

Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

| Details | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Product Status | Obsolete |
| Core Processor | R8C |
| Core Size | 16-Bit |
| Speed | 20MHz |
| Connectivity | I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART |
| Peripherals | POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT |
| Number of I/O | 47 |
| Program Memory Size | 96KB (96K x 8) |
| Program Memory Type | FLASH |
| EEPROM Size | 4K x 8 |
| RAM Size | 8K x 8 |
| Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd) | 1.8V ~ 5.5V |
| Data Converters | A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b |
| Oscillator Type | Internal |
| Operating Temperature | -20°C ~ 85°C (TA) |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Package / Case | 52-LQFP |
| Supplier Device Package | 52-LQFP (10x10) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f2135acnfp-v0 |

Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/35C Group (2)

| Item | Function | Specification |
|---|--------------|--|
| Serial Interface | UART0, UART1 | Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART x 2 channel |
| | UART2 | Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART, I ² C mode (I ² C-bus), multiprocessor communication function |
| Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) | | 1 (shared with I ² C-bus) |
| I ² C bus | | 1 (shared with SSU) |
| LIN Module | | Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0) |
| A/D Converter | | 10-bit resolution x 12 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode |
| D/A Converter | | 8-bit resolution x 2 circuits |
| Comparator B | | 2 circuits |
| Flash Memory | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V • Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM) • Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check • Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function • Background operation (BGO) function |
| Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage | | f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 1.8 to 5.5 V) |
| Current consumption | | Typ. 6.5 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 3.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 3.5 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) Typ. 2.0 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode) |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | | -20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) (1) |
| Package | | 52-pin LQFP Package code: PLQP0052JA-A (previous code: 52P6A-A) |

Note:

1. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.

1.4 Pin Assignment

Figure 1.3 shows the Pin Assignment (Top View). Tables 1.4 and 1.5 outline the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

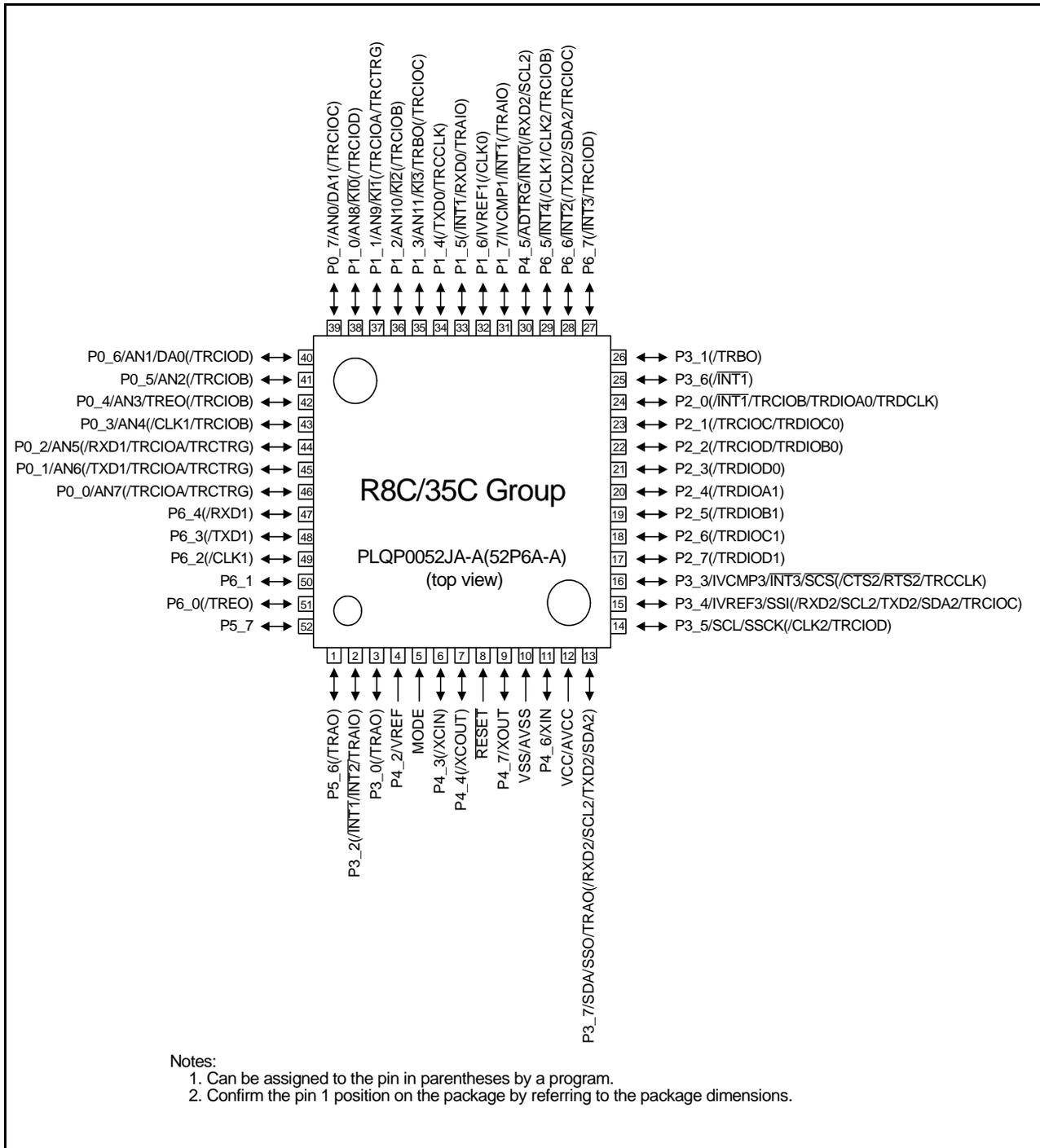


Figure 1.3 Pin Assignment (Top View)

Table 1.4 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (1)

| Pin Number | Control Pin | Port | I/O Pin Functions for Peripheral Modules | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------|------|---|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | | Interrupt | Timer | Serial Interface | SSU | I ² C bus | A/D Converter, D/A Converter, Comparator B |
| 1 | | P5_6 | | (TRA0) | | | | |
| 2 | | P3_2 | ($\overline{\text{INT1}}/\overline{\text{INT2}}$) | (TRAIO) | | | | |
| 3 | | P3_0 | | (TRA0) | | | | |
| 4 | | P4_2 | | | | | | VREF |
| 5 | MODE | | | | | | | |
| 6 | (XCIN) | P4_3 | | | | | | |
| 7 | (XCOUT) | P4_4 | | | | | | |
| 8 | $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ | | | | | | | |
| 9 | XOUT | P4_7 | | | | | | |
| 10 | VSS/AVSS | | | | | | | |
| 11 | XIN | P4_6 | | | | | | |
| 12 | VCC/AVCC | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | P3_7 | | TRA0 | (RXD2/SCL2/ TXD2/SDA2) | SSO | SDA | |
| 14 | | P3_5 | | (TRCIOD) | (CLK2) | SSCK | SCL | |
| 15 | | P3_4 | | (TRCIOC) | (RXD2/SCL2/ TXD2/SDA2) | SSI | | IVREF3 |
| 16 | | P3_3 | $\overline{\text{INT3}}$ | (TRCCLK) | ($\overline{\text{CTS2}}/\overline{\text{RTS2}}$) | $\overline{\text{SCS}}$ | | IVCMP3 |
| 17 | | P2_7 | | (TRDIOD1) | | | | |
| 18 | | P2_6 | | (TRDIOC1) | | | | |
| 19 | | P2_5 | | (TRDIOB1) | | | | |
| 20 | | P2_4 | | (TRDIOA1) | | | | |
| 21 | | P2_3 | | (TRDIOD0) | | | | |
| 22 | | P2_2 | | (TRCIOD/ TRDIOB0) | | | | |
| 23 | | P2_1 | | (TRCIOC/ TRDIOC0) | | | | |
| 24 | | P2_0 | ($\overline{\text{INT1}}$) | (TRCIOB/ TRDIOA0/ TRDCLK) | | | | |
| 25 | | P3_6 | ($\overline{\text{INT1}}$) | | | | | |
| 26 | | P3_1 | | (TRBO) | | | | |
| 27 | | P6_7 | ($\overline{\text{INT3}}$) | (TRCIOD) | | | | |
| 28 | | P6_6 | $\overline{\text{INT2}}$ | (TRCIOC) | (TXD2/SDA2) | | | |
| 29 | | P6_5 | $\overline{\text{INT4}}$ | (TRCIOB) | (CLK1/CLK2) | | | |
| 30 | | P4_5 | $\overline{\text{INT0}}$ | | (RXD2/SCL2) | | | $\overline{\text{ADTRG}}$ |
| 31 | | P1_7 | $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ | (TRAIO) | | | | IVCMP1 |
| 32 | | P1_6 | | | (CLK0) | | | IVREF1 |
| 33 | | P1_5 | ($\overline{\text{INT1}}$) | (TRAIO) | (RXD0) | | | |
| 34 | | P1_4 | | (TRCCLK) | (TXD0) | | | |
| 35 | | P1_3 | $\overline{\text{KI3}}$ | TRBO (/TRCIOC) | | | | AN11 |

Note:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

Table 1.5 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (2)

| Pin Number | Control Pin | Port | I/O Pin Functions for Peripheral Modules | | | | | |
|------------|-------------|------|--|---------------------|------------------|-----|----------------------|--|
| | | | Interrupt | Timer | Serial Interface | SSU | I ² C bus | A/D Converter, D/A Converter, Comparator B |
| 36 | | P1_2 | $\overline{KI2}$ | (TRCIOB) | | | | AN10 |
| 37 | | P1_1 | $\overline{KI1}$ | (TRCIOA/ TRCTRG) | | | | AN9 |
| 38 | | P1_0 | $\overline{KI0}$ | (TRCIOD) | | | | AN8 |
| 39 | | P0_7 | | (TRCIOA) | | | | AN0/DA1 |
| 40 | | P0_6 | | (TRCIOD) | | | | AN1/DA0 |
| 41 | | P0_5 | | (TRCIOB) | | | | AN2 |
| 42 | | P0_4 | | TREO (/TRCIOB) | | | | AN3 |
| 43 | | P0_3 | | (TRCIOB) | (CLK1) | | | AN4 |
| 44 | | P0_2 | | (TRCIOA/ TRCTRG) | (RXD1) | | | AN5 |
| 45 | | P0_1 | | (TRCIOA/ TRCTRG) | (TXD1) | | | AN6 |
| 46 | | P0_0 | | (TRCIOA/ TRCTRG) | | | | AN7 |
| 47 | | P6_4 | | | (RXD1) | | | |
| 48 | | P6_3 | | | (TXD1) | | | |
| 49 | | P6_2 | | | (CLK1) | | | |
| 50 | | P6_1 | | | | | | |
| 51 | | P6_0 | | (TREO) | | | | |
| 52 | | P5_7 | | | | | | |

Note:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

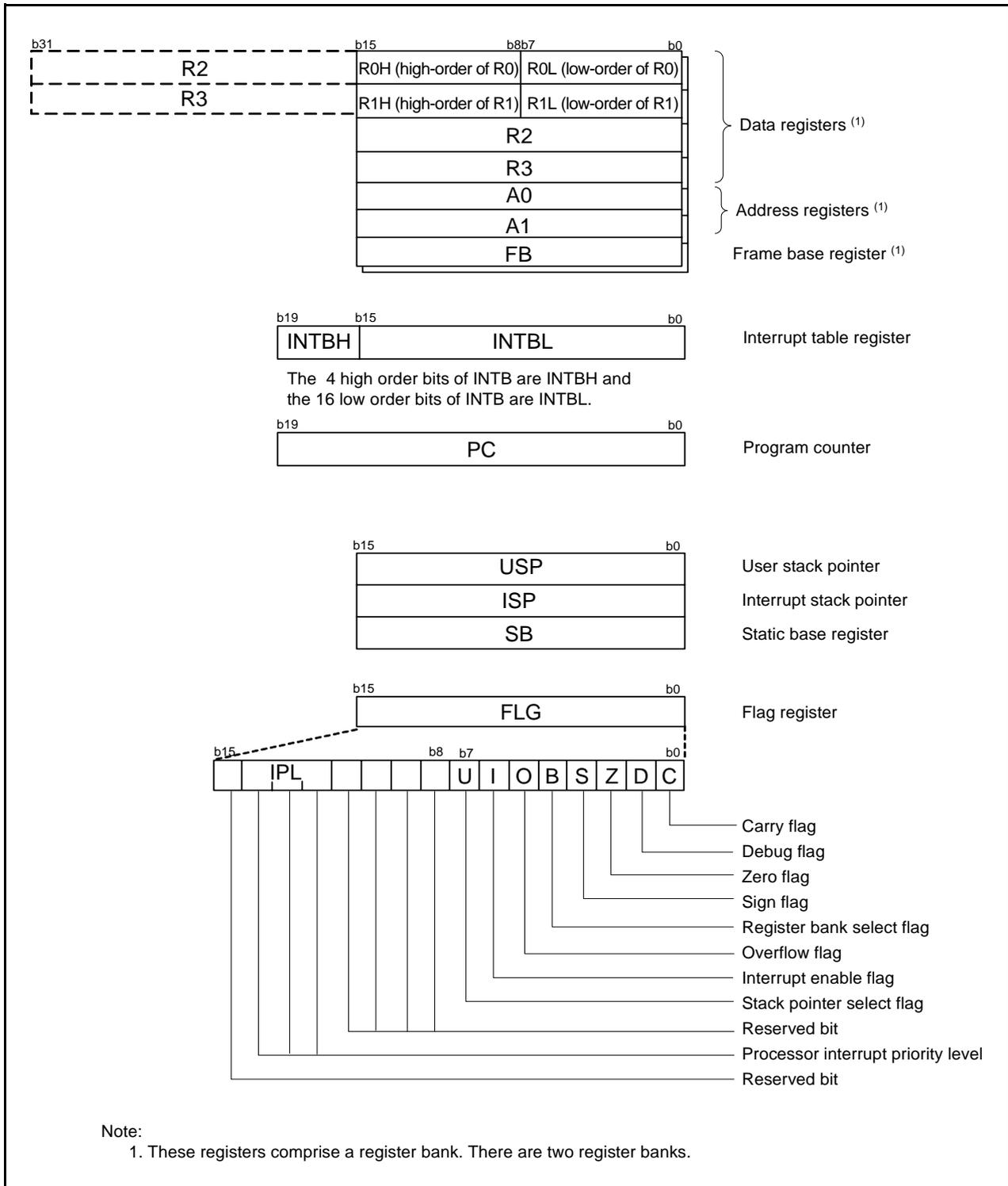


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

Table 4.3 SFR Information (3) (1)

| Address | Register | Symbol | After Reset |
|---------|---|--------|-------------|
| 0080h | DTC Activation Control Register | DTCTL | 00h |
| 0081h | | | |
| 0082h | | | |
| 0083h | | | |
| 0084h | | | |
| 0085h | | | |
| 0086h | | | |
| 0087h | | | |
| 0088h | DTC Activation Enable Register 0 | DTCEN0 | 00h |
| 0089h | DTC Activation Enable Register 1 | DTCEN1 | 00h |
| 008Ah | DTC Activation Enable Register 2 | DTCEN2 | 00h |
| 008Bh | DTC Activation Enable Register 3 | DTCEN3 | 00h |
| 008Ch | DTC Activation Enable Register 4 | DTCEN4 | 00h |
| 008Dh | DTC Activation Enable Register 5 | DTCEN5 | 00h |
| 008Eh | DTC Activation Enable Register 6 | DTCEN6 | 00h |
| 008Fh | | | |
| 0090h | | | |
| 0091h | | | |
| 0092h | | | |
| 0093h | | | |
| 0094h | | | |
| 0095h | | | |
| 0096h | | | |
| 0097h | | | |
| 0098h | | | |
| 0099h | | | |
| 009Ah | | | |
| 009Bh | | | |
| 009Ch | | | |
| 009Dh | | | |
| 009Eh | | | |
| 009Fh | | | |
| 00A0h | UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register | U0MR | 00h |
| 00A1h | UART0 Bit Rate Register | U0BRG | XXh |
| 00A2h | UART0 Transmit Buffer Register | U0TB | XXh |
| 00A3h | | | XXh |
| 00A4h | UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0 | U0C0 | 00001000b |
| 00A5h | UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1 | U0C1 | 00000010b |
| 00A6h | UART0 Receive Buffer Register | U0RB | XXh |
| 00A7h | | | XXh |
| 00A8h | UART2 Transmit/Receive Mode Register | U2MR | 00h |
| 00A9h | UART2 Bit Rate Register | U2BRG | XXh |
| 00AAh | UART2 Transmit Buffer Register | U2TB | XXh |
| 00ABh | | | XXh |
| 00ACh | UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0 | U2C0 | 00001000b |
| 00ADh | UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1 | U2C1 | 00000010b |
| 00AEh | UART2 Receive Buffer Register | U2RB | XXh |
| 00AFh | | | XXh |
| 00B0h | UART2 Digital Filter Function Select Register | URXDF | 00h |
| 00B1h | | | |
| 00B2h | | | |
| 00B3h | | | |
| 00B4h | | | |
| 00B5h | | | |
| 00B6h | | | |
| 00B7h | | | |
| 00B8h | | | |
| 00B9h | | | |
| 00BAh | | | |
| 00BBh | UART2 Special Mode Register 5 | U2SMR5 | 00h |
| 00BCh | UART2 Special Mode Register 4 | U2SMR4 | 00h |
| 00BDh | UART2 Special Mode Register 3 | U2SMR3 | 000X0X0Xb |
| 00BEh | UART2 Special Mode Register 2 | U2SMR2 | X0000000b |
| 00BFh | UART2 Special Mode Register | U2SMR | X0000000b |

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) (1)

| Address | Register | Symbol | After Reset |
|---------|---|----------|-------------|
| 0140h | Timer RD Control Register 0 | TRDCR0 | 00h |
| 0141h | Timer RD I/O Control Register A0 | TRDIORA0 | 10001000b |
| 0142h | Timer RD I/O Control Register C0 | TRDIORC0 | 10001000b |
| 0143h | Timer RD Status Register 0 | TRDSR0 | 11100000b |
| 0144h | Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0 | TRDIER0 | 11100000b |
| 0145h | Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0 | TRDPOCR0 | 11111000b |
| 0146h | Timer RD Counter 0 | TRD0 | 00h |
| 0147h | | | 00h |
| 0148h | Timer RD General Register A0 | TRDGRA0 | FFh |
| 0149h | | | FFh |
| 014Ah | Timer RD General Register B0 | TRDGRB0 | FFh |
| 014Bh | | | FFh |
| 014Ch | Timer RD General Register C0 | TRDGRC0 | FFh |
| 014Dh | | | FFh |
| 014Eh | Timer RD General Register D0 | TRDGRD0 | FFh |
| 014Fh | | | FFh |
| 0150h | Timer RD Control Register 1 | TRDCR1 | 00h |
| 0151h | Timer RD I/O Control Register A1 | TRDIORA1 | 10001000b |
| 0152h | Timer RD I/O Control Register C1 | TRDIORC1 | 10001000b |
| 0153h | Timer RD Status Register 1 | TRDSR1 | 11000000b |
| 0154h | Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1 | TRDIER1 | 11100000b |
| 0155h | Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1 | TRDPOCR1 | 11111000b |
| 0156h | Timer RD Counter 1 | TRD1 | 00h |
| 0157h | | | 00h |
| 0158h | Timer RD General Register A1 | TRDGRA1 | FFh |
| 0159h | | | FFh |
| 015Ah | Timer RD General Register B1 | TRDGRB1 | FFh |
| 015Bh | | | FFh |
| 015Ch | Timer RD General Register C1 | TRDGRC1 | FFh |
| 015Dh | | | FFh |
| 015Eh | Timer RD General Register D1 | TRDGRD1 | FFh |
| 015Fh | | | FFh |
| 0160h | UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register | U1MR | 00h |
| 0161h | UART1 Bit Rate Register | U1BRG | XXh |
| 0162h | UART1 Transmit Buffer Register | U1TB | XXh |
| 0163h | | | XXh |
| 0164h | UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0 | U1C0 | 00001000b |
| 0165h | UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1 | U1C1 | 00000010b |
| 0166h | UART1 Receive Buffer Register | U1RB | XXh |
| 0167h | | | XXh |
| 0168h | | | |
| 0169h | | | |
| 016Ah | | | |
| 016Bh | | | |
| 016Ch | | | |
| 016Dh | | | |
| 016Eh | | | |
| 016Fh | | | |
| 0170h | | | |
| 0171h | | | |
| 0172h | | | |
| 0173h | | | |
| 0174h | | | |
| 0175h | | | |
| 0176h | | | |
| 0177h | | | |
| 0178h | | | |
| 0179h | | | |
| 017Ah | | | |
| 017Bh | | | |
| 017Ch | | | |
| 017Dh | | | |
| 017Eh | | | |
| 017Fh | | | |

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7) (1)

| Address | Register | Symbol | After Reset |
|---------|--|---------------|-----------------------|
| 0180h | Timer RA Pin Select Register | TRASR | 00h |
| 0181h | Timer RB/RC Pin Select Register | TRBRCSR | 00h |
| 0182h | Timer RC Pin Select Register 0 | TRCPSR0 | 00h |
| 0183h | Timer RC Pin Select Register 1 | TRCPSR1 | 00h |
| 0184h | Timer RD Pin Select Register 0 | TRDPSR0 | 00h |
| 0185h | Timer RD Pin Select Register 1 | TRDPSR1 | 00h |
| 0186h | Timer Pin Select Register | TIMSR | 00h |
| 0187h | | | |
| 0188h | UART0 Pin Select Register | U0SR | 00h |
| 0189h | UART1 Pin Select Register | U1SR | 00h |
| 018Ah | UART2 Pin Select Register 0 | U2SR0 | 00h |
| 018Bh | UART2 Pin Select Register 1 | U2SR1 | 00h |
| 018Ch | SSU/IIC Pin Select Register | SSUICSR | 00h |
| 018Dh | | | |
| 018Eh | INT Interrupt Input Pin Select Register | INTSR | 00h |
| 018Fh | I/O Function Pin Select Register | PINSR | 00h |
| 0190h | | | |
| 0191h | | | |
| 0192h | | | |
| 0193h | SS Bit Counter Register | SSBR | 1111000b |
| 0194h | SS Transmit Data Register L / IIC bus Transmit Data Register (2) | SSTDR / ICDRT | FFh |
| 0195h | SS Transmit Data Register H (2) | SSTDRH | FFh |
| 0196h | SS Receive Data Register L / IIC bus Receive Data Register (2) | SSRDR / ICDRR | FFh |
| 0197h | SS Receive Data Register H (2) | SSRDRH | FFh |
| 0198h | SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 (2) | SSCRH / ICCR1 | 00h |
| 0199h | SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 (2) | SSCRL / ICCR2 | 0111101b |
| 019Ah | SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register (2) | SSMR / ICMR | 00010000b / 00011000b |
| 019Bh | SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register (2) | SSER / ICIER | 00h |
| 019Ch | SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register (2) | SSSR / ICSR | 00h / 0000X000b |
| 019Dh | SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register (2) | SSMR2 / SAR | 00h |
| 019Eh | | | |
| 019Fh | | | |
| 01A0h | | | |
| 01A1h | | | |
| 01A2h | | | |
| 01A3h | | | |
| 01A4h | | | |
| 01A5h | | | |
| 01A6h | | | |
| 01A7h | | | |
| 01A8h | | | |
| 01A9h | | | |
| 01AAh | | | |
| 01ABh | | | |
| 01ACh | | | |
| 01ADh | | | |
| 01AEh | | | |
| 01AFh | | | |
| 01B0h | | | |
| 01B1h | | | |
| 01B2h | Flash Memory Status Register | FST | 10000X00b |
| 01B3h | | | |
| 01B4h | Flash Memory Control Register 0 | FMR0 | 00h |
| 01B5h | Flash Memory Control Register 1 | FMR1 | 00h |
| 01B6h | Flash Memory Control Register 2 | FMR2 | 00h |
| 01B7h | | | |
| 01B8h | | | |
| 01B9h | | | |
| 01BAh | | | |
| 01BBh | | | |
| 01BCh | | | |
| 01BDh | | | |
| 01BEh | | | |
| 01BFh | | | |

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. Selectable by the IICSEL bit in the SSUICSR register.

Table 4.8 SFR Information (8) (1)

| Address | Register | Symbol | After Reset |
|---------|---|--------|-------------|
| 01C0h | Address Match Interrupt Register 0 | RMAD0 | XXh |
| 01C1h | | | XXh |
| 01C2h | | | 0000XXXXb |
| 01C3h | Address Match Interrupt Enable Register 0 | AIER0 | 00h |
| 01C4h | | | XXh |
| 01C5h | Address Match Interrupt Register 1 | RMAD1 | XXh |
| 01C6h | | | XXh |
| 01C7h | | | 0000XXXXb |
| 01C8h | Address Match Interrupt Enable Register 1 | AIER1 | 00h |
| 01C9h | | | |
| 01CAh | | | |
| 01CBh | | | |
| 01CCh | | | |
| 01CDh | | | |
| 01CEh | | | |
| 01CFh | | | |
| 01D0h | | | |
| 01D1h | | | |
| 01D2h | | | |
| 01D3h | | | |
| 01D4h | | | |
| 01D5h | | | |
| 01D6h | | | |
| 01D7h | | | |
| 01D8h | | | |
| 01D9h | | | |
| 01DAh | | | |
| 01DBh | | | |
| 01DCh | | | |
| 01DDh | | | |
| 01DEh | | | |
| 01DFh | | | |
| 01E0h | Pull-Up Control Register 0 | PUR0 | 00h |
| 01E1h | Pull-Up Control Register 1 | PUR1 | 00h |
| 01E2h | | | |
| 01E3h | | | |
| 01E4h | | | |
| 01E5h | | | |
| 01E6h | | | |
| 01E7h | | | |
| 01E8h | | | |
| 01E9h | | | |
| 01EAh | | | |
| 01EBh | | | |
| 01ECh | | | |
| 01EDh | | | |
| 01EEh | | | |
| 01EFh | | | |
| 01F0h | Port P1 Drive Capacity Control Register | P1DRR | 00h |
| 01F1h | Port P2 Drive Capacity Control Register | P2DRR | 00h |
| 01F2h | Drive Capacity Control Register 0 | DRR0 | 00h |
| 01F3h | Drive Capacity Control Register 1 | DRR1 | 00h |
| 01F4h | | | |
| 01F5h | Input Threshold Control Register 0 | VLT0 | 00h |
| 01F6h | Input Threshold Control Register 1 | VLT1 | 00h |
| 01F7h | | | |
| 01F8h | Comparator B Control Register 0 | INTCMP | 00h |
| 01F9h | | | |
| 01FAh | External Input Enable Register 0 | INTEN | 00h |
| 01FBh | External Input Enable Register 1 | INTEN1 | 00h |
| 01FCh | INT Input Filter Select Register 0 | INTF | 00h |
| 01FDh | INT Input Filter Select Register 1 | INTF1 | 00h |
| 01FEh | Key Input Enable Register 0 | KIEN | 00h |
| 01FFh | | | |

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12) (1)

| Address | Register | Symbol | After Reset |
|---------|---------------------|--------|-------------|
| 2CF0h | DTC Control Data 22 | DTCD22 | XXh |
| 2CF1h | | | XXh |
| 2CF2h | | | XXh |
| 2CF3h | | | XXh |
| 2CF4h | | | XXh |
| 2CF5h | | | XXh |
| 2CF6h | | | XXh |
| 2CF7h | | | XXh |
| 2CF8h | DTC Control Data 23 | DTCD23 | XXh |
| 2CF9h | | | XXh |
| 2CFAh | | | XXh |
| 2CFBh | | | XXh |
| 2CFCh | | | XXh |
| 2CFDh | | | XXh |
| 2CFEh | | | XXh |
| 2CFFh | | | XXh |
| 2D00h | | | |
| : | | | |
| 2FFh | | | |

X: Undefined

Note:

- The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.13 ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area

| Address | Area Name | Symbol | After Reset |
|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| : | | | |
| FFDBh | Option Function Select Register 2 | OFS2 | (Note 1) |
| : | | | |
| FFDFh | ID1 | | (Note 2) |
| : | | | |
| FFE3h | ID2 | | (Note 2) |
| : | | | |
| FFEBh | ID3 | | (Note 2) |
| : | | | |
| FFEFh | ID4 | | (Note 2) |
| : | | | |
| FFF3h | ID5 | | (Note 2) |
| : | | | |
| FFF7h | ID6 | | (Note 2) |
| : | | | |
| FFFBh | ID7 | | (Note 2) |
| : | | | |
| FFFFh | Option Function Select Register | OFS | (Note 1) |

Notes:

- The option function select area is allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the option function select area. If the block including the option function select area is erased, the option function select area is set to FFh. When blank products are shipped, the option function select area is set to FFh. It is set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the option function select area is the value programmed by the user.
- The ID code areas are allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the ID code areas. If the block including the ID code areas is erased, the ID code areas are set to FFh. When blank products are shipped, the ID code areas are set to FFh. They are set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the ID code areas is the value programmed by the user.

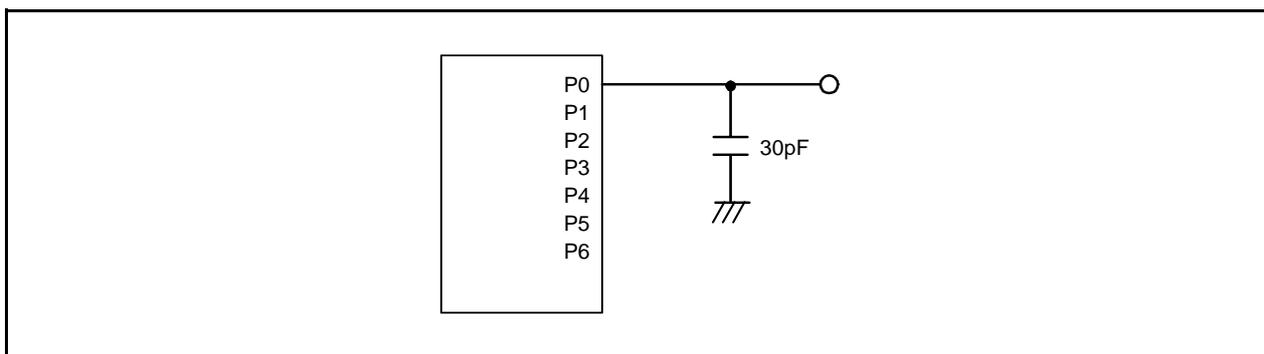


Figure 5.1 Ports P0 to P6 Timing Measurement Circuit

Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | | Conditions | Standard | | | Unit |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|----------|------|-----------|---------------|
| | | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| – | Resolution | | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$ | – | – | 10 | Bit |
| – | Absolute accuracy | 10-bit mode | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 3 | LSB |
| | | | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 5 | LSB |
| | | | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 5 | LSB |
| | | | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 5 | LSB |
| | | 8-bit mode | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 2 | LSB |
| | | | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 2 | LSB |
| | | | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 2 | LSB |
| | | | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$ AN0 to AN7 input, AN8 to AN11 input | – | – | ± 2 | LSB |
| ϕ_{AD} | A/D conversion clock | | $4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}^{(2)}$ | 2 | – | 20 | MHz |
| | | | $3.2\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}^{(2)}$ | 2 | – | 16 | MHz |
| | | | $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}^{(2)}$ | 2 | – | 10 | MHz |
| | | | $2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}^{(2)}$ | 2 | – | 5 | MHz |
| – | Tolerance level impedance | | | – | 3 | – | $k\Omega$ |
| t_{CONV} | Conversion time | 10-bit mode | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $\phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$ | 2.2 | – | – | μs |
| | | 8-bit mode | $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $\phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$ | 2.2 | – | – | μs |
| t_{SAMP} | Sampling time | | $\phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$ | 0.8 | – | – | μs |
| I_{Vref} | V_{ref} current | | $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $XIN = f_1 = \phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$ | – | 45 | – | μA |
| V_{ref} | Reference voltage | | | 2.2 | – | AV_{CC} | V |
| V_{IA} | Analog input voltage ⁽³⁾ | | | 0 | – | V_{ref} | V |
| OCVREF | On-chip reference voltage | | $2\text{ MHz} \leq \phi_{AD} \leq 4\text{ MHz}$ | 1.19 | 1.34 | 1.49 | V |

Notes:

- $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.2$ to 5.5 V , $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ and $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- The A/D conversion result will be undefined in wait mode, stop mode, when the flash memory stops, and in low-current-consumption mode. Do not perform A/D conversion in these states or transition to these states during A/D conversion.
- When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

Table 5.7 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A to Block D) Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Standard | | | Unit |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------|---------------------------|-------|
| | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| – | Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾ | | 10,000 ⁽³⁾ | – | – | times |
| – | Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times) | | – | 160 | 1,500 | μs |
| – | Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times) | | – | 300 | 1,500 | μs |
| – | Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times) | | – | 0.2 | 1 | s |
| – | Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times) | | – | 0.3 | 1 | s |
| t _d (SR-SUS) | Time delay from suspend request until suspend | | – | – | 5+CPU clock × 3 cycles | ms |
| – | Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request | | 0 | – | – | μs |
| – | Time from suspend until erase restart | | – | – | 30+CPU clock × 1 cycle | μs |
| t _d (CMDRST-READY) | Time from when command is forcibly terminated until reading is enabled | | – | – | 30+CPU clock × 1 cycle | μs |
| – | Program, erase voltage | | 2.7 | – | 5.5 | V |
| – | Read voltage | | 1.8 | – | 5.5 | V |
| – | Program, erase temperature | | –20 ⁽⁷⁾ | – | 85 | °C |
| – | Data hold time ⁽⁸⁾ | Ambient temperature = 55 °C | 20 | – | – | year |

Notes:

- V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- Definition of programming/erasure endurance
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
- Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
- In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A to D can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
- If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
- Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
- 40°C for D version.
- The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

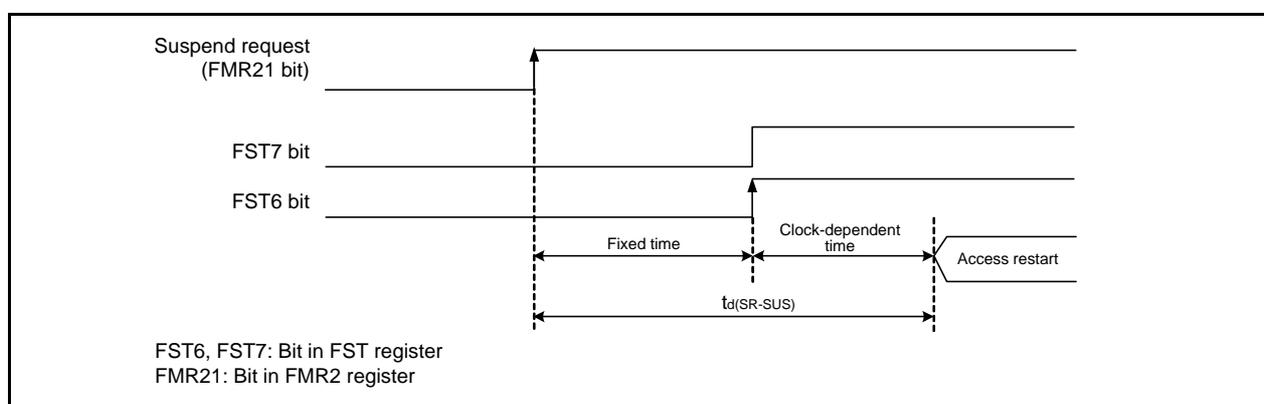
**Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend**

Table 5.12 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Standard | | | Unit |
|--------|--|--|----------|--------|--------|---------------|
| | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| – | High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency after reset | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 38.4 | 40 | 41.6 | MHz |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 38.0 | 40 | 42.0 | MHz |
| | High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA4 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA5 register correction value into the FRA3 register ⁽²⁾ | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 35.389 | 36.864 | 38.338 | MHz |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 35.020 | 36.864 | 38.707 | MHz |
| | High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA6 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA7 register correction value into the FRA3 register | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 30.72 | 32 | 33.28 | MHz |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 30.40 | 32 | 33.60 | MHz |
| – | Oscillation stability time | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | – | 0.5 | 3 | ms |
| – | Self power consumption at oscillation | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | – | 400 | – | μA |

Notes:

- $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- This enables the setting errors of bit rates such as 9600 bps and 38400 bps to be 0% when the serial interface is used in UART mode.

Table 5.13 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Standard | | | Unit |
|--------|--|---|----------|------|------|---------------|
| | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| fOCO-S | Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency | | 60 | 125 | 250 | kHz |
| – | Oscillation stability time | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | – | 30 | 100 | μs |
| – | Self power consumption at oscillation | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | – | 2 | – | μA |

Note:

- $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.14 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Standard | | | Unit |
|----------------------|---|-----------|----------|------|-------|---------------|
| | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| t _d (P-R) | Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾ | | – | – | 2,000 | μs |

Notes:

- The measurement condition is $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.

Table 5.15 Timing Requirements of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (1)

| Symbol | Parameter | | Conditions | Standard | | | Unit |
|--------|------------------------------------|--------|---|------------|------|------------------------|----------|
| | | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| tsucyc | SSCK clock cycle time | | | 4 | – | – | tcyc (2) |
| tHI | SSCK clock "H" width | | | 0.4 | – | 0.6 | tsucyc |
| tLO | SSCK clock "L" width | | | 0.4 | – | 0.6 | tsucyc |
| tRISE | SSCK clock rising time | Master | | – | – | 1 | tcyc (2) |
| | | Slave | | – | – | 1 | μs |
| tFALL | SSCK clock falling time | Master | | – | – | 1 | tcyc (2) |
| | | Slave | | – | – | 1 | μs |
| tsu | SSO, SSI data input setup time | | | 100 | – | – | ns |
| tH | SSO, SSI data input hold time | | | 1 | – | – | tcyc (2) |
| tLEAD | $\overline{\text{SCS}}$ setup time | Slave | | 1tcyc + 50 | – | – | ns |
| tLAG | $\overline{\text{SCS}}$ hold time | Slave | | 1tcyc + 50 | – | – | ns |
| tOD | SSO, SSI data output delay time | | | – | – | 1 | tcyc (2) |
| tSA | SSI slave access time | | $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ | – | – | $1.5\text{tcyc} + 100$ | ns |
| | | | $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} < 2.7\text{ V}$ | – | – | $1.5\text{tcyc} + 200$ | ns |
| tOR | SSI slave out open time | | $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ | – | – | $1.5\text{tcyc} + 100$ | ns |
| | | | $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} < 2.7\text{ V}$ | – | – | $1.5\text{tcyc} + 200$ | ns |

Notes:

1. $V_{\text{CC}} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $V_{\text{SS}} = 0\text{ V}$ and $T_{\text{opr}} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. $1\text{tcyc} = 1/f_1(\text{s})$

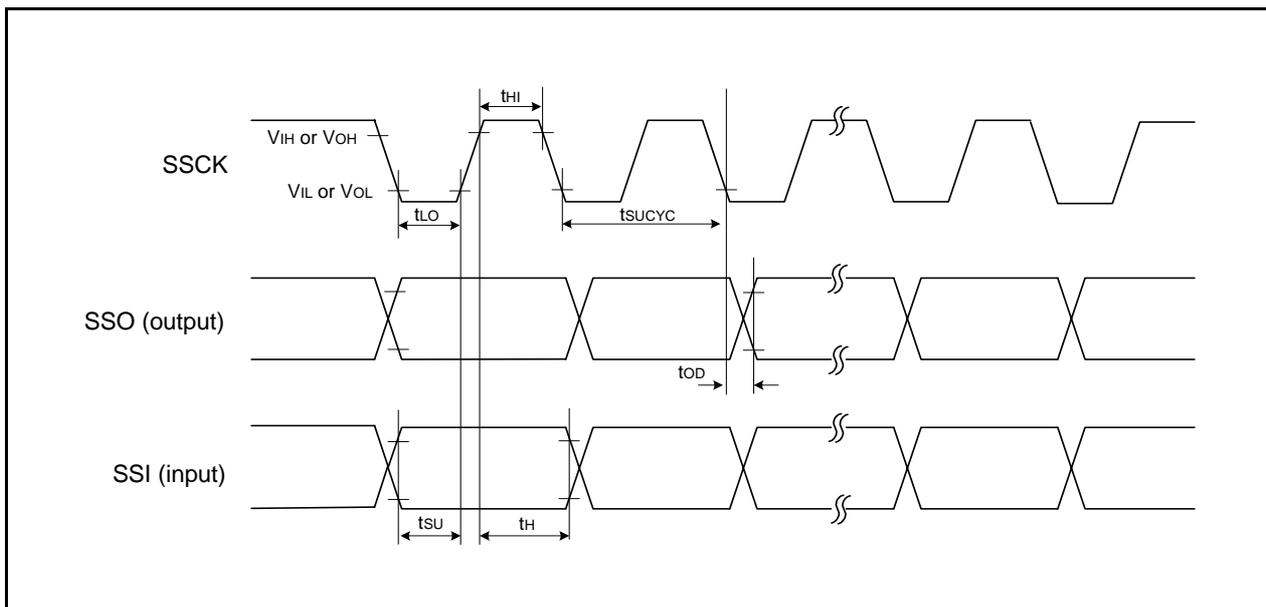
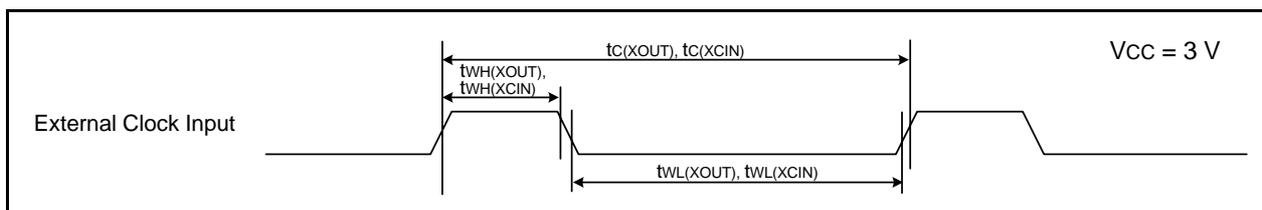


Figure 5.6 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)

Timing Requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{op} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)****Table 5.25 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

| Symbol | Parameter | Standard | | Unit |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------|------|---------------|
| | | Min. | Max. | |
| $t_{c(XOUT)}$ | XOUT input cycle time | 50 | – | ns |
| $t_{WH(XOUT)}$ | XOUT input “H” width | 24 | – | ns |
| $t_{WL(XOUT)}$ | XOUT input “L” width | 24 | – | ns |
| $t_{c(XCIN)}$ | XCIN input cycle time | 14 | – | μs |
| $t_{WH(XCIN)}$ | XCIN input “H” width | 7 | – | μs |
| $t_{WL(XCIN)}$ | XCIN input “L” width | 7 | – | μs |

**Figure 5.12 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.26 TRAI0 Input**

| Symbol | Parameter | Standard | | Unit |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------|------|------|
| | | Min. | Max. | |
| $t_{c(TRAIO)}$ | TRAIO input cycle time | 300 | – | ns |
| $t_{WH(TRAIO)}$ | TRAIO input “H” width | 120 | – | ns |
| $t_{WL(TRAIO)}$ | TRAIO input “L” width | 120 | – | ns |

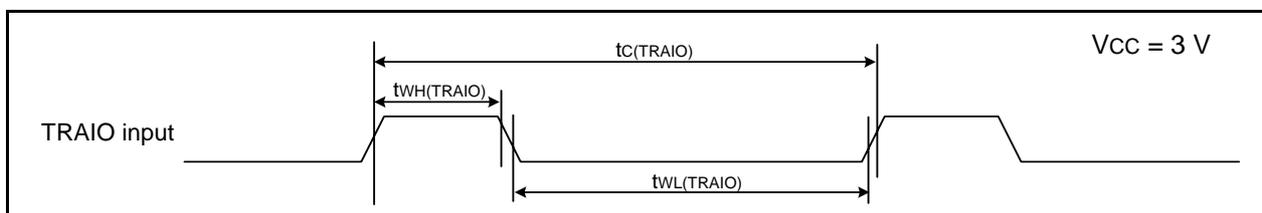
**Figure 5.13 TRAI0 Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$**

Table 5.29 Electrical Characteristics (5) [$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$]

| Symbol | Parameter | | Condition | | Standard | | | Unit |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------|------|
| | | | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| V _{OH} | Output "H" voltage | Other than XOUT | Drive capacity High | I _{OH} = -2 mA | V _{CC} - 0.5 | - | V _{CC} | V |
| | | | Drive capacity Low | I _{OH} = -1 mA | V _{CC} - 0.5 | - | V _{CC} | V |
| | | XOUT | | I _{OH} = -200 μA | 1.0 | - | V _{CC} | V |
| V _{OL} | Output "L" voltage | Other than XOUT | Drive capacity High | I _{OL} = 2 mA | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| | | | Drive capacity Low | I _{OL} = 1 mA | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| | | XOUT | | I _{OL} = 200 μA | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| V _{T+} -V _{T-} | Hysteresis | INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, INT4, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRDIOA0, TRDIOB0, TRDIOC0, TRDIOD0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD1, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO | | | 0.05 | 0.2 | - | V |
| | | RESET | | | 0.05 | 0.20 | - | V |
| I _{IH} | Input "H" current | | V _I = 2.2 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V | | - | - | 4.0 | μA |
| I _{IL} | Input "L" current | | V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V | | - | - | -4.0 | μA |
| R _{PULLUP} | Pull-up resistance | | V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V | | 70 | 140 | 300 | kΩ |
| R _{iXIN} | Feedback resistance | XIN | | | - | 0.3 | - | MΩ |
| R _{iXCIN} | Feedback resistance | XCIN | | | - | 8 | - | MΩ |
| V _{RAM} | RAM hold voltage | | During stop mode | | 1.8 | - | - | V |

Note:

1. $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$ and $T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), $f(\text{XIN}) = 5\text{ MHz}$, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.30 Electrical Characteristics (6) [1.8 V ≤ V_{CC} < 2.7 V]
(T_{opr} = −20 to 85°C (N version) / −40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Standard | | | Unit | |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|--|------|---------|------|----|
| | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| I _{CC} | Power supply current (V _{CC} = 1.8 to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS} | High-speed clock mode | XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division | – | 2.2 | – | mA |
| | | | XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8 | – | 0.8 | – | mA |
| | | High-speed on-chip oscillator mode | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division | – | 2.5 | 10 | mA |
| | | | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8 | – | 1.7 | – | mA |
| | | | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16 MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1 | – | 1 | – | mA |
| | | Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0 | – | 90 | 300 | μA |
| | | Low-speed clock mode | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0 | – | 80 | 350 | μA |
| | | | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division, Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0 | – | 40 | – | μA |
| | | Wait mode | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1 | – | 15 | 90 | μA |
| | | | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1 | – | 4 | 80 | μA |
| | | | XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1 | – | 3.5 | – | μA |
| | | | XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 | – | 2.0 | 5 | μA |
| | | Stop mode | XIN clock off, T _{opr} = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 | – | 5.0 (1) | – | μA |
| | | | | – | 15 (2) | – | μA |

Notes:

- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 16 Kbytes to 32 Kbytes.
- Value when the program ROM capacity of the product is 48 Kbytes to 128 Kbytes.

Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Electronics website.

