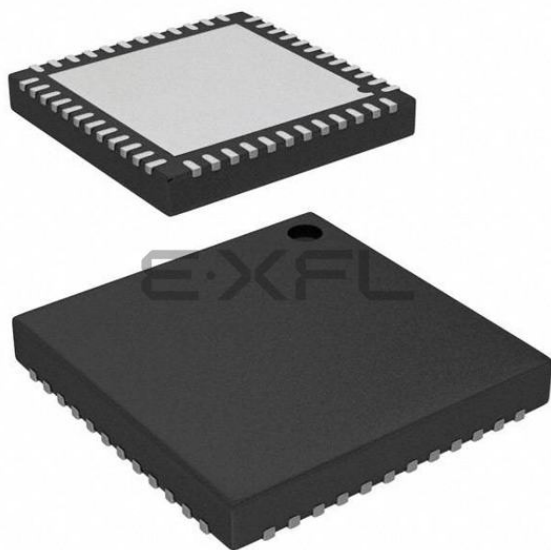




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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	M8C
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	44
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.25V
Data Converters	A/D 4x14b; D/A 4x9b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-QFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c27643-24lfxit

PSoC Designer Software Subsystems

Device Editor

The Device Editor subsystem allows the user to select different onboard analog and digital components called user modules using the PSoC blocks. Examples of user modules are ADCs, DACs, Amplifiers, and Filters.

The device editor also supports easy development of multiple configurations and dynamic reconfiguration. Dynamic configuration allows for changing configurations at run time.

PSoC Designer sets up power-on initialization tables for selected PSoC block configurations and creates source code for an application framework. The framework contains software to operate the selected components and, if the project uses more than one operating configuration, contains routines to switch between different sets of PSoC block configurations at run time. PSoC Designer can print out a configuration sheet for a given project configuration for use during application programming in conjunction with the Device Data Sheet. Once the framework is generated, the user can add application-specific code to flesh out the framework. It's also possible to change the selected components and regenerate the framework.

Design Browser

The Design Browser allows users to select and import preconfigured designs into the user's project. Users can easily browse a catalog of preconfigured designs to facilitate time-to-design. Examples provided in the tools include a 300-baud modem, LIN Bus master and slave, fan controller, and magnetic card reader.

Application Editor

In the Application Editor you can edit your C language and Assembly language source code. You can also assemble, compile, link, and build.

Assembler. The macro assembler allows the assembly code to be merged seamlessly with C code. The link libraries automatically use absolute addressing or can be compiled in relative mode, and linked with other software modules to get absolute addressing.

C Language Compiler. A C language compiler is available that supports Cypress MicroSystems' PSoC family devices. Even if you have never worked in the C language before, the product quickly allows you to create complete C programs for the PSoC family devices.

The embedded, optimizing C compiler provides all the features of C tailored to the PSoC architecture. It comes complete with embedded libraries providing port and bus operations, standard keypad and display support, and extended math functionality.

Debugger

The PSoC Designer Debugger subsystem provides hardware in-circuit emulation, allowing the designer to test the program in a physical system while providing an internal view of the PSoC device. Debugger commands allow the designer to read and program and read and write data memory, read and write IO registers, read and write CPU registers, set and clear breakpoints, and provide program run, halt, and step control. The debugger also allows the designer to create a trace buffer of registers and memory locations of interest.

Online Help System

The online help system displays online, context-sensitive help for the user. Designed for procedural and quick reference, each functional subsystem has its own context-sensitive help. This system also provides tutorials and links to FAQs and an Online Support Forum to aid the designer in getting started.

Hardware Tools

In-Circuit Emulator

A low cost, high functionality ICE (In-Circuit Emulator) is available for development support. This hardware has the capability to program single devices.

The emulator consists of a base unit that connects to the PC by way of the parallel or USB port. The base unit is universal and will operate with all PSoC devices. Emulation pods for each device family are available separately. The emulation pod takes the place of the PSoC device in the target board and performs full speed (24 MHz) operation.

Document Conventions

Acronyms Used

The following table lists the acronyms that are used in this document.

Acronym	Description
AC	alternating current
ADC	analog-to-digital converter
API	application programming interface
CPU	central processing unit
CT	continuous time
DAC	digital-to-analog converter
DC	direct current
ECO	external crystal oscillator
EEPROM	electrically erasable programmable read-only memory
FSR	full scale range
GPIO	general purpose IO
GUI	graphical user interface
HBM	human body model
ICE	in-circuit emulator
ILO	internal low speed oscillator
IMO	internal main oscillator
IO	input/output
IPOR	imprecise power on reset
LSb	least-significant bit
LVD	low voltage detect
MSb	most-significant bit
PC	program counter
PLL	phase-locked loop
POR	power on reset
PPOR	precision power on reset
PSoC™	Programmable System-on-Chip™
PWM	pulse width modulator
RAM	random access memory
SC	switched capacitor
SLIMO	slow IMO
SMP	switch mode pump

Units of Measure

A units of measure table is located in the Electrical Specifications section. [Table 3-1 on page 17](#) lists all the abbreviations used to measure the PSoC devices.

Numeric Naming

Hexidecimal numbers are represented with all letters in upper-case with an appended lowercase 'h' (for example, '14h' or '3Ah'). Hexidecimal numbers may also be represented by a '0x' prefix, the C coding convention. Binary numbers have an appended lowercase 'b' (e.g., 01010100b or '01000011b'). Numbers not indicated by an 'h' or 'b' are decimal.

Table of Contents

For an in depth discussion and more information on your PSoC device, obtain the *PSoC Mixed Signal Array Technical Reference Manual*. This document encompasses and is organized into the following chapters and sections.

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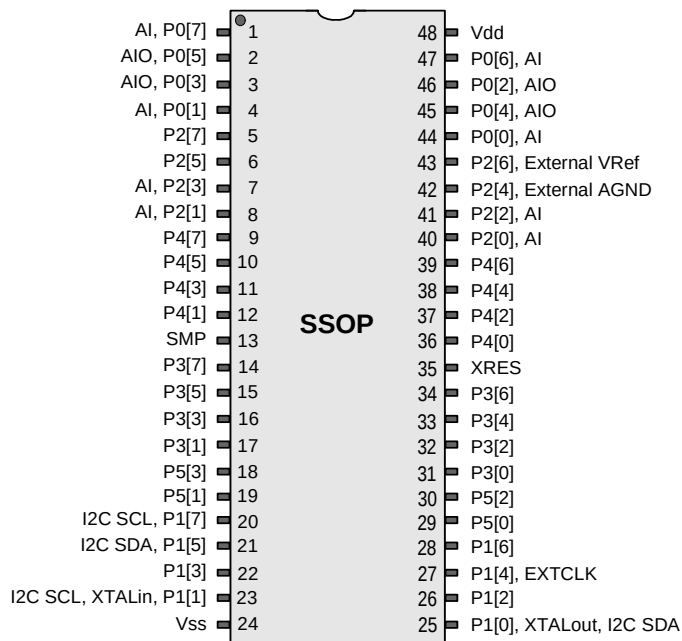
1.1.5 48-Pin Part Pinouts

Table 1-5. 48-Pin Part Pinout (SSOP)

Pin No.	Type		Pin Name	Description
	Digital	Analog		
1	IO	I	P0[7]	Analog column mux input.
2	IO	IO	P0[5]	Analog column mux input and column output.
3	IO	IO	P0[3]	Analog column mux input and column output.
4	IO	I	P0[1]	Analog column mux input.
5	IO		P2[7]	
6	IO		P2[5]	
7	IO	I	P2[3]	Direct switched capacitor block input.
8	IO	I	P2[1]	Direct switched capacitor block input.
9	IO		P4[7]	
10	IO		P4[5]	
11	IO		P4[3]	
12	IO		P4[1]	
13	Power		SMP	Switch Mode Pump (SMP) connection to external components required.
14	IO		P3[7]	
15	IO		P3[5]	
16	IO		P3[3]	
17	IO		P3[1]	
18	IO		P5[3]	
19	IO		P5[1]	
20	IO		P1[7]	I2C Serial Clock (SCL)
21	IO		P1[5]	I2C Serial Data (SDA)
22	IO		P1[3]	
23	IO		P1[1]	Crystal Input (XTALin), I2C Serial Clock (SCL)
24	Power		Vss	Ground connection.
25	IO		P1[0]	Crystal Output (XTALout), I2C Serial Data (SDA)
26	IO		P1[2]	
27	IO		P1[4]	Optional External Clock Input (EXTCLK)
28	IO		P1[6]	
29	IO		P5[0]	
30	IO		P5[2]	
31	IO		P3[0]	
32	IO		P3[2]	
33	IO		P3[4]	
34	IO		P3[6]	
35	Input		XRES	Active high external reset with internal pull down.
36	IO		P4[0]	
37	IO		P4[2]	
38	IO		P4[4]	
39	IO		P4[6]	
40	IO	I	P2[0]	Direct switched capacitor block input.
41	IO	I	P2[2]	Direct switched capacitor block input.
42	IO		P2[4]	External Analog Ground (AGND)
43	IO		P2[6]	External Voltage Reference (VRef)
44	IO	I	P0[0]	Analog column mux input.
45	IO	IO	P0[2]	Analog column mux input and column output.
46	IO	IO	P0[4]	Analog column mux input and column output.
47	IO	I	P0[6]	Analog column mux input.
48	Power		Vdd	Supply voltage.

LEGEND: A = Analog, I = Input, and O = Output.

CY8C27643 48-Pin PSoC Device



2. Register Reference



This chapter lists the registers of the CY8C27x43 PSoC device. For detailed register information, reference the *PSoC™ Mixed Signal Array Technical Reference Manual*.

2.1 Register Conventions

The register conventions specific to this section are listed in the following table.

Convention	Description
R	Read register or bit(s)
W	Write register or bit(s)
L	Logical register or bit(s)
C	Clearable register or bit(s)
#	Access is bit specific

2.2 Register Mapping Tables

The PSoC device has a total register address space of 512 bytes. The register space is referred to as IO space and is divided into two banks. The XO1 bit in the Flag register (CPU_F) determines which bank the user is currently in. When the XO1 bit is set the user is in bank 1.

Note In the following register mapping tables, blank fields are reserved and should not be accessed.

Register Map Bank 0 Table: User Space

Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (0,Hex)	Access
PRT0DR	00	RW		40		ASC10CR0	80	RW		C0	
PRT0IE	01	RW		41		ASC10CR1	81	RW		C1	
PRT0GS	02	RW		42		ASC10CR2	82	RW		C2	
PRT0DM2	03	RW		43		ASC10CR3	83	RW		C3	
PRT1DR	04	RW		44		ASD11CR0	84	RW		C4	
PRT1IE	05	RW		45		ASD11CR1	85	RW		C5	
PRT1GS	06	RW		46		ASD11CR2	86	RW		C6	
PRT1DM2	07	RW		47		ASD11CR3	87	RW		C7	
PRT2DR	08	RW		48		ASC12CR0	88	RW		C8	
PRT2IE	09	RW		49		ASC12CR1	89	RW		C9	
PRT2GS	0A	RW		4A		ASC12CR2	8A	RW		CA	
PRT2DM2	0B	RW		4B		ASC12CR3	8B	RW		CB	
PRT3DR	0C	RW		4C		ASD13CR0	8C	RW		CC	
PRT3IE	0D	RW		4D		ASD13CR1	8D	RW		CD	
PRT3GS	0E	RW		4E		ASD13CR2	8E	RW		CE	
PRT3DM2	0F	RW		4F		ASD13CR3	8F	RW		CF	
PRT4DR	10	RW		50		ASD20CR0	90	RW		D0	
PRT4IE	11	RW		51		ASD20CR1	91	RW		D1	
PRT4GS	12	RW		52		ASD20CR2	92	RW		D2	
PRT4DM2	13	RW		53		ASD20CR3	93	RW		D3	
PRT5DR	14	RW		54		ASC21CR0	94	RW		D4	
PRT5IE	15	RW		55		ASC21CR1	95	RW		D5	
PRT5GS	16	RW		56		ASC21CR2	96	RW	I2C_CFG	D6	RW
PRT5DM2	17	RW		57		ASC21CR3	97	RW	I2C_SCR	D7	#
	18			58		ASD22CR0	98	RW	I2C_DR	D8	RW
	19			59		ASD22CR1	99	RW	I2C_MSCR	D9	#
	1A			5A		ASD22CR2	9A	RW	INT_CLR0	DA	RW
	1B			5B		ASD22CR3	9B	RW	INT_CLR1	DB	RW
	1C			5C		ASC23CR0	9C	RW		DC	
	1D			5D		ASC23CR1	9D	RW	INT_CLR3	DD	RW
	1E			5E		ASC23CR2	9E	RW	INT_MSK3	DE	RW
	1F			5F		ASC23CR3	9F	RW		DF	
DBB00DR0	20	#	AMX_IN	60	RW		A0		INT_MSK0	E0	RW
DBB00DR1	21	W		61			A1		INT_MSK1	E1	RW
DBB00DR2	22	RW		62			A2		INT_VC	E2	RC
DBB00CR0	23	#	ARF_CR	63	RW		A3		RES_WDT	E3	W
DBB01DR0	24	#	CMP_CR0	64	#		A4		DEC_DH	E4	RC
DBB01DR1	25	W	ASY_CR	65	#		A5		DEC_DL	E5	RC
DBB01DR2	26	RW	CMP_CR1	66	RW		A6		DEC_CR0	E6	RW
DBB01CR0	27	#		67			A7		DEC_CR1	E7	RW
DCB02DR0	28	#		68			A8		MUL_X	E8	W
DCB02DR1	29	W		69			A9		MUL_Y	E9	W
DCB02DR2	2A	RW		6A			AA		MUL_DH	EA	R
DCB02CR0	2B	#		6B			AB		MUL_DL	EB	R
DCB03DR0	2C	#		6C			AC		ACC_DR1	EC	RW
DCB03DR1	2D	W		6D			AD		ACC_DR0	ED	RW
DCB03DR2	2E	RW		6E			AE		ACC_DR3	EE	RW
DCB03CR0	2F	#		6F			AF		ACC_DR2	EF	RW
DBB10DR0	30	#	ACB00CR3	70	RW	RD10RI	B0	RW		F0	
DBB10DR1	31	W	ACB00CR0	71	RW	RD10SYN	B1	RW		F1	
DBB10DR2	32	RW	ACB00CR1	72	RW	RD10IS	B2	RW		F2	
DBB10CR0	33	#	ACB00CR2	73	RW	RD10LT0	B3	RW		F3	
DBB11DR0	34	#	ACB01CR3	74	RW	RD10LT1	B4	RW		F4	
DBB11DR1	35	W	ACB01CR0	75	RW	RD10RO0	B5	RW		F5	
DBB11DR2	36	RW	ACB01CR1	76	RW	RD10RO1	B6	RW		F6	
DBB11CR0	37	#	ACB01CR2	77	RW		B7		CPU_F	F7	RL
DCB12DR0	38	#	ACB02CR3	78	RW	RD11RI	B8	RW		F8	
DCB12DR1	39	W	ACB02CR0	79	RW	RD11SYN	B9	RW		F9	
DCB12DR2	3A	RW	ACB02CR1	7A	RW	RD11IS	BA	RW		FA	
DCB12CR0	3B	#	ACB02CR2	7B	RW	RD11LT0	BB	RW		FB	
DCB13DR0	3C	#	ACB03CR3	7C	RW	RD11LT1	BC	RW		FC	
DCB13DR1	3D	W	ACB03CR0	7D	RW	RD11RO0	BD	RW		FD	
DCB13DR2	3E	RW	ACB03CR1	7E	RW	RD11RO1	BE	RW	CPU_SCR1	FE	#
DCB13CR0	3F	#	ACB03CR2	7F	RW		BF		CPU_SCR0	FF	#

Blank fields are Reserved and should not be accessed.

Access is bit specific.

Register Map Bank 1 Table: Configuration Space

Name	Addr (1,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (1,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (1,Hex)	Access	Name	Addr (1,Hex)	Access
PRT0DM0	00	RW		40		ASC10CR0	80	RW		C0	
PRT0DM1	01	RW		41		ASC10CR1	81	RW		C1	
PRT0IC0	02	RW		42		ASC10CR2	82	RW		C2	
PRT0IC1	03	RW		43		ASC10CR3	83	RW		C3	
PRT1DM0	04	RW		44		ASD11CR0	84	RW		C4	
PRT1DM1	05	RW		45		ASD11CR1	85	RW		C5	
PRT1IC0	06	RW		46		ASD11CR2	86	RW		C6	
PRT1IC1	07	RW		47		ASD11CR3	87	RW		C7	
PRT2DM0	08	RW		48		ASC12CR0	88	RW		C8	
PRT2DM1	09	RW		49		ASC12CR1	89	RW		C9	
PRT2IC0	0A	RW		4A		ASC12CR2	8A	RW		CA	
PRT2IC1	0B	RW		4B		ASC12CR3	8B	RW		CB	
PRT3DM0	0C	RW		4C		ASD13CR0	8C	RW		CC	
PRT3DM1	0D	RW		4D		ASD13CR1	8D	RW		CD	
PRT3IC0	0E	RW		4E		ASD13CR2	8E	RW		CE	
PRT3IC1	0F	RW		4F		ASD13CR3	8F	RW		CF	
PRT4DM0	10	RW		50		ASD20CR0	90	RW	GDI_O_IN	D0	RW
PRT4DM1	11	RW		51		ASD20CR1	91	RW	GDI_E_IN	D1	RW
PRT4IC0	12	RW		52		ASD20CR2	92	RW	GDI_O_OU	D2	RW
PRT4IC1	13	RW		53		ASD20CR3	93	RW	GDI_E_OU	D3	RW
PRT5DM0	14	RW		54		ASC21CR0	94	RW		D4	
PRT5DM1	15	RW		55		ASC21CR1	95	RW		D5	
PRT5IC0	16	RW		56		ASC21CR2	96	RW		D6	
PRT5IC1	17	RW		57		ASC21CR3	97	RW		D7	
	18			58		ASD22CR0	98	RW		D8	
	19			59		ASD22CR1	99	RW		D9	
	1A			5A		ASD22CR2	9A	RW		DA	
	1B			5B		ASD22CR3	9B	RW		DB	
	1C			5C		ASC23CR0	9C	RW		DC	
	1D			5D		ASC23CR1	9D	RW	OSC_GO_EN	DD	RW
	1E			5E		ASC23CR2	9E	RW	OSC_CR4	DE	RW
	1F			5F		ASC23CR3	9F	RW	OSC_CR3	DF	RW
DBB00FN	20	RW	CLK_CR0	60	RW		A0		OSC_CR0	E0	RW
DBB00IN	21	RW	CLK_CR1	61	RW		A1		OSC_CR1	E1	RW
DBB00OU	22	RW	ABF_CR0	62	RW		A2		OSC_CR2	E2	RW
	23		AMD_CR0	63	RW		A3		VLT_CR	E3	RW
DBB01FN	24	RW		64			A4		VLT_CMP	E4	R
DBB01IN	25	RW		65			A5			E5	
DBB01OU	26	RW	AMD_CR1	66	RW		A6			E6	
	27		ALT_CR0	67	RW		A7			E7	
DCB02FN	28	RW	ALT_CR1	68	RW		A8		IMO_TR	E8	W
DCB02IN	29	RW	CLK_CR2	69	RW		A9		ILO_TR	E9	W
DCB02OU	2A	RW		6A			AA		BDG_TR	EA	RW
	2B			6B			AB		ECO_TR	EB	W
DCB03FN	2C	RW		6C			AC			EC	
DCB03IN	2D	RW		6D			AD			ED	
DCB03OU	2E	RW		6E			AE			EE	
	2F			6F			AF			EF	
DBB10FN	30	RW	ACB00CR3	70	RW	RDI0RI	B0	RW		F0	
DBB10IN	31	RW	ACB00CR0	71	RW	RDI0SYN	B1	RW		F1	
DBB10OU	32	RW	ACB00CR1	72	RW	RDI0IS	B2	RW		F2	
	33		ACB00CR2	73	RW	RDI0LT0	B3	RW		F3	
DBB11FN	34	RW	ACB01CR3	74	RW	RDI0LT1	B4	RW		F4	
DBB11IN	35	RW	ACB01CR0	75	RW	RDI0RO0	B5	RW		F5	
DBB11OU	36	RW	ACB01CR1	76	RW	RDI0RO1	B6	RW		F6	
	37		ACB01CR2	77	RW		B7		CPU_F	F7	RL
DCB12FN	38	RW	ACB02CR3	78	RW	RDI1RI	B8	RW		F8	
DCB12IN	39	RW	ACB02CR0	79	RW	RDI1SYN	B9	RW		F9	
DCB12OU	3A	RW	ACB02CR1	7A	RW	RDI1IS	BA	RW		FA	
	3B		ACB02CR2	7B	RW	RDI1LT0	BB	RW		FB	
DCB13FN	3C	RW	ACB03CR3	7C	RW	RDI1LT1	BC	RW		FC	
DCB13IN	3D	RW	ACB03CR0	7D	RW	RDI1RO0	BD	RW		FD	
DCB13OU	3E	RW	ACB03CR1	7E	RW	RDI1RO1	BE	RW	CPU_SCR1	FE	#
	3F		ACB03CR2	7F	RW		BF		CPU_SCR0	FF	#

Blank fields are Reserved and should not be accessed. # Access is bit specific.

3. Electrical Specifications



This chapter presents the DC and AC electrical specifications of the CY8C27x43 PSoC device. For the most up to date electrical specifications, confirm that you have the most recent data sheet by going to the web at <http://www.cypress.com/psoc>.

Specifications are valid for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_J \leq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$, except where noted. Specifications for devices running at greater than 12 MHz are valid for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_J \leq 82^{\circ}\text{C}$.

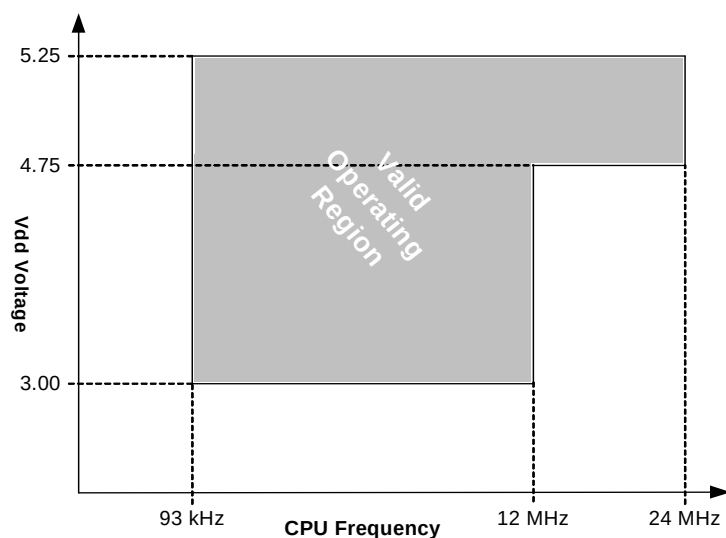


Figure 3-1. Voltage versus CPU Frequency

The following table lists the units of measure that are used in this chapter.

Table 3-1: Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure	Symbol	Unit of Measure
$^{\circ}\text{C}$	degree Celsius	μW	micro watts
dB	decibels	mA	milli-ampere
fF	femto farad	ms	milli-second
Hz	hertz	mV	milli-volts
KB	1024 bytes	nA	nano ampere
Kbit	1024 bits	ns	nanosecond
kHz	kilohertz	nV	nanovolts
k Ω	kilohm	Ω	ohm
MHz	megahertz	pA	pico ampere
M Ω	megaohm	pF	pico farad
μA	micro ampere	pp	peak-to-peak
μF	micro farad	ppm	parts per million
μH	micro henry	ps	picosecond
μs	microsecond	sps	samples per second
μV	micro volts	σ	sigma: one standard deviation
μVrms	micro volts root-mean-square	V	volts

3.3.3 DC Operational Amplifier Specifications

The following tables list guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

The Operational Amplifier is a component of both the Analog Continuous Time PSoC blocks and the Analog Switched Cap PSoC blocks. The guaranteed specifications are measured in the Analog Continuous Time PSoC block. Typical parameters apply to 5V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-6. 5V DC Operational Amplifier Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
V_{OSOA}	Input Offset Voltage (absolute value)	–	1.6	10	mV	
	Power = Low, Opamp Bias = High	–	1.3	8	mV	
	Power = Medium, Opamp Bias = High	–	1.2	7.5	mV	
	Power = High, Opamp Bias = High	–				
TCV_{OSOA}	Average Input Offset Voltage Drift	–	7.0	35.0	$\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	
I_{EBOA}	Input Leakage Current (Port 0 Analog Pins)	–	20	–	pA	Gross tested to 1 μA .
C_{INOA}	Input Capacitance (Port 0 Analog Pins)	–	4.5	9.5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C .
V_{CMOA}	Common Mode Voltage Range	0.0	–	Vdd	V	The common-mode input voltage range is measured through an analog output buffer. The specification includes the limitations imposed by the characteristics of the analog output buffer.
	Common Mode Voltage Range (high power or high opamp bias)	0.5	–	Vdd - 0.5		
CMRR_{OA}	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	–	–	–	dB	Specification is applicable at high power. For all other bias modes (except high power, high opamp bias), minimum is 60 dB.
	Power = Low	60				
	Power = Medium	60				
	Power = High	60				
G_{OLOA}	Open Loop Gain	–	–	–	dB	Specification is applicable at high power. For all other bias modes (except high power, high opamp bias), minimum is 60 dB.
	Power = Low	60				
	Power = Medium	60				
	Power = High	80				
V_{OHIGHOA}	High Output Voltage Swing (internal signals)	–	–	–	V	
	Power = Low	Vdd - 0.2	–	–	V	
	Power = Medium	Vdd - 0.2	–	–	V	
	Power = High	Vdd - 0.5	–	–	V	
V_{OLOWA}	Low Output Voltage Swing (internal signals)	–	–	–	V	
	Power = Low	–	–	0.2	V	
	Power = Medium	–	–	0.2	V	
	Power = High	–	–	0.5	V	
I_{SOA}	Supply Current (including associated AGND buffer)	–	150	200	μA	
	Power = Low, Opamp Bias = Low	–	300	400	μA	
	Power = Low, Opamp Bias = High	–	600	800	μA	
	Power = Medium, Opamp Bias = Low	–	1200	1600	μA	
	Power = Medium, Opamp Bias = High	–	2400	3200	μA	
	Power = High, Opamp Bias = Low	–	4600	6400	μA	
	Power = High, Opamp Bias = High	–				
PSRR_{OA}	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	60	–	–	dB	$0\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq (\text{Vdd} - 2.25)$ or $(\text{Vdd} - 1.25\text{V}) \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq \text{Vdd}$.

3.3.4 DC Analog Output Buffer Specifications

The following tables list guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-8. 5V DC Analog Output Buffer Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
V_{OSOB}	Input Offset Voltage (Absolute Value)	–	3	12	mV	
TCV_{OSOB}	Average Input Offset Voltage Drift	–	+6	–	$\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	
V_{CMOB}	Common-Mode Input Voltage Range	0.5	–	$V_{DD} - 1.0$	V	
R_{OUTOB}	Output Resistance					
	Power = Low	–	1	–	Ω	
	Power = High	–	1	–	Ω	
$V_{OHIGHOB}$	High Output Voltage Swing (Load = 32 ohms to $V_{DD}/2$)					
	Power = Low	$0.5 \times V_{DD} + 1.3$	–	–	V	
	Power = High	$0.5 \times V_{DD} + 1.3$	–	–	V	
V_{LOWOB}	Low Output Voltage Swing (Load = 32 ohms to $V_{DD}/2$)					
	Power = Low	–	–	$0.5 \times V_{DD} - 1.3$	V	
	Power = High	–	–	$0.5 \times V_{DD} - 1.3$	V	
I_{SOB}	Supply Current Including Bias Cell (No Load)					
	Power = Low	–	1.1	5.1	mA	
	Power = High	–	2.6	8.8	mA	
$PSRR_{OB}$	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	60	–	–	dB	

Table 3-9. 3.3V DC Analog Output Buffer Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
V_{OSOB}	Input Offset Voltage (Absolute Value)	–	3	12	mV	
TCV_{OSOB}	Average Input Offset Voltage Drift	–	+6	–	$\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	
V_{CMOB}	Common-Mode Input Voltage Range	0.5	–	$V_{DD} - 1.0$	V	
R_{OUTOB}	Output Resistance					
	Power = Low	–	1	–	Ω	
	Power = High	–	1	–	Ω	
$V_{OHIGHOB}$	High Output Voltage Swing (Load = 1k ohms to $V_{DD}/2$)					
	Power = Low	$0.5 \times V_{DD} + 1.0$	–	–	V	
	Power = High	$0.5 \times V_{DD} + 1.0$	–	–	V	
V_{LOWOB}	Low Output Voltage Swing (Load = 1k ohms to $V_{DD}/2$)					
	Power = Low	–	–	$0.5 \times V_{DD} - 1.0$	V	
	Power = High	–	–	$0.5 \times V_{DD} - 1.0$	V	
I_{SOB}	Supply Current Including Bias Cell (No Load)					
	Power = Low	–	0.8	2.0	mA	
	Power = High	–	2.0	4.3	mA	
$PSRR_{OB}$	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	60	–	–	dB	

Table 3-13. Silicon Revision A – 3.3V DC Analog Reference Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
BG	Bandgap Voltage Reference	1.274	1.30	1.326	V
–	AGND = $V_{dd}/2^a$	$V_{dd}/2 - 0.027$	$V_{dd}/2 - 0.003$	$V_{dd}/2 + 0.002$	V
–	AGND = $2 \times \text{BandGap}^a$	Not Allowed			
–	AGND = P2[4] (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$)	P2[4] - 0.008	P2[4] + 0.001	P2[4] + 0.009	V
–	AGND = BandGap^a	BG - 0.009	BG	BG + 0.009	V
–	AGND = $1.6 \times \text{BandGap}^a$	$1.6 \times \text{BG} - 0.018$	$1.6 \times \text{BG}$	$1.6 \times \text{BG} + 0.018$	V
–	AGND Block to Block Variation (AGND = $V_{dd}/2$) ^a	-0.034	0.000	0.034	mV
–	RefHi = $V_{dd}/2 + \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = $3 \times \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = $2 \times \text{BandGap} + \text{P2}[6]$ (P2[6] = 0.5V)	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = P2[4] + BandGap (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$)	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = P2[4] + P2[6] (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$, P2[6] = 0.5V)	P2[4] + P2[6] - 0.075	P2[4] + P2[6] - 0.009	P2[4] + P2[6] + 0.057	V
–	RefHi = $3.2 \times \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = $V_{dd}/2 - \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = BandGap	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = $2 \times \text{BandGap} - \text{P2}[6]$ (P2[6] = 0.5V)	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = P2[4] – BandGap (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$)	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = P2[4]-P2[6] (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$, P2[6] = 0.5V)	P2[4] - P2[6] - 0.048	P2[4] - P2[6] + 0.022	P2[4] - P2[6] + 0.092	V

a. AGND tolerance includes the offsets of the local buffer in the PSoC block.

Note See Application Note AN2012 “Adjusting PSoC Microcontroller Trims for Dual Voltage-Range Operation” for information on trimming for operation at 3.3V.

Table 3-14. Silicon Revision B – 3.3V DC Analog Reference Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
BG	Bandgap Voltage Reference	1.28	1.30	1.32	V
–	AGND = $V_{dd}/2^a$	$V_{dd}/2 - 0.027$	$V_{dd}/2$	$V_{dd}/2 + 0.005$	V
–	AGND = $2 \times \text{BandGap}^a$	Not Allowed			
–	AGND = P2[4] (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$)	P2[4] - 0.008	P2[4]	P2[4] + 0.009	V
–	AGND = BandGap^a	BG - 0.009	BG	BG + 0.009	V
–	AGND = $1.6 \times \text{BandGap}^a$	$1.6 \times \text{BG} - 0.018$	$1.6 \times \text{BG}$	$1.6 \times \text{BG} + 0.018$	V
–	AGND Block to Block Variation (AGND = $V_{dd}/2$) ^a	-0.034	0.000	0.034	mV
–	RefHi = $V_{dd}/2 + \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = $3 \times \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = $2 \times \text{BandGap} + \text{P2}[6]$ (P2[6] = 0.5V)	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = P2[4] + BandGap (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$)	Not Allowed			
–	RefHi = P2[4] + P2[6] (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$, P2[6] = 0.5V)	P2[4] + P2[6] - 0.06	P2[4] + P2[6] - 0.01	P2[4] + P2[6] + 0.057	V
–	RefHi = $3.2 \times \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = $V_{dd}/2 - \text{BandGap}$	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = BandGap	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = $2 \times \text{BandGap} - \text{P2}[6]$ (P2[6] = 0.5V)	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = P2[4] – BandGap (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$)	Not Allowed			
–	RefLo = P2[4]-P2[6] (P2[4] = $V_{dd}/2$, P2[6] = 0.5V)	P2[4] - P2[6] - 0.048	P2[4] - P2[6] + 0.01	P2[4] - P2[6] + 0.048	V

a. AGND tolerance includes the offsets of the local buffer in the PSoC block.

Note See Application Note AN2012 “Adjusting PSoC Microcontroller Trims for Dual Voltage-Range Operation” for information on trimming for operation at 3.3V.

3.3.7 DC Analog PSoC Block Specifications

The following table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-15. DC Analog PSoC Block Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
R _{CT}	Resistor Unit Value (Continuous Time)	–	12.2	–	kΩ	
C _{SC}	Capacitor Unit Value (Switch Cap)	–	80	–	fF	

3.3.8 DC POR and LVD Specifications

The following table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Note The bits PORLEV and VM in the table below refer to bits in the VLT_CR register. See the *PSoC Mixed Signal Array Technical Reference Manual* for more information on the VLT_CR register.

Table 3-16. DC POR and LVD Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
V _{PPOR0R}	Vdd Value for PPOR Trip (positive ramp) PORLEV[1:0] = 00b		2.91		V	
V _{PPOR1R}	PORLEV[1:0] = 01b	–	4.39	–	V	
V _{PPOR2R}	PORLEV[1:0] = 10b		4.55		V	
V _{PPOR0}	Vdd Value for PPOR Trip (negative ramp) PORLEV[1:0] = 00b		2.82		V	
V _{PPOR1}	PORLEV[1:0] = 01b	–	4.39	–	V	
V _{PPOR2}	PORLEV[1:0] = 10b		4.55		V	
V _{PH0}	PPOR Hysteresis PORLEV[1:0] = 00b	–	92	–	mV	
V _{PH1}	PORLEV[1:0] = 01b	–	0	–	mV	
V _{PH2}	PORLEV[1:0] = 10b	–	0	–	mV	
V _{LVD0}	Vdd Value for LVD Trip VM[2:0] = 000b	2.86	2.92	2.98 ^a	V	
V _{LVD1}	VM[2:0] = 001b	2.96	3.02	3.08	V	
V _{LVD2}	VM[2:0] = 010b	3.07	3.13	3.20	V	
V _{LVD3}	VM[2:0] = 011b	3.92	4.00	4.08	V	
V _{LVD4}	VM[2:0] = 100b	4.39	4.48	4.57	V	
V _{LVD5}	VM[2:0] = 101b	4.55	4.64	4.74 ^b	V	
V _{LVD6}	VM[2:0] = 110b	4.63	4.73	4.82	V	
V _{LVD7}	VM[2:0] = 111b	4.72	4.81	4.91	V	
V _{PUMP0}	Vdd Value for PUMP Trip VM[2:0] = 000b	2.96	3.02	3.08	V	
V _{PUMP1}	VM[2:0] = 001b	3.03	3.10	3.16	V	
V _{PUMP2}	VM[2:0] = 010b	3.18	3.25	3.32	V	
V _{PUMP3}	VM[2:0] = 011b	4.11	4.19	4.28	V	
V _{PUMP4}	VM[2:0] = 100b	4.55	4.64	4.74	V	
V _{PUMP5}	VM[2:0] = 101b	4.63	4.73	4.82	V	
V _{PUMP6}	VM[2:0] = 110b	4.72	4.82	4.91	V	
V _{PUMP7}	VM[2:0] = 111b	4.90	5.00	5.10	V	

a. Always greater than 50 mV above PPOR (PORLEV = 00) for falling supply.

b. Always greater than 50 mV above PPOR (PORLEV = 10) for falling supply.

3.4 AC Electrical Characteristics

3.4.1 AC Chip-Level Specifications

The following table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-18. AC Chip-Level Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
F_{IMO}	Internal Main Oscillator Frequency	23.4	24	24.6 ^a	MHz	Trimmed. Utilizing factory trim values.
F_{CPU1}	CPU Frequency (5V Nominal)	0.93	24	24.6 ^{a,b}	MHz	Trimmed. Utilizing factory trim values.
F_{CPU2}	CPU Frequency (3.3V Nominal)	0.93	12	12.3 ^{b,c}	MHz	Trimmed. Utilizing factory trim values.
$F_{48\text{M}}$	Digital PSoC Block Frequency	0	48	49.2 ^{a,b,d}	MHz	Refer to the AC Digital Block Specifications below.
$F_{24\text{M}}$	Digital PSoC Block Frequency	0	24	24.6 ^{b,d}	MHz	
$F_{32\text{K1}}$	Internal Low Speed Oscillator Frequency	15	32	64	kHz	
$F_{32\text{K2}}$	External Crystal Oscillator	—	32.768	—	kHz	Accuracy is capacitor and crystal dependent. 50% duty cycle.
F_{PLL}	PLL Frequency	—	23.986	—	MHz	Multiple (x732) of crystal frequency.
Jitter24M2	24 MHz Period Jitter (PLL)	—	—	600	ps	
T_{PLLSLEW}	PLL Lock Time	0.5	—	10	ms	
$T_{\text{PLLSLEWS-LOW}}$	PLL Lock Time for Low Gain Setting	0.5	—	50	ms	
T_{OS}	External Crystal Oscillator Startup to 1%	—	1700	2620	ms	
T_{OSACC}	External Crystal Oscillator Startup to 100 ppm	—	2800	3800	ms	The crystal oscillator frequency is within 100 ppm of its final value by the end of the T_{OSACC} period. Correct operation assumes a properly loaded 1 uW maximum drive level 32.768 kHz crystal. $3.0\text{V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{V}$, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$.
Jitter32k	32 kHz Period Jitter	—	100	—	ns	
T_{XRST}	External Reset Pulse Width	10	—	—	μs	
DC24M	24 MHz Duty Cycle	40	50	60	%	
Step24M	24 MHz Trim Step Size	—	50	—	kHz	
F_{out48M}	48 MHz Output Frequency	46.8	48.0	49.2 ^{a,c}	MHz	Trimmed. Utilizing factory trim values.
Jitter24M1	24 MHz Period Jitter (IMO)	—	600	—	ps	
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency of signal on row input or row output.	—	—	12.3	MHz	
T_{RAMP}	Supply Ramp Time	0	—	—	μs	

a. $4.75\text{V} < V_{\text{DD}} < 5.25\text{V}$.

b. Accuracy derived from Internal Main Oscillator with appropriate trim for Vdd range.

c. $3.0\text{V} < V_{\text{DD}} < 3.6\text{V}$. See Application Note AN2012 "Adjusting PSoC Microcontroller Trims for Dual Voltage-Range Operation" for information on trimming for operation at 3.3V.

d. See the individual user module data sheets for information on maximum frequencies for user modules.

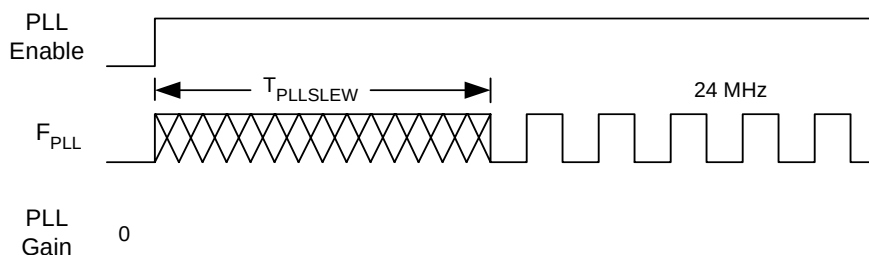


Figure 3-3. PLL Lock Timing Diagram

3.4.2 AC General Purpose IO Specifications

The following table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-19. AC GPIO Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
F_{GPIO}	GPIO Operating Frequency	0	—	12	MHz	
T_{RiseF}	Rise Time, Normal Strong Mode, Cload = 50 pF	3	—	18	ns	Vdd = 4.5 to 5.25V, 10% - 90%
T_{FallF}	Fall Time, Normal Strong Mode, Cload = 50 pF	2	—	18	ns	Vdd = 4.5 to 5.25V, 10% - 90%
T_{RiseS}	Rise Time, Slow Strong Mode, Cload = 50 pF	10	27	—	ns	Vdd = 3 to 5.25V, 10% - 90%
T_{FallS}	Fall Time, Slow Strong Mode, Cload = 50 pF	10	22	—	ns	Vdd = 3 to 5.25V, 10% - 90%

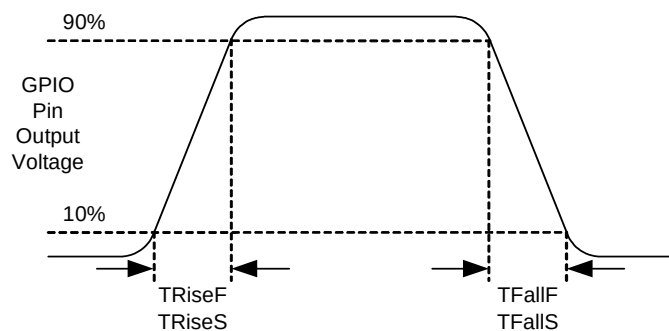


Figure 3-8. GPIO Timing Diagram

3.4.4 AC Digital Block Specifications

The following table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-22. AC Digital Block Specifications

Function	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
All Functions	Maximum Block Clocking Frequency ($> 4.75\text{V}$)			49.2		$4.75\text{V} < V_{\text{dd}} < 5.25\text{V}$.
	Maximum Block Clocking Frequency ($< 4.75\text{V}$)			24.6		$3.0\text{V} < V_{\text{dd}} < 4.75\text{V}$.
Timer	Capture Pulse Width	50 ^a	–	–	ns	
	Maximum Frequency, No Capture	–	–	49.2	MHz	$4.75\text{V} < V_{\text{dd}} < 5.25\text{V}$.
	Maximum Frequency, With Capture	–	–	24.6	MHz	
Counter	Enable Pulse Width	50 ^a	–	–	ns	
	Maximum Frequency, No Enable Input	–	–	49.2	MHz	$4.75\text{V} < V_{\text{dd}} < 5.25\text{V}$.
	Maximum Frequency, Enable Input	–	–	24.6	MHz	
Dead Band	Kill Pulse Width:					
	Asynchronous Restart Mode	20	–	–	ns	
	Synchronous Restart Mode	50 ^a	–	–	ns	
	Disable Mode	50 ^a	–	–	ns	
	Maximum Frequency	–	–	49.2	MHz	$4.75\text{V} < V_{\text{dd}} < 5.25\text{V}$.
CRCPRS (PRS Mode)	Maximum Input Clock Frequency	–	–	49.2	MHz	$4.75\text{V} < V_{\text{dd}} < 5.25\text{V}$.
CRCPRS (CRC Mode)	Maximum Input Clock Frequency	–	–	24.6	MHz	
SPIM	Maximum Input Clock Frequency	–	–	8.2	MHz	Maximum data rate at 4.1 MHz due to 2 x over clocking.
SPIS	Maximum Input Clock Frequency	–	–	4.1	ns	
	Width of SS_ Negated Between Transmissions	50 ^a	–	–	ns	
Transmitter	Maximum Input Clock Frequency ^b Silicon A	–	–	16.4	MHz	Maximum data rate at 2.05 MHz due to 8 x over clocking.
	Silicon B	–	–	24.6	MHz	Maximum data rate at 3.08 MHz due to 8 x over clocking.
Receiver	Maximum Input Clock Frequency ^b Silicon A	–	–	16.4	MHz	Maximum data rate at 2.05 MHz due to 8 x over clocking.
	Silicon B	–	–	24.6	MHz	Maximum data rate at 3.08 MHz due to 8 x over clocking.

a. 50 ns minimum input pulse width is based on the input synchronizers running at 24 MHz (42 ns nominal period).

b. Refer to the [Ordering Information chapter on page 42](#).

3.4.5 AC Analog Output Buffer Specifications

The following tables list guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-23. 5V AC Analog Output Buffer Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
T_{ROB}	Rising Settling Time to 0.1%, 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	–	–	2.5	μs	
	Power = High	–	–	2.5	μs	
T_{SOB}	Falling Settling Time to 0.1%, 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	–	–	2.2	μs	
	Power = High	–	–	2.2	μs	
SR_{ROB}	Rising Slew Rate (20% to 80%), 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	0.65	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
	Power = High	0.65	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
SR_{FOB}	Falling Slew Rate (80% to 20%), 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	0.65	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
	Power = High	0.65	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
BW_{OB}	Small Signal Bandwidth, 20mV_{pp} , 3dB BW, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	0.8	–	–	MHz	
	Power = High	0.8	–	–	MHz	
BW_{OB}	Large Signal Bandwidth, 1V_{pp} , 3dB BW, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	300	–	–	kHz	
	Power = High	300	–	–	kHz	

Table 3-24. 3.3V AC Analog Output Buffer Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
T_{ROB}	Rising Settling Time to 0.1%, 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	–	–	3.8	μs	
	Power = High	–	–	3.8	μs	
T_{SOB}	Falling Settling Time to 0.1%, 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	–	–	2.6	μs	
	Power = High	–	–	2.6	μs	
SR_{ROB}	Rising Slew Rate (20% to 80%), 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	0.5	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
	Power = High	0.5	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
SR_{FOB}	Falling Slew Rate (80% to 20%), 1V Step, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	0.5	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
	Power = High	0.5	–	–	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
BW_{OB}	Small Signal Bandwidth, 20mV_{pp} , 3dB BW, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	0.7	–	–	MHz	
	Power = High	0.7	–	–	MHz	
BW_{OB}	Large Signal Bandwidth, 1V_{pp} , 3dB BW, 100pF Load					
	Power = Low	200	–	–	kHz	
	Power = High	200	–	–	kHz	

3.4.6 AC External Clock Specifications

The following tables list guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-25. 5V AC External Clock Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
F _{OSCEXT}	Frequency	0.093	–	24.6	MHz	
–	High Period	20.6	–	5300	ns	
–	Low Period	20.6	–	–	ns	
–	Power Up IMO to Switch	150	–	–	μs	

Table 3-26. 3.3V AC External Clock Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
F _{OSCEXT}	Frequency with CPU Clock divide by 1 ^a	0.093	–	12.3	MHz	
F _{OSCEXT}	Frequency with CPU Clock divide by 2 or greater ^b	0.186	–	24.6	MHz	
–	High Period with CPU Clock divide by 1	41.7	–	5300	ns	
–	Low Period with CPU Clock divide by 1	41.7	–	–	ns	
–	Power Up IMO to Switch	150	–	–	μs	

- a. Maximum CPU frequency is 12 MHz at 3.3V. With the CPU clock divider set to 1, the external clock must adhere to the maximum frequency and duty cycle requirements.
- b. If the frequency of the external clock is greater than 12 MHz, the CPU clock divider must be set to 2 or greater. In this case, the CPU clock divider will ensure that the fifty per cent duty cycle requirement is met.

3.4.7 AC Programming Specifications

The following table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-27. AC Programming Specifications

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
T _{RSCLK}	Rise Time of SCLK	1	–	20	ns	
T _{FSCLK}	Fall Time of SCLK	1	–	20	ns	
T _{SSCLK}	Data Set up Time to Falling Edge of SCLK	40	–	–	ns	
T _{HSCLK}	Data Hold Time from Falling Edge of SCLK	40	–	–	ns	
F _{SCLK}	Frequency of SCLK	0	–	8	MHz	
T _{ERASEB}	Flash Erase Time (Block)	–	10	–	ms	
T _{WRITE}	Flash Block Write Time	–	10	–	ms	
T _{DSCLK}	Data Out Delay from Falling Edge of SCLK	–	–	45	ns	V _{dd} > 3.6
T _{DSCLK3}	Data Out Delay from Falling Edge of SCLK	–	–	50	ns	3.0 ≤ V _{dd} ≤ 3.6

3.4.8 AC I²C Specifications

The following table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 3.0V to 3.6V and $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Table 3-28. AC Characteristics of the I²C SDA and SCL Pins

Symbol	Description	Standard Mode		Fast Mode		Units	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
$F_{\text{SCL}2\text{C}}$	SCL Clock Frequency	0	100	0	400	kHz	
$T_{\text{HDSTA}2\text{C}}$	Hold Time (repeated) START Condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated.	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs	
$T_{\text{LOW}2\text{C}}$	LOW Period of the SCL Clock	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs	
$T_{\text{HIGH}2\text{C}}$	HIGH Period of the SCL Clock	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs	
$T_{\text{SUSTA}2\text{C}}$	Set-up Time for a Repeated START Condition	4.7	—	0.6	—	μs	
$T_{\text{HDDAT}2\text{C}}$	Data Hold Time	0	—	0	—	μs	
$T_{\text{SUDAT}2\text{C}}$	Data Set-up Time	250	—	100 ^a	—	ns	
$T_{\text{SUSTOI}2\text{C}}$	Set-up Time for STOP Condition	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs	
$T_{\text{BUFI}2\text{C}}$	Bus Free Time Between a STOP and START Condition	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs	
$T_{\text{SPI}2\text{C}}$	Pulse Width of spikes are suppressed by the input filter.	—	—	0	50	ns	

- a. A Fast-Mode I²C-bus device can be used in a Standard-Mode I²C-bus system, but the requirement $t_{\text{SU;DAT}} \geq 250$ ns must then be met. This will automatically be the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line $t_{\text{rmax}} + t_{\text{SU;DAT}} = 1000 + 250 = 1250$ ns (according to the Standard-Mode I²C-bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

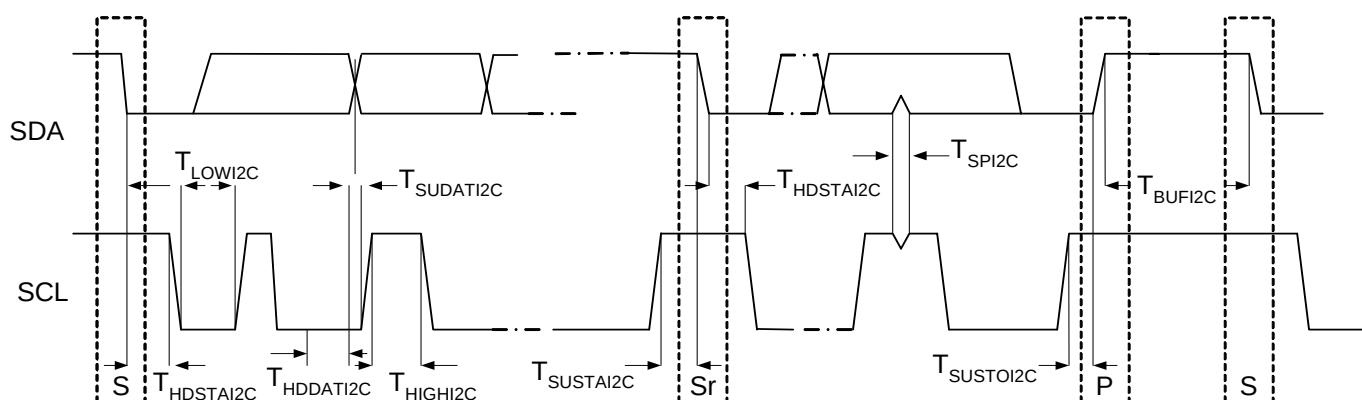


Figure 3-9. Definition for Timing for Fast/Standard Mode on the I²C Bus

4. Packaging Information



This chapter illustrates the packaging specifications for the CY8C27x43 PSoC device, along with the thermal impedances for each package and the typical package capacitance on crystal pins.

Important Note Emulation tools may require a larger area on the target PCB than the chip's footprint. For a detailed description of the emulation tools' dimensions, refer to the document titled *PSoC Emulator Pod Dimensions* at <http://www.cypress.com/support/link.cfm?mr=poddim>.

4.1 Packaging Dimensions

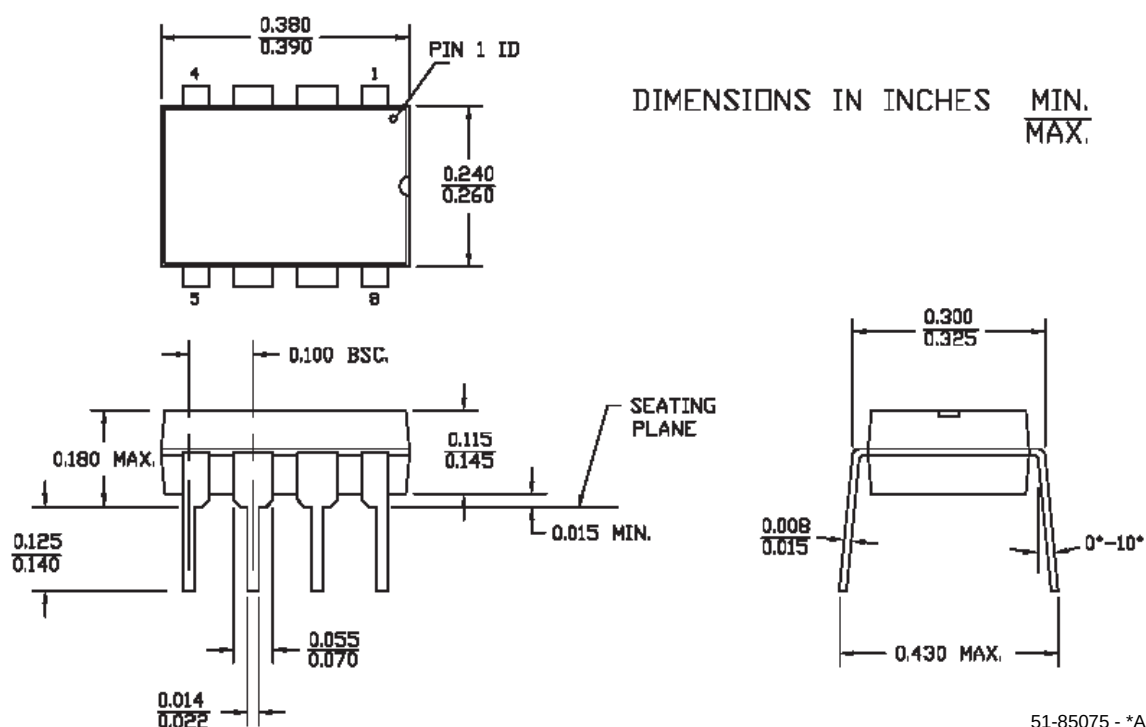


Figure 4-1. 8-Lead (300-Mil) PDIP

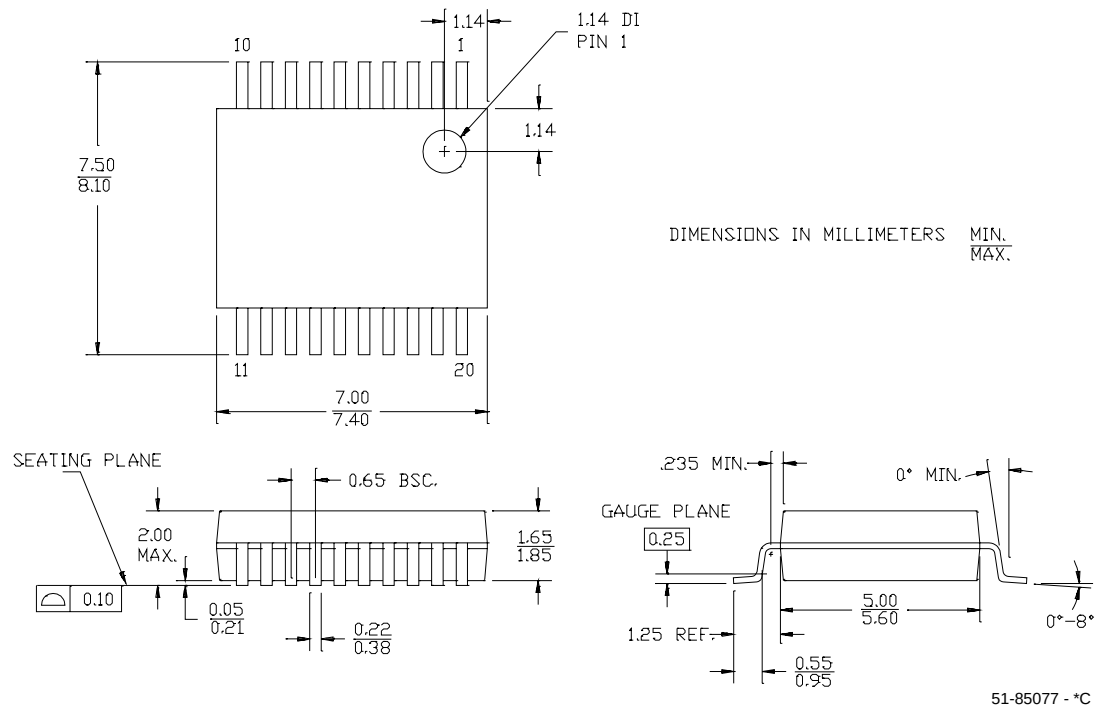


Figure 4-2. 20-Lead (210-Mil) SSOP

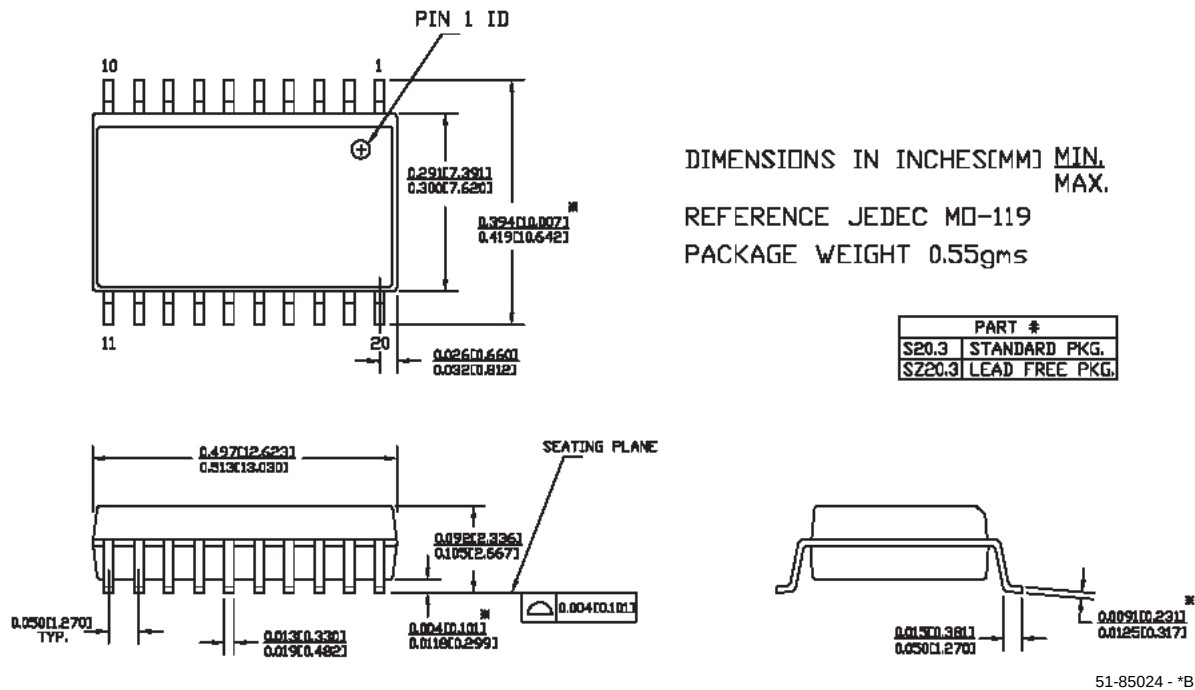


Figure 4-3. 20-Lead (300-Mil) Molded SOIC

5. Ordering Information



The following table lists the CY8C27x43 PSoC device family's key package features and ordering codes.

Table 5-1. CY8C27x43 PSoC Device Family Key Features and Ordering Information

Package	Ordering Code	Flash (Kbytes)	RAM (Bytes)	Switch Mode Pump	Temperature Range	Digital Blocks (Rows of 4)	Analog Blocks (Columns of 3)	Digital IO Pins	Analog Inputs	Analog Outputs	XRES Pin
CY8C27x43 Silicon B – These parts are lead free and offer the following improvements. The DEC_CR1 register selections are enhanced to allow any digital block to be the decimator clock source, the ECO EX and ECO EXW bits in the CPU_SCR1 register are readable, and the accuracy of the analog reference is enhanced (see the Electrical Specifications chapter). All silicon A errata are fixed in silicon B.											
8 Pin (300 Mil) DIP	CY8C27143-24PXI	16	256	No	-40C to +85C	8	12	6	4	4	No
20 Pin (210 Mil) SSOP	CY8C27243-24PVXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
20 Pin (210 Mil) SSOP (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27243-24PVXIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
20 Pin (300 Mil) SOIC	CY8C27243-24SXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
20 Pin 300 Mil) SOIC (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27243-24SXIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
28 Pin (300 Mil) DIP	CY8C27443-24PXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	24	12	4	Yes
28 Pin (210 Mil) SSOP	CY8C27443-24PVXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	24	12	4	Yes
28 Pin (210 Mil) SSOP (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27443-24PVXIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	24	12	4	Yes
28 Pin (300 Mil) SOIC	CY8C27443-24SXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	24	12	4	Yes
28 Pin (300 Mil) SOIC (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27443-24SXIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	24	12	4	Yes
44 Pin TQFP	CY8C27543-24AXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	40	12	4	Yes
44 Pin TQFP (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27543-24AXIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	40	12	4	Yes
48 Pin (300 Mil) SSOP	CY8C27643-24PVXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	44	12	4	Yes
48 Pin (300 Mil) SSOP (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27643-24PVXIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	44	12	4	Yes
48 Pin (7x7) MLF	CY8C27643-24LFXI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	44	12	4	Yes
48 Pin (7x7) MLF (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27643-24LFXIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	44	12	4	Yes
CY8C27x43 Silicon A – Silicon A is not recommended for new designs.											
8 Pin (300 Mil) DIP	CY8C27143-24PI	16	256	No	-40C to +85C	8	12	6	4	4	No
20 Pin (210 Mil) SSOP	CY8C27243-24PVI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
20 Pin (210 Mil) SSOP (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27243-24PVIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
20 Pin (300 Mil) SOIC	CY8C27243-24SI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
20 Pin 300 Mil) SOIC (Tape and Reel)	CY8C27243-24SIT	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	16	8	4	Yes
28 Pin (300 Mil) DIP	CY8C27443-24PI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	24	12	4	Yes
28 Pin (210 Mil) SSOP	CY8C27443-24PVI	16	256	Yes	-40C to +85C	8	12	24	12	4	Yes