI
V18	GNDQ
V19	TDO
V20	GND
V21	NC
V22	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
W1	NC
W2	IO148PDB3
W3	NC
W4	GND
W5	IO137RSB2
W6	GEB2/IO142RSB2
W7	IO134RSB2
W8	IO125RSB2
W9	IO123RSB2
W10	IO118RSB2
W11	IO115RSB2
W12	IO111RSB2
W13	IO106RSB2
W14	IO102RSB2
W15	GDC2/IO91RSB2
W16	IO93RSB2
W17	GDA2/IO89RSB2
W18	TMS
W19	GND
W20	NC
W21	NC
W22	NC
Y1	VCCIB3
Y2	IO148NDB3
Y3	NC
Y4	NC
Y5	GND
Y6	NC
Y7	NC
Y8	VCC
Y9	VCC
Y10	NC
Y11	NC
Y12	NC
Y13	NC
Y14	VCC