

Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	47
Program Memory Size	48KB (48K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	52-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	52-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21357cnfp-v0

Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/35C Group (2)

Item	Function	Specification
Serial Interface	UART0, UART1 UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART × 2 channel Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART, I ² C mode (I ² C-bus), multiprocessor communication function
Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU)		1 (shared with I ² C-bus)
I ² C bus		1 (shared with SSU)
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 12 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2 circuits
Comparator B		2 circuits
Flash Memory		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V • Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM) • Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check • Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function • Background operation (BGO) function
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 1.8 to 5.5 V)
Current consumption		<p>Typ. 6.5 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 3.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 3.5 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) Typ. 2.0 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)</p>
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) (1)
Package		52-pin LQFP Package code: PLQP0052JA-A (previous code: 52P6A-A)

Note:

- Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a Block Diagram.

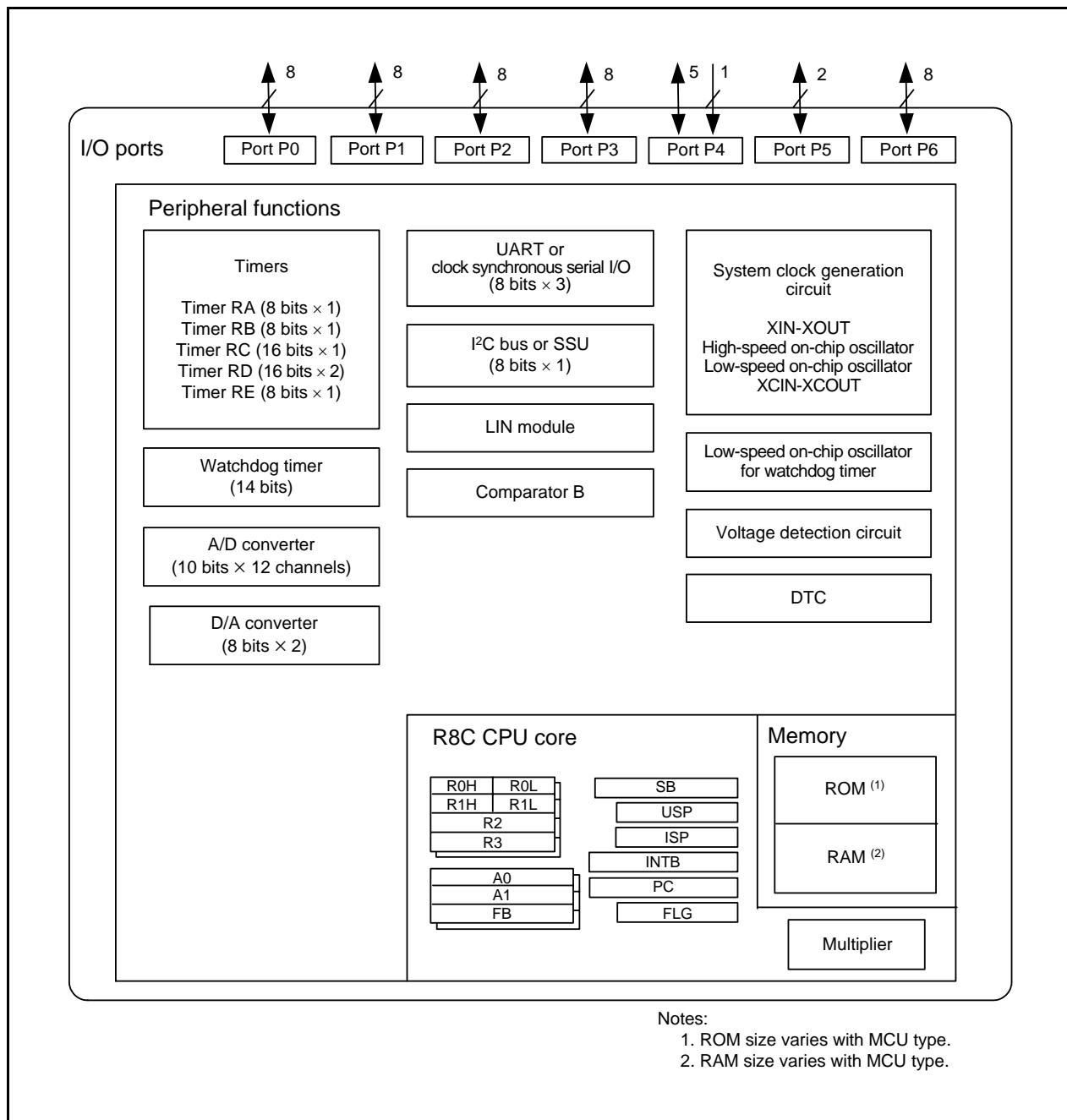


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

Table 1.4 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (1)

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I ² C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter, Comparator B
1		P5_6		(TRAO)				
2		P3_2	(INT1/INT2)	(TRAIO)				
3		P3_0		(TRAO)				
4		P4_2						VREF
5	MODE							
6	(XCIN)	P4_3						
7	(XCOUT)	P4_4						
8	RESET							
9	XOUT	P4_7						
10	VSS/AVSS							
11	XIN	P4_6						
12	VCC/AVCC							
13		P3_7		TRAO	(RXD2/SCL2/ TXD2/SDA2)	SSO	SDA	
14		P3_5		(TRCIOD)	(CLK2)	SSCK	SCL	
15		P3_4		(TRCIOC)	(RXD2/SCL2/ TXD2/SDA2)	SSI		IVREF3
16		P3_3	INT3	(TRCCLK)	(CTS2/RTS2)	SCS		IVCMP3
17		P2_7		(TRDIOD1)				
18		P2_6		(TRDIOC1)				
19		P2_5		(TRDIOB1)				
20		P2_4		(TRDIOA1)				
21		P2_3		(TRDIOD0)				
22		P2_2		(TRCIOD/ TRDIOB0)				
23		P2_1		(TRCIOC/ TRDIOC0)				
24		P2_0	(INT1)	(TRCIOB/ TRDIOA0/ TRDCLK)				
25		P3_6	(INT1)					
26		P3_1		(TRBO)				
27		P6_7	(INT3)	(TRCIOD)				
28		P6_6	INT2	(TRCIOC)	(TXD2/SDA2)			
29		P6_5	INT4	(TRCIOB)	(CLK1/CLK2)			
30		P4_5	INT0		(RXD2/SCL2)			ADTRG
31		P1_7	INT1	(TRAIO)				IVCMP1
32		P1_6			(CLK0)			IVREF1
33		P1_5	(INT1)	(TRAIO)	(RXD0)			
34		P1_4		(TRCCLK)	(TXD0)			
35		P1_3	KI3	TRBO (/TRCIOC)				AN11

Note:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

1.5 Pin Functions

Tables 1.6 and 1.7 list Pin Functions.

Table 1.6 Pin Functions (1)

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	—	Apply 1.8 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	—	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	RESET	I	Input “L” on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins ⁽¹⁾ . To use an external clock, input it to the XOUT pin and leave the XIN pin open.
XIN clock output	XOUT	I/O	
XCIN clock input	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOUT pins ⁽¹⁾ . To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOUT pin open.
XCIN clock output	XCOUT	O	
INT interrupt input	INT0 to INT4	I	INT interrupt input pins. INT0 is timer RB, RC and RD input pin.
Key input interrupt	KI0 to KI3	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
	TRAO	O	Timer RA output pin
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin
Timer RC	TRCCLK	I	External clock input pin
	TRCTRG	I	External trigger input pin
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOD, TRCIOD	I/O	Timer RC I/O pins
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O pins
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin
Timer RE	TREO	O	Divided clock output pin
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK1, CLK2	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pins
	RXD0, RXD1, RXD2	I	Serial data input pins
	TXD0, TXD1, TXD2	O	Serial data output pins
	CTS2	I	Transmission control input pin
	RTS2	O	Reception control output pin
	SCL2	I/O	I ² C mode clock I/O pin
I ² C bus	SDA2	I/O	I ² C mode data I/O pin
	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin
SSU	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin
	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin
	SCS	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin
SSO	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

Note:

1. Refer to the oscillator manufacturer for oscillation characteristics.

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

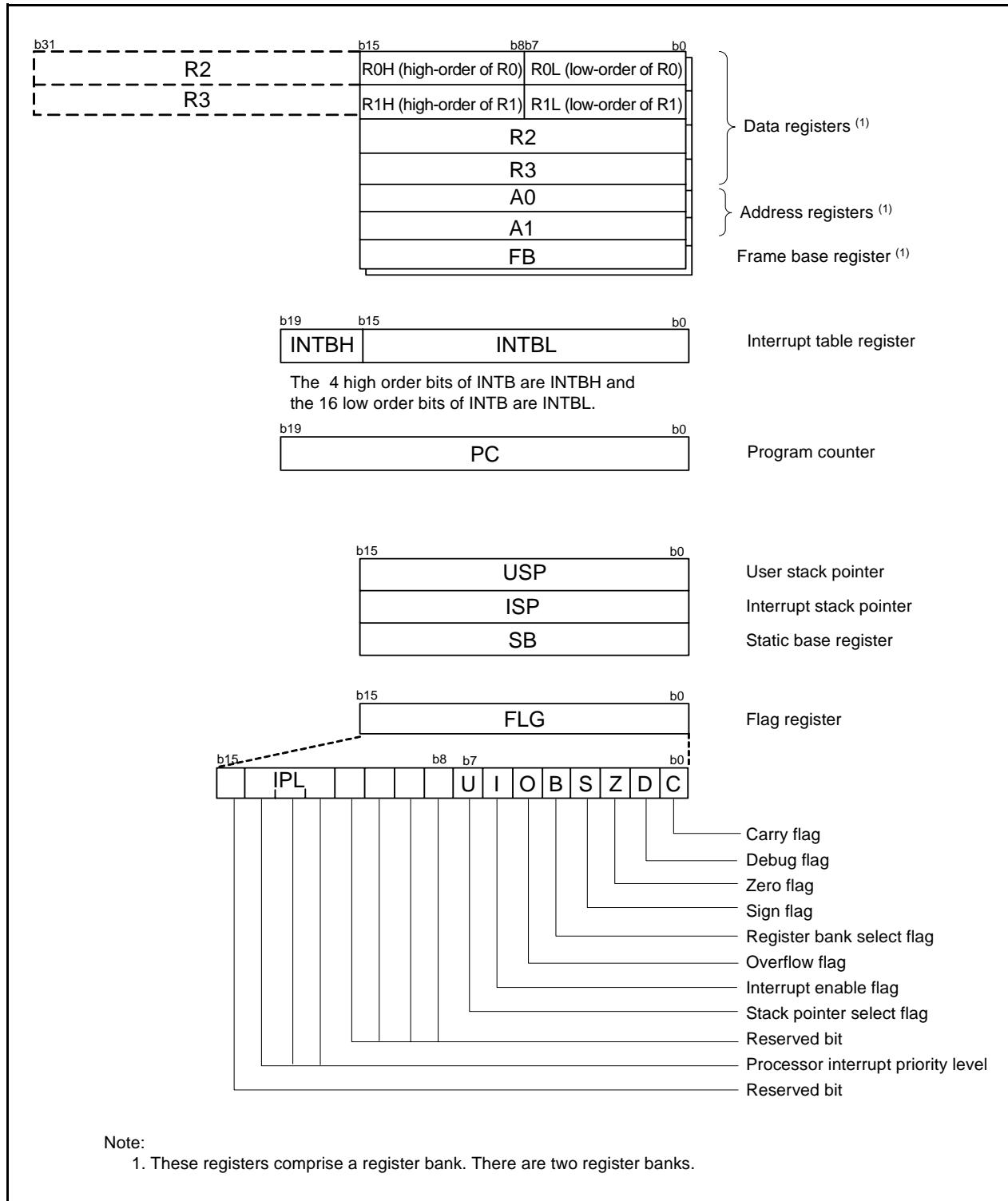


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/35C Group

Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/35C Group. The R8C/35C Group has a 1-Mbyte address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh. The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 32-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 08000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. The starting address of each interrupt routine is stored here.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 03000h to 03FFFh.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for data storage but also as a stack area when a subroutine is called or when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh and 02C00h to 02FFFh. Peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All unallocated spaces within the SFRs are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

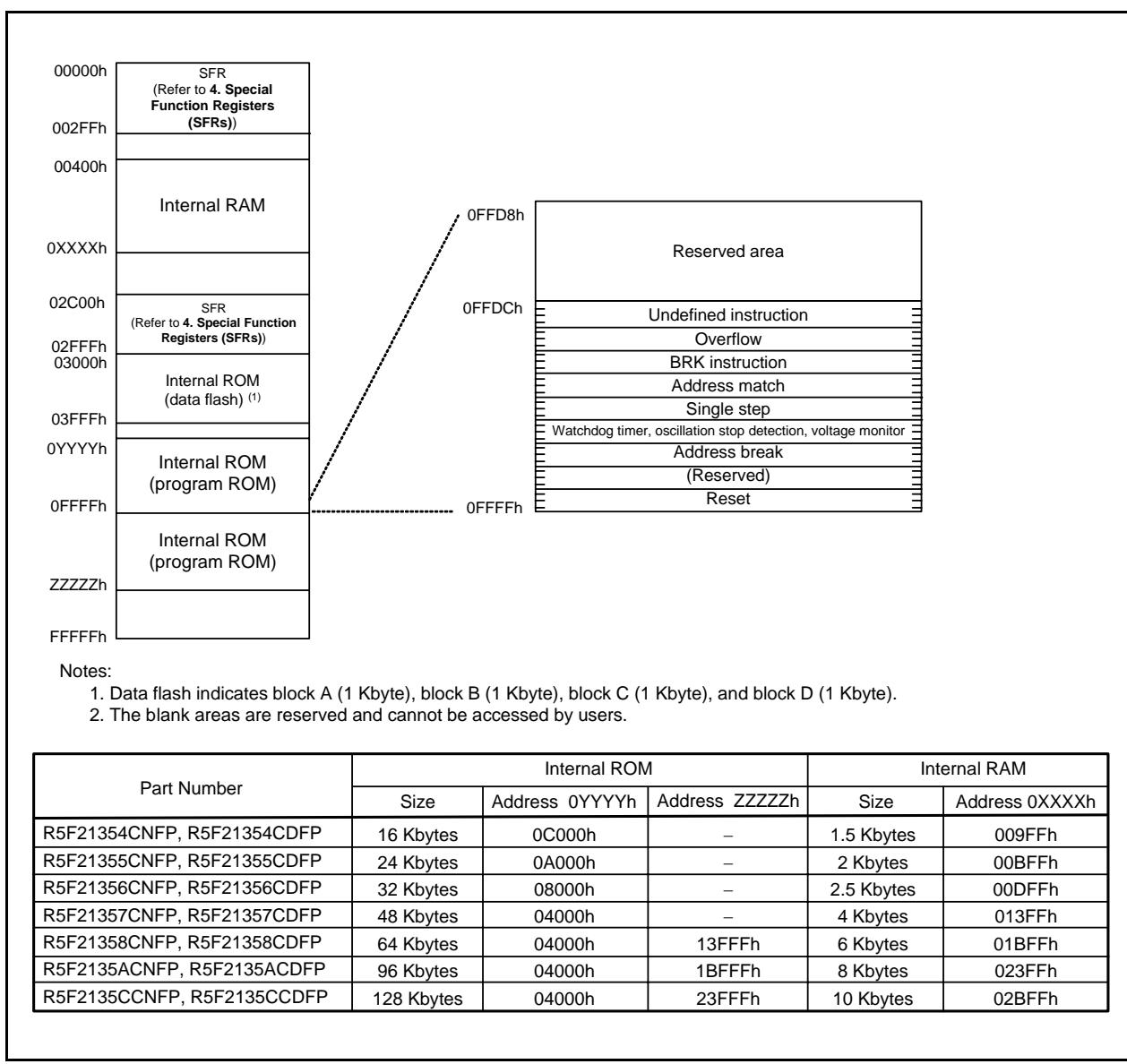


Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/35C Group

4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.12 list the special function registers and Table 4.13 lists the ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area.

Table 4.1 SFR Information (1) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	00101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	00100000b
0008h	Module Standby Control Register	MSTCR	00h
0009h	System Clock Control Register 3	CM3	00h
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh	Reset Source Determination Register	RSTFR	0XXXXXXXb (2)
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	Xxh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	Xxh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDTC	00111111b
0010h			
0011h			
0012h			
0013h			
0014h			
0015h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7	FRA7	When shipping
0016h			
0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh			
001Ch	Count Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b (3)
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h	On-Chip Reference Voltage Control Register	OCVREFCR	00h
0027h			
0028h	Clock Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
0029h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4	FRA4	When Shipping
002Ah	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 5	FRA5	When Shipping
002Bh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6	FRA6	When Shipping
002Ch			
002Dh			
002Eh			
002Fh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 3	FRA3	When shipping
0030h	Voltage Monitor Circuit Control Register	CMPA	00h
0031h	Voltage Monitor Circuit Edge Select Register	VCAC	00h
0032h			
0033h	Voltage Detect Register 1	VCA1	00001000b
0034h	Voltage Detect Register 2	VCA2	00h (4) 00100000b (5)
0035h			
0036h	Voltage Detection 1 Level Select Register	VD1LS	00000111b
0037h			
0038h	Voltage Monitor 0 Circuit Control Register	VW0C	1100X010b (4) 1100X011b (5)
0039h	Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register	VW1C	10001010b

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. The CWR bit in the RSTFR register is set to 0 after power-on and voltage monitor 0 reset. Hardware reset, software reset, or watchdog timer reset does not affect this bit.
3. The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.
4. The LVDAS bit in the OFS register is set to 1.
5. The LVDAS bit in the OFS register is set to 0.

Table 4.5 SFR Information (5) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	LIN Control Register 2	LINCR2	00h
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register	TREWK	00h
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0121h	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h 00h
0127h			
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh FFh
0129h			
012Ah	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh FFh
012Bh			
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRGRC	FFh FFh
012Dh			
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRGRD	FFh FFh
012Fh			
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011000b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00h
0132h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	01111111b
0133h	Timer RC Trigger Control Register	TRCADCR	00h
0134h			
0135h	Timer RD Control Expansion Register	TRDECR	00h
0136h	Timer RD Trigger Control Register	TRDADCR	00h
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	10000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOC	00h
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h
013Fh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 1	TRDDF1	00h

Note:

- The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0140h	Timer RD Control Register 0	TRDCR0	00h
0141h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A0	TRDIORA0	10001000b
0142h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C0	TRDIORC0	10001000b
0143h	Timer RD Status Register 0	TRDSR0	11100000b
0144h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0	TRDIER0	11100000b
0145h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	TRDPOCR0	11111000b
0146h	Timer RD Counter 0	TRD0	00h 00h
0147h			
0148h	Timer RD General Register A0	TRDGRA0	FFh FFh
0149h			
014Ah	Timer RD General Register B0	TRDGRB0	FFh FFh
014Bh			
014Ch	Timer RD General Register C0	TRDGRC0	FFh FFh
014Dh			
014Eh	Timer RD General Register D0	TRDGRD0	FFh FFh
014Fh			
0150h	Timer RD Control Register 1	TRDCR1	00h
0151h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A1	TRDIORA1	10001000b
0152h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C1	TRDIORC1	10001000b
0153h	Timer RD Status Register 1	TRDSR1	11000000b
0154h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1	TRDIER1	11100000b
0155h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1	TRDPOCR1	11111000b
0156h	Timer RD Counter 1	TRD1	00h 00h
0157h			
0158h	Timer RD General Register A1	TRDGRA1	FFh FFh
0159h			
015Ah	Timer RD General Register B1	TRDGRB1	FFh FFh
015Bh			
015Ch	Timer RD General Register C1	TRDGRC1	FFh FFh
015Dh			
015Eh	Timer RD General Register D1	TRDGRD1	FFh FFh
015Fh			
0160h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
0161h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	X _X h
0162h	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	X _X h X _X h
0163h			
0164h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
0165h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
0166h	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	X _X h X _X h
0167h			
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

X: Undefined

Note:

- The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

5. Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
Vi	Input voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Pd	Power dissipation	-40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	500	mW
Topr	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

Table 5.4 D/A Converter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Resolution		–	–	8	Bit
–	Absolute accuracy		–	–	2.5	LSB
tsu	Setup time		–	–	3	μs
Ro	Output resistor		–	6	–	kΩ
IVref	Reference power input current	(Note 2)	–	–	1.5	mA

Notes:

1. Vcc/AVcc = Vref = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This applies when one D/A converter is used and the value of the DAi register (i = 0 or 1) for the unused D/A converter is 00h. The resistor ladder of the A/D converter is not included.

Table 5.5 Comparator B Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vref	IVREF1, IVREF3 input reference voltage		0	–	Vcc – 1.4	V
Vi	IVCMP1, IVCMP3 input voltage		–0.3	–	Vcc + 0.3	V
–	Offset		–	5	100	mV
td	Comparator output delay time (2)	Vi = Vref ± 100 mV	–	0.1	–	μs
Icmp	Comparator operating current	Vcc = 5.0 V	–	17.5	–	μA

Notes:

1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the digital filter is disabled.

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance (2)		1,000 (3)	–	–	times
–	Byte program time		–	80	500	μs
–	Block erase time		–	0.3	–	s
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	5+CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	μs
–	Time from suspend until erase restart		–	–	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
td(CMDRST-READY)	Time from when command is forcibly terminated until reading is enabled		–	–	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		1.8	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		0	–	60	°C
–	Data hold time (7)	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

Notes:

1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.

2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance

The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.

If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.

However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).

3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.10 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{det2}	Voltage detection level V _{det2_0}	At the falling of V _{cc}	3.70	4.00	4.30	V
–	Hysteresis width at the rising of V _{cc} in voltage detection 2 circuit		–	0.10	–	V
–	Voltage detection 2 circuit response time (2)	At the falling of V _{cc} from 5 V to (V _{det2_0} – 0.1) V	–	20	150	μs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, V _{cc} = 5.0 V	–	1.7	–	μA
t _{d(E-A)}	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts (3)		–	–	100	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is V_{cc} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes V_{det2}.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.11 Power-on Reset Circuit (2)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _{rth}	External power V _{cc} rise gradient	(1)	0	–	50,000	mV/msec

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVDAS bit in the OFS register to 0.

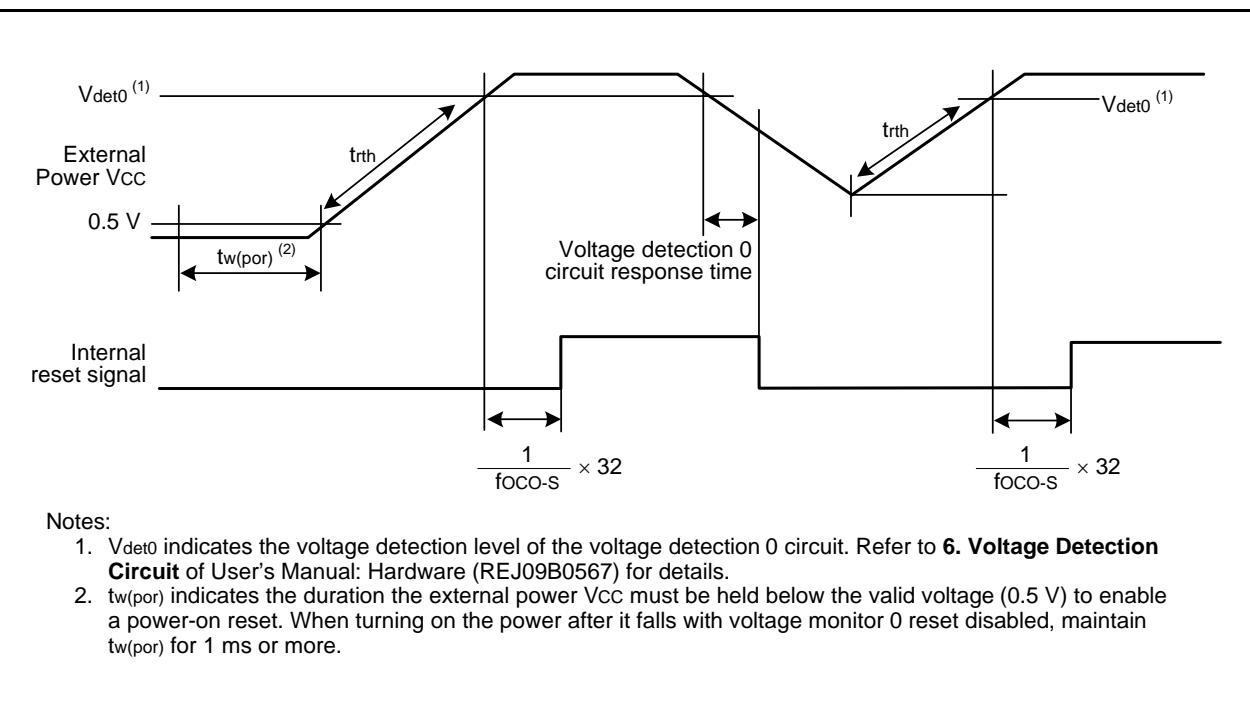
**Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Table 5.15 Timing Requirements of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
tsUCYC	SSCK clock cycle time		4	—	—	tcYC (2)
tH	SSCK clock "H" width		0.4	—	0.6	tsUCYC
tL0	SSCK clock "L" width		0.4	—	0.6	tsUCYC
tRISE	SSCK clock rising time	Master	—	—	1	tcYC (2)
		Slave	—	—	1	μs
tFALL	SSCK clock falling time	Master	—	—	1	tcYC (2)
		Slave	—	—	1	μs
tsu	SSO, SSI data input setup time		100	—	—	ns
tH	SSO, SSI data input hold time		1	—	—	tcYC (2)
tLEAD	SCS setup time	Slave	1tcYC + 50	—	—	ns
tLAG	SCS hold time	Slave	1tcYC + 50	—	—	ns
tOD	SSO, SSI data output delay time		—	—	1	tcYC (2)
tsA	SSI slave access time	2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	1.5tcYC + 100	ns
		1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	1.5tcYC + 200	ns
tOR	SSI slave out open time	2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	1.5tcYC + 100	ns
		1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	1.5tcYC + 200	ns

Notes:

1. Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1tcYC = 1/f₁(s)

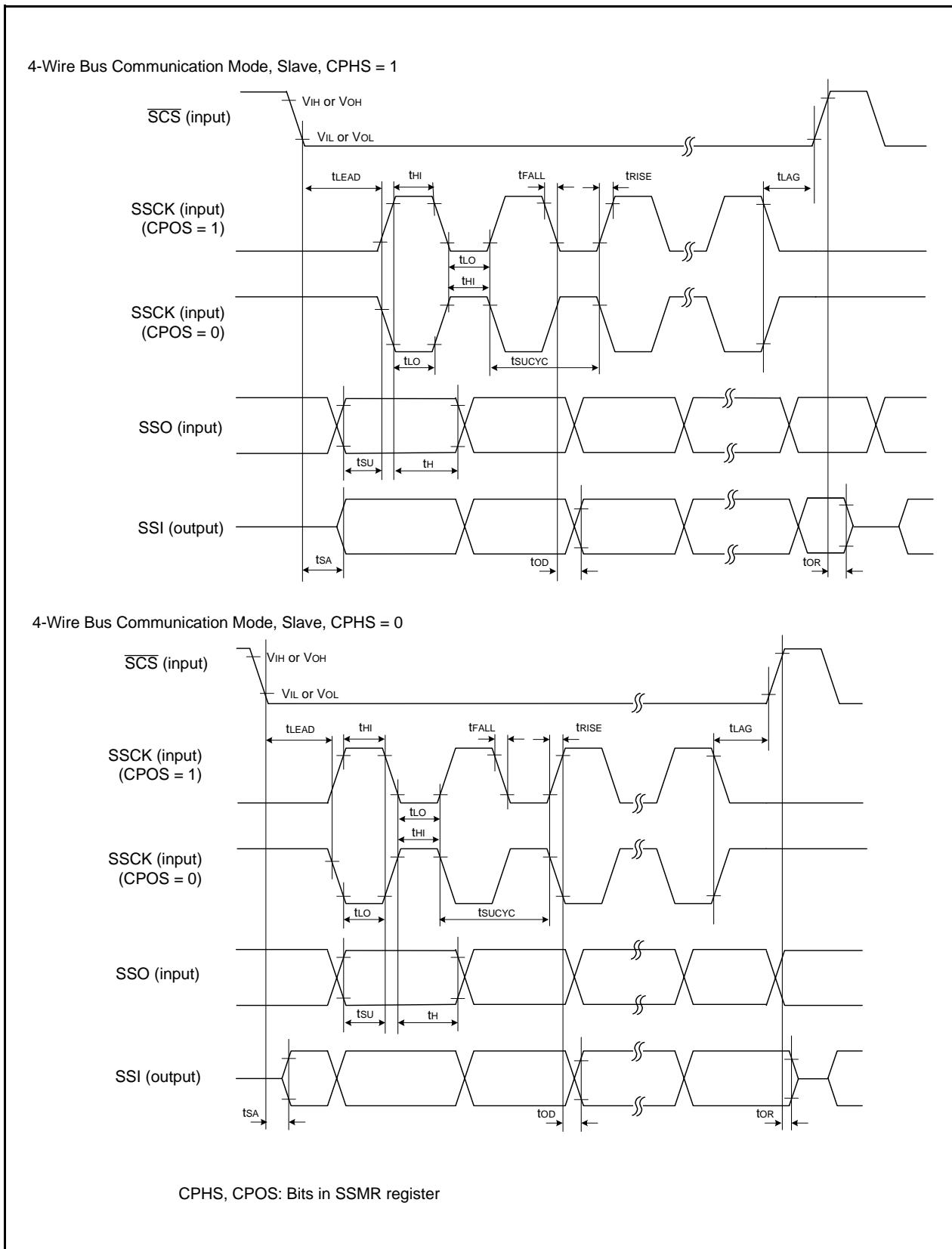


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Slave)

**Table 5.18 Electrical Characteristics (2) [3.3 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V]
(Topr = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	6.5	15	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.3	12.5	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	3.6	–	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	3.0	–	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.2	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	1.5	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	7.0	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	3.0	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16, MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	–	1	–	mA
	Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	–	90	400	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	–	85	400	μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	47	–	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	15	100	μA
	Stop mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	4	90	μA	
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	3.5	–	μA
		XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1, Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	2.0	5.0	μA	
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1, Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	5.0 (1)	–	μA
					15 (2)		

Notes:

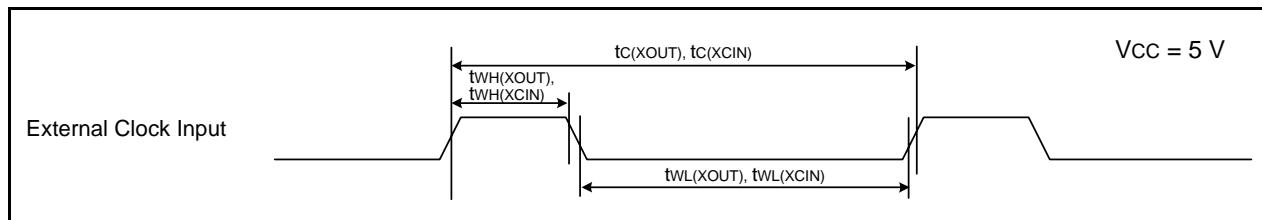
- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 16 Kbytes to 32 Kbytes.
- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 48 Kbytes to 128 Kbytes.

Timing Requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 5 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C)

Table 5.19 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(XOUT)	XOUT input cycle time	50	—	ns
tWH(XOUT)	XOUT input "H" width	24	—	ns
tWL(XOUT)	XOUT input "L" width	24	—	ns
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	—	μs
tWH(XCIN)	XCIN input "H" width	7	—	μs
tWL(XCIN)	XCIN input "L" width	7	—	μs

**Figure 5.8 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 5 V****Table 5.20 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	100	—	ns
tWH(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "H" width	40	—	ns
tWL(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "L" width	40	—	ns

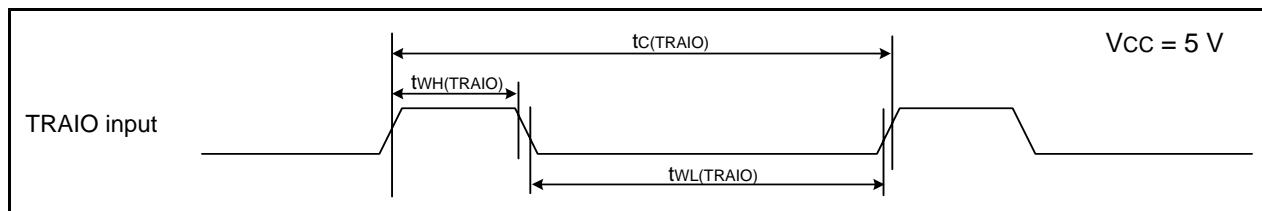
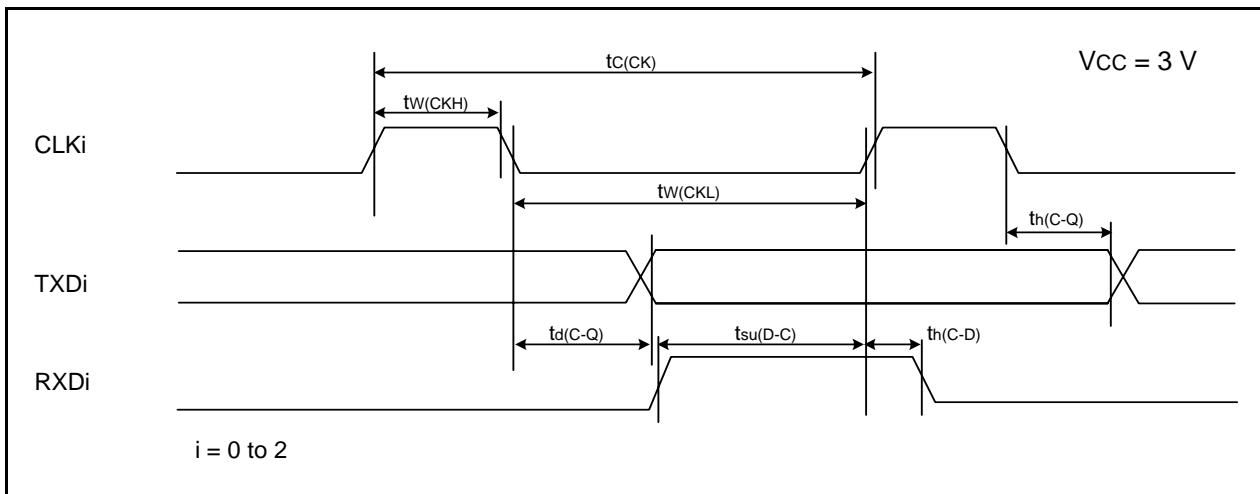
**Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

Table 5.27 Serial Interface

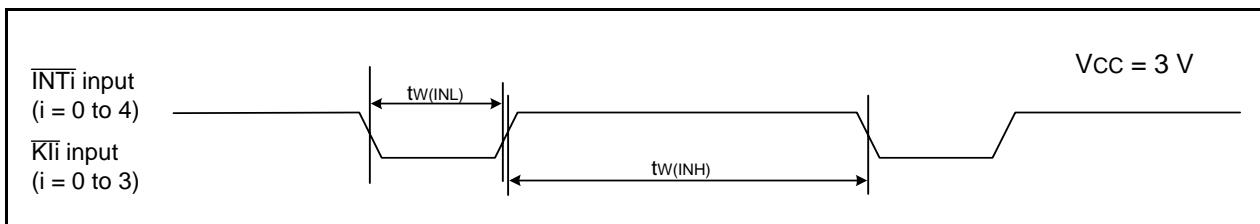
Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLK <i>i</i> input cycle time	300	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLK <i>i</i> input "H" width	150	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLK <i>i</i> Input "L" width	150	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> output delay time	—	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> input setup time	70	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> input hold time	90	—	ns

 $i = 0 \text{ to } 2$ **Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when $V_{cc} = 3 \text{ V}$** **Table 5.28 External Interrupt $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ ($i = 0 \text{ to } 4$) Input, Key Input Interrupt $\overline{\text{K}}_i$ ($i = 0 \text{ to } 3$)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(\overline{\text{INH}})}$	$\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input "H" width, $\overline{\text{K}}_i$ input "H" width	380 (1)	—	ns
$t_{w(\overline{\text{INL}})}$	$\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input "L" width, $\overline{\text{K}}_i$ input "L" width	380 (2)	—	ns

Notes:

- When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency \times 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency \times 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.15 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ and Key Input Interrupt $\overline{\text{K}}_i$ when $V_{cc} = 3 \text{ V}$**

**Table 5.30 Electrical Characteristics (6) [1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V]
(Topr = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

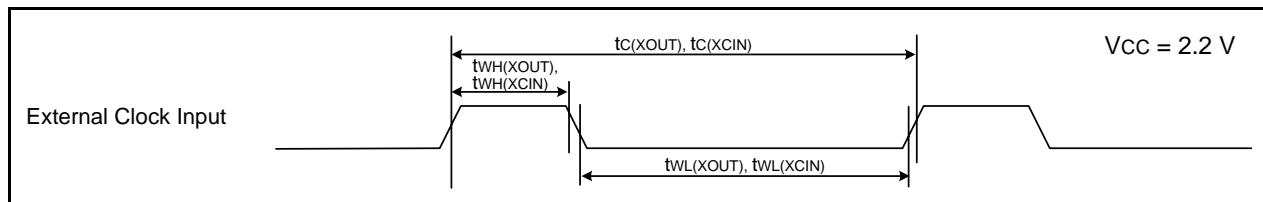
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 1.8 to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	2.2	– mA
			XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	0.8	– mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	2.5	10 mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	1.7	– mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16 MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	–	1	– mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	–	90	300 μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	–	80	350 μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division, Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0	–	40	– μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	15	90 μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	4	80 μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	3.5	– μA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	2.0	5 μA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	5.0 (1)	– μA
					15 (2)	

Notes:

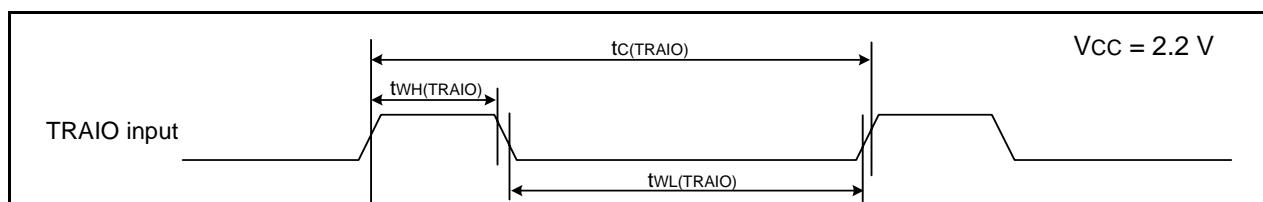
- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 16 Kbytes to 32 Kbytes.
- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 48 Kbytes to 128 Kbytes.

Timing Requirements(Unless Otherwise Specified: V_{CC} = 2.2 V, V_{SS} = 0 V at T_{OPR} = 25°C)**Table 5.31 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
t _C (XOUT)	XOUT input cycle time	200	—	ns
t _{WH} (XOUT)	XOUT input "H" width	90	—	ns
t _{WL} (XOUT)	XOUT input "L" width	90	—	ns
t _C (XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	—	μs
t _{WH} (XCIN)	XCIN input "H" width	7	—	μs
t _{WL} (XCIN)	XCIN input "L" width	7	—	μs

**Figure 5.16 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 2.2 V****Table 5.32 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
t _C (TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	500	—	ns
t _{WH} (TRAIO)	TRAIO input "H" width	200	—	ns
t _{WL} (TRAIO)	TRAIO input "L" width	200	—	ns

**Figure 5.17 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when V_{CC} = 2.2 V**