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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m7a3p1000-1fg144

I/Os Per Package ¹

ProASIC3 Devices	A3P015 ²	A3P030	A3P060	A3P125	A3P250 ³		A3P400 ³		A3P600		A3P1000	
Cortex-M1 Devices					M1A3P250 ^{3,5}		M1A3P400 ³		M1A3P600		M1A3P1000	
Package	I/O Type											
	Single-Ended I/O	Single-Ended I/O	Single-Ended I/O	Single-Ended I/O	Single-Ended I/O ⁴	Differential I/O Pairs	Single-Ended I/O ⁴	Differential I/O Pairs	Single-Ended I/O ⁴	Differential I/O Pairs	Single-Ended I/O ⁴	Differential I/O Pairs
QN48	–	34	–	–	–	–		–	–	–	–	–
QN68	49	49	–	–	–	–	–	–		–	–	–
QN132 ⁷	–	81	80	84	87	19	–	–		–	–	–
CS121	–	–	96	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
VQ100	–	77	71	71	68	13	–	–		–	–	–
TQ144	–	–	91	100	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
PQ208	–	–	–	133	151	34	151	34	154	35	154	35
FG144	–	–	96	97	97	24	97	25	97	25	97	25
FG256 ^{5,6}	–	–	–	–	157	38	178	38	177	43	177	44
FG484 ⁶	–	–	–	–	–	–	194	38	235	60	300	74

Notes:

1. When considering migrating your design to a lower- or higher-density device, refer to the [ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User Guide](#) to ensure complying with design and board migration requirements.
2. A3P015 is not recommended for new designs.
3. For A3P250 and A3P400 devices, the maximum number of LVPECL pairs in east and west banks cannot exceed 15. Refer to the [ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric Users Guide](#) for position assignments of the 15 LVPECL pairs.
4. Each used differential I/O pair reduces the number of single-ended I/Os available by two.
5. The M1A3P250 device does not support FG256 package.
6. FG256 and FG484 are footprint-compatible packages.
7. Package not available.

Table 1 • ProASIC3 FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions

Package	CS121	QN48	QN68	QN132 *	VQ100	TQ144	PQ208	FG144	FG256	FG484
Length × Width (mm × mm)	6 × 6	6 × 6	8 × 8	8 × 8	14 × 14	20 × 20	28 × 28	13 × 13	17 × 17	23 × 23
Nominal Area (mm ²)	36	36	64	64	196	400	784	169	289	529
Pitch (mm)	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0
Height (mm)	0.99	0.90	0.90	0.75	1.00	1.40	3.40	1.45	1.60	2.23

Note: * Package not available

ProASIC3 Ordering Information



ProASIC3 Devices

A3P015 = 15,000 System Gates (A3P015 is not recommended for new designs.)
 A3P030 = 30,000 System Gates
 A3P060 = 60,000 System Gates
 A3P125 = 125,000 System Gates
 A3P250 = 250,000 System Gates
 A3P400 = 400,000 System Gates
 A3P600 = 600,000 System Gates
 A3P1000 = 1,000,000 System Gates

ProASIC3 Devices with Cortex-M1

M1A3P250 = 250,000 System Gates
 M1A3P400 = 400,000 System Gates
 M1A3P600 = 600,000 System Gates
 M1A3P1000 = 1,000,000 System Gates

ProASIC3 Device Status

ProASIC3 Devices	Status	Cortex-M1 Devices	Status
A3P015	Not recommended for new designs.		
A3P030	Production		
A3P060	Production		
A3P125	Production		
A3P250	Production	M1A3P250	Production
A3P400	Production	M1A3P400	Production
A3P600	Production	M1A3P600	Production
A3P1000	Production	M1A3P1000	Production

The absolute maximum junction temperature is 100°C. EQ 1 shows a sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a 484-pin FBGA package at commercial temperature and in still air.

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{\text{Max. junction temp. (°C)} - \text{Max. ambient temp. (°C)}}{\theta_{ja} (\text{°C/W})} = \frac{100^{\circ}\text{C} - 70^{\circ}\text{C}}{20.5^{\circ}\text{C/W}} = 1.463 \text{ W}$$

EQ 1

Table 2-5 • Package Thermal Resistivities

Package Type	Device	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja}			Units
				Still Air	200 ft/min	500 ft/min	
Quad Flat No Lead	A3P030	132	0.4	21.4	16.8	15.3	°C/W
	A3P060	132	0.3	21.2	16.6	15.0	°C/W
	A3P125	132	0.2	21.1	16.5	14.9	°C/W
	A3P250	132	0.1	21.0	16.4	14.8	°C/W
Very Thin Quad Flat Pack (VQFP)	All devices	100	10.0	35.3	29.4	27.1	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	All devices	144	11.0	33.5	28.0	25.7	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP)	All devices	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	See note*	144	3.8	26.9	22.9	21.5	°C/W
	See note*	256	3.8	26.6	22.8	21.5	°C/W
	See note*	484	3.2	20.5	17.0	15.9	°C/W
	A3P1000	144	6.3	31.6	26.2	24.2	°C/W
	A3P1000	256	6.6	28.1	24.4	22.7	°C/W
	A3P1000	484	8.0	23.3	19.0	16.7	°C/W

Note: *This information applies to all ProASIC3 devices except the A3P1000. Detailed device/package thermal information will be available in future revisions of the datasheet.

Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

Table 2-6 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays
 (normalized to $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$)

Array Voltage VCC (V)	Junction Temperature (°C)					
	–40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	100°C
1.425	0.88	0.93	0.95	1.00	1.02	1.04
1.500	0.83	0.88	0.90	0.95	0.96	0.98
1.575	0.80	0.84	0.87	0.91	0.93	0.94

Table 2-32 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	Drive Strength	IOSL (mA) ¹	IOSH (mA) ¹
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	27	25
	4 mA	27	25
	6 mA	54	51
	8 mA	54	51
	12 mA	109	103
	16 mA	127	132
	24 mA	181	268
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	100 μ A	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	18	16
	4 mA	18	16
	6 mA	37	32
	8 mA	37	32
	12 mA	74	65
	16 mA	87	83
	24 mA	124	169
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	11	9
	4 mA	22	17
	6 mA	44	35
	8 mA	51	45
	12 mA	74	91
	16 mA	74	91
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	16	13
	4 mA	33	25
	6 mA	39	32
	8 mA	55	66
	12 mA	55	66
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	109	103

Notes:

1. $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
2. Applicable to 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range. I_{OSL}/I_{OSH} dependent on the I/O buffer drive strength selected for wide range applications. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range

Table 2-47 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
		Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA ⁴	Max mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	12 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	103	109	10	10
100 μA	16 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	132	127	10	10
100 μA	24 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	268	181	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where −0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVC MOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-48 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
		Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA ⁴	Max mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	12 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	103	109	10	10
100 μA	16 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	103	109	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where −0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVC MOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
Drive Strength	Drive Strength Option ¹	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA ⁴	Max mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where −0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Table 2-68 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

1.8 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	−0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI − 0.45	2	2	9	11	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI − 0.45	4	4	17	22	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

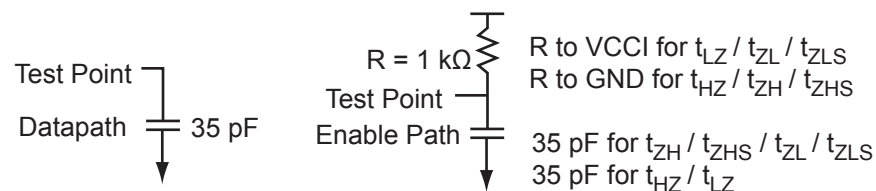


Figure 2-9 • AC Loading

Table 2-69 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	1.8	0.9	35

Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip} . See Table 2-22 on page 2-22 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-88 • 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.66	2.68	0.04	0.86	0.43	2.73	1.95	3.21	3.58	4.97	4.19	ns
–1	0.56	2.28	0.04	0.73	0.36	2.32	1.66	2.73	3.05	4.22	3.56	ns
–2	0.49	2.00	0.03	0.65	0.32	2.04	1.46	2.40	2.68	3.71	3.13	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-89 • 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.66	2.31	0.04	0.85	0.43	2.35	1.70	2.79	3.22	4.59	3.94	ns
–1	0.56	1.96	0.04	0.72	0.36	2.00	1.45	2.37	2.74	3.90	3.35	ns
–2	0.49	1.72	0.03	0.64	0.32	1.76	1.27	2.08	2.41	3.42	2.94	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Differential I/O Characteristics

Physical Implementation

Configuration of the I/O modules as a differential pair is handled by Microsemi Designer software when the user instantiates a differential I/O macro in the design.

Differential I/Os can also be used in conjunction with the embedded Input Register (InReg), Output Register (OutReg), Enable Register (EnReg), and Double Data Rate (DDR). However, there is no support for bidirectional I/Os or tristates with the LVPECL standards.

LVDS

Low-Voltage Differential Signaling (ANSI/TIA/EIA-644) is a high-speed, differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines, so two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination.

The full implementation of the LVDS transmitter and receiver is shown in an example in [Figure 2-12](#). The building blocks of the LVDS transmitter-receiver are one transmitter macro, one receiver macro, three board resistors at the transmitter end, and one resistor at the receiver end. The values for the three driver resistors are different from those used in the LVPECL implementation because the output standard specifications are different.

Along with LVDS I/O, ProASIC3 also supports Bus LVDS structure and Multipoint LVDS (M-LVDS) configuration (up to 40 nodes).

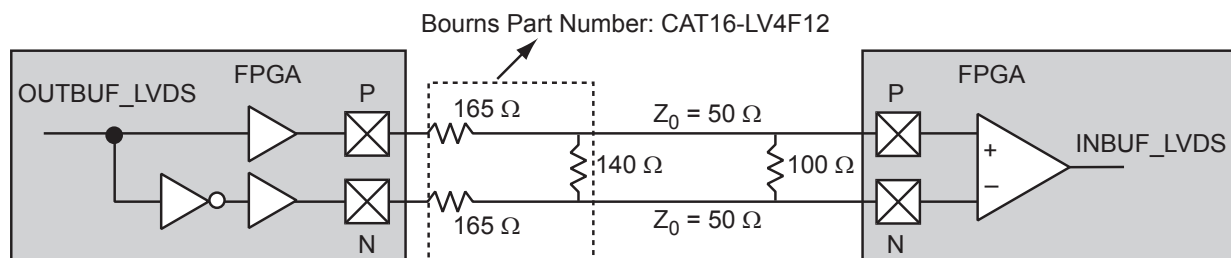
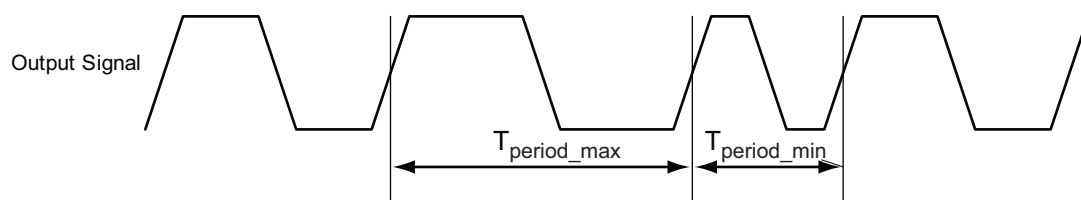


Figure 2-12 • LVDS Circuit Diagram and Board-Level Implementation



Note: Peak-to-peak jitter measurements are defined by $T_{\text{peak-to-peak}} = T_{\text{period_max}} - T_{\text{period_min}}$.

Figure 2-29 • Peak-to-Peak Jitter Definition

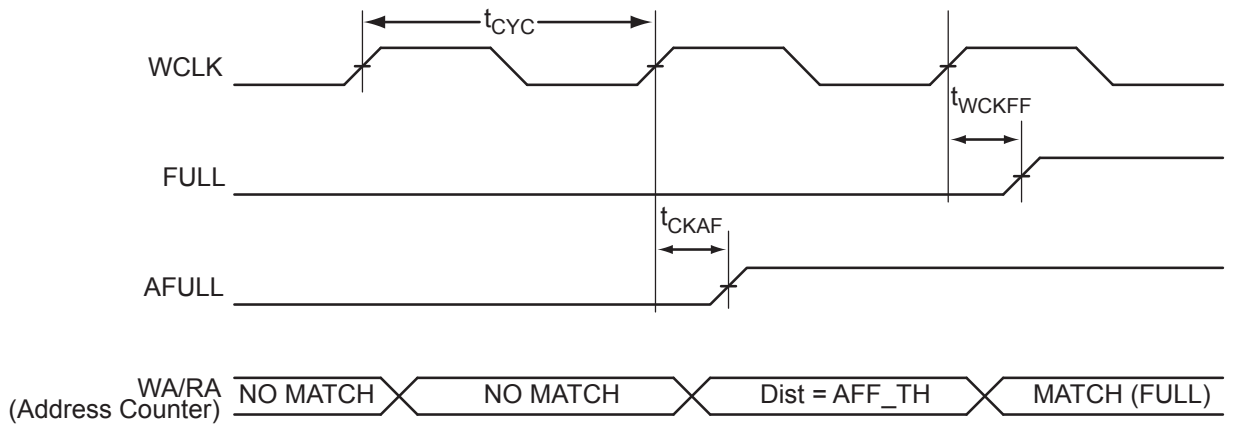


Figure 2-41 • FIFO FULL Flag and AFULL Flag Assertion

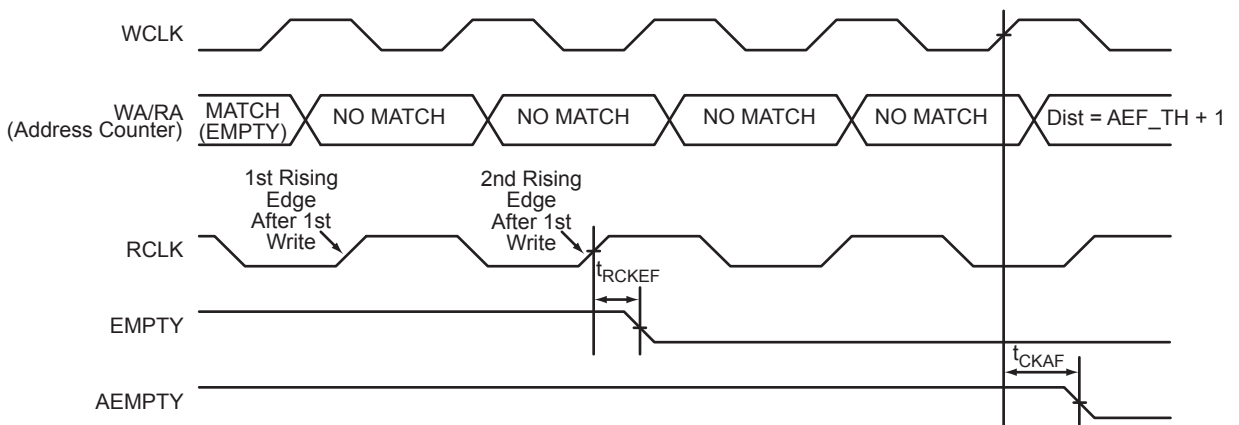


Figure 2-42 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Deassertion

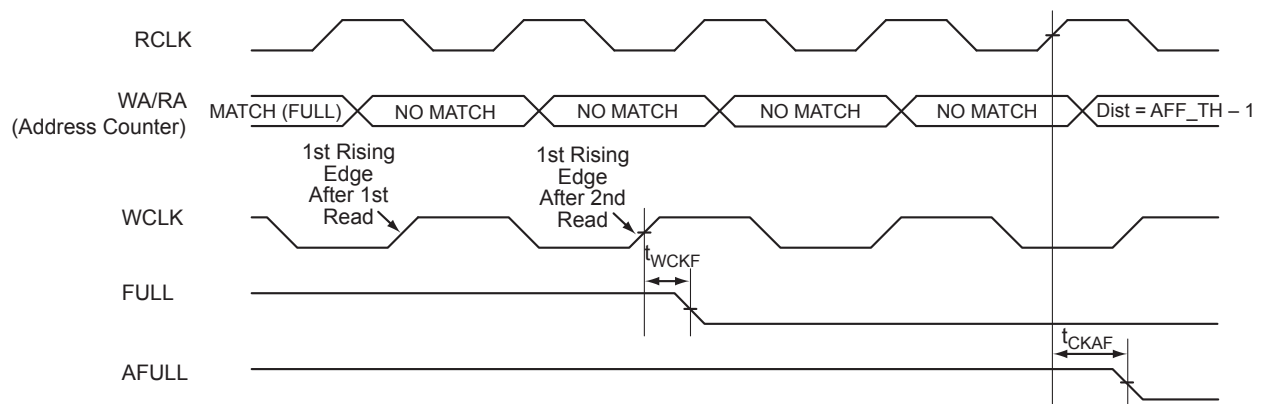
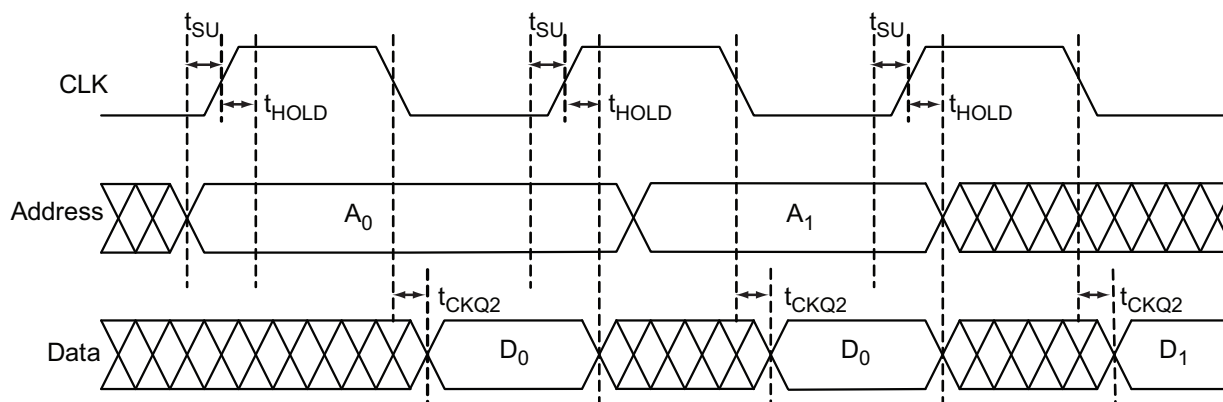


Figure 2-43 • FIFO FULL Flag and AFULL Flag Deassertion

Table 2-123 • A3P250 FIFO 4k×1 (continued)**Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on DO (pass-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on DO (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
t_{REMRSTB}	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
t_{RECRSTB}	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
t_{MPWRSTB}	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Embedded FlashROM Characteristics

**Figure 2-44 • Timing Diagram**

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-124 • Embedded FlashROM Access Time

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{SU}	Address Setup Time	0.53	0.61	0.71	ns
t_{HOLD}	Address Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CK2Q}	Clock to Out	21.42	24.40	28.68	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	15	15	15	MHz

3 – Pin Descriptions

Supply Pins

GND **Ground**

Ground supply voltage to the core, I/O outputs, and I/O logic.

GNDQ **Ground (quiet)**

Quiet ground supply voltage to input buffers of I/O banks. Within the package, the GNDQ plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originated from the output buffer ground domain. This minimizes the noise transfer within the package and improves input signal integrity. GNDQ must always be connected to GND on the board.

VCC **Core Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage to the FPGA core, nominally 1.5 V. VCC is required for powering the JTAG state machine in addition to VJTAG. Even when a device is in bypass mode in a JTAG chain of interconnected devices, both VCC and VJTAG must remain powered to allow JTAG signals to pass through the device.

VCCIBx **I/O Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage to the bank's I/O output buffers and I/O logic. Bx is the I/O bank number. There are up to eight I/O banks on low power flash devices plus a dedicated VJTAG bank. Each bank can have a separate VCCI connection. All I/Os in a bank will run off the same VCCIBx supply. VCCI can be 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, or 3.3 V, nominal voltage. In general, unused I/O banks should have their corresponding VCCIX pins tied to GND. If an output pad is terminated to ground through any resistor and if the corresponding VCCIX is left floating, then the leakage current to ground is ~ 0uA. However, if an output pad is terminated to ground through any resistor and the corresponding VCCIX grounded, then the leakage current to ground is ~ 3 uA. For unused banks the aforementioned behavior is to be taken into account while deciding if it's better to float VCCIX of unused bank or tie it to GND.

VMVx **I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)**

Quiet supply voltage to the input buffers of each I/O bank. x is the bank number. Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks. This minimizes the noise transfer within the package and improves input signal integrity. Each bank must have at least one VMV connection, and no VMV should be left unconnected. All I/Os in a bank run off the same VMVx supply. VMV is used to provide a quiet supply voltage to the input buffers of each I/O bank. VMVx can be 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, or 3.3 V, nominal voltage. Unused I/O banks should have their corresponding VMV pins tied to GND. VMV and VCCI should be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank. Used VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins of the same bank (i.e., VMV0 to VCCIB0, VMV1 to VCCIB1, etc.).

VCCPLA/B/C/D/E/F **PLL Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage to analog PLL, nominally 1.5 V.

When the PLLs are not used, the Designer place-and-route tool automatically disables the unused PLLs to lower power consumption. The user should tie unused VCCPLx and VCOMPLx pins to ground. Microsemi recommends tying VCCPLx to VCC and using proper filtering circuits to decouple VCC noise from the PLLs. Refer to the PLL Power Supply Decoupling section of the "Clock Conditioning Circuits in IGLOO and ProASIC3 Devices" chapter of the [ProASIC3 FPGA Fabric User's Guide](#) for a complete board solution for the PLL analog power supply and ground.

There is one VCCPLF pin on ProASIC3 devices.

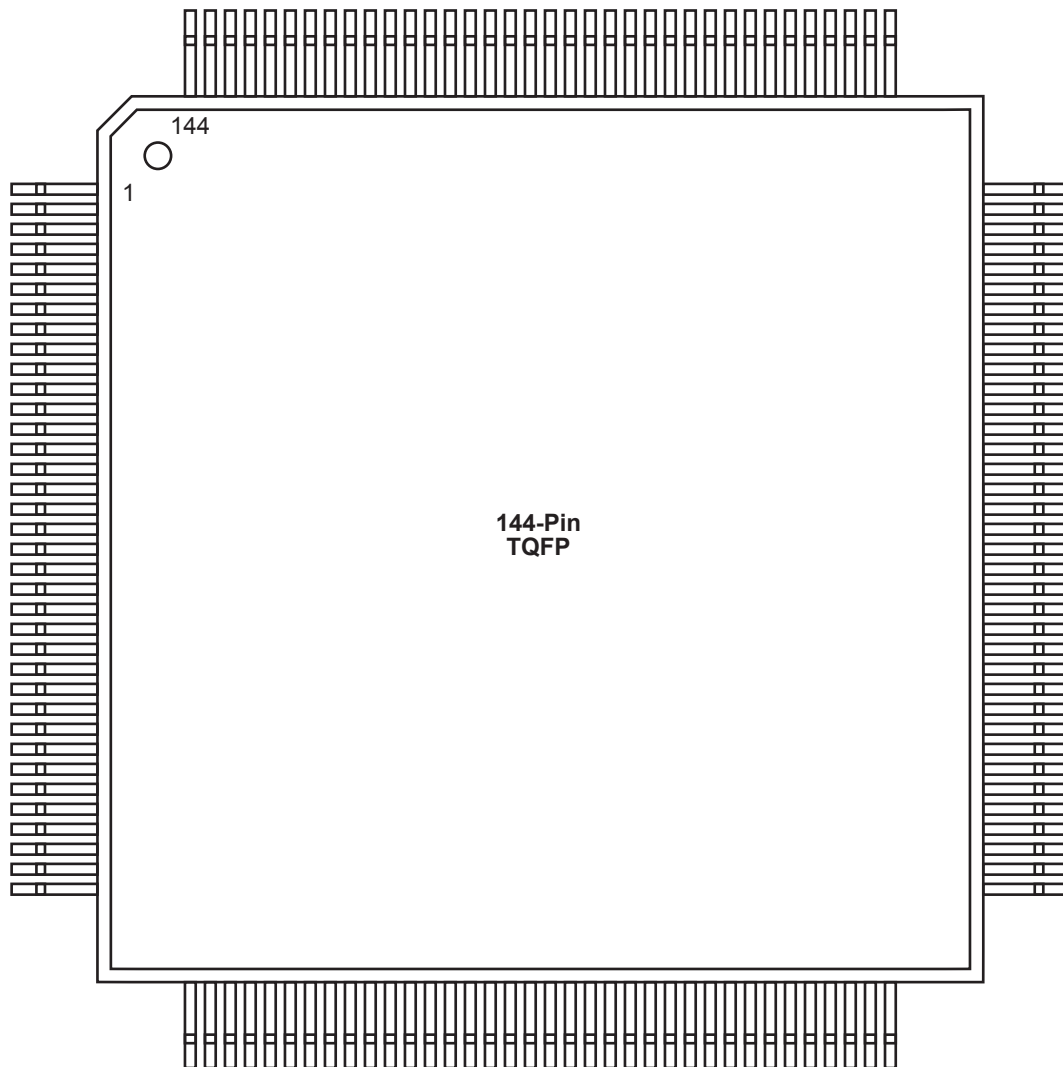
VCOMPLA/B/C/D/E/F **PLL Ground**

Ground to analog PLL power supplies. When the PLLs are not used, the Designer place-and-route tool automatically disables the unused PLLs to lower power consumption. The user should tie unused VCCPLx and VCOMPLx pins to ground.

There is one VCOMPLF pin on ProASIC3 devices.

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
K10	VPUMP
K11	GDB1/IO47RSB0
L1	VMV1
L2	GNDQ
L3	IO65RSB1
L4	IO63RSB1
L5	IO61RSB1
L6	IO58RSB1
L7	IO57RSB1
L8	IO55RSB1
L9	GNDQ
L10	GDA0/IO50RSB0
L11	VMV1

TQ144 – Top View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
1	GAA2/IO51RSB1
2	IO52RSB1
3	GAB2/IO53RSB1
4	IO95RSB1
5	GAC2/IO94RSB1
6	IO93RSB1
7	IO92RSB1
8	IO91RSB1
9	VCC
10	GND
11	VCCIB1
12	IO90RSB1
13	GFC1/IO89RSB1
14	GFC0/IO88RSB1
15	GFB1/IO87RSB1
16	GFB0/IO86RSB1
17	VCOMPLF
18	GFA0/IO85RSB1
19	VCCPLF
20	GFA1/IO84RSB1
21	GFA2/IO83RSB1
22	GFB2/IO82RSB1
23	GFC2/IO81RSB1
24	IO80RSB1
25	IO79RSB1
26	IO78RSB1
27	GND
28	VCCIB1
29	GEC1/IO77RSB1
30	GEC0/IO76RSB1
31	GEB1/IO75RSB1
32	GEB0/IO74RSB1
33	GEA1/IO73RSB1
34	GEA0/IO72RSB1
35	VMV1
36	GNDQ

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
37	NC
38	GEA2/IO71RSB1
39	GEB2/IO70RSB1
40	GEC2/IO69RSB1
41	IO68RSB1
42	IO67RSB1
43	IO66RSB1
44	IO65RSB1
45	VCC
46	GND
47	VCCIB1
48	NC
49	IO64RSB1
50	NC
51	IO63RSB1
52	NC
53	IO62RSB1
54	NC
55	IO61RSB1
56	NC
57	NC
58	IO60RSB1
59	IO59RSB1
60	IO58RSB1
61	IO57RSB1
62	NC
63	GND
64	NC
65	GDC2/IO56RSB1
66	GDB2/IO55RSB1
67	GDA2/IO54RSB1
68	GNDQ
69	TCK
70	TDI
71	TMS
72	VMV1

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
73	VPUMP
74	NC
75	TDO
76	TRST
77	VJTAG
78	GDA0/IO50RSB0
79	GDB0/IO48RSB0
80	GDB1/IO47RSB0
81	VCCIB0
82	GND
83	IO44RSB0
84	GCC2/IO43RSB0
85	GCB2/IO42RSB0
86	GCA2/IO41RSB0
87	GCA0/IO40RSB0
88	GCA1/IO39RSB0
89	GCB0/IO38RSB0
90	GCB1/IO37RSB0
91	GCC0/IO36RSB0
92	GCC1/IO35RSB0
93	IO34RSB0
94	IO33RSB0
95	NC
96	NC
97	NC
98	VCCIB0
99	GND
100	VCC
101	IO30RSB0
102	GBC2/IO29RSB0
103	IO28RSB0
104	GBB2/IO27RSB0
105	IO26RSB0
106	GBA2/IO25RSB0
107	VMV0
108	GNDQ

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
109	TRST
110	VJTAG
111	GDA0/IO79VDB1
112	GDA1/IO79UDB1
113	GDB0/IO78VDB1
114	GDB1/IO78UDB1
115	GDC0/IO77VDB1
116	GDC1/IO77UDB1
117	IO76VDB1
118	IO76UDB1
119	IO75NDB1
120	IO75PDB1
121	IO74RSB1
122	GND
123	VCCIB1
124	NC
125	NC
126	VCC
127	IO72NDB1
128	GCC2/IO72PDB1
129	GCB2/IO71PSB1
130	GND
131	GCA2/IO70PSB1
132	GCA1/IO69PDB1
133	GCA0/IO69NDB1
134	GCB0/IO68NDB1
135	GCB1/IO68PDB1
136	GCC0/IO67NDB1
137	GCC1/IO67PDB1
138	IO66NDB1
139	IO66PDB1
140	VCCIB1
141	GND
142	VCC
143	IO65RSB1
144	IO64NDB1

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
145	IO64PDB1
146	IO63NDB1
147	IO63PDB1
148	IO62NDB1
149	GBC2/IO62PDB1
150	IO61NDB1
151	GBB2/IO61PDB1
152	IO60NDB1
153	GBA2/IO60PDB1
154	VMV1
155	GNDQ
156	GND
157	VMV0
158	GBA1/IO59RSB0
159	GBA0/IO58RSB0
160	GBB1/IO57RSB0
161	GBB0/IO56RSB0
162	GND
163	GBC1/IO55RSB0
164	GBC0/IO54RSB0
165	IO52RSB0
166	IO49RSB0
167	IO46RSB0
168	IO43RSB0
169	IO40RSB0
170	VCCIB0
171	VCC
172	IO36RSB0
173	IO35RSB0
174	IO34RSB0
175	IO33RSB0
176	IO32RSB0
177	IO31RSB0
178	GND
179	IO29RSB0
180	IO28RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
181	IO27RSB0
182	IO26RSB0
183	IO25RSB0
184	IO24RSB0
185	IO23RSB0
186	VCCIB0
187	VCC
188	IO21RSB0
189	IO20RSB0
190	IO19RSB0
191	IO18RSB0
192	IO17RSB0
193	IO16RSB0
194	IO15RSB0
195	GND
196	IO13RSB0
197	IO11RSB0
198	IO09RSB0
199	IO07RSB0
200	VCCIB0
201	GAC1/IO05RSB0
202	GAC0/IO04RSB0
203	GAB1/IO03RSB0
204	GAB0/IO02RSB0
205	GAA1/IO01RSB0
206	GAA0/IO00RSB0
207	GNDQ
208	VMV0

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO04RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO05RSB0
A5	IO08RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO11RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO16RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO23RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO24RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO53RSB1
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO02RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO03RSB0
B5	IO00RSB0
B6	IO10RSB0
B7	IO12RSB0
B8	IO14RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO21RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO22RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV0
C1	IO95RSB1
C2	GFA2/IO83RSB1
C3	GAC2/IO94RSB1
C4	VCC
C5	IO01RSB0
C6	IO09RSB0
C7	IO13RSB0
C8	IO15RSB0
C9	IO17RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO25RSB0
C11	IO26RSB0
C12	GBC2/IO29RSB0

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
D1	IO91RSB1
D2	IO92RSB1
D3	IO93RSB1
D4	GAA2/IO51RSB1
D5	GAC0/IO06RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO07RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO19RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO20RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO27RSB0
D10	IO18RSB0
D11	IO28RSB0
D12	GCB1/IO37RSB0
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO88RSB1
E3	GFC1/IO89RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	IO52RSB1
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO35RSB0
E9	VCCIB0
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO40RSB0
E12	IO30RSB0
F1	GFB0/IO86RSB1
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO87RSB1
F4	IO90RSB1
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO36RSB0
F9	GCB0/IO38RSB0
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO39RSB0
F12	GCA2/IO41RSB0

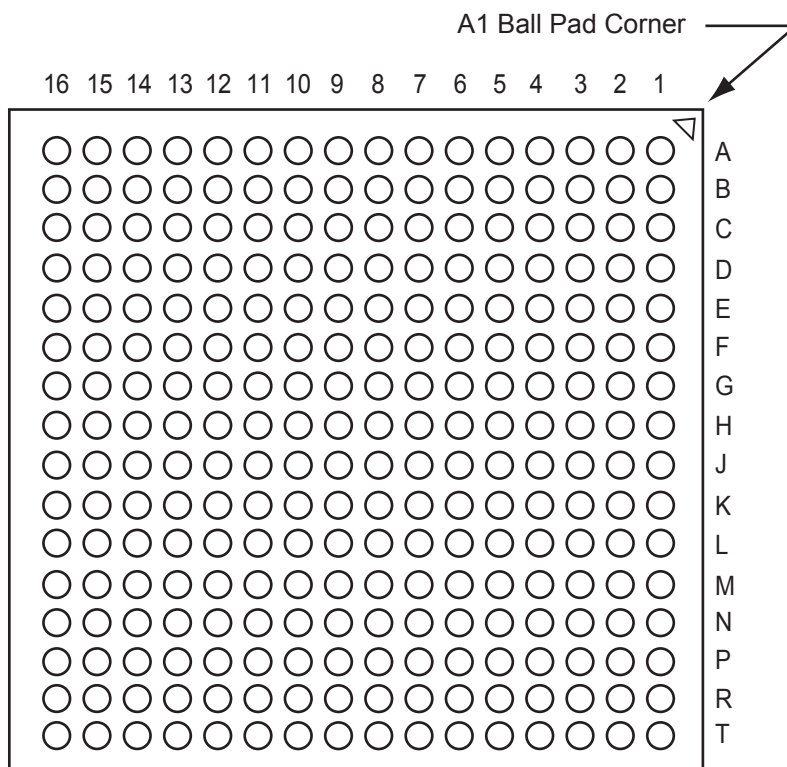
FG144	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
G1	GFA1/IO84RSB1
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO85RSB1
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO45RSB0
G9	IO32RSB0
G10	GCC2/IO43RSB0
G11	IO31RSB0
G12	GCB2/IO42RSB0
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO82RSB1
H3	GFC2/IO81RSB1
H4	GEC1/IO77RSB1
H5	VCC
H6	IO34RSB0
H7	IO44RSB0
H8	GDB2/IO55RSB1
H9	GDC0/IO46RSB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO33RSB0
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO75RSB1
J2	IO78RSB1
J3	VCCIB1
J4	GEC0/IO76RSB1
J5	IO79RSB1
J6	IO80RSB1
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO54RSB1
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO49RSB0
J12	GDB1/IO47RSB0

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	VMV0
A3	GAB0/IO02RSB0
A4	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A5	IO16RSB0
A6	GND
A7	IO30RSB0
A8	VCC
A9	IO34RSB0
A10	GBA0/IO58RSB0
A11	GBA1/IO59RSB0
A12	GNDQ
B1	GAB2/IO154UDB3
B2	GND
B3	GAA0/IO00RSB0
B4	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B5	IO14RSB0
B6	IO19RSB0
B7	IO23RSB0
B8	IO31RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO56RSB0
B10	GBB1/IO57RSB0
B11	GND
B12	VMV1
C1	IO154VDB3
C2	GFA2/IO144PPB3
C3	GAC2/IO153UDB3
C4	VCC
C5	IO12RSB0
C6	IO17RSB0
C7	IO25RSB0
C8	IO32RSB0
C9	IO53RSB0
C10	GBA2/IO60PDB1
C11	IO60NDB1
C12	GBC2/IO62PPB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
D1	IO149NDB3
D2	IO149PDB3
D3	IO153VDB3
D4	GAA2/IO155UPB3
D5	GAC0/IO04RSB0
D6	GAC1/IO05RSB0
D7	GBC0/IO54RSB0
D8	GBC1/IO55RSB0
D9	GBB2/IO61PDB1
D10	IO61NDB1
D11	IO62NPB1
D12	GCB1/IO68PPB1
E1	VCC
E2	GFC0/IO147NDB3
E3	GFC1/IO147PDB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	IO155VPB3
E6	VCCIB0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GCC1/IO67PDB1
E9	VCCIB1
E10	VCC
E11	GCA0/IO69NDB1
E12	IO70NDB1
F1	GFB0/IO146NPB3
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GFB1/IO146PPB3
F4	IO144NPB3
F5	GND
F6	GND
F7	GND
F8	GCC0/IO67NDB1
F9	GCB0/IO68NPB1
F10	GND
F11	GCA1/IO69PDB1
F12	GCA2/IO70PDB1

FG144	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
G1	GFA1/IO145PPB3
G2	GND
G3	VCCPLF
G4	GFA0/IO145NPB3
G5	GND
G6	GND
G7	GND
G8	GDC1/IO77UPB1
G9	IO72NDB1
G10	GCC2/IO72PDB1
G11	IO71NDB1
G12	GCB2/IO71PDB1
H1	VCC
H2	GFB2/IO143PDB3
H3	GFC2/IO142PSB3
H4	GEC1/IO137PDB3
H5	VCC
H6	IO75PDB1
H7	IO75NDB1
H8	GDB2/IO81RSB2
H9	GDC0/IO77VPB1
H10	VCCIB1
H11	IO73PSB1
H12	VCC
J1	GEB1/IO136PDB3
J2	IO143NDB3
J3	VCCIB3
J4	GEC0/IO137NDB3
J5	IO125RSB2
J6	IO116RSB2
J7	VCC
J8	TCK
J9	GDA2/IO80RSB2
J10	TDO
J11	GDA1/IO79UDB1
J12	GDB1/IO78UDB1

FG256 – Bottom View



Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
K19	IO75NDB1
K20	NC
K21	IO76NDB1
K22	IO76PDB1
L1	NC
L2	IO155PDB3
L3	NC
L4	GFB0/IO163NPB3
L5	GFA0/IO162NDB3
L6	GFB1/IO163PPB3
L7	VCOMPLF
L8	GFC0/IO164NPB3
L9	VCC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	VCC
L15	GCC0/IO69NPB1
L16	GCB1/IO70PPB1
L17	GCA0/IO71NPB1
L18	IO67NPB1
L19	GCB0/IO70NPB1
L20	IO77PDB1
L21	IO77NDB1
L22	IO78NPB1
M1	NC
M2	IO155NDB3
M3	IO158NPB3
M4	GFA2/IO161PPB3
M5	GFA1/IO162PDB3
M6	VCCPLF
M7	IO160NDB3
M8	GFB2/IO160PDB3
M9	VCC
M10	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	VCC
M15	GCB2/IO73PPB1
M16	GCA1/IO71PPB1
M17	GCC2/IO74PPB1
M18	IO80PPB1
M19	GCA2/IO72PDB1
M20	IO79PPB1
M21	IO78PPB1
M22	NC
N1	IO154NDB3
N2	IO154PDB3
N3	NC
N4	GFC2/IO159PDB3
N5	IO161NPB3
N6	IO156PPB3
N7	IO129RSB2
N8	VCCIB3
N9	VCC
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	VCC
N15	VCCIB1
N16	IO73NPB1
N17	IO80NPB1
N18	IO74NPB1
N19	IO72NDB1
N20	NC
N21	IO79NPB1
N22	NC
P1	NC
P2	IO153PDB3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
P3	IO153NDB3
P4	IO159NDB3
P5	IO156NPB3
P6	IO151PPB3
P7	IO158PPB3
P8	VCCIB3
P9	GND
P10	VCC
P11	VCC
P12	VCC
P13	VCC
P14	GND
P15	VCCIB1
P16	GDB0/IO87NPB1
P17	IO85NDB1
P18	IO85PDB1
P19	IO84PDB1
P20	NC
P21	IO81PDB1
P22	NC
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	VCC
R4	IO150PDB3
R5	IO151NPB3
R6	IO147NPB3
R7	GEC0/IO146NPB3
R8	VMV3
R9	VCCIB2
R10	VCCIB2
R11	IO117RSB2
R12	IO110RSB2
R13	VCCIB2
R14	VCCIB2
R15	VMV2
R16	IO94RSB2