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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	47
Program Memory Size	48KB (48K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	52-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	52-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21357cnfp-50

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a Block Diagram.

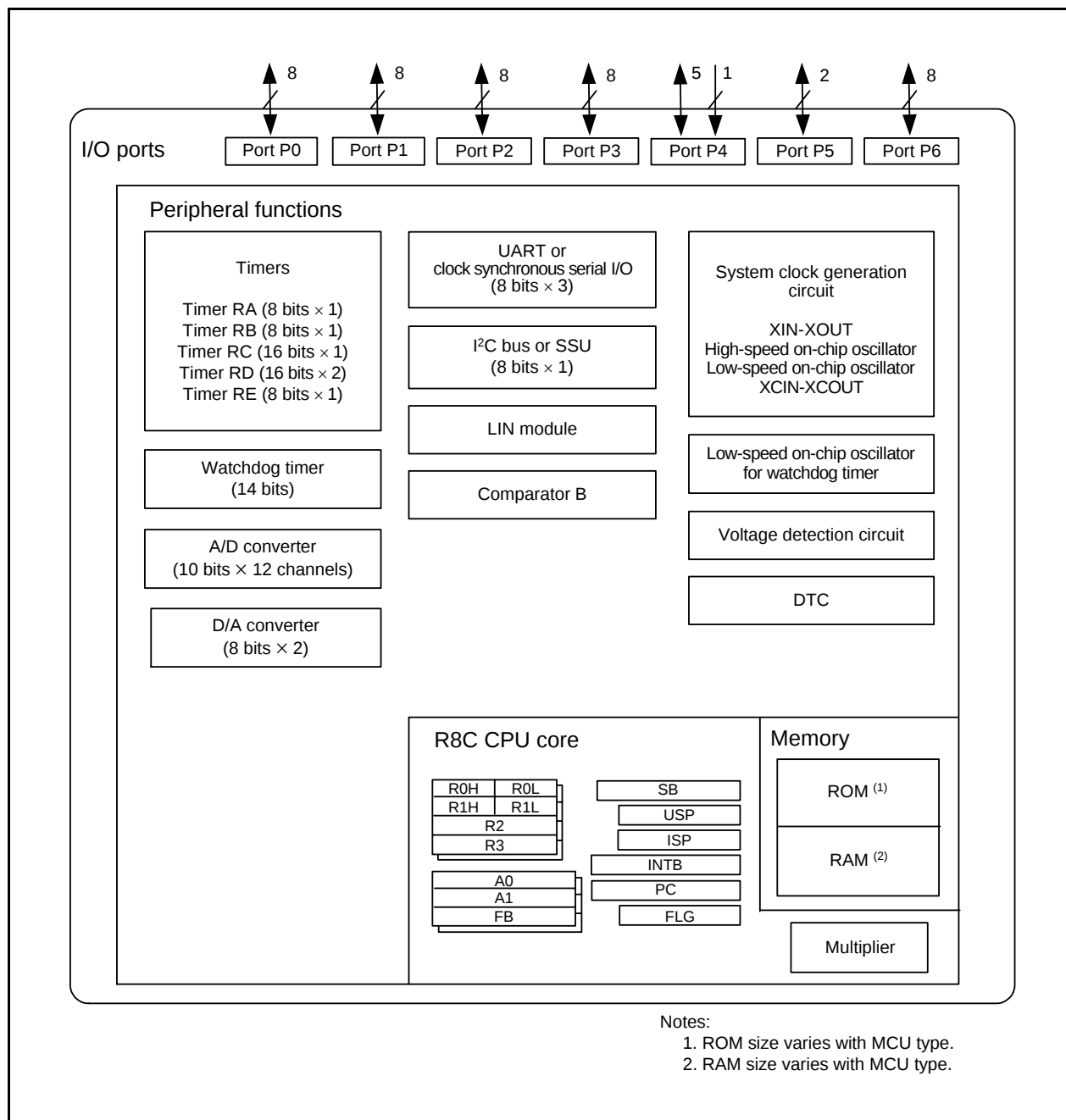


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

Table 1.4 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (1)

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I ² C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter, Comparator B
1		P5_6		(TRA0)				
2		P3_2	($\overline{\text{INT1}}$ /INT2)	(TRAIO)				
3		P3_0		(TRA0)				
4		P4_2						VREF
5	MODE							
6	(XCIN)	P4_3						
7	(XCOUT)	P4_4						
8	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$							
9	XOUT	P4_7						
10	VSS/AVSS							
11	XIN	P4_6						
12	VCC/AVCC							
13		P3_7		TRA0	(RXD2/SCL2/TXD2/SDA2)	SSO	SDA	
14		P3_5		(TRCIOD)	(CLK2)	SSCK	SCL	
15		P3_4		(TRCIOB)	(RXD2/SCL2/TXD2/SDA2)	SSI		IVREF3
16		P3_3	$\overline{\text{INT3}}$	(TRCCLK)	($\overline{\text{CTS2}}$ /RTS2)	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$		IVCMP3
17		P2_7		(TRDIOD1)				
18		P2_6		(TRDIOB1)				
19		P2_5		(TRDIOA1)				
20		P2_4		(TRDIOA1)				
21		P2_3		(TRDIOD0)				
22		P2_2		(TRCIOB/ TRDIOB0)				
23		P2_1		(TRCIOB/ TRDIOB0)				
24		P2_0	($\overline{\text{INT1}}$)	(TRCIOB/ TRDIOA0/ TRDCLK)				
25		P3_6	($\overline{\text{INT1}}$)					
26		P3_1		(TRBO)				
27		P6_7	($\overline{\text{INT3}}$)	(TRCIOD)				
28		P6_6	$\overline{\text{INT2}}$	(TRCIOB)	(TXD2/SDA2)			
29		P6_5	$\overline{\text{INT4}}$	(TRCIOB)	(CLK1/CLK2)			
30		P4_5	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$		(RXD2/SCL2)			$\overline{\text{ADTRG}}$
31		P1_7	$\overline{\text{INT1}}$	(TRAIO)				IVCMP1
32		P1_6			(CLK0)			IVREF1
33		P1_5	($\overline{\text{INT1}}$)	(TRAIO)	(RXD0)			
34		P1_4		(TRCCLK)	(TXD0)			
35		P1_3	$\overline{\text{KI3}}$	TRBO (/TRCIOB)				AN11

Note:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

Table 1.7 Pin Functions (2)

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter and D/A converter
A/D converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter
	ADTRG	I	A/D external trigger input pin
D/A converter	DA0, DA1	O	D/A converter output pins
Comparator B	IVCMP1, IVCMP3	I	Comparator B analog voltage input pins
	IVREF1, IVREF3	I	Comparator B reference voltage input pins
I/O port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_3 to P4_7, P5_6, P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in the port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can be set to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program. All ports can be used as LED drive ports.
Input port	P4_2	I	Input-only port

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2, and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bits (R0H) and low-order bits (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. R1H and R1L are analogous to R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 and used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). R3R1 is analogous to R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. It is also used for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. A1 is analogous to A0. A1 can be combined with A0 and as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register that indicates the starting address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is 20 bits wide and indicates the address of the next instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointers (SP), USP and ISP, are each 16 bits wide. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is an 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains carry, borrow, or shift-out bits that have been generated by the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debugging only. Set it to 0.

2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in 0; otherwise to 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in a negative value; otherwise to 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

Register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. Register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when an operation results in an overflow; otherwise to 0.

Table 4.5 SFR Information (5) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	LIN Control Register 2	LINCR2	00h
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRES	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register	TREWK	00h
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0121h	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h
0127h			00h
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh
0129h			FFh
012Ah	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh
012Bh			FFh
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRCGRC	FFh
012Dh			FFh
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRCGRD	FFh
012Fh			FFh
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011000b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00h
0132h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	01111111b
0133h	Timer RC Trigger Control Register	TRCADCR	00h
0134h			
0135h	Timer RD Control Expansion Register	TRDECR	00h
0136h	Timer RD Trigger Control Register	TRDADC	00h
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	10000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOCR	00h
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h
013Fh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 1	TRDDF1	00h

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.10 SFR Information (10) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C70h	DTC Control Data 6	DTCD6	XXh
2C71h			XXh
2C72h			XXh
2C73h			XXh
2C74h			XXh
2C75h			XXh
2C76h			XXh
2C77h			XXh
2C78h	DTC Control Data 7	DTCD7	XXh
2C79h			XXh
2C7Ah			XXh
2C7Bh			XXh
2C7Ch			XXh
2C7Dh			XXh
2C7Eh			XXh
2C7Fh			XXh
2C80h	DTC Control Data 8	DTCD8	XXh
2C81h			XXh
2C82h			XXh
2C83h			XXh
2C84h			XXh
2C85h			XXh
2C86h			XXh
2C87h			XXh
2C88h	DTC Control Data 9	DTCD9	XXh
2C89h			XXh
2C8Ah			XXh
2C8Bh			XXh
2C8Ch			XXh
2C8Dh			XXh
2C8Eh			XXh
2C8Fh			XXh
2C90h	DTC Control Data 10	DTCD10	XXh
2C91h			XXh
2C92h			XXh
2C93h			XXh
2C94h			XXh
2C95h			XXh
2C96h			XXh
2C97h			XXh
2C98h	DTC Control Data 11	DTCD11	XXh
2C99h			XXh
2C9Ah			XXh
2C9Bh			XXh
2C9Ch			XXh
2C9Dh			XXh
2C9Eh			XXh
2C9Fh			XXh
2CA0h	DTC Control Data 12	DTCD12	XXh
2CA1h			XXh
2CA2h			XXh
2CA3h			XXh
2CA4h			XXh
2CA5h			XXh
2CA6h			XXh
2CA7h			XXh
2CA8h	DTC Control Data 13	DTCD13	XXh
2CA9h			XXh
2CAAh			XXh
2CABh			XXh
2CACH			XXh
2CADh			XXh
2CAEh			XXh
2CAFh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CF0h	DTC Control Data 22	DTCD22	XXh
2CF1h			XXh
2CF2h			XXh
2CF3h			XXh
2CF4h			XXh
2CF5h			XXh
2CF6h			XXh
2CF7h			XXh
2CF8h	DTC Control Data 23	DTCD23	XXh
2CF9h			XXh
2CFAh			XXh
2CFBh			XXh
2CFCh			XXh
2CFDh			XXh
2CFEh			XXh
2CFFh			XXh
2D00h			
⋮			
2FFFh			

X: Undefined

Note:

- The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.13 ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area

Address	Area Name	Symbol	After Reset
⋮			
FFDBh	Option Function Select Register 2	OFS2	(Note 1)
⋮			
FFDFh	ID1		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFE3h	ID2		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFEBh	ID3		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFEFh	ID4		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFF3h	ID5		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFF7h	ID6		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFFBh	ID7		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 1)

Notes:

- The option function select area is allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the option function select area. If the block including the option function select area is erased, the option function select area is set to FFh. When blank products are shipped, the option function select area is set to FFh. It is set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the option function select area is the value programmed by the user.
- The ID code areas are allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the ID code areas. If the block including the ID code areas is erased, the ID code areas are set to FFh. When blank products are shipped, the ID code areas are set to FFh. They are set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the ID code areas is the value programmed by the user.

Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter				Conditions	Standard			Unit
						Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage					1.8	–	5.5	V
Vss/AVss	Supply voltage					–	0	–	V
VIH	Input “H” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0.8 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
		CMOS input	Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection : 0.35 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.5 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.55 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.65 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
			Input level selection : 0.5 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.65 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.7 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.8 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.85 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.85 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.85 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
	External clock input (XOUT)				1.2	–	Vcc	V	
VIL	Input “L” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
		CMOS input	Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection : 0.35 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
			Input level selection : 0.5 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	0.4 Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	–	0.3 Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V	
				4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	0.55 Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	–	0.45 Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	–	0.35 Vcc	V	
	External clock input (XOUT)				0	–	0.4	V	
IoH(sum)	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins IoH(peak)				–	–	–160	mA
IoH(sum)	Average sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins IoH(avg)				–	–	–80	mA
IoH(peak)	Peak output “H” current	Drive capacity Low				–	–	–10	mA
		Drive capacity High				–	–	–40	mA
IoH(avg)	Average output “H” current	Drive capacity Low				–	–	–5	mA
		Drive capacity High				–	–	–20	mA
IoL(sum)	Peak sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins IoL(peak)				–	–	160	mA
IoL(sum)	Average sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins IoL(avg)				–	–	80	mA
IoL(peak)	Peak output “L” current	Drive capacity Low				–	–	10	mA
		Drive capacity High				–	–	40	mA
IoL(avg)	Average output “L” current	Drive capacity Low				–	–	5	mA
		Drive capacity High				–	–	20	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input oscillation frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz
f(XCIN)	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency				1.8 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	32.768	50	kHz
fOCO40M	When used as the count source for timer RC or timer RD ⁽³⁾				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	32	–	40	MHz
fOCO-F	fOCO-F frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz
–	System clock frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz
f(BCLK)	CPU clock frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz

Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 1.8 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.
3. f_{OCO40M} can be used as the count source for timer RC or timer RD in the range of V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5V.

Table 5.10 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet2	Voltage detection level Vdet2_0	At the falling of Vcc	3.70	4.00	4.30	V
—	Hysteresis width at the rising of Vcc in voltage detection 2 circuit		—	0.10	—	V
—	Voltage detection 2 circuit response time ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet2_0 – 0.1) V	—	20	150	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	—	1.7	—	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		—	—	100	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet2.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.11 Power-on Reset Circuit (2)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
trth	External power Vcc rise gradient	(1)	0	—	50,000	mV/msec

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVDAS bit in the OFS register to 0.

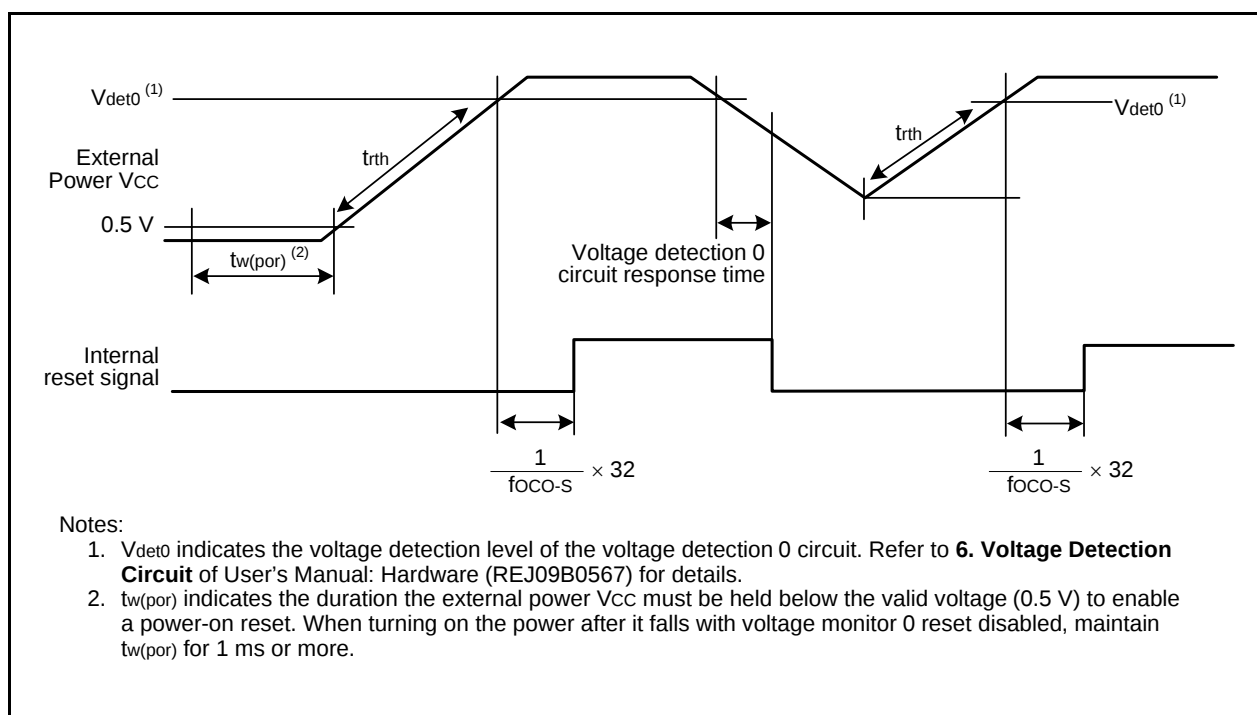
**Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Table 5.12 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency after reset	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	38.4	40	41.6	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	38.0	40	42.0	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA4 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA5 register correction value into the FRA3 register ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	35.389	36.864	38.338	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	35.020	36.864	38.707	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA6 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA7 register correction value into the FRA3 register	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	30.72	32	33.28	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	30.40	32	33.60	MHz
–	Oscillation stability time	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	0.5	3	ms
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	400	–	μA

Notes:

1. $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This enables the setting errors of bit rates such as 9600 bps and 38400 bps to be 0% when the serial interface is used in UART mode.

Table 5.13 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		60	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	30	100	μs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	2	–	μA

Note:

1. $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.14 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _d (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		–	–	2,000	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.

Table 5.15 Timing Requirements of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (1)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle time			4	–	–	tcyc (2)
tHI	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	–	0.6	tsucyc
tLO	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	–	0.6	tsucyc
tRISE	SSCK clock rising time	Master		–	–	1	tcyc (2)
		Slave		–	–	1	μs
tFALL	SSCK clock falling time	Master		–	–	1	tcyc (2)
		Slave		–	–	1	μs
tsu	SSO, SSI data input setup time			100	–	–	ns
tH	SSO, SSI data input hold time			1	–	–	tcyc (2)
tLEAD	SCS setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	–	–	ns
tLAG	SCS hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	–	–	ns
tOD	SSO, SSI data output delay time			–	–	1	tcyc (2)
tsa	SSI slave access time		2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 200	ns
tor	SSI slave out open time		2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 200	ns

Notes:

1. Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V and Topr = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1tcyc = 1/f1(s)

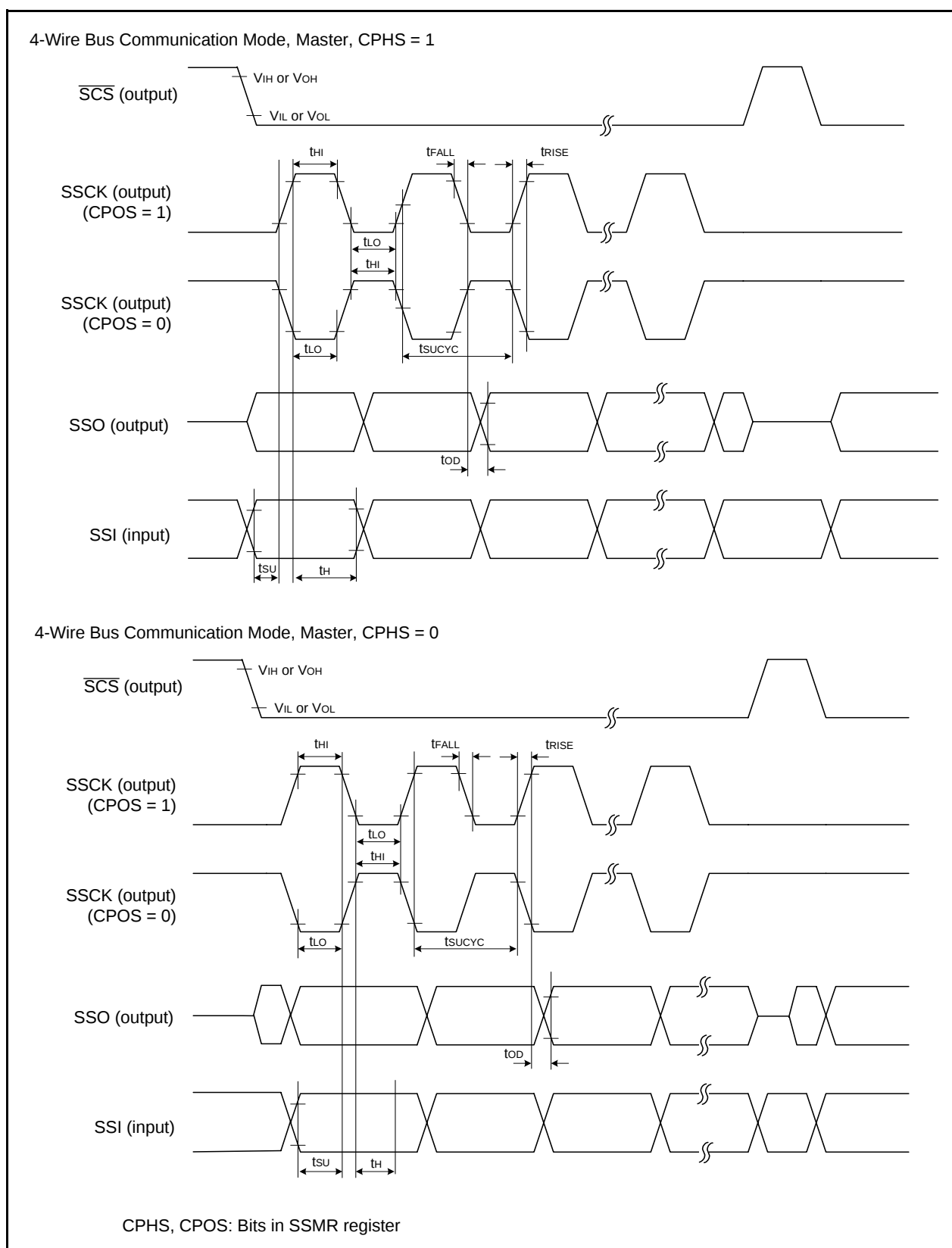


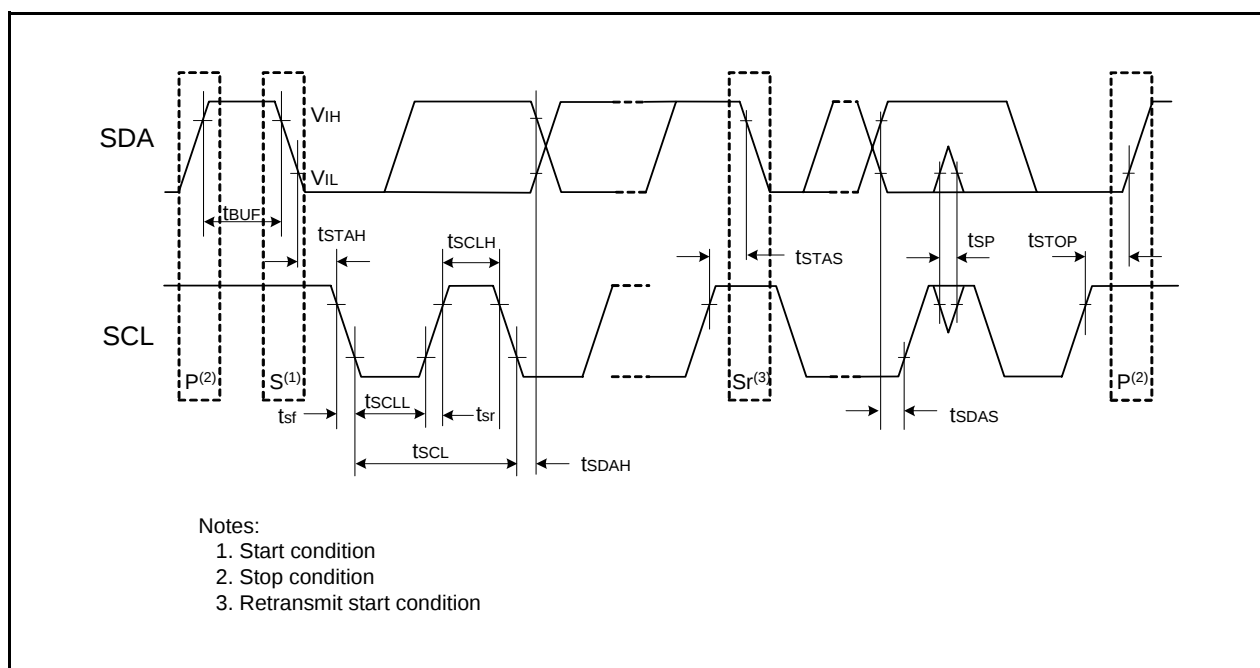
Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Master)

Table 5.16 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		12t _{cy} + 600 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		3t _{cy} + 300 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		5t _{cy} + 500 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t _{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	1t _{cy} (2)	ns
t _{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		5t _{cy} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		3t _{cy} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3t _{cy} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		3t _{cy} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SDAS}	Data input setup time		1t _{cy} + 40 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SDAH}	Data input hold time		10	–	–	ns

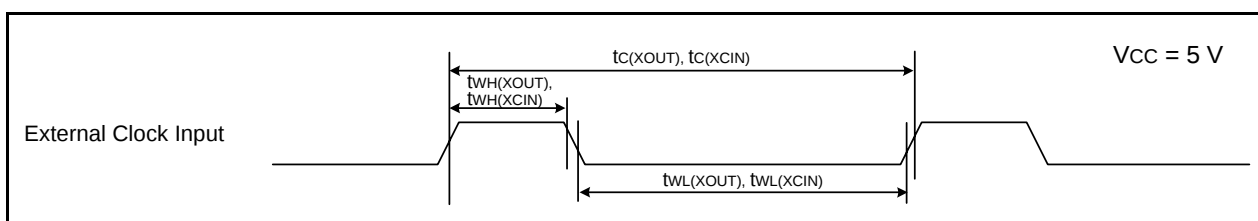
Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 1.8 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1t_{cy} = 1/f₁(s)

**Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface**

Timing Requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{op} = 25^\circ\text{C}$)****Table 5.19 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_c(\text{XOUT})$	XOUT input cycle time	50	—	ns
$t_{WH}(\text{XOUT})$	XOUT input "H" width	24	—	ns
$t_{WL}(\text{XOUT})$	XOUT input "L" width	24	—	ns
$t_c(\text{XCIN})$	XCIN input cycle time	14	—	μs
$t_{WH}(\text{XCIN})$	XCIN input "H" width	7	—	μs
$t_{WL}(\text{XCIN})$	XCIN input "L" width	7	—	μs

**Figure 5.8 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$** **Table 5.20 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_c(\text{TRAIO})$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	—	ns
$t_{WH}(\text{TRAIO})$	TRAIO input "H" width	40	—	ns
$t_{WL}(\text{TRAIO})$	TRAIO input "L" width	40	—	ns

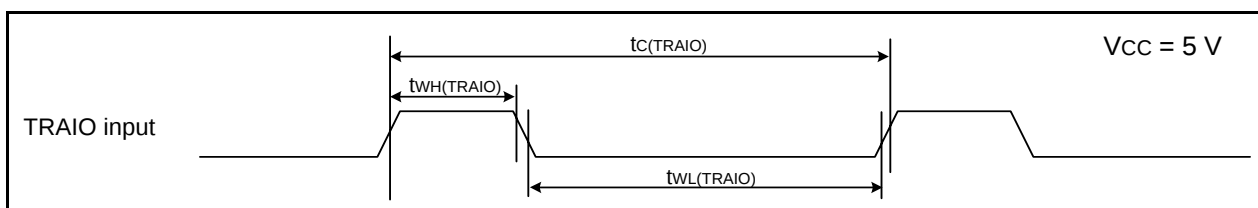
**Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$**

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} < 4.2 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OH} = −5 mA	V _{CC} − 0.5	–	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OH} = −1 mA	V _{CC} − 0.5	–	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT		I _{OH} = −200 μA	1.0	–	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OL} = 5 mA	–	–	0.5	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OL} = 1 mA	–	–	0.5	V
		XOUT		I _{OL} = 200 μA	–	–	0.5	V
V _{T+} –V _{T–}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, INT4, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRDIOA0, TRDIOB0, TRDIOC0, TRDIOD0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD1, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO	V _{CC} = 3.0 V		0.1	0.4	–	V
		RESET	V _{CC} = 3.0 V		0.1	0.5	–	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 3 V, V _{CC} = 3.0 V		–	–	4.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3.0 V		–	–	–4.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3.0 V		42	84	168	kΩ
R _{IXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			–	0.3	–	MΩ
R _{IXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			–	8	–	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	–	–	V

Note:

- 2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} < 4.2 V and T_{opr} = −20 to 85°C (N version) / −40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.24 Electrical Characteristics (4) [$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 3.3\text{ V}$]
($T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

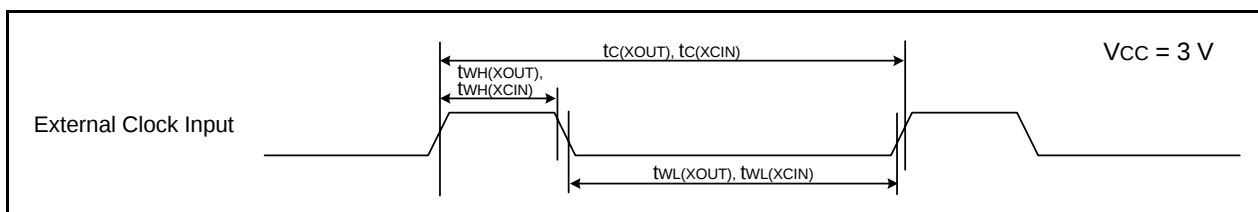
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current ($V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ to }3.3\text{ V}$) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	–	3.5	10	mA
			–	1.5	7.5	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	–	7.0	15	mA
			–	3.0	–	mA
			–	4.0	–	mA
			–	1.5	–	mA
			–	1	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	–	90	390	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	–	80	400	μA
		Wait mode	–	15	90	μA
		Stop mode	–	2.0	5.0	μA

Notes:

- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 16 Kbytes to 32 Kbytes.
- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 48 Kbytes to 128 Kbytes.

Timing Requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{op} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)****Table 5.25 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XOUT)}$	XOUT input cycle time	50	–	ns
$t_{WH(XOUT)}$	XOUT input “H” width	24	–	ns
$t_{WL(XOUT)}$	XOUT input “L” width	24	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	μs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	μs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	μs

**Figure 5.12 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.26 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	120	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	120	–	ns

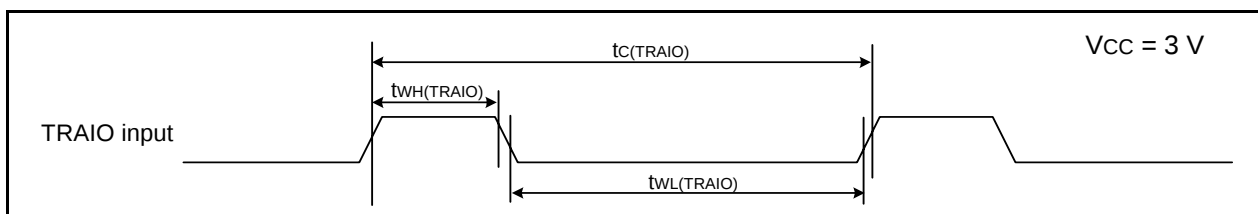
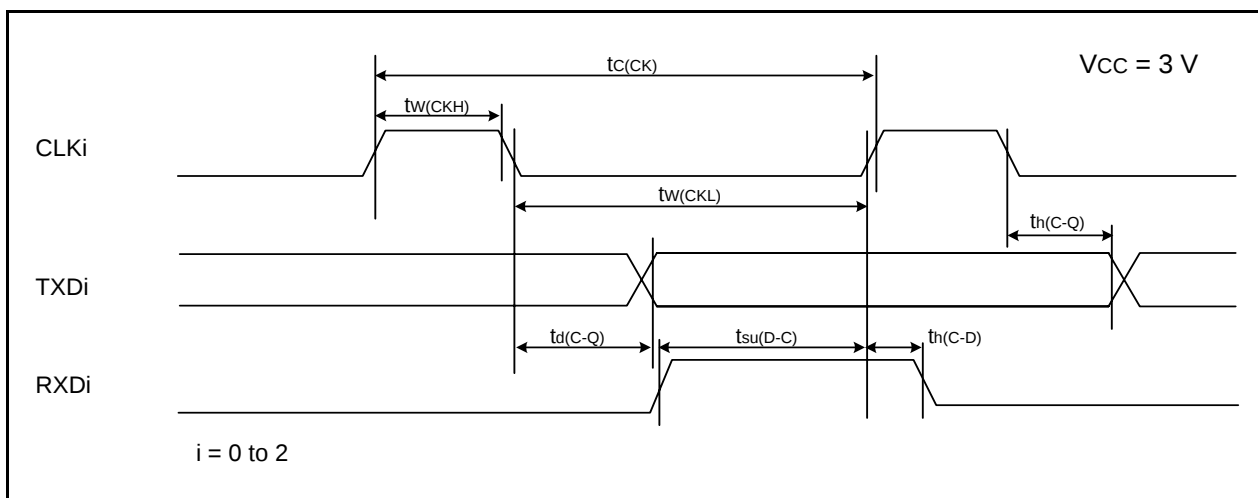
**Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$**

Table 5.27 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	150	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	150	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

i = 0 to 2

**Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V****Table 5.28 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0 to 4) Input, Key Input Interrupt $\overline{Kli}$ (i = 0 to 3)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "H" width, $\overline{Kli}$ input "H" width	380 (1)	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "L" width, $\overline{Kli}$ input "L" width	380 (2)	—	ns

Notes:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency $\times$ 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency $\times$ 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

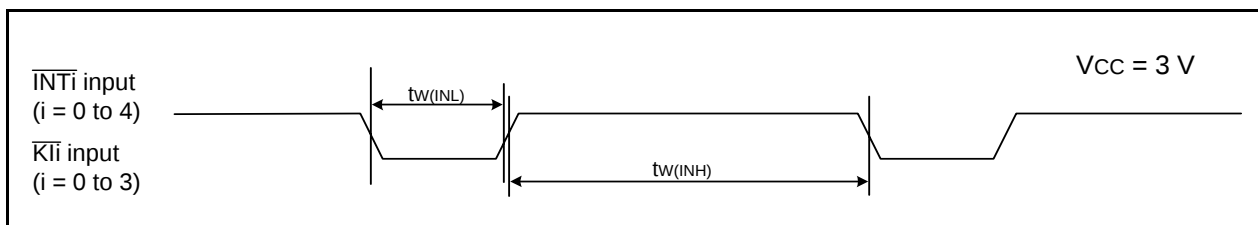
**Figure 5.15 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ and Key Input Interrupt $\overline{Kli}$ when Vcc = 3 V**

Table 5.29 Electrical Characteristics (5) [$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OH} = -2 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT		I _{OH} = -200 μ A	1.0	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OL} = 2 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OL} = 1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
		XOUT		I _{OL} = 200 μ A	—	—	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, INT4, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRDIOA0, TRDIOB0, TRDIOC0, TRDIOD0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD1, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.05	0.2	—	V
		RESET			0.05	0.20	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 2.2 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V		—	—	4.0	μ A
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V		—	—	-4.0	μ A
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V		70	140	300	k Ω
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	0.3	—	M Ω
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	8	—	M Ω
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

Note:

1. $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$ and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 5 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/35C Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.10	Sep. 01, 2009	–	First Edition issued
1.00	Aug. 24, 2010	All 4 27 to 53	“Preliminary” and “Under development” deleted Table1.3 revised 5. Electrical Characteristics added

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