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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	55296
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	400000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p400-2fgg144i

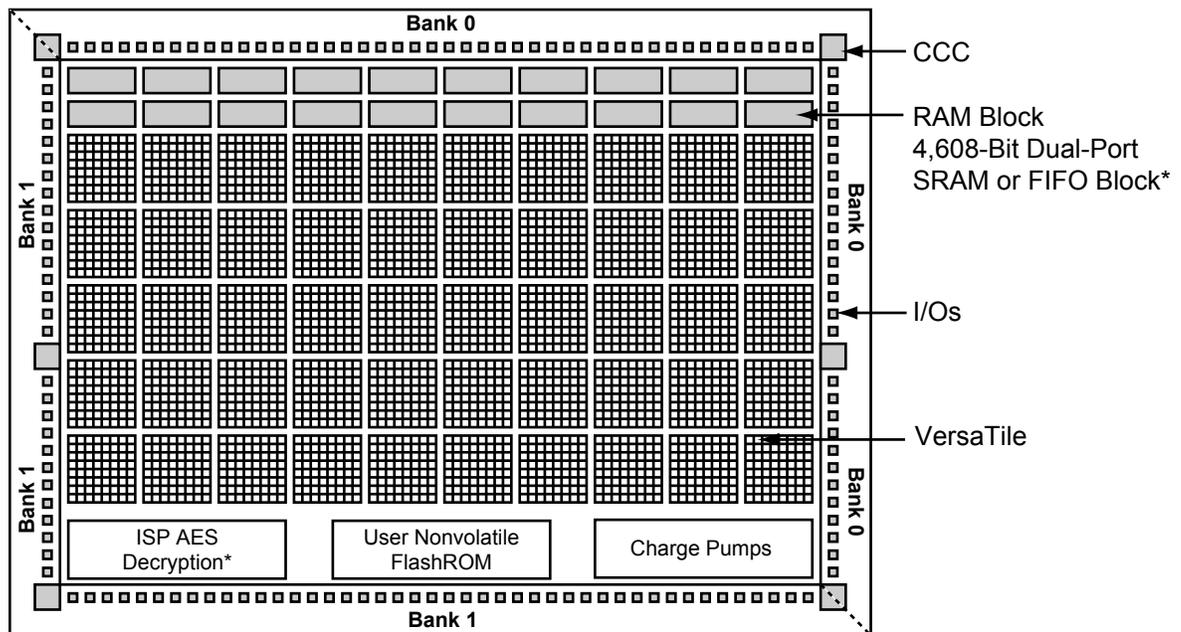
Advanced Flash Technology

The ProASIC3 family offers many benefits, including nonvolatility and reprogrammability through an advanced flash-based, 130-nm LVC MOS process with seven layers of metal. Standard CMOS design techniques are used to implement logic and control functions. The combination of fine granularity, enhanced flexible routing resources, and abundant flash switches allows for very high logic utilization without compromising device routability or performance. Logic functions within the device are interconnected through a four-level routing hierarchy.

Advanced Architecture

The proprietary ProASIC3 architecture provides granularity comparable to standard-cell ASICs. The ProASIC3 device consists of five distinct and programmable architectural features (Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-2 on page 1-4):

- FPGA VersaTiles
- Dedicated FlashROM
- Dedicated SRAM/FIFO memory†
- Extensive CCCs and PLLs†
- Advanced I/O structure



Note: *Not supported by A3P015 and A3P030 devices

Figure 1-1 • ProASIC3 Device Architecture Overview with Two I/O Banks (A3P015, A3P030, A3P060, and A3P125)

† The A3P015 and A3P030 do not support PLL or SRAM.

RAM Contribution— P_{MEMORY}

$$P_{\text{MEMORY}} = P_{\text{AC11}} * N_{\text{BLOCKS}} * F_{\text{READ-CLOCK}} * \beta_2 + P_{\text{AC12}} * N_{\text{BLOCK}} * F_{\text{WRITE-CLOCK}} * \beta_3$$

N_{BLOCKS} is the number of RAM blocks used in the design.

$F_{\text{READ-CLOCK}}$ is the memory read clock frequency.

β_2 is the RAM enable rate for read operations.

$F_{\text{WRITE-CLOCK}}$ is the memory write clock frequency.

β_3 is the RAM enable rate for write operations—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-17 on page 2-14](#).

PLL Contribution— P_{PLL}

$$P_{\text{PLL}} = P_{\text{DC4}} + P_{\text{AC13}} * F_{\text{CLKOUT}}$$

F_{CLKOUT} is the output clock frequency.¹

Guidelines

Toggle Rate Definition

A toggle rate defines the frequency of a net or logic element relative to a clock. It is a percentage. If the toggle rate of a net is 100%, this means that this net switches at half the clock frequency. Below are some examples:

- The average toggle rate of a shift register is 100% because all flip-flop outputs toggle at half of the clock frequency.
- The average toggle rate of an 8-bit counter is 25%:
 - Bit 0 (LSB) = 100%
 - Bit 1 = 50%
 - Bit 2 = 25%
 - ...
 - Bit 7 (MSB) = 0.78125%
 - Average toggle rate = (100% + 50% + 25% + 12.5% + ... + 0.78125%) / 8

Enable Rate Definition

Output enable rate is the average percentage of time during which tristate outputs are enabled. When nontristate output buffers are used, the enable rate should be 100%.

Table 2-16 • Toggle Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
α_1	Toggle rate of VersaTile outputs	10%
α_2	I/O buffer toggle rate	10%

Table 2-17 • Enable Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
β_1	I/O output buffer enable rate	100%
β_2	RAM enable rate for read operations	12.5%
β_3	RAM enable rate for write operations	12.5%

1. The PLL dynamic contribution depends on the input clock frequency, the number of output clock signals generated by the PLL, and the frequency of each output clock. If a PLL is used to generate more than one output clock, include each output clock in the formula by adding its corresponding contribution ($P_{\text{AC14}} * F_{\text{CLKOUT}}$ product) to the total PLL contribution.

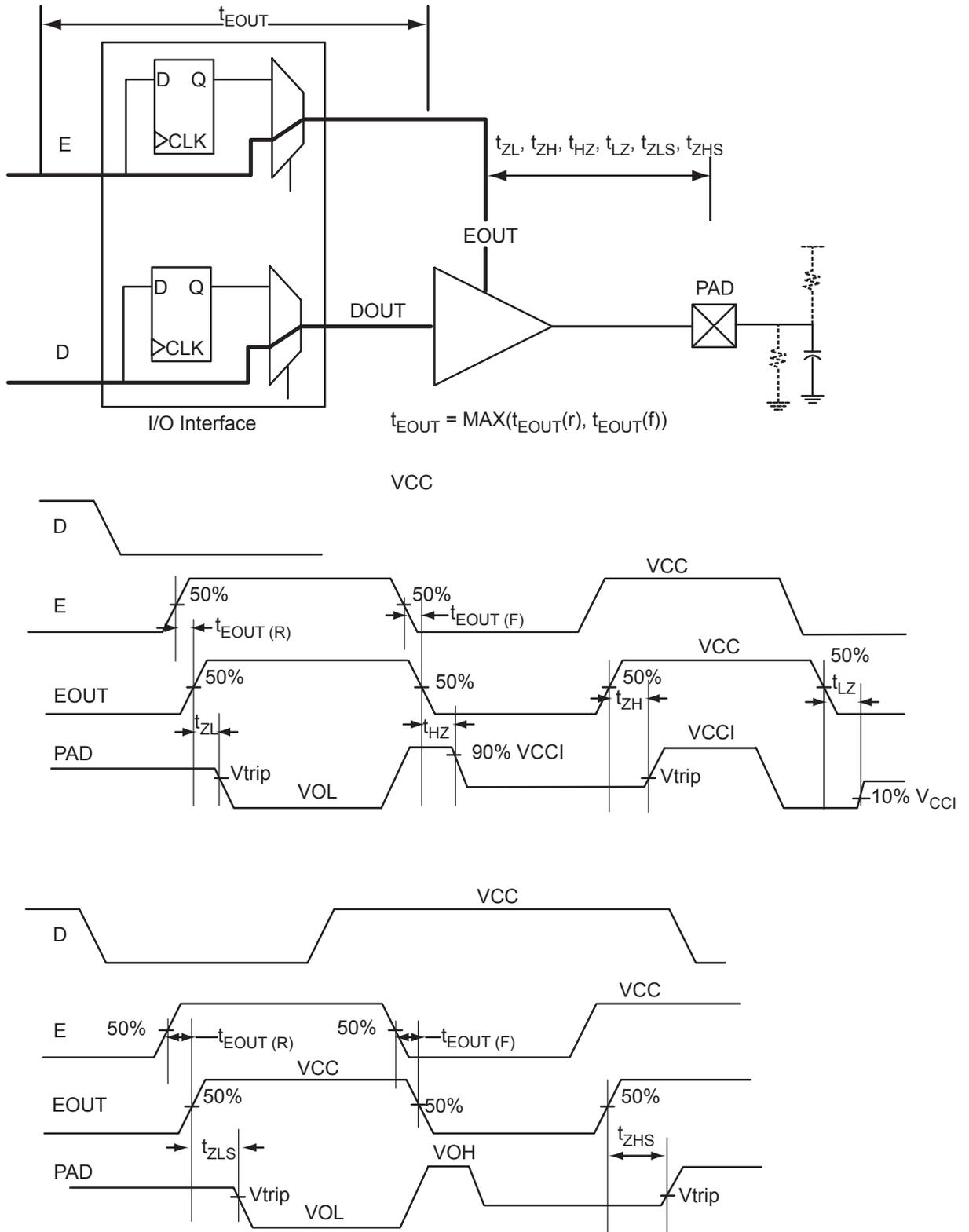


Figure 2-6 • Tristate Output Buffer Timing Model and Delays (Example)

Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
		Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA ⁴	Max mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

2.5 V LVCMOS

Low-Voltage CMOS for 2.5 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 2.5 V applications.

Table 2-56 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

2.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	2	2	18	16	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	4	4	18	16	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	6	6	37	32	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	8	8	37	32	10	10
12 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12	74	65	10	10
16 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	16	16	87	83	10	10
24 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	24	24	124	169	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-57 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

2.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	2	2	18	16	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	4	4	18	16	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	6	6	37	32	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	8	8	37	32	10	10
12 mA	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12	74	65	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-62 • 2.5 V LVC MOS High Slew
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	Std.	0.66	8.28	0.04	1.30	0.43	7.41	8.28	2.25	2.07	9.64	10.51	ns
	-1	0.56	7.04	0.04	1.10	0.36	6.30	7.04	1.92	1.76	8.20	8.94	ns
	-2	0.49	6.18	0.03	0.97	0.32	5.53	6.18	1.68	1.55	7.20	7.85	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.85	0.04	1.30	0.43	4.65	4.85	2.59	2.71	6.88	7.09	ns
	-1	0.56	4.13	0.04	1.10	0.36	3.95	4.13	2.20	2.31	5.85	6.03	ns
	-2	0.49	3.62	0.03	0.97	0.32	3.47	3.62	1.93	2.02	5.14	5.29	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.85	0.04	1.30	0.43	4.65	4.85	2.59	2.71	6.88	7.09	ns
	-1	0.56	4.13	0.04	1.10	0.36	3.95	4.13	2.20	2.31	5.85	6.03	ns
	-2	0.49	3.62	0.03	0.97	0.32	3.47	3.62	1.93	2.02	5.14	5.29	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.21	0.04	1.30	0.43	3.27	3.14	2.82	3.11	5.50	5.38	ns
	-1	0.56	2.73	0.04	1.10	0.36	2.78	2.67	2.40	2.65	4.68	4.57	ns
	-2	0.49	2.39	0.03	0.97	0.32	2.44	2.35	2.11	2.32	4.11	4.02	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-63 • 2.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.84	0.04	1.30	0.43	10.64	10.84	2.26	1.99	12.87	13.08	ns
	-1	0.56	9.22	0.04	1.10	0.36	9.05	9.22	1.92	1.69	10.95	11.12	ns
	-2	0.49	8.10	0.03	0.97	0.32	7.94	8.10	1.68	1.49	9.61	9.77	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	7.37	0.04	1.30	0.43	7.50	7.36	2.59	2.61	9.74	9.60	ns
	-1	0.56	6.27	0.04	1.10	0.36	6.38	6.26	2.20	2.22	8.29	8.16	ns
	-2	0.49	5.50	0.03	0.97	0.32	5.60	5.50	1.93	1.95	7.27	7.17	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.37	0.04	1.30	0.43	7.50	7.36	2.59	2.61	9.74	9.60	ns
	-1	0.56	6.27	0.04	1.10	0.36	6.38	6.26	2.20	2.22	8.29	8.16	ns
	-2	0.49	5.50	0.03	0.97	0.32	5.60	5.50	1.93	1.95	7.27	7.17	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	5.63	0.04	1.30	0.43	5.73	5.51	2.83	3.01	7.97	7.74	ns
	-1	0.56	4.79	0.04	1.10	0.36	4.88	4.68	2.41	2.56	6.78	6.59	ns
	-2	0.49	4.20	0.03	0.97	0.32	4.28	4.11	2.11	2.25	5.95	5.78	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-90 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.9	1.075	1.25	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
IOL ¹	Output Lower Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
IOH ¹	Output High Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
VI	Input Voltage	0		2.925	V
IIH ^{2,3}	Input High Leakage Current			10	μA
IIL ^{2,4}	Input Low Leakage Current			10	μA
VODIFF	Differential Output Voltage	250	350	450	mV
VOCM	Output Common Mode Voltage	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
VICM	Input Common Mode Voltage	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
VIDIFF	Input Differential Voltage	100	350		mV

Notes:

1. IOL/IOH defined by VODIFF/(Resistor Network)
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
4. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.

Table 2-91 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.075	1.325	Cross point

Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip} . See Table 2-22 on page 2-22 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics
Table 2-92 • LVDS

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V

Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	Units
Std.	0.66	1.83	0.04	1.60	ns
-1	0.56	1.56	0.04	1.36	ns
-2	0.49	1.37	0.03	1.20	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-93 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	3.0		3.3		3.6		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.96	1.27	1.06	1.43	1.30	1.57	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.8	2.11	1.92	2.28	2.13	2.41	V
VIL, VIH	Input Low, Input High Voltages	0	3.6	0	3.6	0	3.6	V
VODIFF	Differential Output Voltage	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	0.625	0.97	V
VOCM	Output Common-Mode Voltage	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	1.762	1.98	V
VICM	Input Common-Mode Voltage	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	1.01	2.57	V
VIDIFF	Input Differential Voltage	300		300		300		mV

Table 2-94 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)
1.64	1.94	Cross point

Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip} . See [Table 2-22 on page 2-22](#) for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-95 • LVPECL

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	Units
Std.	0.66	1.80	0.04	1.40	ns
-1	0.56	1.53	0.04	1.19	ns
-2	0.49	1.34	0.03	1.05	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

I/O Register Specifications

Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

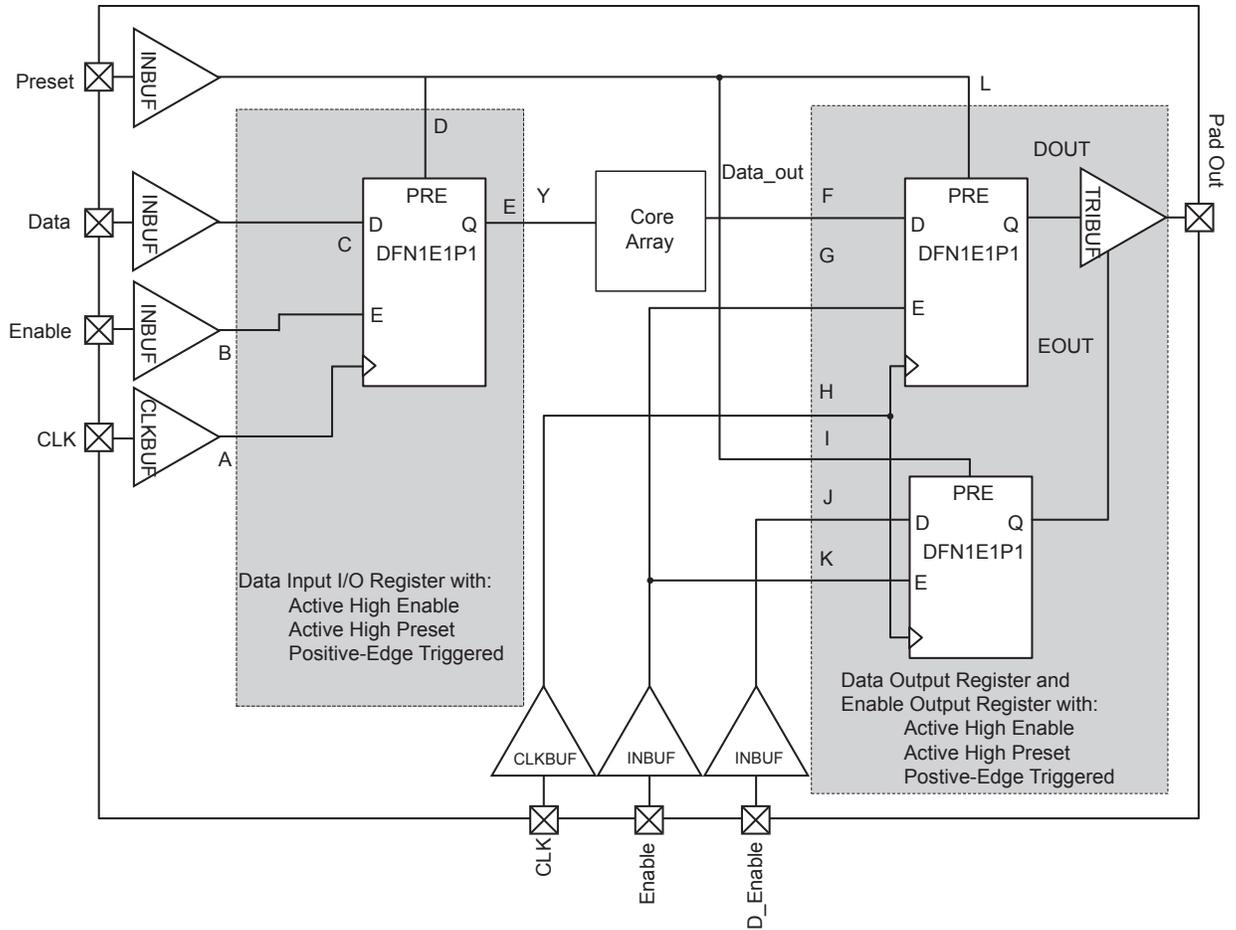
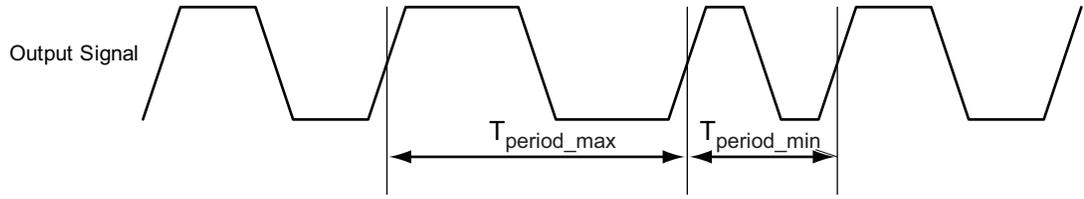


Figure 2-15 • Timing Model of Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

Table 2-97 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
t_{OEMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{ICLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
$t_{IREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
$t_{IRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

Note: *See Figure 2-16 on page 2-71 for more information.



Note: Peak-to-peak jitter measurements are defined by $T_{\text{peak-to-peak}} = T_{\text{period_max}} - T_{\text{period_min}}$.

Figure 2-29 • Peak-to-Peak Jitter Definition

Timing Waveforms

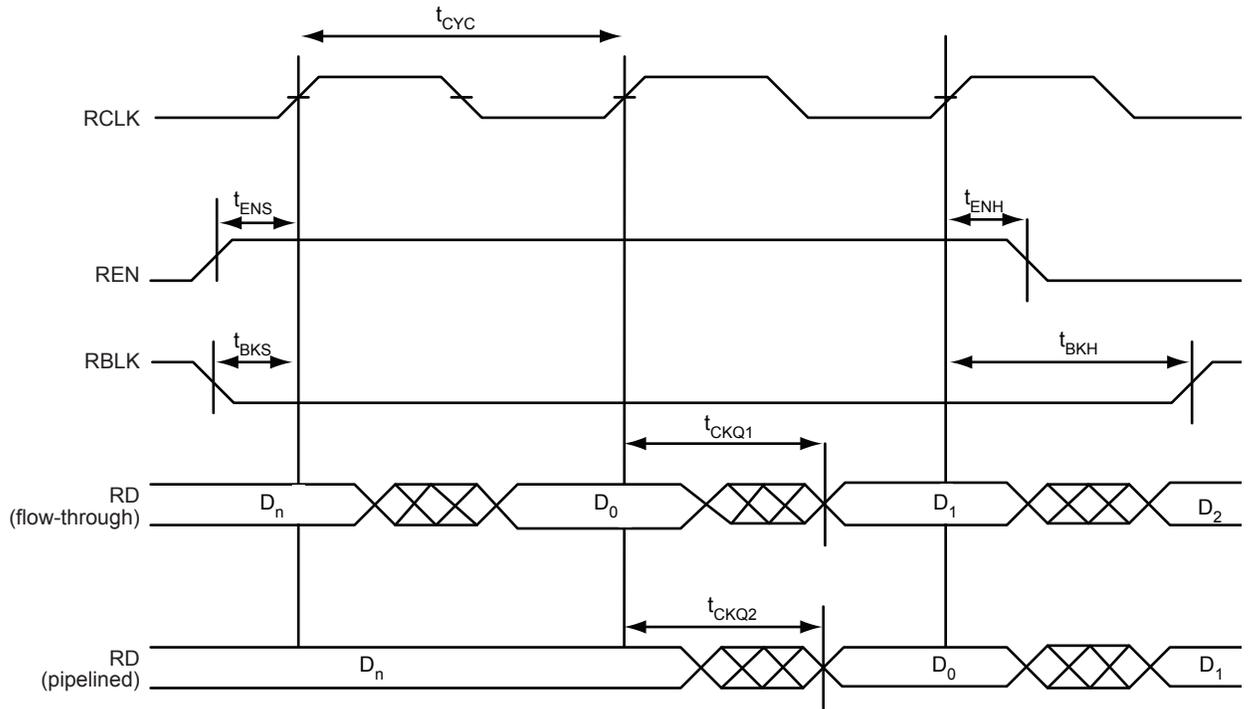


Figure 2-37 • FIFO Read

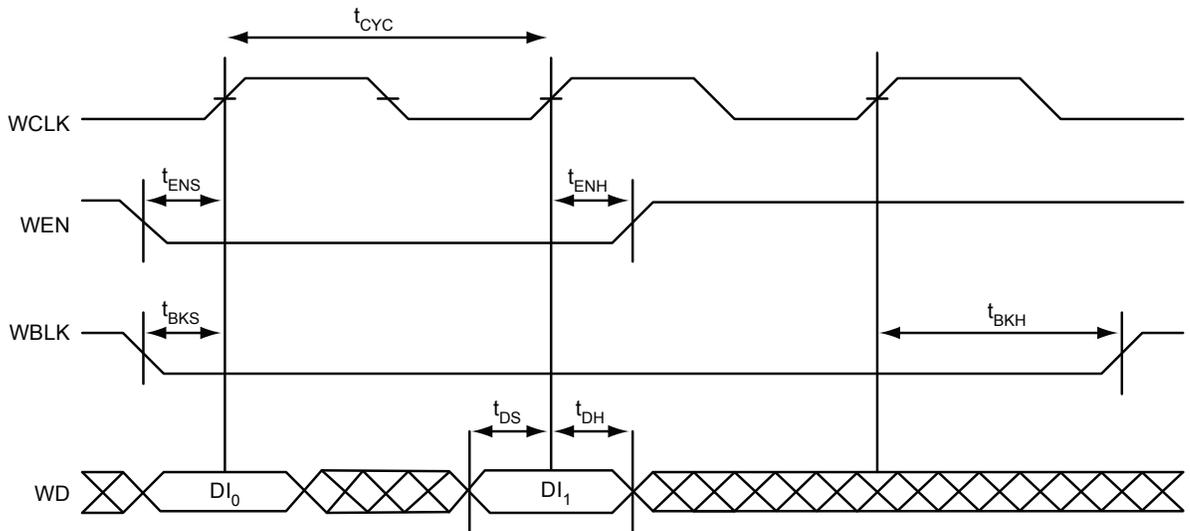


Figure 2-38 • FIFO Write

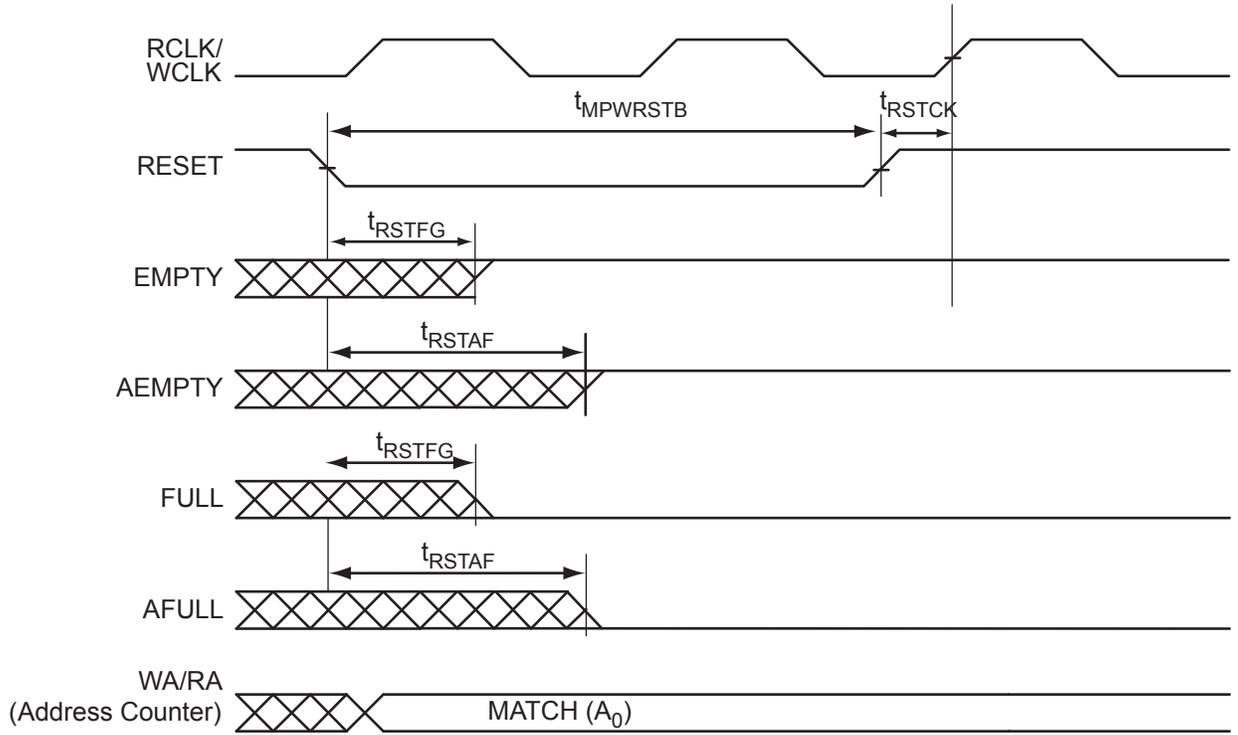


Figure 2-39 • FIFO Reset

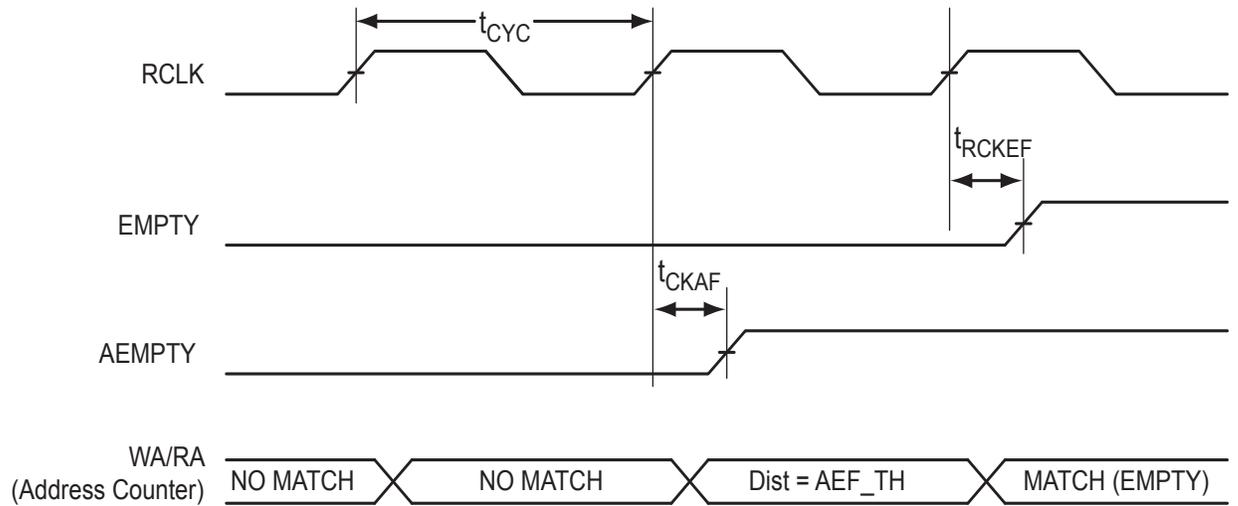


Figure 2-40 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO29RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO33RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO14RSB0
B6	IO19RSB0
B7	IO22RSB0
B8	IO30RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO117VDB3
C2	GFA2/IO107PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO116UDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO12RSB0
C6	IO17RSB0
C7	IO24RSB0
C8	IO31RSB0
C9	IO34RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO41PDB1
C11	IO41NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO43PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
D1	IO112NDB3
D2	IO112PDB3
D3	IO116VDB3
D4	GAA2/IO118UPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO35RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO36RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO42PDB1
D10	IO42NDB1
D11	IO43NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO49PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO110NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO110PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO118VPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO48PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO50NDB1
E12	IO51NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO109NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO109PPB3
F4	IO107NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO48NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO49NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO50PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO51PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
G1	GFA1/IO108PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO108NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO58UPB1
G9	IO53NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO53PDB1
G11	IO52NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO52PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO106PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO105PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO100PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO79RSB2
H7	IO65RSB2
H8	GDB2/IO62RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO58VPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO54PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
J2	IO106NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO100NDB3
J5	IO88RSB2
J6	IO81RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO61RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO60UDB1
J12	GDB1/IO59UDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
K1	GEB0/IO145NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO144PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO144NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO143RSB2
K5	IO119RSB2
K6	IO111RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO94RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO91RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO88NDB1
K12	GDB0/IO87NDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	GEB2/IO142RSB2
L4	IO136RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO115RSB2
L7	IO103RSB2
L8	IO97RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO141RSB2
M3	IO138RSB2
M4	IO123RSB2
M5	IO126RSB2
M6	IO134RSB2
M7	IO108RSB2
M8	IO99RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A5	IO07RSB0
A6	IO10RSB0
A7	IO11RSB0
A8	IO15RSB0
A9	IO20RSB0
A10	IO25RSB0
A11	IO29RSB0
A12	IO33RSB0
A13	GBB1/IO38RSB0
A14	GBA0/IO39RSB0
A15	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A16	GND
B1	GAB2/IO117UDB3
B2	GAA2/IO118UDB3
B3	NC
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO06RSB0
B6	IO09RSB0
B7	IO12RSB0
B8	IO16RSB0
B9	IO21RSB0
B10	IO26RSB0
B11	IO30RSB0
B12	GBC1/IO36RSB0
B13	GBB0/IO37RSB0
B14	NC
B15	GBA2/IO41PDB1
B16	IO41NDB1
C1	IO117VDB3
C2	IO118VDB3
C3	NC
C4	NC

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
C7	IO13RSB0
C8	IO17RSB0
C9	IO22RSB0
C10	IO27RSB0
C11	IO31RSB0
C12	GBC0/IO35RSB0
C13	IO34RSB0
C14	NC
C15	IO42NPB1
C16	IO44PDB1
D1	IO114VDB3
D2	IO114UDB3
D3	GAC2/IO116UDB3
D4	NC
D5	GNDQ
D6	IO08RSB0
D7	IO14RSB0
D8	IO18RSB0
D9	IO23RSB0
D10	IO28RSB0
D11	IO32RSB0
D12	GNDQ
D13	NC
D14	GBB2/IO42PPB1
D15	NC
D16	IO44NDB1
E1	IO113PDB3
E2	NC
E3	IO116VDB3
E4	IO115UDB3
E5	VMV0
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO19RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
E9	IO24RSB0
E10	VCCIB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	VMV1
E13	GBC2/IO43PDB1
E14	IO46RSB1
E15	NC
E16	IO45PDB1
F1	IO113NDB3
F2	IO112PPB3
F3	NC
F4	IO115VDB3
F5	VCCIB3
F6	GND
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	VCC
F10	VCC
F11	GND
F12	VCCIB1
F13	IO43NDB1
F14	NC
F15	IO47PPB1
F16	IO45NDB1
G1	IO111NDB3
G2	IO111PDB3
G3	IO112NPB3
G4	GFC1/IO110PPB3
G5	VCCIB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	GND
G10	GND
G11	VCC
G12	VCCIB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
P9	IO98RSB2
P10	IO95RSB2
P11	IO88RSB2
P12	IO84RSB2
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO79VDB1
R1	GEA1/IO135PDB3
R2	GEA0/IO135NDB3
R3	IO127RSB2
R4	GEC2/IO132RSB2
R5	IO123RSB2
R6	IO118RSB2
R7	IO112RSB2
R8	IO106RSB2
R9	IO100RSB2
R10	IO96RSB2
R11	IO89RSB2
R12	IO85RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO81RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	NC
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO126RSB2
T3	GEB2/IO133RSB2
T4	IO124RSB2
T5	IO116RSB2
T6	IO113RSB2
T7	IO107RSB2
T8	IO105RSB2
T9	IO102RSB2
T10	IO97RSB2
T11	IO92RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO82RSB2

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
T13	IO86RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO80RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
G13	GCC1/IO69PPB1
G14	IO65NPB1
G15	IO75PDB1
G16	IO75NDB1
H1	GFB0/IO163NPB3
H2	GFA0/IO162NDB3
H3	GFB1/IO163PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO164NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO69NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO70PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO71NPB1
H15	IO67NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO70NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO161PPB3
J2	GFA1/IO162PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO160NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO160PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO73PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO71PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO74PPB1
J15	IO80PPB1
J16	GCA2/IO72PDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
K1	GFC2/IO159PDB3
K2	IO161NPB3
K3	IO156PPB3
K4	IO129RSB2
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO73NPB1
K14	IO80NPB1
K15	IO74NPB1
K16	IO72NDB1
L1	IO159NDB3
L2	IO156NPB3
L3	IO151PPB3
L4	IO158PSB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO87NPB1
L14	IO85NDB1
L15	IO85PDB1
L16	IO84PDB1
M1	IO150PDB3
M2	IO151NPB3
M3	IO147NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO146NPB3

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	IO117RSB2
M9	IO110RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	IO94RSB2
M14	GDB1/IO87PPB1
M15	GDC1/IO86PDB1
M16	IO84NDB1
N1	IO150NDB3
N2	IO147PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO146PPB3
N4	IO140RSB2
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO143RSB2
N7	IO126RSB2
N8	IO120RSB2
N9	IO108RSB2
N10	IO103RSB2
N11	IO99RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	IO92RSB2
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO86NDB1
N16	GDA1/IO88PDB1
P1	GEB1/IO145PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO145NDB3
P3	VMV2
P4	IO138RSB2
P5	IO136RSB2
P6	IO131RSB2
P7	IO124RSB2
P8	IO119RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
E21	NC
E22	NC
F1	NC
F2	NC
F3	NC
F4	IO154VDB3
F5	IO155VDB3
F6	IO11RSB0
F7	IO07RSB0
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0
F10	IO20RSB0
F11	IO24RSB0
F12	IO33RSB0
F13	IO39RSB0
F14	IO45RSB0
F15	GBC0/IO54RSB0
F16	IO48RSB0
F17	VMV0
F18	IO61NPB1
F19	IO63PDB1
F20	NC
F21	NC
F22	NC
G1	NC
G2	NC
G3	NC
G4	IO151VDB3
G5	IO151UDB3
G6	GAC2/IO153UDB3
G7	IO06RSB0
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO10RSB0
G10	IO19RSB0
G11	IO26RSB0
G12	IO30RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
G13	IO40RSB0
G14	IO46RSB0
G15	GNDQ
G16	IO47RSB0
G17	GBB2/IO61PPB1
G18	IO53RSB0
G19	IO63NDB1
G20	NC
G21	NC
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO150PDB3
H5	IO08RSB0
H6	IO153VDB3
H7	IO152VDB3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO25RSB0
H12	IO31RSB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB0
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO62PDB1
H17	IO65RSB1
H18	IO52RSB0
H19	IO66PDB1
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	NC
J2	NC
J3	NC
J4	IO150NDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
J5	IO149NPB3
J6	IO09RSB0
J7	IO152UDB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB1
J16	IO62NDB1
J17	IO49RSB0
J18	IO64PPB1
J19	IO66NDB1
J20	NC
J21	NC
J22	NC
K1	NC
K2	NC
K3	NC
K4	IO148NDB3
K5	IO148PDB3
K6	IO149PPB3
K7	GFC1/IO147PPB3
K8	VCCIB3
K9	VCC
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	VCC
K15	VCCIB1
K16	GCC1/IO67PPB1
K17	IO64NPB1
K18	IO73PDB1

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 5 (Aug 2008) DC and Switching Characteristics v1.3	T _J , Maximum Junction Temperature, was changed to 100° from 110° in the "Thermal Characteristics" section and EQ 1. The calculated result of Maximum Power Allowed has thus changed to 1.463 W from 1.951 W.	2-6
	Values for the A3P015 device were added to Table 2-7 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics.	2-7
	Values for the A3P015 device were added to Table 2-14 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices. P _{AC14} was removed. Table 2-15 • Different Components Contributing to the Static Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices is new.	2-11, 2-12
	The "PLL Contribution—P _{PLL} " section was updated to change the P _{PLL} formula from P _{AC13} + P _{AC14} * F _{CLKOUT} to P _{DC4} + P _{AC13} * F _{CLKOUT} .	2-14
	Both fall and rise values were included for t _{DDRISUD} and t _{DDR1HD} in Table 2-102 • Input DDR Propagation Delays.	2-78
	Table 2-107 • A3P015 Global Resource is new.	2-86
	The typical value for Delay Increments in Programmable Delay Blocks was changed from 160 to 200 in Table 2-115 • ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification.	2-90
Revision 4 (Jun 2008) DC and Switching Characteristics v1.2	Table note references were added to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1, and the order of the table notes was changed.	2-2
	The title for Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits 1 was modified to remove "as measured on quiet I/Os." Table note 1 was revised to remove "estimated SSO density over cycles." Table note 2 was revised to remove "refers only to overshoot/undershoot limits for simultaneous switching I/Os."	2-3
	The "Power per I/O Pin" section was updated to include 3 additional tables pertaining to input buffer power and output buffer power.	2-7
	Table 2-29 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances 1 was revised to include values for 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X.	2-27
	Table 2-90 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels was updated.	2-66
Revision 3 (Jun 2008) Packaging v1.3	Pin numbers were added to the "QN68 – Bottom View" package diagram. Note 2 was added below the diagram.	4-3
	The "QN132 – Bottom View" package diagram was updated to include D1 to D4. In addition, note 1 was changed from top view to bottom view, and note 2 is new.	4-6
Revision 2 (Feb 2008) Product Brief v1.0	This document was divided into two sections and given a version number, starting at v1.0. The first section of the document includes features, benefits, ordering information, and temperature and speed grade offerings. The second section is a device family overview.	N/A
	This document was updated to include A3P015 device information. QN68 is a new package that was added because it is offered in the A3P015. The following sections were updated: "Features and Benefits" "ProASIC3 Ordering Information" "Temperature Grade Offerings" "ProASIC3 Flash Family FPGAs" "A3P015 and A3P030" note Introduction and Overview (NA)	N/A