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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	36864
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	250000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m1a3p250-2fgg144

User Nonvolatile FlashROM

ProASIC3 devices have 1 kbit of on-chip, user-accessible, nonvolatile FlashROM. The FlashROM can be used in diverse system applications:

- Internet protocol addressing (wireless or fixed)
- System calibration settings
- Device serialization and/or inventory control
- Subscription-based business models (for example, set-top boxes)
- Secure key storage for secure communications algorithms
- Asset management/tracking
- Date stamping
- Version management

The FlashROM is written using the standard ProASIC3 IEEE 1532 JTAG programming interface. The core can be individually programmed (erased and written), and on-chip AES decryption can be used selectively to securely load data over public networks (except in the A3P015 and A3P030 devices), as in security keys stored in the FlashROM for a user design.

The FlashROM can be programmed via the JTAG programming interface, and its contents can be read back either through the JTAG programming interface or via direct FPGA core addressing. Note that the FlashROM can only be programmed from the JTAG interface and cannot be programmed from the internal logic array.

The FlashROM is programmed as 8 banks of 128 bits; however, reading is performed on a byte-by-byte basis using a synchronous interface. A 7-bit address from the FPGA core defines which of the 8 banks and which of the 16 bytes within that bank are being read. The three most significant bits (MSBs) of the FlashROM address determine the bank, and the four least significant bits (LSBs) of the FlashROM address define the byte.

The ProASIC3 development software solutions, Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC) and Designer, have extensive support for the FlashROM. One such feature is auto-generation of sequential programming files for applications requiring a unique serial number in each part. Another feature allows the inclusion of static data for system version control. Data for the FlashROM can be generated quickly and easily using Libero SoC and Designer software tools. Comprehensive programming file support is also included to allow for easy programming of large numbers of parts with differing FlashROM contents.

SRAM and FIFO

ProASIC3 devices (except the A3P015 and A3P030 devices) have embedded SRAM blocks along their north and south sides. Each variable-aspect-ratio SRAM block is 4,608 bits in size. Available memory configurations are 256×18, 512×9, 1k×4, 2k×2, and 4k×1 bits. The individual blocks have independent read and write ports that can be configured with different bit widths on each port. For example, data can be sent through a 4-bit port and read as a single bitstream. The embedded SRAM blocks can be initialized via the device JTAG port (ROM emulation mode) using the UJTAG macro (except in A3P015 and A3P030 devices).

In addition, every SRAM block has an embedded FIFO control unit. The control unit allows the SRAM block to be configured as a synchronous FIFO without using additional core VersaTiles. The FIFO width and depth are programmable. The FIFO also features programmable Almost Empty (AEMPTY) and Almost Full (AFULL) flags in addition to the normal Empty and Full flags. The embedded FIFO control unit contains the counters necessary for generation of the read and write address pointers. The embedded SRAM/FIFO blocks can be cascaded to create larger configurations.

PLL and CCC

ProASIC3 devices provide designers with very flexible clock conditioning capabilities. Each member of the ProASIC3 family contains six CCCs. One CCC (center west side) has a PLL. The A3P015 and A3P030 devices do not have a PLL.

The six CCC blocks are located at the four corners and the centers of the east and west sides.

All six CCC blocks are usable; the four corner CCCs and the east CCC allow simple clock delay operations as well as clock spine access.

The inputs of the six CCC blocks are accessible from the FPGA core or from one of several inputs located near the CCC that have dedicated connections to the CCC block.

Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources

Table 2-14 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices

Parameter	Definition	Device Specific Dynamic Contributions ($\mu\text{W}/\text{MHz}$)							
		A3P1000	A3P600	A3P400	A3P250	A3P125	A3P060	A3P030	A3P015
PAC1	Clock contribution of a Global Rib	14.50	12.80	12.80	11.00	11.00	9.30	9.30	9.30
PAC2	Clock contribution of a Global Spine	2.48	1.85	1.35	1.58	0.81	0.81	0.41	0.41
PAC3	Clock contribution of a VersaTile row	0.81							
PAC4	Clock contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.12							
PAC5	First contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.07							
PAC6	Second contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.29							
PAC7	Contribution of a VersaTile used as a combinatorial Module	0.29							
PAC8	Average contribution of a routing net	0.70							
PAC9	Contribution of an I/O input pin (standard dependent)	See Table 2-8 on page 2-7 through Table 2-10 on page 2-8 .							
PAC10	Contribution of an I/O output pin (standard dependent)	See Table 2-11 on page 2-9 through Table 2-13 on page 2-10 .							
PAC11	Average contribution of a RAM block during a read operation	25.00							
PAC12	Average contribution of a RAM block during a write operation	30.00							
PAC13	Dynamic contribution for PLL	2.60							

Note: *For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi Power spreadsheet calculator or SmartPower tool in Libero SoC software.

Table 2-71 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 1.7\text{ V}$
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	15.53	0.04	1.22	0.43	14.11	15.53	2.78	1.60	16.35	17.77	ns
	–1	0.56	13.21	0.04	1.04	0.36	12.01	13.21	2.36	1.36	13.91	15.11	ns
	–2	0.49	11.60	0.03	0.91	0.32	10.54	11.60	2.07	1.19	12.21	13.27	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.48	0.04	1.22	0.43	10.41	10.48	3.23	2.73	12.65	12.71	ns
	–1	0.56	8.91	0.04	1.04	0.36	8.86	8.91	2.75	2.33	10.76	10.81	ns
	–2	0.49	7.82	0.03	0.91	0.32	7.77	7.82	2.41	2.04	9.44	9.49	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	8.05	0.04	1.22	0.43	8.20	7.84	3.54	3.27	10.43	10.08	ns
	–1	0.56	6.85	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.97	6.67	3.01	2.78	8.88	8.57	ns
	–2	0.49	6.01	0.03	0.91	0.32	6.12	5.86	2.64	2.44	7.79	7.53	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.50	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.64	7.30	3.61	3.41	9.88	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.38	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.50	6.21	3.07	2.90	8.40	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.60	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.71	5.45	2.69	2.55	7.38	7.12	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	7.29	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.23	7.29	3.71	3.95	9.47	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.20	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.15	6.20	3.15	3.36	8.06	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.45	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.40	5.45	2.77	2.95	7.07	7.12	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	7.29	0.04	1.22	0.43	7.23	7.29	3.71	3.95	9.47	9.53	ns
	–1	0.56	6.20	0.04	1.04	0.36	6.15	6.20	3.15	3.36	8.06	8.11	ns
	–2	0.49	5.45	0.03	0.91	0.32	5.40	5.45	2.77	2.95	7.07	7.12	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

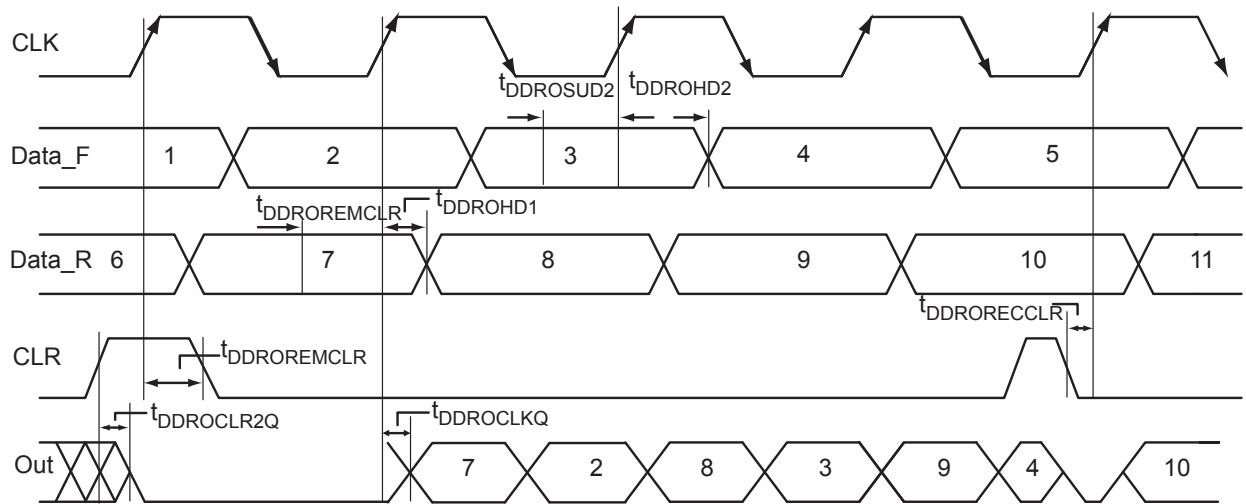


Figure 2-23 • Output DDR Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-104 • Output DDR Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{DDROCLKQ}	Clock-to-Out of DDR for Output DDR	0.70	0.80	0.94	ns
t_{DDROSD1}	Data_F Data Setup for Output DDR	0.38	0.43	0.51	ns
t_{DDROSD2}	Data_R Data Setup for Output DDR	0.38	0.43	0.51	ns
t_{DDROHD1}	Data_F Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DDROHD2}	Data_R Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCLR2Q}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out for Output DDR	0.80	0.91	1.07	ns
$t_{\text{DDROREMCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDROECCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Output DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{\text{DDROWCLR1}}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Output DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCKMPWH}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output DDR	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{\text{DDROCKMPWL}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output DDR	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns
F_{DDOMAX}	Maximum Frequency for the Output DDR	350	309	263	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

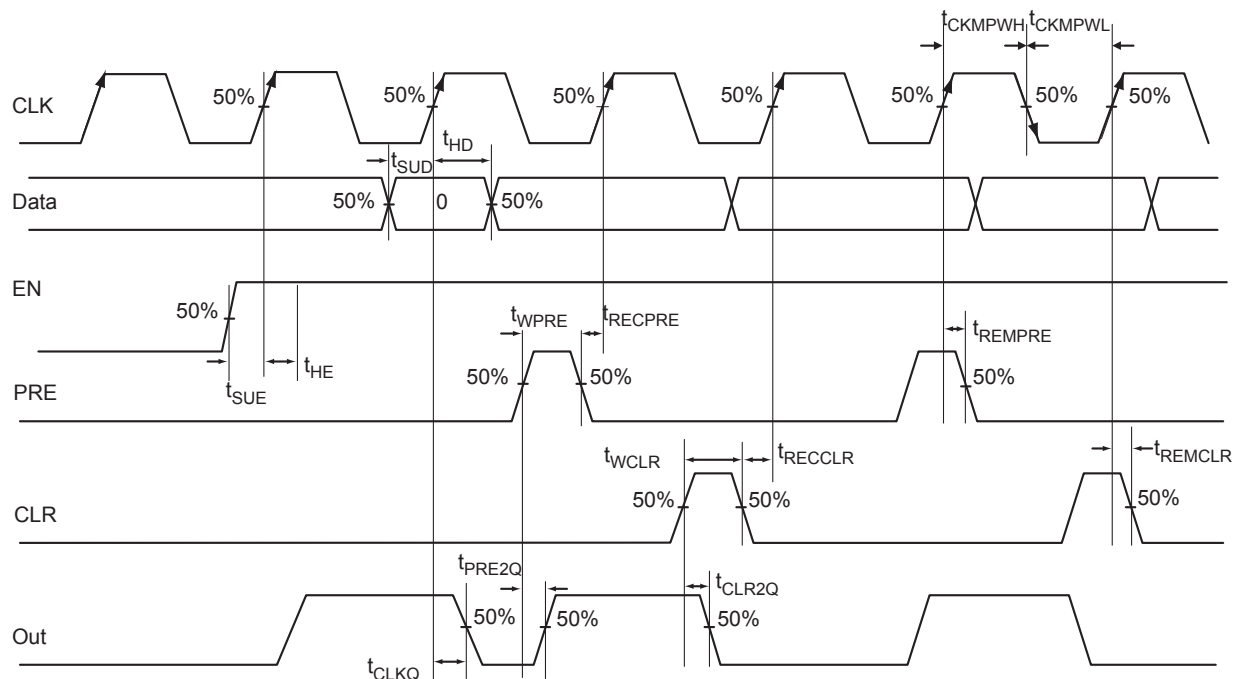


Figure 2-27 • Timing Model and Waveforms

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-106 • Register Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	0.55	0.63	0.74	ns
t_{SUD}	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	0.43	0.49	0.57	ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{SUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	0.45	0.52	0.61	ns
t_{HE}	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.40	0.45	0.53	ns
t_{PRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.40	0.45	0.53	ns
t_{REMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{RECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{REMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{RECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{WCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{WPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{CKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns
t_{CKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-117 • RAM512X18**Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{AS}	Address setup time	0.25	0.28	0.33	ns
t_{AH}	Address hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	0.13	0.15	0.17	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.10	0.11	0.13	ns
t_{DS}	Input data (WD) setup time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input data (WD) hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (output retained)	2.16	2.46	2.89	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (pipelined)	0.90	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{C2CRWH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.50	0.43	0.38	ns
t_{C2CWRH}^1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.59	0.50	0.44	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock cycle time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Notes:

1. For more information, refer to the application note [Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs](#).
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

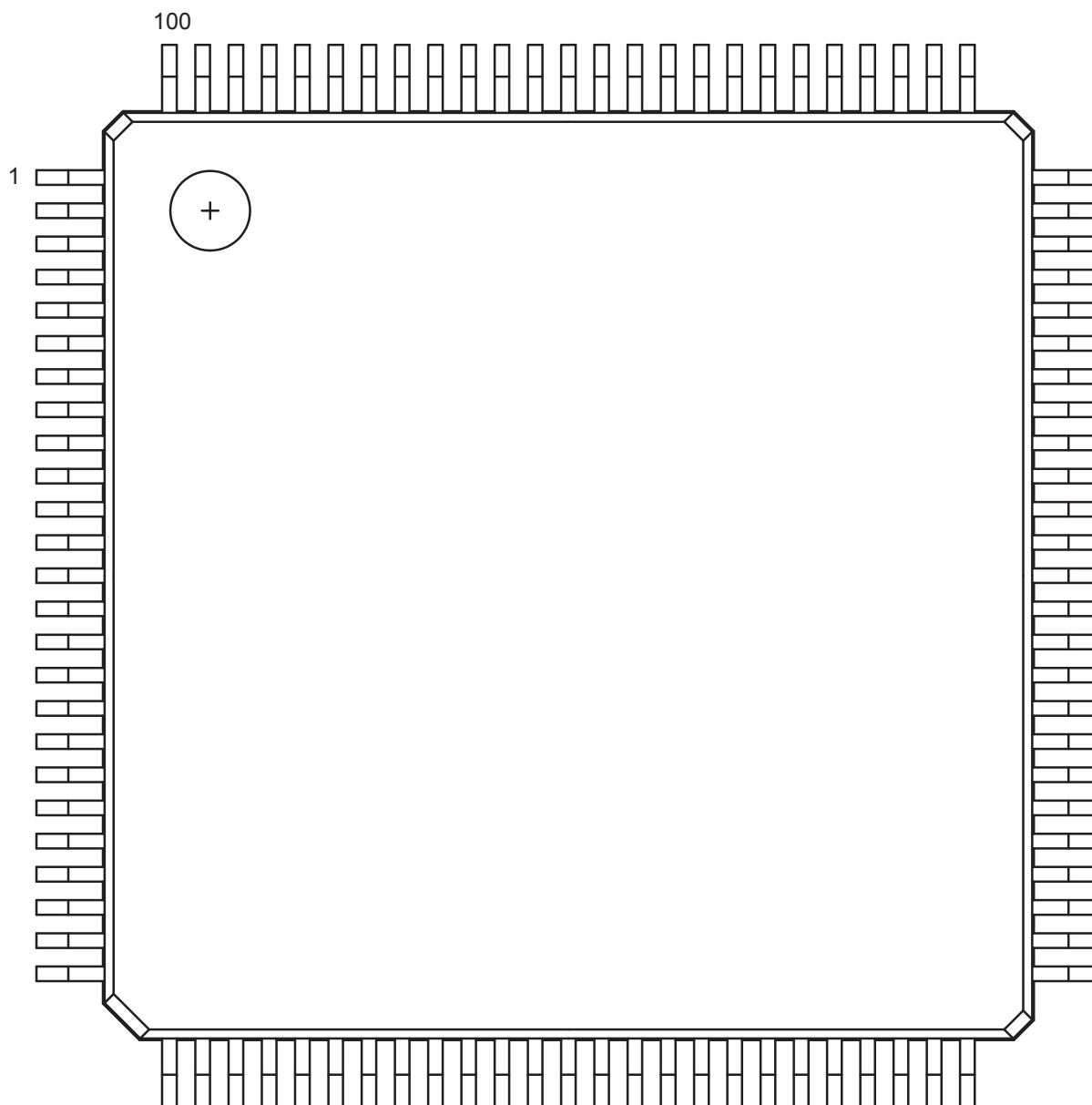
QN68	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	IO80RSB1
3	IO78RSB1
4	IO76RSB1
5	GEC0/IO73RSB1
6	GEA0/IO72RSB1
7	GEB0/IO71RSB1
8	VCC
9	GND
10	VCCIB1
11	IO68RSB1
12	IO67RSB1
13	IO66RSB1
14	IO65RSB1
15	IO64RSB1
16	IO63RSB1
17	IO62RSB1
18	IO60RSB1
19	IO58RSB1
20	IO56RSB1
21	IO54RSB1
22	IO52RSB1
23	IO51RSB1
24	VCC
25	GND
26	VCCIB1
27	IO50RSB1
28	IO48RSB1
29	IO46RSB1
30	IO44RSB1
31	IO42RSB1
32	TCK
33	TDI
34	TMS
35	VPUMP
36	TDO

QN68	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
37	TRST
38	VJTAG
39	IO40RSB0
40	IO37RSB0
41	GDB0/IO34RSB0
42	GDA0/IO33RSB0
43	GDC0/IO32RSB0
44	VCCIB0
45	GND
46	VCC
47	IO31RSB0
48	IO29RSB0
49	IO28RSB0
50	IO27RSB0
51	IO25RSB0
52	IO24RSB0
53	IO22RSB0
54	IO21RSB0
55	IO19RSB0
56	IO17RSB0
57	IO15RSB0
58	IO14RSB0
59	VCCIB0
60	GND
61	VCC
62	IO12RSB0
63	IO10RSB0
64	IO08RSB0
65	IO06RSB0
66	IO04RSB0
67	IO02RSB0
68	IO00RSB0

QN132	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
C17	IO57RSB1
C18	NC
C19	TCK
C20	VMV1
C21	VPUMP
C22	VJTAG
C23	VCCIB0
C24	NC
C25	NC
C26	GCA1/IO42RSB0
C27	GCC0/IO39RSB0
C28	VCCIB0
C29	IO29RSB0
C30	GNDQ
C31	GBA1/IO27RSB0
C32	GBB0/IO24RSB0
C33	VCC
C34	IO19RSB0
C35	IO16RSB0
C36	IO13RSB0
C37	GAC1/IO10RSB0
C38	NC
C39	GAA0/IO05RSB0
C40	VMV0
D1	GND
D2	GND
D3	GND
D4	GND

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
K10	VPUMP
K11	GDB1/IO47RSB0
L1	VMV1
L2	GNDQ
L3	IO65RSB1
L4	IO63RSB1
L5	IO61RSB1
L6	IO58RSB1
L7	IO57RSB1
L8	IO55RSB1
L9	GNDQ
L10	GDA0/IO50RSB0
L11	VMV1

VQ100 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO67RSB1
3	IO68RSB1
4	GAB2/IO69RSB1
5	IO132RSB1
6	GAC2/IO131RSB1
7	NC
8	NC
9	IO130RSB1
10	IO129RSB1
11	NC
12	IO128RSB1
13	NC
14	NC
15	NC
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB1
19	IO127RSB1
20	NC
21	GFC1/IO126RSB1
22	GFC0/IO125RSB1
23	GFB1/IO124RSB1
24	GFB0/IO123RSB1
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO122RSB1
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO121RSB1
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO120RSB1
31	NC
32	GFB2/IO119RSB1
33	NC
34	GFC2/IO118RSB1
35	IO117RSB1
36	NC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
37	IO116RSB1
38	IO115RSB1
39	NC
40	VCCIB1
41	GND
42	IO114RSB1
43	IO113RSB1
44	GEC1/IO112RSB1
45	GEC0/IO111RSB1
46	GEB1/IO110RSB1
47	GEB0/IO109RSB1
48	GEA1/IO108RSB1
49	GEA0/IO107RSB1
50	VMV1
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	NC
54	NC
55	GEA2/IO106RSB1
56	GEB2/IO105RSB1
57	GEC2/IO104RSB1
58	IO103RSB1
59	IO102RSB1
60	IO101RSB1
61	IO100RSB1
62	VCCIB1
63	IO99RSB1
64	IO98RSB1
65	GND
66	IO97RSB1
67	IO96RSB1
68	IO95RSB1
69	IO94RSB1
70	IO93RSB1
71	VCC
72	VCCIB1

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
73	IO92RSB1
74	IO91RSB1
75	IO90RSB1
76	IO89RSB1
77	IO88RSB1
78	IO87RSB1
79	IO86RSB1
80	IO85RSB1
81	GND
82	IO84RSB1
83	IO83RSB1
84	IO82RSB1
85	IO81RSB1
86	IO80RSB1
87	IO79RSB1
88	VCC
89	VCCIB1
90	IO78RSB1
91	IO77RSB1
92	IO76RSB1
93	IO75RSB1
94	IO74RSB1
95	IO73RSB1
96	GDC2/IO72RSB1
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO71RSB1
99	GDA2/IO70RSB1
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV1
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	NC
108	TDO

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
K1	GEBO/IO99NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO98PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO98NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO97RSB2
K5	IO90RSB2
K6	IO84RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO66RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO63RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO60VDB1
K12	GDB0/IO59VDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	GEB2/IO96RSB2
L4	IO91RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO82RSB2
L7	IO80RSB2
L8	IO72RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO95RSB2
M3	IO92RSB2
M4	IO89RSB2
M5	IO87RSB2
M6	IO85RSB2
M7	IO78RSB2
M8	IO76RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
K1	GEB0/IO145NDB3
K2	GEA1/IO144PDB3
K3	GEA0/IO144NDB3
K4	GEA2/IO143RSB2
K5	IO119RSB2
K6	IO111RSB2
K7	GND
K8	IO94RSB2
K9	GDC2/IO91RSB2
K10	GND
K11	GDA0/IO88NDB1
K12	GDB0/IO87NDB1
L1	GND
L2	VMV3
L3	GEB2/IO142RSB2
L4	IO136RSB2
L5	VCCIB2
L6	IO115RSB2
L7	IO103RSB2
L8	IO97RSB2
L9	TMS
L10	VJTAG
L11	VMV2
L12	TRST
M1	GNDQ
M2	GEC2/IO141RSB2
M3	IO138RSB2
M4	IO123RSB2
M5	IO126RSB2
M6	IO134RSB2
M7	IO108RSB2
M8	IO99RSB2
M9	TDI
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VPUMP
M12	GNDQ

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
G13	GCC1/IO48PPB1
G14	IO47NPB1
G15	IO54PDB1
G16	IO54NDB1
H1	GFB0/IO109NPB3
H2	GFA0/IO108NDB3
H3	GFB1/IO109PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO110NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO48NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO49PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO50NPB1
H15	NC
H16	GCB0/IO49NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO107PPB3
J2	GFA1/IO108PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO106NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO106PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO52PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO50PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO53PPB1
J15	NC
J16	GCA2/IO51PDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
K1	GFC2/IO105PDB3
K2	IO107NPB3
K3	IO104PPB3
K4	NC
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO52NPB1
K14	IO55RSB1
K15	IO53NPB1
K16	IO51NDB1
L1	IO105NDB3
L2	IO104NPB3
L3	NC
L4	IO102RSB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO59VPB1
L14	IO57VDB1
L15	IO57UDB1
L16	IO56PDB1
M1	IO103PDB3
M2	NC
M3	IO101NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO100NPB3

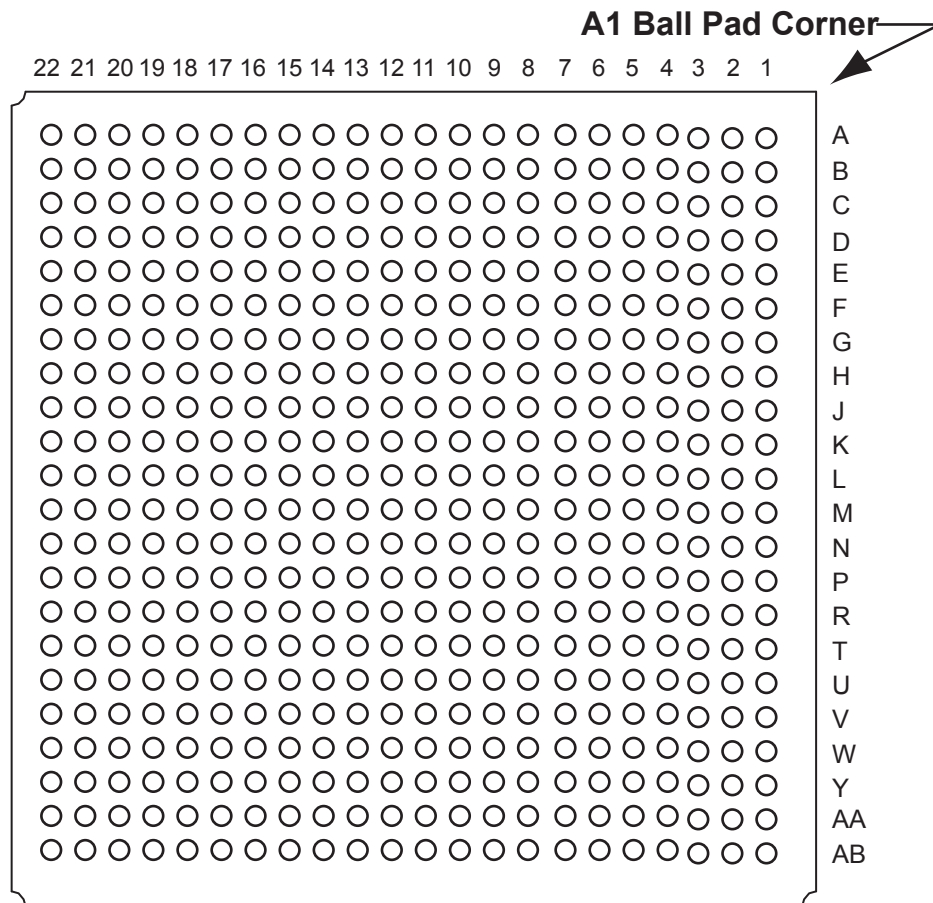
FG256	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	NC
M9	IO74RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	NC
M14	GDB1/IO59UPB1
M15	GDC1/IO58UDB1
M16	IO56NDB1
N1	IO103NDB3
N2	IO101PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO100PPB3
N4	NC
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO97RSB2
N7	IO86RSB2
N8	IO82RSB2
N9	IO75RSB2
N10	IO69RSB2
N11	IO64RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	NC
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO58VDB1
N16	GDA1/IO60UDB1
P1	GEB1/IO99PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO99NDB3
P3	NC
P4	NC
P5	IO92RSB2
P6	IO89RSB2
P7	IO85RSB2
P8	IO81RSB2

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
A1	GND
A2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A5	IO11RSB0
A6	IO16RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	IO28RSB0
A9	IO34RSB0
A10	IO37RSB0
A11	IO41RSB0
A12	IO43RSB0
A13	GBB1/IO57RSB0
A14	GBA0/IO58RSB0
A15	GBA1/IO59RSB0
A16	GND
B1	GAB2/IO173PDB3
B2	GAA2/IO174PDB3
B3	GNDQ
B4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO13RSB0
B6	IO14RSB0
B7	IO21RSB0
B8	IO27RSB0
B9	IO32RSB0
B10	IO38RSB0
B11	IO42RSB0
B12	GBC1/IO55RSB0
B13	GBB0/IO56RSB0
B14	IO52RSB0
B15	GBA2/IO60PDB1
B16	IO60NDB1
C1	IO173NDB3
C2	IO174NDB3
C3	VMV3
C4	IO07RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
C5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
C7	IO20RSB0
C8	IO24RSB0
C9	IO33RSB0
C10	IO39RSB0
C11	IO44RSB0
C12	GBC0/IO54RSB0
C13	IO51RSB0
C14	VMV0
C15	IO61NPB1
C16	IO63PDB1
D1	IO171NDB3
D2	IO171PDB3
D3	GAC2/IO172PDB3
D4	IO06RSB0
D5	GNDQ
D6	IO10RSB0
D7	IO19RSB0
D8	IO26RSB0
D9	IO30RSB0
D10	IO40RSB0
D11	IO45RSB0
D12	GNDQ
D13	IO50RSB0
D14	GBB2/IO61PPB1
D15	IO53RSB0
D16	IO63NDB1
E1	IO166PDB3
E2	IO167NPB3
E3	IO172NDB3
E4	IO169NDB3
E5	VMV0
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO25RSB0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
E9	IO31RSB0
E10	VCCIB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	VMV1
E13	GBC2/IO62PDB1
E14	IO67PPB1
E15	IO64PPB1
E16	IO66PDB1
F1	IO166NDB3
F2	IO168NPB3
F3	IO167PPB3
F4	IO169PDB3
F5	VCCIB3
F6	GND
F7	VCC
F8	VCC
F9	VCC
F10	VCC
F11	GND
F12	VCCIB1
F13	IO62NDB1
F14	IO64NPB1
F15	IO65PPB1
F16	IO66NDB1
G1	IO165NDB3
G2	IO165PDB3
G3	IO168PPB3
G4	GFC1/IO164PPB3
G5	VCCIB3
G6	VCC
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	GND
G10	GND
G11	VCC
G12	VCCIB1

FG484 – Bottom View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
K19	IO73NDB1
K20	NC
K21	NC
K22	NC
L1	NC
L2	NC
L3	NC
L4	GFB0/IO146NPB3
L5	GFA0/IO145NDB3
L6	GFB1/IO146PPB3
L7	VCOMPLF
L8	GFC0/IO147NPB3
L9	VCC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	VCC
L15	GCC0/IO67NPB1
L16	GCB1/IO68PPB1
L17	GCA0/IO69NPB1
L18	NC
L19	GCB0/IO68NPB1
L20	NC
L21	NC
L22	NC
M1	NC
M2	NC
M3	NC
M4	GFA2/IO144PPB3
M5	GFA1/IO145PDB3
M6	VCCPLF
M7	IO143NDB3
M8	GFB2/IO143PDB3
M9	VCC
M10	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	VCC
M15	GCB2/IO71PPB1
M16	GCA1/IO69PPB1
M17	GCC2/IO72PPB1
M18	NC
M19	GCA2/IO70PDB1
M20	NC
M21	NC
M22	NC
N1	NC
N2	NC
N3	NC
N4	GFC2/IO142PDB3
N5	IO144NPB3
N6	IO141PPB3
N7	IO120RSB2
N8	VCCIB3
N9	VCC
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	VCC
N15	VCCIB1
N16	IO71NPB1
N17	IO74RSB1
N18	IO72NPB1
N19	IO70NDB1
N20	NC
N21	NC
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
P3	NC
P4	IO142NDB3
P5	IO141NPB3
P6	IO125RSB2
P7	IO139RSB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO78VPB1
P17	IO76VDB1
P18	IO76UDB1
P19	IO75PDB1
P20	NC
P21	NC
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO140PDB3
R5	IO130RSB2
R6	IO138NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO137NPB3
R8	VMV3
R9	VCCIB2
R10	VCCIB2
R11	IO108RSB2
R12	IO101RSB2
R13	VCCIB2
R14	VCCIB2
R15	VMV2
R16	IO83RSB2

5 – Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each version of the ProASIC3 datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 18 (March 2016)	Updated 3.3 V DC supply voltage's maximum Commercial and Industrial values from 3.3 V to 3.6 V in Table 2-2 (SAR 72693).	2-2
	Added reference of Package Mechanical Drawings document in all package pin assignment notes (76833).	NA
Revision 17 (June 2015)	Removed PQFP embedded heat spreader info. from Table 2-5 (SAR 52320).	2-6
	Updated " VCCIBx I/O Supply Voltage " (SAR 43323).	3-1
Revision 16 (December 2014)	Updated " ProASIC3 Ordering Information ". Interchanged the positions of Y- Security Feature and I- Application (Temperature Range) (SAR 61079). Added Note "Only devices with package size greater than or equal to 5x5 are supported".	1-IV
	Updated Table Note (2) in Table 2-3 • Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage and Operating Temperature so that the Table Note is not applicable for Maximum Storage Temperature T _{STG} (SAR 54297).	2-3
	Added values for Drive strength 2 mA in Table 2-41 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew , Table 2-42 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew , Table 2-43 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew , and Table 2-44 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew (SAR 57184).	2-34, 2-35, 2-36, 2-37
	Added Figure 2-1 • High-Temperature Data Retention (HTR) (SAR 45466).	2-3
	Updates made to maintain the style and consistency of the document.	NA
Revision 15 (July 2014)	Added corner pad table note (3) to " QN132 – Bottom View " (SAR 47442).	4-6
	Ambient temperature removed in Table 2-2 , table notes and " ProASIC3 Ordering Information " figure were modified (SAR 48343).	2-2 1-IV
	Other updates were made to maintain the style and consistency of the datasheet.	NA
Revision 14 (April 2014)	Note added for the discontinuance of QN132 package to the following tables and section: " ProASIC3 Devices ", " I/Os Per Package 1 ", " ProASIC3 FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions " and " QN132 – Bottom View " section (SAR 55118).	I, III, 4-6

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 13 (January 2013)	The "ProASIC3 Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43104).	1-IV
	Added a note to Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 (SAR 43644): The programming temperature range supported is $T_{\text{ambient}} = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C .	2-2
	The note in Table 2-115 • ProASIC3 CCC/PLL Specification referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42569).	2-90
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40284). Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	NA
Revision 12 (September 2012)	The Security section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-1
	Added a Note stating "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section on page 3-1 for further information" to Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings and Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 (SAR 38321).	2-1 2-2
	Table 2-35 • Duration of Short Circuit Event Before Failure was revised to change the maximum temperature from 110°C to 100°C , with an example of six months instead of three months (SAR 37933).	2-31
	In Table 2-93 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels, VIL and VIH were revised so that the maximum is 3.6 V for all listed values of VCCI (SAR 28549).	2-68
	Figure 2-37 • FIFO Read and Figure 2-38 • FIFO Write are new (SAR 28371).	2-99
	The following sentence was removed from the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section in the "Pin Descriptions" chapter: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38321). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.6 (continued)	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-25
	The "WCLK and RCLK" section was updated.	2-25
	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-25
	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-27
	The "Introduction" of the "Advanced I/Os" section was updated.	2-28
	The "I/O Banks" section is new. This section explains the following types of I/Os: Advanced Standard+ Standard Table 2-12 • Automotive ProASIC3 Bank Types Definition and Differences is new. This table describes the standards listed above.	2-29
	PCI-X 3.3 V was added to the Compatible Standards for 3.3 V in Table 2-11 • VCCI Voltages and Compatible Standards	2-29
	Table 2-13 • ProASIC3 I/O Features was updated.	2-30
	The "Double Data Rate (DDR) Support" section was updated to include information concerning implementation of the feature.	2-32
	The "Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection" section was updated to include testing information.	2-35
	Level 3 and 4 descriptions were updated in Table 2-43 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3 Devices.	2-64
	The notes in Table 2-43 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3 Devices were updated.	2-64
	The "Simultaneous Switching Outputs (SSOs) and Printed Circuit Board Layout" section is new.	2-41
	A footnote was added to Table 2-14 • Maximum I/O Frequency for Single-Ended and Differential I/Os in All Banks in Automotive ProASIC3 Devices (maximum drive strength and high slew selected).	2-30
	Table 2-18 • Automotive ProASIC3 I/O Attributes vs. I/O Standard Applications	2-45
	Table 2-50 • ProASIC3 Output Drive (OUT_DRIVE) for Standard I/O Bank Type (A3P030 device)	2-83
	Table 2-51 • ProASIC3 Output Drive for Standard+ I/O Bank Type was updated.	2-84
	Table 2-54 • ProASIC3 Output Drive for Advanced I/O Bank Type was updated.	2-84
	The "x" was updated in the "User I/O Naming Convention" section.	2-48
	The "VCC Core Supply Voltage" pin description was updated.	2-50
	The "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" pin description was updated to include information concerning leaving the pin unconnected.	2-50
	The "VJTAG JTAG Supply Voltage" pin description was updated.	2-50
	The "VPUMP Programming Supply Voltage" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is tied to ground.	2-50
	The "I/O User Input/Output" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-50
	The "JTAG Pins" section was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-51