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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	F <sup>2</sup> MC-16LX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, SCI, Serial I/O, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, WDT
Number of I/O	81
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	6K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x8/10b
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-QFP (14x20)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90f543gspf-gs-9009">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90f543gspf-gs-9009</a>

Starting by an external trigger input.  
Conversion time : 26.3  $\mu$ s

- FULL-CAN interfaces  
MB90540G series : 2 channels  
MB90545G series : 1 channel  
Conforming to Version 2.0 Part A and Part B

Flexible message buffering (mailbox and FIFO buffering can be mixed)

- External bus interface : Maximum address space 16 Mbytes
- Package: QFP-100, LQFP-100

### 3. Pin Description

Pin No.		Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP <sup>2</sup>	QFP <sup>1</sup>			
80 81	82 83	X0 X1	A (Oscillation)	High speed crystal oscillator input pins
78	80	X0A	A (Oscillation)	Low speed crystal oscillator input pins. For the one clock system parts, perform external pull-down processing.
77	79	X1A		Low speed crystal oscillator input pins. For the one clock system parts, leave it open.
75	77	$\overline{\text{RST}}$	B	External reset request input pin
50	52	$\overline{\text{HST}}$	C	Hardware standby input pin
83 to 90	85 to 92	P00 to P07	I	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
		AD00 to AD07		I/O pins for 8 lower bits of the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
91 to 98	93 to 100	P10 to P17	I	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
		AD08 to AD15		I/O pins for 8 higher bits of the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
99 to 6	1 to 8	P20 to P27	I	General I/O port with programmable pullup. In external bus mode, this function is valid when the corresponding bits in the external address output control resister (HACR) are set to "1".
		A16 to A23		8-bit I/O pins for A16 to A23 at the external address/data bus. In external bus mode, this function is valid when the corresponding bits in the external address output control resister (HACR) are set to "0".
7	9	P30	I	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
		ALE		Address latch enable output pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
8	10	P31	I	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
		$\overline{\text{RD}}$		Read strobe output pin for the data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
10	12	P32	I	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode or when the $\overline{\text{WR}}/\overline{\text{WRL}}$ pin output is disabled.
		$\overline{\text{WRL}}$		Write strobe output pin for the data bus. This function is enabled when both the external bus and the $\overline{\text{WR}}/\overline{\text{WRL}}$ pin output are enabled. $\overline{\text{WRL}}$ is write-strobe output pin for the lower 8 bits of the data bus in 16-bit access. $\overline{\text{WR}}$ is write-strobe output pin for the 8 bits of the data bus in 8-bit access.
		$\overline{\text{WR}}$		

(Continued)

Pin No.		Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP <sup>2</sup>	QFP <sup>1</sup>			
46	48	P57	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 0 disables the output.
		TOT0		Output pin for the 16-bit reload timers 0. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 0 enables the output.
51 to 56	53 to 58	P70 to P75	D	General I/O ports. This function is always enabled.
		IN0 to IN5		Trigger input pins for input captures ICU0 to ICU5. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input if this function is used.
57 , 58	59 , 60	P76 , P77	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when the OCU disables the waveform output.
		OUT2 , OUT3		Event output pins for output compares OCU2 and OCU3. This function is enabled when the OCU enables the waveform output.
		IN6 , IN7		Trigger input pins for input captures ICU6 and ICU7. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input and disable the OCU waveform output if this function is used.
59 to 62	61 to 64	P80 to P83	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when 8/16-bit PPG disables the waveform output.
		PPG0 to PPG3		Output pins for 8/16-bit PPGs. This function is enabled when 8/16-bit PPG enables the waveform output.
63 , 64	65 , 66	P84 , P85	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when the OCU disables the waveform output.
		OUT0 , OUT1		Waveform output pins for output compares OCU0 and OCU1. This function is enabled when the OCU enables the waveform output.
65	67	P86	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		TIN1		Input pin for the 16-bit reload timers 1. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input if this function is used.
66	68	P87	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 1 disables the output.
		TOT1		Output pin for the 16-bit reload timers 1. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 1 enables the output.
67 to 70	69 to 72	P90 to P93	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		INT0 to INT3		External interrupt request input pins for INT0 to INT3. Set the corresponding Port Direction Register to input if this function is used.
71	73	P94	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when CAN0 disables the output.
		TX0		TX output pin for CAN0. This function is enabled when CAN0 enables the output.

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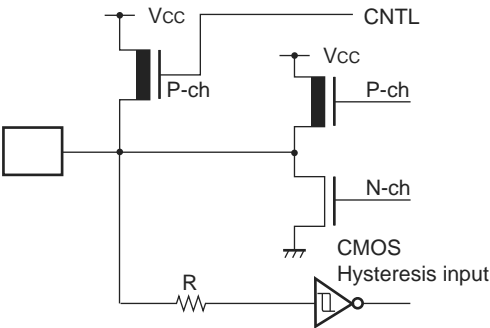
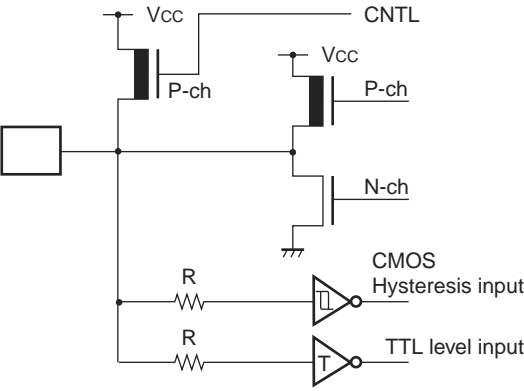
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Pin No.		Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP <sup>*2</sup>	QFP <sup>*1</sup>			
72	74	P95	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		RX0		RX input pin for CAN0 Interface. When the CAN function is used, output from the other functions must be stopped.
73	75	P96	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when CAN1 disables the output.
		TX1		TX output pin for CAN1. This function is enabled when CAN1 enables the output (only MB90540G series) .
74	76	P97	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
		RX1		RX input pin for CAN1 Interface. When the CAN function is used, output from the other functions must be stopped (only MB90540G series) .
76	78	PA0	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
32	34	AV <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply	Power supply pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AV <sub>cc</sub> is applied to V <sub>cc</sub> .
35	37	AV <sub>ss</sub>	Power supply	Power supply pin for the A/D Converter.
33	35	AVRH	Power supply	External reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AVRH is applied to AV <sub>cc</sub> .
34	36	AVRL	Power supply	External reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter.
47, 48	49, 50	MD0, MD1	C	Input pins for specifying the operating mode. The pins must be directly connected to V <sub>cc</sub> or V <sub>ss</sub> .
49	51	MD2	F	Input pin for specifying the operating mode. The pin must be directly connected to V <sub>cc</sub> or V <sub>ss</sub> .
25	27	C	—	Power supply stabilization capacitor pin. It should be connected externally to an 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor.
21, 82	23, 84	V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply	Input pin for power supply (5.0 V) .
9, 40, 79	11, 42, 81	V <sub>ss</sub>	Power supply	Input pin for power supply (0.0 V) .

\*1 : FPT-100P-M06

\*2 : FPT-100P-M20

(Continued)

Circuit type	Diagram	Remarks
H		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ CMOS level output</li> <li>■ CMOS Hysteresis input</li> <li>■ Programmable pull-up resistor : 50 kΩ approx.</li> </ul>
I		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ CMOS level output</li> <li>■ CMOS Hysteresis input</li> <li>■ TTL level input (Flash devices in Flash writer mode only)</li> <li>■ Programmable pullup resistor : 50 kΩ approx.</li> </ul>

**(6) Pull-up/down resistors**

The MB90540G/545G Series does not support internal pull-up/down resistors (except Port0 – Port3 : pull-up resistors) . Use external components where needed.

**(7) Crystal Oscillator Circuit**

Noises around X0 or X1 pins may be possible causes of abnormal operations. Make sure to provide bypass capacitors via the shortest distances from X0, X1 pins, crystal oscillator (or ceramic resonator) and ground lines, and make sure, to the utmost effort, that lines of oscillation circuits do not cross the lines of other circuits.

It is highly recommended to provide a printed circuit board artwork surrounding X0 and X1 pins with a ground area for stabilizing the operation.

**(8) Turning-on Sequence of Power Supply to A/D Converter and Analog Inputs**

Make sure to turn on the A/D converter power supply ( $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{RH}$ ,  $AV_{RL}$ ) and analog inputs (AN0 to AN7) after turning-on the digital power supply ( $V_{CC}$ ) .

Turn-off the digital power after turning off the A/D converter supply and analog inputs. In this case, make sure that the voltage does not exceed  $AV_{RH}$  or  $AV_{CC}$  (turning on/off the analog and digital power supplies simultaneously is acceptable) .

**(9) Connection of Unused Pins of A/D Converter**

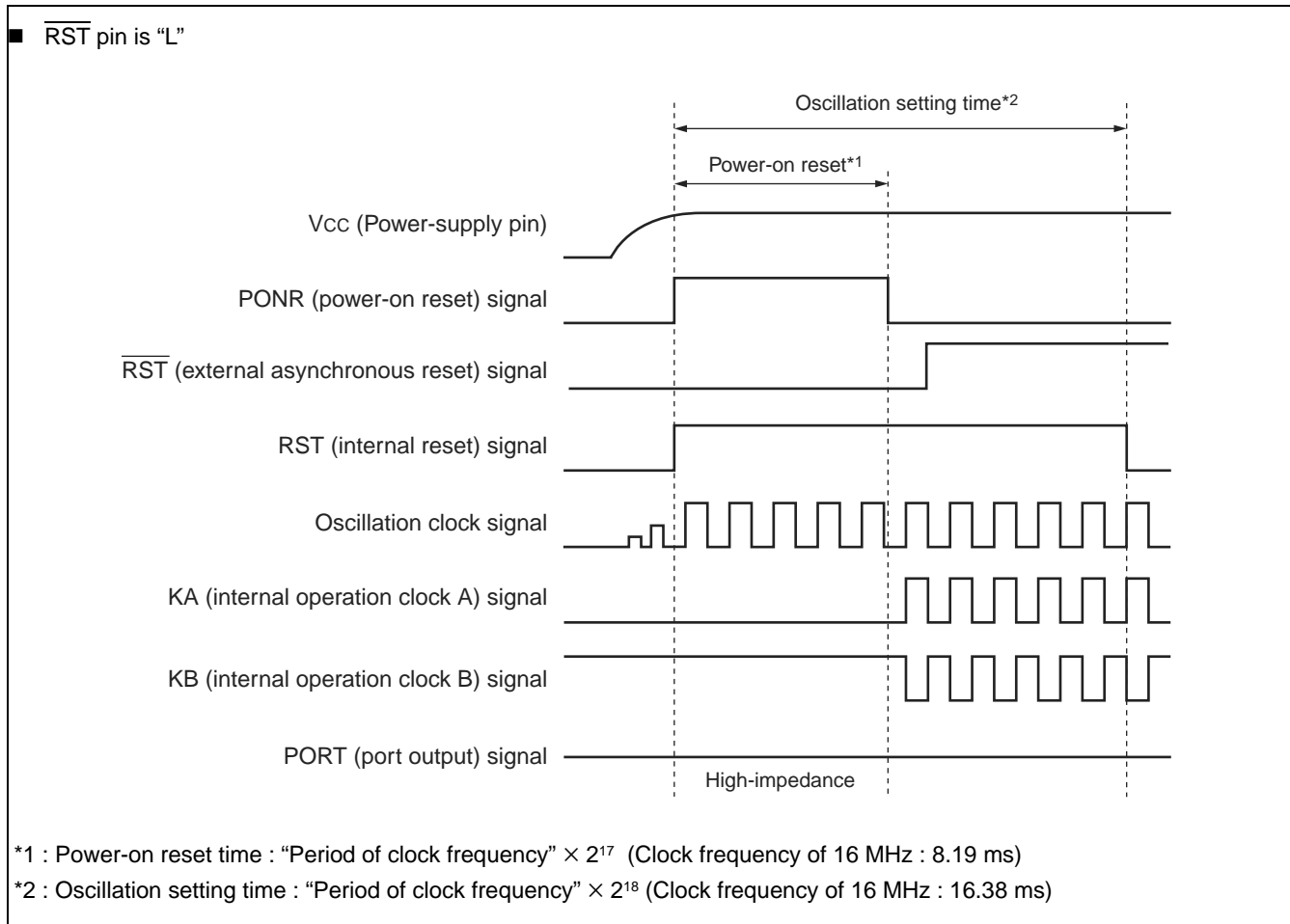
Connect unused pins of A/D converter to  $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = AV_{RH} = V_{SS}$ .

**(10) N.C. Pin**

The N.C. (internally connected) pin must be opened for use.

**(11) Notes on Energization**

To prevent the internal regulator circuit from malfunctioning, set the voltage rise time during energization at 50  $\mu$ s or more (0.2 V to 2.7 V) .



### (13) Initialization

In the device, there are internal registers which are initialized only by a power-on reset. To initialize these registers, please turn on the power again.

### (14) Directions of "DIV A, Ri" and "DIVW A, RWi" instructions

In the Signed multiplication and division instructions ("DIV A, Ri" and "DIVW A, RWi"), the value of the corresponding bank register (DTB, ADB, USB, SSB) is set in "00H".

If the values of the corresponding bank registers (DTB, ADB, USB, SSB) are set to other than "00H", the remainder by the execution result of the instruction is not stored in the register of the instruction operand.

### (15) Using REALOS

The use of EI<sup>2</sup>OS is not possible with the REALOS real time operating system.

### (16) Caution on Operations during PLL Clock Mode

If the PLL clock mode is selected, the microcontroller attempt to be working with the self-oscillating circuit even when there is no external oscillator or external clock input is stopped. Performance of this operation, however, cannot be guaranteed.



Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
3900 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 0/1	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3901 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3902 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3903 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3904 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO2	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 2/3	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3905 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH2	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3906 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3907 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3908 <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO4	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 4/5	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3909 <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH4	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390A <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO5	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390B <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH5	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390C <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO6	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 6/7	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390D <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH6	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390E <sub>H</sub>	Reload L	PRLLO7	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
390F <sub>H</sub>	Reload H	PRLH7	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3910 <sub>H</sub> to 3917 <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
3918 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 0	IPCP0	R	Input Capture 0/1	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3919 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 0	IPCP0	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391A <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 1	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391B <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 1	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391C <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 2	IPCP2	R	Input Capture 2/3	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391D <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 2	IPCP2	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391E <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 3	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
391F <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 3	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3920 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 4	IPCP4	R	Input Capture 4/5	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3921 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 4	IPCP4	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3922 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 5	IPCP5	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3923 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 5	IPCP5	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3924 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 6	IPCP6	R	Input Capture 6/7	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3925 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 6	IPCP6	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3926 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3927 <sub>H</sub>	Input Capture Register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

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Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
3928 <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 0	OCCP0	R/W	Output Compare 0/1	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3929 <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 0	OCCP0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392A <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 1	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392B <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 1	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392C <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 2	OCCP2	R/W	Output Compare 2/3	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392D <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 2	OCCP2	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392E <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 3	OCCP3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392F <sub>H</sub>	Output Compare Register 3	OCCP3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3930 <sub>H</sub> to 39FF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
3A00 <sub>H</sub> to 3AFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 0 Interface.				
3B00 <sub>H</sub> to 3BFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 0 Interface.				
3C00 <sub>H</sub> to 3CFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 1 Interface.				
3D00 <sub>H</sub> to 3DFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 1 Interface.				
3E00 <sub>H</sub> to 3FFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				

■ Read/write notation

R/W : Reading and writing permitted  
R : Read-only  
W : Write-only

■ Initial value notation

0 : Initial value is "0".  
1 : Initial value is "1".  
X : Initial value is undefined.  
\_ : Initial value is unused.

**Note:** Any write access to reserved addresses in I/O map should not be performed. A read access to reserved addresses results in reading "X".

## 10. Interrupt Map

Interrupt cause	EI <sup>2</sup> OS clear	Interrupt vector		Interrupt control register	
		Number	Address	Number	Address
Reset	N/A	#08	FFFFDC <sub>H</sub>	—	—
INT9 instruction	N/A	#09	FFFFD8 <sub>H</sub>	—	—
Exception	N/A	#10	FFFFD4 <sub>H</sub>	—	—
CAN 0 RX	N/A	#11	FFFFD0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR00	0000B0 <sub>H</sub>
CAN 0 TX/NS	N/A	#12	FFFFCC <sub>H</sub>		
CAN 1 RX	N/A	#13	FFFFC8 <sub>H</sub>	ICR01	0000B1 <sub>H</sub>
CAN 1 TX/NS	N/A	#14	FFFFC4 <sub>H</sub>		
External Interrupt INT0/INT1	*1	#15	FFFFC0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR02	0000B2 <sub>H</sub>
Time Base Timer	N/A	#16	FFFFBC <sub>H</sub>		
16-bit Reload Timer 0	*1	#17	FFFFB8 <sub>H</sub>	ICR03	0000B3 <sub>H</sub>
8/10-bit A/D Converter	*1	#18	FFFFB4 <sub>H</sub>		
16-bit Free-run Timer	N/A	#19	FFFFB0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR04	0000B4 <sub>H</sub>
External Interrupt INT2/INT3	*1	#20	FFFFAC <sub>H</sub>		
Serial I/O	*1	#21	FFFFA8 <sub>H</sub>	ICR05	0000B5 <sub>H</sub>
8/16-bit PPG 0/1	N/A	#22	FFFFA4 <sub>H</sub>		
Input Capture 0	*1	#23	FFFFA0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR06	0000B6 <sub>H</sub>
External Interrupt INT4/INT5	*1	#24	FFFF9C <sub>H</sub>		
Input Capture 1	*1	#25	FFFF98 <sub>H</sub>	ICR07	0000B7 <sub>H</sub>
8/16-bit PPG 2/3	N/A	#26	FFFF94 <sub>H</sub>		
External Interrupt INT6/INT7	*1	#27	FFFF90 <sub>H</sub>	ICR08	0000B8 <sub>H</sub>
Watch Timer	N/A	#28	FFFF8C <sub>H</sub>		
8/16-bit PPG 4/5	N/A	#29	FFFF88 <sub>H</sub>	ICR09	0000B9 <sub>H</sub>
Input Capture 2/3	*1	#30	FFFF84 <sub>H</sub>		
8/16-bit PPG 6/7	N/A	#31	FFFF80 <sub>H</sub>	ICR10	0000BA <sub>H</sub>
Output Compare 0	*1	#32	FFFF7C <sub>H</sub>		
Output Compare 1	*1	#33	FFFF78 <sub>H</sub>	ICR11	0000BB <sub>H</sub>
Input Capture 4/5	*1	#34	FFFF74 <sub>H</sub>		
Output Compare 2/3 - Input Capture 6/7	*1	#35	FFFF70 <sub>H</sub>	ICR12	0000BC <sub>H</sub>
16-bit Reload Timer 1	*1	#36	FFFF6C <sub>H</sub>		
UART 0 RX	*2	#37	FFFF68 <sub>H</sub>	ICR13	0000BD <sub>H</sub>
UART 0 TX	*1	#38	FFFF64 <sub>H</sub>		
UART 1 RX	*2	#39	FFFF60 <sub>H</sub>	ICR14	0000BE <sub>H</sub>
UART 1 TX	*1	#40	FFFF5C <sub>H</sub>		
Flash Memory	N/A	#41	FFFF58 <sub>H</sub>	ICR15	0000BF <sub>H</sub>
Delayed interrupt	N/A	#42	FFFF54 <sub>H</sub>		

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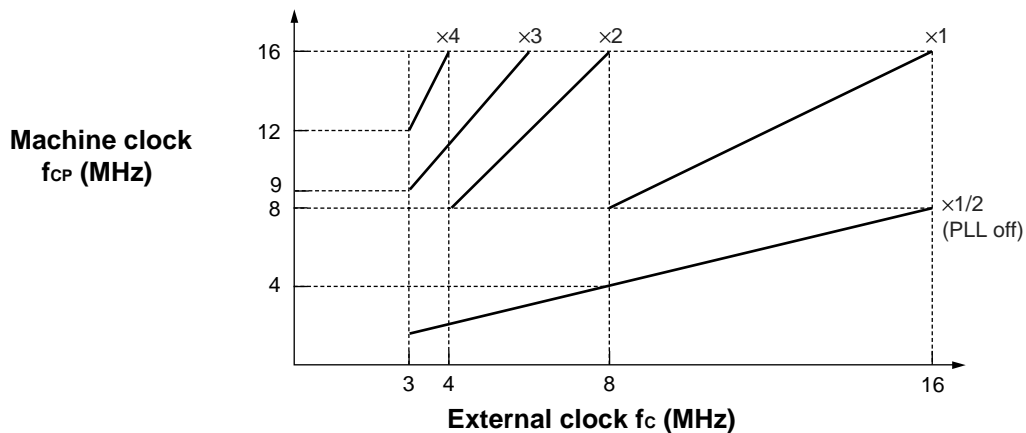
\*1 : The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal.

\*2 : The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal. A stop request is available.

Notes :

- N/A : The interrupt request flag is not cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal.
- For a peripheral module with two interrupt causes for a single interrupt number, both interrupt request flags are cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal.
- At the end of EI<sup>2</sup>OS, the EI<sup>2</sup>OS clear signal will be asserted for all the interrupt flags assigned to the same interrupt number. If one interrupt flag starts the EI<sup>2</sup>OS and in the meantime another interrupt flag is set by a hardware event, the later event is lost because the flag is cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS clear signal caused by the first event. So it is recommended not to use the EI<sup>2</sup>OS for this interrupt number.
- If EI<sup>2</sup>OS is enabled, EI<sup>2</sup>OS is initiated when one of the two interrupt signals in the same interrupt control register (ICR) is asserted. This means that different interrupt sources share the same EI<sup>2</sup>OS Descriptor which should be unique for each interrupt source. For this reason, when one interrupt source uses the EI<sup>2</sup>OS, the other interrupt should be disabled.

■ External clock frequency and Machine clock frequency



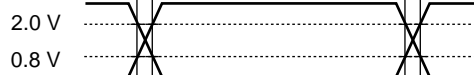
AC characteristics are set to the measured reference voltage values below.

■ Input signal waveform

Hysteresis Input Pin



TTL Input Pin



■ Output signal waveform

Output Pin



#### 11.4.4 Power On Reset

(MB90543G(S)/547G(S)/548G(S)/F548GL(S):  $V_{CC} = 3.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to } +105 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

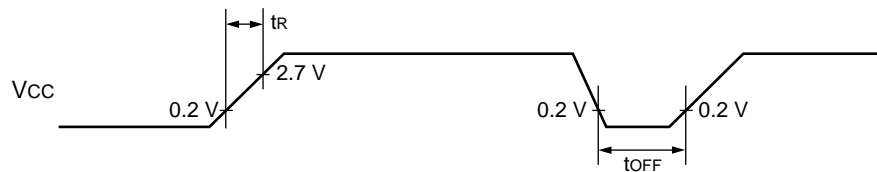
(Other than MB90543G(S)/547G(S)/548G(S)/F548GL(S):  $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to } +105 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Units	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Power on rise time	$t_R$	$V_{CC}$	—	0.05	30	ms	*
Power off time	$t_{OFF}$	$V_{CC}$	—	50	—	ms	Waiting time until power-on

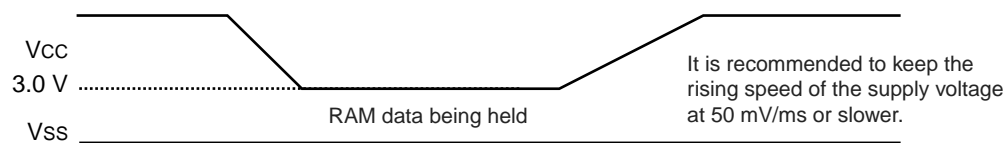
\* :  $V_{CC}$  must be kept lower than 0.2 V before power-on.

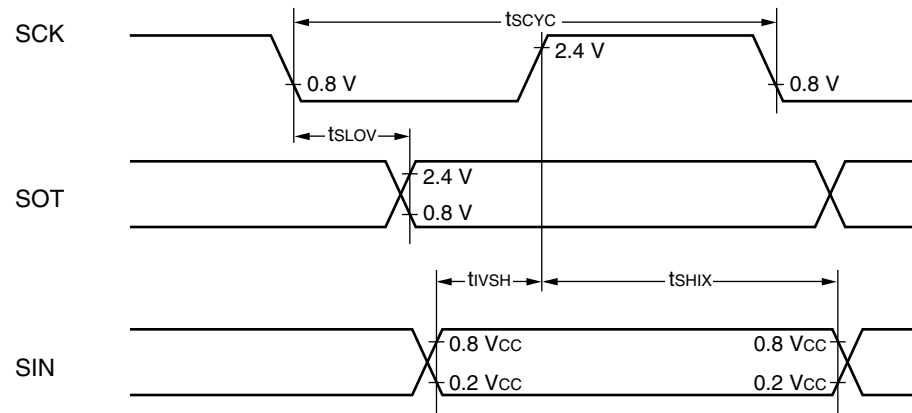
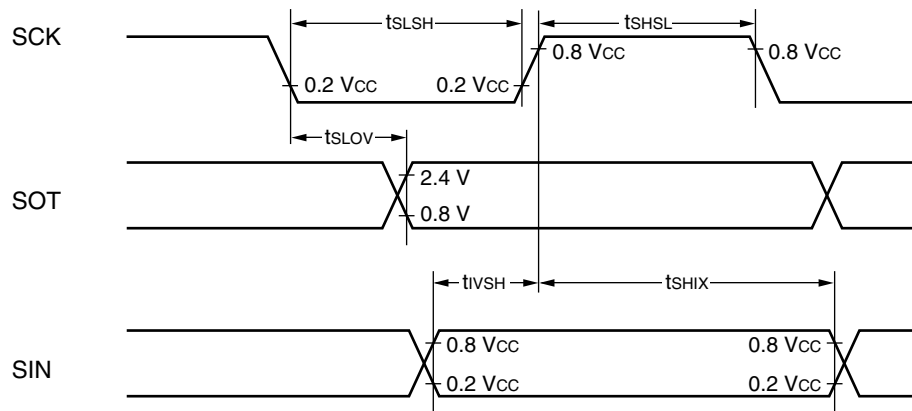
Notes : ■ The above values are used for creating a power-on reset.

■ Some registers in the device are initialized only upon a power-on reset. To initialize these register, turn on the power supply using the above values.



Sudden changes in the power supply voltage may cause a power-on reset.  
To change the power supply voltage while the device is in operation, it is recommended to raise the voltage smoothly to suppress fluctuations as shown below.  
In this case, change the supply voltage with the PLL clock not used. If the voltage drop is 1 V or fewer per second, however, you can use the PLL clock.



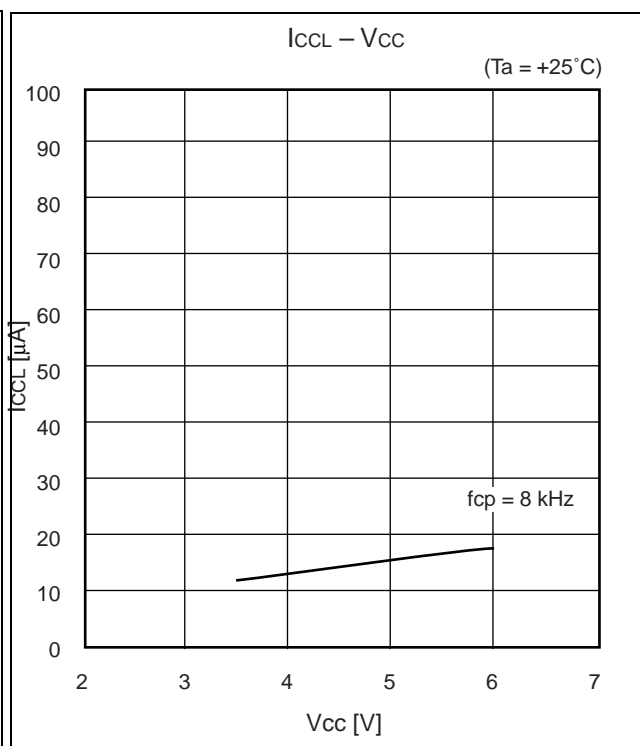
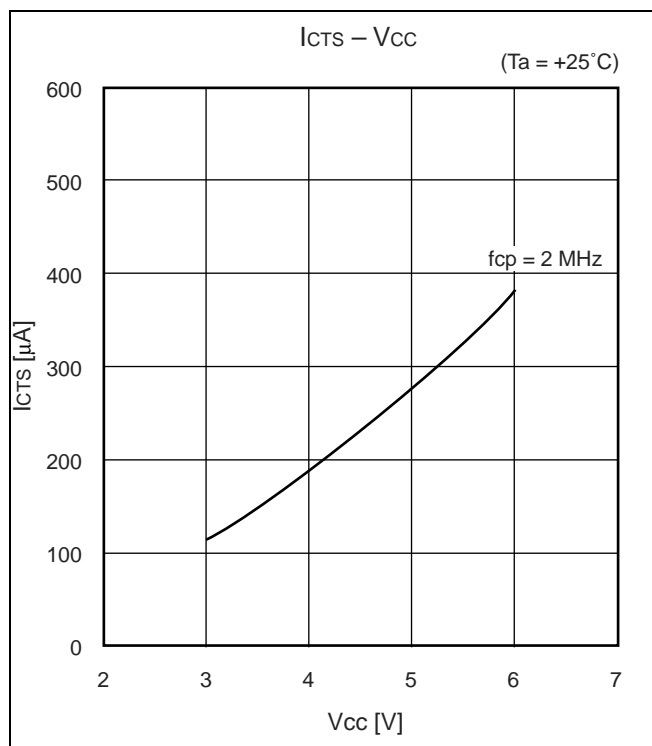
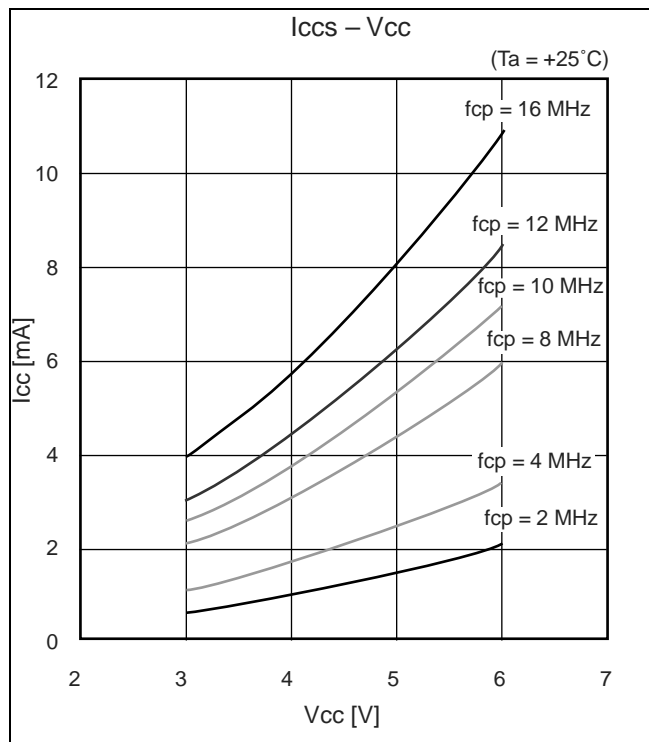
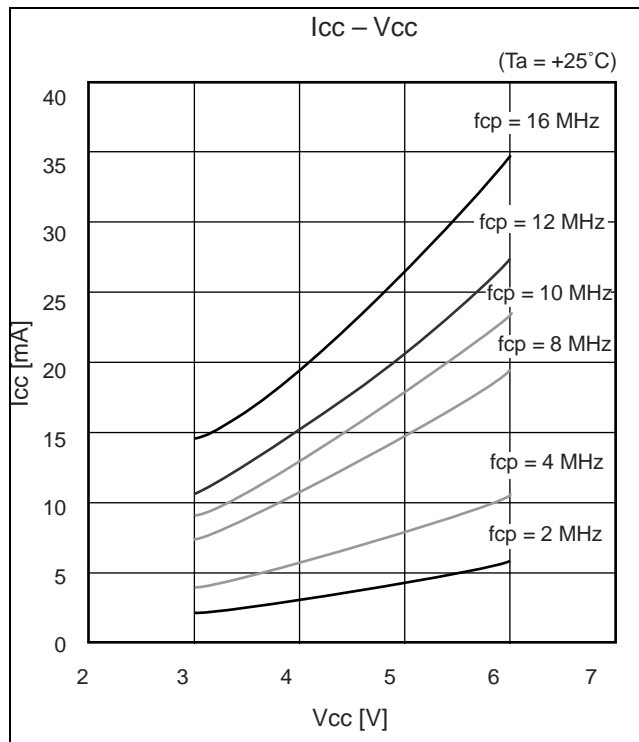
**Internal Shift Clock Mode**

**External Shift Clock Mode**


## 11.6 Flash Memory Program/Erase Characteristics

Parameter	Condition	Value			Units	Remarks	
		Min	Typ	Max			
Sector erase time	T <sub>A</sub> = + 25 °C V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	—	1	15	s	Excludes 00H programming prior erasure	
Chip erase time		—	5	—	s	MB90F543G (S) /F548G (S) /F548GL (S)	Excludes 00H programming prior erasure
			7	—	s	MB90F549G (S) /F546G (S)	
Word (16 bit width) programming time		—	—	16	3,600	μs	Excludes system-level overhead
Erase/Program cycle	—	10,000	—	—	cycle		



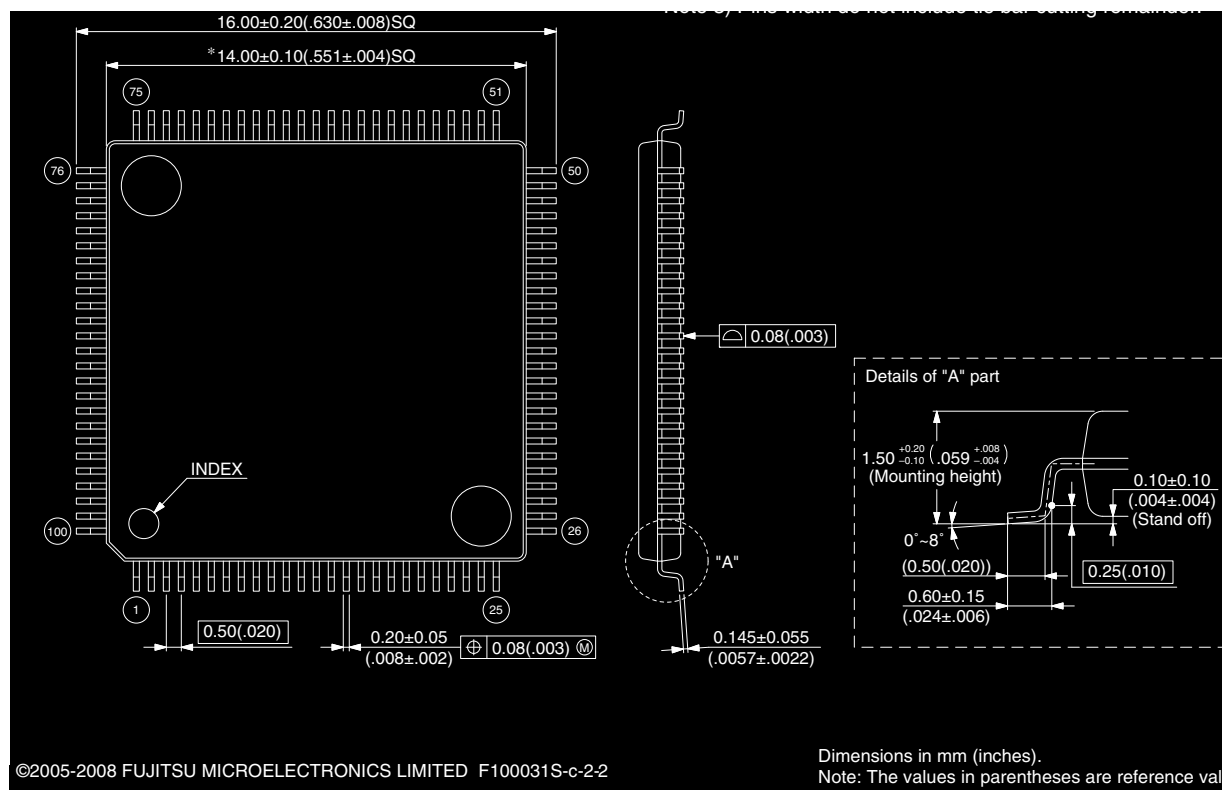
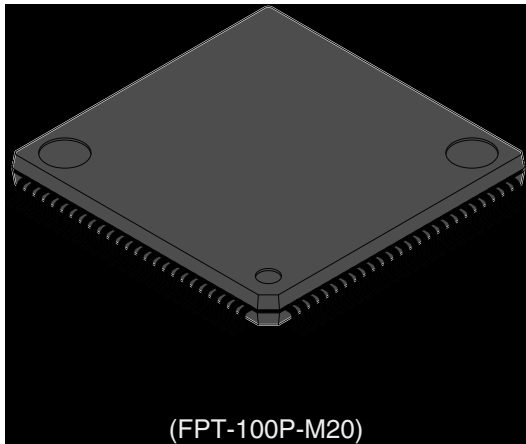
■ Power supply current (MB90549G)



### 13. Ordering Information

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90F543GPF MB90F543GSPF MB90F546GPF MB90F546GSPF MB90F548GPF MB90F548GSPF MB90F548GLPF MB90F548GLSPF MB90F549GPF MB90F549GSPF MB90543GPF MB90543GSPF MB90547GPF MB90547GSPF MB90548GPF MB90548GSPF MB90549GPF MB90549GSPF	100-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90F543GPMC MB90F543GSPMC MB90F546GPMC MB90F546GSPMC MB90F548GPMC MB90F548GSPMC MB90F548GLPMC MB90F548GLSPMC MB90F549GPMC MB90F549GSPMC MB90543GPMC MB90543GSPMC MB90547GPMC MB90547GSPMC MB90548GPMC MB90548GSPMC MB90549GPMC MB90549GSPMC	100-pin Plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	

(Continued)



## 15. Major Changes

Spansion Publication Number: DS07-13703-7E

Section	Change Results
■ PRODUCT LINEUP	Changed the name in peripheral resource. 16-bit I/O Timer → 16-bit Free-run Timer
■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE	Changed the name of input typ. Hysteresis → CMOS Hysteresis HYS → CMOS Hysteresis
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM	Changed the arrow direction of SOT1 signal at UART1(SCI). “← →” (input/output) → “←” (output)
■ I/O MAP	Changed the text of “Note”.
■ INTERRUPT MAP	Changed the name of peripheral resource of the pin number: #19. I/O Timer → 16-bit Free-run Timer
■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	Changed the remarks of “parameter: Power supply voltage”.
2. Recommended Conditions	
3. DC Characteristics	Changed the maximum value of symbol : VILM of parameter: Input voltage. $V_{CC} + 0.3 \rightarrow V_{SS} + 0.3$ Added the following remarks for parameter : Pull-down resistance. Except Flash device
4. AC Characteristics	Added the value when using an external clock in Oscillation frequency and Clock cycle time on (1) Clock Timing for parameter.
(1) Clock Timing	Added the item of A/D converter operation range in figure of “■ Guaranteed PLL operation range”
(3) Reset and Hardware Standby Input Timing	Changed the following item. (3) Reset and Hardware Standby Input Timing Remarks: In sub-clock mode, sub-sleep mode, timer mode $2t_{CP} \rightarrow 2t_{LCP}$
(4) Power On Reset	Changed as follows; Due to repetitive operation → Waiting time until power-on
5. A/D Converter	Changed the unit of Zero transition voltage and Full scale transition voltage. mV → V
■ ORDERING INFORMATION	Added the MB90F548GLPMC in Part Numbers.

**NOTE:** Please see “Document History” about later revised information.

## Document History

Document Title: MB90F543G(S)/546G(S)/548G(S)/549G(S)/549G(S)/V540G/MB90543G(S)/547G(S)/548G(S)/F548GL(S) CMOS F2MC-16LX MB90540G/545G Series 16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller Document Number: 002-07696				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	—	AKIH	11/13/2008	Migrated to Cypress and assigned document number 002-07696. No change to document contents or format.
*A	5537115	AKIH	11/30/2016	Updated to Cypress template

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