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Intel - 10AS027H4F34E3LG Datasheet



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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are **Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)**?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions. SoCs combine a central

Details

Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	Dual ARM [®] Cortex [®] -A9 MPCore [™] with CoreSight [™]
Flash Size	-
RAM Size	256КВ
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Speed	1.5GHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 270K Logic Elements
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA, FC (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/10as027h4f34e3lg

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong





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Intel[®] Arria[®] 10 Device Overview

The Intel[®] Arria[®] 10 device family consists of high-performance and power-efficient 20 nm mid-range FPGAs and SoCs.

Intel Arria 10 device family delivers:

- Higher performance than the previous generation of mid-range and high-end FPGAs.
- Power efficiency attained through a comprehensive set of power-saving technologies.

The Intel Arria 10 devices are ideal for high performance, power-sensitive, midrange applications in diverse markets.

Market	Applications
Wireless	Channel and switch cards in remote radio headsMobile backhaul
Wireline	 40G/100G muxponders and transponders 100G line cards Bridging Aggregation
Broadcast	 Studio switches Servers and transport Videoconferencing Professional audio and video
Computing and Storage	Flash cacheCloud computing serversServer acceleration
Medical	Diagnostic scannersDiagnostic imaging
Military	 Missile guidance and control Radar Electronic warfare Secure communications

Table 1. Sample Markets and Ideal Applications for Intel Arria 10 Devices

Related Information

Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook: Known Issues Lists the planned updates to the *Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook* chapters.

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Feature		Description				
Embedded Hard IP blocks	Variable-precision DSP	 Native support for signal processing precision levels from 18 x 19 to 54 x 54 Native support for 27 x 27 multiplier mode 64-bit accumulator and cascade for systolic finite impulse responses (FIRs) Internal coefficient memory banks Preadder/subtractor for improved efficiency Additional pipeline register to increase performance and reduce power Supports floating point arithmetic: Perform multiplication, addition, subtraction, multiply-add, multiply-subtract, and complex multiplication. Supports multiplication with accumulation capability, cascade summation, and cascade subtraction capability. Dynamic accumulator reset control. Support direct vector dot and complex multiplication chaining multiply floating point DSP blocks. 				
	Memory controller	DDR4, DDR3, and DDR3L				
	PCI Express*	PCI Express (PCIe*) Gen3 (x1, x2, x4, or x8), Gen2 (x1, x2, x4, or x8) and Gen1 (x1, x2, x4, or x8) hard IP with complete protocol stack, endpoint, and root port				
	Transceiver I/O	 10GBASE-KR/40GBASE-KR4 Forward Error Correction (FEC) PCS hard IPs that support: 10-Gbps Ethernet (10GbE) PCIe PIPE interface Interlaken Gbps Ethernet (GbE) Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI) with deterministic latency support Gigabit-capable passive optical network (GPON) with fast lock-time support 13.5G JESD204b 8B/10B, 64B/66B, 64B/67B encoders and decoders Custom mode support for proprietary protocols 				
Core clock networks	 667 MHz externa 800 MHz LVDS in Global, regional, and 	c clocking, depending on the application: I memory interface clocking with 2,400 Mbps DDR4 interface terface clocking with 1,600 Mbps LVDS interface I peripheral clock networks are not used can be gated to reduce dynamic power				
Phase-locked loops (PLLs)	 High-resolution fractional synthesis PLLs: Precision clock synthesis, clock delay compensation, and zero delay buffering (ZDB) Support integer mode and fractional mode Fractional mode support with third-order delta-sigma modulation Integer PLLs: Adjacent to general purpose I/Os Support external memory and LVDS interfaces 					
FPGA General-purpose I/Os (GPIOs)	On-chip termination	ry pair can be configured as receiver or transmitter (OCT) -ended LVTTL/LVCMOS interfacing				
External Memory Interface	 DDR4—speeds up DDR3—speeds up 	Iller— DDR4, DDR3, and DDR3L support to 1,200 MHz/2,400 Mbps to 1,067 MHz/2,133 Mbps Ier—provides support for RLDRAM 3 ⁽²⁾ , QDR IV ⁽²⁾ , and QDR II+ continued				



Feature	Description
	 Dynamic reconfiguration of the transceivers and PLLs Fine-grained partial reconfiguration of the core fabric Active Serial x4 Interface
Power management	 SmartVID Low static power device options Programmable Power Technology Intel Quartus Prime integrated power analysis
Software and tools	 Intel Quartus Prime design suite Transceiver toolkit Platform Designer system integration tool DSP Builder for Intel FPGAs OpenCL[™] support Intel SoC FPGA Embedded Design Suite (EDS)

Related Information

Intel Arria 10 Transceiver PHY Overview Provides details on Intel Arria 10 transceivers.

Intel Arria 10 Device Variants and Packages

Table 4. Device Variants for the Intel Arria 10 Device Family

Variant	Description
Intel Arria 10 GX	FPGA featuring 17.4 Gbps transceivers for short reach applications with 12.5 backplane driving capability.
Intel Arria 10 GT	 FPGA featuring: 17.4 Gbps transceivers for short reach applications with 12.5 backplane driving capability. 25.8 Gbps transceivers for supporting CAUI-4 and CEI-25G applications with CFP2 and CFP4 modules.
Intel Arria 10 SX	SoC integrating ARM-based HPS and FPGA featuring 17.4 Gbps transceivers for short reach applications with 12.5 backplane driving capability.

Intel Arria 10 GX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Intel Arria 10 GX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Intel FPGA Product Selector.

Related Information

Intel FPGA Product Selector

Provides the latest information on Intel products.



Available Options

Figure 1. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices



Related Information

Transceiver Performance for Intel Arria 10 GX/SX Devices Provides more information about the transceiver speed grade.



Maximum Resources

Table 5.Maximum Resource Counts for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (GX 160, GX 220, GX
270, GX 320, and GX 480)

Resource			Product Line							
		GX 160	GX 220	GX 270	GX 320	GX 480				
Logic Elements	(LE) (K)	160	220	270	320	480				
ALM		61,510	80,330	101,620	119,900	183,590				
Register		246,040	321,320	406,480	479,600	734,360				
Memory (Kb)	M20K	8,800	11,740	15,000	17,820	28,620				
	MLAB	1,050	1,690	2,452	2,727	4,164				
Variable-precision DSP Block		156	192	830	985	1,368				
18 x 19 Multiplier		312	384	1,660	1,970	2,736				
PLL	Fractional Synthesis	6	6	8	8	12				
	I/O	6	6	8	8	12				
17.4 Gbps Trans	sceiver	12	12	24	24	36				
GPIO ⁽³⁾		288	288	384	384	492				
LVDS Pair ⁽⁴⁾		120	120	120 168 168		222				
PCIe Hard IP Block		1	1	2	2	2				
Hard Memory C	ontroller	6	6	8	8	12				

⁽³⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

⁽⁴⁾ Each LVDS I/O pair can be used as differential input or output.



Table 8. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (F34, F35, NF40, and KF40)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

Product Line	F34 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA)		F35 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA)		KF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA)			NF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA)				
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
GX 270	48	336	24	48	336	24	_	_	_	_	-	-
GX 320	48	336	24	48	336	24	_	-	_	_	-	-
GX 480	48	444	24	48	348	36	_	-	-	_	-	-
GX 570	48	444	24	48	348	36	96	600	36	48	540	48
GX 660	48	444	24	48	348	36	96	600	36	48	540	48
GX 900	-	504	24	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	600	48
GX 1150	-	504	24	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	600	48

Table 9. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (RF40, NF45, SF45, and UF45)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

Product Line RF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA)			NF45 (45 mm × 45 mm) 1932-pin FBGA)			SF45 (45 mm × 45 mm) 1932-pin FBGA)			UF45 (45 mm × 45 mm) 1932-pin FBGA)			
	3 V LVDS I/O I/O		XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
GX 900	_	342	66	_	768	48	_	624	72	_	480	96
GX 1150	_	342	66	_	768	48	_	624	72	_	480	96

Related Information

I/O and High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter, Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook

Provides the number of 3 V and LVDS I/Os, and LVDS channels for each Intel Arria 10 device package.

Intel Arria 10 GT

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Intel Arria 10 GT devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Intel FPGA Product Selector.

Related Information

Intel FPGA Product Selector

Provides the latest information on Intel products.



ES : Engineering sample

RoHS

FPGA Fabric

Speed Grade

1 (fastest)

2 3

G : RoHS6 N : RoHS5 Contact Intel P : Leaded for availability

Available Options

Family Variant

090 : 900K logic elements 115 : 1,150K logic elements

25.8 Gbps transceivers

Transceiver

1 (fastest)

2

Speed Grade

T : GT variant

Logic Density



Package Code

45 : 1,932 pins, 45 mm x 45 mm

Figure 2. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 GT Devices



Maximum Resources

Table 10. Maximum Resource Counts for Intel Arria 10 GT Devices

Reso	urce	Produ	ct Line
		GT 900	GT 1150
Logic Elements (LE) (K)		900	1,150
ALM		339,620	427,200
Register		1,358,480	1,708,800
Memory (Kb)	M20K	48,460	54,260
	MLAB	9,386	12,984
Variable-precision DSP Block		1,518	1,518
18 x 19 Multiplier		3,036	3,036
PLL	Fractional Synthesis	32	32
	I/O	16	16
Transceiver	17.4 Gbps	72 (5)	72 ⁽⁵⁾
	25.8 Gbps	6	6
GPIO ⁽⁶⁾		624	624
LVDS Pair ⁽⁷⁾		312	312
PCIe Hard IP Block		4	4
Hard Memory Controller		16	16

Related Information

Intel Arria 10 GT Channel Usage

Configuring GT/GX channels in Intel Arria 10 GT devices.

Package Plan

Table 11.Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 GT Devices

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

Product Line	SF45 (45 mm × 45 mm, 1932-pin FBGA)						
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR				
GT 900	—	624	72				
GT 1150	_	624	72				

⁽⁵⁾ If all 6 GT channels are in use, 12 of the GX channels are not usable.

⁽⁶⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

⁽⁷⁾ Each LVDS I/O pair can be used as differential input or output.



Related Information

I/O and High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter, Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook

Provides the number of 3 V and LVDS I/Os, and LVDS channels for each Intel Arria 10 device package.

Intel Arria 10 SX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Intel Arria 10 SX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Intel FPGA Product Selector.

Related Information

Intel FPGA Product Selector

Provides the latest information on Intel products.

Available Options

Figure 3. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices



Related Information

Transceiver Performance for Intel Arria 10 GX/SX Devices Provides more information about the transceiver speed grade.



Product Line	U19 (19 mm × 19 mm, 484-pin UBGA)		× 19 mm, (27 mm × 27 mm,		F29 (29 mm × 29 mm, 780-pin FBGA)			F34 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA)				
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
SX 480	-	-	_	_	-	-	48	312	12	48	444	24
SX 570	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	48	444	24
SX 660	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	48	444	24

Table 14. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices (F35, KF40, and NF40)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

Product Line	F35 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA)			KF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA)			NF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA)		
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
SX 270	48	336	24	-	_	_	-	-	_
SX 320	48	336	24	-	_	_	_	_	_
SX 480	48	348	36	-	_	_	-	-	_
SX 570	48	348	36	96	600	36	48	540	48
SX 660	48	348	36	96	600	36	48	540	48

Related Information

I/O and High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter, Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook

Provides the number of 3 V and LVDS I/Os, and LVDS channels for each Intel Arria 10 device package.



Types of Embedded Memory

The Intel Arria 10 devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 20 Kb M20K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M20K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide and shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Intel Arria 10 devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

Embedded Memory Capacity in Intel Arria 10 Devices

	Product	М20К		ML	Total RAM Bit	
Variant	Line	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	(Kb)
Intel Arria 10 GX	GX 160	440	8,800	1,680	1,050	9,850
	GX 220	587	11,740	2,703	1,690	13,430
	GX 270	750	15,000	3,922	2,452	17,452
	GX 320	891	17,820	4,363	2,727	20,547
	GX 480	1,431	28,620	6,662	4,164	32,784
	GX 570	1,800	36,000	8,153	5,096	41,096
	GX 660	2,131	42,620	9,260	5,788	48,408
	GX 900	2,423	48,460	15,017	9,386	57,846
	GX 1150	2,713	54,260	20,774	12,984	67,244
Intel Arria 10 GT	GT 900	2,423	48,460	15,017	9,386	57,846
	GT 1150	2,713	54,260	20,774	12,984	67,244
Intel Arria 10 SX	SX 160	440	8,800	1,680	1,050	9,850
	SX 220	587	11,740	2,703	1,690	13,430
	SX 270	750	15,000	3,922	2,452	17,452
	SX 320	891	17,820	4,363	2,727	20,547
	SX 480	1,431	28,620	6,662	4,164	32,784
	SX 570	1,800	36,000	8,153	5,096	41,096
	SX 660	2,131	42,620	9,260	5,788	48,408

Table 18. Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Intel Arria 10 Devices



Table 20. Memory Standards Supported by the Hard Memory Controller

This table lists the overall capability of the hard memory controller. For specific details, refer to the External Memory Interface Spec Estimator and Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet.

Memory Standard	Rate Support	Ping Pong PHY Support	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
DDR4 SDRAM	Quarter rate	Yes	1,067
		_	1,200
DDR3 SDRAM	Half rate	Yes	533
		_	667
	Quarter rate	Yes	1,067
		_	1,067
DDR3L SDRAM	Half rate	Yes	533
		_	667
	Quarter rate	Yes	933
		_	933
LPDDR3 SDRAM	Half rate	-	533
	Quarter rate	_	800

Table 21. Memory Standards Supported by the Soft Memory Controller

Memory Standard	Rate Support	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
RLDRAM 3 (11)	Quarter rate	1,200
QDR IV SRAM ⁽¹¹⁾	Quarter rate	1,067
QDR II SRAM	Full rate	333
	Half rate	633
QDR II+ SRAM	Full rate	333
	Half rate	633
QDR II+ Xtreme SRAM	Full rate	333
	Half rate	633

Table 22. Memory Standards Supported by the HPS Hard Memory Controller

The hard processor system (HPS) is available in Intel Arria 10 SoC devices only.

Memory Standard	Rate Support	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
DDR4 SDRAM	Half rate	1,200
DDR3 SDRAM	Half rate	1,067
DDR3L SDRAM	Half rate	933

⁽¹¹⁾ Intel Arria 10 devices support this external memory interface using hard PHY with soft memory controller.



Related Information

Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet

Lists the memory interface performance according to memory interface standards, rank or chip select configurations, and Intel Arria 10 device speed grades.

PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3 Hard IP

Intel Arria 10 devices contain PCIe hard IP that is designed for performance and ease-of-use:

- Includes all layers of the PCIe stack—transaction, data link and physical layers.
- Supports PCIe Gen3, Gen2, and Gen1 Endpoint and Root Port in x1, x2, x4, or x8 lane configuration.
- Operates independently from the core logic—optional configuration via protocol (CvP) allows the PCIe link to power up and complete link training in less than 100 ms while the Intel Arria 10 device completes loading the programming file for the rest of the FPGA.
- Provides added functionality that makes it easier to support emerging features such as Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV) and optional protocol extensions.
- Provides improved end-to-end datapath protection using ECC.
- Supports FPGA configuration via protocol (CvP) using PCIe at Gen3, Gen2, or Gen1 speed.

Related Information

PCS Features on page 30

Enhanced PCS Hard IP for Interlaken and 10 Gbps Ethernet

Interlaken Support

The Intel Arria 10 enhanced PCS hard IP provides integrated Interlaken PCS supporting rates up to 25.8 Gbps per lane.

The Interlaken PCS is based on the proven functionality of the PCS developed for Intel's previous generation FPGAs, which demonstrated interoperability with Interlaken ASSP vendors and third-party IP suppliers. The Interlaken PCS is present in every transceiver channel in Intel Arria 10 devices.

Related Information

PCS Features on page 30

10 Gbps Ethernet Support

The Intel Arria 10 enhanced PCS hard IP supports 10GBASE-R PCS compliant with IEEE 802.3 10 Gbps Ethernet (10GbE). The integrated hard IP support for 10GbE and the 10 Gbps transceivers save external PHY cost, board space, and system power.



Figure 9. HPS Block Diagram

This figure shows a block diagram of the HPS with the dual ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor.



Key Advantages of 20-nm HPS

The 20-nm HPS strikes a balance between enabling maximum software compatibility with 28-nm SoCs while still improving upon the 28-nm HPS architecture. These improvements address the requirements of the next generation target markets such as wireless and wireline communications, compute and storage equipment, broadcast and military in terms of performance, memory bandwidth, connectivity via backplane and security.



Features of the HPS

The HPS has the following features:

- 1.2-GHz, dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor with up to 1.5-GHz via overdrive
 - ARMv7-A architecture that runs 32-bit ARM instructions, 16-bit and 32-bit Thumb instructions, and 8-bit Java byte codes in Jazelle style
 - Superscalar, variable length, out-of-order pipeline with dynamic branch prediction
 - Instruction Efficiency 2.5 MIPS/MHz, which provides total performance of 7500 MIPS at 1.5 GHz
- Each processor core includes:
 - 32 KB of L1 instruction cache, 32 KB of L1 data cache
 - Single- and double-precision floating-point unit and NEON media engine
 - CoreSight debug and trace technology
 - Snoop Control Unit (SCU) and Acceleration Coherency Port (ACP)
- 512 KB of shared L2 cache
- 256 KB of scratch RAM
- Hard memory controller with support for DDR3, DDR4 and optional error correction code (ECC) support
- Multiport Front End (MPFE) Scheduler interface to the hard memory controller
- 8-channel direct memory access (DMA) controller
- QSPI flash controller with SIO, DIO, QIO SPI Flash support
- NAND flash controller (ONFI 1.0 or later) with DMA and ECC support, updated to support 8 and 16-bit Flash devices and new command DMA to offload CPU for fast power down recovery
- Updated SD/SDIO/MMC controller to eMMC 4.5 with DMA with CE-ATA digital command support
- 3 10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (MAC) with DMA
- 2 USB On-the-Go (OTG) controllers with DMA
- 5 I²C controllers (3 can be used by EMAC for MIO to external PHY)
- 2 UART 16550 Compatible controllers
- 4 serial peripheral interfaces (SPI) (2 Master, 2 Slaves)
- 62 programmable general-purpose I/Os, which includes 48 direct share I/Os that allows the HPS peripherals to connect directly to the FPGA I/Os
- 7 general-purpose timers
- 4 watchdog timers
- Anti-tamper, Secure Boot, Encryption (AES) and Authentication (SHA)



FPGA Configuration and HPS Booting

The FPGA fabric and HPS in the SoC FPGA must be powered at the same time. You can reduce the clock frequencies or gate the clocks to reduce dynamic power.

Once powered, the FPGA fabric and HPS can be configured independently thus providing you with more design flexibility:

- You can boot the HPS independently. After the HPS is running, the HPS can fully or partially reconfigure the FPGA fabric at any time under software control. The HPS can also configure other FPGAs on the board through the FPGA configuration controller.
- Configure the FPGA fabric first, and then boot the HPS from memory accessible to the FPGA fabric.

Hardware and Software Development

For hardware development, you can configure the HPS and connect your soft logic in the FPGA fabric to the HPS interfaces using the Platform Designer system integration tool in the Intel Quartus Prime software.

For software development, the ARM-based SoC FPGA devices inherit the rich software development ecosystem available for the ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor. The software development process for Intel SoC FPGAs follows the same steps as those for other SoC devices from other manufacturers. Support for Linux*, VxWorks*, and other operating systems are available for the SoC FPGAs. For more information on the operating systems support availability, contact the Intel FPGA sales team.

You can begin device-specific firmware and software development on the Intel SoC FPGA Virtual Target. The Virtual Target is a fast PC-based functional simulation of a target development system—a model of a complete development board. The Virtual Target enables the development of device-specific production software that can run unmodified on actual hardware.

Dynamic and Partial Reconfiguration

The Intel Arria 10 devices support dynamic and partial reconfiguration. You can use dynamic and partial reconfiguration simultaneously to enable seamless reconfiguration of both the device core and transceivers.

Dynamic Reconfiguration

You can reconfigure the PMA and PCS blocks while the device continues to operate. This feature allows you to change the data rates, protocol, and analog settings of a channel in a transceiver bank without affecting on-going data transfer in other transceiver banks. This feature is ideal for applications that require dynamic multiprotocol or multirate support.

Partial Reconfiguration

Using partial reconfiguration, you can reconfigure some parts of the device while keeping the device in operation.



Instead of placing all device functions in the FPGA fabric, you can store some functions that do not run simultaneously in external memory and load them only when required. This capability increases the effective logic density of the device, and lowers cost and power consumption.

In the Intel solution, you do not have to worry about intricate device architecture to perform a partial reconfiguration. The partial reconfiguration capability is built into the Intel Quartus Prime design software, making such time-intensive task simple.

Intel Arria 10 devices support partial reconfiguration in the following configuration options:

- Using an internal host:
 - All supported configuration modes where the FPGA has access to external memory devices such as serial and parallel flash memory.
 - Configuration via Protocol [CvP (PCIe)]
- Using an external host—passive serial (PS), fast passive parallel (FPP) x8, FPP x16, and FPP x32 I/O interface.

Enhanced Configuration and Configuration via Protocol

Table 25. Configuration Schemes and Features of Intel Arria 10 Devices

Intel Arria 10 devices support 1.8 V programming voltage and several configuration schemes.

Scheme	Data Width	Max Clock Rate (MHz)	Max Data Rate (Mbps) (13)	Decompression	Design Security ⁽¹ 4)	Partial Reconfiguration (15)	Remote System Update
JTAG	1 bit	33	33	_	-	Yes ⁽¹⁶⁾	-
Active Serial (AS) through the EPCQ-L configuration device	1 bit, 4 bits	100	400	Yes	Yes	Yes ⁽¹⁶⁾	Yes
Passive serial (PS) through CPLD or external microcontroller	1 bit	100	100	Yes	Yes	Yes ⁽¹⁶⁾	Parallel Flash Loader (PFL) IP core
	continued						

⁽¹³⁾ Enabling either compression or design security features affects the maximum data rate. Refer to the Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet for more information.

⁽¹⁴⁾ Encryption and compression cannot be used simultaneously.

⁽¹⁵⁾ Partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature of the device family. If you are interested in using partial reconfiguration, contact Intel for support.

⁽¹⁶⁾ Partial configuration can be performed only when it is configured as internal host.

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September 2017 July 2017 July 2017 May 2017 May 2017	2017.09.20 2017.07.13 2017.07.06 2017.05.08	 Removed package code 40, low static power, SmartVID, industrial, and military operating temperature support from <i>Sample Ordering Core and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 GT Devices</i> figure. Updated short reach transceiver rate for Intel Arria 10 GT devices to 25.8 Gbps. Removed On-Die Instrumentation — EyeQ and Jitter Margin Tool support from <i>PMA Features of the Transceivers in Intel Arria 10 Devices</i> table. Updated the maximum speed of the DDR4 external memory interface from 1,333 MHz/2,666 Mbps to 1,200 MHz/2,400 Mbps. Corrected the automotive temperature range in the figure showing the available options for the Intel Arria 10 GX devices from "-40°C to 125°C". Added automotive temperature option to Intel Arria 10 GX device family. Corrected protocol names with "1588" to "IEEE 1588v2". Updated the vertical migration table to remove vertical migration between Intel Arria 10 GX and Intel Arria 10 SX device variants.
July 2017 July 2017 May 2017	2017.07.13 2017.07.06	 1,333 MHz/2,666 Mbps to 1,200 MHz/2,400 Mbps. Corrected the automotive temperature range in the figure showing the available options for the Intel Arria 10 GX devices from "-40°C to 100°C" to "-40°C to 125°C". Added automotive temperature option to Intel Arria 10 GX device family. Corrected protocol names with "1588" to "IEEE 1588v2". Updated the vertical migration table to remove vertical migration
July 2017 May 2017	2017.07.06	 available options for the Intel Arria 10 GX devices from "-40°C to 100°C" to "-40°C to 125°C". Added automotive temperature option to Intel Arria 10 GX device family. Corrected protocol names with "1588" to "IEEE 1588v2". Updated the vertical migration table to remove vertical migration
May 2017		 Corrected protocol names with "1588" to "IEEE 1588v2". Updated the vertical migration table to remove vertical migration
	2017.05.08	Updated the vertical migration table to remove vertical migration
March 2017		Removed all "Preliminary" marks.
	2017.03.15	 Removed the topic about migration from Intel Arria 10 to Intel Stratix 10 devices. Rebranded as Intel.
October 2016	2016.10.31	 Removed package F36 from Intel Arria 10 GX devices. Updated Intel Arria 10 GT sample ordering code and maximum GX transceiver count. Intel Arria 10 GT devices are available only in the SF45 package option with a maximum of 72 transceivers.
May 2016	2016.05.02	 Updated the FPGA Configuration and HPS Booting topic. Remove V_{CC} PowerManager from the Summary of Features, Power Management and Arria 10 Device Variants and packages topics. This feature is no longer supported in Arria 10 devices. Removed LPDDR3 from the Memory Standards Supported by the HPS Hard Memory Controller table in the Memory Standards Supported by Intel Arria 10 Devices topic. This standard is only supported by the FPGA. Removed transceiver speed grade 5 from the Device Variants and Packages topic for Arria 10 GX and SX devices.
February 2016	2016.02.11	 Changed the maximum Arria 10 GT datarate to 25.8 Gbps and the minimum datarate to 1 Gbps globally. Revised the state for Core clock networks in the Summary of Features topic. Changed the transceiver parameters in the "Summary of Features for Arria 10 Devices" table. Changed the transceiver parameters in the "Maximum Resource Counts for Arria 10 GT Devices" table. Changed the package availability for GT devices in the "Package Plan for Arria 10 GT Devices" table. Changed the package configurations for GT devices in the "Migration Capability Across Arria 10 Product Lines" figure. Changed the transceiver descriptions in the "Device Variants for the Arria 10 Device Family" table. Changed the "Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria 10 GT Devices" figure. Changed the datarates for GT devices in the "PMA Features" section. Changed the datarates for GT devices in the "PCS Features" section.

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Date	Version	Changes
December 2015	2015.12.14	• Updated the number of M20K memory blocks for Arria 10 GX 660 from 2133 to 2131 and corrected the total RAM bit from 48,448 Kb to 48,408 Kb.
		Corrected the number of DSP blocks for Arria 10 GX 660 from 1688 to 1687 in the table listing floating-point arithmetic resources.
November 2015	2015.11.02	• Updated the maximum resources for Arria 10 GX 220, GX 320, GX 480, GX 660, SX 220, SX 320, SX 480, and SX 660.
		 Updated resource count for Arria 10 GX 320, GX 480, GX 660, SX 320, SX 480, a SX 660 devices in Number of Multipliers in Intel Arria 10 Devices table.
		Updated the available options for Arria 10 GX, GT, and SX.Changed instances of <i>Quartus II</i> to <i>Quartus Prime</i>.
June 2015	2015.06.15	Corrected label for Intel Arria 10 GT product lines in the vertical migration figure.
May 2015	2015.05.15	Corrected the DDR3 half rate and quarter rate maximum frequencies in the table that lists the memory standards supported by the Intel Arria 10 hard memory controller.
May 2015	2015.05.04	 Added support for 13.5G JESD204b in the Summary of Features table. Added a link to Arria 10 GT Channel Usage in the Arria 10 GT Package Plan topic.
		Added a note to the table, Maximum Resource Counts for Arria 10 GT devices.
		Updated the power requirements of the transceivers in the Low Power Serial Transceivers topic.
January 2015	2015.01.23	Added floating point arithmetic features in the Summary of Features table.
		• Updated the total embedded memory from 38.38 megabits (Mb) to 65.6 Mb.
		Updated the table that lists the memory standards supported by Intel Arria 10 devices.
		 Removed support for DDR3U, LPDDR3 SDRAM, RLDRAM 2, and DDR2. Moved RLDRAM 3 support from hard memory controller to soft memory controller. RLDRAM 3 support uses hard PHY with soft memory controller.
		Added soft memory controller support for QDR IV.
		• Updated the maximum resource count table to include the number of hard memory controllers available in each device variant.
		 Updated the transceiver PCS data rate from 12.5 Gbps to 12 Gbps. Updated the max clock rate of PS, FPP x8, FPP x16, and Configuration
		via HPS from 125 MHz to 100 MHz.
		 Added a feature for fractional synthesis PLLs: PLL cascading. Updated the HPS programmable general-purpose I/Os from 54 to 62.
September 2014	2014.09.30	Corrected the 3 V I/O and LVDS I/O counts for F35 and F36 packages
		 of Arria 10 GX. Corrected the 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and transceiver counts for the NF40 package of the Arria CX 570 and 660.
		 package of the Arria GX 570 and 660. Removed 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and transceiver counts for the NF40 package of the Arria GX 900 and 1150. The NF40 package is not available for Arria 10 GX 900 and 1150.
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