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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	300
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m7a3p1000-1fgg484i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m7a3p1000-1fgg484i</a>

**Table 2-13 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings <sup>1</sup>**  
**Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

	$C_{LOAD}$ (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) <sup>2</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) <sup>3</sup>
<b>Single-Ended</b>				
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	35	3.3	–	431.08
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>4</sup>	35	3.3	–	431.08
2.5 V LVCMOS	35	2.5	–	247.36
1.8 V LVCMOS	35	1.8	–	128.46
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	89.46

**Notes:**

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2.  $P_{DC3}$  is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3.  $P_{AC10}$  is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

**Table 2-34 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL**  
**Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

	Drive Strength	IOSL (mA) <sup>1</sup>	IOSH (mA) <sup>1</sup>
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	27	25
	4 mA	27	25
	6 mA	54	51
	8 mA	54	51
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>2</sup>	100 $\mu$ A	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	18	16
	4 mA	18	16
	6 mA	37	32
	8 mA	37	32
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	11	9
	4 mA	22	17
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	16	13

**Notes:**

1.  $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
2. Applicable to 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range.  $I_{OSL}/I_{OSH}$  dependent on the I/O buffer drive strength selected for wide range applications. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.

The length of time an I/O can withstand IOSH/IOSL events depends on the junction temperature. The reliability data below is based on a 3.3 V, 12 mA I/O setting, which is the worst case for this type of analysis.

For example, at  $100^\circ\text{C}$ , the short current condition would have to be sustained for more than six months to cause a reliability concern. The I/O design does not contain any short circuit protection, but such protection would only be needed in extremely prolonged stress conditions.

**Table 2-35 • Duration of Short Circuit Event Before Failure**

Temperature	Time before Failure
$-40^\circ\text{C}$	> 20 years
$0^\circ\text{C}$	> 20 years
$25^\circ\text{C}$	> 20 years
$70^\circ\text{C}$	5 years
$85^\circ\text{C}$	2 years
$100^\circ\text{C}$	0.5 years

**Table 2-36 • I/O Input Rise Time, Fall Time, and Related I/O Reliability**

Input Buffer	Input Rise/Fall Time (min)	Input Rise/Fall Time (max)	Reliability
LVTTTL/LVCMOS	No requirement	10 ns *	20 years ( $110^\circ\text{C}$ )
LVDS/B-LVDS/ M-LVDS/LVPECL	No requirement	10 ns *	10 years ( $100^\circ\text{C}$ )

**Note:** \*The maximum input rise/fall time is related to the noise induced into the input buffer trace. If the noise is low, then the rise time and fall time of input buffers can be increased beyond the maximum value. The longer the rise/fall times, the more susceptible the input signal is to the board noise. Microsemi recommends signal integrity evaluation/characterization of the system to ensure that there is no excessive noise coupling into input signals.

**Table 2-42 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew**  
**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$**   
**Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{ZLS}$	$t_{ZHS}$	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	10.26	0.04	1.02	0.43	10.45	8.90	2.64	2.46	12.68	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	8.72	0.04	0.86	0.36	8.89	7.57	2.25	2.09	10.79	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	7.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	7.80	6.64	1.98	1.83	9.47	8.31	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	10.26	0.04	1.02	0.43	10.45	8.90	2.64	2.46	12.68	11.13	ns
	–1	0.56	8.72	0.04	0.86	0.36	8.89	7.57	2.25	2.09	10.79	9.47	ns
	–2	0.49	7.66	0.03	0.76	0.32	7.80	6.64	1.98	1.83	9.47	8.31	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	7.27	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.41	6.28	2.98	3.04	9.65	8.52	ns
	–1	0.56	6.19	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.30	5.35	2.54	2.59	8.20	7.25	ns
	–2	0.49	5.43	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.53	4.69	2.23	2.27	7.20	6.36	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	7.27	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.41	6.28	2.98	3.04	9.65	8.52	ns
	–1	0.56	6.19	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.30	5.35	2.54	2.59	8.20	7.25	ns
	–2	0.49	5.43	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.53	4.69	2.23	2.27	7.20	6.36	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	5.58	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.68	4.87	3.21	3.42	7.92	7.11	ns
	–1	0.56	4.75	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.84	4.14	2.73	2.91	6.74	6.05	ns
	–2	0.49	4.17	0.03	0.76	0.32	4.24	3.64	2.39	2.55	5.91	5.31	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	5.21	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.30	4.56	3.26	3.51	7.54	6.80	ns
	–1	0.56	4.43	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.51	3.88	2.77	2.99	6.41	5.79	ns
	–2	0.49	3.89	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.96	3.41	2.43	2.62	5.63	5.08	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.66	4.85	0.04	1.02	0.43	4.94	4.54	3.32	3.88	7.18	6.78	ns
	–1	0.56	4.13	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.20	3.87	2.82	3.30	6.10	5.77	ns
	–2	0.49	3.62	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.69	3.39	2.48	2.90	5.36	5.06	ns

**Note:** For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**  
**Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL <sup>2</sup>	IIH <sup>3</sup>
Drive Strength	Drive Strength Option <sup>1</sup>	Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA <sup>4</sup>	Max mA <sup>4</sup>	μA <sup>5</sup>	μA <sup>5</sup>
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

**Notes:**

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where −0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

**Table 2-54 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew**  
**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$**   
**Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option <sup>1</sup>	Speed Grade	$t_{DOUT}$	$t_{DP}$	$t_{DIN}$	$t_{PY}$	$t_{EOUT}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{LZ}$	$t_{HZ}$	Units
100 $\mu\text{A}$	2 mA	Std.	0.60	10.93	0.04	1.52	0.43	10.93	9.46	3.20	3.32	ns
		–1	0.51	9.29	0.04	1.29	0.36	9.29	8.04	2.72	2.82	ns
		–2	0.45	8.16	0.03	1.13	0.32	8.16	7.06	2.39	2.48	ns
100 $\mu\text{A}$	4 mA	Std.	0.60	10.93	0.04	1.52	0.43	10.93	9.46	3.20	3.32	ns
		–1	0.51	9.29	0.04	1.29	0.36	9.29	8.04	2.72	2.82	ns
		–2	0.45	8.16	0.03	1.13	0.32	8.16	7.06	2.39	2.48	ns
100 $\mu\text{A}$	6 mA	Std.	0.60	6.82	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.82	5.70	3.70	4.16	ns
		–1	0.51	5.80	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.80	4.85	3.15	3.54	ns
		–2	0.45	5.09	0.03	1.13	0.32	5.09	4.25	2.77	3.11	ns
100 $\mu\text{A}$	8 mA	Std.	0.60	6.82	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.82	5.70	3.70	4.16	ns
		–1	0.51	5.80	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.80	4.85	3.15	3.54	ns
		–2	0.45	5.09	0.03	1.13	0.32	5.09	4.25	2.77	3.11	ns

**Notes:**

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is  $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ . Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

## 2.5 V LVCMOS

Low-Voltage CMOS for 2.5 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 2.5 V applications.

**Table 2-56 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**  
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

2.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL <sup>1</sup>	IIH <sup>2</sup>
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>
2 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	2	2	18	16	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	4	4	18	16	10	10
6 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	6	6	37	32	10	10
8 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	8	8	37	32	10	10
12 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12	74	65	10	10
16 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	16	16	87	83	10	10
24 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	24	24	124	169	10	10

**Notes:**

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where  $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$ .
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions  $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$ . Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

**Table 2-57 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**  
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

2.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL <sup>1</sup>	IIH <sup>2</sup>
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>
2 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	2	2	18	16	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	4	4	18	16	10	10
6 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	6	6	37	32	10	10
8 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	8	8	37	32	10	10
12 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	12	12	74	65	10	10

**Notes:**

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where  $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$ .
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions  $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$ . Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

### 3.3 V PCI, 3.3 V PCI-X

Peripheral Component Interface for 3.3 V standard specifies support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI Bus applications.

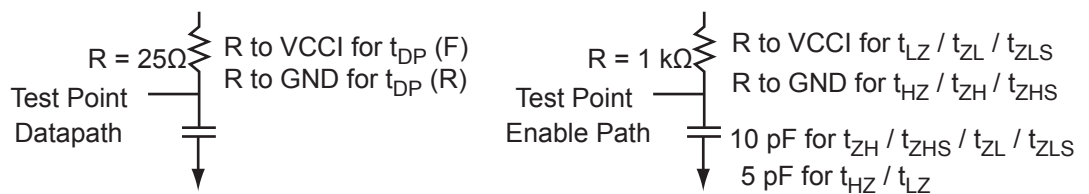
**Table 2-86 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max., V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA <sup>1</sup>	Max. mA <sup>1</sup>	μA <sup>2</sup>	μA <sup>2</sup>
Per PCI specification	Per PCI curves										10	10

**Notes:**

1. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

AC loadings are defined per the PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loadings for enable path characterization are described in [Figure 2-11](#).



**Figure 2-11 • AC Loading**

AC loadings are defined per PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loading for tristate is described in [Table 2-87](#).

**Table 2-87 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C <sub>LOAD</sub> (pF)
0	3.3	0.285 * VCCI for $t_{DP(R)}$ 0.615 * VCCI for $t_{DP(F)}$	10

**Note:** \*Measuring point =  $V_{trip}$ . See [Table 2-22 on page 2-22](#) for a complete table of trip points.



## I/O Register Specifications

### Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

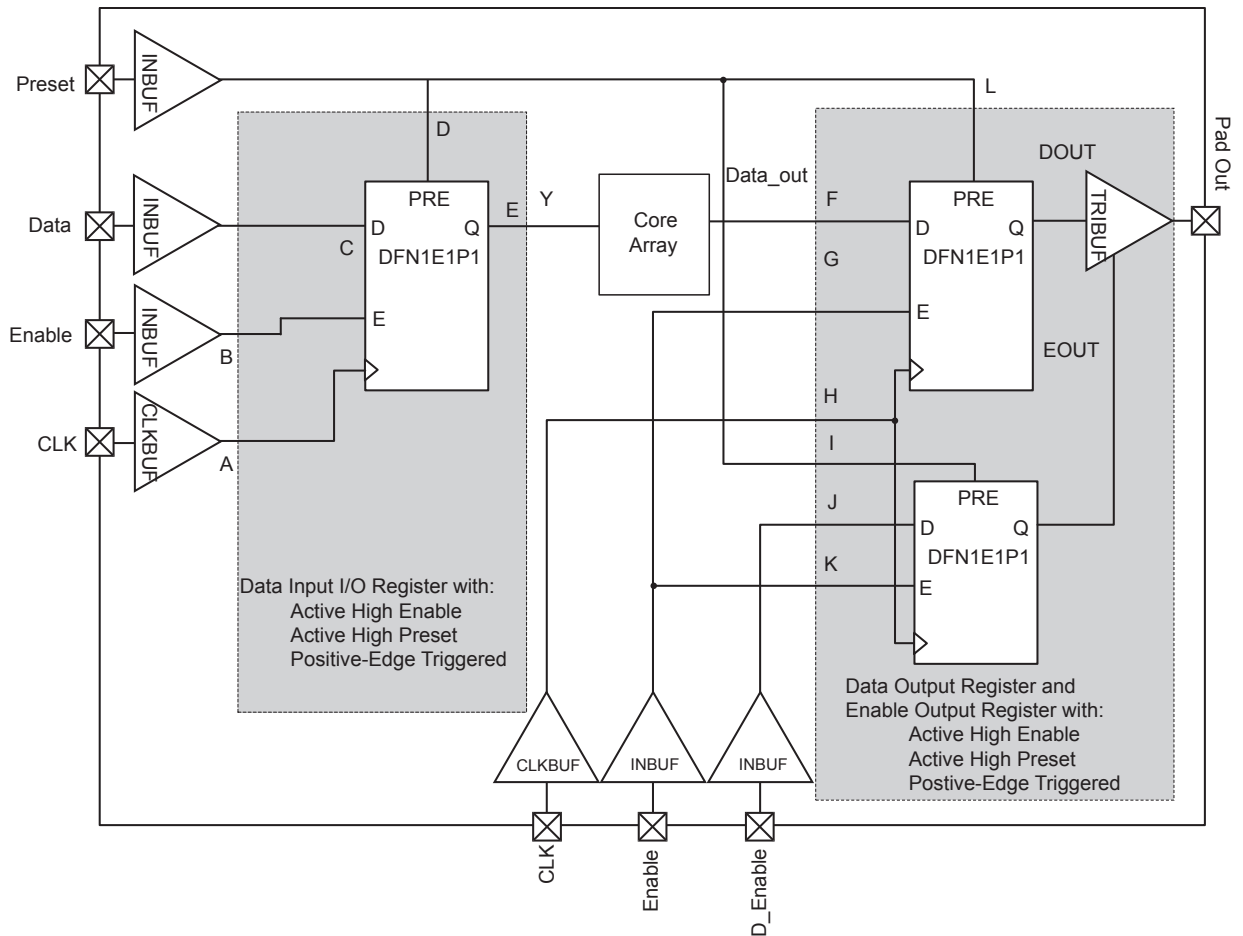


Figure 2-15 • Timing Model of Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Preset

**Table 2-97 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes**

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
$t_{OCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
$t_{OSUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
$t_{OHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
$t_{OSUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
$t_{OHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
$t_{OCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{OECLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
$t_{OESUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
$t_{OEHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
$t_{OESUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OEHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{ICLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
$t_{ISUD}$	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
$t_{IHD}$	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
$t_{ISUE}$	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
$t_{IHE}$	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
$t_{ICLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
$t_{IREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
$t_{IRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

**Note:** \*See Figure 2-16 on page 2-71 for more information.

**Table 2-113 • A3P600 Global Resource**  
**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.87	1.09	0.99	1.24	1.17	1.46	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.86	1.11	0.98	1.27	1.15	1.49	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-114 • A3P1000 Global Resource**  
**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$**

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	Min. <sup>1</sup>	Max. <sup>2</sup>	
$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.94	1.16	1.07	1.32	1.26	1.55	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.93	1.19	1.06	1.35	1.24	1.59	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.35	ns

**Notes:**

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

## Timing Characteristics

**Table 2-116 • RAM4K9**
**Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$** 

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
$t_{AS}$	Address setup time	0.25	0.28	0.33	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{ENS}$	REN, WEN setup time	0.14	0.16	0.19	ns
$t_{ENH}$	REN, WEN hold time	0.10	0.11	0.13	ns
$t_{BKS}$	BLK setup time	0.23	0.27	0.31	ns
$t_{BKH}$	BLK hold time	0.02	0.02	0.02	ns
$t_{DS}$	Input data (DIN) setup time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
$t_{DH}$	Input data (DIN) hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{CKQ1}$	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (output retained, WMODE = 0)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (flow-through, WMODE = 1)	1.79	2.03	2.39	ns
$t_{CKQ2}$	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
$t_{C2CWWL}^1$	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write after write on same address—Applicable to Closing Edge	0.33	0.28	0.25	ns
$t_{C2CWWH}^1$	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write after write on same address—Applicable to Rising Edge	0.30	0.26	0.23	ns
$t_{C2CRWH}^1$	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.45	0.38	0.34	ns
$t_{C2CWRH}^1$	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.49	0.42	0.37	ns
$t_{RSTBQ}$	RESET Low to data out Low on DOUT (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on DOUT (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
$t_{CYC}$	Clock cycle time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
$F_{MAX}$	Maximum frequency	310	272	231	MHz

### Notes:

1. For more information, refer to the application note [Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs](#).
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

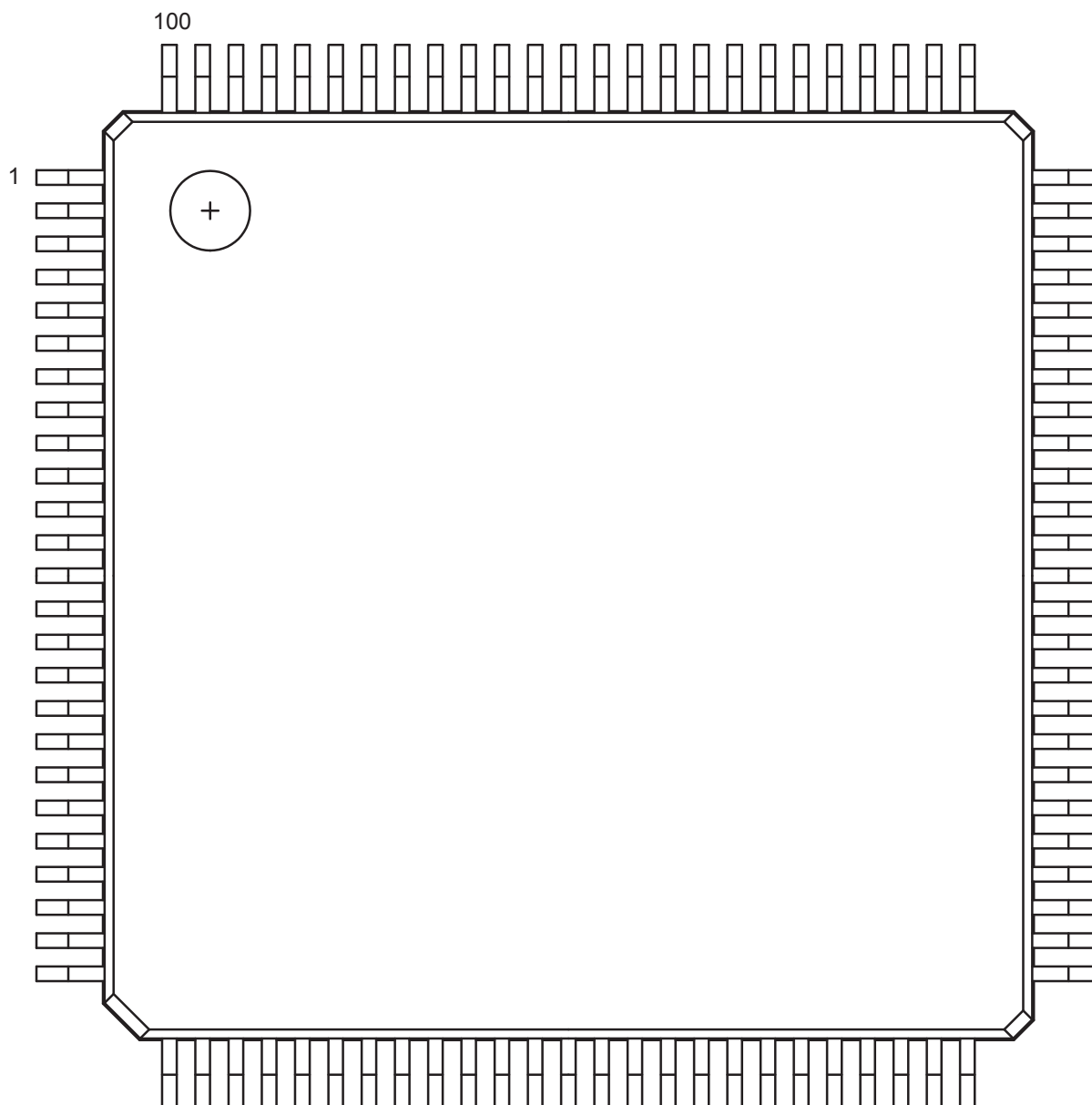
CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
A1	GNDQ
A2	IO01RSB0
A3	GAA1/IO03RSB0
A4	GAC1/IO07RSB0
A5	IO15RSB0
A6	IO13RSB0
A7	IO17RSB0
A8	GBB1/IO22RSB0
A9	GBA1/IO24RSB0
A10	GNDQ
A11	VMV0
B1	GAA2/IO95RSB1
B2	IO00RSB0
B3	GAA0/IO02RSB0
B4	GAC0/IO06RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO12RSB0
B7	IO16RSB0
B8	GBC1/IO20RSB0
B9	GBB0/IO21RSB0
B10	GBB2/IO27RSB0
B11	GBA2/IO25RSB0
C1	IO89RSB1
C2	GAC2/IO91RSB1
C3	GAB1/IO05RSB0
C4	GAB0/IO04RSB0
C5	IO09RSB0
C6	IO14RSB0
C7	GBA0/IO23RSB0
C8	GBC0/IO19RSB0
C9	IO26RSB0
C10	IO28RSB0
C11	GBC2/IO29RSB0
D1	IO88RSB1
D2	IO90RSB1
D3	GAB2/IO93RSB1

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
D4	IO10RSB0
D5	IO11RSB0
D6	IO18RSB0
D7	IO32RSB0
D8	IO31RSB0
D9	GCA2/IO41RSB0
D10	IO30RSB0
D11	IO33RSB0
E1	IO87RSB1
E2	GFC0/IO85RSB1
E3	IO92RSB1
E4	IO94RSB1
E5	VCC
E6	VCCIB0
E7	GND
E8	GCC0/IO36RSB0
E9	IO34RSB0
E10	GCB1/IO37RSB0
E11	GCC1/IO35RSB0
F1	VCOMPLF
F2	GFB0/IO83RSB1
F3	GFA0/IO82RSB1
F4	GFC1/IO86RSB1
F5	VCCIB1
F6	VCC
F7	VCCIB0
F8	GCB2/IO42RSB0
F9	GCC2/IO43RSB0
F10	GCB0/IO38RSB0
F11	GCA1/IO39RSB0
G1	VCCPLF
G2	GFB2/IO79RSB1
G3	GFA1/IO81RSB1
G4	GFB1/IO84RSB1
G5	GND
G6	VCCIB1

CS121	
Pin Number	A3P060 Function
G7	VCC
G8	GDC0/IO46RSB0
G9	GDA1/IO49RSB0
G10	GDB0/IO48RSB0
G11	GCA0/IO40RSB0
H1	IO75RSB1
H2	IO76RSB1
H3	GFC2/IO78RSB1
H4	GFA2/IO80RSB1
H5	IO77RSB1
H6	GEC2/IO66RSB1
H7	IO54RSB1
H8	GDC2/IO53RSB1
H9	VJTAG
H10	TRST
H11	IO44RSB0
J1	GEC1/IO74RSB1
J2	GEC0/IO73RSB1
J3	GEB1/IO72RSB1
J4	GEA0/IO69RSB1
J5	GEB2/IO67RSB1
J6	IO62RSB1
J7	GDA2/IO51RSB1
J8	GDB2/IO52RSB1
J9	TDI
J10	TDO
J11	GDC1/IO45RSB0
K1	GEB0/IO71RSB1
K2	GEA1/IO70RSB1
K3	GEA2/IO68RSB1
K4	IO64RSB1
K5	IO60RSB1
K6	IO59RSB1
K7	IO56RSB1
K8	TCK
K9	TMS

## VQ100 – Top View

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### Note

For more information on package drawings, see [PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings](#).

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO118UDB3
3	IO118VDB3
4	GAB2/IO117UDB3
5	IO117VDB3
6	GAC2/IO116UDB3
7	IO116VDB3
8	IO112PSB3
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO109PDB3
11	GFB0/IO109NDB3
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO108NPB3
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO108PPB3
16	GFA2/IO107PSB3
17	VCC
18	VCCIB3
19	GFC2/IO105PSB3
20	GEC1/IO100PDB3
21	GEC0/IO100NDB3
22	GEA1/IO98PDB3
23	GEA0/IO98NDB3
24	VMV3
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO97RSB2
27	GEB2/IO96RSB2
28	GEC2/IO95RSB2
29	IO93RSB2
30	IO92RSB2
31	IO91RSB2
32	IO90RSB2
33	IO88RSB2
34	IO86RSB2
35	IO85RSB2
36	IO84RSB2

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB2
40	IO77RSB2
41	IO74RSB2
42	IO71RSB2
43	GDC2/IO63RSB2
44	GDB2/IO62RSB2
45	GDA2/IO61RSB2
46	GNDQ
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV2
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO60USB1
58	GDC0/IO58VDB1
59	GDC1/IO58UDB1
60	IO52NDB1
61	GCB2/IO52PDB1
62	GCA1/IO50PDB1
63	GCA0/IO50NDB1
64	GCC0/IO48NDB1
65	GCC1/IO48PDB1
66	VCCIB1
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO43NDB1
70	GBC2/IO43PDB1
71	GBB2/IO42PSB1
72	IO41NDB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
73	GBA2/IO41PDB1
74	VMV1
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
82	IO29RSB0
83	IO27RSB0
84	IO25RSB0
85	IO23RSB0
86	IO21RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO15RSB0
91	IO13RSB0
92	IO11RSB0
93	GAC1/IO05RSB0
94	GAC0/IO04RSB0
95	GAB1/IO03RSB0
96	GAB0/IO02RSB0
97	GAA1/IO01RSB0
98	GAA0/IO00RSB0
99	GNDQ
100	VMV0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
109	TRST
110	VJTAG
111	GDA0/IO66RSB0
112	GDA1/IO65RSB0
113	GDB0/IO64RSB0
114	GDB1/IO63RSB0
115	GDC0/IO62RSB0
116	GDC1/IO61RSB0
117	NC
118	NC
119	NC
120	NC
121	NC
122	GND
123	VCCIB0
124	NC
125	NC
126	VCC
127	IO60RSB0
128	GCC2/IO59RSB0
129	GCB2/IO58RSB0
130	GND
131	GCA2/IO57RSB0
132	GCA0/IO56RSB0
133	GCA1/IO55RSB0
134	GCB0/IO54RSB0
135	GCB1/IO53RSB0
136	GCC0/IO52RSB0
137	GCC1/IO51RSB0
138	IO50RSB0
139	IO49RSB0
140	VCCIB0
141	GND
142	VCC
143	IO48RSB0
144	IO47RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
145	IO46RSB0
146	NC
147	NC
148	NC
149	GBC2/IO45RSB0
150	IO44RSB0
151	GBB2/IO43RSB0
152	IO42RSB0
153	GBA2/IO41RSB0
154	VMV0
155	GNDQ
156	GND
157	NC
158	GBA1/IO40RSB0
159	GBA0/IO39RSB0
160	GBB1/IO38RSB0
161	GBB0/IO37RSB0
162	GND
163	GBC1/IO36RSB0
164	GBC0/IO35RSB0
165	IO34RSB0
166	IO33RSB0
167	IO32RSB0
168	IO31RSB0
169	IO30RSB0
170	VCCIB0
171	VCC
172	IO29RSB0
173	IO28RSB0
174	IO27RSB0
175	IO26RSB0
176	IO25RSB0
177	IO24RSB0
178	GND
179	IO23RSB0
180	IO22RSB0

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
181	IO21RSB0
182	IO20RSB0
183	IO19RSB0
184	IO18RSB0
185	IO17RSB0
186	VCCIB0
187	VCC
188	IO16RSB0
189	IO15RSB0
190	IO14RSB0
191	IO13RSB0
192	IO12RSB0
193	IO11RSB0
194	IO10RSB0
195	GND
196	IO09RSB0
197	IO08RSB0
198	IO07RSB0
199	IO06RSB0
200	VCCIB0
201	GAC1/IO05RSB0
202	GAC0/IO04RSB0
203	GAB1/IO03RSB0
204	GAB0/IO02RSB0
205	GAA1/IO01RSB0
206	GAA0/IO00RSB0
207	GNDQ
208	VMV0



FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
P9	IO98RSB2
P10	IO95RSB2
P11	IO88RSB2
P12	IO84RSB2
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO79VDB1
R1	GEA1/IO135PDB3
R2	GEA0/IO135NDB3
R3	IO127RSB2
R4	GEC2/IO132RSB2
R5	IO123RSB2
R6	IO118RSB2
R7	IO112RSB2
R8	IO106RSB2
R9	IO100RSB2
R10	IO96RSB2
R11	IO89RSB2
R12	IO85RSB2
R13	GDB2/IO81RSB2
R14	TDI
R15	NC
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO126RSB2
T3	GEB2/IO133RSB2
T4	IO124RSB2
T5	IO116RSB2
T6	IO113RSB2
T7	IO107RSB2
T8	IO105RSB2
T9	IO102RSB2
T10	IO97RSB2
T11	IO92RSB2
T12	GDC2/IO82RSB2

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
T13	IO86RSB2
T14	GDA2/IO80RSB2
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	VCCIB0
A4	NC
A5	NC
A6	IO15RSB0
A7	IO18RSB0
A8	NC
A9	NC
A10	IO23RSB0
A11	IO29RSB0
A12	IO35RSB0
A13	IO36RSB0
A14	NC
A15	NC
A16	IO50RSB0
A17	IO51RSB0
A18	NC
A19	NC
A20	VCCIB0
A21	GND
A22	GND
B1	GND
B2	VCCIB3
B3	NC
B4	NC
B5	NC
B6	NC
B7	NC
B8	NC
B9	NC
B10	NC
B11	NC
B12	NC
B13	NC
B14	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
B15	NC
B16	NC
B17	NC
B18	NC
B19	NC
B20	NC
B21	VCCIB1
B22	GND
C1	VCCIB3
C2	NC
C3	NC
C4	NC
C5	GND
C6	NC
C7	NC
C8	VCC
C9	VCC
C10	NC
C11	NC
C12	NC
C13	NC
C14	VCC
C15	VCC
C16	NC
C17	NC
C18	GND
C19	NC
C20	NC
C21	NC
C22	VCCIB1
D1	NC
D2	NC
D3	NC
D4	GND
D5	GAA0/IO00RSB0
D6	GAA1/IO01RSB0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
D7	GAB0/IO02RSB0
D8	IO16RSB0
D9	IO17RSB0
D10	IO22RSB0
D11	IO28RSB0
D12	IO34RSB0
D13	IO37RSB0
D14	IO41RSB0
D15	IO43RSB0
D16	GBB1/IO57RSB0
D17	GBA0/IO58RSB0
D18	GBA1/IO59RSB0
D19	GND
D20	NC
D21	NC
D22	NC
E1	NC
E2	NC
E3	GND
E4	GAB2/IO154UDB3
E5	GAA2/IO155UDB3
E6	IO12RSB0
E7	GAB1/IO03RSB0
E8	IO13RSB0
E9	IO14RSB0
E10	IO21RSB0
E11	IO27RSB0
E12	IO32RSB0
E13	IO38RSB0
E14	IO42RSB0
E15	GBC1/IO55RSB0
E16	GBB0/IO56RSB0
E17	IO44RSB0
E18	GBA2/IO60PDB1
E19	IO60NDB1
E20	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
Y15	VCC
Y16	NC
Y17	NC
Y18	GND
Y19	NC
Y20	NC
Y21	NC
Y22	VCCIB1
AA1	GND
AA2	VCCIB3
AA3	NC
AA4	IO181RSB2
AA5	IO178RSB2
AA6	IO175RSB2
AA7	IO169RSB2
AA8	IO166RSB2
AA9	IO160RSB2
AA10	IO152RSB2
AA11	IO146RSB2
AA12	IO139RSB2
AA13	IO133RSB2
AA14	NC
AA15	NC
AA16	IO122RSB2
AA17	IO119RSB2
AA18	IO117RSB2
AA19	NC
AA20	NC
AA21	VCCIB1
AA22	GND
AB1	GND
AB2	GND
AB3	VCCIB2
AB4	IO180RSB2
AB5	IO176RSB2
AB6	IO173RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P1000 Function
AB7	IO167RSB2
AB8	IO162RSB2
AB9	IO156RSB2
AB10	IO150RSB2
AB11	IO145RSB2
AB12	IO144RSB2
AB13	IO132RSB2
AB14	IO127RSB2
AB15	IO126RSB2
AB16	IO123RSB2
AB17	IO121RSB2
AB18	IO118RSB2
AB19	NC
AB20	VCCIB2
AB21	GND
AB22	GND

Revision	Changes	Page
<b>Revision 9 (Oct 2009)</b> Product Brief v1.3	The CS121 package was added to table under "Features and Benefits" section, the "I/Os Per Package 1" table, Table 1 • ProASIC3 FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions, "ProASIC3 Ordering Information", and the "Temperature Grade Offerings" table.	I – IV
	"ProASIC3 Ordering Information" was revised to include the fact that some RoHS compliant packages are halogen-free.	IV
	Packaging v1.5 The "CS121 – Bottom View" figure and pin table for A3P060 are new.	4-15
<b>Revision 8 (Aug 2009)</b> Product Brief v1.2  DC and Switching Characteristics v1.4	All references to M7 devices (CoreMP7) and speed grade –F were removed from this document.	N/A
	Table 1-1 I/O Standards supported is new.	1-7
	The I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards section was revised to add definitions of hot-swap and cold-sparing.	1-7
	3.3 V LVCMOS and 1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range support was added to the datasheet. This affects all tables that contained 3.3 V LVCMOS and 1.2 V LVCMOS data.	N/A
	$I_{IL}$ and $I_{IH}$ input leakage current information was added to all "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" tables.	N/A
	–F was removed from the datasheet. The speed grade is no longer supported.	N/A
	The notes in Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 were updated.	2-2
	Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits 1 was updated.	2-3
	Table 2-6 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays was updated.	2-6
	In Table 2-116 • RAM4K9, the following specifications were removed: $t_{WRO}$ $t_{CCKH}$	2-96
	In Table 2-117 • RAM512X18, the following specifications were removed: $t_{WRO}$ $t_{CCKH}$	2-97
	In the title of Table 2-74 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew, VCCI had a typo. It was changed from 3.0 V to 1.7 V.	2-58
<b>Revision 7 (Feb 2009)</b> Product Brief v1.1	The "Advanced I/O" section was revised to add a bullet regarding wide range power supply voltage support.	I
	The table under "Features and Benefits" section, was updated to include a value for typical equivalent macrocells for A3P250.	I
	The QN48 package was added to the following tables: the table under "Features and Benefits" section, "I/Os Per Package 1" "ProASIC3 FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions", and "Temperature Grade Offerings". The number of singled-ended I/Os for QN68 was added to the "I/Os Per Package 1" table.	N/A
	The Wide Range I/O Support section is new.	1-7
<b>Revision 6 (Dec 2008)</b> Packaging v1.4	The "QN48 – Bottom View" section is new.	4-1
	The "QN68" pin table for A3P030 is new.	4-5

Revision	Changes	Page
v2.0 (continued)	Table 3-20 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings (Advanced) and Table 3-21 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-20 to 3-20
	Table 3-11 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3 Devices was updated.	3-9
	Table 3-24 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances <sup>1</sup> (Advanced) and Table 3-25 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances <sup>1</sup> (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-22 to 3-22
	Table 3-17 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input Levels Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions was updated.	3-18
	Table 3-28 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL (Advanced) and Table 3-29 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL (Standard Plus) were updated.	3-24 to 3-26
	The note in Table 3-32 • I/O Input Rise Time, Fall Time, and Related I/O Reliability was updated.	3-27
	Figure 3-33 • Write Access After Write onto Same Address, Figure 3-34 • Read Access After Write onto Same Address, and Figure 3-35 • Write Access After Read onto Same Address are new.	3-82 to 3-84
	Figure 3-43 • Timing Diagram was updated.	3-96
	Ambient was deleted from the "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix".	iv
	Notes were added to the package diagrams identifying if they were top or bottom view.	N/A
	The A3P030 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-2
	The A3P060 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-4
	The A3P125 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-6
	The A3P250 "132-Pin QFN" table is new.	4-8
	The A3P030 "100-Pin VQFP" table is new.	4-11
Advance v0.7 (January 2007)	In the "I/Os Per Package" table, the I/O numbers were added for A3P060, A3P125, and A3P250. The A3P030-VQ100 I/O was changed from 79 to 77.	ii
Advance v0.6 (April 2006)	The term flow-through was changed to pass-through.	N/A
	Table 1 was updated to include the QN132.	ii
	The "I/Os Per Package" table was updated with the QN132. The footnotes were also updated. The A3P400-FG144 I/O count was updated.	ii
	"Automotive ProASIC3 Ordering Information" was updated with the QN132.	iii
	"Temperature Grade Offerings" was updated with the QN132.	iii
	B-LVDS and M-LDVS are new I/O standards added to the datasheet.	N/A
	The term flow-through was changed to pass-through.	N/A
	Figure 2-7 • Efficient Long-Line Resources was updated.	2-7
	The footnotes in Figure 2-15 • Clock Input Sources Including CLKBUF, CLKBUF_LVDS/LVPECL, and CLKINT were updated.	2-16
	The Delay Increments in the Programmable Delay Blocks specification in Figure 2-24 • ProASIC3E CCC Options.	2-24
	The "SRAM and FIFO" section was updated.	2-21