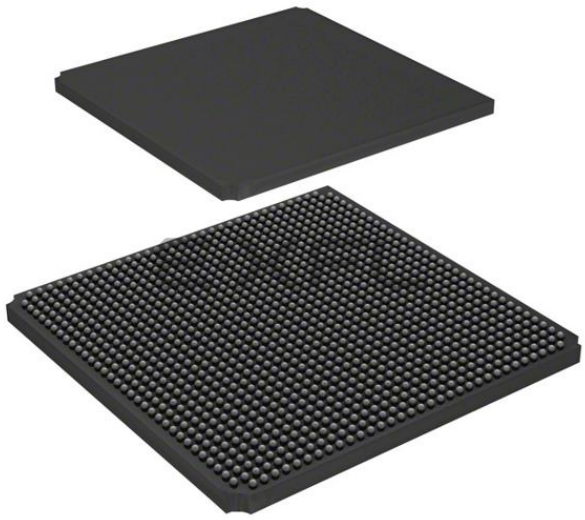

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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions, SoCs combine a central

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Flash Size	512KB
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DDR, PCIe, SERDES
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Speed	166MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 100K Logic Modules
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FCBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/m2s100s-1fcg1152i

Figure 1 • **High Temperature Data Retention (HTR)**

2.3.1.1 Overshoot/Undershoot Limits

For AC signals, the input signal may undershoot during transitions to –1.0 V for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

For AC signals, the input signal may overshoot during transitions to V_{CCI} + 1.0 V for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100 mA.

Note: The above specifications do not apply to the PCI standard. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 PCI I/Os are compliant with the PCI standard including the PCI overshoot/undershoot specifications.

2.3.1.2 Thermal Characteristics

The temperature variable in the Microsemi SoC Products Group Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption causes the chip's junction temperature to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures.

EQ1 through EQ3 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient, and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 1

$$\theta_{JB} = \frac{T_J - T_B}{P}$$

EQ 2

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{P}$$

EQ 3

Table 15 • **Inrush Currents at Power up, –40 °C <= T_J <= 100 °C – Typical Process**

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	005	010	025	050	060	090	150	Unit
V_{DD}	1.26	25	32	38	48	45	77	109	mA
V_{PP}	3.46	33	49	36	180	13	36	51	mA
V_{DDI}	2.62	134	141	161	187	93	272	388	mA
Number of banks		7	8	8	10	10	9	19	

2.3.3 Average Fabric Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

The following table lists the average temperature and voltage derating factors for fabric timing delays normalized to T_J = 85 °C, in worst-case V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 16 • **Average Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Fabric Timing Delays**

Array Voltage V_{DD} (V)	–40 °C	0 °C	25 °C	70 °C	85 °C	100 °C
1.14	0.83	0.89	0.92	0.98	**1.00**	1.02
1.2	0.75	0.80	0.83	0.89	0.91	0.93
1.26	0.69	0.73	0.76	0.81	0.83	0.85

Table 46 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers) *(continued)***

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	
4 mA	Slow	3.095	3.641	2.705	3.182	3.088	3.633	4.738	5.575	4.348	5.116	ns
	Medium	2.825	3.324	2.488	2.927	2.823	3.321	4.492	5.285	4.063	4.781	ns
	Medium fast	2.701	3.178	2.384	2.804	2.698	3.173	4.364	5.135	3.945	4.642	ns
	Fast	2.69	3.165	2.377	2.796	2.687	3.161	4.359	5.129	3.94	4.636	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.919	3.434	2.491	2.93	2.902	3.414	5.085	5.983	4.674	5.5	ns
	Medium	2.65	3.118	2.279	2.681	2.642	3.108	4.845	5.701	4.375	5.148	ns
	Medium fast	2.529	2.975	2.176	2.56	2.521	2.965	4.724	5.558	4.259	5.011	ns
	Fast	2.516	2.96	2.168	2.551	2.508	2.95	4.717	5.55	4.251	5.002	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.863	3.368	2.427	2.855	2.844	3.346	5.196	6.114	4.769	5.612	ns
	Medium	2.599	3.058	2.217	2.608	2.59	3.047	4.952	5.827	4.471	5.261	ns
	Medium fast	2.483	2.921	2.114	2.487	2.473	2.91	4.832	5.685	4.364	5.134	ns
	Fast	2.467	2.902	2.106	2.478	2.457	2.89	4.826	5.678	4.348	5.116	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.747	3.232	2.296	2.701	2.724	3.204	5.39	6.342	4.938	5.81	ns
	Medium	2.493	2.934	2.102	2.473	2.483	2.921	5.166	6.078	4.65	5.471	ns
	Medium fast	2.382	2.803	2.006	2.36	2.371	2.789	5.067	5.962	4.546	5.349	ns
	Fast	2.369	2.787	1.999	2.352	2.357	2.773	5.063	5.958	4.538	5.339	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.677	3.149	2.213	2.604	2.649	3.116	5.575	6.56	5.08	5.977	ns
	Medium	2.432	2.862	2.028	2.386	2.421	2.848	5.372	6.32	4.801	5.649	ns
	Medium fast	2.324	2.734	1.937	2.278	2.311	2.718	5.297	6.233	4.7	5.531	ns
	Fast	2.313	2.721	1.929	2.269	2.3	2.706	5.296	6.231	4.699	5.529	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 47 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.48	4.095	3.855	4.534	3.785	4.453	2.12	2.494	3.45	4.059	ns
4 mA	Slow	2.583	3.039	3.042	3.579	3.138	3.691	4.143	4.874	4.687	5.513	ns
6 mA	Slow	2.392	2.815	2.669	3.139	2.82	3.317	4.909	5.775	5.083	5.98	ns
8 mA	Slow	2.309	2.717	2.565	3.017	2.74	3.223	5.812	6.837	5.523	6.497	ns
12 mA	Slow	2.333	2.745	2.437	2.867	2.626	3.089	6.131	7.213	5.712	6.72	ns
16 mA	Slow	2.412	2.838	2.335	2.747	2.533	2.979	6.54	7.694	6.007	7.067	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

Table 48 • **LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	Unit
2 mA	Slow	2.206	2.596	2.678	3.15	2.64	3.106	4.935	5.805	4.74	5.576	ns
4 mA	Slow	1.835	2.159	2.242	2.637	2.256	2.654	5.413	6.368	5.15	6.059	ns
6 mA	Slow	1.709	2.01	2.132	2.508	2.167	2.549	5.813	6.838	5.499	6.469	ns
8 mA	Slow	1.63	1.918	1.958	2.303	2.012	2.367	6.226	7.324	5.816	6.842	ns
12 mA	Slow	1.648	1.939	1.86	2.187	1.921	2.259	6.519	7.669	6.027	7.09	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.8 1.8 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 1.8 is a general standard for 1.8 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-7A.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 49 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Recommended Operating Conditions					
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

Table 50 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V_{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V_{DDI}	1.89	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V_{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V_{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	–0.3	0.35 × V_{DDI}	V
Input current high[1]	I_{IH} (DC)			–
Input current low[1]	I_{IL} (DC)			–

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 51 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{DDI} – 0.45		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.45	V

Table 52 • **LVCMOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)[1]	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	295	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank)[1]	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew

1. Maximum Data Rate applies for Drive Strength 8 mA and above, All Slews.

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 1.425 V

Table 67 • **LVCMOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		T_{PYS}		
	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	Unit
None	2.051	2.413	2.086	2.455	ns

Table 68 • **LVCMOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		T_{PYS}		
	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	Unit
None	3.311	3.896	3.285	3.865	ns
50	3.654	4.299	3.623	4.263	ns
75	3.533	4.156	3.501	4.119	ns
150	3.415	4.018	3.388	3.986	ns

Table 69 • **LVCMOS 1.5 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

On-Die Termination (ODT)	T_{PY}		T_{PYS}		
	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	Unit
None	2.959	3.481	2.93	3.447	ns
50	3.298	3.88	3.268	3.845	ns
75	3.162	3.719	3.128	3.68	ns
150	3.053	3.592	3.021	3.554	ns

Table 70 • **LVCMOS 1.5 V Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	Unit
2 mA	Slow	5.122	6.026	4.31	5.07	5.145	6.052	5.258	6.186	4.672	5.496	ns
	Medium	4.58	5.389	3.86	4.54	4.6	5.411	4.977	5.855	4.357	5.126	ns
	Medium fast	4.323	5.086	3.629	4.269	4.341	5.107	4.804	5.652	4.228	4.974	ns
	Fast	4.296	5.054	3.609	4.245	4.314	5.075	4.791	5.636	4.219	4.963	ns
4 mA	Slow	4.449	5.235	3.707	4.361	4.443	5.227	6.058	7.127	5.458	6.421	ns
	Medium	3.961	4.66	3.264	3.839	3.954	4.651	5.778	6.797	5.116	6.018	ns
	Medium fast	3.729	4.387	3.043	3.579	3.72	4.376	5.63	6.624	4.981	5.86	ns
	Fast	3.704	4.358	3.027	3.56	3.695	4.347	5.624	6.617	4.973	5.851	ns

Table 85 • **LVCMOS 1.2 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIOD I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}[1]		T_{LZ}[1]		Unit
		–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	–1	–Std	
2 mA	Slow	3.883	4.568	4.868	5.726	5.329	6.269	7.994	9.404	7.527	8.855	ns
4 mA	Slow	3.774	4.44	4.188	4.926	4.613	5.426	8.972	10.555	8.315	9.782	ns

1. Delay increases with drive strength are inherent to built-in slew control circuitry for simultaneous switching output (SSO) management.

2.3.5.11 3.3 V PCI/PCIX

Peripheral Component Interface (PCI) for 3.3 V standards specify support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)

Table 86 • **PCI/PCI-X DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V

Table 87 • **PCI/PCI-X DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input voltage	V_I	0	3.45	V
Input current high[1]	I_{IH}(DC)			
Input current low[1]	I_{IL}(DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 88 • **PCI/PCI-X DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}		Per PCI specification		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		Per PCI specification		V

Table 89 • **PCI/PCI-X Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	630	Mbps	AC Loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 90 • **PCI/PCI-X AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path (falling edge)	V_{TRIP}	0.615 × V_{DDI}	V
Measuring/trip point for data path (rising edge)	V_{TRIP}	0.285 × V_{DDI}	V
Resistance for data test path	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	10	pF

Table 95 • **HSTL DC Output Voltage Specification Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
	HSTL Class I			
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{DDI} – 0.4		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	–8.0		mA
Output minimum sink current (MSIO and DDRIO I/O banks)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	8.0		mA
	HSTL Class II			
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{DDI} – 0.4		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.4	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	–16.0		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	16.0		mA

Table 96 • **HSTL DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.2	V

Table 97 • **HSTL AC Differential Voltage Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF}	0.4		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x	0.68	0.9	V

Table 98 • **HSTL Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications

Table 99 • **HSTL Impedance Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	25.5, 47.8	Ω	Reference resistance = 191 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT for DDRIO I/O bank only)	R_{TT}	47.8	Ω	Reference resistance = 191 Ω

Table 100 • **HSTL AC Test Parameter Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.75	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst-case commercial conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, worst-case V_{DDI}.

Table 101 • **HSTL Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code (Input Buffers)**

		T_{PY}		
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
Pseudo differential	None	1.605	1.888	ns
	47.8	1.614	1.898	ns
True differential	None	1.622	1.909	ns
	47.8	1.628	1.916	ns

Table 102 • **HSTL Transmitter Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		
	–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
HSTL Class I											
Single-ended	2.6	3.059	2.514	2.958	2.514	2.958	2.431	2.86	2.431	2.86	ns
Differential	2.621	3.083	2.648	3.115	2.647	3.113	2.925	3.442	2.923	3.44	ns
HSTL Class II											
Single-ended	2.511	2.954	2.488	2.927	2.49	2.93	2.409	2.833	2.411	2.836	ns
Differential	2.528	2.974	2.552	3.003	2.551	3.001	2.897	3.409	2.896	3.408	ns

2.3.6.2 Stub-Series Terminated Logic

Stub-Series Terminated Logic (SSTL) for 2.5 V (SSTL2), 1.8 V (SSTL18), and 1.5 V (SSTL15) is supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs. SSTL2 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-9B and SSTL18 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-15. IGLOO2 SSTL I/O configurations are designed to meet double data rate standards DDR/2/3 for general purpose memory buses. Double data rate standards are designed to meet their JEDEC specifications as defined by JEDEC standard JESD79F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-2F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-3D for DDR3, and JEDEC standard JESD209A for LPDDR.

2.3.6.3 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 2.5 V (SSTL2)

SSTL2 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs and also comply with reduced and full drive of double data rate (DDR) standards. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL2. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 103 • **DDR1/SSTL2 DC Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
Termination voltage	V_{TT}	1.164	1.250	1.339	V
Input reference voltage	V_{REF}	1.164	1.250	1.339	V

Table 104 • **DDR1/SSTL2 DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	V_{IH} (DC)	V_{REF} + 0.15	2.625	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	–0.3	VREF – 0.15	V
Input current high[1]	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low[1]	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 105 • **DDR1/SSTL2 DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
SSTL2 Class I (DDR Reduced Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{TT} + 0.608		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		V_{TT} – 0.608	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	8.1		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	–8.1		mA
SSTL2 Class II (DDR Full Drive) – Applicable to MSIO and DDRIO I/O Bank Only				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{TT} + 0.81		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		V_{TT} – 0.81	V
Output minimum source DC current	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	16.2		mA
Output minimum sink current	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	–16.2		mA

Table 106 • **DDR1/SSTL2 DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.3	V

Table 118 • **DDR1/SSTL2 Class II Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T_{DP}		T_{ZL}		T_{ZH}		T_{HZ}		T_{LZ}		
	–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
Single-ended	2.29	2.693	1.988	2.338	1.978	2.326	1.989	2.34	1.979	2.328	ns
Differential	2.418	2.846	2.304	2.711	2.297	2.702	2.131	2.506	2.124	2.499	ns

2.3.6.4 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.8 V (SSTL18)

SSTL18 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double date rate (DDR2) standard. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os support both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification

Table 119 • **SSTL18 DC Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Termination voltage	V_{TT}	0.838	0.900	0.964	V
Input reference voltage	V_{REF}	0.838	0.900	0.964	V

Table 120 • **SSTL18 DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high	V_{IH} (DC)	V_{REF} + 0.125	1.89	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V
Input current high[1]	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low[1]	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 121 • **SSTL18 DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
SSTL18 Class I (DDR2 Reduced Drive)				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{TT} + 0.603		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		V_{TT}– 0.603	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	6.5		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	–6.5		mA
SSTL18 Class II (DDR2 Full Drive)[1]				
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{TT} + 0.603		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		V_{TT}– 0.603	V
Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OH} at V_{OH}	13.4		mA
Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O bank only)	I_{OL} at V_{OL}	–13.4		mA

1. To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use DDR2 Full Drive Transmitter.

Table 122 • **SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit
DC input differential voltage	V_{ID} (DC)	0.3	V

Table 123 • **SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
AC input differential voltage	V_{DIFF} (AC)	0.5		V
AC differential cross point voltage	V_x (AC)	0.5 × V_{DDI} – 0.175	0.5 × V_{DDI} + 0.175	V

Table 124 • **SSTL18 Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	667	Mbps	AC loading: per JEDEC specification

Table 125 • **SSTL18 AC Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Conditions
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	R_{REF}	20, 42	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω
Effective impedance value (ODT)	R_{TT}	50, 75, 150	Ω	Reference resistor = 150 Ω

Table 126 • **SSTL18 AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	0.9	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	50	Ω
Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II (T_{DP})	RTT_TEST	25	Ω
Capacitive loading for data path (T_{DP})	C_{LOAD}	5	pF

AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 1.71 V

Table 127 • **DDR2/SSTL18 Receiver Characteristics for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code**

		T_{PY}		
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	–1	–Std	Unit
Pseudo differential	None	1.567	1.844	ns
True differential	None	1.588	1.869	ns

Table 150 • **LPDDR Full Drive for DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

	T_{DP}		T_{ENZL}		T_{ENZH}		T_{ENHZ}		T_{ENLZ}		
	–1	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
Single-ended	2.281	2.683	2.196	2.584	2.195	2.583	2.171	2.555	2.17	2.554	ns
Differential	2.298	2.703	2.288	2.692	2.288	2.692	2.593	3.051	2.593	3.051	ns

Minimum and Maximum DC/AC Input and Output Levels Specification using LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode

Table 151 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

Table 152 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Input Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC input logic high (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	V_{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V_{DDI}	1.89	V
DC input logic high (for MSIO I/O bank)	V_{IH} (DC)	0.65 × V_{DDI}	3.45	V
DC input logic low	V_{IL} (DC)	–0.3	0.35 × V_{DDI}	V
Input current high[1]	I_{IH} (DC)			
Input current low[1]	I_{IL} (DC)			

1. See Table 24, page 22.

Table 153 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	V_{DDI} – 0.45		V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}		0.45	V

Table 154 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	400	Mbps	AC loading: 17pf load, 8 ma drive and above/all slew

Table 155 • **LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Calibrated Impedance Option**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O bank)	RODT_CAL	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	Ω

Table 162 • **LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC output logic high	V_{OH}	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
DC output logic low	V_{OL}	0.9	1.075	1.25	V

Table 163 • **LVDS DC Differential Voltage Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage swing	V_{OD}	250	350	450	mV
Output common mode voltage	V_{OCM}	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Input common mode voltage	V_{ICM}	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
Input differential voltage	V_{ID}	100	350	600	mV

Table 164 • **LVDS Minimum and Maximum AC Switching Speed**

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O bank)	D_{MAX}	535	Mbps	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 Ω differential load
Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O bank) no pre-emphasis	D_{MAX}	620	Mbps	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 Ω differential load
		700	Mbps	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load

Table 165 • **LVDS AC Impedance Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Termination resistance	RT	100		Ω

Table 166 • **LVDS AC Test Parameter Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Measuring/trip point for data path	V_{TRIP}	Cross point	V
Resistance for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	R_{ENT}	2K	Ω
Capacitive loading for enable path (T_{ZH}, T_{ZL}, T_{HZ}, T_{LZ})	C_{ENT}	5	pF

LVDS25 AC Switching Characteristics

Worst commercial-case conditions: T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V, V_{DDI} = 2.375 V

Table 167 • **LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Input Buffers)**

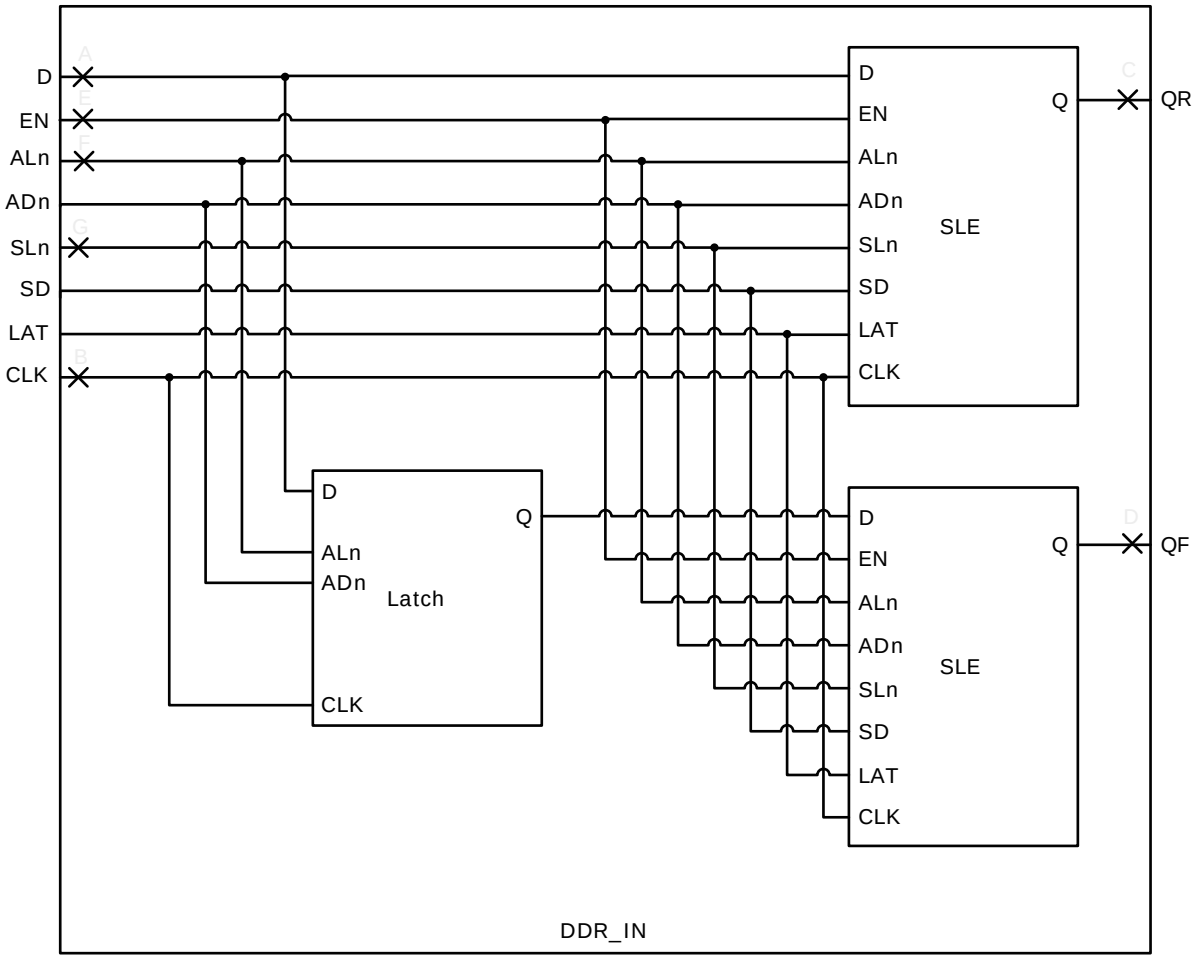
	T_{PY}		
On-Die Termination (ODT)	**–1**	**–Std**	**Unit**
None	2.774	3.263	ns
100	2.775	3.264	ns

2.3.9 DDR Module Specification

This section describes input and output DDR module and timing specifications.

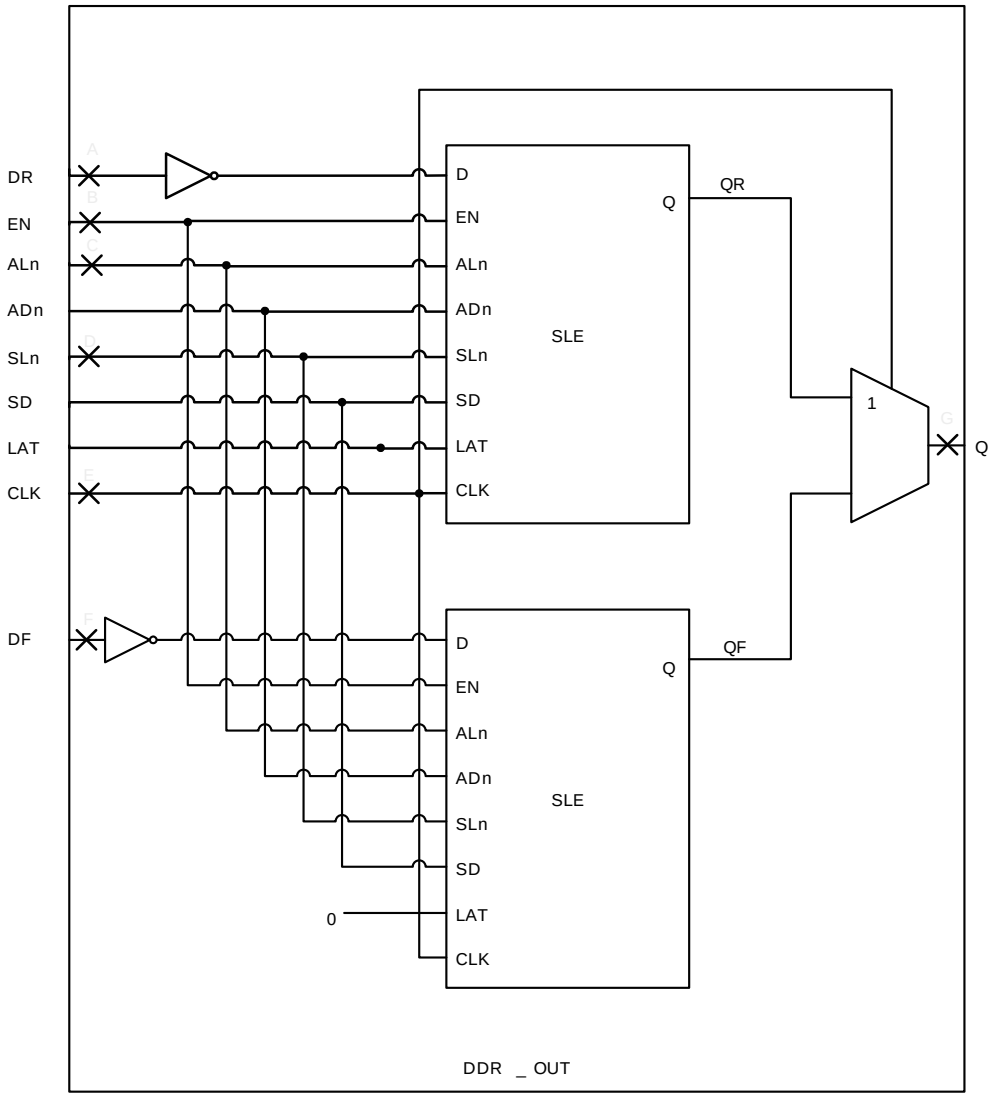
2.3.9.1 Input DDR Module

Figure 10 • **Input DDR Module**



2.3.9.4 Output DDR Module

Figure 12 • Output DDR Module



2.3.11 Global Resource Characteristics

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices offer a powerful, low skew global routing network which provides an effective clock distribution throughout the FPGA fabric. See *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide* for the positions of various global routing resources.

The following table lists the 150 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 225 • **150 Device Global Resource**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.83	0.911	0.831	0.913	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.457	1.588	1.715	1.869	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.131		0.154	ns

The following table lists the 090 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 226 • **090 Device Global Resource**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.835	0.888	0.833	0.886	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.405	1.489	1.654	1.752	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.084		0.098	ns

The following table lists the 050 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 227 • **050 Device Global Resource**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.827	0.897	0.826	0.896	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.419	1.53	1.671	1.8	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.111		0.129	ns

The following table lists the 025 device global resources in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 228 • **025 Device Global Resource**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Input low delay for global clock	T_{RCKL}	0.747	0.799	0.745	0.797	ns
Input high delay for global clock	T_{RCKH}	1.294	1.378	1.522	1.621	ns
Maximum skew for global clock	T_{RCKSW}		0.084		0.099	ns

Table 242 • **µSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512 × 2 Mode *(continued)***

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Write clock period	T_{CCY}	4		4		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Write block setup time	T_{BLKCSU}	0.404		0.476		ns
Write block hold time	T_{BLKCHD}	0.007		0.008		ns
Write input data setup time	T_{DINCSU}	0.101		0.118		ns
Write input data hold time	T_{DINCHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Write address setup time	$T_{ADDRCSU}$	0.088		0.104		ns
Write address hold time	$T_{ADDRCHD}$	0.247		0.29		ns
Write enable setup time	T_{WECSU}	0.397		0.467		ns
Write enable hold time	T_{WECHD}	–0.03		–0.03		ns
Maximum frequency	F_{MAX}		250		250	MHz

The following table lists the µSRAM in 1024 × 1 mode in worst commercial-case conditions when T_J = 85 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 243 • **µSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024 × 1 Mode**

		–1		–Std		
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
Read clock period	T_{CY}	4		4		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{CLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{CLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock period	T_{PLCY}	4		4		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width high	$T_{PLCLKMPWH}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read pipeline clock minimum pulse width low	$T_{PLCLKMPWL}$	1.8		1.8		ns
Read access time with pipeline register	T_{CLK2Q}		0.27		0.31	ns
Read access time without pipeline register			1.78		2.1	ns
Read address setup time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRSU}	0.301		0.354		ns
Read address setup time in asynchronous mode		1.978		2.327		ns
Read address hold time in synchronous mode	T_{ADDRHD}	0.137		0.161		ns
Read address hold time in asynchronous mode		–0.6		–0.71		ns
Read enable setup time	T_{RDENSU}	0.278		0.327		ns
Read enable hold time	T_{RDENHD}	0.057		0.067		ns
Read block select setup time	T_{BLKSU}	1.839		2.163		ns
Read block select hold time	T_{BLKHD}	–0.65		–0.77		ns
Read block select to out disable time (when pipelined register is disabled)	T_{BLK2Q}		2.16		2.54	ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (pipelined clock)	T_{RSTREM}	–0.02		–0.03		ns
Read asynchronous reset removal time (non-pipelined clock)		0.046		0.054		ns

Table 248 • **2 Step IAP Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	2	37	5	Sec
010	274816	4	76	11	Sec
025	274816	4	78	10	Sec
050	278528	3	85	9	Sec
060	268480	5	76	22	Sec
090	544496	10	152	43	Sec
150	544496	10	153	44	Sec

Table 249 • **2 Step IAP Programming (Fabric and eNVM)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	439296	6	56	11	Sec
010	842688	11	100	21	Sec
025	1497408	19	113	32	Sec
050	2695168	32	136	48	Sec
060	2686464	43	137	70	Sec
090	4190208	68	236	115	Sec
150	6682768	109	286	162	Sec

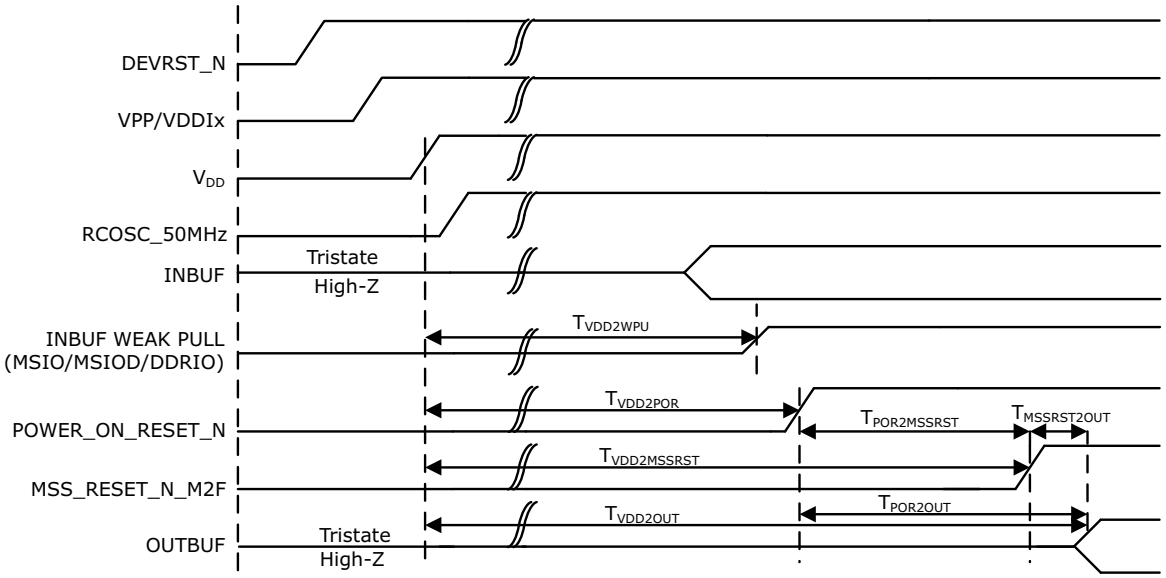
Table 250 • **SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (Fabric Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	302672	6	19	8	Sec
010	568784	10	26	14	Sec
025	1223504	21	39	29	Sec
050	2424832	39	60	50	Sec
060	2418896	44	65	54	Sec
090	3645968	66	90	79	Sec
150	6139184	108	140	128	Sec

Table 251 • **SmartFusion2 Cortex-M3 ISP Programming (eNVM Only)**

M2S/M2GL Device	Image size Bytes	Authenticate	Program	Verify	Unit
005	137536	3	42	4	Sec
010	274816	4	82	7	Sec
025	274816	4	82	8	Sec
050	278528	4	80	8	Sec
060	268480	6	80	8	Sec
090	544496	10	157	15	Sec

Figure 17 • **Power-up to Functional Timing Diagram for SmartFusion2**



The following table lists the IGLOO2 power-up to functional times in worst-case industrial conditions when T_J = 100 °C, V_{DD} = 1.14 V.

Table 289 • **Power-up to Functional Times for IGLOO2**

				Maximum Power-up to Functional Time for IGLOO2 (uS)						
Symbol	**From**	**To**	**Description**	**005**	**010**	**025**	**050**	**060**	**090**	**150**
$T_{POR2OUT}$	POWER_ON_RESET_N	Output available at I/O	Fabric to output	114	114	114	113	114	114	114
$T_{VDD2OUT}$	V_{DD}	Output available at I/O	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to output	2587	2600	2607	2558	2591	2600	2699
$T_{VDD2POR}$	V_{DD}	POWER_ON_RESET_N	V_{DD} at its minimum threshold level to fabric	2474	2486	2493	2445	2477	2486	2585
$T_{VDD2WPU}$	DEVRST_N	DDRIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2500	2487	2509	2475	2507	2519	2617
	DEVRST_N	MSIO Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2504	2491	2510	2478	2517	2525	2620
	DEVRST_N	MSIOD Inbuf weak pull	DEVRST_N to Inbuf weak pull	2479	2468	2493	2458	2486	2499	2595

Note: For more information about power-up times, see *UG0448: IGLOO2 FPGA High Performance Memory Subsystem User Guide*.