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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are **Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)**?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions. SoCs combine a central

| Details | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Product Status | Active |
| Architecture | MCU, FPGA |
| Core Processor | Dual ARM® Cortex®-A9 MPCore™ with CoreSight™ |
| Flash Size | - |
| RAM Size | 256KB |
| Peripherals | DMA, POR, WDT |
| Connectivity | EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG |
| Speed | 1.5GHz |
| Primary Attributes | FPGA - 160K Logic Elements |
| Operating Temperature | 0°C ~ 100°C (TJ) |
| Package / Case | 672-BBGA, FCBGA |
| Supplier Device Package | 672-FBGA, FC (27x27) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/10as016e3f27e2sg |

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Contents

| Inte | I [®] Arria [®] 10 Device Overview | 3 |
|------|--|------|
| | Key Advantages of Intel Arria 10 Devices | 4 |
| | Summary of Intel Arria 10 Features | |
| | Intel Arria 10 Device Variants and Packages | 7 |
| | Intel Arria 10 GX | 7 |
| | Intel Arria 10 GT | . 11 |
| | Intel Arria 10 SX | . 14 |
| | I/O Vertical Migration for Intel Arria 10 Devices | . 17 |
| | Adaptive Logic Module | |
| | Variable-Precision DSP Block | . 18 |
| | Embedded Memory Blocks | . 20 |
| | Types of Embedded Memory | 21 |
| | Embedded Memory Capacity in Intel Arria 10 Devices | 21 |
| | Embedded Memory Configurations for Single-port Mode | |
| | Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources | . 22 |
| | Clock Networks | |
| | Fractional Synthesis and I/O PLLs | |
| | FPGA General Purpose I/O | |
| | External Memory Interface | |
| | Memory Standards Supported by Intel Arria 10 Devices | |
| | PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3 Hard IP | |
| | Enhanced PCS Hard IP for Interlaken and 10 Gbps Ethernet | |
| | Interlaken Support | |
| | 10 Gbps Ethernet Support | |
| | Low Power Serial Transceivers | |
| | Transceiver Channels | |
| | PMA Features | |
| | PCS Features | |
| | SoC with Hard Processor System | |
| | Key Advantages of 20-nm HPS | |
| | Features of the HPS | |
| | FPGA Configuration and HPS Booting | 37 |
| | Hardware and Software Development | |
| | Dynamic and Partial Reconfiguration | |
| | Dynamic Reconfiguration | |
| | Partial Reconfiguration | |
| | Enhanced Configuration and Configuration via Protocol | |
| | SEU Error Detection and Correction | |
| | Power Management | |
| | Incremental Compilation | |
| | Document Revision History for Intel Arria 10 Device Overview | 40 |



Intel® Arria® 10 Device Overview

The Intel® Arria® 10 device family consists of high-performance and power-efficient 20 nm mid-range FPGAs and SoCs.

Intel Arria 10 device family delivers:

- Higher performance than the previous generation of mid-range and high-end FPGAs.
- Power efficiency attained through a comprehensive set of power-saving technologies.

The Intel Arria 10 devices are ideal for high performance, power-sensitive, midrange applications in diverse markets.

Table 1. Sample Markets and Ideal Applications for Intel Arria 10 Devices

| Market | Applications |
|-----------------------|---|
| Wireless | Channel and switch cards in remote radio heads Mobile backhaul |
| Wireline | 40G/100G muxponders and transponders 100G line cards Bridging Aggregation |
| Broadcast | Studio switches Servers and transport Videoconferencing Professional audio and video |
| Computing and Storage | Flash cache Cloud computing servers Server acceleration |
| Medical | Diagnostic scanners Diagnostic imaging |
| Military | Missile guidance and control Radar Electronic warfare Secure communications |

Related Information

Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook: Known Issues

Lists the planned updates to the *Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook* chapters.

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Key Advantages of Intel Arria 10 Devices

Table 2. Key Advantages of the Intel Arria 10 Device Family

| Advantage | Supporting Feature |
|---|---|
| Enhanced core architecture | Built on TSMC's 20 nm process technology 60% higher performance than the previous generation of mid-range FPGAs 15% higher performance than the fastest previous-generation FPGA |
| High-bandwidth integrated transceivers | Short-reach rates up to 25.8 Gigabits per second (Gbps) Backplane capability up to 12.5 Gbps Integrated 10GBASE-KR and 40GBASE-KR4 Forward Error Correction (FEC) |
| Improved logic integration and hard IP blocks | 8-input adaptive logic module (ALM) Up to 65.6 megabits (Mb) of embedded memory Variable-precision digital signal processing (DSP) blocks Fractional synthesis phase-locked loops (PLLs) Hard PCI Express Gen3 IP blocks Hard memory controllers and PHY up to 2,400 Megabits per second (Mbps) |
| Second generation hard processor system (HPS) with integrated ARM* Cortex*-A9* MPCore* processor | Tight integration of a dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor, hard IP, and an FPGA in a single Intel Arria 10 system-on-a-chip (SoC) Supports over 128 Gbps peak bandwidth with integrated data coherency between the processor and the FPGA fabric |
| Advanced power savings | Comprehensive set of advanced power saving features Power-optimized MultiTrack routing and core architecture Up to 40% lower power compared to previous generation of mid-range FPGAs Up to 60% lower power compared to previous generation of high-end FPGAs |

Summary of Intel Arria 10 Features

Table 3. Summary of Features for Intel Arria 10 Devices

| Feature | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Technology | TSMC's 20-nm SoC process technology Allows operation at a lower V _{CC} level of 0.82 V instead of the 0.9 V standard V _{CC} core voltage |
| Packaging | 1.0 mm ball-pitch Fineline BGA packaging 0.8 mm ball-pitch Ultra Fineline BGA packaging Multiple devices with identical package footprints for seamless migration between different FPGA densities Devices with compatible package footprints allow migration to next generation high-end Stratix® 10 devices RoHS, leaded⁽¹⁾, and lead-free (Pb-free) options |
| High-performance FPGA fabric | Enhanced 8-input ALM with four registers Improved multi-track routing architecture to reduce congestion and improve compilation time Hierarchical core clocking architecture Fine-grained partial reconfiguration |
| Internal memory blocks | M20K—20-Kb memory blocks with hard error correction code (ECC) Memory logic array block (MLAB)—640-bit memory |
| | continued |

⁽¹⁾ Contact Intel for availability.



| Feature | | Description |
|--|--|--|
| Low-power serial transceivers | - Intel Arria 10 GT- Backplane support: - Intel Arria 10 GX- Intel Arria 10 GT- Extended range dow ATX transmit PLLs w Electronic Dispersion module Adaptive linear and of | —1 Gbps to 17.4 Gbps —1 Gbps to 25.8 Gbps —up to 12.5 |
| HPS (Intel Arria 10 SX devices only) | Processor and system | Dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor—1.2 GHz CPU with 1.5 GHz overdrive capability 256 KB on-chip RAM and 64 KB on-chip ROM System peripherals—general-purpose timers, watchdog timers, direct memory access (DMA) controller, FPGA configuration manager, and clock and reset managers Security features—anti-tamper, secure boot, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) and authentication (SHA) ARM CoreSight* JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage |
| | External interfaces | Hard memory interface—Hard memory controller (2,400 Mbps DDR4, and 2,133 Mbps DDR3), Quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI) flash controller, NAND flash controller, direct memory access (DMA) controller, Secure Digital/MultiMediaCard (SD/MMC) controller Communication interface— 10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (MAC), USB On-The-GO (OTG) controllers, I²C controllers, UART 16550, serial peripheral interface (SPI), and up to 62 HPS GPIO interfaces (48 direct-share I/Os) |
| | Interconnects to core | High-performance ARM AMBA* AXI bus bridges that support simultaneous read and write HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa Configuration bridge that allows HPS configuration manager to configure the core logic via dedicated 32-bit configuration port FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller bridge—provides configuration interfaces for the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller |
| Configuration | Enhanced 256-bit ad | comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investments dvanced encryption standard (AES) design security with authentication obtocol (CvP) using PCIe Gen1, Gen2, or Gen3 |
| | | continued |

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Intel Arria 10 devices support this external memory interface using hard PHY with soft memory controller.



| Feature | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| | Dynamic reconfiguration of the transceivers and PLLs Fine-grained partial reconfiguration of the core fabric Active Serial x4 Interface |
| Power management | SmartVID Low static power device options Programmable Power Technology Intel Quartus Prime integrated power analysis |
| Software and tools | Intel Quartus Prime design suite Transceiver toolkit Platform Designer system integration tool DSP Builder for Intel FPGAs OpenCL™ support Intel SoC FPGA Embedded Design Suite (EDS) |

Related Information

Intel Arria 10 Transceiver PHY Overview

Provides details on Intel Arria 10 transceivers.

Intel Arria 10 Device Variants and Packages

Table 4. **Device Variants for the Intel Arria 10 Device Family**

| Variant | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Intel Arria 10 GX | FPGA featuring 17.4 Gbps transceivers for short reach applications with 12.5 backplane driving capability. |
| Intel Arria 10 GT | FPGA featuring: 17.4 Gbps transceivers for short reach applications with 12.5 backplane driving capability. 25.8 Gbps transceivers for supporting CAUI-4 and CEI-25G applications with CFP2 and CFP4 modules. |
| Intel Arria 10 SX | SoC integrating ARM-based HPS and FPGA featuring 17.4 Gbps transceivers for short reach applications with 12.5 backplane driving capability. |

Intel Arria 10 GX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Intel Arria 10 GX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Intel FPGA Product Selector.

Related Information

Intel FPGA Product Selector

Provides the latest information on Intel products.



Maximum Resources

Table 5. Maximum Resource Counts for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (GX 160, GX 220, GX 270, GX 320, and GX 480)

| Resc | ource | | | Product Line | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|
| | | GX 160 | GX 220 | GX 270 | GX 320 | GX 480 |
| Logic Elements | (LE) (K) | 160 | 220 | 270 | 320 | 480 |
| ALM | | 61,510 | 80,330 | 101,620 | 119,900 | 183,590 |
| Register | | 246,040 | 321,320 | 406,480 | 479,600 | 734,360 |
| Memory (Kb) | M20K | 8,800 | 11,740 | 15,000 | 17,820 | 28,620 |
| | MLAB | 1,050 | 1,690 | 2,452 | 2,727 | 4,164 |
| Variable-precisi | iable-precision DSP Block | | 192 830 985 | | 985 | 1,368 |
| 18 x 19 Multipli | er | 312 | 384 | 1,660 | 1,970 | 2,736 |
| PLL | Fractional Synthesis | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 12 |
| | I/O | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 12 |
| 17.4 Gbps Trans | sceiver | 12 | 12 | 24 | 24 24 | |
| GPIO (3) | 288 | | 288 | 384 | 384 | 492 |
| LVDS Pair (4) | | 120 | 120 120 168 168 | | 168 | 222 |
| PCIe Hard IP Block | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Hard Memory C | ontroller | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 12 |

 $^{^{(3)}}$ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

⁽⁴⁾ Each LVDS I/O pair can be used as differential input or output.



Table 6. Maximum Resource Counts for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (GX 570, GX 660, GX 900, and GX 1150)

| Re | source | | Produc | t Line | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | | GX 570 | GX 660 | GX 900 | GX 1150 | |
| Logic Elements | s (LE) (K) | 570 | 660 | 900 | 1,150 | |
| ALM | | 217,080 | 251,680 | 339,620 | 427,200 | |
| Register | | 868,320 | 1,006,720 | 1,358,480 | 1,708,800 | |
| Memory (Kb) | M20K | 36,000 | 42,620 | 48,460 | 54,260 | |
| | MLAB | 5,096 | 5,788 | 9,386 | 12,984 | |
| Variable-precis | precision DSP Block 1,523 1,68 | | 1,687 | 1,518 | 1,518 | |
| 18 x 19 Multip | lier | 3,046 | 3,374 | 3,036 | 3,036 | |
| PLL | Fractional Synthesis | 16 | 16 | 32 | 32 | |
| | I/O | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | |
| 17.4 Gbps Trai | nsceiver | 48 | 48 | 96 | 96 | |
| GPIO (3) | | 696 | 696 | 768 | 768 | |
| LVDS Pair (4) | | 324 | 324 | 384 | 384 | |
| PCIe Hard IP E | Block | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | |
| Hard Memory | Controller | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | |

Package Plan

Table 7. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (U19, F27, and F29)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

| Product Line | U19 (19 mm × 19 mm, 484-pin UBGA) | | | | F27 mm × 27 n 72-pin FBG/ | | F29 (29 mm × 29 mm, 780-pin FBGA) | | | |
|--------------|---|----------|------|---------|---------------------------------|------|---|----------|------|--|
| | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | |
| GX 160 | 48 | 192 | 6 | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 240 | 12 | |
| GX 220 | 48 | 192 | 6 | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 240 | 12 | |
| GX 270 | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 312 | 12 | |
| GX 320 | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 312 | 12 | |
| GX 480 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 312 | 12 | |



Table 8. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (F34, F35, NF40, and KF40)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

| Product Line | F34 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA) | | F35 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA) | | | KF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA) | | | NF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA) | | | |
|--------------|--|-------------|--|------------|-------------|---|------------|-------------|---|------------|-------------|------|
| | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR |
| GX 270 | 48 | 336 | 24 | 48 | 336 | 24 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| GX 320 | 48 | 336 | 24 | 48 | 336 | 24 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| GX 480 | 48 | 444 | 24 | 48 | 348 | 36 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| GX 570 | 48 | 444 | 24 | 48 | 348 | 36 | 96 | 600 | 36 | 48 | 540 | 48 |
| GX 660 | 48 | 444 | 24 | 48 | 348 | 36 | 96 | 600 | 36 | 48 | 540 | 48 |
| GX 900 | _ | 504 | 24 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 600 | 48 |
| GX 1150 | _ | 504 | 24 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 600 | 48 |

Table 9. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (RF40, NF45, SF45, and UF45)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

| Product Line | RF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA) | | NF45 (45 mm × 45 mm) 1932-pin FBGA) | | SF45 (45 mm × 45 mm) 1932-pin FBGA) | | | UF45 (45 mm × 45 mm) 1932-pin FBGA) | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------|---|------------|---|------|------------|---|------|------------|-------------|------|
| | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR |
| GX 900 | _ | 342 | 66 | _ | 768 | 48 | - | 624 | 72 | _ | 480 | 96 |
| GX 1150 | _ | 342 | 66 | _ | 768 | 48 | ı | 624 | 72 | ı | 480 | 96 |

Related Information

I/O and High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter, Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook

Provides the number of 3 V and LVDS I/Os, and LVDS channels for each Intel Arria 10 device package.

Intel Arria 10 GT

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Intel Arria 10 GT devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Intel FPGA Product Selector.

Related Information

Intel FPGA Product Selector

Provides the latest information on Intel products.



Related Information

I/O and High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter, Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook

Provides the number of 3 V and LVDS I/Os, and LVDS channels for each Intel Arria 10 device package.

Intel Arria 10 SX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Intel Arria 10 SX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Intel FPGA Product Selector.

Related Information

Intel FPGA Product Selector

Provides the latest information on Intel products.

Available Options

Figure 3. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices



Related Information

Transceiver Performance for Intel Arria 10 GX/SX Devices

Provides more information about the transceiver speed grade.



Maximum Resources

Table 12. Maximum Resource Counts for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices

| Reso | ource | | Product Line | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | SX 160 | SX 220 | SX 270 | SX 320 | SX 480 | SX 570 | SX 660 | | | | |
| Logic Elements | s (LE) (K) | 160 | 220 | 270 | 320 | 480 | 570 | 660 | | | | |
| ALM | | 61,510 | 80,330 | 101,620 | 119,900 | 183,590 | 217,080 | 251,680 | | | | |
| Register | | 246,040 | 321,320 | 406,480 | 479,600 | 734,360 | 868,320 | 1,006,720 | | | | |
| Memory (Kb) | M20K | 8,800 | 11,740 | 15,000 | 17,820 | 28,620 | 36,000 | 42,620 | | | | |
| | MLAB | 1,050 | 1,690 | 2,452 | 2,727 | 4,164 | 5,096 | 5,788 | | | | |
| Variable-precision DSP Block | | 156 | 192 | 830 | 985 | 1,368 | 1,523 | 1,687 | | | | |
| 18 x 19 Multip | lier | 312 | 384 | 1,660 | 1,970 | 2,736 | 3,046 | 3,374 | | | | |
| PLL | Fractional Synthesis | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | | | | |
| | I/O | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | | | | |
| 17.4 Gbps Tra | nsceiver | 12 | 12 | 24 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 48 | | | | |
| GPIO (8) | | 288 | 288 | 384 | 384 | 492 | 696 | 696 | | | | |
| LVDS Pair (9) | | 120 | 120 | 168 | 168 | 174 | 324 | 324 | | | | |
| PCIe Hard IP E | Block | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| Hard Memory Controller | | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | | | | |
| ARM Cortex-As | 9 MPCore | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | | |

Package Plan

Table 13. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices (U19, F27, F29, and F34)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

| Product Line | U19 (19 mm × 19 mm, 484-pin UBGA) | | | | | F29 mm × 29 mm, O-pin FBGA) | | F34 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA) | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------|------|------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|------------|--|------|------------|-------------|------|
| | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR |
| SX 160 | 48 | 144 | 6 | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 240 | 12 | _ | _ | _ |
| SX 220 | 48 | 144 | 6 | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 240 | 12 | _ | _ | _ |
| SX 270 | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 312 | 12 | 48 | 336 | 24 |
| SX 320 | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 192 | 12 | 48 | 312 | 12 | 48 | 336 | 24 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | contii | nued |

 $^{^{(8)}}$ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

⁽⁹⁾ Each LVDS I/O pair can be used as differential input or output.



| Product Line | U19 (19 mm × 19 mm, 484-pin UBGA) | | | | | | F29 29 mm × 29 mm, 780-pin FBGA) | | F34 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA) | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------|------|------------|-------------|------|--|-------------|--|------------|-------------|------|
| | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR |
| SX 480 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 312 | 12 | 48 | 444 | 24 |
| SX 570 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 444 | 24 |
| SX 660 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 48 | 444 | 24 |

Table 14. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices (F35, KF40, and NF40)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

| Product Line | F35 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA) | | | | KF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA) | | | NF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA) | | |
|---------------------|--|----------|------|---------|---|------|---------|---|------|--|
| | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | 3 V I/O | LVDS I/O | XCVR | |
| SX 270 | 48 | 336 | 24 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| SX 320 | 48 | 336 | 24 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| SX 480 | 48 | 348 | 36 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| SX 570 | 48 | 348 | 36 | 96 | 600 | 36 | 48 | 540 | 48 | |
| SX 660 | 48 | 348 | 36 | 96 | 600 | 36 | 48 | 540 | 48 | |

Related Information

 ${\rm I/O}$ and High-Speed Differential ${\rm I/O}$ Interfaces in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter, Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook

Provides the number of 3 V and LVDS I/Os, and LVDS channels for each Intel Arria 10 device package.



Types of Embedded Memory

The Intel Arria 10 devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 20 Kb M20K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M20K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide and shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Intel Arria 10 devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

Embedded Memory Capacity in Intel Arria 10 Devices

Table 18. Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Intel Arria 10 Devices

| | Product | M2 | 20K | ML | .AB | Total RAM Bit |
|-------------------|---------|-------|--------------|--------|--------------|---------------|
| Variant | Line | Block | RAM Bit (Kb) | Block | RAM Bit (Kb) | (Kb) |
| Intel Arria 10 GX | GX 160 | 440 | 8,800 | 1,680 | 1,050 | 9,850 |
| | GX 220 | 587 | 11,740 | 2,703 | 1,690 | 13,430 |
| | GX 270 | 750 | 15,000 | 3,922 | 2,452 | 17,452 |
| | GX 320 | 891 | 17,820 | 4,363 | 2,727 | 20,547 |
| | GX 480 | 1,431 | 28,620 | 6,662 | 4,164 | 32,784 |
| | GX 570 | 1,800 | 36,000 | 8,153 | 5,096 | 41,096 |
| | GX 660 | 2,131 | 42,620 | 9,260 | 5,788 | 48,408 |
| | GX 900 | 2,423 | 48,460 | 15,017 | 9,386 | 57,846 |
| | GX 1150 | 2,713 | 54,260 | 20,774 | 12,984 | 67,244 |
| Intel Arria 10 GT | GT 900 | 2,423 | 48,460 | 15,017 | 9,386 | 57,846 |
| | GT 1150 | 2,713 | 54,260 | 20,774 | 12,984 | 67,244 |
| Intel Arria 10 SX | SX 160 | 440 | 8,800 | 1,680 | 1,050 | 9,850 |
| | SX 220 | 587 | 11,740 | 2,703 | 1,690 | 13,430 |
| | SX 270 | 750 | 15,000 | 3,922 | 2,452 | 17,452 |
| | SX 320 | 891 | 17,820 | 4,363 | 2,727 | 20,547 |
| | SX 480 | 1,431 | 28,620 | 6,662 | 4,164 | 32,784 |
| | SX 570 | 1,800 | 36,000 | 8,153 | 5,096 | 41,096 |
| | SX 660 | 2,131 | 42,620 | 9,260 | 5,788 | 48,408 |

A10-OVERVIEW | 2018.04.09



The fractional synthesis PLLs support the following features:

- Reference clock frequency synthesis for transceiver CMU and Advanced Transmit (ATX) PLLs
- Clock network delay compensation
- Zero-delay buffering
- Direct transmit clocking for transceivers
- Independently configurable into two modes:
 - Conventional integer mode equivalent to the general purpose PLL
 - Enhanced fractional mode with third order delta-sigma modulation
- PLL cascading

I/O PLLs

The integer mode I/O PLLs are located in each bank of 48 I/Os. You can use the I/O PLLs to simplify the design of external memory and high-speed LVDS interfaces.

In each I/O bank, the I/O PLLs are adjacent to the hard memory controllers and LVDS SERDES. Because these PLLs are tightly coupled with the I/Os that need to use them, it makes it easier to close timing.

You can use the I/O PLLs for general purpose applications in the core such as clock network delay compensation and zero-delay buffering.

Intel Arria 10 devices support PLL-to-PLL cascading.

FPGA General Purpose I/O

Intel Arria 10 devices offer highly configurable GPIOs. Each I/O bank contains 48 general purpose I/Os and a high-efficiency hard memory controller.

The following list describes the features of the GPIOs:

- Consist of 3 V I/Os for high-voltage application and LVDS I/Os for differential signaling
 - $-\$ Up to two 3 V I/O banks, available in some devices, that support up to 3 V I/O standards
 - LVDS I/O banks that support up to 1.8 V I/O standards
- Support a wide range of single-ended and differential I/O interfaces
- LVDS speeds up to 1.6 Gbps
- Each LVDS pair of pins has differential input and output buffers, allowing you to configure the LVDS direction for each pair.
- Programmable bus hold and weak pull-up
- Programmable differential output voltage (V_{OD}) and programmable pre-emphasis



Table 20. Memory Standards Supported by the Hard Memory Controller

This table lists the overall capability of the hard memory controller. For specific details, refer to the External Memory Interface Spec Estimator and Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet.

| Memory Standard | Rate Support | Ping Pong PHY Support | Maximum Frequency (MHz) |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| DDR4 SDRAM | Quarter rate | Yes | 1,067 |
| | | _ | 1,200 |
| DDR3 SDRAM | Half rate | Yes | 533 |
| | | _ | 667 |
| | Quarter rate | Yes | 1,067 |
| | | _ | 1,067 |
| DDR3L SDRAM | Half rate | Yes | 533 |
| | | _ | 667 |
| | Quarter rate | Yes | 933 |
| | | _ | 933 |
| LPDDR3 SDRAM | Half rate | _ | 533 |
| | Quarter rate | _ | 800 |

Table 21. Memory Standards Supported by the Soft Memory Controller

| Memory Standard | Rate Support | Maximum Frequency (MHz) | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--|
| RLDRAM 3 (11) | Quarter rate | 1,200 | |
| QDR IV SRAM ⁽¹¹⁾ | Quarter rate | 1,067 | |
| QDR II SRAM | Full rate | 333 | |
| | Half rate | 633 | |
| QDR II+ SRAM | Full rate | 333 | |
| | Half rate | 633 | |
| QDR II+ Xtreme SRAM | Full rate | 333 | |
| | Half rate | 633 | |

Table 22. Memory Standards Supported by the HPS Hard Memory Controller

The hard processor system (HPS) is available in Intel Arria 10 SoC devices only.

| Memory Standard | Rate Support | Maximum Frequency (MHz) |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| DDR4 SDRAM | Half rate | 1,200 |
| DDR3 SDRAM | Half rate | 1,067 |
| DDR3L SDRAM | Half rate | 933 |

⁽¹¹⁾ Intel Arria 10 devices support this external memory interface using hard PHY with soft memory controller.



Related Information

Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet

Lists the memory interface performance according to memory interface standards, rank or chip select configurations, and Intel Arria 10 device speed grades.

PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3 Hard IP

Intel Arria 10 devices contain PCIe hard IP that is designed for performance and ease-of-use:

- Includes all layers of the PCIe stack—transaction, data link and physical layers.
- Supports PCIe Gen3, Gen2, and Gen1 Endpoint and Root Port in x1, x2, x4, or x8 lane configuration.
- Operates independently from the core logic—optional configuration via protocol (CvP) allows the PCIe link to power up and complete link training in less than 100 ms while the Intel Arria 10 device completes loading the programming file for the rest of the FPGA.
- Provides added functionality that makes it easier to support emerging features such as Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV) and optional protocol extensions.
- Provides improved end-to-end datapath protection using ECC.
- Supports FPGA configuration via protocol (CvP) using PCIe at Gen3, Gen2, or Gen1 speed.

Related Information

PCS Features on page 30

Enhanced PCS Hard IP for Interlaken and 10 Gbps Ethernet

Interlaken Support

The Intel Arria 10 enhanced PCS hard IP provides integrated Interlaken PCS supporting rates up to 25.8 Gbps per lane.

The Interlaken PCS is based on the proven functionality of the PCS developed for Intel's previous generation FPGAs, which demonstrated interoperability with Interlaken ASSP vendors and third-party IP suppliers. The Interlaken PCS is present in every transceiver channel in Intel Arria 10 devices.

Related Information

PCS Features on page 30

10 Gbps Ethernet Support

The Intel Arria 10 enhanced PCS hard IP supports 10GBASE-R PCS compliant with IEEE 802.3 10 Gbps Ethernet (10GbE). The integrated hard IP support for 10GbE and the 10 Gbps transceivers save external PHY cost, board space, and system power.



Figure 7. Device Chip Overview for Intel Arria 10 GX and GT Devices



Figure 8. Device Chip Overview for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices



PMA Features

Intel Arria 10 transceivers provide exceptional signal integrity at data rates up to 25.8 Gbps. Clocking options include ultra-low jitter ATX PLLs (LC tank based), clock multiplier unit (CMU) PLLs, and fractional PLLs.



Features of the HPS

The HPS has the following features:

- 1.2-GHz, dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor with up to 1.5-GHz via overdrive
 - ARMv7-A architecture that runs 32-bit ARM instructions, 16-bit and 32-bit
 Thumb instructions, and 8-bit Java byte codes in Jazelle style
 - Superscalar, variable length, out-of-order pipeline with dynamic branch prediction
 - Instruction Efficiency 2.5 MIPS/MHz, which provides total performance of 7500 MIPS at 1.5 GHz
- Each processor core includes:
 - 32 KB of L1 instruction cache, 32 KB of L1 data cache
 - Single- and double-precision floating-point unit and NEON media engine
 - CoreSight debug and trace technology
 - Snoop Control Unit (SCU) and Acceleration Coherency Port (ACP)
- 512 KB of shared L2 cache
- 256 KB of scratch RAM
- Hard memory controller with support for DDR3, DDR4 and optional error correction code (ECC) support
- Multiport Front End (MPFE) Scheduler interface to the hard memory controller
- 8-channel direct memory access (DMA) controller
- QSPI flash controller with SIO, DIO, QIO SPI Flash support
- NAND flash controller (ONFI 1.0 or later) with DMA and ECC support, updated to support 8 and 16-bit Flash devices and new command DMA to offload CPU for fast power down recovery
- Updated SD/SDIO/MMC controller to eMMC 4.5 with DMA with CE-ATA digital command support
- 3 10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (MAC) with DMA
- 2 USB On-the-Go (OTG) controllers with DMA
- 5 I²C controllers (3 can be used by EMAC for MIO to external PHY)
- 2 UART 16550 Compatible controllers
- 4 serial peripheral interfaces (SPI) (2 Master, 2 Slaves)
- 62 programmable general-purpose I/Os, which includes 48 direct share I/Os that allows the HPS peripherals to connect directly to the FPGA I/Os
- 7 general-purpose timers
- 4 watchdog timers
- Anti-tamper, Secure Boot, Encryption (AES) and Authentication (SHA)



FPGA Configuration and HPS Booting

The FPGA fabric and HPS in the SoC FPGA must be powered at the same time. You can reduce the clock frequencies or gate the clocks to reduce dynamic power.

Once powered, the FPGA fabric and HPS can be configured independently thus providing you with more design flexibility:

- You can boot the HPS independently. After the HPS is running, the HPS can fully or
 partially reconfigure the FPGA fabric at any time under software control. The HPS
 can also configure other FPGAs on the board through the FPGA configuration
 controller.
- Configure the FPGA fabric first, and then boot the HPS from memory accessible to the FPGA fabric.

Hardware and Software Development

For hardware development, you can configure the HPS and connect your soft logic in the FPGA fabric to the HPS interfaces using the Platform Designer system integration tool in the Intel Quartus Prime software.

For software development, the ARM-based SoC FPGA devices inherit the rich software development ecosystem available for the ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor. The software development process for Intel SoC FPGAs follows the same steps as those for other SoC devices from other manufacturers. Support for Linux*, VxWorks*, and other operating systems are available for the SoC FPGAs. For more information on the operating systems support availability, contact the Intel FPGA sales team.

You can begin device-specific firmware and software development on the Intel SoC FPGA Virtual Target. The Virtual Target is a fast PC-based functional simulation of a target development system—a model of a complete development board. The Virtual Target enables the development of device-specific production software that can run unmodified on actual hardware.

Dynamic and Partial Reconfiguration

The Intel Arria 10 devices support dynamic and partial reconfiguration. You can use dynamic and partial reconfiguration simultaneously to enable seamless reconfiguration of both the device core and transceivers.

Dynamic Reconfiguration

You can reconfigure the PMA and PCS blocks while the device continues to operate. This feature allows you to change the data rates, protocol, and analog settings of a channel in a transceiver bank without affecting on-going data transfer in other transceiver banks. This feature is ideal for applications that require dynamic multiprotocol or multirate support.

Partial Reconfiguration

Using partial reconfiguration, you can reconfigure some parts of the device while keeping the device in operation.



The optional power reduction techniques in Intel Arria 10 devices include:

- SmartVID—a code is programmed into each device during manufacturing that allows a smart regulator to operate the device at lower core V_{CC} while maintaining performance
- **Programmable Power Technology**—non-critical timing paths are identified by the Intel Quartus Prime software and the logic in these paths is biased for low power instead of high performance
- **Low Static Power Options**—devices are available with either standard static power or low static power while maintaining performance

Furthermore, Intel Arria 10 devices feature Intel's industry-leading low power transceivers and include a number of hard IP blocks that not only reduce logic resources but also deliver substantial power savings compared to soft implementations. In general, hard IP blocks consume up to 90% less power than the equivalent soft logic implementations.

Incremental Compilation

The Intel Quartus Prime software incremental compilation feature reduces compilation time and helps preserve performance to ease timing closure. The incremental compilation feature enables the partial reconfiguration flow for Intel Arria 10 devices.

Incremental compilation supports top-down, bottom-up, and team-based design flows. This feature facilitates modular, hierarchical, and team-based design flows where different designers compile their respective design sections in parallel. Furthermore, different designers or IP providers can develop and optimize different blocks of the design independently. These blocks can then be imported into the top level project.

Document Revision History for Intel Arria 10 Device Overview

| Document Version | Changes |
|---------------------|--|
| 2018.04.09 | Updated the lowest V_{CC} from 0.83 V to 0.82 V in the topic listing a summary of the device features. |

| Date | Version | Changes |
|--------------|------------|--|
| January 2018 | 2018.01.17 | Updated the maximum data rate for HPS (Intel Arria 10 SX devices external memory interface DDR3 controller from 2,166 Mbps to 2,133 Mbps. |
| | | Updated maximum frequency supported for half rate QDRII and QDRII + SRAM to 633 MHz in Memory Standards Supported by the Soft Memory Controller table. |
| | | Updated transceiver backplane capability to 12.5 Gbps. |
| | | Removed transceiver speed grade 5 in Sample Ordering Core and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices figure. |
| | ı | continued |



| Date | Version | Changes |
|----------------|------------|---|
| December 2015 | 2015.12.14 | Updated the number of M20K memory blocks for Arria 10 GX 660 from 2133 to 2131 and corrected the total RAM bit from 48,448 Kb to 48,408 Kb. |
| | | Corrected the number of DSP blocks for Arria 10 GX 660 from 1688 to 1687 in the table listing floating-point arithmetic resources. |
| November 2015 | 2015.11.02 | • Updated the maximum resources for Arria 10 GX 220, GX 320, GX 480, GX 660, SX 220, SX 320, SX 480, and SX 660. |
| | | Updated resource count for Arria 10 GX 320, GX 480, GX 660, SX 320, SX 480, a SX 660 devices in Number of Multipliers in Intel Arria 10 Devices table. |
| | | Updated the available options for Arria 10 GX, GT, and SX. Changed instances of <i>Quartus II</i> to <i>Quartus Prime</i>. |
| June 2015 | 2015.06.15 | Corrected label for Intel Arria 10 GT product lines in the vertical migration figure. |
| May 2015 | 2015.05.15 | Corrected the DDR3 half rate and quarter rate maximum frequencies in the table that lists the memory standards supported by the Intel Arria 10 hard memory controller. |
| May 2015 | 2015.05.04 | Added support for 13.5G JESD204b in the Summary of Features table. Added support for 13.5G JESD204b in the Summary of Features table. |
| | | Added a link to Arria 10 GT Channel Usage in the Arria 10 GT Package Plan topic. |
| | | Added a note to the table, Maximum Resource Counts for Arria 10 GT devices. |
| | | Updated the power requirements of the transceivers in the Low Power Serial Transceivers topic. |
| January 2015 | 2015.01.23 | Added floating point arithmetic features in the Summary of Features table. |
| | | Updated the total embedded memory from 38.38 megabits (Mb) to 65.6 Mb. |
| | | Updated the table that lists the memory standards supported by Intel Arria 10 devices. |
| | | Removed support for DDR3U, LPDDR3 SDRAM, RLDRAM 2, and DDR2. Moved RLDRAM 3 support from hard memory controller to soft memory controller. RLDRAM 3 support uses hard PHY with soft memory controller. |
| | | Added soft memory controller support for QDR IV. |
| | | Updated the maximum resource count table to include the number of hard memory controllers available in each device variant. |
| | | Updated the transceiver PCS data rate from 12.5 Gbps to 12 Gbps. |
| | | Updated the max clock rate of PS, FPP x8, FPP x16, and Configuration via HPS from 125 MHz to 100 MHz. |
| | | Added a feature for fractional synthesis PLLs: PLL cascading. |
| | | Updated the HPS programmable general-purpose I/Os from 54 to 62. |
| September 2014 | 2014.09.30 | Corrected the 3 V I/O and LVDS I/O counts for F35 and F36 packages of Arria 10 GX. |
| | | Corrected the 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and transceiver counts for the NF40 package of the Arria GX 570 and 660. |
| | | Removed 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and transceiver counts for the NF40 package of the Arria GX 900 and 1150. The NF40 package is not available for Arria 10 GX 900 and 1150. |
| | | continued |