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### **Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems**

**Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)** refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

### **What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?**

**System On Chip (SoC)** integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

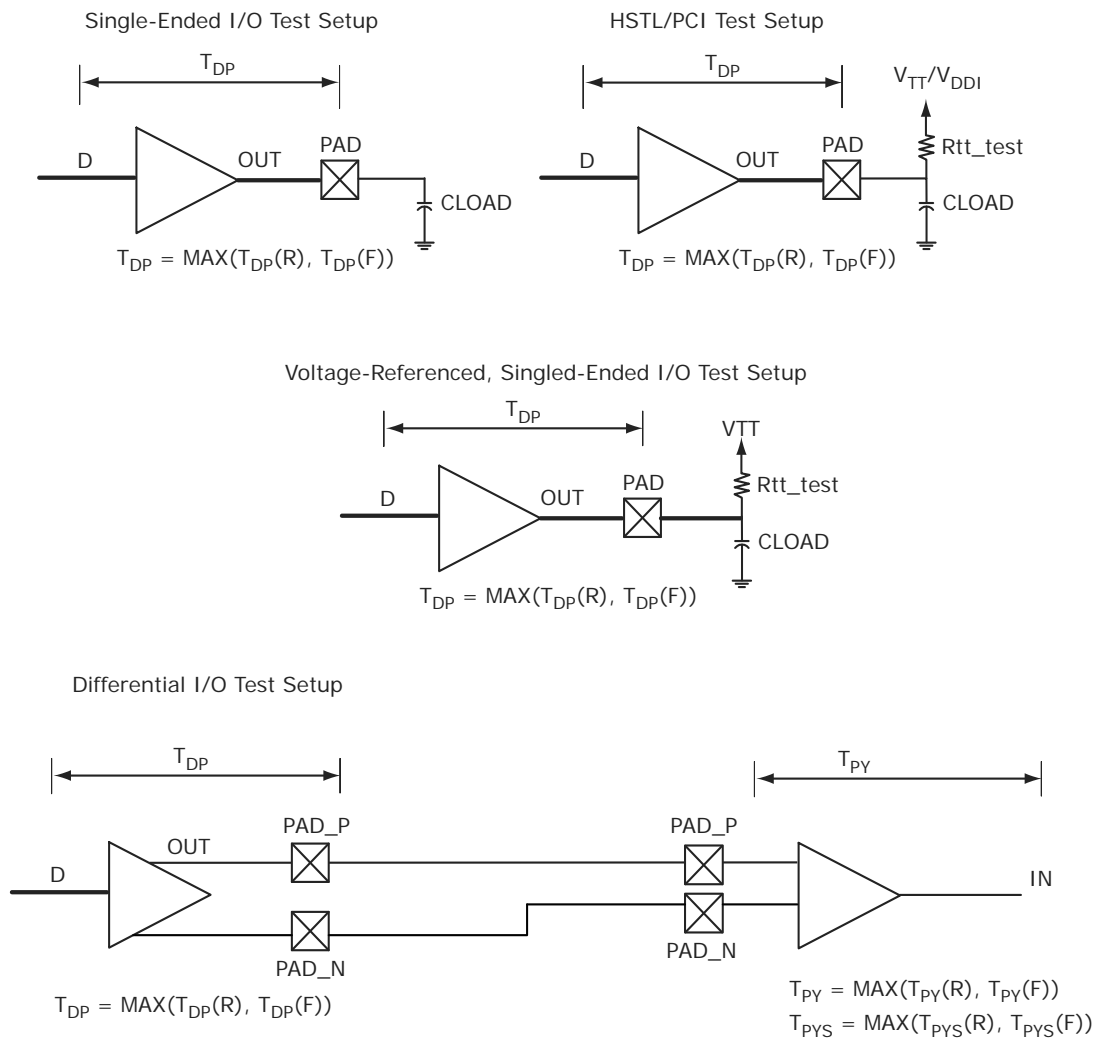
#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	256KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DDR, PCIe, SERDES
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 50K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s050ts-1fg896i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s050ts-1fg896i</a>

### 2.3.5.2 Output Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the output buffer and AC loading.

**Figure 4 • Output Buffer AC Loading**



## 2.3.5.6 Single-Ended I/O Standards

### 2.3.5.6.1 Low Voltage Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (LVCMOS)

LVCMOS is a widely used switching standard implemented in CMOS transistors. This standard is defined by JEDEC (JESD 8-5). The LVCMOS standards supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs are: LVCMOS12, LVCMOS15, LVCMOS18, LVCMOS25, and LVCMOS33.

#### 2.3.5.6.2 3.3 V LVCMOS/LVTTL

LVCMOS 3.3 V or Low-Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic (LVTTL) is a general standard for 3.3 V applications.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 29 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

**Table 30 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Input Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	2.0	3.45	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	0.8	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 31 • LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high <sup>1</sup>	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$		V
DC output logic low <sup>1</sup>	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V

1. The  $V_{OH}/V_{OL}$  test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 3.3 V JESD8-B requirements.

**Table 32 • LVTTL 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	2.4		V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$		0.4	V

**Table 33 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V AC Maximum Switching Speed (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	600	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

### 2.3.5.7 2.5 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 2.5 V is a general standard for 2.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs that are in compliance with the JEDEC specification JESD8-5A.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 38 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 39 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	1.7	2.625	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	$V_{IH}$ (DC)	1.7	3.45	V
DC input logic low	$V_{IL}$ (DC)	-0.3	0.7	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 40 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$ <sup>1</sup>	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	-	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$ <sup>2</sup>		0.4	V

1. The VOH/VOL test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 2.5 V JEDEC8-5A requirements.

**Table 41 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	410	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	420	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

**Table 42 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	Rodt_cal	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	$\Omega$

**Table 43 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	1.2	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega\sigma$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path ( $T_{DP}$ )	$C_{LOAD}$	5	pF

**Table 44 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			VOH (V)	VOL (V)	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank (With Software Default Fixed Code)	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	0.4	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	0.4	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	0.4	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	0.4	8	8
12 mA	12 mA	12 mA	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	0.4	12	12
16 mA		16 mA	$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	0.4	16	16

**Note:** For board design considerations, output slew rates extraction, detailed output buffer resistances, and I/V Curve, use the corresponding IBIS models located at:  
[www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx).

**AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

**Table 45 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Receiver Characteristics (Input Buffers)**

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		$T_{PYS}$		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for DDRIO I/O bank)	None	1.823	2.145	1.932	2.274	ns
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for MSIO I/O bank)	None	2.486	2.925	2.495	2.935	ns
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for MSIOD I/O bank)	None	2.29	2.694	2.305	2.712	ns

**Table 46 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	$T_{DP}$		$T_{ZL}$		$T_{ZH}$		$T_{HZ}^1$		$T_{LZ}^1$		Unit
		-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.657	4.302	3.393	3.991	3.675	4.323	3.894	4.582	3.552	4.18	ns
	Medium	3.374	3.97	3.139	3.693	3.396	3.995	3.635	4.277	3.253	3.828	ns
	Medium fast	3.239	3.811	3.036	3.572	3.261	3.836	3.519	4.141	3.128	3.681	ns
	Fast	3.224	3.793	3.029	3.563	3.246	3.818	3.512	4.132	3.119	3.67	ns

**Table 62 • LVCMOS 1.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	VOH	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$		V
DC output logic low	VOL		$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	V

**Table 63 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Minimum and Maximum Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	235	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	160	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	220	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

**Table 64 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	RODT_CA L	75, 60, 50, 40	$\Omega$

**Table 65 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point	$V_{TRIP}$	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path ( $T_{DP}$ )	$C_{LOAD}$	5	pF

**Table 66 • LVCMOS 1.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			$V_{OH}$ (V)	$V_{OL}$ (V)	IOH (at $V_{OH}$ ) mA	IOL (at $V_{OL}$ ) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$	$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$	$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$	$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	6	6
8 mA		8 mA	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$	$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	8	8
		10 mA	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$	$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	10	10
		12 mA	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$	$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	12	12

**Note:** For a detailed I/V curve, use the corresponding IBIS models:  
[www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx).

**Table 107 • SSTL2 AC Differential Voltage Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	$V_{DIFF} (AC)$	0.7		V
AC differential cross point voltage	$V_x (AC)$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.2$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.2$	V

**Table 108 • SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	575	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	700	Mbps	AC loading: 3 pF / 50 $\Omega$ load
		510	Mbps	AC loading: 17pF load

**Table 109 • SSTL2 AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	20, 42	$\Omega$	Reference resistor = 150 $\Omega$

**Table 110 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	1.25	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class I ( $T_{DP}$ )	$R_{TT\_TEST}$	50	$\Omega$
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class II ( $T_{DP}$ )	$R_{TT\_TEST}$	25	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for data path ( $T_{DP}$ )	$C_{LOAD}$	5	pF

**AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

**Table 111 • SSTL2 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		Unit
		-1	-Std	
Pseudo differential	None	1.549	1.821	ns
True differential	None	1.589	1.87	ns

**Table 162 • LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 163 • LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	$V_{OD}$	250	350	450	mV
Output common mode voltage	$V_{OCM}$	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Input common mode voltage	$V_{ICM}$	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
Input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$	100	350	600	mV

**Table 164 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	535	Mbps	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) no pre-emphasis	$D_{MAX}$	620	Mbps	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load
		700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load

**Table 165 • LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Termination resistance	$R_T$	100		$\Omega$

**Table 166 • LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF

**LVDS25 AC Switching Characteristics**

 Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 
**Table 167 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.774	3.263	ns
100	2.775	3.264	ns



### 2.3.7.2 B-LVDS

Bus LVDS (B-LVDS) specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers.

#### Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 173 • B-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 174 • B-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	$V_I$	0	2.925	V
Input current high <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IH}$ (DC)			
Input current low <sup>1</sup>	$I_{IL}$ (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

**Table 175 • B-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification (for MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 176 • B-LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing (for MSIO I/O bank only)	$V_{OD}$	65	460	mV
Output common mode voltage (for MSIO I/O bank only)	$V_{OCM}$	1.1	1.5	V
Input common mode voltage	$V_{ICM}$	0.05	2.4	V
Input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$	0.1	$V_{DDI}$	V

**Table 177 • B-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	500	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load

**Table 178 • B-LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	$R_T$	27	$\Omega$

**Table 179 • B-LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF

### 2.3.7.5 RSDS

Reduced Swing Differential Signaling (RSDS) is similar to an LVDS high-speed interface using differential signaling. RSDS has a similar implementation to LVDS devices and is only intended for point-to-point applications.

#### Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 203 • RSDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

**Table 204 • RSDS DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	$V_I$	0	2.925	V

**Table 205 • RSDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	$V_{OH}$	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	$V_{OL}$	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

**Table 206 • RSDS Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	$V_{OD}$	100	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	$V_{OCM}$	0.5	1.5	V
Input common mode voltage	$V_{ICM}$	0.3	1.5	V
Input differential voltage	$V_{ID}$	100	600	mV

**Table 207 • RSDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	$D_{MAX}$	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load

**Table 208 • RSDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	$R_T$	100	$\Omega$

**Table 209 • RSDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	$V_{TRIP}$	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$R_{ENT}$	2K	$\Omega$
Capacitive loading for enable path ( $T_{ZH}$ , $T_{ZL}$ , $T_{HZ}$ , $T_{LZ}$ )	$C_{ENT}$	5	pF

**AC Switching Characteristics**

Worst commercial-case conditions:  $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ .

**Table 210 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIO I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.855	3.359	ns
100	2.85	3.353	ns

**Table 211 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	$T_{PY}$		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.602	3.061	ns
100	2.597	3.055	ns

**Table 212 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

$T_{DP}$		$T_{ZL}$		$T_{ZH}$		$T_{HZ}$		$T_{LZ}$		Unit
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.097	2.467	2.303	2.709	2.291	2.695	1.961	2.307	1.947	2.29	ns

**Table 213 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	$T_{DP}$		$T_{ZL}$		$T_{ZH}$		$T_{HZ}$		$T_{LZ}$		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
No pre-emphasis	1.614	1.899	1.559	1.834	1.55	1.823	1.59	1.87	1.575	1.852	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.604	1.887	1.742	2.05	1.728	2.032	1.889	2.222	1.858	2.185	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.521	1.79	1.753	2.062	1.737	2.043	1.9	2.235	1.868	2.197	ns
Max pre-emphasis	1.492	1.754	1.762	2.073	1.745	2.052	1.91	2.247	1.876	2.206	ns

**2.3.7.6 LVPECL**

Low-Voltage Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic (LVPECL) is another differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines. Similar to LVDS, two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs support only LVPECL receivers and do not support LVPECL transmitters.

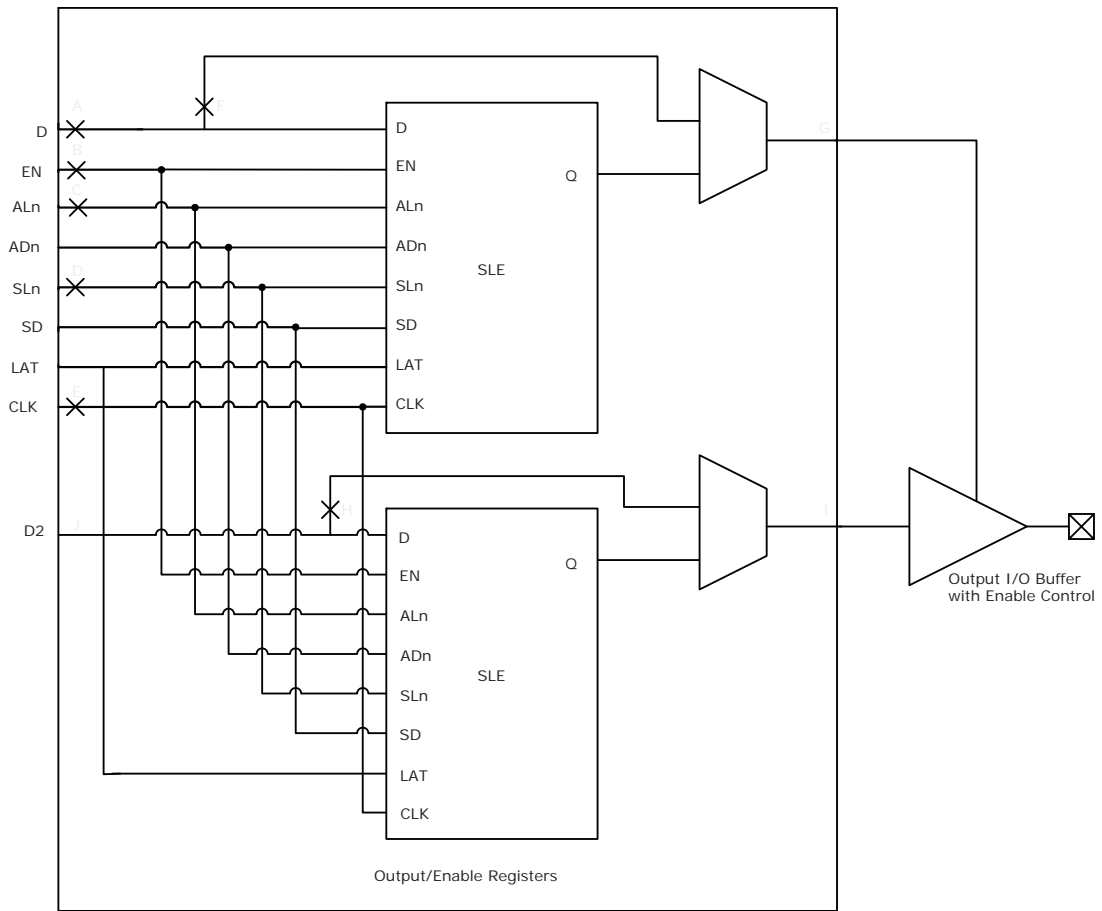
**Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

**Table 214 • LVPECL Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DDI}$	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

### 2.3.8.2 Output/Enable Register

Figure 8 • Timing Model for Output/Enable Register



**Table 222 • Output DDR Propagation Delays (continued)**

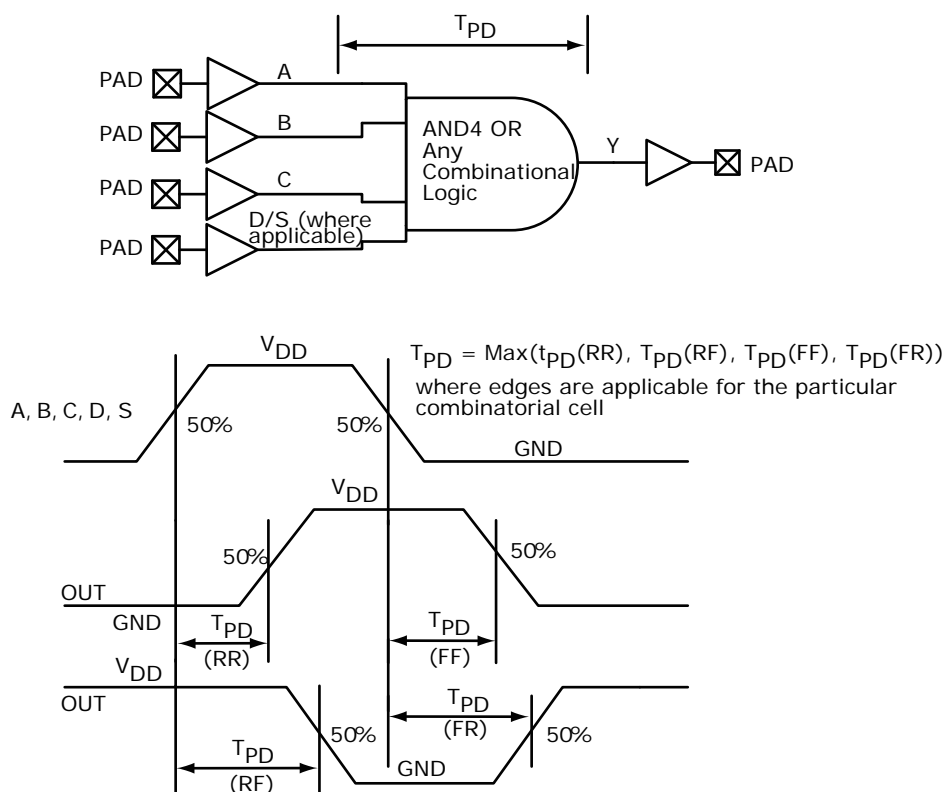
Symbol	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	-1	-Std	Unit
$T_{DDROWAL}$	Asynchronous load minimum pulse width for output DDR	C, C	0.304	0.357	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWH}$	Clock minimum pulse width high for the output DDR	E, E	0.075	0.088	ns
$T_{DDROCKMPWL}$	Clock minimum pulse width low for the output DDR	E, E	0.159	0.187	ns

## 2.3.10 Logic Element Specifications

### 2.3.10.1 4-input LUT (LUT-4)

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a fully permutable 4-input LUT. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, see *SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Macro Library Guide*.

**Figure 14 • LUT-4**



**Table 231 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1K × 18 (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Block select hold time	T <sub>BLKH</sub> D	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T <sub>BLK2</sub> Q		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T <sub>BLKMP</sub> W	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T <sub>RDES</sub> U	0.449		0.528		ns
Read enable hold time	T <sub>RDEH</sub> D	0.167		0.197		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T <sub>RDPLE</sub> SU	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T <sub>RDPLE</sub> HD	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T <sub>R2</sub> Q	–	1.506	–	1.772	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T <sub>RSTRE</sub> M	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T <sub>RSTRE</sub> C	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T <sub>RSTMP</sub> W	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T <sub>PLRSTRE</sub> M	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T <sub>PLRSTRE</sub> C	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T <sub>PLRSTMP</sub> W	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T <sub>SRSTS</sub> U	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T <sub>SRSTH</sub> D	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T <sub>WES</sub> U	0.39		0.458		ns
Write enable hold time	T <sub>WEH</sub> D	0.242		0.285		ns
Maximum frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 2K × 9 in worst commercial-case conditions when T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V.

**Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 2K × 9**

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T <sub>CY</sub>	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>CLKMP</sub> WH	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>CLKMP</sub> WL	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T <sub>PLCY</sub>	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	T <sub>PLCLKMP</sub> WH	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	T <sub>PLCLKMP</sub> WL	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T <sub>CLK2</sub> Q		2.273		2.674	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.529		1.799	ns

**Table 237 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM64x18) in 64 × 18 Mode (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.128		0.15		ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WECSU}$	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WECHD}$	-0.026		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the  $\mu$ SRAM in 64 × 16 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 238 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM64x16) in 64 × 16 Mode**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	$T_{CY}$	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		0.266		0.313	ns
Read access time without pipeline register				1.677		1.973
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	$T_{ADDRSU}$	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode			1.856		2.184	
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	$T_{ADDRHD}$	0.091		0.107		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode			-0.778		-0.915	
Read enable setup time	$T_{RDENSU}$	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	$T_{RDENHD}$	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	$T_{BLKSU}$	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	$T_{BLKHD}$	-0.65		-0.765		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	$T_{BLK2Q}$		2.036		2.396	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREM}$	-0.023		-0.027		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)			0.046		0.054	
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREC}$	0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)			0.236		0.278	
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	$T_{R2Q}$		0.835		0.983	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	$T_{SRSTSU}$	0.271		0.319		ns

**Table 242 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 x 2 Mode (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Write clock period	$T_{CCY}$	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	$T_{BLKCSU}$	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	$T_{BLKCHD}$	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	$T_{DINCSU}$	0.101		0.118		ns
Write input data hold time	$T_{DINCHD}$	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.247		0.29		ns
Write enable setup time	$T_{WECSU}$	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	$T_{WECHD}$	-0.03		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	$F_{MAX}$		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the  $\mu$ SRAM in 1024 x 1 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when  $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 243 •  $\mu$ SRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 x 1 Mode**

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read clock period	$T_{CY}$	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	$T_{PLCY}$	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	$T_{CLK2Q}$		0.27		0.31	ns
Read access time without pipeline register				1.78		2.1
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	$T_{ADDRSU}$	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode			1.978		2.327	
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	$T_{ADDRHD}$	0.137		0.161		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode			-0.6		-0.71	
Read enable setup time	$T_{RDENSU}$	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	$T_{RDENHD}$	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	$T_{BLKSU}$	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	$T_{BLKHHD}$	-0.65		-0.77		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	$T_{BLK2Q}$		2.16		2.54	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	$T_{RSTREM}$	-0.02		-0.03		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)			0.046		0.054	



**Table 254 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (eNVM Only) (continued)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming	Auto Update	Programming Recovery	Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz	
150	161	161	161	Sec

**Table 255 • Programming Times with 100 kHz, 25 MHz, and 12.5 MHz SPI Clock Rates (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Auto Programming	Auto Update	Programming Recovery	Unit
	100 kHz	25 MHz	12.5 MHz	
005	47	27	28	Sec
010	77	35	35	Sec
025	150	42	41	Sec
050	33 <sup>1</sup>	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	291	83	82	Sec
090	427	109	108	Sec
150	708	157	160	Sec
005	41	48	49	Sec
010	86	87	87	Sec
025	87	85	86	Sec
050	85	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	78	86	86	Sec
090	154	162	162	Sec
150	161	161	161	Sec
005	87	67	66	Sec
010	161	113	113	Sec
025	229	120	121	Sec
050	112	Not Supported	Not Supported	Sec
060	368	161	158	Sec
090	582	261	260	Sec
150	867	309	310	Sec

1. Auto Programming in 050 device is done through SC\_SPI, and SPI CLK is set to 6.25 MHz.

## 2.3.20 On-Chip Oscillator

The following tables describe the electrical characteristics of the available on-chip oscillators in the IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs.

**Table 280 • Electrical Characteristics of the 50 MHz RC Oscillator**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	F50RC	50		MHz	
Accuracy	ACC50RC	1	4	%	050 devices
		1	5	%	005, 025, and 060 devices
		1	6.3	%	090 devices
		1	7.1	%	010 and 150 devices
Output duty cycle	CYC50RC	49–51	46.5–53.5	%	
Output jitter (peak to peak)	JIT50RC	Period Jitter			
		200	300	ps	005, 010, 050, and 060 devices
		200	400	ps	150 devices
		300	500	ps	025 and 090 devices
		Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter			
		200	300	ps	005 and 050 devices
		320	420	ps	010, 060, and 150 devices
		320	850	ps	025 and 090 devices
Operating current	IDYN50RC	6.5		mA	

**Table 281 • Electrical Characteristics of the 1 MHz RC Oscillator**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	F1RC	1		MHz	
Accuracy	ACC1RC	1	3	%	005, 010, 025, and 050 devices
		1	4.5	%	060, and 150 devices
		1	5.6	%	090 devices
Output duty cycle	CYC1RC	49–51	46.5–53.5	%	005, 010, 025, 050, 090 and 150 devices
		49-51	46.0-54.0	%	060 devices
Output jitter (peak to peak)	JIT1RC	Period Jitter			
		10	20	ns	005, 010, 025, and 050 devices
		10	28	ns	060, 090 and 150 devices
		Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter			
		10	20	ns	005, 010, and 050 devices
		10	35	ns	025, 060, and 150 devices
		10	45	ns	090 devices
Operating current	IDYN1RC	0.1		mA	
Startup time	SU1RC	17		μs	050, 090, and 150 devices
		18		μs	005, 010, and 025 devices

1. The minimum output clock frequency is limited by the PLL. For more information, see *UG0449: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Clocking Resources User Guide*.
2. The PLL is used in conjunction with the Clock Conditioning Circuitry. Performance is limited by the CCC output frequency.

The following table lists the CCC/PLL jitter specifications in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

**Table 283 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Jitter Specifications**

CCC Output Maximum Peak-to-Peak Period Jitter $F_{OUT\_CCC}$					
Parameter	Conditions/Package Combinations				Unit
<b>10 FG484, 050 FG896/FG484/FCS325 Packages<sup>1</sup></b>	SSO = 0	$0 < SSO \leq 2$	$SSO \leq 4$	$SSO \leq 8$	$SSO \leq 16$
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\text{Max}(110, \pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC}))$	$\text{Max}(150, \pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC}))$			ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	$\text{Max}(120, \pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC}))$	$\text{Max}(150, \pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC}))$		$\text{Max}(170, \pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC}))$	ps
<b>025 FG484/FCS325 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	$0 < SSO \leq 16$				
20 MHz to 74 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
74 MHz to 400 MHz	210				ps
<b>005 FG484 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	$0 < SSO \leq 16$				
20 MHz to 53 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
53 MHz to 400 MHz	270				ps
<b>090 FG676 and FC325 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	$0 < SSO \leq 16$				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	150				ps
<b>060 FG676 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	$0 < SSO \leq 16$				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	150				ps
<b>150 FC1152 Package<sup>1</sup></b>	$0 < SSO \leq 16$				
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/F_{OUT\_CCC})$				ps
100 MHz to 400 MHz	120				ps

1. SSO data is based on LVCMOS 2.5 V MSIO and/or MSIOD bank I/Os.

**Table 291 • DEVRST\_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2 (continued)**

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{DEVRST2POR}$	DEVRST_N	POWER_ON_RESET_N	$V_{DD}$ at its minimum threshold level to fabric	233	289	216	213	237	234	219
$T_{DEVRST2MSSRST}$	DEVRST_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	$V_{DD}$ at its minimum threshold level to MSS	702	765	712	688	636	630	866
$T_{DEVRST2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	208	202	197	193	216	215	215

**Figure 19 • DEVRST\_N to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2**

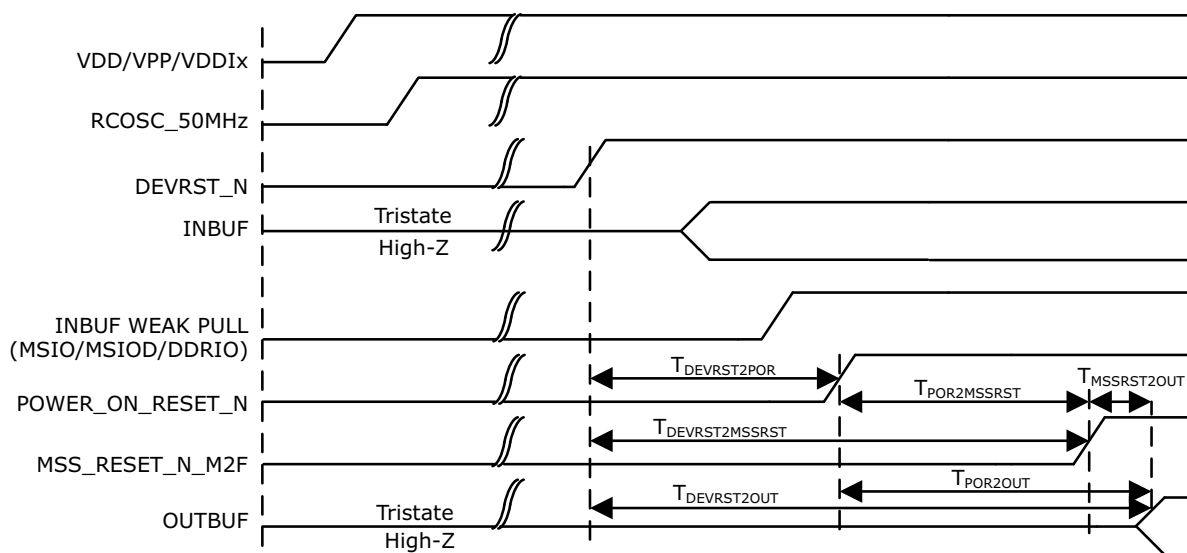
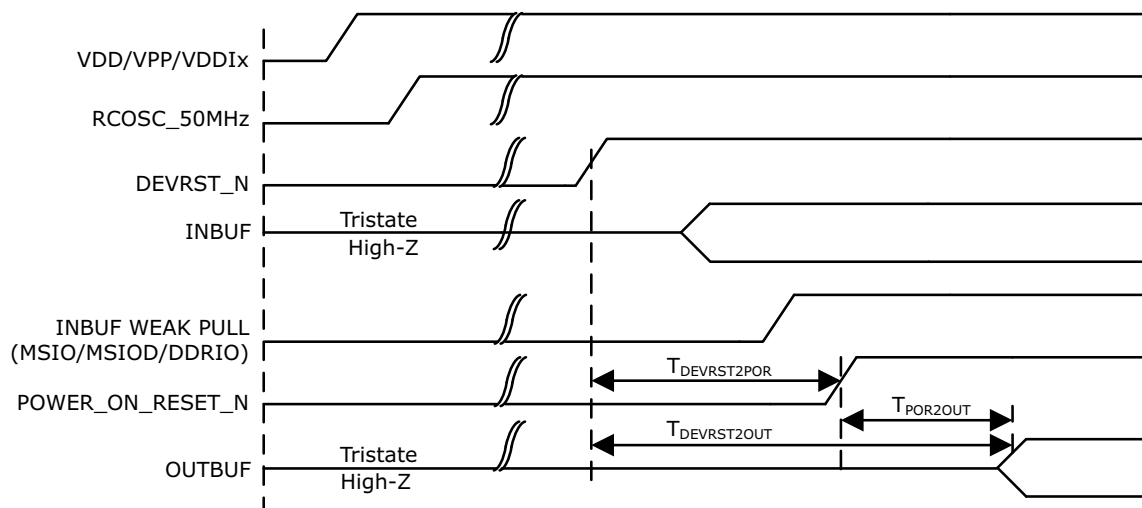


Figure 20 • DEVRST\_N to Functional Timing Diagram for IGLOO2



### 2.3.27 Flash\*Freeze Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the Flash\*Freeze entry and exit times in worst-case industrial conditions when  $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ .

Table 293 • Flash\*Freeze Entry and Exit Times

Parameter	Symbol	Entry/Exit Timing			Unit	Conditions
		FCLK = 100MHz		FCLK = 3 MHz		
		005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and 150	050	All Devices		
Entry time	TFF_ENTRY	160	150	320	$\mu\text{s}$	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON
		215	200	430	$\mu\text{s}$	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL= OFF
Exit time with respect to the MSS PLL Lock	TFF_EXIT	100	100	140	$\mu\text{s}$	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		136	120	190	$\mu\text{s}$	eNVM = ON and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and MSS/HPMS PLL turned back on at exit
		200	200	285	$\mu\text{s}$	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit
		200	200	285	$\mu\text{s}$	eNVM = OFF and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F and eNVM turned back on at exit