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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	180MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	114
Program Memory Size	1MB (1M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 24x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-LQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm32f429zgt6

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Table 10. STM32F427xx and STM32F429xx pin and ball definitions (continued)

Pin number								Pin name (function after reset) ⁽¹⁾	Pin type	I / O structure	Notes	Alternate functions	Additional functions
LQFP100	LQFP144	UFBGA169	UFBGA176	LQFP176	WLCSP143	LQFP208	TFBGA216						
-	10	F2	E2	16	F11	16	D2	PF0	I/O	FT	-	I2C2_SDA, FMC_A0, EVENTOUT	-
-	11	F3	H3	17	E9	17	E2	PF1	I/O	FT	-	I2C2_SCL, FMC_A1, EVENTOUT	-
-	12	G5	H2	18	F10	18	G2	PF2	I/O	FT	-	I2C2_SMBA, FMC_A2, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	19	E3	PI12	I/O	FT	-	LCD_HSYNC, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	20	G3	PI13	I/O	FT	-	LCD_VSYNC, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	21	H3	PI14	I/O	FT	-	LCD_CLK, EVENTOUT	-
-	13	G4	J2	19	G11	22	H2	PF3	I/O	FT	(5)	FMC_A3, EVENTOUT	ADC3_IN9
-	14	G3	J3	20	F9	23	J2	PF4	I/O	FT	(5)	FMC_A4, EVENTOUT	ADC3_IN14
-	15	H3	K3	21	F8	24	K3	PF5	I/O	FT	(5)	FMC_A5, EVENTOUT	ADC3_IN15
10	16	G7	G2	22	H7	25	H6	V _{SS}	S	-	-	-	-
11	17	G8	G3	23	-	26	H5	V _{DD}	S	-	-	-	-
-	18	NC (2)	K2	24	G10	27	K2	PF6	I/O	FT	(5)	TIM10_CH1, SPI5_NSS, SAI1_SD_B, UART7_Rx, FMC_NIORD, EVENTOUT	ADC3_IN4
-	19	NC (2)	K1	25	F7	28	K1	PF7	I/O	FT	(5)	TIM11_CH1, SPI5_SCK, SAI1_MCLK_B, UART7_Tx, FMC_NREG, EVENTOUT	ADC3_IN5
-	20	NC (2)	L3	26	H11	29	L3	PF8	I/O	FT	(5)	SPI5_MISO, SAI1_SCK_B, TIM13_CH1, FMC_NIOWR, EVENTOUT	ADC3_IN6



Table 12. STM32F427xx and STM32F429xx alternate function mapping (continued)

Port		AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15
		SYS	TIM1/2	TIM3/4/5	TIM8/9/ 10/11	I2C1/ 2/3	SPI1/2/ 3/4/5/6	SPI2/3/ SAI1	SPI3/ USART1/ 2/3	USART6/ UART4/5/7 /8	CAN1/2/ TIM12/13/14 /LCD	OTG2_HS /OTG1_ FS	ETH	FMC/SDIO /OTG2_FS	DCMI	LCD	SYS
Port C	PC8	-	-	TIM3_CH3	TIM8_CH3	-	-	-	-	USART6_CK	-	-	-	SDIO_D0	DCMI_D2	-	EVEN TOUT
	PC9	MCO2	-	TIM3_CH4	TIM8_CH4	I2C3_SDA	I2S_CKIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	SDIO_D1	DCMI_D3	-	EVEN TOUT
	PC10	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPI3_SCK/I2S3_CK	USART3_TX	UART4_TX	-	-	-	SDIO_D2	DCMI_D8	LCD_R2	EVEN TOUT
	PC11	-	-	-	-	-	I2S3ext_SD	SPI3_MISO	USART3_RX	UART4_RX	-	-	-	SDIO_D3	DCMI_D4	-	EVEN TOUT
	PC12	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPI3_MOSI/I2S3_SD	USART3_CK	UART5_TX	-	-	-	SDIO_CK	DCMI_D9	-	EVEN TOUT
	PC13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PC14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PC15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVEN TOUT
Port D	PD0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CAN1_RX	-	-	FMC_D2	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PD1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CAN1_TX	-	-	FMC_D3	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PD2	-	-	TIM3_ETR	-	-	-	-	-	UART5_RX	-	-	-	SDIO_CMD	DCMI_D11	-	EVEN TOUT
	PD3	-	-	-	-	-	SPI2_SCK/I2S2_CK	-	USART2_CTS	-	-	-	-	FMC_CLK	DCMI_D5	LCD_G7	EVEN TOUT
	PD4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART2_RTS	-	-	-	-	FMC_NOE	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PD5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART2_TX	-	-	-	-	FMC_NWE	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PD6	-	-	-	-	-	SPI3_MOSI/I2S3_SD	SAI1_SD_A	USART2_RX	-	-	-	-	FMC_NWAIT	DCMI_D10	LCD_B2	EVEN TOUT



Table 12. STM32F427xx and STM32F429xx alternate function mapping (continued)

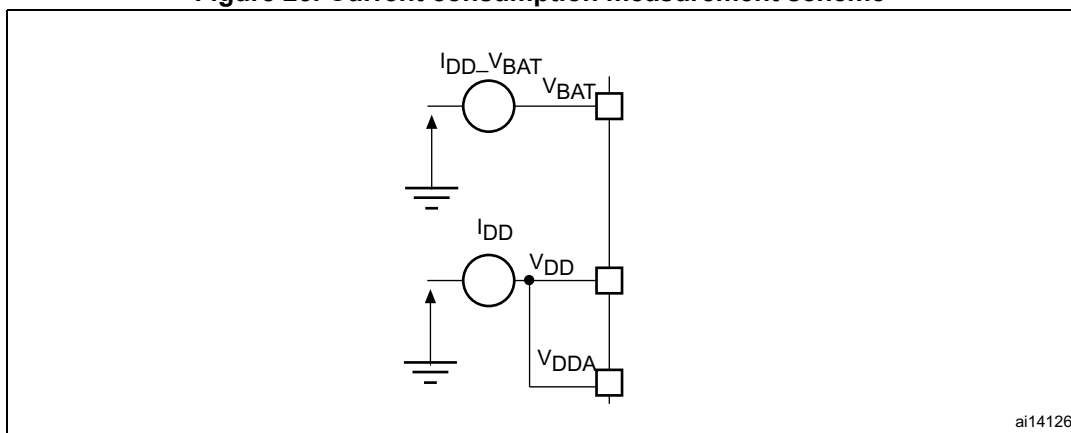
Port		AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15
		SYS	TIM1/2	TIM3/4/5	TIM8/9/ 10/11	I2C1/ 2/3	SPI1/2/ 3/4/5/6	SPI2/3/ SAI1	SPI3/ USART1/ 2/3	USART6/ UART4/5/7 /8	CAN1/2/ TIM12/13/14 /LCD	OTG2_HS /OTG1_ FS	ETH	FMC/SDIO /OTG2_FS	DCMI	LCD	SYS
Port I	PI7	-	-	-	TIM8_ CH3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FMC_D29	DCMI_ D7	LCD_B7	EVEN TOUT
	PI8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PI9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CAN1_RX	-	-	FMC_D30	-	LCD_ VSYNC	EVEN TOUT
	PI10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ETH_MII_ RX_ER	FMC_D31	-	LCD_ HSYNC	EVEN TOUT
	PI11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	OTG_HS_ ULPI_DIR	-	-	-	-	EVEN TOUT
	PI12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_ HSYNC	EVEN TOUT
	PI13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_ VSYNC	EVEN TOUT
	PI14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_ CLK	EVEN TOUT
	PI15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R0	EVEN TOUT
Port J	PJ0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R1	EVEN TOUT
	PJ1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R2	EVEN TOUT
	PJ2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R3	EVEN TOUT
	PJ3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R4	EVEN TOUT
	PJ4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R5	EVEN TOUT
	PJ5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R6	EVEN TOUT
	PJ6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_R7	EVEN TOUT
	PJ7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LCD_G0	EVEN TOUT

Table 13. STM32F427xx and STM32F429xx register boundary addresses

Bus	Boundary address	Peripheral
	0xE00F FFFF - 0xFFFF FFFF	Reserved
Cortex-M4	0xE000 0000 - 0xE00F FFFF	Cortex-M4 internal peripherals
AHB3	0xD000 0000 - 0xDFFF FFFF	FMC bank 6
	0xC000 0000 - 0xCFFF FFFF	FMC bank 5
	0xA000 1000 - 0xBFFF FFFF	Reserved
	0xA000 0000 - 0xA000 0FFF	FMC control register
	0x9000 0000 - 0x9FFF FFFF	FMC bank 4
	0x8000 0000 - 0x8FFF FFFF	FMC bank 3
	0x7000 0000 - 0x7FFF FFFF	FMC bank 2
	0x6000 0000 - 0x6FFF FFFF	FMC bank 1
	0x5006 0C00 - 0x5FFF FFFF	Reserved
AHB2	0x5006 0800 - 0x5006 0BFF	RNG
	0x5005 0400 - 0x5006 07FF	Reserved
	0x5005 0000 - 0x5005 03FF	DCMI
	0x5004 0000 - 0x5004 FFFF	Reserved
	0x5000 0000 - 0x5003 FFFF	USB OTG FS

6.1.7 Current consumption measurement

Figure 23. Current consumption measurement scheme



6.2 Absolute maximum ratings

Stresses above the absolute maximum ratings listed in [Table 14: Voltage characteristics](#), [Table 15: Current characteristics](#), and [Table 16: Thermal characteristics](#) may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Device mission profile (application conditions) is compliant with JEDEC JESD47 Qualification Standard, extended mission profiles are available on demand.

Table 14. Voltage characteristics

Symbol	Ratings	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	External main supply voltage (including V_{DDA} , V_{DD} and V_{BAT}) ⁽¹⁾	- 0.3	4.0	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage on FT pins ⁽²⁾	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{DD} + 4.0$	
	Input voltage on TTa pins	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	4.0	
	Input voltage on any other pin	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	4.0	
	Input voltage on BOOT0 pin	V_{SS}	9.0	
$ \Delta V_{DDx} $	Variations between different V_{DD} power pins	-	50	mV
$ V_{SSx}-V_{SS} $	Variations between all the different ground pins including V_{REF-}	-	50	
$V_{ESD(HBM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model)	see Section 6.3.15: Absolute maximum ratings (electrical sensitivity)		

1. All main power (V_{DD} , V_{DDA}) and ground (V_{SS} , V_{SSA}) pins must always be connected to the external power supply, in the permitted range.
2. V_{IN} maximum value must always be respected. Refer to [Table 15](#) for the values of the maximum allowed injected current.

6.3.3 Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator ON)

Subject to general operating conditions for T_A .

Table 20. Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator ON)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t_{VDD}	V_{DD} rise time rate	20	∞	$\mu s/V$
	V_{DD} fall time rate	20	∞	

6.3.4 Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator OFF)

Subject to general operating conditions for T_A .

Table 21. Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator OFF)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t_{VDD}	V_{DD} rise time rate	Power-up	20	∞	$\mu s/V$
	V_{DD} fall time rate	Power-down	20	∞	
t_{VCAP}	V_{CAP_1} and V_{CAP_2} rise time rate	Power-up	20	∞	
	V_{CAP_1} and V_{CAP_2} fall time rate	Power-down	20	∞	

1. To reset the internal logic at power-down, a reset must be applied on pin PA0 when V_{DD} reach below 1.08 V.

Table 27. Typical and maximum current consumptions in Stop mode

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾				Unit
			T _A = 25 °C	V _{DD} = 3.6 V				
				T _A = 25 °C	T _A = 85 °C	T _A = 105 °C		
I _{DD_STOP_NM} (normal mode)	Supply current in Stop mode with voltage regulator in main regulator mode	Flash memory in Stop mode, all oscillators OFF, no independent watchdog	0.40	1.50	14.00	25.00	mA	
		Flash memory in Deep power down mode, all oscillators OFF, no independent watchdog	0.35	1.50	14.00	25.00		
	Supply current in Stop mode with voltage regulator in Low Power regulator mode	Flash memory in Stop mode, all oscillators OFF, no independent watchdog	0.29	1.10	10.00	18.00		
		Flash memory in Deep power down mode, all oscillators OFF, no independent watchdog	0.23	1.10	10.00	18.00		
I _{DD_STOP_UDM} (under-drive mode)	Supply current in Stop mode with voltage regulator in main regulator and under-drive mode	Flash memory in Deep power down mode, main regulator in under-drive mode, all oscillators OFF, no independent watchdog	0.19	0.50	6.00	9.00		
	Supply current in Stop mode with voltage regulator in Low Power regulator and under-drive mode	Flash memory in Deep power down mode, Low Power regulator in under-drive mode, all oscillators OFF, no independent watchdog	0.10	0.40	4.00	7.00		

1. Data based on characterization, tested in production.

Table 28. Typical and maximum current consumptions in Standby mode

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ ⁽¹⁾			Max ⁽²⁾			Unit
			T _A = 25 °C			T _A = 25 °C	T _A = 85 °C	T _A = 105 °C	
			V _{DD} = 1.7 V	V _{DD} = 2.4 V	V _{DD} = 3.3 V	V _{DD} = 3.6 V			
I _{DD_STBY}	Supply current in Standby mode	Backup SRAM ON, low-speed oscillator (LSE) and RTC ON	2.80	3.00	3.60	7.00	19.00	36.00	μA
		Backup SRAM OFF, low-speed oscillator (LSE) and RTC ON	2.30	2.60	3.10	6.00	16.00	31.00	
		Backup SRAM ON, RTC and LSE OFF	2.30	2.50	2.90	6.00 ⁽³⁾	18.00 ⁽³⁾	35.00 ⁽³⁾	
		Backup SRAM OFF, RTC and LSE OFF	1.70	1.90	2.20	5.00 ⁽³⁾	15.00 ⁽³⁾	30.00 ⁽³⁾	

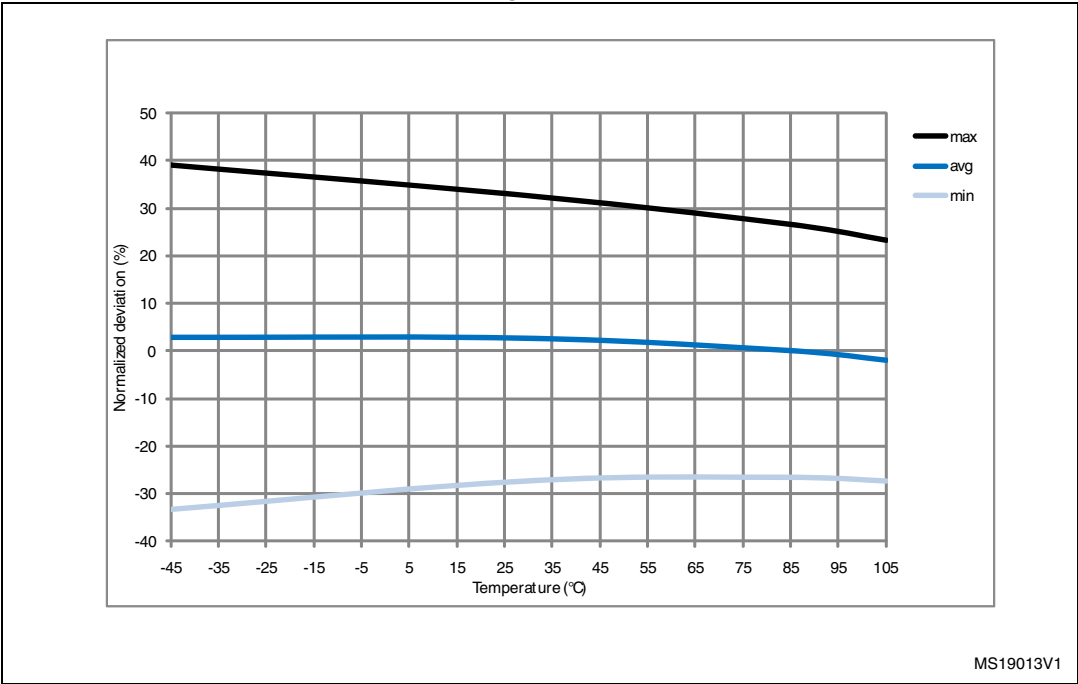
1. The typical current consumption values are given with PDR OFF (internal reset OFF). When the PDR is OFF (internal reset OFF), the typical current consumption is reduced by additional 1.2 μA.
2. Based on characterization, not tested in production unless otherwise specified.
3. Based on characterization, tested in production.

Table 29. Typical and maximum current consumptions in V_{BAT} mode

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Typ			Max ⁽²⁾		Unit
			T _A = 25 °C			T _A = 85 °C	T _A = 105 °C	
			V _{BAT} = 1.7 V	V _{BAT} = 2.4 V	V _{BAT} = 3.3 V	V _{BAT} = 3.6 V		
I _{DD_VBAT}	Backup domain supply current	Backup SRAM ON, low-speed oscillator (LSE) and RTC ON	1.28	1.40	1.62	6	11	μA
		Backup SRAM OFF, low-speed oscillator (LSE) and RTC ON	0.66	0.76	0.97	3	5	
		Backup SRAM ON, RTC and LSE OFF	0.70	0.72	0.74	5	10	
		Backup SRAM OFF, RTC and LSE OFF	0.10	0.10	0.10	2	4	

1. Crystal used: Abracon ABS07-120-32.768 kHz-T with a C_L of 6 pF for typical values.
2. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Figure 32. ACC_{LSI} versus temperature



6.3.11 PLL characteristics

The parameters given in [Table 43](#) and [Table 44](#) are derived from tests performed under temperature and V_{DD} supply voltage conditions summarized in [Table 17](#).

Table 43. Main PLL characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{PLL_IN}	PLL input clock ⁽¹⁾		0.95 ⁽²⁾	1	2.10	MHz
f _{PLL_OUT}	PLL multiplier output clock		24	-	180	MHz
f _{PLL48_OUT}	48 MHz PLL multiplier output clock		-	48	75	MHz
f _{VCO_OUT}	PLL VCO output		100	-	432	MHz
t _{LOCK}	PLL lock time	VCO freq = 100 MHz	75	-	200	μs
		VCO freq = 432 MHz	100	-	300	

I²S interface characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, the parameters given in [Table 63](#) for the I²S interface are derived from tests performed under the ambient temperature, f_{PCLKx} frequency and V_{DD} supply voltage conditions summarized in [Table 17](#), with the following configuration:

- Output speed is set to $OSPEEDRy[1:0] = 10$
- Capacitive load $C = 30$ pF
- Measurement points are done at CMOS levels: $0.5V_{DD}$

Refer to [Section 6.3.17: I/O port characteristics](#) for more details on the input/output alternate function characteristics (CK, SD, WS).

Table 63. I²S dynamic characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{MCK}	I2S Main clock output	-	256x8K	256x F_S ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{CK}	I2S clock frequency	Master data: 32 bits	-	64x F_S	MHz
		Slave data: 32 bits	-	64x F_S	
D_{CK}	I2S clock frequency duty cycle	Slave receiver	30	70	%
$t_{v(WS)}$	WS valid time	Master mode	0	6	ns
$t_{h(WS)}$	WS hold time	Master mode	0	-	
$t_{su(WS)}$	WS setup time	Slave mode	1	-	
$t_{h(WS)}$	WS hold time	Slave mode	0	-	
$t_{su(SD_MR)}$	Data input setup time	Master receiver	7.5	-	
$t_{su(SD_SR)}$		Slave receiver	2	-	
$t_{h(SD_MR)}$	Data input hold time	Master receiver	0	-	
$t_{h(SD_SR)}$		Slave receiver	0	-	
$t_{v(SD_ST)}$	Data output valid time	Slave transmitter (after enable edge)	-	27	
$t_{h(SD_ST)}$		Master transmitter (after enable edge)	-	20	
$t_{v(SD_MT)}$	Data output hold time	Master transmitter (after enable edge)	-	-	
$t_{h(SD_MT)}$		Master transmitter (after enable edge)	2.5	-	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

2. The maximum value of 256x F_S is 45 MHz (APB1 maximum frequency).

Note: Refer to the I2S section of RM0090 reference manual for more details on the sampling frequency (F_S).

f_{MCK} , f_{CK} , and D_{CK} values reflect only the digital peripheral behavior. The values of these parameters might be slightly impacted by the source clock precision. D_{CK} depends mainly on the value of ODD bit. The digital contribution leads to a minimum value of $(I2SDIV/(2*I2SDIV+ODD))$ and a maximum value of $(I2SDIV+ODD)/(2*I2SDIV+ODD)$. F_S maximum value is supported for each mode/condition.

Figure 43. SAI master timing waveforms

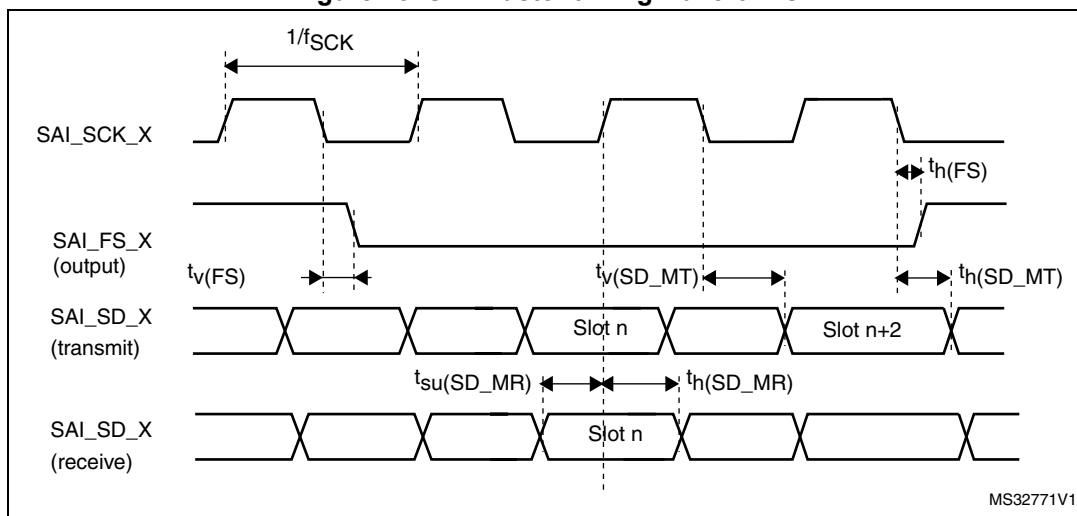


Figure 44. SAI slave timing waveforms

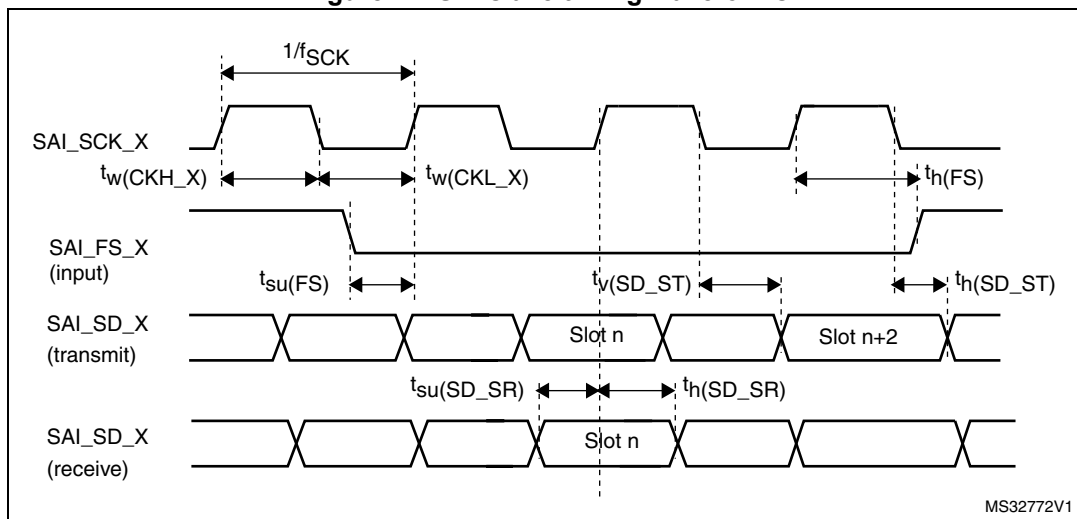


Table 70. Dynamic characteristics: USB ULPI⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
t _{SC}	Control in (ULPI_DIR, ULPI_NXT) setup time		2	-	-	ns
t _{HC}	Control in (ULPI_DIR, ULPI_NXT) hold time		0.5	-	-	
t _{SD}	Data in setup time		1.5	-	-	
t _{HD}	Data in hold time		2	-	-	
t _{DC} /t _{DD}	Data/control output delay	2.7 V < V _{DD} < 3.6 V, C _L = 15 pF and OSPEEDRy[1:0] = 11	-	9	9.5	
		2.7 V < V _{DD} < 3.6 V, C _L = 20 pF and OSPEEDRy[1:0] = 10	-	12	15	
		1.7 V < V _{DD} < 3.6 V, C _L = 15 pF and OSPEEDRy[1:0] = 11	-			

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Table 89. Asynchronous non-multiplexed SRAM/PSRAM/NOR write - NWAIT timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(NE)}$	FMC_NE low time	$8T_{HCLK}+1$	$8T_{HCLK}+2$	ns
$t_{w(NWE)}$	FMC_NWE low time	$6T_{HCLK}-1$	$6T_{HCLK}+2$	ns
$t_{su(NWAIT_NE)}$	FMC_NWAIT valid before FMC_NEx high	$6T_{HCLK}+1.5$	-	ns
$t_{h(NE_NWAIT)}$	FMC_NEx hold time after FMC_NWAIT invalid	$4T_{HCLK}+1$		ns

1. $C_L = 30$ pF.

2. Guaranteed by characterization results.

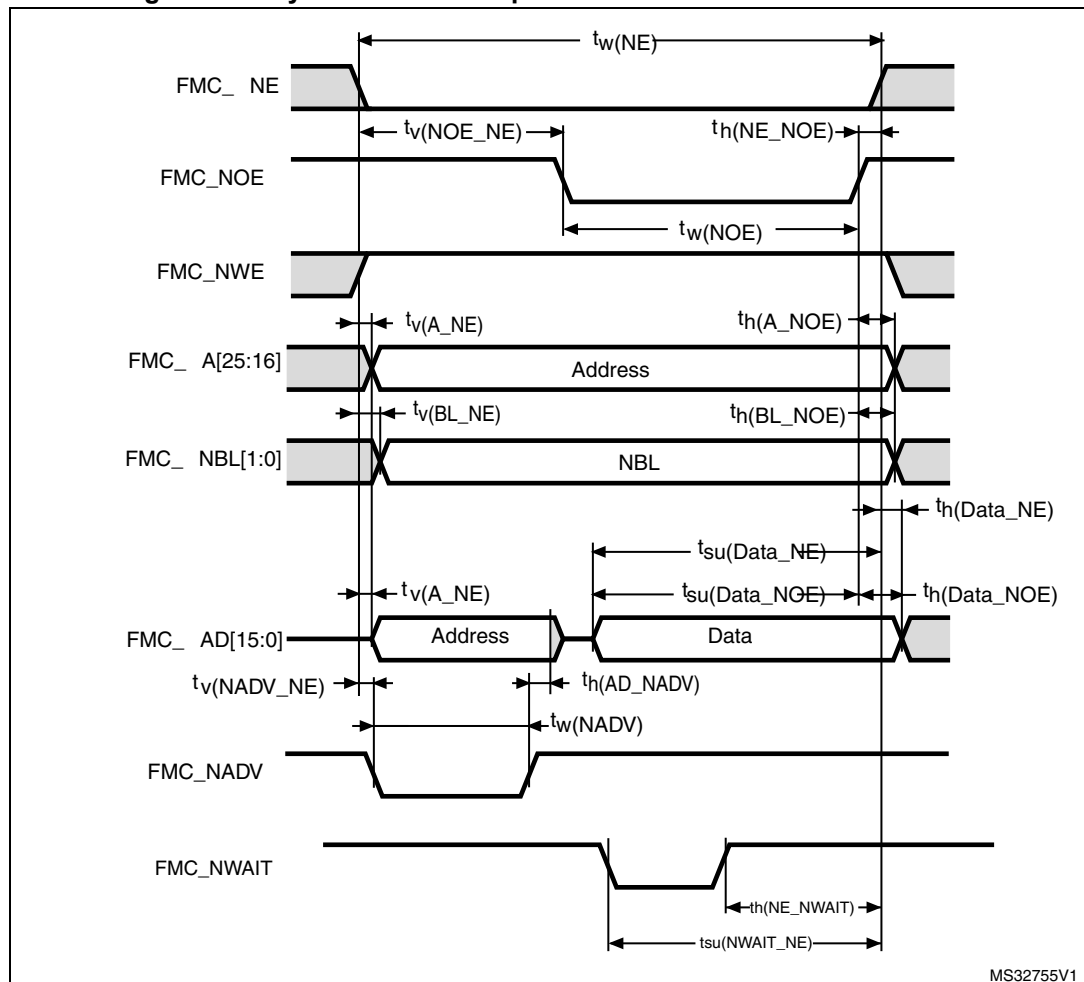
Figure 57. Asynchronous multiplexed PSRAM/NOR read waveforms

Table 93. Asynchronous multiplexed PSRAM/NOR write-NWAIT timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(NE)}$	FMC_NE low time	$9T_{HCLK}$	$9T_{HCLK}+0.5$	ns
$t_{w(NWE)}$	FMC_NWE low time	$7T_{HCLK}$	$7T_{HCLK}+2$	ns
$t_{su(NWAIT_NE)}$	FMC_NWAIT valid before FMC_NEx high	$6T_{HCLK}+1.5$	-	ns
$t_{h(NE_NWAIT)}$	FMC_NEx hold time after FMC_NWAIT invalid	$4T_{HCLK}-1$	-	ns

1. $C_L = 30$ pF.

2. Guaranteed by characterization results.

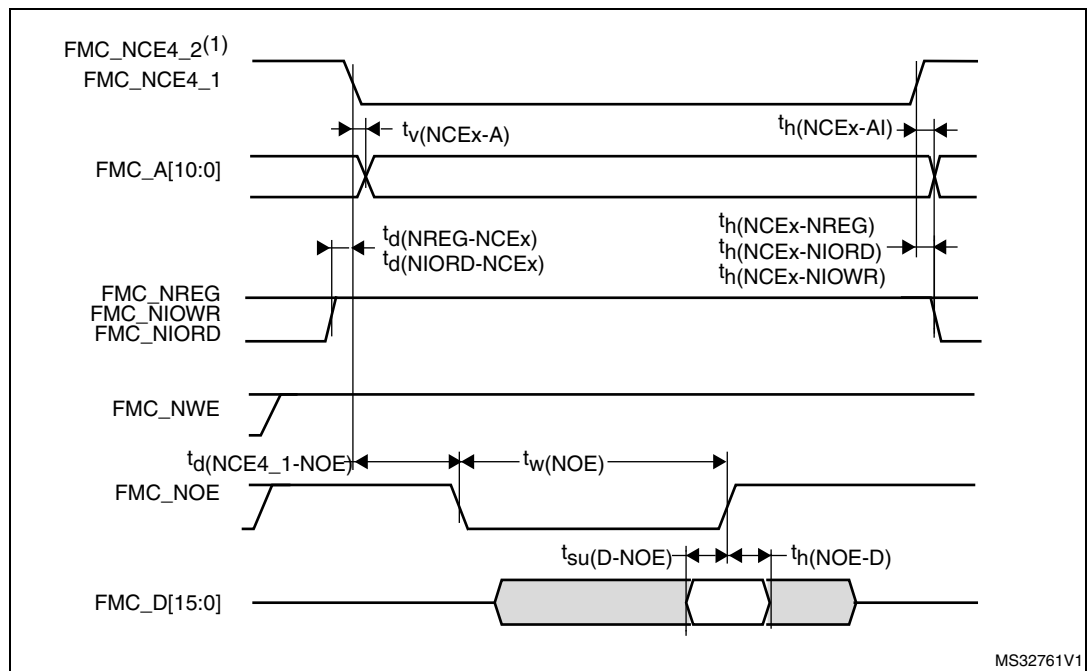
Synchronous waveforms and timings

[Figure 59](#) through [Figure 62](#) represent synchronous waveforms and [Table 94](#) through [Table 97](#) provide the corresponding timings. The results shown in these tables are obtained with the following FMC configuration:

- BurstAccessMode = FMC_BurstAccessMode_Enable;
- MemoryType = FMC_MemoryType_CRAM;
- WriteBurst = FMC_WriteBurst_Enable;
- CLKDivision = 1; (0 is not supported, see the STM32F4xx reference manual : RM0090)
- DataLatency = 1 for NOR Flash; DataLatency = 0 for PSRAM

In all timing tables, the T_{HCLK} is the HCLK clock period (with maximum FMC_CLK = 90 MHz).

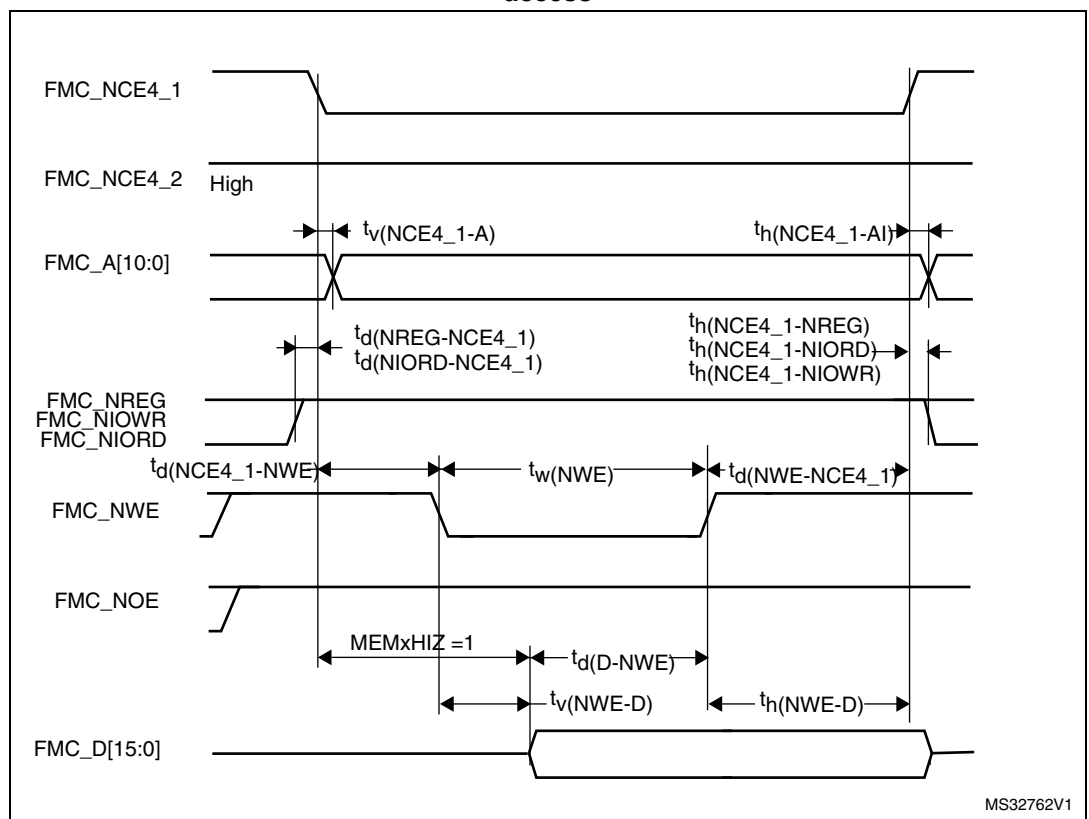
Figure 63. PC Card/CompactFlash controller waveforms for common memory read access



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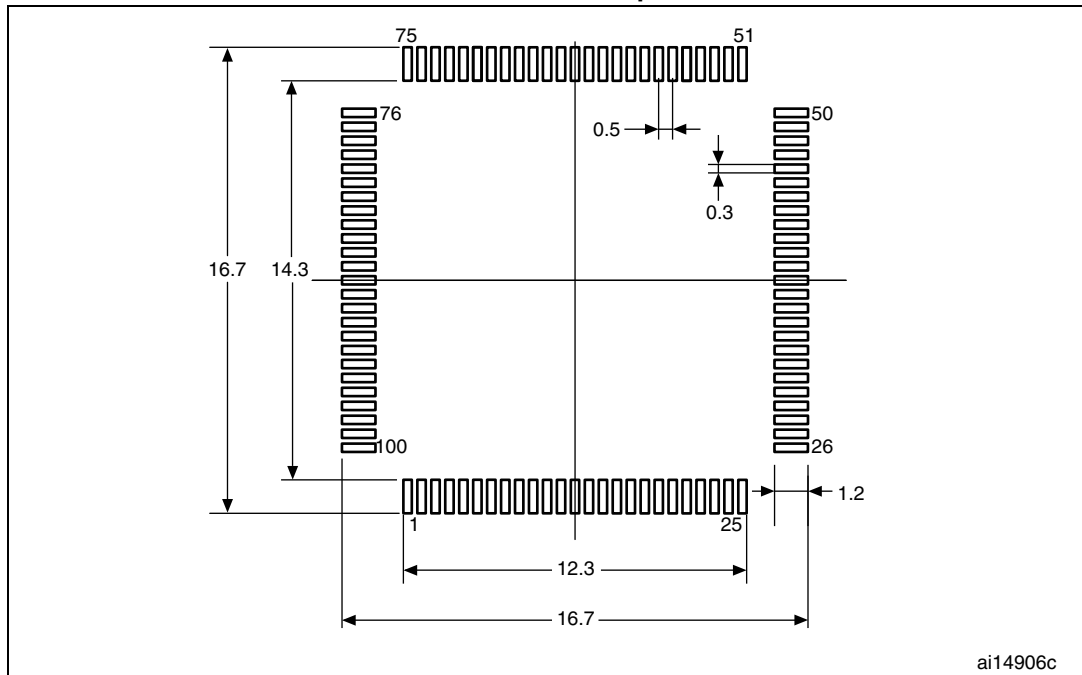
1. FMC_NCE4_2 remains high (inactive during 8-bit access).

Figure 64. PC Card/CompactFlash controller waveforms for common memory write access



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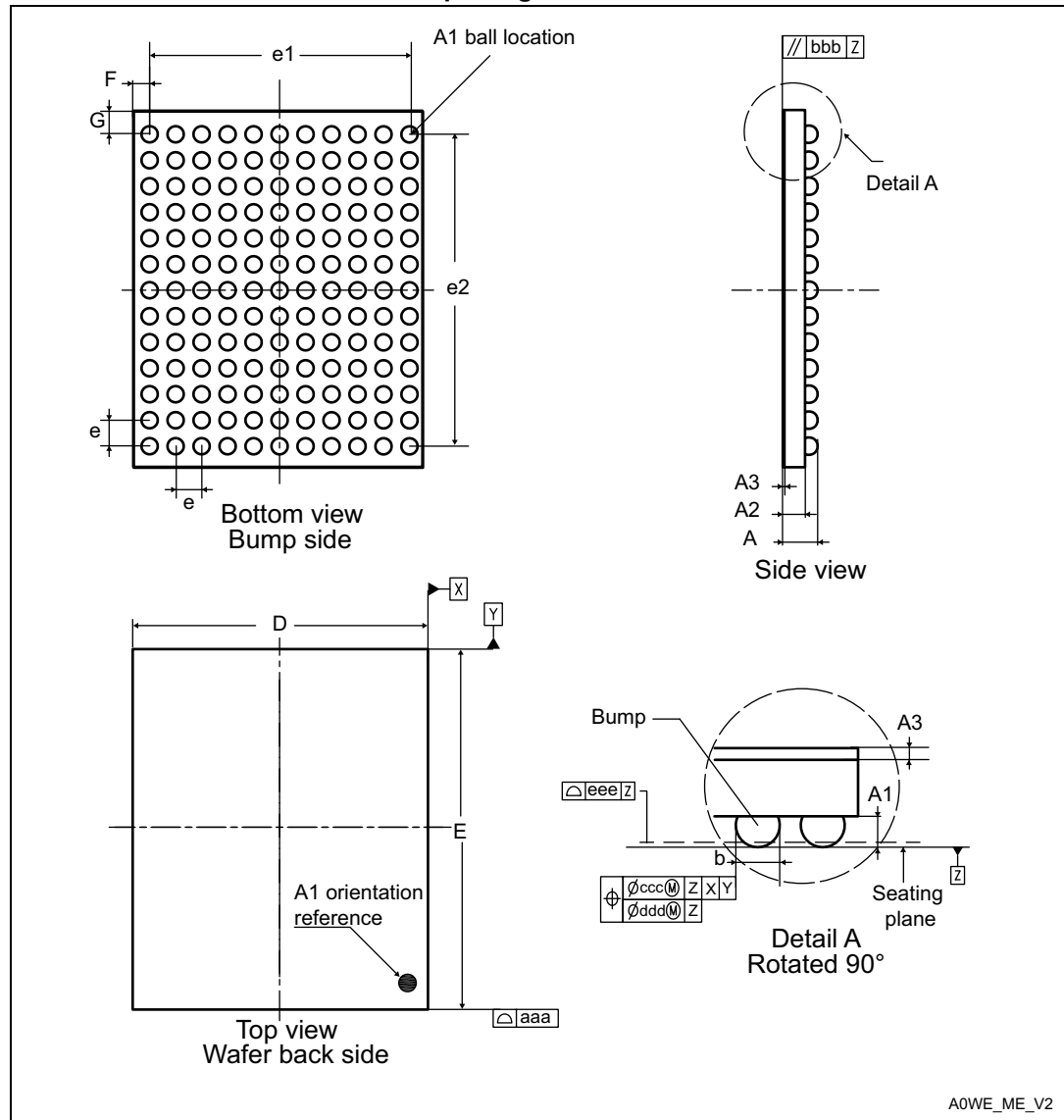
Figure 81. LQPF100 - 100-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat recommended footprint



1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

7.2 WLCSP143 package information

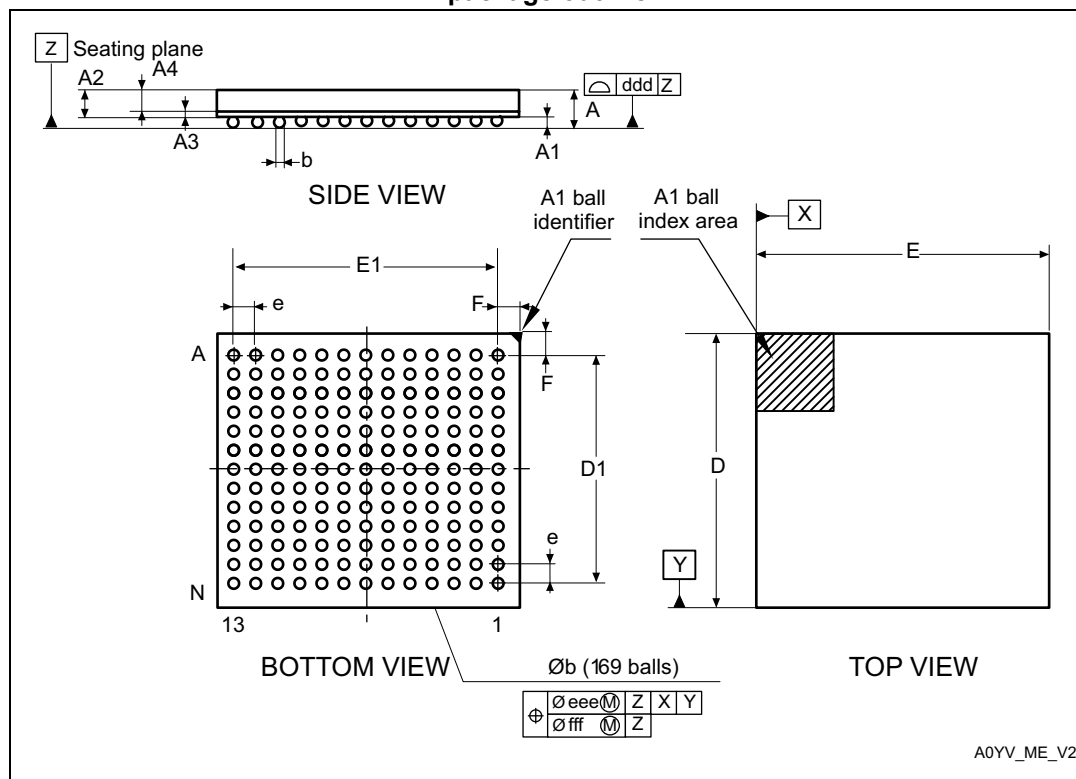
Figure 83. WLCSP143 - 143-ball, 4.521x 5.547 mm, 0.4 mm pitch wafer level chip scale package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

7.6 UFBGA169 package information

Figure 95. UFBGA169 - 169-ball 7 x 7 mm 0.50 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 118. UFBGA176+25 - ball, 10 x 10 mm, 0.65 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package mechanical data (continued)

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
eee	-	-	0.150	-	-	0.0059
fff	-	-	0.050	-	-	0.0020

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Figure 99. UFBGA176+25-ball, 10 x 10 mm, 0.65 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package recommended footprint

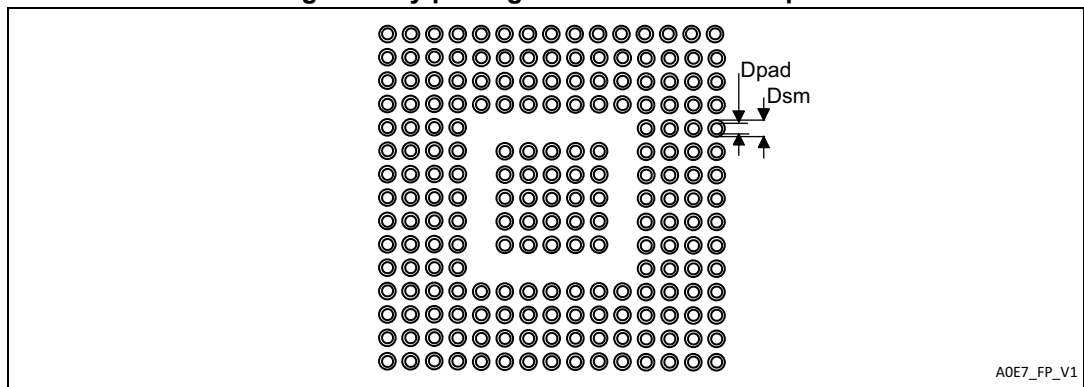


Table 119. UFBGA176+25 recommended PCB design rules (0.65 mm pitch BGA)

Dimension	Recommended values
Pitch	0.65 mm
Dpad	0.300 mm
Dsm	0.400 mm typ. (depends on the soldermask registration tolerance)
Stencil opening	0.300 mm
Stencil thickness	Between 0.100 mm and 0.125 mm
Pad trace width	0.100 mm