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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

Details

Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	512KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DDR, PCIe, SERDES
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 90K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m2s090t-1fgg484

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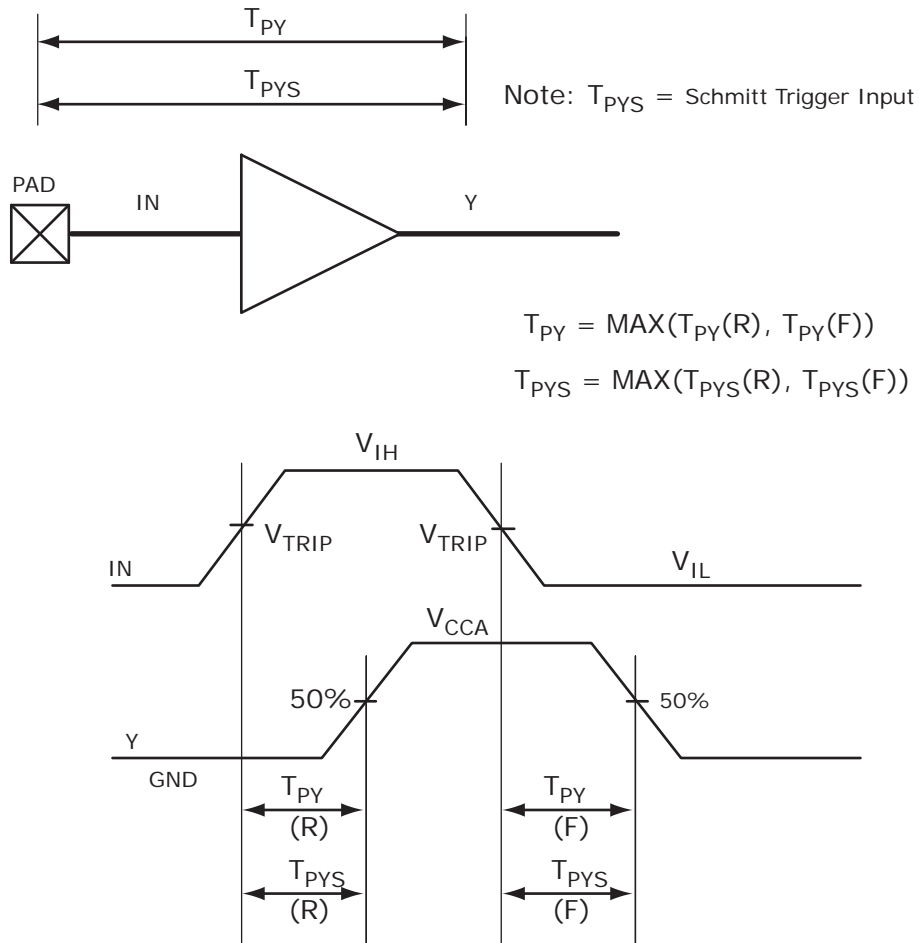
2.3.5 User I/O Characteristics

There are three types of I/Os supported in the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA families: MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO I/O banks. The I/O standards supported by the different I/O banks is described in the I/Os section of the *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

2.3.5.1 Input Buffer and AC Loading

The following figure shows the input buffer and AC loading.

Figure 3 • Input Buffer AC Loading



2.3.5.5 Detailed I/O Characteristics

Table 24 • Input Capacitance, Leakage Current, and Ramp Time

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Unit	Conditions
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	10	pF	
I_{IL} (dc)	Input current low (Applicable to HSTL/SSTL inputs only)	400	μ A	$V_{DDI} = 2.5$ V
		500	μ A	$V_{DDI} = 1.8$ V
		600	μ A	$V_{DDI} = 1.5$ V ¹
	Input current low (Applicable to all other digital inputs)	10	μ A	
I_{IH} (dc)	Input current high (Applicable to HSTL/SSTL inputs only)	400	μ A	$V_{DDI} = 2.5$ V
		500	μ A	$V_{DDI} = 1.8$ V
		600	μ A	$V_{DDI} = 1.5$ V ¹
	Input current high (Applicable to all other digital inputs)	10	μ A	
T_{RAMPIN} ²	Input ramp time (Applicable to all digital inputs)	50	ns	

1. Applicable when I/O pair is programmed with an HSTL/SSTL I/O type on IOP and an un-terminated I/O type (LVCMOS, for example) on ION pad.
2. Voltage ramp must be monotonic.

The following table lists the minimum and maximum I/O weak pull-up/pull-down resistance values of DDRIO I/O bank at V_{OH}/V_{OL} Level.

Table 25 • I/O Weak Pull-up/Pull-down Resistances for DDRIO I/O Bank

V_{DDI} Domain	R(WEAK PULL-UP) at V_{OH} (Ω)		R(WEAK PULL-DOWN) at V_{OL} (Ω)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
2.5 V ^{1, 2}	10K	17.8K	9.98K	18K
1.8 V ^{1, 2}	10.3K	19.1K	10.3K	19.5K
1.5 V ^{1, 2}	10.6K	20.2K	10.6K	21.1K
1.2 V ^{1, 2}	11.1K	22.7K	11.2K	24.6K

1. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN}) = (V_{OLspec})/I(\text{WEAK PULL-DOWN MAX})$.
2. $R(\text{WEAK PULL-UP}) = (V_{DDImax} - V_{OHspec})/I(\text{WEAK PULL-UP MIN})$.

Table 122 • SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.3	V

Table 123 • SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.5		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} - 0.175$	$0.5 \times V_{DDI} + 0.175$	V

Table 124 • SSTL18 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specification

Table 125 • SSTL18 AC Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	50, 75, 150	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 126 • SSTL18 AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I (T_{DP})	R_{TT_TEST}	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II (T_{DP})	R_{TT_TEST}	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$

Table 127 • DDR2/SSTL18 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		Unit
		-1	-Std	
Pseudo differential	None	1.567	1.844	ns
True differential	None	1.588	1.869	ns

Table 136 • SSTL15 AC Test Parameter Specifications (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL15 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL15 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Table 137 • DDR3/SSTL15 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank – with Calibration Only

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		Unit
		-1	-Std	
Pseudo differential	None	1.605	1.888	ns
	20	1.616	1.901	ns
	30	1.613	1.897	ns
	40	1.611	1.895	ns
	60	1.609	1.893	ns
	120	1.607	1.89	ns
True differential	None	1.623	1.91	ns
	20	1.637	1.926	ns
	30	1.63	1.918	ns
	40	1.626	1.914	ns
	60	1.622	1.91	ns
	120	1.619	1.905	ns

Table 138 • DDR3/SSTL15 Transmitter Characteristics (Output and Tristate Buffers)

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
DDR3 Reduced Drive/SSTL15 Class I (for DDRIO I/O Bank)											
Single-ended	2.533	2.98	2.522	2.967	2.523	2.968	2.427	2.855	2.428	2.856	ns
Differential	2.555	3.005	3.073	3.615	3.073	3.615	2.416	2.843	2.416	2.843	ns
DDR3 Full Drive/SSTL15 Class II (for DDRIO I/O Bank)											
Single-ended	2.53	2.977	2.514	2.958	2.516	2.96	2.422	2.849	2.425	2.852	ns
Differential	2.552	3.002	2.591	3.048	2.59	3.047	2.882	3.391	2.881	3.39	ns

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$.

Table 180 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.738	3.221	ns
100	2.735	3.218	ns

Table 181 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.495	2.934	ns
100	2.495	2.935	ns

Table 182 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)

T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.258	2.656	2.343	2.756	2.329	2.74	2.12	2.494	2.123	2.497	ns

2.3.7.3 M-LVDS

M-LVDS specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers.

Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 183 • M-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage ¹	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

1. Only M-LVDS TYPE I is supported.

Table 184 • M-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	V_I	0	2.925	V
Input current high ¹	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low ²	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 191 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (for MSIOD I/O Bank - Input Buffers)

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		Unit
	-1	-Std	
None	2.495	2.934	ns
100	2.495	2.935	ns

Table 192 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (for MSIO I/O Bank - Output and Tristate Buffers)

T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		Unit
-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	-1	-Std	
2.258	2.656	2.348	2.762	2.334	2.746	2.123	2.497	2.125	2.5	ns

2.3.7.4 Mini-LVDS

Mini-LVDS is an unidirectional interface from the timing controller to the column drivers and is designed to the Texas Instruments Standard SLDA007A.

Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 193 • Mini-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Table 194 • Mini-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC Input voltage	V_I	0	2.925	V

Table 195 • Mini-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 196 • Mini-LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V_{OD}	300	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	V_{OCM}	1	1.4	V
Input common mode voltage	V_{ICM}	0.3	1.2	V
Input differential voltage	V_{ID}	100	600	mV

Table 197 • Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

2.3.7.5 RSDS

Reduced Swing Differential Signaling (RSDS) is similar to an LVDS high-speed interface using differential signaling. RSDS has a similar implementation to LVDS devices and is only intended for point-to-point applications.

Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

Table 203 • RSDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Table 204 • RSDS DC Input Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	V_I	0	2.925	V

Table 205 • RSDS DC Output Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 206 • RSDS Differential Voltage Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V_{OD}	100	600	mV
Output common mode voltage	V_{OCM}	0.5	1.5	V
Input common mode voltage	V_{ICM}	0.3	1.5	V
Input differential voltage	V_{ID}	100	600	mV

Table 207 • RSDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	520	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

Table 208 • RSDS AC Impedance Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Termination resistance	RT	100	Ω

Table 209 • RSDS AC Test Parameter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH} , T_{ZL} , T_{HZ} , T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF

Table 231 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 1K x 18 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Block select hold time	T _{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T _{BLK2Q}		1.529		1.799	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T _{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T _{RDESU}	0.449		0.528		ns
Read enable hold time	T _{RDEHD}	0.167		0.197		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLESU}	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	T _{RDPLEHD}	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T _{R2Q}	–	1.506	–	1.772	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T _{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	T _{PLRSTREM}	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	T _{PLRSTREC}	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T _{PLRSTMPW}	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T _{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T _{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T _{WESU}	0.39		0.458		ns
Write enable hold time	T _{WEHD}	0.242		0.285		ns
Maximum frequency	F _{MAX}		400		340	MHz

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth x width configuration 2K x 9 in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 232 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 2K x 9

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T _{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	T _{CLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	T _{CLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T _{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	T _{PLCLKMPWH}	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	T _{PLCLKMPWL}	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register			0.334		0.393	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T _{CLK2Q}		2.273		2.674	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing			1.529		1.799	ns

The following table lists the RAM1K18 – dual-port mode for depth × width configuration 8K × 2 in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 234 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 8K × 2

Parameter	Symbol	–1		–Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period	T_{CY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock period	T_{PLCY}	2.5		2.941		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Pipelined clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.125		1.323		ns
Read access time with pipeline register				0.32	0.377	ns
Read access time without pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}			2.272	2.673	ns
Access time with feed-through write timing				1.511	1.778	ns
Address setup time	T_{ADDRSU}	0.612		0.72		ns
Address hold time	T_{ADDRHD}	0.274		0.322		ns
Data setup time	T_{DSU}	0.33		0.388		ns
Data hold time	T_{DHD}	0.082		0.096		ns
Block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	0.207		0.244		ns
Block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	0.216		0.254		ns
Block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}			1.511	1.778	ns
Block select minimum pulse width	T_{BLKMPW}	0.186		0.219		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDESU}	0.529		0.622		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDEHD}	0.071		0.083		ns
Pipelined read enable setup time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLESU}$	0.248		0.291		ns
Pipelined read enable hold time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	$T_{RDPLEHD}$	0.102		0.12		ns
Asynchronous reset to output propagation delay	T_{R2Q}			1.528	1.797	ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	T_{RSTREM}	0.506		0.595		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	T_{RSTREC}	0.004		0.005		ns
Asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	T_{RSTMPW}	0.301		0.354		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{PLRSTREM}$	–0.279		–0.328		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{PLRSTREC}$	0.327		0.385		ns
Pipelined register asynchronous reset minimum pulse width	$T_{PLRSTMPW}$	0.282		0.332		ns
Synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.226		0.265		ns
Synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.036		0.043		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WESU}	0.488		0.574		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WEHD}	0.048		0.057		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}			400	340	MHz

Table 243 • μ SRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 x 1 Mode (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREC}	0.507		0.597		ns
Read asynchronous reset recovery time (non-pipelined clock)		0.236		0.278		ns
Read asynchronous reset to output propagation delay (with pipelined register enabled)	T_{R2Q}		0.83		0.98	ns
Read synchronous reset setup time	T_{SRSTSU}	0.271		0.319		ns
Read synchronous reset hold time	T_{SRSTHD}	0.061		0.071		ns
Write clock period	T_{CCY}	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T_{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T_{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T_{DINCSU}	0.003		0.004		ns
Write input data hold time	T_{DINCHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.247		0.29		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WECHD}	-0.03		-0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		250		250	MHz

2.3.13 Programming Times

The following tables list the programming times in typical conditions when $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.2\text{ V}$. External SPI flash part# AT25DF641-s3H is used during this measurement.

Table 244 • JTAG Programming (Fabric Only)

M2S/M2GL				
Device	Image size Bytes	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	22	10	Sec
010	568784	28	18	Sec
025	1223504	51	26	Sec
050	2424832	66	54	Sec
060	2418896	77	54	Sec
090	3645968	113	126	Sec
150	6139184	155	193	Sec

2.3.14 Math Block Timing Characteristics

The fundamental building block in any digital signal processing algorithm is the multiply-accumulate function. Each IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC math block supports 18×18 signed multiplication, dot product, and built-in addition, subtraction, and accumulation units to combine multiplication results efficiently. The following table lists the math blocks with all registers used in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 268 • Math Blocks with all Registers Used

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input, control register setup time	T_{MISU}	0.149		0.176		ns
Input, control register hold time	T_{MIHD}	1.68		1.976		ns
CDIN input setup time	$T_{MOCDINSU}$	0.185		0.218		ns
CDIN input hold time	$T_{MOCDINHHD}$	0.08		0.094		ns
Synchronous reset/enable setup time	$T_{MSRSTENSU}$	-0.419		-0.493		ns
Synchronous reset/enable hold time	$T_{MSRSTENHD}$	0.011		0.013		ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{MARSTREM}$	0		0		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{MARSTREC}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Output register clock to out delay	T_{MOCQ}		0.232		0.273	ns
CLK minimum period	T_{MCLKMP}	2.245		2.641		ns

The following table lists the math blocks with input bypassed and output registers used in worst commercial-case conditions when $T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 269 • Math Block with Input Bypassed and Output Registers Used

Parameter	Symbol	-1		-Std		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output register setup time	T_{MOSU}	2.294		2.699		ns
Output register hold time	T_{MOHD}	1.68		1.976		ns
CDIN input setup time	$T_{MOCDINSU}$	0.115		0.136		ns
CDIN input hold time	$T_{MOCDINHHD}$	-0.444		-0.522		ns
Synchronous reset/enable setup time	$T_{MSRSTENSU}$	-0.419		-0.493		ns
Synchronous reset/enable hold time	$T_{MSRSTENHD}$	0.011		0.013		ns
Asynchronous reset removal time	$T_{MARSTREM}$	0		0		ns
Asynchronous reset recovery time	$T_{MARSTREC}$	0.014		0.017		ns
Output register clock to out delay	T_{MOCQ}		0.232		0.273	ns
CLK minimum period	T_{MCLKMP}	2.179		2.563		ns

2.3.16 SRAM PUF

For more details on static random-access memory (SRAM) physical unclonable functions (PUF) services, see [AC434: Using SRAM PUF System Service in SmartFusion2 Application Note](#).

The following table lists the SRAM PUF in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 274 • SRAM PUF

Service	PUF Off		PUF On		Unit
	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	
Create activation code	709.1	746.4	754.4	762.5	ms
Delete activation code	1329.3	1399.3	1414.1	1429.3	ms
Create intrinsic keycode	656.6	691.1	698.5	706.0	ms
Create extrinsic keycode	656.6	691.1	698.5	706.0	ms
Get number of keys	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	ms
Export (Kc0, Kc1)	998.0	1050.5	1061.7	1073.1	ms
Export 2 keycodes	2020.2	2126.5	2149.2	2172.3	ms
Export 4 keycodes	3065.7	3227.0	3261.3	3296.4	ms
Export 8 keycodes	5101.0	5369.5	5426.6	5485.0	ms
Export 16 keycodes	9212.1	9697.0	9800.1	9905.5	ms
Import (Kc0, Kc1)	39.7	41.8	42.2	42.7	ms
Import 2 keycodes	50.1	52.7	53.3	53.9	ms
Import 4 keycodes	60.6	63.8	64.5	65.2	ms
Import 8 keycodes	80.9	85.1	86.1	87.0	ms
Import 16 keycodes	123.8	130.4	131.7	133.2	ms
Delete keycode	552.5	581.6	587.8	594.1	ms
Fetch key	31.4	33.0	33.4	33.7	ms
Fetch ecc key	20.0	21.1	21.3	21.5	ms
Get seed	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	ms

2.3.24 Power-up to Functional Times

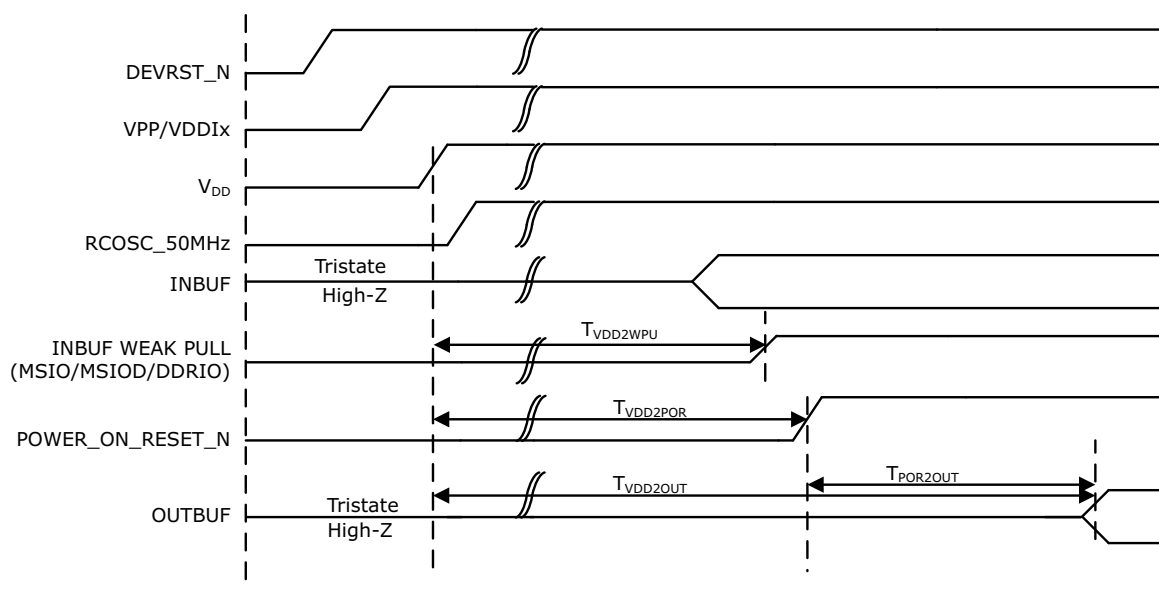
The following table lists the SmartFusion2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 288 • Power-up to Functional Times for SmartFusion2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	647	500	531	483	474	524	647
$T_{POR2MSSRST}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	MSS_RESE T_N_M2F	Fabric to MSS	644	497	528	480	468	518	641
$T_{MSSRST2OUT}$	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Output available at I/O	MSS to output	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	4.9	4.8	4.8
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	V_{DD}	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	3096	2975	3012	2959	2869	2992	3225
$T_{VDD2POR}$	V_{DD}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2476	2487	2496	2486	2406	2563	2602
$T_{VDD2MSSRST}$	V_{DD}	MSS_RESE T_N_M2F	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to MSS	3093	2972	3008	2956	2864	2987	3220
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

Note: For more information about power-up times, see [UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide](#).

Figure 18 • Power-up to Functional Timing Diagram for IGLOO2



2.3.25 DEVRST_N Characteristics

Table 290 • DEVRST_N Characteristics for All Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
DEVRST_N ramp rate	$T_{RAMPDEVRSTN}$	1	us
DEVRST_N cycling rate	$F_{MAXPDEVRSTN}$	100	kHz

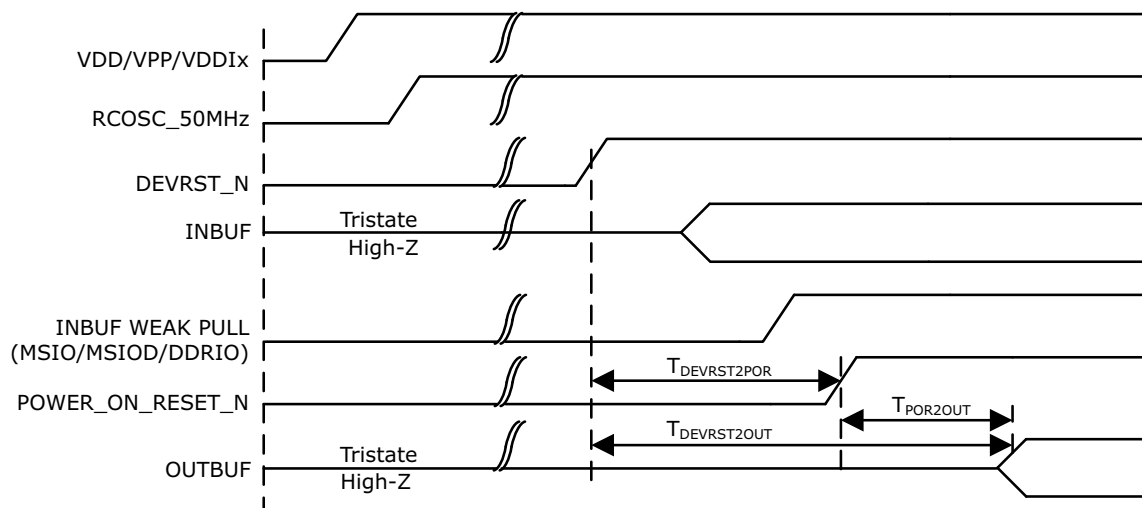
2.3.26 DEVRST_N to Functional Times

The following table lists the SmartFusion2 DEVRST_N to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 291 • DEVRST_N to Functional Times for SmartFusion2

Symbol	From	To	Description	Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for SmartFusion2 (uS)						
				005	010	025	050	060	090	150
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	518	501	527	521	422	419	694
$T_{POR2MSSRST}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Fabric to MSS	515	497	524	518	417	414	689
$T_{MSSRST2OUT}$	MSS_RESET_N_M2F	Output available at I/O	MSS to output	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.3	4.8	4.8	4.8
$T_{DEVRST2OUT}$	DEVRST_N	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	706	768	715	691	641	635	871

Figure 20 • DEVRST_N to Functional Timing Diagram for IGLOO2



2.3.27 Flash*Freeze Timing Characteristics

The following table lists the Flash*Freeze entry and exit times in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 293 • Flash*Freeze Entry and Exit Times

Parameter	Symbol	Entry/Exit Timing			Unit	Conditions
		FCLK = 100MHz		FCLK = 3 MHz		
		005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and 150	050	All Devices		
Entry time	TFF_ENTRY	160	150	320	μs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON
		215	200	430	μs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL= OFF
Exit time with respect to the MSS PLL Lock	TFF_EXIT	100	100	140	μs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		136	120	190	μs	eNVM = ON and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and MSS/HPMS PLL turned back on at exit
		200	200	285	μs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit
		200	200	285	μs	eNVM = OFF and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F and eNVM turned back on at exit

Table 293 • Flash*Freeze Entry and Exit Times (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 100MHz			Entry/Exit Timing FCLK = 3 MHz	
		005, 010, 025, 060, 090, and 150	050	All Devices	Unit	Conditions
Exit time with respect to the fabric PLL lock ¹	TFF_EXIT	1.5	1.5	1.5	ms	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		1.5	1.5	1.5	ms	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit
Exit time with respect to the fabric buffer output	TFF_EXIT	21	15	21	µs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F
		65	55	65	µs	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit

1. PLL Lock Delay set to 1024 cycles (default).

2.3.28 DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

The following table lists the DDR memory interface characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 294 • DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

Standard	Supported Data Rate		Unit
	Min	Max	
DDR3	667	667	Mbps
DDR2	667	667	Mbps
LPDDR	50	400	Mbps

2.3.29 SFP Transceiver Characteristics

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SerDes complies with small form-factor pluggable (SFP) requirements as specified in SFP INF-80741. The following table provides the electrical characteristics.

The following table lists the SFP transceiver electrical characteristics in worst-case industrial conditions when $T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$.

Table 295 • SFP Transceiver Electrical Characteristics

Pin	Direction	Differential Peak-Peak Voltage		Unit
		Min	Max	
RD+/- ¹	Output	1600	2400	mV
TD+/- ²	Input	350	2400	mV

1. Based on default SerDes transmitter settings for PCIe Gen1. Lower amplitudes are available through programming changes to TX_AMP setting.
2. Based on Input Voltage Common-Mode (VICM) = 0 V. Requires AC Coupling.

Table 305 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%–90%) ¹		2.906		ns	IO Configuration: LVCMOS 2.5 V-8 mA AC Loading: 35 pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25 °C
SPI master configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 8.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 2.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	12			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 005, 010, 025, and 050 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 17.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) + 3.0			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	2			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	7			ns	
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	–2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Table 310 • SPI Characteristics for All Devices (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SPI master configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 7.0			ns	
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 9.5			ns	
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	15			ns	
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	–2.5			ns	
SPI slave configuration (applicable for 060, 090, and 150 devices)						
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 16.0			ns	
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time ²	(SPI_x_CLK_period/2) – 3.5			ns	
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time ²	3			ns	
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time ²	2.5			ns	

1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/download/ibis/default.aspx>.
2. For allowable pclk configurations, see the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the *UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide*.

Figure 23 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)

