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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	F <sup>2</sup> MC-16LX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, SCI, Serial I/O, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	81
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	6K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x8/10b
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-QFP (14x20)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90f543gspf-gs-9008">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90f543gspf-gs-9008</a>

## 1. Product Lineup

Features	MB90F543G (S) /F548G (S) MB90F549G (S) /F546G (S) MB90F548GL(S)	MB90543G (S) MB90547G (S) MB90548G (S) MB90549G (S)	MB90V540G
CPU	F <sup>2</sup> MC-16LX CPU		
System clock	On-chip PLL clock multiplier (×1, ×2, ×3, ×4, 1/2 when PLL stop) Minimum instruction execution time : 62.5 ns (machine clock 16MHz, 4MHz osc. four times multiplied by PLL)		
ROM	Flash memory MB90F543G(S)/F548G(S) / F548GL(S) : 128 Kbytes MB90F549G(S)/F546G(S) : 256 Kbytes	MASK ROM : MB90547G(S): 64 Kbytes MB90543G(S)/548G(S): 128 Kbytes MB90549G(S): 256 Kbytes	External
RAM	MB90F548G(S)/F548GL(S): 4 Kbytes MB90F543G (S) /F549G(S) : 6 Kbytes MB90F546G(S) : 8 Kbytes	MB90547G(S): 2 Kbytes MB90548G(S): 4 Kbytes MB90543G(S)/549G(S): 6 Kbytes	8 Kbytes
Clocks	MB90F543G/F548G/F549G/F546G/ F548GL : Two clocks system MB90F543GS/F548GS/F549GS/ F546GS/F548GLS : One clock system	MB90543G/547G/548G/549G : Two clocks system MB90543GS/547GS/548GS/ 549GS : One clock system	Two clocks system* <sup>1</sup>
Operating voltage range	*3		
Temperature range	-40 °C to 105 °C		
Package	QFP100, LQFP100		PGA-256
Emulator-specify power supply* <sup>2</sup>	—		None
UART0	Full duplex double buffer Support asynchronous/synchronous (with start/stop bit) transfer Baud rate : 4808/5208/9615/10417/19230/38460/62500/500000 bps (asynchronous) 500 K/1 M/2 Mbps (synchronous) at System clock = 16 MHz		
UART1 (SCI)	Full duplex double buffer Asynchronous (start-stop synchronized) and CLK-synchronous communication Baud rate : 1202/2404/4808/9615/19230/31250/38460/62500 bps (asynchronous) 62.5 K/125 K/250 K/500 K/1 M/2 Mbps (synchronous) at 6, 8, 10, 12, 16 MHz		
Serial I/O	Transfer can be started from MSB or LSB Supports internal clock synchronized transfer and external clock synchronized transfer Supports positive-edge and negative-edge clock synchronization Baud rate : 31.25 K/62.5 K/125 K/500 K/1 Mbps at System clock = 16 MHz		
A/D Converter	10-bit or 8-bit resolution 8 input channels Conversion time : 26.3 μs (per one channel)		

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16-bit Reload Timer (2 channels)	Operation clock frequency : $f_{sys}/2^1$ , $f_{sys}/2^3$ , $f_{sys}/2^5$ ( $f_{sys}$ = System clock frequency) Supports External Event Count function Signals an interrupt when overflow		
16-bit Free-run Timer	Supports Timer Clear when a match with Output Compare (Channel 0) Operation clock freq. : $f_{sys}/2^2$ , $f_{sys}/2^4$ , $f_{sys}/2^6$ , $f_{sys}/2^8$ ( $f_{sys}$ = System clock freq.)		
16-bit Output Compare (4 channels)	Signals an interrupt when a match with 16-bit Free-run Timer Four 16-bit compare registers A pair of compare registers can be used to generate an output signal		
16-bit Input Capture (8 channels)	Rising edge, falling edge or rising & falling edge sensitive Four 16-bit Capture registers Signals an interrupt upon external event		
8/16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator (4 channels)	Supports 8-bit and 16-bit operation modes Eight 8-bit reload counters Eight 8-bit reload registers for L pulse width Eight 8-bit reload registers for H pulse width A pair of 8-bit reload counters can be configured as one 16-bit reload counter or as 8-bit prescaler plus 8-bit reload counter 4 output pins Operation clock freq. : $f_{sys}$ , $f_{sys}/2^1$ , $f_{sys}/2^2$ , $f_{sys}/2^3$ , $f_{sys}/2^4$ or $128 \mu s @ f_{osc} = 4 \text{ MHz}$ ( $f_{sys}$ = System clock frequency, $f_{osc}$ = Oscillation clock frequency)		
CAN Interface MB90540G series : 2 channels MB90545G series : 1 channel	Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B Automatic re-transmission in case of error Automatic transmission responding to Remote Frame Prioritized 16 message buffers for data and ID's supports multiple messages Flexible configuration of acceptance filtering : Full bit compare/Full bit mask/Two partial bit masks Supports up to 1 Mbps		
32 kHz Sub-clock	Sub-clock for low power operation		
External Interrupt (8 channels)	Can be programmed edge sensitive or level sensitive		
External bus interface	External access using the selectable 8-bit or 16-bit bus is enabled (external bus mode.)		
I/O Ports	Virtually all external pins can be used as general purpose I/O All push-pull outputs and schmitt trigger inputs Bit-wise programmable as input/output or peripheral signal Sub-clock for 32 kHz Sub clock low power operation		
Flash Memory	Supports automatic programming, Embedded Algorithm Write/Erase/Erase-Suspend/Erase-Resume commands A flag indicating completion of the algorithm Number of erase cycles : 10,000 times Data retention time : 10 years Boot block configuration Erase can be performed on each block Block protection by externally programmed voltage		

\*1 : If the one clock system is used, equip X0A and X1A with clocks from the tool side.

Pin No.		Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP <sup>2</sup>	QFP <sup>1</sup>			
46	48	P57	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 0 disables the output.
		TOT0		Output pin for the 16-bit reload timers 0. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 0 enables the output.
51 to 56	53 to 58	P70 to P75	D	General I/O ports. This function is always enabled.
		IN0 to IN5		Trigger input pins for input captures ICU0 to ICU5. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input if this function is used.
57 , 58	59 , 60	P76 , P77	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when the OCU disables the waveform output.
		OUT2 , OUT3		Event output pins for output compares OCU2 and OCU3. This function is enabled when the OCU enables the waveform output.
		IN6 , IN7		Trigger input pins for input captures ICU6 and ICU7. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input and disable the OCU waveform output if this function is used.
59 to 62	61 to 64	P80 to P83	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when 8/16-bit PPG disables the waveform output.
		PPG0 to PPG3		Output pins for 8/16-bit PPGs. This function is enabled when 8/16-bit PPG enables the waveform output.
63 , 64	65 , 66	P84 , P85	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when the OCU disables the waveform output.
		OUT0 , OUT1		Waveform output pins for output compares OCU0 and OCU1. This function is enabled when the OCU enables the waveform output.
65	67	P86	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		TIN1		Input pin for the 16-bit reload timers 1. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input if this function is used.
66	68	P87	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 1 disables the output.
		TOT1		Output pin for the 16-bit reload timers 1. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 1 enables the output.
67 to 70	69 to 72	P90 to P93	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		INT0 to INT3		External interrupt request input pins for INT0 to INT3. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input if this function is used.
71	73	P94	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when CAN0 disables the output.
		TX0		TX output pin for CAN0. This function is enabled when CAN0 enables the output.

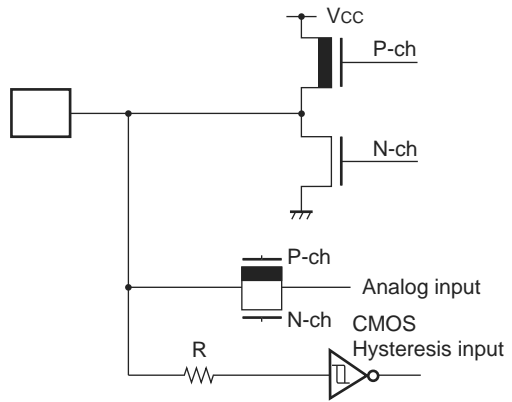
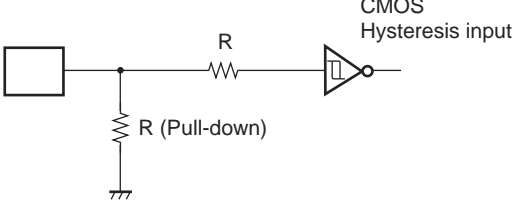
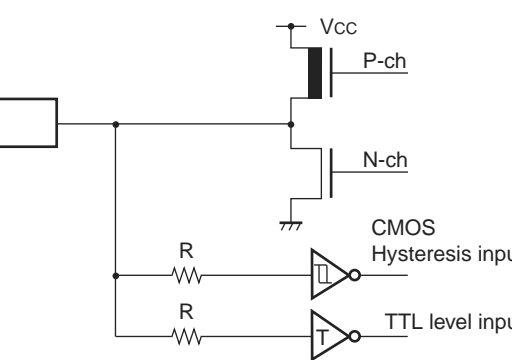
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Pin No.		Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP <sup>*2</sup>	QFP <sup>*1</sup>			
72	74	P95	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		RX0		RX input pin for CAN0 Interface. When the CAN function is used, output from the other functions must be stopped.
73	75	P96	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when CAN1 disables the output.
		TX1		TX output pin for CAN1. This function is enabled when CAN1 enables the output (only MB90540G series) .
74	76	P97	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		RX1		RX input pin for CAN1 Interface. When the CAN function is used, output from the other functions must be stopped (only MB90540G series) .
76	78	PA0	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
32	34	AV <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply	Power supply pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AV <sub>CC</sub> is applied to V <sub>CC</sub> .
35	37	AV <sub>SS</sub>	Power supply	Power supply pin for the A/D Converter.
33	35	AVRH	Power supply	External reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AVRH is applied to AV <sub>CC</sub> .
34	36	AVRL	Power supply	External reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter.
47, 48	49, 50	MD0, MD1	C	Input pins for specifying the operating mode. The pins must be directly connected to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> .
49	51	MD2	F	Input pin for specifying the operating mode. The pin must be directly connected to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> .
25	27	C	—	Power supply stabilization capacitor pin. It should be connected externally to an 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor.
21, 82	23, 84	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply	Input pin for power supply (5.0 V) .
9, 40, 79	11, 42, 81	V <sub>SS</sub>	Power supply	Input pin for power supply (0.0 V) .

\*1 : FPT-100P-M06

\*2 : FPT-100P-M20

Circuit type	Diagram	Remarks
E		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ CMOS level output</li> <li>■ CMOS Hysteresis input</li> <li>■ Analog input</li> </ul>
F		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ CMOS Hysteresis input</li> <li>■ Pull-down Resistor : 50 kΩ approx. (except Flash devices)</li> </ul>
G		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ CMOS level output</li> <li>■ CMOS Hysteresis input</li> <li>■ TTL level input (Flash devices in Flash writer mode only)</li> </ul>

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## 5. Handling Devices

### (1) Preventing latch-up

CMOS IC chips may suffer latch-up under the following conditions :

- A voltage higher than  $V_{CC}$  or lower than  $V_{SS}$  is applied to an input or output pin.
- A voltage higher than the rated voltage is applied between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$ .
- The  $AV_{CC}$  power supply is applied before the  $V_{CC}$  voltage.

Latch-up may increase the power supply current drastically, causing thermal damage to the device.

For the same reason, care must also be taken in not allowing the analog power-supply voltage ( $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AVRH$ ) to exceed the digital power-supply voltage.

### (2) Handling unused pins

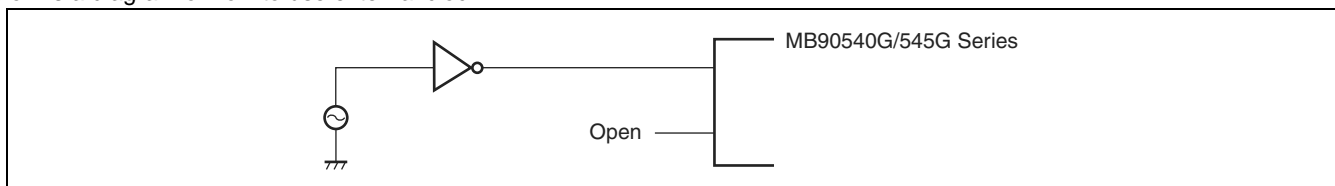
Leaving unused input pins open may result in misbehavior or latch up and possible permanent damage of the device. Therefore they must be pulled up or pulled down through resistors. In this case those resistors should be more than 2 k $\Omega$ .

Unused bi-directional pins should be set to the output state and can be left open, or the input state with the above described connection.

### (3) Using external clock

To use external clock, drive X0 pin only and leave X1 pin unconnected.

Below is a diagram of how to use external clock.



### (4) Use of the sub-clock

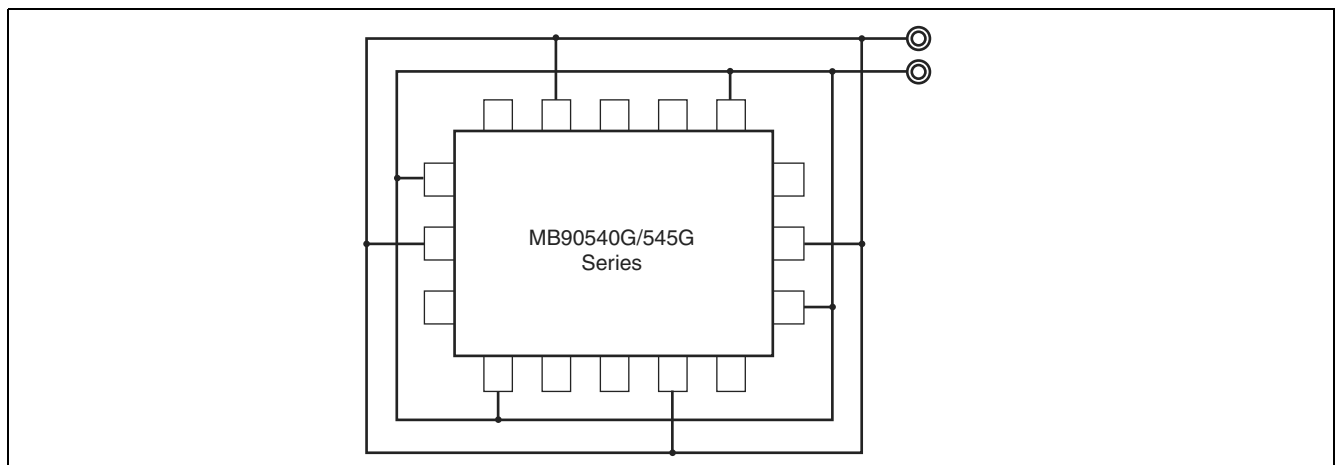
Use one clock system parts when the sub-clock is not used. In that case, pull-down the pin X0A and leave the pin X1A open. When using two clock system parts, a 32 kHz oscillator has to be connected to the X0A and X1A pins.

### (5) Power supply pins ( $V_{CC}/V_{SS}$ )

In products with multiple  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{SS}$  pins, the pins of a same potential are internally connected in the device to avoid abnormal operations including latch-up. However you must connect the pins to an external power and a ground line to lower the electromagnetic emission level to prevent abnormal operation of strobe signals caused by the rise in the ground level, and to conform to the total current rating.

Make sure to connect  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  pins via the lowest impedance to power lines.

It is recommended to provide a bypass capacitor of around 0.1  $\mu F$  between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  pins near the device.



**(6) Pull-up/down resistors**

The MB90540G/545G Series does not support internal pull-up/down resistors (except Port0 – Port3 : pull-up resistors) . Use external components where needed.

**(7) Crystal Oscillator Circuit**

Noises around X0 or X1 pins may be possible causes of abnormal operations. Make sure to provide bypass capacitors via the shortest distances from X0, X1 pins, crystal oscillator (or ceramic resonator) and ground lines, and make sure, to the utmost effort, that lines of oscillation circuits do not cross the lines of other circuits.

It is highly recommended to provide a printed circuit board artwork surrounding X0 and X1 pins with a ground area for stabilizing the operation.

**(8) Turning-on Sequence of Power Supply to A/D Converter and Analog Inputs**

Make sure to turn on the A/D converter power supply ( $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{RH}$ ,  $AV_{RL}$ ) and analog inputs (AN0 to AN7) after turning-on the digital power supply ( $V_{CC}$ ) .

Turn-off the digital power after turning off the A/D converter supply and analog inputs. In this case, make sure that the voltage does not exceed  $AV_{RH}$  or  $AV_{CC}$  (turning on/off the analog and digital power supplies simultaneously is acceptable) .

**(9) Connection of Unused Pins of A/D Converter**

Connect unused pins of A/D converter to  $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = AV_{RH} = V_{SS}$ .

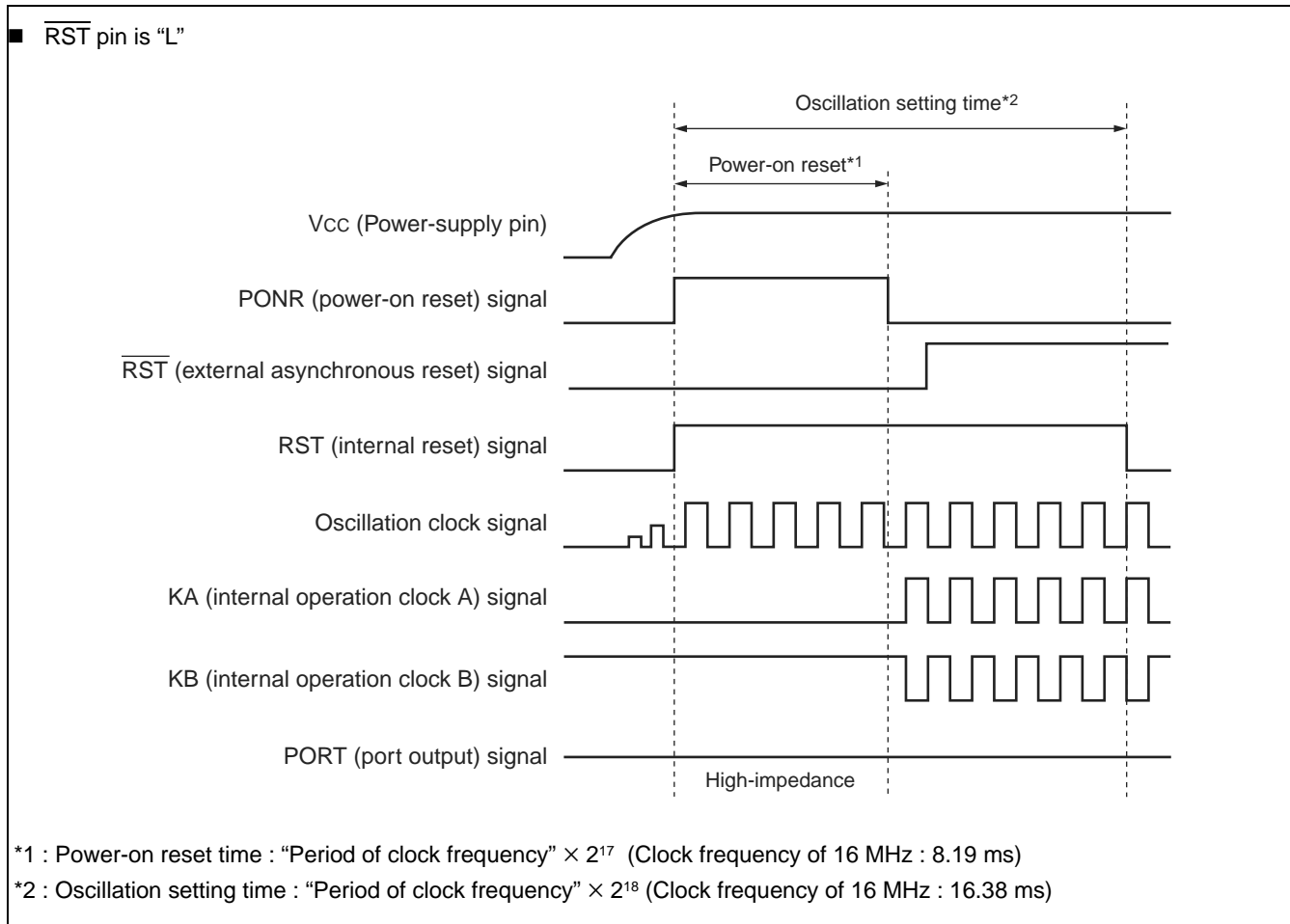
**(10) N.C. Pin**

The N.C. (internally connected) pin must be opened for use.

**(11) Notes on Energization**

To prevent the internal regulator circuit from malfunctioning, set the voltage rise time during energization at 50  $\mu$ s or more (0.2 V to 2.7 V) .





### (13) Initialization

In the device, there are internal registers which are initialized only by a power-on reset. To initialize these registers, please turn on the power again.

### (14) Directions of "DIV A, Ri" and "DIVW A, RWi" instructions

In the Signed multiplication and division instructions ("DIV A, Ri" and "DIVW A, RWi"), the value of the corresponding bank register (DTB, ADB, USB, SSB) is set in "00H".

If the values of the corresponding bank registers (DTB, ADB, USB, SSB) are set to other than "00H", the remainder by the execution result of the instruction is not stored in the register of the instruction operand.

### (15) Using REALOS

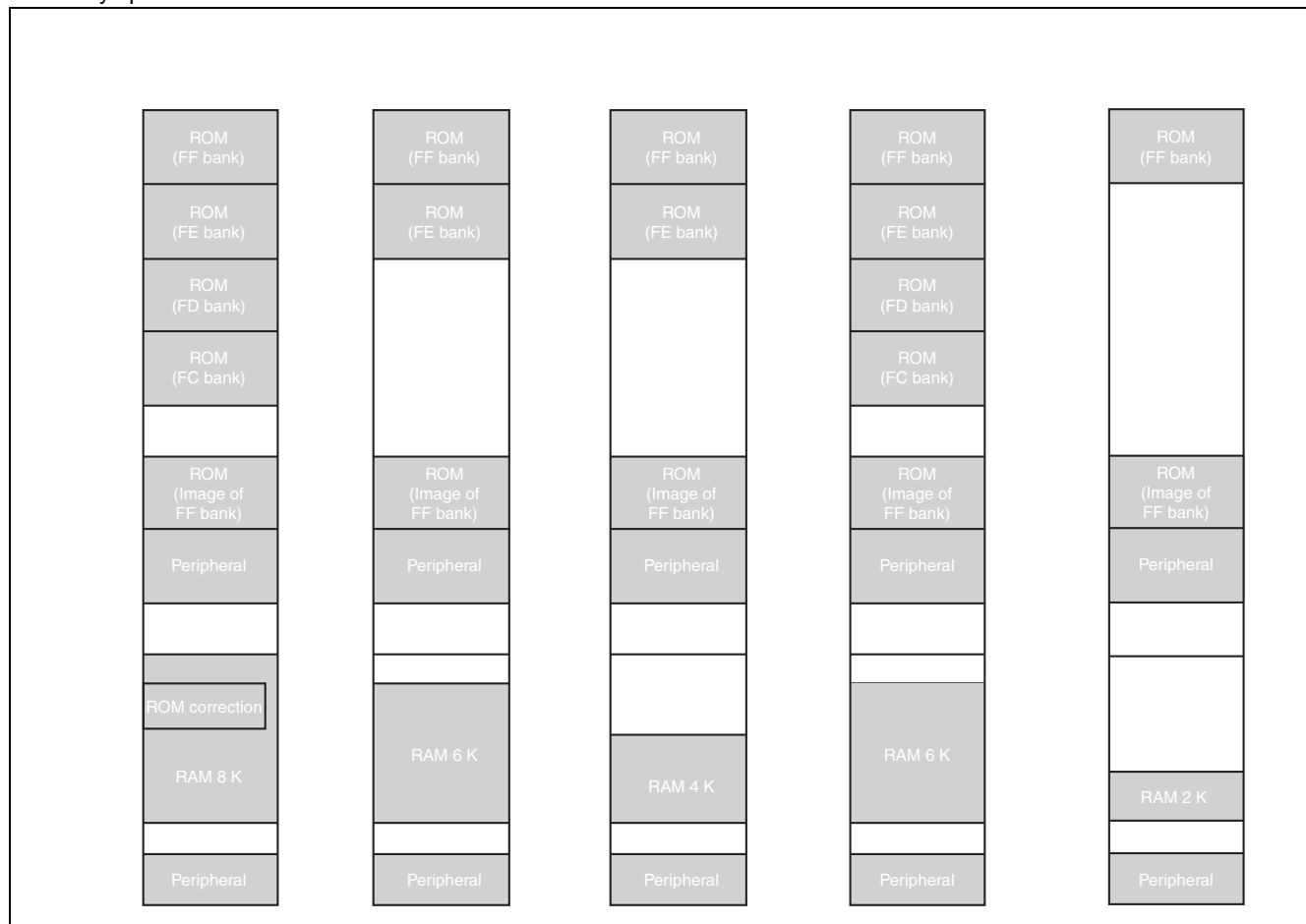
The use of EI<sup>2</sup>OS is not possible with the REALOS real time operating system.

### (16) Caution on Operations during PLL Clock Mode

If the PLL clock mode is selected, the microcontroller attempt to be working with the self-oscillating circuit even when there is no external oscillator or external clock input is stopped. Performance of this operation, however, cannot be guaranteed.

## 7. Memory Map

The memory space of the MB90540G/545G Series is shown below.



**Note :** The high-order portion of bank 00 gives the image of the FF bank ROM to make the small model of the C compiler effective. Since the low-order 16 bits address are the same, the table in ROM can be referenced without using the “far” specification in the pointer declaration.

For example, an attempt to access 00C000<sub>H</sub> accesses the value at FFC000<sub>H</sub> in ROM. The ROM area in bank FF exceeds 48 Kbytes, and its entire image cannot be shown in bank 00. The image between FF4000<sub>H</sub> and FFFFFFF<sub>H</sub> is visible in bank 00, while the image between FF0000<sub>H</sub> and FF3FFF<sub>H</sub> is visible only in bank FF.

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
A2 <sub>H</sub> to A4 <sub>H</sub>	Prohibited				
A5 <sub>H</sub>	Automatic ready function select register	ARSR	W	External Memory Access	0 0 1 1 _ _ 0 0 <sub>B</sub>
A6 <sub>H</sub>	External address output control register	HACR	W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <sub>B</sub>
A7 <sub>H</sub>	Bus control signal selection register	ECSR	W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _ <sub>B</sub>
A8 <sub>H</sub>	Watchdog Timer control register	WDTC	R/W	Watchdog Timer	XXXXX 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
A9 <sub>H</sub>	Time Base Timer Control register	TBTC	R/W	Time Base Timer	1 - - 0 0 1 0 0 <sub>B</sub>
AA <sub>H</sub>	Watch timer control register	WTC	R/W	Watch Timer	1 X 0 0 0 0 0 0 <sub>B</sub>
AB <sub>H</sub> to AD <sub>H</sub>	Prohibited				
AE <sub>H</sub>	Flash memory control status register (Flash only, otherwise reserved)	FMCS	R/W	Flash Memory	0 0 0 X 0 0 0 0 <sub>B</sub>
AF <sub>H</sub>	Prohibited				
B0 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 00	ICR00	R/W	Interrupt controller	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B1 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 01	ICR01	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B2 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 02	ICR02	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B3 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 03	ICR03	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B4 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 04	ICR04	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B5 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 05	ICR05	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B6 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 06	ICR06	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B7 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 07	ICR07	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B8 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 08	ICR08	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
B9 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 09	ICR09	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
BA <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 10	ICR10	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
BB <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 11	ICR11	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
BC <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 12	ICR12	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
BD <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 13	ICR13	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
BE <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 14	ICR14	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
BF <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 15	ICR15	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub>
C0 <sub>H</sub> to FF <sub>H</sub>	External				

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
1FF0 <sub>H</sub>	Program address detection register 0	PADR0	R/W	Address Match Detection Function	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
1FF1 <sub>H</sub>	Program address detection register 0	PADR0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
1FF2 <sub>H</sub>	Program address detection register 0	PADR0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
1FF3 <sub>H</sub>	Program address detection register 1	PADR1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
1FF4 <sub>H</sub>	Program address detection register 1	PADR1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
1FF5 <sub>H</sub>	Program address detection register 1	PADR1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

(Continued)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
3900 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 0/1	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3901 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3902 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3903 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3904 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO2	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 2/3	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3905 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH2	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3906 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3907 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3908 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO4	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 4/5	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3909 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH4	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390A <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO5	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390B <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH5	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390C <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO6	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 6/7	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390D <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH6	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390E <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO7	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390F <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH7	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3910 <sub>H</sub> to 3917 <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
3918 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 0	IPCP0	R	Input Capture 0/1	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3919 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 0	IPCP0	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391A <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 1	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391B <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 1	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391C <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 2	IPCP2	R	Input Capture 2/3	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391D <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 2	IPCP2	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391E <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 3	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391F <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 3	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3920 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 4	IPCP4	R	Input Capture 4/5	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3921 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 4	IPCP4	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3922 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 5	IPCP5	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3923 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 5	IPCP5	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3924 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 6	IPCP6	R	Input Capture 6/7	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3925 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 6	IPCP6	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3926 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3927 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

*(Continued)*

Address		Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1				
003A24 <sub>H</sub>	003C24 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 1	IDR1	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A25 <sub>H</sub>	003C25 <sub>H</sub>				
003A26 <sub>H</sub>	003C26 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A27 <sub>H</sub>	003C27 <sub>H</sub>				
003A28 <sub>H</sub>	003C28 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 2	IDR2	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A29 <sub>H</sub>	003C29 <sub>H</sub>				
003A2A <sub>H</sub>	003C2A <sub>H</sub>				XXXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A2B <sub>H</sub>	003C2B <sub>H</sub>				
003A2C <sub>H</sub>	003C2C <sub>H</sub>	ID register 3	IDR3	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A2D <sub>H</sub>	003C2D <sub>H</sub>				
003A2E <sub>H</sub>	003C2E <sub>H</sub>				XXXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A2F <sub>H</sub>	003C2F <sub>H</sub>				
003A30 <sub>H</sub>	003C30 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 4	IDR4	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A31 <sub>H</sub>	003C31 <sub>H</sub>				
003A32 <sub>H</sub>	003C32 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A33 <sub>H</sub>	003C33 <sub>H</sub>				
003A34 <sub>H</sub>	003C34 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 5	IDR5	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A35 <sub>H</sub>	003C35 <sub>H</sub>				
003A36 <sub>H</sub>	003C36 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A37 <sub>H</sub>	003C37 <sub>H</sub>				
003A38 <sub>H</sub>	003C38 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 6	IDR6	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A39 <sub>H</sub>	003C39 <sub>H</sub>				
003A3A <sub>H</sub>	003C3A <sub>H</sub>				XXXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A3B <sub>H</sub>	003C3B <sub>H</sub>				

(Continued)

(Continued)

Address		Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1				
003A3C <sub>H</sub>	003C3C <sub>H</sub>	ID register 7	IDR7	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A3D <sub>H</sub>	003C3D <sub>H</sub>				
003A3E <sub>H</sub>	003C3E <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A3F <sub>H</sub>	003C3F <sub>H</sub>				
003A40 <sub>H</sub>	003C40 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 8	IDR8	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A41 <sub>H</sub>	003C41 <sub>H</sub>				
003A42 <sub>H</sub>	003C42 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A43 <sub>H</sub>	003C43 <sub>H</sub>				
003A44 <sub>H</sub>	003C44 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 9	IDR9	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A45 <sub>H</sub>	003C45 <sub>H</sub>				
003A46 <sub>H</sub>	003C46 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A47 <sub>H</sub>	003C47 <sub>H</sub>				
003A48 <sub>H</sub>	003C48 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 10	IDR10	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A49 <sub>H</sub>	003C49 <sub>H</sub>				
003A4A <sub>H</sub>	003C4A <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A4B <sub>H</sub>	003C4B <sub>H</sub>				
003A4C <sub>H</sub>	003C4C <sub>H</sub>	ID register 11	IDR11	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A4D <sub>H</sub>	003C4D <sub>H</sub>				
003A4E <sub>H</sub>	003C4E <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A4F <sub>H</sub>	003C4F <sub>H</sub>				
003A50 <sub>H</sub>	003C50 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 12	IDR12	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A51 <sub>H</sub>	003C51 <sub>H</sub>				
003A52 <sub>H</sub>	003C52 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A53 <sub>H</sub>	003C53 <sub>H</sub>				
003A54 <sub>H</sub>	003C54 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 13	IDR13	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A55 <sub>H</sub>	003C55 <sub>H</sub>				
003A56 <sub>H</sub>	003C56 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A57 <sub>H</sub>	003C57 <sub>H</sub>				
003A58 <sub>H</sub>	003C58 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 14	IDR14	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A59 <sub>H</sub>	003C59 <sub>H</sub>				
003A5A <sub>H</sub>	003C5A <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A5B <sub>H</sub>	003C5B <sub>H</sub>				
003A5C <sub>H</sub>	003C5C <sub>H</sub>	ID register 15	IDR15	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A5D <sub>H</sub>	003C5D <sub>H</sub>				
003A5E <sub>H</sub>	003C5E <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A5F <sub>H</sub>	003C5F <sub>H</sub>				

**List of Message Buffers (DLC Registers and Data Registers)**

Address		Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1				
003A60 <sub>H</sub>	003C60 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 0	DLCR0	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A61 <sub>H</sub>	003C61 <sub>H</sub>				
003A62 <sub>H</sub>	003C62 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 1	DLCR1	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A63 <sub>H</sub>	003C63 <sub>H</sub>				
003A64 <sub>H</sub>	003C64 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 2	DLCR2	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A65 <sub>H</sub>	003C65 <sub>H</sub>				
003A66 <sub>H</sub>	003C66 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 3	DLCR3	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A67 <sub>H</sub>	003C67 <sub>H</sub>				
003A68 <sub>H</sub>	003C68 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 4	DLCR4	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A69 <sub>H</sub>	003C69 <sub>H</sub>				
003A6A <sub>H</sub>	003C6A <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 5	DLCR5	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A6B <sub>H</sub>	003C6B <sub>H</sub>				
003A6C <sub>H</sub>	003C6C <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 6	DLCR6	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A6D <sub>H</sub>	003C6D <sub>H</sub>				
003A6E <sub>H</sub>	003C6E <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 7	DLCR7	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A6F <sub>H</sub>	003C6F <sub>H</sub>				
003A70 <sub>H</sub>	003C70 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 8	DLCR8	R/W	----XXXX
003A71 <sub>H</sub>	003C71 <sub>H</sub>				
003A72 <sub>H</sub>	003C72 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 9	DLCR9	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A73 <sub>H</sub>	003C73 <sub>H</sub>				
003A74 <sub>H</sub>	003C74 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 10	DLCR10	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A75 <sub>H</sub>	003C75 <sub>H</sub>				
003A76 <sub>H</sub>	003C76 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 11	DLCR11	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A77 <sub>H</sub>	003C77 <sub>H</sub>				
003A78 <sub>H</sub>	003C78 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 12	DLCR12	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A79 <sub>H</sub>	003C79 <sub>H</sub>				
003A7A <sub>H</sub>	003C7A <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 13	DLCR13	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A7B <sub>H</sub>	003C7B <sub>H</sub>				
003A7C <sub>H</sub>	003C7C <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 14	DLCR14	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A7D <sub>H</sub>	003C7D <sub>H</sub>				
003A7E <sub>H</sub>	003C7E <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 15	DLCR15	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A7F <sub>H</sub>	003C7F <sub>H</sub>				
003A80 <sub>H</sub> to 003A87 <sub>H</sub>	003C80 <sub>H</sub> to 003C87 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 0 (8 bytes)	DTR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

*(Continued)*

## 11. Electrical Characteristics

### 11.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Units	Remarks
		Min	Max		
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	
	$AV_{CC}$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	$V_{CC} = AV_{CC}$ *1
	$AVRH, AVRL$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	$AV_{CC} \geq AVRH/AVRL, AVRH \geq AVRL$ *1
Input voltage	$V_I$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	*2
Output voltage	$V_O$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	*2
Maximum clamp current	$I_{CLAMP}$	-2.0	+2.0	mA	*6
Total maximum clamp current	$\Sigma  I_{CLAMP} $	—	20	mA	*6
"L" level max output current	$I_{OL}$	—	15	mA	*3
"L" level avg. output current	$I_{OLAV}$	—	4	mA	*4
"L" level max overall output current	$\Sigma I_{OL}$	—	100	mA	
"L" level avg. overall output current	$\Sigma I_{OLAV}$	—	50	mA	*5
"H" level max output current	$I_{OH}$	—	-15	mA	*3
"H" level avg. output current	$I_{OHAV}$	—	-4	mA	*4
"H" level max overall output current	$\Sigma I_{OH}$	—	-100	mA	
"H" level avg. overall output current	$\Sigma I_{OHAV}$	—	-50	mA	*5
Power consumption	$P_D$	—	500	mW	Flash device
		—	400	mW	MASK ROM
Operating temperature	$T_A$	-40	+105	°C	
Storage temperature	$T_{STG}$	-55	+150	°C	

\*1 :  $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AVRH$ ,  $AVRL$  should not exceed  $V_{CC}$ . Also,  $AVRH$ ,  $AVRL$  should not exceed  $AV_{CC}$ , and  $AVRL$  does not exceed  $AVRH$ .

\*2 :  $V_I$  and  $V_O$  should not exceed  $V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$ . However if the maximum current to/from an input is limited by some means with external components, the  $I_{CLAMP}$  rating supercedes the  $V_I$  rating.

\*3 : The maximum output current is a peak value for a corresponding pin.

\*4 : Average output current is an average current value observed for a 100 ms period for a corresponding pin.

\*5 : Total average current is an average current value observed for a 100 ms period for all corresponding pins.

\*6 :

- Applicable to pins : P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, PA0
- Use within recommended operating conditions.
- Use at DC voltage (current) .
- The + B signal should always be applied with a limiting resistance placed between the + B signal and the microcontroller.
- The value of the limiting resistance should be set so that when the + B signal is applied the input current to the microcontroller pin does not exceed rated values, either instantaneously or for prolonged periods.
- Note that when the microcontroller drive current is low, such as in the power saving modes, the + B input potential may pass through the protective diode and increase the potential at the  $V_{CC}$  pin, and this may affect other devices.
- Note that if a + B signal is input when the microcontroller current is off (not fixed at 0 V) , the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
- Note that if the + B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on result.
- Care must be taken not to leave the + B input pin open.



## 11.2 Recommended Conditions

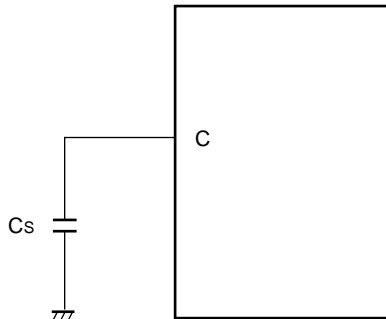
( $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Units	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}, AV_{CC}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	Under normal operation : Other than MB90F548GL(S)/543G(S)/547G(S)/548G(S)
						Under normal operation when A/D converter is used : MB90F548GL(S)/543G(S)/547G(S)/548G(S)
		3.5	5.0	5.5	V	Under normal operation when A/D converter is not used : MB90F548GL(S)/543G(S)/547G(S)/548G(S)
		3.0	—	5.5	V	Maintain RAM data in stop mode
Smooth capacitor	$C_S$	0.022	0.1	1.0	$\mu\text{F}$	*
Operating temperature	$T_A$	−40	—	+105	°C	

\*: Use a ceramic capacitor or a capacitor of better 4. AC characteristics. The bypass capacitor should be greater than this capacitor.

**WARNING:** The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges. Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure. No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

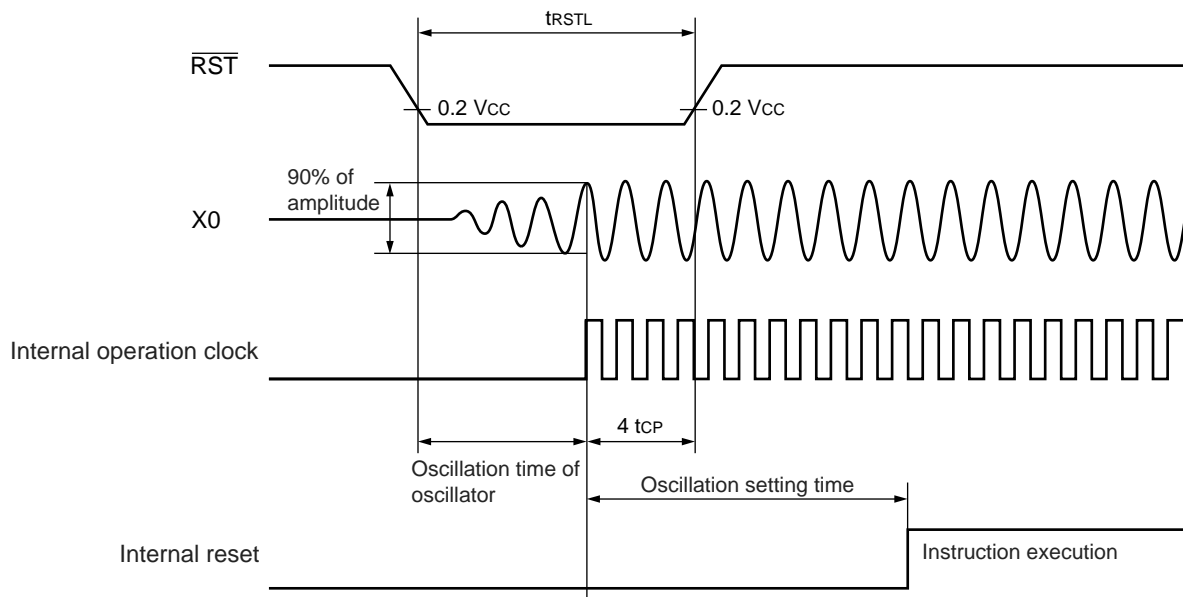
### ■ C Pin Connection Diagram

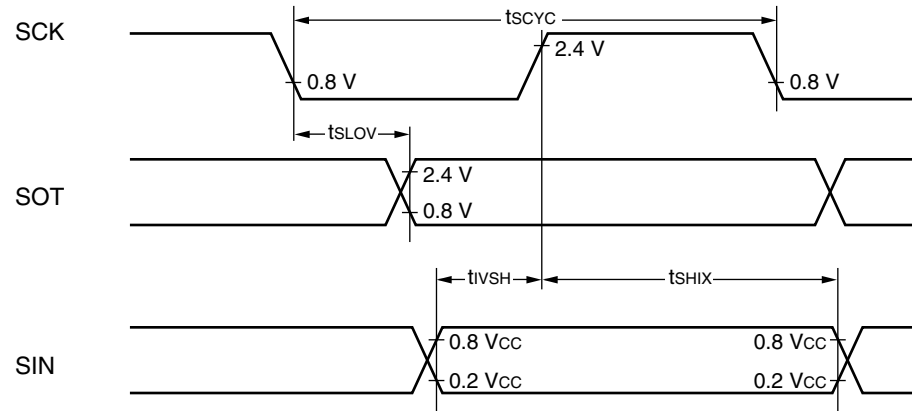
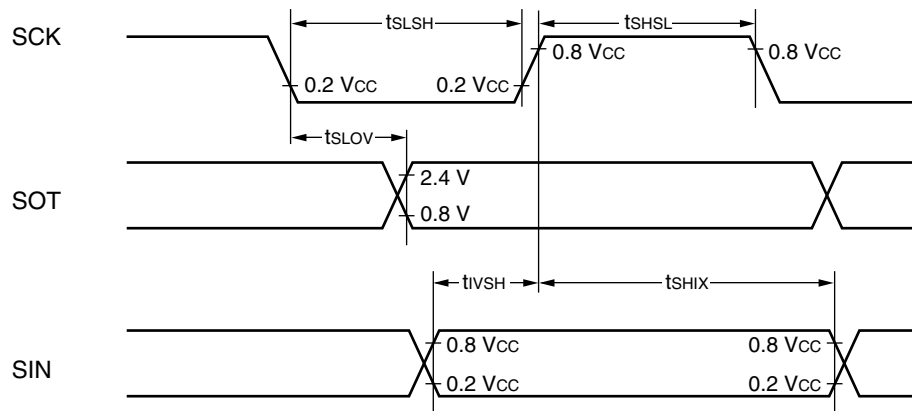


- In under normal operation, pseudo timer mode, sub-clock mode, sub-sleep mode, timer mode

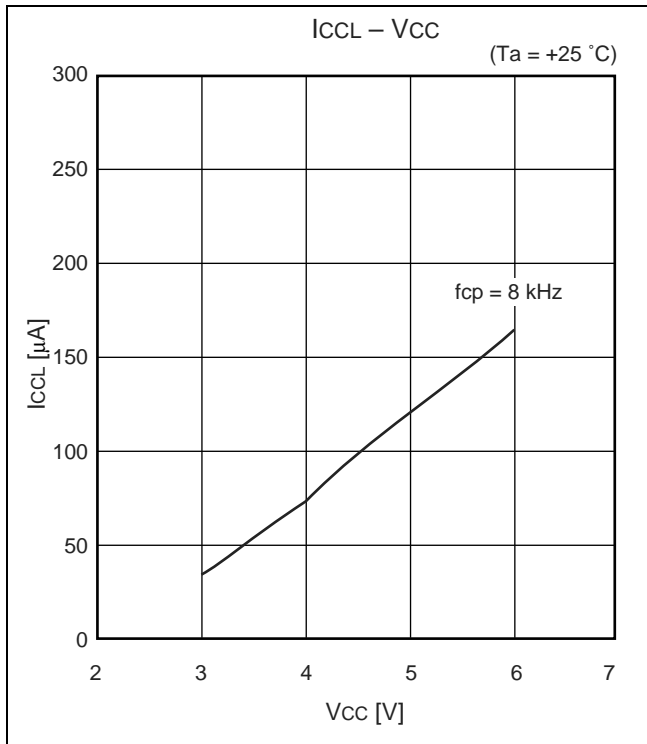
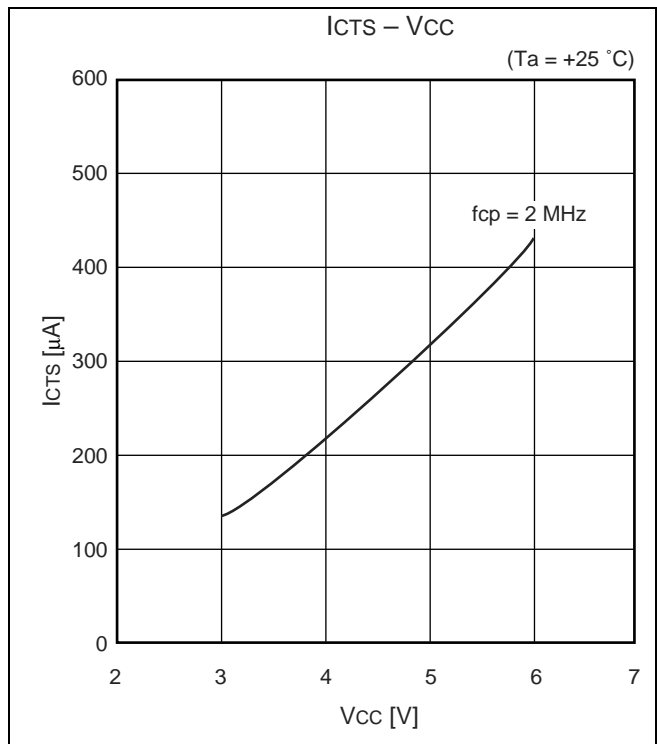
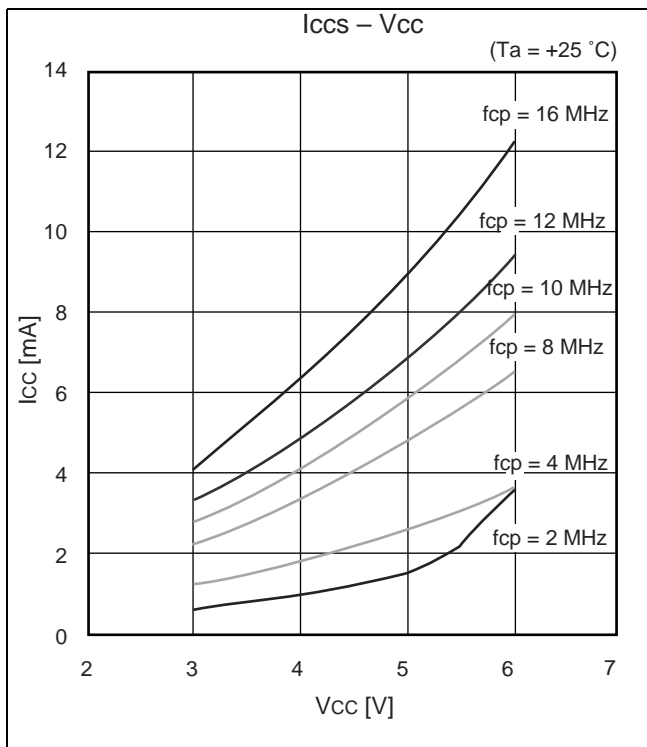
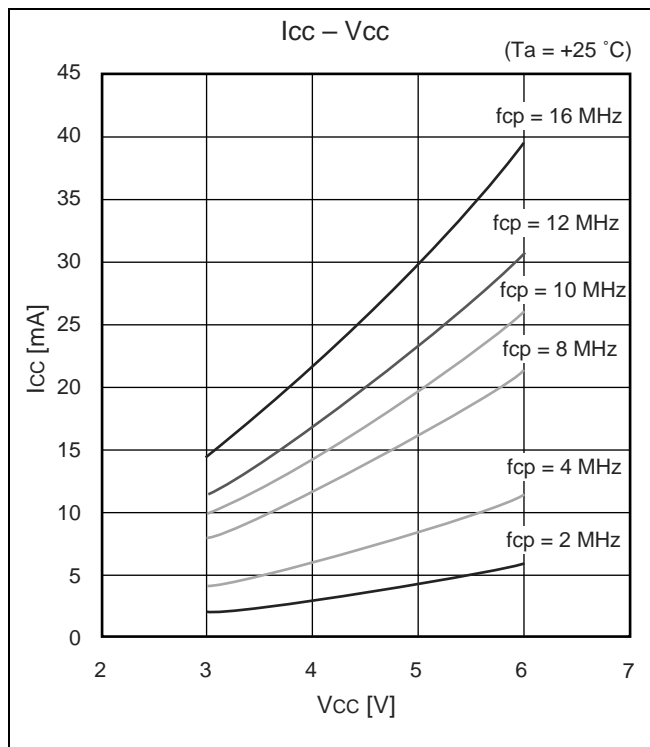


- In stop mode



**Internal Shift Clock Mode**

**External Shift Clock Mode**


■ Power supply current (MB90F549G)



## 15. Major Changes

Spansion Publication Number: DS07-13703-7E

Section	Change Results
■ PRODUCT LINEUP	Changed the name in peripheral resource. 16-bit I/O Timer → 16-bit Free-run Timer
■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE	Changed the name of input typ. Hysteresis → CMOS Hysteresis HYS → CMOS Hysteresis
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM	Changed the arrow direction of SOT1 signal at UART1(SCI). “← →” (input/output) → “←” (output)
■ I/O MAP	Changed the text of “Note”.
■ INTERRUPT MAP	Changed the name of peripheral resource of the pin number: #19. I/O Timer → 16-bit Free-run Timer
■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	Changed the remarks of “parameter: Power supply voltage”.
2. Recommended Conditions	
3. DC Characteristics	Changed the maximum value of symbol : VILM of parameter: Input voltage. $V_{CC} + 0.3 \rightarrow V_{SS} + 0.3$ Added the following remarks for parameter : Pull-down resistance. Except Flash device
4. AC Characteristics	Added the value when using an external clock in Oscillation frequency and Clock cycle time on (1) Clock Timing for parameter.
(1) Clock Timing	Added the item of A/D converter operation range in figure of “■ Guaranteed PLL operation range”
(3) Reset and Hardware Standby Input Timing	Changed the following item. (3) Reset and Hardware Standby Input Timing Remarks: In sub-clock mode, sub-sleep mode, timer mode $2t_{CP} \rightarrow 2t_{LCP}$
(4) Power On Reset	Changed as follows; Due to repetitive operation → Waiting time until power-on
5. A/D Converter	Changed the unit of Zero transition voltage and Full scale transition voltage. mV → V
■ ORDERING INFORMATION	Added the MB90F548GLPMC in Part Numbers.

**NOTE:** Please see “Document History” about later revised information.

## Document History

Document Title: MB90F543G(S)/546G(S)/548G(S)/549G(S)/549G(S)/V540G/MB90543G(S)/547G(S)/548G(S)/F548GL(S) CMOS F2MC-16LX MB90540G/545G Series 16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller Document Number: 002-07696				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	—	AKIH	11/13/2008	Migrated to Cypress and assigned document number 002-07696. No change to document contents or format.
*A	5537115	AKIH	11/30/2016	Updated to Cypress template