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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

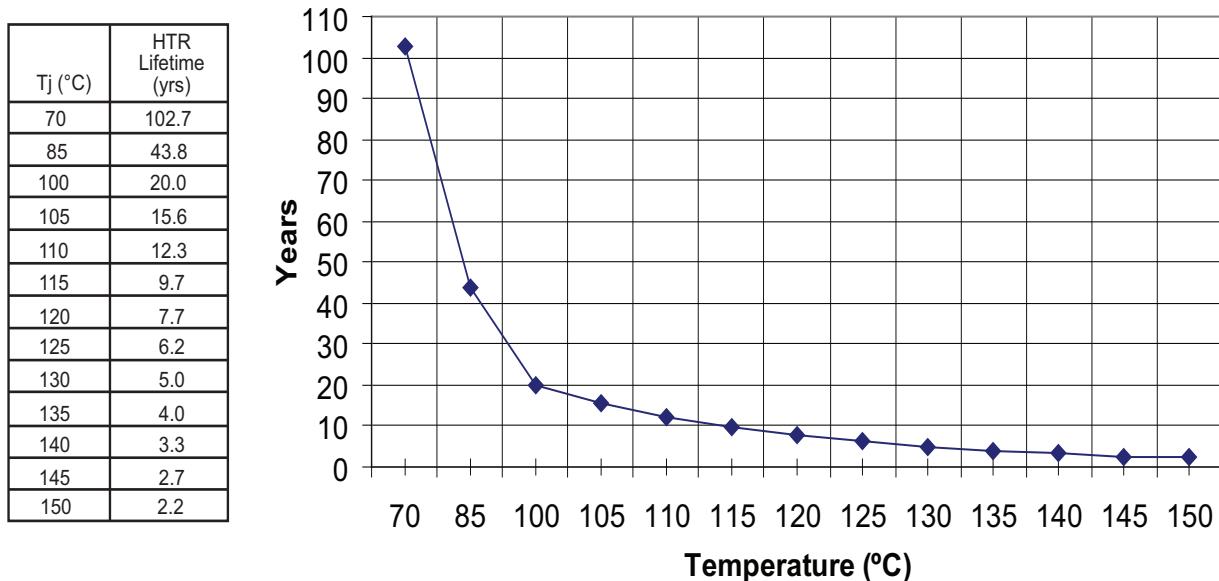
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	147456
Number of I/O	177
Number of Gates	1000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m7a3p1000-fg256i

Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions¹

Symbol	Parameters ¹		Commercial	Industrial	Units
T _J	Junction temperature		0 to 85 ²	-40 to 100 ²	°C
VCC ³	1.5 V DC core supply voltage		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage		1.4 to 3.6	1.4 to 3.6	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	Programming Mode	3.15 to 3.45	3.15 to 3.45	V
		Operation ⁴	0 to 3.6	0 to 3.6	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
VCCI and VMV ⁵	1.5 V DC supply voltage		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
	1.8 V DC supply voltage		1.7 to 1.9	1.7 to 1.9	V
	2.5 V DC supply voltage		2.3 to 2.7	2.3 to 2.7	V
	3.3 V DC supply voltage		3.0 to 3. <u>6</u>	3.0 to 3. <u>6</u>	V
	3.3 V wide range DC supply voltage ⁶		2.7 to 3.6	2.7 to 3.6	V
	LVDS/B-LVDS/M-LVDS differential I/O		2.375 to 2.625	2.375 to 2.625	V
	LVPECL differential I/O		3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Notes:

1. All parameters representing voltages are measured with respect to GND unless otherwise specified.
2. Software Default Junction Temperature Range in the Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC) software is set to 0°C to +70°C for commercial, and -40°C to +85°C for industrial. To ensure targeted reliability standards are met across the full range of junction temperatures, Microsemi recommends using custom settings for temperature range before running timing and power analysis tools. For more information regarding custom settings, refer to the New Project Dialog Box in the [Libero SoC Online Help](#).
3. The ranges given here are for power supplies only. The recommended input voltage ranges specific to each I/O standard are given in [Table 2-18 on page 2-19](#).
4. VPUMP can be left floating during operation (not programming mode).
5. VMV and VCCI should be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank. VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "[VMVx I/O Supply Voltage \(quiet\)](#)" section on page 3-1 for further information.
6. 3.3 V wide range is compliant to the JESD8-B specification and supports 3.0 V VCCI operation.



Note: HTR time is the period during which you would not expect a verify failure due to flash cell leakage.

Figure 2-1 • High-Temperature Data Retention (HTR)

Table 2-3 • Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage and Operating Temperature¹

Product Grade	Programming Cycles	Program Retention (biased/unbiased)	Maximum Storage Temperature T _{STG} (°C)	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature T _J (°C) ²
Commercial	500	20 years	110	100
Industrial	500	20 years	110	100

1. This is a stress rating only; functional operation at any condition other than those indicated is not implied.

2. These limits apply for program/data retention only. Refer to Table 2-1 on page 2-1 and Table 2-2 for device operating conditions and absolute limits.

Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits¹

VCCI and VMV	Average VCCI–GND Overshoot or Undershoot Duration as a Percentage of Clock Cycle ²	Maximum Overshoot/Undershoot ²
2.7 V or less	10%	1.4 V
	5%	1.49 V
3 V	10%	1.1 V
	5%	1.19 V
3.3 V	10%	0.79 V
	5%	0.88 V
3.6 V	10%	0.45 V
	5%	0.54 V

Notes:

1. Based on reliability requirements at 85°C.
2. The duration is allowed at one out of six clock cycles. If the overshoot/undershoot occurs at one out of two cycles, the maximum overshoot/undershoot has to be reduced by 0.15 V.
3. This table does not provide PCI overshoot/undershoot limits.

Calculating Power Dissipation

Quiescent Supply Current

Table 2-7 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics

	A3P015	A3P030	A3P060	A3P125	A3P250	A3P400	A3P600	A3P1000
Typical (25°C)	2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	3 mA	3 mA	5 mA	8 mA
Max. (Commercial)	10 mA	10 mA	10 mA	10 mA	20 mA	20 mA	30 mA	50 mA
Max. (Industrial)	15 mA	15 mA	15 mA	15 mA	30 mA	30 mA	45 mA	75 mA

Note: *IDD* Includes VCC, VPUMP, VCCI, and VMV currents. Values do not include I/O static contribution, which is shown in Table 2-11 and Table 2-12 on page 2-9.

Power per I/O Pin

Table 2-8 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	VMV (V)	Static Power PDC2 (mW) ¹	Dynamic Power PAC9 (μW/MHz) ²
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	16.22
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ³	3.3	–	16.22
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	–	5.12
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	–	2.13
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	–	1.45
3.3 V PCI	3.3	–	18.11
3.3 V PCI-X	3.3	–	18.11
Differential			
LVDS	2.5	2.26	1.20
LVPECL	3.3	5.72	1.87

Notes:

1. PDC2 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VMV.
2. PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VMV.
3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

Table 2-9 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

	VMV (V)	Static Power PDC2 (mW) ¹	Dynamic Power PAC9 (μW/MHz) ²
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	–	16.23
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ³	3.3	–	16.23

Notes:

1. PDC2 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VMV.
2. PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VMV.
3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

Table 2-11 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings¹
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

	C _{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) ²	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) ³
Single-Ended				
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVC MOS	35	3.3	–	468.67
3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range ⁴	35	3.3	–	468.67
2.5 V LVC MOS	35	2.5	–	267.48
1.8 V LVC MOS	35	1.8	–	149.46
1.5 V LVC MOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	103.12
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	201.02
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	201.02
Differential				
LVDS	–	2.5	7.74	88.92
LVPECL	–	3.3	19.54	166.52

Notes:

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. PDC3 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3. PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.
4. All LVC MOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

Table 2-12 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (Per Pin) – Default I/O Software Settings¹
Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

	C _{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) ²	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) ³
Single-Ended				
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVC MOS	35	3.3	–	452.67
3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range ⁴	35	3.3	–	452.67
2.5 V LVC MOS	35	2.5	–	258.32
1.8 V LVC MOS	35	1.8	–	133.59
1.5 V LVC MOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	92.84
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	184.92
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	184.92

Notes:

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. PDC3 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VMV.
3. PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VMV.
4. All LVC MOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

P_{AC1} , P_{AC2} , P_{AC3} , and P_{AC4} are device-dependent.

Sequential Cells Contribution— P_{S-CELL}

$$P_{S-CELL} = N_{S-CELL} * (P_{AC5} + \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC6}) * F_{CLK}$$

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design. When a multi-tile sequential cell is used, it should be accounted for as 1.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Combinatorial Cells Contribution— P_{C-CELL}

$$P_{C-CELL} = N_{C-CELL} * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC7} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Routing Net Contribution— P_{NET}

$$P_{NET} = (N_{S-CELL} + N_{C-CELL}) * \alpha_1 / 2 * P_{AC8} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{S-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

N_{C-CELL} is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Input Buffer Contribution— P_{INPUTS}

$$P_{INPUTS} = N_{INPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * P_{AC9} * F_{CLK}$$

N_{INPUTS} is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Output Buffer Contribution— $P_{OUTPUTS}$

$$P_{OUTPUTS} = N_{OUTPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * \beta_1 * P_{AC10} * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{OUTPUTS}$ is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-16 on page 2-14](#).

β_1 is the I/O buffer enable rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-17 on page 2-14](#).

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Table 2-30 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Standard	Drive Strength	R _{PULL-DOWN} (Ω) ²	R _{PULL-UP} (Ω) ³
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	300
	4 mA	100	300
	6 mA	50	150
	8 mA	50	150
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁴	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	100	200
	4 mA	100	200
	6 mA	50	100
	8 mA	50	100
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on VCCI, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / IOL_{spec}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCl_{max} - VOH_{spec}) / IOH_{spec}$
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD-8B specification.

Table 2-31 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances
Minimum and Maximum Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistance Values

VCCI	R _(WEAK PULL-UP) ¹ (Ω)		R _(WEAK PULL-DOWN) ² (Ω)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
3.3 V	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
3.3 V (wide range I/Os)	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
2.5 V	11 k	55 k	12 k	74 k
1.8 V	18 k	70 k	17 k	110 k
1.5 V	19 k	90 k	19 k	140 k

Notes:

1. $R_{(WEAK PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCl_{MAX} - VOH_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK PULL-UP-MIN)}$
2. $R_{(WEAK PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK PULL-DOWN-MIN)}$

**Table 2-32 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL
Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks**

	Drive Strength	IOSL (mA) ¹	IOSH (mA) ¹
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	27	25
	4 mA	27	25
	6 mA	54	51
	8 mA	54	51
	12 mA	109	103
	16 mA	127	132
	24 mA	181	268
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	18	16
	4 mA	18	16
	6 mA	37	32
	8 mA	37	32
	12 mA	74	65
	16 mA	87	83
	24 mA	124	169
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	11	9
	4 mA	22	17
	6 mA	44	35
	8 mA	51	45
	12 mA	74	91
	16 mA	74	91
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	16	13
	4 mA	33	25
	6 mA	39	32
	8 mA	55	66
	12 mA	55	66
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	109	103

Notes:

1. $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
2. Applicable to 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range. I_{OSL}/I_{OSH} dependent on the I/O buffer drive strength selected for wide range applications. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

**Table 2-49 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Standard I/O Banks**

3.3 V LVC MOS Wide Range	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
		Min V	Max V	Min V	Max V	Max V	Min V	μA	μA	Max mA ⁴	Max mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	25	27	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD - 0.2	100	100	51	54	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVC MOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where -0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. All LVMCOS 3.3 V software macros support LVC MOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-50 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V
 Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	0.60	11.84	0.04	1.02	0.43	11.84	10.00	4.10	4.04	15.23	13.40	ns
		-1	0.51	10.07	0.04	0.86	0.36	10.07	8.51	3.48	3.44	12.96	11.40	ns
		-2	0.45	8.84	0.03	0.76	0.32	8.84	7.47	3.06	3.02	11.38	10.00	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	0.60	7.59	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.59	6.18	4.62	4.95	10.98	9.57	ns
		-1	0.51	6.45	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.45	5.25	3.93	4.21	9.34	8.14	ns
		-2	0.45	5.67	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.67	4.61	3.45	3.70	8.20	7.15	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	0.60	7.59	0.04	1.02	0.43	7.59	6.18	4.62	4.95	10.98	9.57	ns
		-1	0.51	6.45	0.04	0.86	0.36	6.45	5.25	3.93	4.21	9.34	8.14	ns
		-2	0.45	5.67	0.03	0.76	0.32	5.67	4.61	3.45	3.70	8.20	7.15	ns
100 μA	12 mA	Std.	0.60	5.46	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.46	4.29	4.97	5.54	8.86	7.68	ns
		-1	0.51	4.65	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.65	3.65	4.22	4.71	7.53	6.54	ns
		-2	0.45	4.08	0.03	0.76	0.32	4.08	3.20	3.71	4.14	6.61	5.74	ns
100 μA	16 mA	Std.	0.60	5.15	0.04	1.02	0.43	5.15	3.89	5.04	5.69	8.55	7.29	ns
		-1	0.51	4.38	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.38	3.31	4.29	4.84	7.27	6.20	ns
		-2	0.45	3.85	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.85	2.91	3.77	4.25	6.38	5.44	ns
100 μA	24 mA	Std.	0.60	4.75	0.04	1.02	0.43	4.75	3.22	5.14	6.28	8.15	6.61	ns
		-1	0.51	4.04	0.04	0.86	0.36	4.04	2.74	4.37	5.34	6.93	5.62	ns
		-2	0.45	3.55	0.03	0.76	0.32	3.55	2.40	3.84	4.69	6.09	4.94	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-54 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
 Applicable to Standard I/O Banks

Drive Strength	Equiv. Software Default Drive Strength Option ¹	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
100 μA	2 mA	Std.	0.60	10.93	0.04	1.52	0.43	10.93	9.46	3.20	3.32	ns
		-1	0.51	9.29	0.04	1.29	0.36	9.29	8.04	2.72	2.82	ns
		-2	0.45	8.16	0.03	1.13	0.32	8.16	7.06	2.39	2.48	ns
100 μA	4 mA	Std.	0.60	10.93	0.04	1.52	0.43	10.93	9.46	3.20	3.32	ns
		-1	0.51	9.29	0.04	1.29	0.36	9.29	8.04	2.72	2.82	ns
		-2	0.45	8.16	0.03	1.13	0.32	8.16	7.06	2.39	2.48	ns
100 μA	6 mA	Std.	0.60	6.82	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.82	5.70	3.70	4.16	ns
		-1	0.51	5.80	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.80	4.85	3.15	3.54	ns
		-2	0.45	5.09	0.03	1.13	0.32	5.09	4.25	2.77	3.11	ns
100 μA	8 mA	Std.	0.60	6.82	0.04	1.52	0.43	6.82	5.70	3.70	4.16	ns
		-1	0.51	5.80	0.04	1.29	0.36	5.80	4.85	3.15	3.54	ns
		-2	0.45	5.09	0.03	1.13	0.32	5.09	4.25	2.77	3.11	ns

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu\text{A}$. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-96 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	H, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	F, H
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	F, H
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	G, H
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	G, H
t_{OPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Data Register	L, DOUT
$t_{OREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Data Register	L, H
$t_{ORECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	L, H
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	H, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	J, H
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	J, H
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	K, H
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	K, H
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	I, EOUT
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	I, H
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	I, H
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	A, E
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	C, A
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	C, A
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	B, A
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	B, A
t_{IPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Input Data Register	D, E
$t_{IREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Input Data Register	D, A
$t_{IRECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	D, A

Note: *See [Figure 2-15 on page 2-69](#) for more information.

Global Resource Characteristics

A3P250 Clock Tree Topology

Clock delays are device-specific. Figure 2-28 is an example of a global tree used for clock routing. The global tree presented in Figure 2-28 is driven by a CCC located on the west side of the A3P250 device. It is used to drive all D-flip-flops in the device.

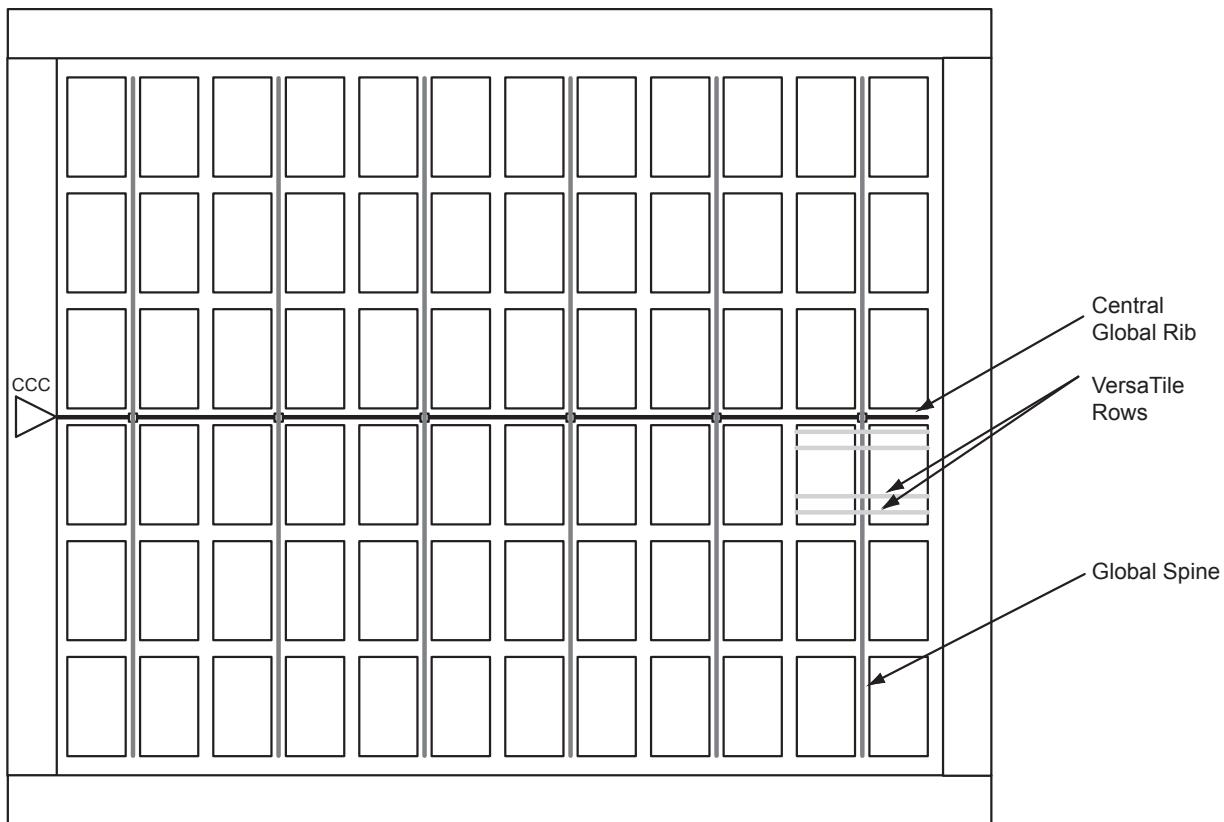


Figure 2-28 • Example of Global Tree Use in an A3P250 Device for Clock Routing

Global Tree Timing Characteristics

Global clock delays include the central rib delay, the spine delay, and the row delay. Delays do not include I/O input buffer clock delays, as these are I/O standard-dependent, and the clock may be driven and conditioned internally by the CCC module. For more details on clock conditioning capabilities, refer to the "Clock Conditioning Circuits" section on page 2-90. Table 2-108 to Table 2-114 on page 2-89 present minimum and maximum global clock delays within each device. Minimum and maximum delays are measured with minimum and maximum loading.

Table 2-113 • A3P600 Global Resource
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $VCC = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.87	1.09	0.99	1.24	1.17	1.46	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.86	1.11	0.98	1.27	1.15	1.49	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Table 2-114 • A3P1000 Global Resource
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $VCC = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.94	1.16	1.07	1.32	1.26	1.55	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.93	1.19	1.06	1.35	1.24	1.59	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.35	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-118 • FIFO (for all dies except A3P250)

Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	1.34	1.52	1.79	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	2.17	2.47	2.90	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.94	1.07	1.26	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAF}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	310	272	231	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-6](#) for derating values.

QN68	
Pin Number	A3P015 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	IO80RSB1
3	IO78RSB1
4	IO76RSB1
5	GEC0/IO73RSB1
6	GEA0/IO72RSB1
7	GEB0/IO71RSB1
8	VCC
9	GND
10	VCCIB1
11	IO68RSB1
12	IO67RSB1
13	IO66RSB1
14	IO65RSB1
15	IO64RSB1
16	IO63RSB1
17	IO62RSB1
18	IO60RSB1
19	IO58RSB1
20	IO56RSB1
21	IO54RSB1
22	IO52RSB1
23	IO51RSB1
24	VCC
25	GND
26	VCCIB1
27	IO50RSB1
28	IO48RSB1
29	IO46RSB1
30	IO44RSB1
31	IO42RSB1
32	TCK
33	TDI
34	TMS
35	VPUMP
36	TDO

QN68	
Pin Number	A3P015 Function
37	TRST
38	VJTAG
39	IO40RSB0
40	IO37RSB0
41	GDB0/IO34RSB0
42	GDA0/IO33RSB0
43	GDC0/IO32RSB0
44	VCCIB0
45	GND
46	VCC
47	IO31RSB0
48	IO29RSB0
49	IO28RSB0
50	IO27RSB0
51	IO25RSB0
52	IO24RSB0
53	IO22RSB0
54	IO21RSB0
55	IO19RSB0
56	IO17RSB0
57	IO15RSB0
58	IO14RSB0
59	VCCIB0
60	GND
61	VCC
62	IO12RSB0
63	IO10RSB0
64	IO08RSB0
65	IO06RSB0
66	IO04RSB0
67	IO02RSB0
68	IO00RSB0

QN68	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
1	IO82RSB1
2	IO80RSB1
3	IO78RSB1
4	IO76RSB1
5	GEC0/IO73RSB1
6	GEA0/IO72RSB1
7	GEB0/IO71RSB1
8	VCC
9	GND
10	VCCIB1
11	IO68RSB1
12	IO67RSB1
13	IO66RSB1
14	IO65RSB1
15	IO64RSB1
16	IO63RSB1
17	IO62RSB1
18	IO60RSB1
19	IO58RSB1
20	IO56RSB1
21	IO54RSB1
22	IO52RSB1
23	IO51RSB1
24	VCC
25	GND
26	VCCIB1
27	IO50RSB1
28	IO48RSB1
29	IO46RSB1
30	IO44RSB1
31	IO42RSB1
32	TCK
33	TDI
34	TMS
35	VPUMP
36	TDO

QN68	
Pin Number	A3P030 Function
37	TRST
38	VJTAG
39	IO40RSB0
40	IO37RSB0
41	GDB0/IO34RSB0
42	GDA0/IO33RSB0
43	GDC0/IO32RSB0
44	VCCIB0
45	GND
46	VCC
47	IO31RSB0
48	IO29RSB0
49	IO28RSB0
50	IO27RSB0
51	IO25RSB0
52	IO24RSB0
53	IO22RSB0
54	IO21RSB0
55	IO19RSB0
56	IO17RSB0
57	IO15RSB0
58	IO14RSB0
59	VCCIB0
60	GND
61	VCC
62	IO12RSB0
63	IO10RSB0
64	IO08RSB0
65	IO06RSB0
66	IO04RSB0
67	IO02RSB0
68	IO00RSB0

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO118UDB3
3	IO118VDB3
4	GAB2/IO117UDB3
5	IO117VDB3
6	GAC2/IO116UDB3
7	IO116VDB3
8	IO112PSB3
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO109PDB3
11	GFB0/IO109NDB3
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO108NPB3
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO108PPB3
16	GFA2/IO107PSB3
17	VCC
18	VCCIB3
19	GFC2/IO105PSB3
20	GEC1/IO100PDB3
21	GEC0/IO100NDB3
22	GEA1/IO98PDB3
23	GEA0/IO98NDB3
24	VMV3
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO97RSB2
27	GEB2/IO96RSB2
28	GEC2/IO95RSB2
29	IO93RSB2
30	IO92RSB2
31	IO91RSB2
32	IO90RSB2
33	IO88RSB2
34	IO86RSB2
35	IO85RSB2
36	IO84RSB2

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB2
40	IO77RSB2
41	IO74RSB2
42	IO71RSB2
43	GDC2/IO63RSB2
44	GDB2/IO62RSB2
45	GDA2/IO61RSB2
46	GNDQ
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV2
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO60USB1
58	GDC0/IO58VDB1
59	GDC1/IO58UDB1
60	IO52NDB1
61	GCB2/IO52PDB1
62	GCA1/IO50PDB1
63	GCA0/IO50NDB1
64	GCC0/IO48NDB1
65	GCC1/IO48PDB1
66	VCCIB1
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO43NDB1
70	GBC2/IO43PDB1
71	GBB2/IO42PSB1
72	IO41NDB1

VQ100	
Pin Number	A3P250 Function
73	GBA2/IO41PDB1
74	VMV1
75	GNDQ
76	GBA1/IO40RSB0
77	GBA0/IO39RSB0
78	GBB1/IO38RSB0
79	GBB0/IO37RSB0
80	GBC1/IO36RSB0
81	GBC0/IO35RSB0
82	IO29RSB0
83	IO27RSB0
84	IO25RSB0
85	IO23RSB0
86	IO21RSB0
87	VCCIB0
88	GND
89	VCC
90	IO15RSB0
91	IO13RSB0
92	IO11RSB0
93	GAC1/IO05RSB0
94	GAC0/IO04RSB0
95	GAB1/IO03RSB0
96	GAB0/IO02RSB0
97	GAA1/IO01RSB0
98	GAA0/IO00RSB0
99	GNDQ
100	VMV0

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
1	GAA2/IO67RSB1
2	IO68RSB1
3	GAB2/IO69RSB1
4	IO132RSB1
5	GAC2/IO131RSB1
6	IO130RSB1
7	IO129RSB1
8	IO128RSB1
9	VCC
10	GND
11	VCCIB1
12	IO127RSB1
13	GFC1/IO126RSB1
14	GFC0/IO125RSB1
15	GFB1/IO124RSB1
16	GFB0/IO123RSB1
17	VCOMPLF
18	GFA0/IO122RSB1
19	VCCPLF
20	GFA1/IO121RSB1
21	GFA2/IO120RSB1
22	GFB2/IO119RSB1
23	GFC2/IO118RSB1
24	IO117RSB1
25	IO116RSB1
26	IO115RSB1
27	GND
28	VCCIB1
29	GEC1/IO112RSB1
30	GEC0/IO111RSB1
31	GEB1/IO110RSB1
32	GEB0/IO109RSB1
33	GEA1/IO108RSB1
34	GEA0/IO107RSB1
35	VMV1
36	GNDQ

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
37	NC
38	GEA2/IO106RSB1
39	GEB2/IO105RSB1
40	GEC2/IO104RSB1
41	IO103RSB1
42	IO102RSB1
43	IO101RSB1
44	IO100RSB1
45	VCC
46	GND
47	VCCIB1
48	IO99RSB1
49	IO97RSB1
50	IO95RSB1
51	IO93RSB1
52	IO92RSB1
53	IO90RSB1
54	IO88RSB1
55	IO86RSB1
56	IO84RSB1
57	IO83RSB1
58	IO82RSB1
59	IO81RSB1
60	IO80RSB1
61	IO79RSB1
62	VCC
63	GND
64	VCCIB1
65	GDC2/IO72RSB1
66	GDB2/IO71RSB1
67	GDA2/IO70RSB1
68	GNDQ
69	TCK
70	TDI
71	TMS
72	VMV1

TQ144	
Pin Number	A3P125 Function
73	VPUMP
74	NC
75	TDO
76	TRST
77	VJTAG
78	GDA0/IO66RSB0
79	GDB0/IO64RSB0
80	GDB1/IO63RSB0
81	VCCI0
82	GND
83	IO60RSB0
84	GCC2/IO59RSB0
85	GCB2/IO58RSB0
86	GCA2/IO57RSB0
87	GCA0/IO56RSB0
88	GCA1/IO55RSB0
89	GCB0/IO54RSB0
90	GCB1/IO53RSB0
91	GCC0/IO52RSB0
92	GCC1/IO51RSB0
93	IO50RSB0
94	IO49RSB0
95	NC
96	NC
97	NC
98	VCCI0
99	GND
100	VCC
101	IO47RSB0
102	GBC2/IO45RSB0
103	IO44RSB0
104	GBB2/IO43RSB0
105	IO42RSB0
106	GBA2/IO41RSB0
107	VMV0
108	GNDQ

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
G13	GCC1/IO69PPB1
G14	IO65NPB1
G15	IO75PDB1
G16	IO75NDB1
H1	GFB0/IO163NPB3
H2	GFA0/IO162NDB3
H3	GFB1/IO163PPB3
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO164NPB3
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO69NPB1
H13	GCB1/IO70PPB1
H14	GCA0/IO71NPB1
H15	IO67NPB1
H16	GCB0/IO70NPB1
J1	GFA2/IO161PPB3
J2	GFA1/IO162PDB3
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO160NDB3
J5	GFB2/IO160PDB3
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO73PPB1
J13	GCA1/IO71PPB1
J14	GCC2/IO74PPB1
J15	IO80PPB1
J16	GCA2/IO72PDB1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
K1	GFC2/IO159PDB3
K2	IO161NPB3
K3	IO156PPB3
K4	IO129RSB2
K5	VCCIB3
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB1
K13	IO73NPB1
K14	IO80NPB1
K15	IO74NPB1
K16	IO72NDB1
L1	IO159NDB3
L2	IO156NPB3
L3	IO151PPB3
L4	IO158PSB3
L5	VCCIB3
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	GDB0/IO87NPB1
L14	IO85NDB1
L15	IO85PDB1
L16	IO84PDB1
M1	IO150PDB3
M2	IO151NPB3
M3	IO147NPB3
M4	GEC0/IO146NPB3

FG256	
Pin Number	A3P600 Function
M5	VMV3
M6	VCCIB2
M7	VCCIB2
M8	IO117RSB2
M9	IO110RSB2
M10	VCCIB2
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VMV2
M13	IO94RSB2
M14	GDB1/IO87PPB1
M15	GDC1/IO86PDB1
M16	IO84NDB1
N1	IO150NDB3
N2	IO147PPB3
N3	GEC1/IO146PPB3
N4	IO140RSB2
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO143RSB2
N7	IO126RSB2
N8	IO120RSB2
N9	IO108RSB2
N10	IO103RSB2
N11	IO99RSB2
N12	GNDQ
N13	IO92RSB2
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO86NDB1
N16	GDA1/IO88PDB1
P1	GEB1/IO145PDB3
P2	GEB0/IO145NDB3
P3	VMV2
P4	IO138RSB2
P5	IO136RSB2
P6	IO131RSB2
P7	IO124RSB2
P8	IO119RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
Y15	VCC
Y16	NC
Y17	NC
Y18	GND
Y19	NC
Y20	NC
Y21	NC
Y22	VCCIB1
AA1	GND
AA2	VCCIB3
AA3	NC
AA4	NC
AA5	NC
AA6	NC
AA7	NC
AA8	NC
AA9	NC
AA10	NC
AA11	NC
AA12	NC
AA13	NC
AA14	NC
AA15	NC
AA16	NC
AA17	NC
AA18	NC
AA19	NC
AA20	NC
AA21	VCCIB1
AA22	GND
AB1	GND
AB2	GND
AB3	VCCIB2
AB4	NC
AB5	NC
AB6	IO121RSB2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3P400 Function
AB7	IO119RSB2
AB8	IO114RSB2
AB9	IO109RSB2
AB10	NC
AB11	NC
AB12	IO104RSB2
AB13	IO103RSB2
AB14	NC
AB15	NC
AB16	IO91RSB2
AB17	IO90RSB2
AB18	NC
AB19	NC
AB20	VCCIB2
AB21	GND
AB22	GND