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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	36864
Number of I/O	151
Number of Gates	250000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m1a3p250-1pqg208

1 – ProASIC3 Device Family Overview

General Description

ProASIC3, the third-generation family of Microsemi flash FPGAs, offers performance, density, and features beyond those of the ProASIC^{PLUS}® family. Nonvolatile flash technology gives ProASIC3 devices the advantage of being a secure, low power, single-chip solution that is Instant On. ProASIC3 is reprogrammable and offers time-to-market benefits at an ASIC-level unit cost. These features enable designers to create high-density systems using existing ASIC or FPGA design flows and tools.

ProASIC3 devices offer 1 kbit of on-chip, reprogrammable, nonvolatile FlashROM storage as well as clock conditioning circuitry based on an integrated phase-locked loop (PLL). The A3P015 and A3P030 devices have no PLL or RAM support. ProASIC3 devices have up to 1 million system gates, supported with up to 144 kbits of true dual-port SRAM and up to 300 user I/Os.

ProASIC3 devices support the ARM Cortex-M1 processor. The ARM-enabled devices have Microsemi ordering numbers that begin with M1A3P (Cortex-M1) and do not support AES decryption.

Flash Advantages

Reduced Cost of Ownership

Advantages to the designer extend beyond low unit cost, performance, and ease of use. Unlike SRAM-based FPGAs, flash-based ProASIC3 devices allow all functionality to be Instant On; no external boot PROM is required. On-board security mechanisms prevent access to all the programming information and enable secure remote updates of the FPGA logic. Designers can perform secure remote in-system reprogramming to support future design iterations and field upgrades with confidence that valuable intellectual property (IP) cannot be compromised or copied. Secure ISP can be performed using the industry-standard AES algorithm. The ProASIC3 family device architecture mitigates the need for ASIC migration at higher user volumes. This makes the ProASIC3 family a cost-effective ASIC replacement solution, especially for applications in the consumer, networking/ communications, computing, and avionics markets.

Security

The nonvolatile, flash-based ProASIC3 devices do not require a boot PROM, so there is no vulnerable external bitstream that can be easily copied. ProASIC3 devices incorporate FlashLock, which provides a unique combination of reprogrammability and design security without external overhead, advantages that only an FPGA with nonvolatile flash programming can offer.

ProASIC3 devices utilize a 128-bit flash-based lock and a separate AES key to provide the highest level of protection in the FPGA industry for intellectual property and configuration data. In addition, all FlashROM data in ProASIC3 devices can be encrypted prior to loading, using the industry-leading AES-128 (FIPS192) bit block cipher encryption standard. The AES standard was adopted by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in 2000 and replaces the 1977 DES standard. ProASIC3 devices have a built-in AES decryption engine and a flash-based AES key that make them the most comprehensive programmable logic device security solution available today. ProASIC3 devices with AES-based security provide a high level of protection for remote field updates over public networks such as the Internet, and are designed to ensure that valuable IP remains out of the hands of system overbuilders, system cloners, and IP thieves.

ARM-enabled ProASIC3 devices do not support user-controlled AES security mechanisms. Since the ARM core must be protected at all times, AES encryption is always on for the core logic, so bitstreams are always encrypted. There is no user access to encryption for the FlashROM programming data.

Security, built into the FPGA fabric, is an inherent component of the ProASIC3 family. The flash cells are located beneath seven metal layers, and many device design and layout techniques have been used to make invasive attacks extremely difficult. The ProASIC3 family, with FlashLock and AES security, is unique in being highly resistant to both invasive and noninvasive attacks.

Table 2-11 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings¹
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	C _{LOAD} (pF)	V _{CCI} (V)	Static Power P _{DC3} (mW) ²	Dynamic Power P _{AC10} (μW/MHz) ³
Single-Ended				
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	35	3.3	–	468.67
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	35	3.3	–	468.67
2.5 V LVCMOS	35	2.5	–	267.48
1.8 V LVCMOS	35	1.8	–	149.46
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	103.12
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	201.02
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	201.02
Differential				
LVDS	–	2.5	7.74	88.92
LVPECL	–	3.3	19.54	166.52

Notes:

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. P_{DC3} is the static power (where applicable) measured on V_{CCI}.
3. P_{AC10} is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and V_{CCI}.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

Table 2-12 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings¹
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

	C _{LOAD} (pF)	V _{CCI} (V)	Static Power P _{DC3} (mW) ²	Dynamic Power P _{AC10} (μW/MHz) ³
Single-Ended				
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	35	3.3	–	452.67
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	35	3.3	–	452.67
2.5 V LVCMOS	35	2.5	–	258.32
1.8 V LVCMOS	35	1.8	–	133.59
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	92.84
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	184.92
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	184.92

Notes:

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. P_{DC3} is the static power (where applicable) measured on V_{MMV}.
3. P_{AC10} is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and V_{MMV}.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

Table 2-13 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings ¹
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

	C_{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) ²	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) ³
Single-Ended				
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	35	3.3	–	431.08
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	35	3.3	–	431.08
2.5 V LVCMOS	35	2.5	–	247.36
1.8 V LVCMOS	35	1.8	–	128.46
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	89.46

Notes:

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. P_{DC3} is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3. P_{AC10} is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

RAM Contribution— P_{MEMORY}

$$P_{\text{MEMORY}} = P_{\text{AC11}} * N_{\text{BLOCKS}} * F_{\text{READ-CLOCK}} * \beta_2 + P_{\text{AC12}} * N_{\text{BLOCK}} * F_{\text{WRITE-CLOCK}} * \beta_3$$

N_{BLOCKS} is the number of RAM blocks used in the design.

$F_{\text{READ-CLOCK}}$ is the memory read clock frequency.

β_2 is the RAM enable rate for read operations.

$F_{\text{WRITE-CLOCK}}$ is the memory write clock frequency.

β_3 is the RAM enable rate for write operations—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-17 on page 2-14](#).

PLL Contribution— P_{PLL}

$$P_{\text{PLL}} = P_{\text{DC4}} + P_{\text{AC13}} * F_{\text{CLKOUT}}$$

F_{CLKOUT} is the output clock frequency.¹

Guidelines

Toggle Rate Definition

A toggle rate defines the frequency of a net or logic element relative to a clock. It is a percentage. If the toggle rate of a net is 100%, this means that this net switches at half the clock frequency. Below are some examples:

- The average toggle rate of a shift register is 100% because all flip-flop outputs toggle at half of the clock frequency.
- The average toggle rate of an 8-bit counter is 25%:
 - Bit 0 (LSB) = 100%
 - Bit 1 = 50%
 - Bit 2 = 25%
 - ...
 - Bit 7 (MSB) = 0.78125%
 - Average toggle rate = (100% + 50% + 25% + 12.5% + ... + 0.78125%) / 8

Enable Rate Definition

Output enable rate is the average percentage of time during which tristate outputs are enabled. When nontristate output buffers are used, the enable rate should be 100%.

Table 2-16 • Toggle Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
α_1	Toggle rate of VersaTile outputs	10%
α_2	I/O buffer toggle rate	10%

Table 2-17 • Enable Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
β_1	I/O output buffer enable rate	100%
β_2	RAM enable rate for read operations	12.5%
β_3	RAM enable rate for write operations	12.5%

1. The PLL dynamic contribution depends on the input clock frequency, the number of output clock signals generated by the PLL, and the frequency of each output clock. If a PLL is used to generate more than one output clock, include each output clock in the formula by adding its corresponding contribution ($P_{\text{AC14}} * F_{\text{CLKOUT}}$ product) to the total PLL contribution.

Table 2-39 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	mA	mA	Max mA ³	Max mA ³	μ A ⁴	μ A ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	2	25	27	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	4	4	25	27	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	6	6	51	54	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

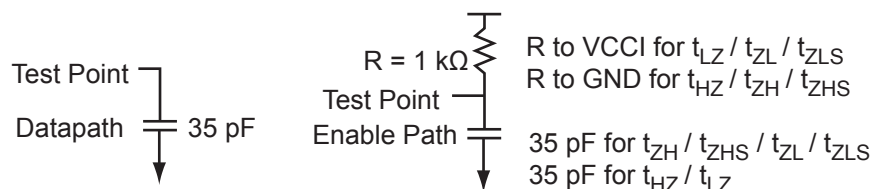


Figure 2-7 • AC Loading

Table 2-40 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	1.4	35

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-22 on page 2-22 for a complete table of trip points.

Table 2-42 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$** **Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	10.26	0.04	1.02	0.43	10.45	8.90	2.64	2.46	12.68	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	8.72	0.04	0.86	0.36	8.89	7.57	2.25	2.09	10.79	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	7.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	7.80	6.64	1.98	1.83	9.47	8.31	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.26	0.04	1.02	0.43	10.45	8.90	2.64	2.46	12.68	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	8.72	0.04	0.86	0.36	8.89	7.57	2.25	2.09	10.79	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	7.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	7.80	6.64	1.98	1.83	9.47	8.31	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	7.27	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.41	6.28	2.98	3.04	9.65	8.52	ns
	–1	0.56	6.19	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.30	5.35	2.54	2.59	8.20	7.25	ns
	–2	0.49	5.43	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.53	4.69	2.23	2.27	7.20	6.36	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.27	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.41	6.28	2.98	3.04	9.65	8.52	ns
	–1	0.56	6.19	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.30	5.35	2.54	2.59	8.20	7.25	ns
	–2	0.49	5.43	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.53	4.69	2.23	2.27	7.20	6.36	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	5.58	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.68	4.87	3.21	3.42	7.92	7.11	ns
	–1	0.56	4.75	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.84	4.14	2.73	2.91	6.74	6.05	ns
	–2	0.49	4.17	0.03	0.76	0.32	4.24	3.64	2.39	2.55	5.91	5.31	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	5.21	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.30	4.56	3.26	3.51	7.54	6.80	ns
	–1	0.56	4.43	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.51	3.88	2.77	2.99	6.41	5.79	ns
	–2	0.49	3.89	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.96	3.41	2.43	2.62	5.63	5.08	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.66	4.85	0.04	1.02	0.43	4.94	4.54	3.32	3.88	7.18	6.78	ns
	–1	0.56	4.13	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.20	3.87	2.82	3.30	6.10	5.77	ns
	–2	0.49	3.62	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.69	3.39	2.48	2.90	5.36	5.06	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-45 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew

 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
	–2	0.49	3.29	0.03	0.75	0.32	3.36	2.80	1.79	2.01	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-46 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew

 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	9.46	0.04	1.00	0.43	9.64	8.54	2.07	2.04	ns
	–1	0.56	8.05	0.04	0.85	0.36	8.20	7.27	1.76	1.73	ns
	–2	0.49	7.07	0.03	0.75	0.32	7.20	6.38	1.55	1.52	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	9.46	0.04	1.00	0.43	9.64	8.54	2.07	2.04	ns
	–1	0.56	8.05	0.04	0.85	0.36	8.20	7.27	1.76	1.73	ns
	–2	0.49	7.07	0.03	0.75	0.32	7.20	6.38	1.55	1.52	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	6.57	0.04	1.00	0.43	6.69	5.98	2.40	2.57	ns
	–1	0.56	5.59	0.04	0.85	0.36	5.69	5.09	2.04	2.19	ns
	–2	0.49	4.91	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.00	4.47	1.79	1.92	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	6.57	0.04	1.00	0.43	6.69	5.98	2.40	2.57	ns
	–1	0.56	5.59	0.04	0.85	0.36	5.69	5.09	2.04	2.19	ns
	–2	0.49	4.91	0.03	0.75	0.32	5.00	4.47	1.79	1.92	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-52 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
100 μA	2 mA	Std.	0.60	11.14	0.04	1.52	0.43	11.14	9.54	3.51	3.61	14.53	12.94	ns
		–1	0.51	9.48	0.04	1.29	0.36	9.48	8.12	2.99	3.07	12.36	11.00	ns
		–2	0.45	8.32	0.03	1.14	0.32	8.32	7.13	2.62	2.70	10.85	9.66	ns
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	0.60	6.96	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.96	5.79	3.99	4.45	10.35	9.19	ns
		–1	0.51	5.92	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.92	4.93	3.39	3.78	8.81	7.82	ns
		–2	0.45	5.20	0.03	1.14	0.32	5.20	4.33	2.98	3.32	7.73	6.86	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	0.60	6.96	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.96	5.79	3.99	4.45	10.35	9.19	ns
		–1	0.51	5.92	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.92	4.93	3.39	3.78	8.81	7.82	ns
		–2	0.45	5.20	0.03	1.14	0.32	5.20	4.33	2.98	3.32	7.73	6.86	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	0.60	4.89	0.04	1.52	0.43	4.89	3.92	4.31	4.98	8.28	7.32	ns
		–1	0.51	4.16	0.04	1.29	0.36	4.16	3.34	3.67	4.24	7.04	6.22	ns
		–2	0.45	3.65	0.03	1.14	0.32	3.65	2.93	3.22	3.72	6.18	5.46	ns
100 μA	16 mA	Std.	0.60	4.89	0.04	1.52	0.43	4.89	3.92	4.31	4.98	8.28	7.32	ns
		–1	0.51	4.16	0.04	1.29	0.36	4.16	3.34	3.67	4.24	7.04	6.22	ns
		–2	0.45	3.65	0.03	1.14	0.32	3.65	2.93	3.22	3.72	6.18	5.46	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-72 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 1.7\text{ V}$** **Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	11.33	0.04	1.20	0.43	8.72	11.33	2.24	1.52	10.96	13.57	ns
	–1	0.56	9.64	0.04	1.02	0.36	7.42	9.64	1.91	1.29	9.32	11.54	ns
	–2	0.49	8.46	0.03	0.90	0.32	6.51	8.46	1.68	1.14	8.18	10.13	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	6.48	0.04	1.20	0.43	5.48	6.48	2.65	2.60	7.72	8.72	ns
	–1	0.56	5.51	0.04	1.02	0.36	4.66	5.51	2.25	2.21	6.56	7.42	ns
	–2	0.49	4.84	0.03	0.90	0.32	4.09	4.84	1.98	1.94	5.76	6.51	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.06	0.04	1.20	0.43	3.84	4.06	2.93	3.10	6.07	6.30	ns
	–1	0.56	3.45	0.04	1.02	0.36	3.27	3.45	2.49	2.64	5.17	5.36	ns
	–2	0.49	3.03	0.03	0.90	0.32	2.87	3.03	2.19	2.32	4.54	4.70	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.06	0.04	1.20	0.43	3.84	4.06	2.93	3.10	6.07	6.30	ns
	–1	0.56	3.45	0.04	1.02	0.36	3.27	3.45	2.49	2.64	5.17	5.36	ns
	–2	0.49	3.03	0.03	0.90	0.32	2.87	3.03	2.19	2.32	4.54	4.70	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-80 • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 1.4\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	8.36	0.04	1.44	0.43	6.82	8.36	3.39	2.77	9.06	10.60	ns
	–1	0.56	7.11	0.04	1.22	0.36	5.80	7.11	2.88	2.35	7.71	9.02	ns
	–2	0.49	6.24	0.03	1.07	0.32	5.10	6.24	2.53	2.06	6.76	7.91	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	5.31	0.04	1.44	0.43	4.85	5.31	3.74	3.40	7.09	7.55	ns
	–1	0.56	4.52	0.04	1.22	0.36	4.13	4.52	3.18	2.89	6.03	6.42	ns
	–2	0.49	3.97	0.03	1.07	0.32	3.62	3.97	2.79	2.54	5.29	5.64	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.67	0.04	1.44	0.43	4.55	4.67	3.82	3.56	6.78	6.90	ns
	–1	0.56	3.97	0.04	1.22	0.36	3.87	3.97	3.25	3.03	5.77	5.87	ns
	–2	0.49	3.49	0.03	1.07	0.32	3.40	3.49	2.85	2.66	5.07	5.16	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.08	0.04	1.44	0.43	4.15	3.58	3.94	4.20	6.39	5.81	ns
	–1	0.56	3.47	0.04	1.22	0.36	3.53	3.04	3.36	3.58	5.44	4.95	ns
	–2	0.49	3.05	0.03	1.07	0.32	3.10	2.67	2.95	3.14	4.77	4.34	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	4.08	0.04	1.44	0.43	4.15	3.58	3.94	4.20	6.39	5.81	ns
	–1	0.56	3.47	0.04	1.22	0.36	3.53	3.04	3.36	3.58	5.44	4.95	ns
	–2	0.49	3.05	0.03	1.07	0.32	3.10	2.67	2.95	3.14	4.77	4.34	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-105 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Parameter	-2	-1	Std.	Units
INV	$Y = !A$	t_{PD}	0.40	0.46	0.54	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	t_{PD}	0.47	0.54	0.63	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	t_{PD}	0.47	0.54	0.63	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	t_{PD}	0.49	0.55	0.65	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	t_{PD}	0.49	0.55	0.65	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	t_{PD}	0.74	0.84	0.99	ns
MAJ3	$Y = \text{MAJ}(A, B, C)$	t_{PD}	0.70	0.79	0.93	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	t_{PD}	0.87	1.00	1.17	ns
MUX2	$Y = A !S + B S$	t_{PD}	0.51	0.58	0.68	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	t_{PD}	0.56	0.64	0.75	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

VersaTile Specifications as a Sequential Module

The ProASIC3 library offers a wide variety of sequential cells, including flip-flops and latches. Each has a data input and optional enable, clear, or preset. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a representative sample from the library. For more details, refer to the [Fusion](#), [IGLOO/e](#), and [ProASIC3/E Macro Library Guide](#).

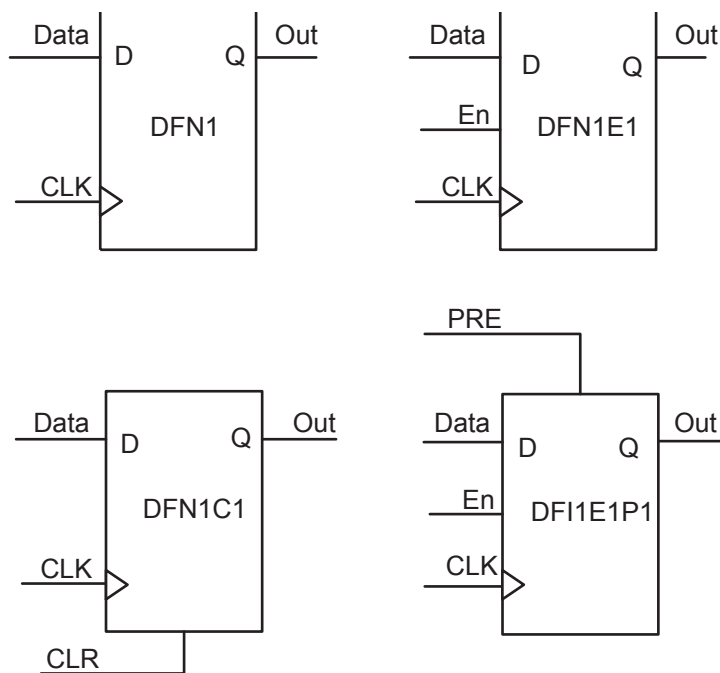
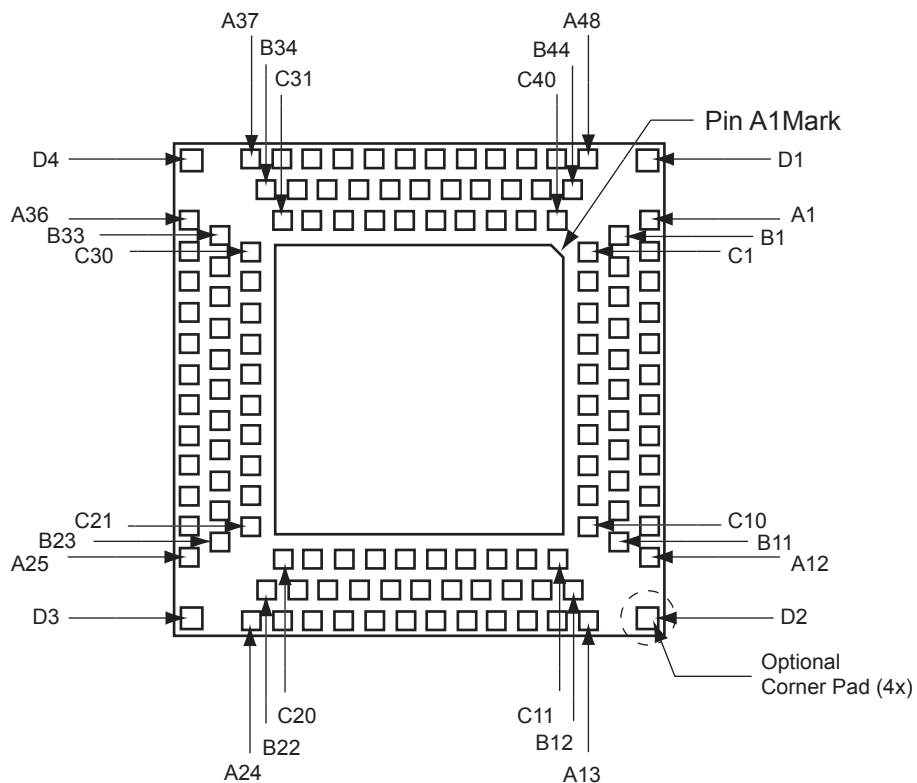


Figure 2-26 • Sample of Sequential Cells

QN132 – Bottom View



Notes:

1. The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).
2. Option corner pads come with this device and package combination. It is optional to tie them to ground or leave them floating.
3. The QN132 package is discontinued and is not available for ProASIC3 devices.
4. For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO67RSB1
3	IO68RSB1
4	GAB2/IO69RSB1
5	IO132RSB1
6	GAC2/IO131RSB1
7	IO130RSB1
8	IO129RSB1
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO124RSB1
11	GFB0/IO123RSB1
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO122RSB1
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO121RSB1
16	GFA2/IO120RSB1
17	VCC
18	VCCIB1
19	GEC0/IO111RSB1
20	GEB1/IO110RSB1
21	GEB0/IO109RSB1
22	GEA1/IO108RSB1
23	GEA0/IO107RSB1
24	VMV1
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO106RSB1
27	GEB2/IO105RSB1
28	GEC2/IO104RSB1
29	IO102RSB1
30	IO100RSB1
31	IO99RSB1
32	IO97RSB1
33	IO96RSB1
34	IO95RSB1
35	IO94RSB1
36	IO93RSB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB1
40	IO87RSB1
41	IO84RSB1
42	IO81RSB1
43	IO75RSB1
44	GDC2/IO72RSB1
45	GDB2/IO71RSB1
46	GDA2/IO70RSB1
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV1
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO65RSB0
58	GDC0/IO62RSB0
59	GDC1/IO61RSB0
60	GCC2/IO59RSB0
61	GCB2/IO58RSB0
62	GCA0/IO56RSB0
63	GCA1/IO55RSB0
64	GCC0/IO52RSB0
65	GCC1/IO51RSB0
66	VCCIB0
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO47RSB0
70	GBC2/IO45RSB0
71	GBB2/IO43RSB0
72	IO42RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
73	GBA2/IO41RSB0
74	VMV0
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
82	IO32RSB0
83	IO28RSB0
84	IO25RSB0
85	IO22RSB0
86	IO19RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO15RSB0
91	IO13RSB0
92	IO11RSB0
93	IO09RSB0
94	IO07RSB0
95	GAC1/IO05RSB0
96	GAC0/IO04RSB0
97	GAB1/IO03RSB0
98	GAB0/IO02RSB0
99	GAA1/IO01RSB0
100	GAA0/IO00RSB0

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
1	GAA2/IO51RSB1
2	IO52RSB1
3	GAB2/IO53RSB1
4	IO95RSB1
5	GAC2/IO94RSB1
6	IO93RSB1
7	IO92RSB1
8	IO91RSB1
9	VCC
10	GND
11	VCCIB1
12	IO90RSB1
13	GFC1/IO89RSB1
14	GFC0/IO88RSB1
15	GFB1/IO87RSB1
16	GFB0/IO86RSB1
17	VCOMPLF
18	GFA0/IO85RSB1
19	VCCPLF
20	GFA1/IO84RSB1
21	GFA2/IO83RSB1
22	GFB2/IO82RSB1
23	GFC2/IO81RSB1
24	IO80RSB1
25	IO79RSB1
26	IO78RSB1
27	GND
28	VCCIB1
29	GEC1/IO77RSB1
30	GEC0/IO76RSB1
31	GEB1/IO75RSB1
32	GEB0/IO74RSB1
33	GEA1/IO73RSB1
34	GEA0/IO72RSB1
35	VMV1
36	GNDQ

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
37	NC
38	GEA2/IO71RSB1
39	GEB2/IO70RSB1
40	GEC2/IO69RSB1
41	IO68RSB1
42	IO67RSB1
43	IO66RSB1
44	IO65RSB1
45	VCC
46	GND
47	VCCIB1
48	NC
49	IO64RSB1
50	NC
51	IO63RSB1
52	NC
53	IO62RSB1
54	NC
55	IO61RSB1
56	NC
57	NC
58	IO60RSB1
59	IO59RSB1
60	IO58RSB1
61	IO57RSB1
62	NC
63	GND
64	NC
65	GDC2/IO56RSB1
66	GDB2/IO55RSB1
67	GDA2/IO54RSB1
68	GNDQ
69	TCK
70	TDI
71	TMS
72	VMV1

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
73	VPUMP
74	NC
75	TDO
76	TRST
77	VJTAG
78	GDA0/IO50RSB0
79	GDB0/IO48RSB0
80	GDB1/IO47RSB0
81	VCCIB0
82	GND
83	IO44RSB0
84	GCC2/IO43RSB0
85	GCB2/IO42RSB0
86	GCA2/IO41RSB0
87	GCA0/IO40RSB0
88	GCA1/IO39RSB0
89	GCB0/IO38RSB0
90	GCB1/IO37RSB0
91	GCC0/IO36RSB0
92	GCC1/IO35RSB0
93	IO34RSB0
94	IO33RSB0
95	NC
96	NC
97	NC
98	VCCIB0
99	GND
100	VCC
101	IO30RSB0
102	GBC2/IO29RSB0
103	IO28RSB0
104	GBB2/IO27RSB0
105	IO26RSB0
106	GBA2/IO25RSB0
107	VMV0
108	GNDQ

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
109	TRST
110	VJTAG
111	GDA0/IO88NDB1
112	GDA1/IO88PDB1
113	GDB0/IO87NDB1
114	GDB1/IO87PDB1
115	GDC0/IO86NDB1
116	GDC1/IO86PDB1
117	IO84NDB1
118	IO84PDB1
119	IO82NDB1
120	IO82PDB1
121	IO81PSB1
122	GND
123	VCCIB1
124	IO77NDB1
125	IO77PDB1
126	NC
127	IO74NDB1
128	GCC2/IO74PDB1
129	GCB2/IO73PSB1
130	GND
131	GCA2/IO72PSB1
132	GCA1/IO71PDB1
133	GCA0/IO71NDB1
134	GCB0/IO70NDB1
135	GCB1/IO70PDB1
136	GCC0/IO69NDB1
137	GCC1/IO69PDB1
138	IO67NDB1
139	IO67PDB1
140	VCCIB1
141	GND
142	VCC
143	IO65PSB1
144	IO64NDB1

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
145	IO64PDB1
146	IO63NDB1
147	IO63PDB1
148	IO62NDB1
149	GBC2/IO62PDB1
150	IO61NDB1
151	GBB2/IO61PDB1
152	IO60NDB1
153	GBA2/IO60PDB1
154	VMV1
155	GNDQ
156	GND
157	VMV0
158	GBA1/IO59RSB0
159	GBA0/IO58RSB0
160	GBB1/IO57RSB0
161	GBB0/IO56RSB0
162	GND
163	GBC1/IO55RSB0
164	GBC0/IO54RSB0
165	IO52RSB0
166	IO50RSB0
167	IO48RSB0
168	IO46RSB0
169	IO44RSB0
170	VCCIB0
171	VCC
172	IO36RSB0
173	IO35RSB0
174	IO34RSB0
175	IO33RSB0
176	IO32RSB0
177	IO31RSB0
178	GND
179	IO29RSB0
180	IO28RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
181	IO27RSB0
182	IO26RSB0
183	IO25RSB0
184	IO24RSB0
185	IO23RSB0
186	VCCIB0
187	VCC
188	IO20RSB0
189	IO19RSB0
190	IO18RSB0
191	IO17RSB0
192	IO16RSB0
193	IO14RSB0
194	IO12RSB0
195	GND
196	IO10RSB0
197	IO09RSB0
198	IO08RSB0
199	IO07RSB0
200	VCCIB0
201	GAC1/IO05RSB0
202	GAC0/IO04RSB0
203	GAB1/IO03RSB0
204	GAB0/IO02RSB0
205	GAA1/IO01RSB0
206	GAA0/IO00RSB0
207	GNDQ
208	VMV0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
H3	GFB1/IO208PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO209NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO91NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO92PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO93NPB1
H15	IO96NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO92NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO206PSB3
J2	GFA1/IO207PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO205NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO205PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO95PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO93PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO96PPB1
J15	IO100PPB1
J16	GCA2/IO94PSB1
K1	GFC2/IO204PDB3
K2	IO204NDB3
K3	IO203NDB3
K4	IO203PDB3
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO95NPB1
K14	IO100NPB1
K15	IO102NDB1
K16	IO102PDB1
L1	IO202NDB3
L2	IO202PDB3
L3	IO196PPB3
L4	IO193PPB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO112NPB1
L14	IO106NDB1
L15	IO106PDB1
L16	IO107PDB1
M1	IO197NSB3
M2	IO196NPB3
M3	IO193NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO190NPB3
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	IO147RSB2
M9	IO136RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	IO110NDB1
M14	GDB1/IO112PPB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
M15	GDC1/IO111PDB1
M16	IO107NDB1
N1	IO194PSB3
N2	IO192PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO190PPB3
N4	IO192NPB3
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO187RSB2
N7	IO161RSB2
N8	IO155RSB2
N9	IO141RSB2
N10	IO129RSB2
N11	IO124RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	IO110PDB1
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO111NDB1
N16	GDA1/IO113PDB1
P1	GEB1/IO189PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO189NDB3
P3	VMV2
P4	IO179RSB2
P5	IO171RSB2
P6	IO165RSB2
P7	IO159RSB2
P8	IO151RSB2
P9	IO137RSB2
P10	IO134RSB2
P11	IO128RSB2
P12	VMV1
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO113NDB1
R1	GEA1/IO188PDB3
R2	GEA0/IO188NDB3
R3	IO184RSB2
R4	GEC2/IO185RSB2

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
R5	IO168RSB2
R6	IO163RSB2
R7	IO157RSB2
R8	IO149RSB2
R9	IO143RSB2
R10	IO138RSB2
R11	IO131RSB2
R12	IO125RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO115RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	GNDQ
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO183RSB2
T3	GEB2/IO186RSB2
T4	IO172RSB2
T5	IO170RSB2
T6	IO164RSB2
T7	IO158RSB2
T8	IO153RSB2
T9	IO142RSB2
T10	IO135RSB2
T11	IO130RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO116RSB2
T13	IO120RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO114RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
R17	GDB1/IO112PPB1
R18	GDC1/IO111PDB1
R19	IO107NDB1
R20	VCC
R21	IO104NDB1
R22	IO105PDB1
T1	IO198PDB3
T2	IO198NDB3
T3	NC
T4	IO194PPB3
T5	IO192PPB3
T6	GEC1/IO190PPB3
T7	IO192NPB3
T8	GNDQ
T9	GEA2/IO187RSB2
T10	IO161RSB2
T11	IO155RSB2
T12	IO141RSB2
T13	IO129RSB2
T14	IO124RSB2
T15	GNDQ
T16	IO110PDB1
T17	VJTAG
T18	GDC0/IO111NDB1
T19	GDA1/IO113PDB1
T20	NC
T21	IO108PDB1
T22	IO105NDB1
U1	IO195PDB3
U2	IO195NDB3
U3	IO194NPB3
U4	GEB1/IO189PDB3
U5	GEB0/IO189NDB3
U6	VMV2
U7	IO179RSB2
U8	IO171RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
U9	IO165RSB2
U10	IO159RSB2
U11	IO151RSB2
U12	IO137RSB2
U13	IO134RSB2
U14	IO128RSB2
U15	VMV1
U16	TCK
U17	VPUMP
U18	TRST
U19	GDA0/IO113NDB1
U20	NC
U21	IO108NDB1
U22	IO109PDB1
V1	NC
V2	NC
V3	GND
V4	GEA1/IO188PDB3
V5	GEA0/IO188NDB3
V6	IO184RSB2
V7	GEC2/IO185RSB2
V8	IO168RSB2
V9	IO163RSB2
V10	IO157RSB2
V11	IO149RSB2
V12	IO143RSB2
V13	IO138RSB2
V14	IO131RSB2
V15	IO125RSB2
V16	GDB2/IO115RSB2
V17	TDI
V18	GNDQ
V19	TDO
V20	GND
V21	NC
V22	IO109NDB1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
W1	NC
W2	IO191PDB3
W3	NC
W4	GND
W5	IO183RSB2
W6	GEB2/IO186RSB2
W7	IO172RSB2
W8	IO170RSB2
W9	IO164RSB2
W10	IO158RSB2
W11	IO153RSB2
W12	IO142RSB2
W13	IO135RSB2
W14	IO130RSB2
W15	GDC2/IO116RSB2
W16	IO120RSB2
W17	GDA2/IO114RSB2
W18	TMS
W19	GND
W20	NC
W21	NC
W22	NC
Y1	VCCIB3
Y2	IO191NDB3
Y3	NC
Y4	IO182RSB2
Y5	GND
Y6	IO177RSB2
Y7	IO174RSB2
Y8	VCC
Y9	VCC
Y10	IO154RSB2
Y11	IO148RSB2
Y12	IO140RSB2
Y13	NC
Y14	VCC

5 – Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each version of the ProASIC3 datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 18 (March 2016)	Updated 3.3 V DC supply voltage's maximum Commercial and Industrial values from 3.3 V to 3.6 V in Table 2-2 (SAR 72693).	2-2
	Added reference of Package Mechanical Drawings document in all package pin assignment notes (76833).	NA
Revision 17 (June 2015)	Removed PQFP embedded heat spreader info. from Table 2-5 (SAR 52320).	2-6
	Updated " VCCIBx I/O Supply Voltage " (SAR 43323).	3-1
Revision 16 (December 2014)	Updated " ProASIC3 Ordering Information ". Interchanged the positions of Y- Security Feature and I- Application (Temperature Range) (SAR 61079). Added Note "Only devices with package size greater than or equal to 5x5 are supported".	1-IV
	Updated Table Note (2) in Table 2-3 • Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage and Operating Temperature so that the Table Note is not applicable for Maximum Storage Temperature T _{STG} (SAR 54297).	2-3
	Added values for Drive strength 2 mA in Table 2-41 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew , Table 2-42 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew , Table 2-43 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew , and Table 2-44 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew (SAR 57184).	2-34, 2-35, 2-36, 2-37
	Added Figure 2-1 • High-Temperature Data Retention (HTR) (SAR 45466).	2-3
	Updates made to maintain the style and consistency of the document.	NA
Revision 15 (July 2014)	Added corner pad table note (3) to " QN132 – Bottom View " (SAR 47442).	4-6
	Ambient temperature removed in Table 2-2 , table notes and " ProASIC3 Ordering Information " figure were modified (SAR 48343).	2-2 1-IV
	Other updates were made to maintain the style and consistency of the datasheet.	NA
Revision 14 (April 2014)	Note added for the discontinuance of QN132 package to the following tables and section: " ProASIC3 Devices ", " I/Os Per Package 1 ", " ProASIC3 FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions " and " QN132 – Bottom View " section (SAR 55118).	I, III, 4-6

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 10 (continued)	"TBD" for 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range in Table 2-28 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances ¹ through Table 2-30 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances ¹ was replaced by "Same as regular 3.3 V" (SAR 33852).	2-26 to 2-28
	The equations in the notes for Table 2-31 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances were corrected (SAR 32470).	2-28
	"TBD" for 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range in Table 2-32 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL through Table 2-34 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL was replaced by "Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS" (SAR 33852).	2-29 to 2-31
	In the " 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range " section, values were added to Table 2-47 through Table 2-49 for IOSL and IOSH, replacing "TBD" (SAR 33852).	2-39 to 2-40
	The following sentence was deleted from the " 2.5 V LVCMOS " section (SAR 24916): "It uses a 5 V–tolerant input buffer and push-pull output buffer."	2-47
	The table notes were revised for Table 2-90 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (SAR 33859).	2-66
	Values were added for $F_{DDRIMAX}$ and F_{DDOMAX} in Table 2-102 • Input DDR Propagation Delays and Table 2-104 • Output DDR Propagation Delays (SAR 23919).	2-78, 2-80
	Table 2-115 • ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification was updated. A note was added to indicate that when the CCC/PLL core is generated by Microsemi core generator software, not all delay values of the specified delay increments are available (SAR 25705).	2-90
	The following figures were deleted (SAR 29991). Reference was made to a new application note, <i>Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs</i> , which covers these cases in detail (SAR 21770). Figure 2-34 • Write Access after Write onto Same Address Figure 2-35 • Read Access after Write onto Same Address Figure 2-35 • Read Access after Write onto Same Address The port names in the SRAM " Timing Waveforms ", SRAM " Timing Characteristics " tables, Figure 2-39 • FIFO Reset , and the FIFO " Timing Characteristics " tables were revised to ensure consistency with the software names (SARs 29991, 30510).	2-92, 2-94, 2-99 2-102
July 2010	The " Pin Descriptions " chapter has been added (SAR 21642).	3-1
	Package names used in the " Package Pin Assignments " section were revised to match standards given in Package Mechanical Drawings (SAR 27395).	4-1
July 2010	The versioning system for datasheets has been changed. Datasheets are assigned a revision number that increments each time the datasheet is revised. The " ProASIC3 Device Status " table on page IV indicates the status for each device in the device family.	N/A