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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	110592
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	600000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p600-2fgg144i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3p600-2fgg144i</a>

## ProASIC3 Device Family Overview

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## ProASIC3 DC and Switching Characteristics

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**Table 2-13 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings <sup>1</sup>**  
**Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

	$C_{LOAD}$ (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) <sup>2</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC10 ( $\mu$ W/MHz) <sup>3</sup>
<b>Single-Ended</b>				
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	35	3.3	–	431.08
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>4</sup>	35	3.3	–	431.08
2.5 V LVCMOS	35	2.5	–	247.36
1.8 V LVCMOS	35	1.8	–	128.46
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	89.46

**Notes:**

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2.  $P_{DC3}$  is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3.  $P_{AC10}$  is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

**Table 2-19 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings**  
**Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks**

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option <sup>2</sup>	Slew Rate	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL <sup>1</sup> mA	IOH <sup>1</sup> mA
				Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V		
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVC MOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	12	12
3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range <sup>3</sup>	100 µA	12 mA	High	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VCCI - 0.2	0.1	0.1
2.5 V LVC MOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12
1.8 V LVC MOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.9	0.45	VCCI - 0.45	8	8
1.5 V LVC MOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	1.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	4	4
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI specifications										
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X specifications										

**Notes:**

1. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
2. 3.3 V LVC MOS wide range is applicable to 100 µA drive strength only. The configuration will NOT operate at the equivalent software default drive strength. These values are for Normal Ranges ONLY.
3. All LVC MOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

**Table 2-25 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings**  
 –2 Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst Case VCC = 1.425 V,  
 Worst-Case VCCI (per standard)  
 Standard Plus I/O Banks

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option <sup>1</sup>	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor	$t_{\text{DOUT}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{DP}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{DIN}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{PY}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{EOUT}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{ZL}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{ZH}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{LZ}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{HZ}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{ZLS}}$ (ns)	$t_{\text{ZHS}}$ (ns)	Units
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	2.36	0.03	0.75	0.32	2.40	1.93	2.08	2.41	4.07	3.60	ns
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>2</sup>	100 $\mu\text{A}$	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.65	0.03	1.14	0.32	3.65	2.93	3.22	3.72	6.18	5.46	ns
2.5 V LVCMOS	12 mA	12 mA	High	35	–	0.45	2.39	0.03	0.97	0.32	2.44	2.35	2.11	2.32	4.11	4.02	ns
1.8 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.03	0.03	0.90	0.32	2.87	3.03	2.19	2.32	4.54	4.70	ns
1.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	35	–	0.45	3.61	0.03	1.06	0.32	3.35	3.61	2.26	2.34	5.02	5.28	ns
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25 <sup>4</sup>	0.45	1.72	0.03	0.64	0.32	1.76	1.27	2.08	2.41	3.42	2.94	ns
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25 <sup>4</sup>	0.45	1.72	0.03	0.62	0.32	1.76	1.27	2.08	2.41	3.42	2.94	ns

**Notes:**

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is  $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$ . Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.
4. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See [Figure 2-11 on page 2-64](#) for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.

**Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**  
 Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option <sup>1</sup>	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL <sup>2</sup>	IIH <sup>3</sup>
		Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA <sup>4</sup>	Max mA <sup>4</sup>	μA <sup>5</sup>	μA <sup>5</sup>
100 μA	2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

**Notes:**

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where  $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$ .
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions  $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$ . Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

**Table 2-83 • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew**

Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V  
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.08	0.04	1.42	0.43	12.01	12.08	2.72	2.43	14.24	14.31	ns
	-1	0.56	10.27	0.04	1.21	0.36	10.21	10.27	2.31	2.06	12.12	12.18	ns
	-2	0.49	9.02	0.03	1.06	0.32	8.97	9.02	2.03	1.81	10.64	10.69	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	9.28	0.04	1.42	0.43	9.45	8.91	3.04	3.00	11.69	11.15	ns
	-1	0.56	7.89	0.04	1.21	0.36	8.04	7.58	2.58	2.55	9.94	9.49	ns
	-2	0.49	6.93	0.03	1.06	0.32	7.06	6.66	2.27	2.24	8.73	8.33	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

**Table 2-84 • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew**

Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V  
 Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	7.65	0.04	1.42	0.43	6.31	7.65	2.45	2.45	ns
	-1	0.56	6.50	0.04	1.21	0.36	5.37	6.50	2.08	2.08	ns
	-2	0.49	5.71	0.03	1.06	0.32	4.71	5.71	1.83	1.83	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

**Table 2-85 • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew**

Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V  
 Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.33	0.04	1.42	0.43	11.79	12.33	2.45	2.32	ns
	-1	0.56	10.49	0.04	1.21	0.36	10.03	10.49	2.08	1.98	ns
	-2	0.49	9.21	0.03	1.06	0.32	8.81	9.21	1.83	1.73	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

## I/O Register Specifications

### Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

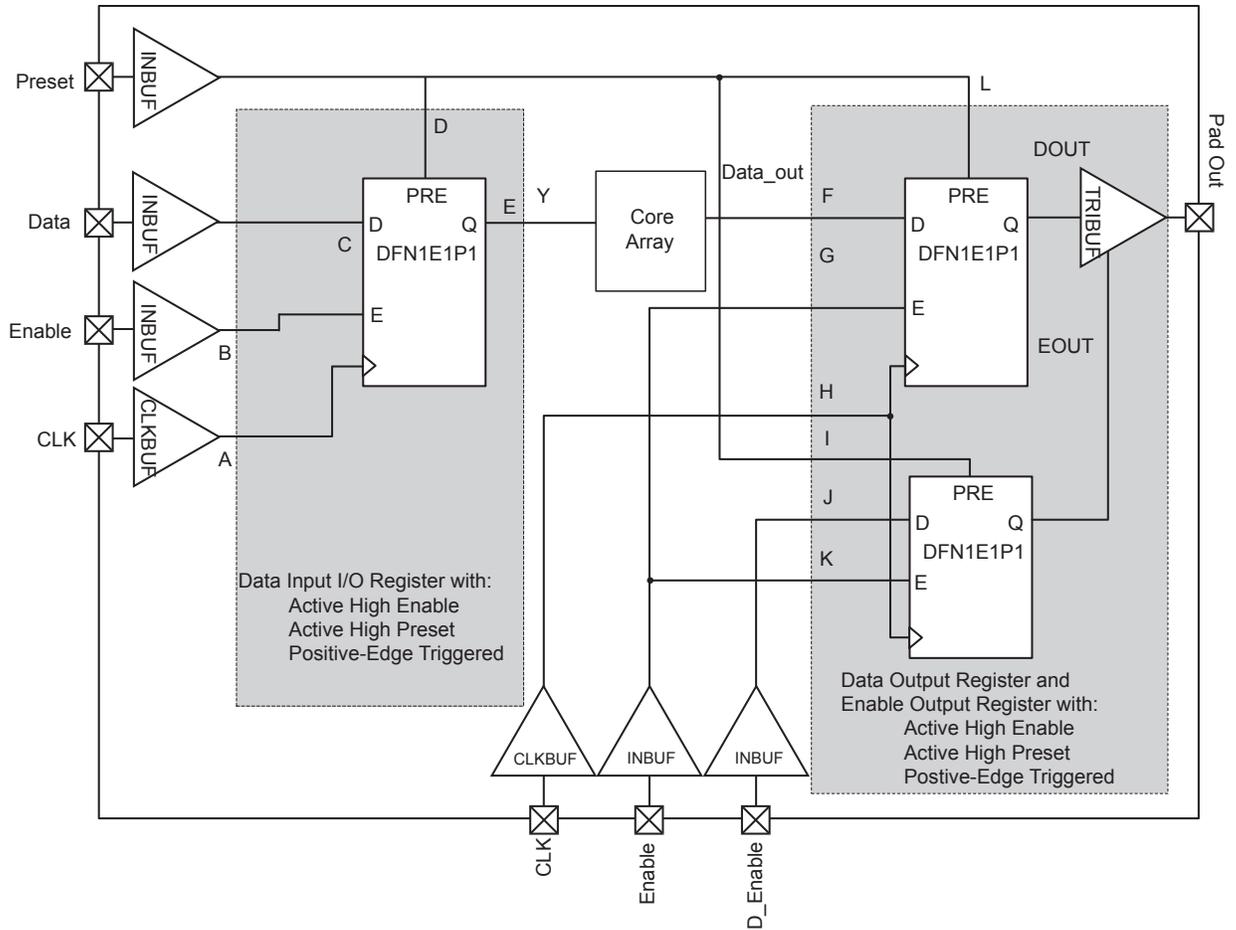


Figure 2-15 • Timing Model of Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

**Table 2-97 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes**

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
$t_{OCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
$t_{OSUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
$t_{OHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
$t_{OSUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
$t_{OHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
$t_{OCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
$t_{OEMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{OECLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
$t_{OESUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
$t_{OEHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
$t_{OESUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OEHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{ICLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
$t_{ISUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
$t_{IHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
$t_{ISUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
$t_{IHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
$t_{ICLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
$t_{IREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
$t_{IRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

*Note:* \*See Figure 2-16 on page 2-71 for more information.

# VersaTile Characteristics

## VersaTile Specifications as a Combinatorial Module

The ProASIC3 library offers all combinations of LUT-3 combinatorial functions. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, refer to the *Fusion, IGLOO<sup>®</sup>/e, and ProASIC3/E Macro Library Guide*.

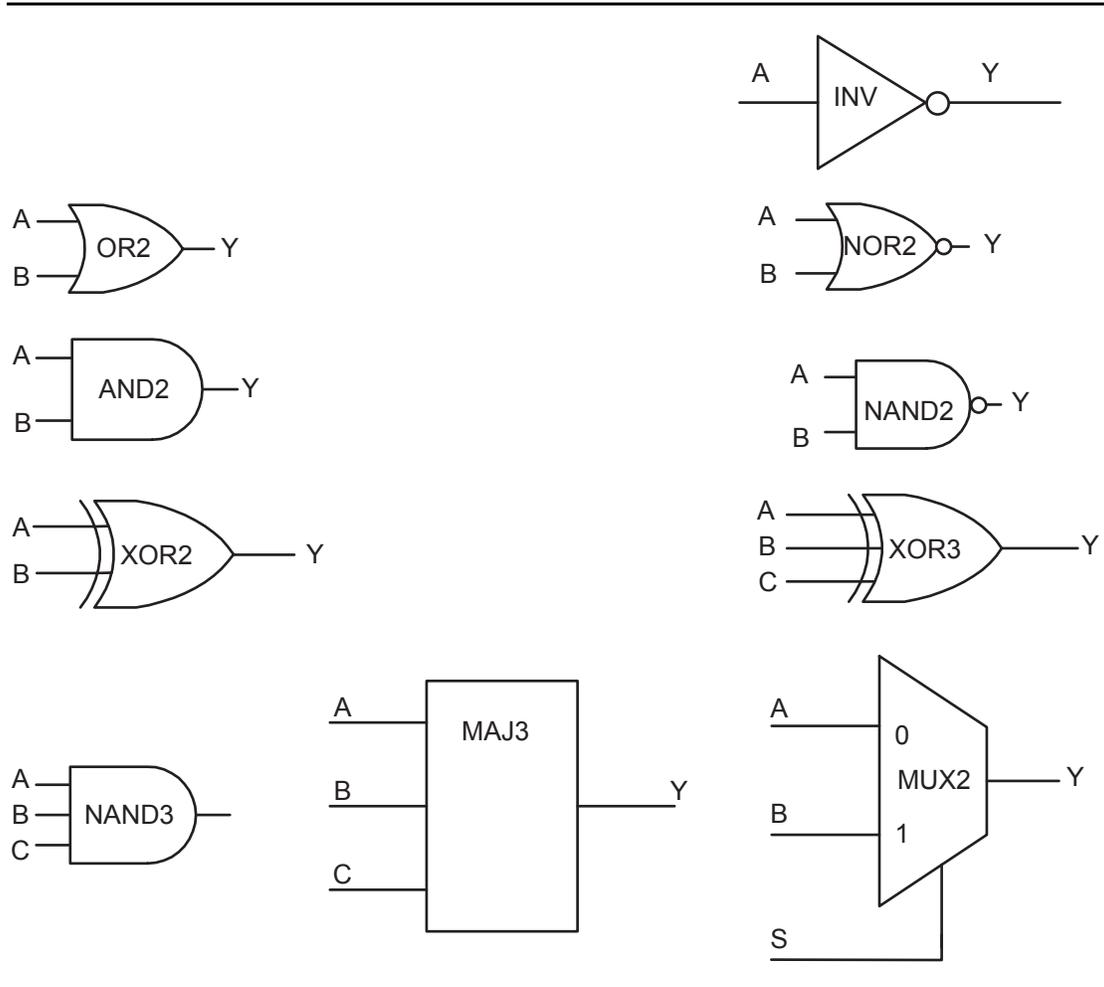
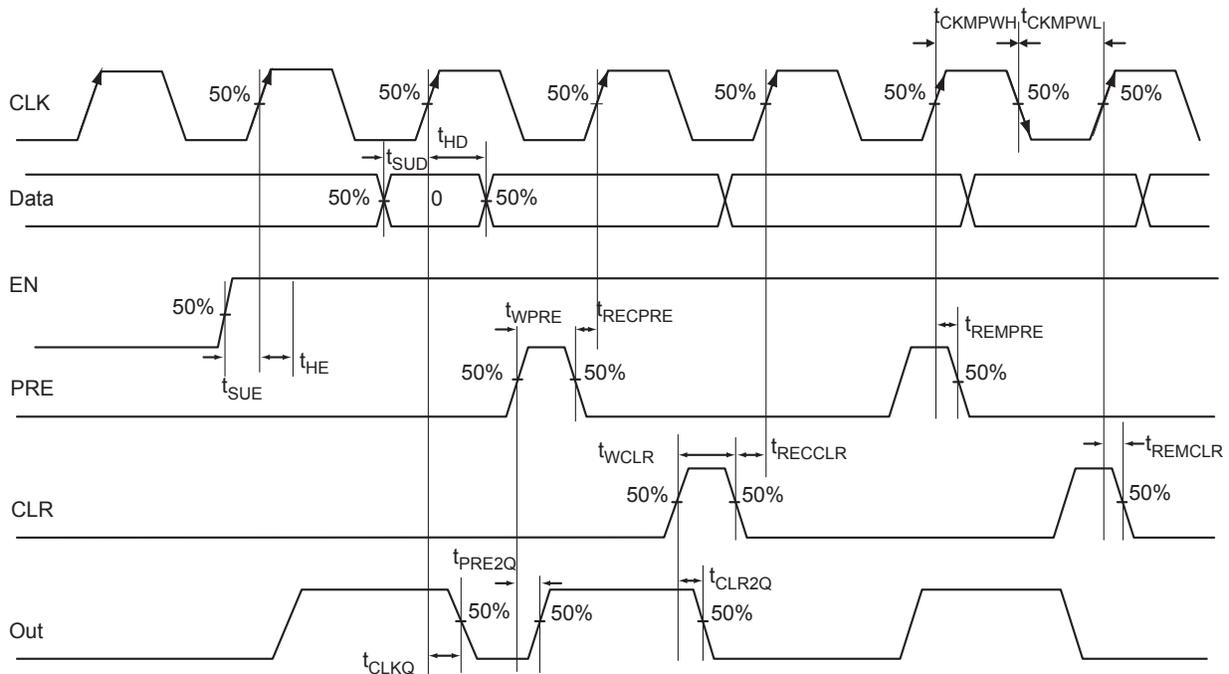


Figure 2-24 • Sample of Combinatorial Cells



**Figure 2-27 • Timing Model and Waveforms**

**Timing Characteristics**

**Table 2-106 • Register Delays**

Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
$t_{CLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	0.55	0.63	0.74	ns
$t_{SUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	0.43	0.49	0.57	ns
$t_{HD}$	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{SUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	0.45	0.52	0.61	ns
$t_{HE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{CLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.40	0.45	0.53	ns
$t_{PRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.40	0.45	0.53	ns
$t_{REMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{RECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{REMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{RECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{WCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{WPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{CKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns
$t_{CKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns

*Note:* For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

**Table 2-109 • A3P060 Global Resource**  
**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
t <sub>RCKL</sub>	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.71	0.93	0.81	1.05	0.95	1.24	ns
t <sub>RCKH</sub>	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.70	0.96	0.80	1.09	0.94	1.28	ns
t <sub>RCKMPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
t <sub>RCKMPWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t <sub>RCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-110 • A3P125 Global Resource**  
**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
t <sub>RCKL</sub>	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.77	0.99	0.87	1.12	1.03	1.32	ns
t <sub>RCKH</sub>	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.76	1.02	0.87	1.16	1.02	1.37	ns
t <sub>RCKMPWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
t <sub>RCKMPWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t <sub>RCKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

**VJTAG JTAG Supply Voltage**

Low power flash devices have a separate bank for the dedicated JTAG pins. The JTAG pins can be run at any voltage from 1.5 V to 3.3 V (nominal). Isolating the JTAG power supply in a separate I/O bank gives greater flexibility in supply selection and simplifies power supply and PCB design.

If the JTAG interface is neither used nor planned for use, the VJTAG pin together with the TRST pin could be tied to GND.

It should be noted that VCC is required to be powered for JTAG operation; VJTAG alone is insufficient. If a device is in a JTAG chain of interconnected boards, the board containing the device can be powered down, provided both VJTAG and VCC to the part remain powered; otherwise, JTAG signals will not be able to transition the device, even in bypass mode.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

**VPUMP Programming Supply Voltage**

ProASIC3 devices support single-voltage ISP of the configuration flash and FlashROM. For programming, VPUMP should be 3.3 V nominal. During normal device operation, VPUMP can be left floating or can be tied (pulled up) to any voltage between 0 V and the VPUMP maximum. Programming power supply voltage (VPUMP) range is listed in [Table 2-2 on page 2-2](#).

When the VPUMP pin is tied to ground, it will shut off the charge pump circuitry, resulting in no sources of oscillation from the charge pump circuitry.

For proper programming, 0.01  $\mu$ F and 0.33  $\mu$ F capacitors (both rated at 16 V) are to be connected in parallel across VPUMP and GND, and positioned as close to the FPGA pins as possible.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

## User Pins

**I/O User Input/Output**

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Input and output signal levels are compatible with the I/O standard selected.

During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to  $V_{CCI}$ . With  $V_{CCI}$ , VMV, and  $V_{CC}$  supplies continuously powered up, when the device transitions from programming to operating mode, the I/Os are instantly configured to the desired user configuration.

Unused I/Os are configured as follows:

- Output buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Input buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Weak pull-up is programmed

**GL Globals**

GL I/Os have access to certain clock conditioning circuitry (and the PLL) and/or have direct access to the global network (spines). Additionally, the global I/Os can be used as regular I/Os, since they have identical capabilities. Unused GL pins are configured as inputs with pull-up resistors.

See more detailed descriptions of global I/O connectivity in the "Clock Conditioning Circuits in IGLOO and ProASIC3 Devices" chapter of the [ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User's Guide](#). All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the quadrant clocks. For example, if GAA0 is used for an input, GAA1 and GAA2 are no longer available for input to the quadrant globals. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the chip-level globals, and the rest are connected to the quadrant globals. The inputs to the global network are multiplexed, and only one input can be used as a global input.

Refer to the I/O Structure section of the handbook for the device you are using for an explanation of the naming of global pins.

**FF Flash\*Freeze Mode Activation Pin**

Flash\*Freeze is available on IGLOO, ProASIC3L, and RT ProASIC3 devices. It is not supported on ProASIC3/E devices. The FF pin is a dedicated input pin used to enter and exit Flash\*Freeze mode. The FF pin is active-low, has the same characteristics as a single-ended I/O, and must meet the maximum rise and fall times. When Flash\*Freeze

QN48	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	GEC0/IO73RSB1
3	GEA0/IO72RSB1
4	GEB0/IO71RSB1
5	GND
6	VCCIB1
7	IO68RSB1
8	IO67RSB1
9	IO66RSB1
10	IO65RSB1
11	IO64RSB1
12	IO62RSB1
13	IO61RSB1
14	IO60RSB1
15	IO57RSB1
16	IO55RSB1
17	IO53RSB1
18	VCC
19	VCCIB1
20	IO46RSB1
21	IO42RSB1
22	TCK
23	TDI
24	TMS
25	VPUMP
26	TDO
27	TRST
28	VJTAG
29	IO38RSB0
30	GDB0/IO34RSB0
31	GDA0/IO33RSB0
32	GDC0/IO32RSB0
33	VCCIB0
34	GND
35	VCC
36	IO25RSB0

QN48	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
37	IO24RSB0
38	IO22RSB0
39	IO20RSB0
40	IO18RSB0
41	IO16RSB0
42	IO14RSB0
43	IO10RSB0
44	IO08RSB0
45	IO06RSB0
46	IO04RSB0
47	IO02RSB0
48	IO00RSB0

<b>QN132</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A3P030 Function</b>
C17	IO51RSB1
C18	NC
C19	TCK
C20	NC
C21	VPUMP
C22	VJTAG
C23	NC
C24	NC
C25	NC
C26	GDB0/IO38RSB0
C27	NC
C28	VCCIB0
C29	IO32RSB0
C30	IO29RSB0
C31	IO28RSB0
C32	IO25RSB0
C33	NC
C34	NC
C35	VCCIB0
C36	IO17RSB0
C37	IO14RSB0
C38	IO11RSB0
C39	IO07RSB0
C40	IO04RSB0
D1	GND
D2	GND
D3	GND
D4	GND

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
A1	GAB2/IO69RSB1
A2	IO130RSB1
A3	VCCIB1
A4	GFC1/IO126RSB1
A5	GFB0/IO123RSB1
A6	VCCPLF
A7	GFA1/IO121RSB1
A8	GFC2/IO118RSB1
A9	IO115RSB1
A10	VCC
A11	GEB1/IO110RSB1
A12	GEA0/IO107RSB1
A13	GEC2/IO104RSB1
A14	IO100RSB1
A15	VCC
A16	IO99RSB1
A17	IO96RSB1
A18	IO94RSB1
A19	IO91RSB1
A20	IO85RSB1
A21	IO79RSB1
A22	VCC
A23	GDB2/IO71RSB1
A24	TDI
A25	TRST
A26	GDC1/IO61RSB0
A27	VCC
A28	IO60RSB0
A29	GCC2/IO59RSB0
A30	GCA2/IO57RSB0
A31	GCA0/IO56RSB0
A32	GCB1/IO53RSB0
A33	IO49RSB0
A34	VCC
A35	IO44RSB0
A36	GBA2/IO41RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
A37	GBB1/IO38RSB0
A38	GBC0/IO35RSB0
A39	VCCIB0
A40	IO28RSB0
A41	IO22RSB0
A42	IO18RSB0
A43	IO14RSB0
A44	IO11RSB0
A45	IO07RSB0
A46	VCC
A47	GAC1/IO05RSB0
A48	GAB0/IO02RSB0
B1	IO68RSB1
B2	GAC2/IO131RSB1
B3	GND
B4	GFC0/IO125RSB1
B5	VCOMPLF
B6	GND
B7	GFB2/IO119RSB1
B8	IO116RSB1
B9	GND
B10	GEB0/IO109RSB1
B11	VMV1
B12	GEB2/IO105RSB1
B13	IO101RSB1
B14	GND
B15	IO98RSB1
B16	IO95RSB1
B17	GND
B18	IO87RSB1
B19	IO81RSB1
B20	GND
B21	GNDQ
B22	TMS
B23	TDO
B24	GDC0/IO62RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
B25	GND
B26	NC
B27	GCB2/IO58RSB0
B28	GND
B29	GCB0/IO54RSB0
B30	GCC1/IO51RSB0
B31	GND
B32	GBB2/IO43RSB0
B33	VMV0
B34	GBA0/IO39RSB0
B35	GBC1/IO36RSB0
B36	GND
B37	IO26RSB0
B38	IO21RSB0
B39	GND
B40	IO13RSB0
B41	IO08RSB0
B42	GND
B43	GAC0/IO04RSB0
B44	GNDQ
C1	GAA2/IO67RSB1
C2	IO132RSB1
C3	VCC
C4	GFB1/IO124RSB1
C5	GFA0/IO122RSB1
C6	GFA2/IO120RSB1
C7	IO117RSB1
C8	VCCIB1
C9	GFA1/IO108RSB1
C10	GNDQ
C11	GFA2/IO106RSB1
C12	IO103RSB1
C13	VCCIB1
C14	IO97RSB1
C15	IO93RSB1
C16	IO89RSB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO51RSB1
3	IO52RSB1
4	GAB2/IO53RSB1
5	IO95RSB1
6	GAC2/IO94RSB1
7	IO93RSB1
8	IO92RSB1
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO87RSB1
11	GFB0/IO86RSB1
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO85RSB1
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO84RSB1
16	GFA2/IO83RSB1
17	VCC
18	VCCIB1
19	GEC1/IO77RSB1
20	GEB1/IO75RSB1
21	GEB0/IO74RSB1
22	GEA1/IO73RSB1
23	GEA0/IO72RSB1
24	VMV1
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO71RSB1
27	GEB2/IO70RSB1
28	GEC2/IO69RSB1
29	IO68RSB1
30	IO67RSB1
31	IO66RSB1
32	IO65RSB1
33	IO64RSB1
34	IO63RSB1
35	IO62RSB1
36	IO61RSB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB1
40	IO60RSB1
41	IO59RSB1
42	IO58RSB1
43	IO57RSB1
44	GDC2/IO56RSB1
45	GDB2/IO55RSB1
46	GDA2/IO54RSB1
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV1
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO49RSB0
58	GDC0/IO46RSB0
59	GDC1/IO45RSB0
60	GCC2/IO43RSB0
61	GCB2/IO42RSB0
62	GCA0/IO40RSB0
63	GCA1/IO39RSB0
64	GCC0/IO36RSB0
65	GCC1/IO35RSB0
66	VCCIB0
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO31RSB0
70	GBC2/IO29RSB0
71	GBB2/IO27RSB0
72	IO26RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
73	GBA2/IO25RSB0
74	VMV0
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO24RSB0
77	GBA0/IO23RSB0
78	GBB1/IO22RSB0
79	GBB0/IO21RSB0
80	GBC1/IO20RSB0
81	GBC0/IO19RSB0
82	IO18RSB0
83	IO17RSB0
84	IO15RSB0
85	IO13RSB0
86	IO11RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO10RSB0
91	IO09RSB0
92	IO08RSB0
93	GAC1/IO07RSB0
94	GAC0/IO06RSB0
95	GAB1/IO05RSB0
96	GAB0/IO04RSB0
97	GAA1/IO03RSB0
98	GAA0/IO02RSB0
99	IO01RSB0
100	IO00RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
K19	IO75NDB1
K20	NC
K21	IO76NDB1
K22	IO76PDB1
L1	NC
L2	IO155PDB3
L3	NC
L4	GFB0/IO163NPB3
L5	GFA0/IO162NDB3
L6	GFB1/IO163PPB3
L7	VCOMPLF
L8	GFC0/IO164NPB3
L9	VCC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	VCC
L15	GCC0/IO69NPB1
L16	GCB1/IO70PPB1
L17	GCA0/IO71NPB1
L18	IO67NPB1
L19	GCB0/IO70NPB1
L20	IO77PDB1
L21	IO77NDB1
L22	IO78NPB1
M1	NC
M2	IO155NDB3
M3	IO158NPB3
M4	GFA2/IO161PPB3
M5	GFA1/IO162PDB3
M6	VCCPLF
M7	IO160NDB3
M8	GFB2/IO160PDB3
M9	VCC
M10	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	VCC
M15	GCB2/IO73PPB1
M16	GCA1/IO71PPB1
M17	GCC2/IO74PPB1
M18	IO80PPB1
M19	GCA2/IO72PDB1
M20	IO79PPB1
M21	IO78PPB1
M22	NC
N1	IO154NDB3
N2	IO154PDB3
N3	NC
N4	GFC2/IO159PDB3
N5	IO161NPB3
N6	IO156PPB3
N7	IO129RSB2
N8	VCCIB3
N9	VCC
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	VCC
N15	VCCIB1
N16	IO73NPB1
N17	IO80NPB1
N18	IO74NPB1
N19	IO72NDB1
N20	NC
N21	IO79NPB1
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	IO153PDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
P3	IO153NDB3
P4	IO159NDB3
P5	IO156NPB3
P6	IO151PPB3
P7	IO158PPB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO87NPB1
P17	IO85NDB1
P18	IO85PDB1
P19	IO84PDB1
P20	NC
P21	IO81PDB1
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO150PDB3
R5	IO151NPB3
R6	IO147NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO146NPB3
R8	VMV3
R9	VCCIB2
R10	VCCIB2
R11	IO117RSB2
R12	IO110RSB2
R13	VCCIB2
R14	VCCIB2
R15	VMV2
R16	IO94RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	VCCIB0
A4	IO07RSB0
A5	IO09RSB0
A6	IO13RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO20RSB0
A9	IO26RSB0
A10	IO32RSB0
A11	IO40RSB0
A12	IO41RSB0
A13	IO53RSB0
A14	IO59RSB0
A15	IO64RSB0
A16	IO65RSB0
A17	IO67RSB0
A18	IO69RSB0
A19	NC
A20	VCCIB0
A21	GND
A22	GND
B1	GND
B2	VCCIB3
B3	NC
B4	IO06RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO12RSB0
B7	IO15RSB0
B8	IO19RSB0
B9	IO24RSB0
B10	IO31RSB0
B11	IO39RSB0
B12	IO48RSB0
B13	IO54RSB0
B14	IO58RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
B15	IO63RSB0
B16	IO66RSB0
B17	IO68RSB0
B18	IO70RSB0
B19	NC
B20	NC
B21	VCCIB1
B22	GND
C1	VCCIB3
C2	IO220PDB3
C3	NC
C4	NC
C5	GND
C6	IO10RSB0
C7	IO14RSB0
C8	VCC
C9	VCC
C10	IO30RSB0
C11	IO37RSB0
C12	IO43RSB0
C13	NC
C14	VCC
C15	VCC
C16	NC
C17	NC
C18	GND
C19	NC
C20	NC
C21	NC
C22	VCCIB1
D1	IO219PDB3
D2	IO220NDB3
D3	NC
D4	GND
D5	GAA0/IO00RSB0
D6	GAA1/IO01RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
D7	GAB0/IO02RSB0
D8	IO16RSB0
D9	IO22RSB0
D10	IO28RSB0
D11	IO35RSB0
D12	IO45RSB0
D13	IO50RSB0
D14	IO55RSB0
D15	IO61RSB0
D16	GBB1/IO75RSB0
D17	GBA0/IO76RSB0
D18	GBA1/IO77RSB0
D19	GND
D20	NC
D21	NC
D22	NC
E1	IO219NDB3
E2	NC
E3	GND
E4	GAB2/IO224PDB3
E5	GAA2/IO225PDB3
E6	GNDQ
E7	GAB1/IO03RSB0
E8	IO17RSB0
E9	IO21RSB0
E10	IO27RSB0
E11	IO34RSB0
E12	IO44RSB0
E13	IO51RSB0
E14	IO57RSB0
E15	GBC1/IO73RSB0
E16	GBB0/IO74RSB0
E17	IO71RSB0
E18	GBA2/IO78PDB1
E19	IO81PDB1
E20	GND

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 11 (March 2012)	Note indicating that A3P015 is not recommended for new designs has been added. The <a href="#">"Devices Not Recommended For New Designs"</a> section is new (SAR 36760).	I to IV
	The following sentence was removed from the Advanced Architecture section: "In addition, extensive on-chip programming circuitry allows for rapid, single-voltage (3.3 V) programming of IGLOO devices via an IEEE 1532 JTAG interface" (SAR 34687).	NA
	The reference to guidelines for global spines and VersaTile rows, given in the <a href="#">"Global Clock Contribution—PCLOCK"</a> section, was corrected to the "Spine Architecture" section of the Global Resources chapter in the <a href="#">ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User's Guide</a> (SAR 34734).	2-12
	<a href="#">Figure 2-4 • Input Buffer Timing Model and Delays (Example)</a> has been modified for the DIN waveform; the Rise and Fall time label has been changed to tDIN (35430).	2-16
	The AC Loading figures in the <a href="#">"Single-Ended I/O Characteristics"</a> section were updated to match tables in the <a href="#">"Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings"</a> section (SAR 34883).	2-32
	Added values for minimum pulse width and removed the FRMAX row from <a href="#">Table 2-107</a> through <a href="#">Table 2-114</a> in the <a href="#">"Global Tree Timing Characteristics"</a> section. Use the software to determine the FRMAX for the device you are using (SARs 37279, 29269).	2-85

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.2, (continued)	Table 2-43 was updated.	2-64
	Table 2-18 was updated.	2-45
	Pin descriptions in the "JTAG Pins" section were updated.	2-51
	The "User I/O Naming Convention" section was updated.	2-48
	Table 3-7 was updated.	3-6
	The "Methodology" section was updated.	3-10
	Table 3-40 and Table 3-39 were updated.	3-33,3-32
	The A3P250 "100-Pin VQFP*" pin table was updated.	4-14
	The A3P250 "208-Pin PQFP*" pin table was updated.	4-23
	The A3P1000 "208-Pin PQFP*" pin table was updated.	4-29
	The A3P250 "144-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-36
	The A3P1000 "144-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-32
	The A3P250 "256-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-45
	The A3P1000 "256-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-54
The A3P1000 "484-Pin FBGA*" pin table was updated.	4-68	