# E·XFL

## Intel - 10AX066H3F34I2LG Datasheet



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	250540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	660000
Total RAM Bits	49610752
Number of I/O	492
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FCBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/10ax066h3f34i2lg

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## Intel<sup>®</sup> Arria<sup>®</sup> 10 Device Overview

The Intel<sup>®</sup> Arria<sup>®</sup> 10 device family consists of high-performance and power-efficient 20 nm mid-range FPGAs and SoCs.

Intel Arria 10 device family delivers:

- Higher performance than the previous generation of mid-range and high-end FPGAs.
- Power efficiency attained through a comprehensive set of power-saving technologies.

The Intel Arria 10 devices are ideal for high performance, power-sensitive, midrange applications in diverse markets.

Market	Applications
Wireless	<ul><li>Channel and switch cards in remote radio heads</li><li>Mobile backhaul</li></ul>
Wireline	<ul> <li>40G/100G muxponders and transponders</li> <li>100G line cards</li> <li>Bridging</li> <li>Aggregation</li> </ul>
Broadcast	<ul> <li>Studio switches</li> <li>Servers and transport</li> <li>Videoconferencing</li> <li>Professional audio and video</li> </ul>
Computing and Storage	<ul><li>Flash cache</li><li>Cloud computing servers</li><li>Server acceleration</li></ul>
Medical	<ul><li>Diagnostic scanners</li><li>Diagnostic imaging</li></ul>
Military	<ul> <li>Missile guidance and control</li> <li>Radar</li> <li>Electronic warfare</li> <li>Secure communications</li> </ul>

#### Table 1. Sample Markets and Ideal Applications for Intel Arria 10 Devices

#### **Related Information**

Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook: Known Issues Lists the planned updates to the *Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook* chapters.

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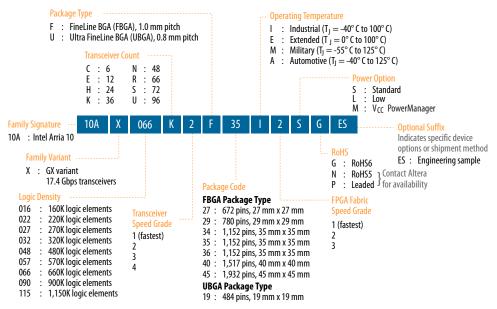
Feature	Description	
Low-power serial transceivers	<ul> <li>Continuous operating range: <ul> <li>Intel Arria 10 GX—1 Gbps to 17.4 Gbps</li> <li>Intel Arria 10 GT—1 Gbps to 25.8 Gbps</li> </ul> </li> <li>Backplane support: <ul> <li>Intel Arria 10 GX—up to 12.5</li> <li>Intel Arria 10 GT—up to 12.5</li> </ul> </li> <li>Extended range down to 125 Mbps with oversampling</li> <li>ATX transmit PLLs with user-configurable fractional synthesis capability</li> <li>Electronic Dispersion Compensation (EDC) support for XFP, SFP+, QSFP, and CFP optical module</li> <li>Adaptive linear and decision feedback equalization</li> <li>Transmitter pre-emphasis and de-emphasis</li> <li>Dynamic partial reconfiguration of individual transceiver channels</li> </ul>	
HPS (Intel Arria 10 SX devices only)	Processor and system       • Dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor—1.2 GHz CPU with 1.5 GHz overdrive capability         • 256 KB on-chip RAM and 64 KB on-chip ROM         • System peripherals—general-purpose timers, watchdog timers, di memory access (DMA) controller, FPGA configuration manager, ar clock and reset managers         • Security features—anti-tamper, secure boot, Advanced Encryptior Standard (AES) and authentication (SHA)         • ARM CoreSight* JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage	nd n
	<ul> <li>External interfaces</li> <li>Hard memory interface—Hard memory controller (2,400 Mbps DE and 2,133 Mbps DDR3), Quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI) fl controller, NAND flash controller, direct memory access (DMA) controller, Secure Digital/MultiMediaCard (SD/MMC) controller</li> <li>Communication interface—10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (MAC), USB On-The-GO (OTG) controllers, I<sup>2</sup>C controllers, UART 16550, serial peripheral interface (SPI), and up to 62 HPS GPIO interfaces (48 direct-share I/Os)</li> </ul>	lash
	Interconnects to core       • High-performance ARM AMBA* AXI bus bridges that support simultaneous read and write         • HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to iss transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa         • Configuration bridge that allows HPS configuration manager to configure the core logic via dedicated 32-bit configuration port         • FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller bridge—provides configuration interfaces for the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller	
Configuration	<ul> <li>Tamper protection—comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investment</li> <li>Enhanced 256-bit advanced encryption standard (AES) design security with authentication</li> <li>Configuration via protocol (CvP) using PCIe Gen1, Gen2, or Gen3</li> </ul>	
	continue	d

 $<sup>^{(2)}\,</sup>$  Intel Arria 10 devices support this external memory interface using hard PHY with soft memory controller.



## **Available Options**

## Figure 1. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices



## **Related Information**

Transceiver Performance for Intel Arria 10 GX/SX Devices Provides more information about the transceiver speed grade.



# Table 6.Maximum Resource Counts for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (GX 570, GX 660, GX 900, and GX 1150)

Re	source		Produc	t Line	
		GX 570	GX 660	GX 900	GX 1150
Logic Elements	Logic Elements (LE) (K)		660	900	1,150
ALM		217,080	251,680	339,620	427,200
Register		868,320	1,006,720	1,358,480	1,708,800
Memory (Kb)	M20K	36,000	42,620	48,460	54,260
	MLAB	5,096	5,788	9,386	12,984
Variable-precision DSP Block		1,523	1,687	1,518	1,518
18 x 19 Multip	lier	3,046	3,374	3,374 3,036	
PLL	Fractional Synthesis	16	16	32	32
	I/O	16	16	16	16
17.4 Gbps Trai	nsceiver	48	48	96	96
GPIO <sup>(3)</sup>		696	696	768	768
LVDS Pair <sup>(4)</sup>		324	324	384	384
PCIe Hard IP E	Block	2	2	4	4
Hard Memory	Controller	16	16	16	16

## Package Plan

## Table 7.Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 GX Devices (U19, F27, and F29)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

Product Line		U19 mm × 19 n 34-pin UBG/		F27 (27 mm × 27 mm, 672-pin FBGA)			F29 (29 mm × 29 mm, 780-pin FBGA)		
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O LVDS I/O XCVR			3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
GX 160	48	192	6	48	192	12	48	240	12
GX 220	48	192	6	48	192	12	48	240	12
GX 270	-	-	_	48	192	12	48	312	12
GX 320	-	-	_	48	192	12	48	312	12
GX 480	_	_	_	_	_	_	48	312	12



ES : Engineering sample

RoHS

**FPGA Fabric** 

Speed Grade

1 (fastest)

2 3

G : RoHS6 N : RoHS5 Contact Intel P : Leaded for availability

## **Available Options**

Family Variant .....

090 : 900K logic elements 115 : 1,150K logic elements

25.8 Gbps transceivers

Transceiver

1 (fastest)

2

Speed Grade

T : GT variant

Logic Density



Package Code

45 : 1,932 pins, 45 mm x 45 mm

## Figure 2. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Intel Arria 10 GT Devices



## **Maximum Resources**

#### Table 12. Maximum Resource Counts for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices

Reso	ource			I	Product Line			
		SX 160	SX 220	SX 270	SX 320	SX 480	SX 570	SX 660
Logic Elements (LE) (K)		160	220	270	320	480	570	660
ALM		61,510	80,330	101,620	119,900	183,590	217,080	251,680
Register		246,040	321,320	406,480	479,600	734,360	868,320	1,006,720
Memory (Kb)	M20K	8,800	11,740	15,000	17,820	28,620	36,000	42,620
	MLAB	1,050	1,690	2,452	2,727	4,164	5,096	5,788
Variable-precision DSP Block		156	192	830	985	1,368	1,523	1,687
18 x 19 Multip	lier	312	384	1,660	1,970	2,736	3,046	3,374
PLL	Fractional Synthesis	6	6	8	8	12	16	16
	I/O	6	6	8	8	12	16	16
17.4 Gbps Tra	nsceiver	12	12	24	24	36	48	48
GPIO <sup>(8)</sup>		288	288	384	384	492	696	696
LVDS Pair <sup>(9)</sup>		120	120	168	168	174	324	324
PCIe Hard IP E	Block	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Hard Memory Controller		6	6	8	8	12	16	16
ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore Processor		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## Package Plan

## Table 13.Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices (U19, F27, F29, and F34)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

Product Line	U19 (19 mm × 19 mm, 484-pin UBGA)					(27 mm × 27 mm, (29 mm × 29 mm, (35 mm × 35 i		mm × 27 mm, (29 mm × 29 mm, (35 mm × 3		(27 mm × 27 m		
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
SX 160	48	144	6	48	192	12	48	240	12	_	-	-
SX 220	48	144	6	48	192	12	48	240	12	_	-	-
SX 270	-	-	_	48	192	12	48	312	12	48	336	24
SX 320	-	-	_	48	192	12	48	312	12	48	336	24
continued												

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(8)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

<sup>(9)</sup> Each LVDS I/O pair can be used as differential input or output.



Product Line	U19 (19 mm × 19 mm, 484-pin UBGA)			F27 nm × 27 2-pin FB(			F29 nm × 29 )-pin FB(			F34 nm × 35 2-pin FB		
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
SX 480	-	-	-	_	-	-	48	312	12	48	444	24
SX 570	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	48	444	24
SX 660	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	48	444	24

## Table 14. Package Plan for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices (F35, KF40, and NF40)

Refer to I/O and High Speed I/O in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter for the number of 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and LVDS channels in each device package.

Product Line	F35 (35 mm × 35 mm, 1152-pin FBGA)			KF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA)			NF40 (40 mm × 40 mm, 1517-pin FBGA)		
	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR	3 V I/O	LVDS I/O	XCVR
SX 270	48	336	24	-	_	_	-	-	_
SX 320	48	336	24	-	_	_	_	_	_
SX 480	48	348	36	-	_	_	-	-	_
SX 570	48	348	36	96	600	36	48	540	48
SX 660	48	348	36	96	600	36	48	540	48

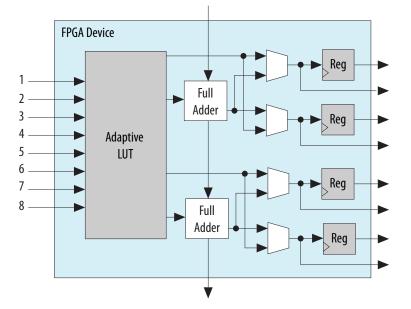
## **Related Information**

I/O and High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces in Intel Arria 10 Devices chapter, Intel Arria 10 Device Handbook

Provides the number of 3 V and LVDS I/Os, and LVDS channels for each Intel Arria 10 device package.



### Figure 5. ALM for Intel Arria 10 Devices



The Intel Quartus Prime software optimizes your design according to the ALM logic structure and automatically maps legacy designs into the Intel Arria 10 ALM architecture.

## **Variable-Precision DSP Block**

The Intel Arria 10 variable precision DSP blocks support fixed-point arithmetic and floating-point arithmetic.

Features for fixed-point arithmetic:

- High-performance, power-optimized, and fully registered multiplication operations
- 18-bit and 27-bit word lengths
- Two 18 x 19 multipliers or one 27 x 27 multiplier per DSP block
- Built-in addition, subtraction, and 64-bit double accumulation register to combine multiplication results
- Cascading 19-bit or 27-bit when pre-adder is disabled and cascading 18-bit when pre-adder is used to form the tap-delay line for filtering applications
- Cascading 64-bit output bus to propagate output results from one block to the next block without external logic support
- Hard pre-adder supported in 19-bit and 27-bit modes for symmetric filters
- Internal coefficient register bank in both 18-bit and 27-bit modes for filter implementation
- 18-bit and 27-bit systolic finite impulse response (FIR) filters with distributed output adder
- Biased rounding support



Features for floating-point arithmetic:

- A completely hardened architecture that supports multiplication, addition, subtraction, multiply-add, and multiply-subtract
- Multiplication with accumulation capability and a dynamic accumulator reset control
- Multiplication with cascade summation capability
- Multiplication with cascade subtraction capability
- Complex multiplication
- Direct vector dot product
- Systolic FIR filter

#### Table 15. Variable-Precision DSP Block Configurations for Intel Arria 10 Devices

Usage Example	Multiplier Size (Bit)	DSP Block Resources
Medium precision fixed point	Two 18 x 19	1
High precision fixed or Single precision floating point	One 27 x 27	1
Fixed point FFTs	One 19 x 36 with external adder	1
Very high precision fixed point	One 36 x 36 with external adder	2
Double precision floating point	One 54 x 54 with external adder	4

#### Table 16. Resources for Fixed-Point Arithmetic in Intel Arria 10 Devices

The table lists the variable-precision DSP resources by bit precision for each Intel Arria 10 device.

Variant	Product Line	Variable- precision DSP Block		put and Output ons Operator	18 x 19 Multiplier Adder Sum	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder
		DSP BIOCK	18 x 19 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	Mode	Summed with 36 bit Input
AIntel Arria 10	GX 160	156	312	156	156	156
GX	GX 220	192	384	192	192	192
	GX 270	830	1,660	830	830	830
	GX 320	984	1,968	984	984	984
	GX 480	1,368	2,736	1,368	1,368	1,368
	GX 570	1,523	3,046	1,523	1,523	1,523
	GX 660	1,687	3,374	1,687	1,687	1,687
	GX 900	1,518	3,036	1,518	1,518	1,518
	GX 1150	1,518	3,036	1,518	1,518	1,518
Intel Arria 10	GT 900	1,518	3,036	1,518	1,518	1,518
GT	GT 1150	1,518	3,036	1,518	1,518	1,518
Intel Arria 10	SX 160	156	312	156	156	156
SX	SX 220	192	384	192	192	192
	SX 270	830	1,660	830	830	830
						continued



Variant	Product Line	Variable- precision	Independent In Multiplicatio	put and Output ns Operator	18 x 19 Multiplier Adder Sum Mode	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Summed with 36 bit Input
		DSP Block	18 x 19 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier		
	SX 320	984	1,968	984	984	984
	SX 480	1,368	2,736	1,368	1,368	1,368
	SX 570	1,523	3,046	1,523	1,523	1,523
	SX 660	1,687	3,374	1,687	1,687	1,687

## Table 17. Resources for Floating-Point Arithmetic in Intel Arria 10 Devices

The table lists the variable-precision DSP resources by bit precision for each Intel Arria 10 device.

Variant	Product Line	Variable- precision DSP Block	Single Precision Floating-Point Multiplication Mode	Single-Precision Floating-Point Adder Mode	Single- Precision Floating-Point Multiply Accumulate Mode	Peak Giga Floating- Point Operations per Second (GFLOPs)
Intel Arria 10 GX	GX 160	156	156	156	156	140
GA	GX 220	192	192	192	192	173
	GX 270	830	830	830	830	747
	GX 320	984	984	984	984	886
	GX 480	1,369	1,368	1,368	1,368	1,231
	GX 570	1,523	1,523	1,523	1,523	1,371
	GX 660	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,518
	GX 900	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,366
	GX 1150	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,366
Intel Arria 10	GT 900	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,366
GT	GT 1150	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,518	1,366
Intel Arria 10	SX 160	156	156	156	156	140
SX	SX 220	192	192	192	192	173
	SX 270	830	830	830	830	747
	SX 320	984	984	984	984	886
	SX 480	1,369	1,368	1,368	1,368	1,231
	SX 570	1,523	1,523	1,523	1,523	1,371
	SX 660	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,518

# **Embedded Memory Blocks**

The embedded memory blocks in the devices are flexible and designed to provide an optimal amount of small- and large-sized memory arrays to fit your design requirements.



## **Types of Embedded Memory**

The Intel Arria 10 devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 20 Kb M20K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M20K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide and shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Intel Arria 10 devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

## **Embedded Memory Capacity in Intel Arria 10 Devices**

	Product	M20K		ML	Total RAM Bit	
Variant	Line	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	(Kb)
Intel Arria 10 GX	GX 160	440	8,800	1,680	1,050	9,850
	GX 220	587	11,740	2,703	1,690	13,430
	GX 270	750	15,000	3,922	2,452	17,452
	GX 320	891	17,820	4,363	2,727	20,547
	GX 480	1,431	28,620	6,662	4,164	32,784
	GX 570	1,800	36,000	8,153	5,096	41,096
	GX 660	2,131	42,620	9,260	5,788	48,408
	GX 900	2,423	48,460	15,017	9,386	57,846
	GX 1150	2,713	54,260	20,774	12,984	67,244
Intel Arria 10 GT	GT 900	2,423	48,460	15,017	9,386	57,846
	GT 1150	2,713	54,260	20,774	12,984	67,244
Intel Arria 10 SX	SX 160	440	8,800	1,680	1,050	9,850
	SX 220	587	11,740	2,703	1,690	13,430
	SX 270	750	15,000	3,922	2,452	17,452
	SX 320	891	17,820	4,363	2,727	20,547
	SX 480	1,431	28,620	6,662	4,164	32,784
	SX 570	1,800	36,000	8,153	5,096	41,096
	SX 660	2,131	42,620	9,260	5,788	48,408

#### Table 18. Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Intel Arria 10 Devices



The fractional synthesis PLLs support the following features:

- Reference clock frequency synthesis for transceiver CMU and Advanced Transmit (ATX) PLLs
- Clock network delay compensation
- Zero-delay buffering
- Direct transmit clocking for transceivers
- Independently configurable into two modes:
  - Conventional integer mode equivalent to the general purpose PLL
  - Enhanced fractional mode with third order delta-sigma modulation
- PLL cascading

## I/O PLLs

The integer mode I/O PLLs are located in each bank of 48 I/Os. You can use the I/O PLLs to simplify the design of external memory and high-speed LVDS interfaces.

In each I/O bank, the I/O PLLs are adjacent to the hard memory controllers and LVDS SERDES. Because these PLLs are tightly coupled with the I/Os that need to use them, it makes it easier to close timing.

You can use the I/O PLLs for general purpose applications in the core such as clock network delay compensation and zero-delay buffering.

Intel Arria 10 devices support PLL-to-PLL cascading.

## **FPGA General Purpose I/O**

Intel Arria 10 devices offer highly configurable GPIOs. Each I/O bank contains 48 general purpose I/Os and a high-efficiency hard memory controller.

The following list describes the features of the GPIOs:

- Consist of 3 V I/Os for high-voltage application and LVDS I/Os for differential signaling
  - $-\,$  Up to two 3 V I/O banks, available in some devices, that support up to 3 V I/O standards
  - LVDS I/O banks that support up to 1.8 V I/O standards
- Support a wide range of single-ended and differential I/O interfaces
- LVDS speeds up to 1.6 Gbps
- Each LVDS pair of pins has differential input and output buffers, allowing you to configure the LVDS direction for each pair.
- Programmable bus hold and weak pull-up
- Programmable differential output voltage (V<sub>OD</sub>) and programmable pre-emphasis



#### Table 20. Memory Standards Supported by the Hard Memory Controller

This table lists the overall capability of the hard memory controller. For specific details, refer to the External Memory Interface Spec Estimator and Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet.

Memory Standard	Rate Support	Ping Pong PHY Support	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
DDR4 SDRAM	Quarter rate	Yes	1,067
		_	1,200
DDR3 SDRAM	Half rate	Yes	533
		_	667
	Quarter rate	Yes	1,067
		_	1,067
DDR3L SDRAM	Half rate	Yes	533
		_	667
	Quarter rate	Yes	933
		_	933
LPDDR3 SDRAM	Half rate	-	533
	Quarter rate	_	800

### Table 21. Memory Standards Supported by the Soft Memory Controller

Memory Standard	Rate Support	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
RLDRAM 3 (11)	Quarter rate	1,200
QDR IV SRAM <sup>(11)</sup>	Quarter rate	1,067
QDR II SRAM	Full rate	333
	Half rate	633
QDR II+ SRAM	Full rate	333
	Half rate	633
QDR II+ Xtreme SRAM	Full rate	333
	Half rate	633

## Table 22. Memory Standards Supported by the HPS Hard Memory Controller

The hard processor system (HPS) is available in Intel Arria 10 SoC devices only.

Memory Standard	Rate Support	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
DDR4 SDRAM	Half rate	1,200
DDR3 SDRAM	Half rate	1,067
DDR3L SDRAM	Half rate	933

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(11)</sup> Intel Arria 10 devices support this external memory interface using hard PHY with soft memory controller.



#### **Related Information**

#### Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet

Lists the memory interface performance according to memory interface standards, rank or chip select configurations, and Intel Arria 10 device speed grades.

## PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3 Hard IP

Intel Arria 10 devices contain PCIe hard IP that is designed for performance and ease-of-use:

- Includes all layers of the PCIe stack—transaction, data link and physical layers.
- Supports PCIe Gen3, Gen2, and Gen1 Endpoint and Root Port in x1, x2, x4, or x8 lane configuration.
- Operates independently from the core logic—optional configuration via protocol (CvP) allows the PCIe link to power up and complete link training in less than 100 ms while the Intel Arria 10 device completes loading the programming file for the rest of the FPGA.
- Provides added functionality that makes it easier to support emerging features such as Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV) and optional protocol extensions.
- Provides improved end-to-end datapath protection using ECC.
- Supports FPGA configuration via protocol (CvP) using PCIe at Gen3, Gen2, or Gen1 speed.

#### **Related Information**

PCS Features on page 30

## **Enhanced PCS Hard IP for Interlaken and 10 Gbps Ethernet**

## **Interlaken Support**

The Intel Arria 10 enhanced PCS hard IP provides integrated Interlaken PCS supporting rates up to 25.8 Gbps per lane.

The Interlaken PCS is based on the proven functionality of the PCS developed for Intel's previous generation FPGAs, which demonstrated interoperability with Interlaken ASSP vendors and third-party IP suppliers. The Interlaken PCS is present in every transceiver channel in Intel Arria 10 devices.

#### **Related Information**

PCS Features on page 30

## **10 Gbps Ethernet Support**

The Intel Arria 10 enhanced PCS hard IP supports 10GBASE-R PCS compliant with IEEE 802.3 10 Gbps Ethernet (10GbE). The integrated hard IP support for 10GbE and the 10 Gbps transceivers save external PHY cost, board space, and system power.



## Figure 7. Device Chip Overview for Intel Arria 10 GX and GT Devices



Figure 8. Device Chip Overview for Intel Arria 10 SX Devices



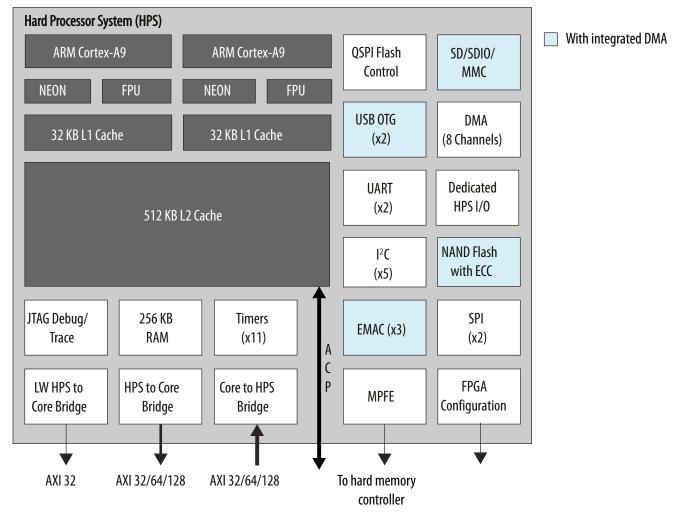
## **PMA Features**

Intel Arria 10 transceivers provide exceptional signal integrity at data rates up to 25.8 Gbps. Clocking options include ultra-low jitter ATX PLLs (LC tank based), clock multiplier unit (CMU) PLLs, and fractional PLLs.



### Figure 9. HPS Block Diagram

This figure shows a block diagram of the HPS with the dual ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor.



## Key Advantages of 20-nm HPS

The 20-nm HPS strikes a balance between enabling maximum software compatibility with 28-nm SoCs while still improving upon the 28-nm HPS architecture. These improvements address the requirements of the next generation target markets such as wireless and wireline communications, compute and storage equipment, broadcast and military in terms of performance, memory bandwidth, connectivity via backplane and security.



## Table 24.Improvements in 20 nm HPS

This table lists the key improvements of the 20 nm HPS compared to the 28 nm HPS.

Advantages/ Improvements	Description			
Increased performance and overdrive capability	While the nominal processor frequency is 1.2 GHz, the 20 nm HPS offers an "overdrive" feature which enables a higher processor operating frequency. This requires a higher supply voltage value that is unique to the HPS and may require a separate regulator.			
Increased processor memory bandwidth and DDR4 support	Up to 64-bit DDR4 memory at 2,400 Mbps support is available for the processor. The hard memory controller for the HPS comprises a multi-port front end that manages connections to a single port memory controller. The multi-port front end allows logic core and the HPS to share ports and thereby the available bandwidth of the memory controller.			
Flexible I/O sharing	<ul> <li>An advanced I/O pin muxing scheme allows improved sharing of I/O between the HPS and the core logic. The following types of I/O are available for SoC:</li> <li>17 dedicated I/Os—physically located inside the HPS block and are not accessible to logic within the core. The 17 dedicated I/Os are used for HPS clock, resets, and interfacing with boot devices, QSPI, and SD/MMC.</li> </ul>			
	• 48 direct shared I/O—located closest to the HPS block and are ideal for high speed HPS peripherals such as EMAC, USB, and others. There is one bank of 48 I/Os that supports direct sharing where the 48 I/Os can be shared 12 I/Os at a time.			
	• Standard (shared) I/O—all standard I/Os can be shared by the HPS peripherals and any logic within the core. For designs where more than 48 I/Os are required to fully use all the peripherals in the HPS, these I/Os can be connected through the core logic.			
EMAC core	Three EMAC cores are available in the HPS. The EMAC cores enable an application to support two redundant Ethernet connections; for example, backplane, or two EMAC cores for managing IEEE 1588 time stamp information while allowing a third EMAC core for debug and configuration. All three EMACs can potentially share the same time stamps, simplifying the 1588 time stamping implementation. A new serial time stamp interface allows core logic to access and read the time stamp values. The integrated EMAC controllers can be connected to external Ethernet PHY through the provided MDIO or $I^2C$ interface.			
On-chip memory	The on-chip memory is updated to 256 KB support and can support larger data sets and real time algorithms.			
ECC enhancements	Improvements in L2 Cache ECC management allow identification of errors down to the address level. ECC enhancements also enable improved error injection and status reporting via the introduction of new memory mapped access to syndrome and data signals.			
HPS to FPGA Interconnect Backbone	Although the HPS and the Logic Core can operate independently, they are tightly coupl via a high-bandwidth system interconnect built from high-performance ARM AMBA AXI bridges. IP bus masters in the FPGA fabric have access to HPS bus slaves via the FPGA HPS interconnect. Similarly, HPS bus masters have access to bus slaves in the core fabr via the HPS-to-FPGA bridge. Both bridges are AMBA AXI-3 compliant and support simultaneous read and write transactions. Up to three masters within the core fabric ca share the HPS SDRAM controller with the processor. Additionally, the processor can be to configure the core fabric under program control via a dedicated 32-bit configuration			
FPGA configuration and HPS booting	The FPGA fabric and HPS in the SoCs are powered independently. You can reduce the clock frequencies or gate the clocks to reduce dynamic power. You can configure the FPGA fabric and boot the HPS independently, in any order, providing you with more design flexibility.			
Security	New security features have been introduced for anti-tamper management, secure boot, encryption (AES), and authentication (SHA).			



Instead of placing all device functions in the FPGA fabric, you can store some functions that do not run simultaneously in external memory and load them only when required. This capability increases the effective logic density of the device, and lowers cost and power consumption.

In the Intel solution, you do not have to worry about intricate device architecture to perform a partial reconfiguration. The partial reconfiguration capability is built into the Intel Quartus Prime design software, making such time-intensive task simple.

Intel Arria 10 devices support partial reconfiguration in the following configuration options:

- Using an internal host:
  - All supported configuration modes where the FPGA has access to external memory devices such as serial and parallel flash memory.
  - Configuration via Protocol [CvP (PCIe)]
- Using an external host—passive serial (PS), fast passive parallel (FPP) x8, FPP x16, and FPP x32 I/O interface.

## **Enhanced Configuration and Configuration via Protocol**

## Table 25. Configuration Schemes and Features of Intel Arria 10 Devices

Intel Arria 10 devices support 1.8 V programming voltage and several configuration schemes.

Scheme	Data Width	Max Clock Rate (MHz)	Max Data Rate (Mbps) (13)	Decompression	Design Security <sup>(1</sup> 4)	Partial Reconfiguration (15)	Remote System Update
JTAG	1 bit	33	33	_	-	Yes <sup>(16)</sup>	-
Active Serial (AS) through the EPCQ-L configuration device	1 bit, 4 bits	100	400	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>(16)</sup>	Yes
Passive serial (PS) through CPLD or external microcontroller	1 bit	100	100	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>(16)</sup>	Parallel Flash Loader (PFL) IP core
	continued						ntinued

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(13)</sup> Enabling either compression or design security features affects the maximum data rate. Refer to the Intel Arria 10 Device Datasheet for more information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(14)</sup> Encryption and compression cannot be used simultaneously.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(15)</sup> Partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature of the device family. If you are interested in using partial reconfiguration, contact Intel for support.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(16)</sup> Partial configuration can be performed only when it is configured as internal host.

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Date	Version	Changes
December 2015	2015.12.14	• Updated the number of M20K memory blocks for Arria 10 GX 660 from 2133 to 2131 and corrected the total RAM bit from 48,448 Kb to 48,408 Kb.
		Corrected the number of DSP blocks for Arria 10 GX 660 from 1688 to 1687 in the table listing floating-point arithmetic resources.
November 2015	2015.11.02	• Updated the maximum resources for Arria 10 GX 220, GX 320, GX 480, GX 660, SX 220, SX 320, SX 480, and SX 660.
		<ul> <li>Updated resource count for Arria 10 GX 320, GX 480, GX 660, SX 320, SX 480, a SX 660 devices in Number of Multipliers in Intel Arria 10 Devices table.</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>Updated the available options for Arria 10 GX, GT, and SX.</li><li>Changed instances of <i>Quartus II</i> to <i>Quartus Prime</i>.</li></ul>
June 2015	2015.06.15	Corrected label for Intel Arria 10 GT product lines in the vertical migration figure.
May 2015	2015.05.15	Corrected the DDR3 half rate and quarter rate maximum frequencies in the table that lists the memory standards supported by the Intel Arria 10 hard memory controller.
May 2015	2015.05.04	<ul> <li>Added support for 13.5G JESD204b in the Summary of Features table.</li> <li>Added a link to Arria 10 GT Channel Usage in the Arria 10 GT Package Plan topic.</li> </ul>
		Added a note to the table, Maximum Resource Counts for Arria 10 GT devices.
		Updated the power requirements of the transceivers in the Low Power Serial Transceivers topic.
January 2015	2015.01.23	Added floating point arithmetic features in the Summary of Features table.
		• Updated the total embedded memory from 38.38 megabits (Mb) to 65.6 Mb.
		Updated the table that lists the memory standards supported by Intel Arria 10 devices.
		<ul> <li>Removed support for DDR3U, LPDDR3 SDRAM, RLDRAM 2, and DDR2.</li> <li>Moved RLDRAM 3 support from hard memory controller to soft memory controller. RLDRAM 3 support uses hard PHY with soft memory controller.</li> </ul>
		Added soft memory controller support for QDR IV.
		• Updated the maximum resource count table to include the number of hard memory controllers available in each device variant.
		<ul> <li>Updated the transceiver PCS data rate from 12.5 Gbps to 12 Gbps.</li> <li>Updated the max clock rate of PS, FPP x8, FPP x16, and Configuration</li> </ul>
		via HPS from 125 MHz to 100 MHz.
		<ul> <li>Added a feature for fractional synthesis PLLs: PLL cascading.</li> <li>Updated the HPS programmable general-purpose I/Os from 54 to 62.</li> </ul>
September 2014	2014.09.30	Corrected the 3 V I/O and LVDS I/O counts for F35 and F36 packages
		<ul> <li>of Arria 10 GX.</li> <li>Corrected the 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and transceiver counts for the NF40 package of the Arria CX 570 and 660.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>package of the Arria GX 570 and 660.</li> <li>Removed 3 V I/O, LVDS I/O, and transceiver counts for the NF40 package of the Arria GX 900 and 1150. The NF40 package is not available for Arria 10 GX 900 and 1150.</li> </ul>
		continued