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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	6036
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	171
Number of Gates	108000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFCQFP with Tie Bar
Supplier Device Package	208-CQFP (75x75)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/5962-0054302qyc

Probing Capabilities

SX-A devices also provide an internal probing capability that is accessed with the JTAG pins. The Silicon Explorer II diagnostic hardware is used to control the TDI, TCK, TMS, and TDO pins to select the desired nets for debugging. The user assigns the selected internal nets in Actel Silicon Explorer II software to the PRA/PRB output pins for observation. Silicon Explorer II automatically places the device into JTAG mode. However, probing functionality is only activated when the TRST pin is driven high or left floating, allowing the internal pull-up resistor to pull TRST High. If the TRST pin is held Low, the TAP controller remains in the Test-Logic-Reset state so no probing can be performed. However, the user must drive the TRST pin High or allow the internal pull-up resistor to pull TRST High.

When selecting the **Reserve Probe Pin** box as shown in Figure 1-12 on page 1-9, direct the layout tool to reserve the PRA and PRB pins as dedicated outputs for probing. This **Reserve** option is merely a guideline. If the designer assigns user I/Os to the PRA and PRB pins and selects the **Reserve Probe Pin** option, Designer Layout will override the **Reserve Probe Pin** option and place the user I/Os on those pins.

To allow probing capabilities, the security fuse must not be programmed. Programming the security fuse disables the JTAG and probe circuitry. Table 1-9 summarizes the possible device configurations for probing once the device leaves the Test-Logic-Reset JTAG state.

Table 1-9 • Device Configuration Options for Probe Capability (TRST Pin Reserved)

JTAG Mode	TRST ¹	Security Fuse Programmed	PRA, PRB ²	TDI, TCK, TDO ²
Dedicated	Low	No	User I/O ³	JTAG Disabled
	High	No	Probe Circuit Outputs	JTAG I/O
Flexible	Low	No	User I/O ³	User I/O ³
	High	No	Probe Circuit Outputs	JTAG I/O
		Yes	Probe Circuit Secured	Probe Circuit Secured

Notes:

1. If the TRST pin is not reserved, the device behaves according to TRST = High as described in the table.
2. Avoid using the TDI, TCK, TDO, PRA, and PRB pins as input or bidirectional ports. Since these pins are active during probing, input signals will not pass through these pins and may cause contention.
3. If no user signal is assigned to these pins, they will behave as unused I/Os in this mode. Unused pins are automatically tristated by the Designer software.

Detailed Specifications

Operating Conditions

Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
V_{CCI}	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	-0.3 to +6.0	V
V_{CCA}	DC Supply Voltage for Arrays	-0.3 to +3.0	V
V_I	Input Voltage	-0.5 to +5.75	V
V_O	Output Voltage	-0.5 to + V_{CCI} + 0.5	V
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the "Recommended Operating Conditions".

Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Units
Temperature Range	0 to +70	-40 to +85	°C
2.5 V Power Supply Range (V_{CCA} and V_{CCI})	2.25 to 2.75	2.25 to 2.75	V
3.3 V Power Supply Range (V_{CCI})	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
5 V Power Supply Range (V_{CCI})	4.75 to 5.25	4.75 to 5.25	V

Typical SX-A Standby Current

Table 2-3 • Typical Standby Current for SX-A at 25°C with $V_{CCA} = 2.5$ V

Product	$V_{CCI} = 2.5$ V	$V_{CCI} = 3.3$ V	$V_{CCI} = 5$ V
A54SX08A	0.8 mA	1.0 mA	2.9 mA
A54SX16A	0.8 mA	1.0 mA	2.9 mA
A54SX32A	0.9 mA	1.0 mA	3.0 mA
A54SX72A	3.6 mA	3.8 mA	4.5 mA

Table 2-4 • Supply Voltages

V_{CCA}	V_{CCI}^*	Maximum Input Tolerance	Maximum Output Drive
2.5 V	2.5 V	5.75 V	2.7 V
2.5 V	3.3 V	5.75 V	3.6 V
2.5 V	5 V	5.75 V	5.25 V

Note: *3.3 V PCI is not 5 V tolerant due to the clamp diode, but instead is 3.3 V tolerant.

Electrical Specifications

Table 2-5 • 3.3 V LVTTL and 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V_{OH}	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$)	0.9 V_{CCI}	0.9 V_{CCI}		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$)	2.4	2.4		V	
V_{OL}	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8	0.8		V	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0	5.75	2.0	5.75	V
I_{IL}/I_{IH}	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current		-10	10	-10	10	μA
t_R, t_F	Input Transition Time t_R, t_F		10	10		ns	
C_{IO}	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
I_{CC}	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-6 • 2.5 V LVCMS2 Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V_{OH}	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$)	2.1	2.1		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$)	2.0	2.0		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$)	1.7	1.7		V	
V_{OL}	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$)	0.2	0.2		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$)	0.7	0.7		V	
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage, $V_{OUT} \leq V_{VOL(\text{max})}$		-0.3	0.7	-0.3	0.7	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage, $V_{OUT} \geq V_{VOH(\text{min})}$		1.7	5.75	1.7	5.75	V
I_{IL}/I_{IH}	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
t_R, t_F	Input Transition Time t_R, t_F		10	10		ns	
C_{IO}	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
I_{CC}	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

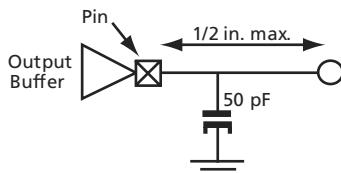
Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-8 • AC Specifications (5 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4$ ¹	-44	-	mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4$ ^{1, 2}	(-44 + $(V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024$)	-	mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CCI}$ ^{1, 3}	-	EQ 2-1 on page 2-5	-
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1$ ³	-	-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current Low	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2$ ¹	95	-	mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55$ ¹	$(V_{OUT}/0.023)$	-	mA
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0$ ^{1, 3}	-	EQ 2-2 on page 2-5	-
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71$ ³	-	206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$	-	mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the V/I curves in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. Switching current characteristics for $REQ\#$ and $GNT\#$ are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and $RST\#$, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to $SERR\#$, $INTA\#$, $INTB\#$, $INTC\#$, and $INTD\#$, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. The equation defined maximum should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.



Thermal Characteristics

Introduction

The temperature variable in Actel Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption will cause the chip's junction to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures. EQ 2-9 and EQ 2-10 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-9

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_C - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-10

Where:

θ_{JA} = Junction-to-air thermal resistance

θ_{JC} = Junction-to-case thermal resistance

T_J = Junction temperature

T_A = Ambient temperature

T_C = Case temperature

P = total power dissipated by the device

Table 2-12 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{JC}	θ_{JA}			Units
			Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft./min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft./min.	
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	100	14	33.5	27.4	25	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	144	11	33.5	28	25.7	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	176	11	24.7	19.9	18	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) ¹	208	8	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) with Heat Spreader ²	208	3.8	16.2	13.3	11.9	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	329	3	17.1	13.8	12.8	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	144	3.8	26.9	22.9	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	256	3.8	26.6	22.8	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	484	3.2	18	14.7	13.6	°C/W

Notes:

1. The A54SX08A PQ208 has no heat spreader.
2. The SX-A PQ208 package has a heat spreader for A54SX16A, A54SX32A, and A54SX72A.

Table 2-18 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
2.5 V LVCMOS Output Module Timing^{1,2}										
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.2	ns				
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.0	3.4	3.9	5.5	ns				
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	13.3	15.1	17.7	24.8	ns				
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns				
t_{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	13.7	15.5	18.2	25.5	ns				
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.2	ns				
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns				
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.0	3.4	3.9	5.5	ns				
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.037	0.043	0.051	0.071	ns/pF				
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.037	ns/pF				
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.06	0.071	0.086	0.117	ns/pF				

Note:

1. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
2. The equivalent I/O Attribute Editor settings for 2.5 V LVCMOS is 2.5 V LVTTL in the software.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF.
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

Table 2-28 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays²										
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.7	ns			
Predicted Routing Delays³										
t_{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns		
t_{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	ns		
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	ns		
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	ns		
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	ns		
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	ns		
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.5	ns		
t_{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.6	3.6	ns		
R-Cell Timing										
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	ns			
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.0	ns			
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.2	ns			
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	ns			
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns			
$t_{RECASYN}$	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns			
t_{HASYN}	Asynchronous Removal Time	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	ns			
t_{MPW}	Clock Pulse Width	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns			
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	ns			
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVC MOS	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns			
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns			
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	ns			
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LV TTL	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.6	ns			
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LV TTL	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.2	3.0	ns			

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-28 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V PCI	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V PCI	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V TTL	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V TTL	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays³							
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1	1.4	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2	2.2	2.6	3.6	ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-34 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	4.5	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	4.5	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.032	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.026	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.052	ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.6	7.6	8.6	10.1	14.2	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.0	15.4	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	7.8	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.014	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.031	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.023	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.051	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.089	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF

$d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-35 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
C-Cell Propagation Delays²											
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module	1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.0	ns
Predicted Routing Delays³											
t_{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns	
t_{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6	ns
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		1	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7		0.9		1		1.1		1.5	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2		1.5		1.7		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7		2.2		2.5		3		4.2	ns
R-Cell Timing											
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.6		0.7		0.7		0.9		1.2	ns
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.4	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
$t_{RECASYN}$	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{HASYN}	Asynchronous Hold Time	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6	ns
t_{MPW}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
Input Module Propagation Delays											
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.8		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.6		0.7		0.7		0.9		1.2	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LV TTL	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LV TTL	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-37 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.5	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2	2.2	2.6	3.6	ns
t_{QPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{QPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Package Pin Assignments

208-Pin PQFP

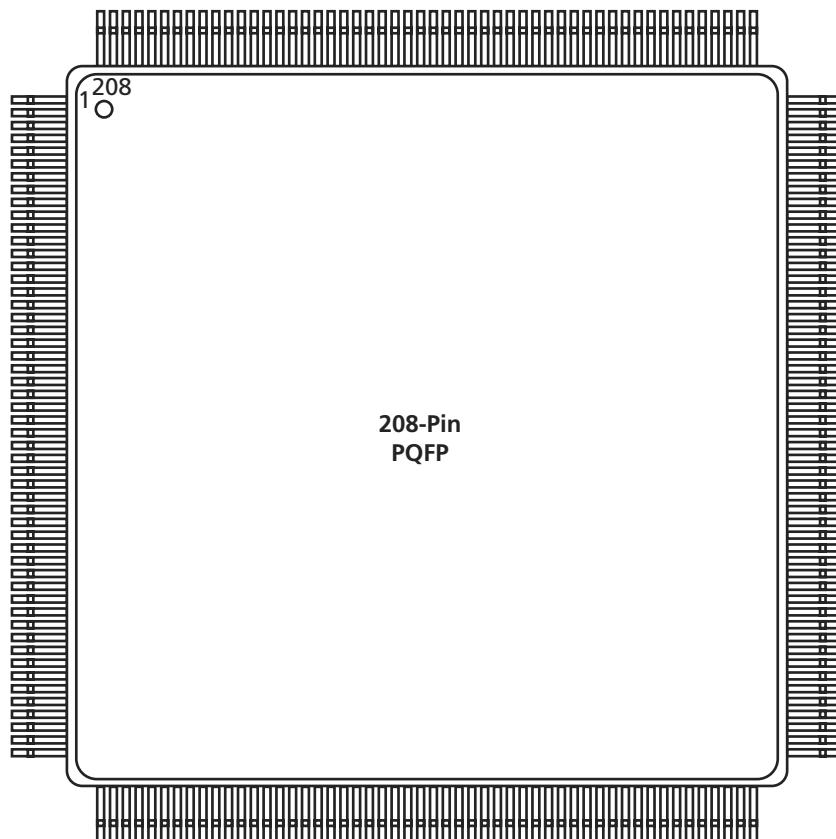


Figure 3-1 • 208-Pin PQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKA
75	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
77	GND	GND	GND	GND
78	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
79	GND	GND	GND	GND
80	NC	NC	NC	NC
81	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
83	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCI}
84	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
85	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
90	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
99	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND	GND

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
106	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	NC	I/O	I/O	GND
117	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCA}
118	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	GND	GND	GND	GND
130	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
131	GND	GND	GND	GND
132	NC	NC	NC	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
141	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
146	GND	GND	GND	GND
147	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
149	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
156	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
165	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
176	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
177	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
178	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKD
179	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
181	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
182	NC	NC	NC	NC
183	GND	GND	GND	GND
184	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
185	GND	GND	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCI}
188	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
189	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKC
191	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
192	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
193	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
194	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
195	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
196	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
197	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
198	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
202	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
203	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
204	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
205	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
206	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
208	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

144-Pin TQFP

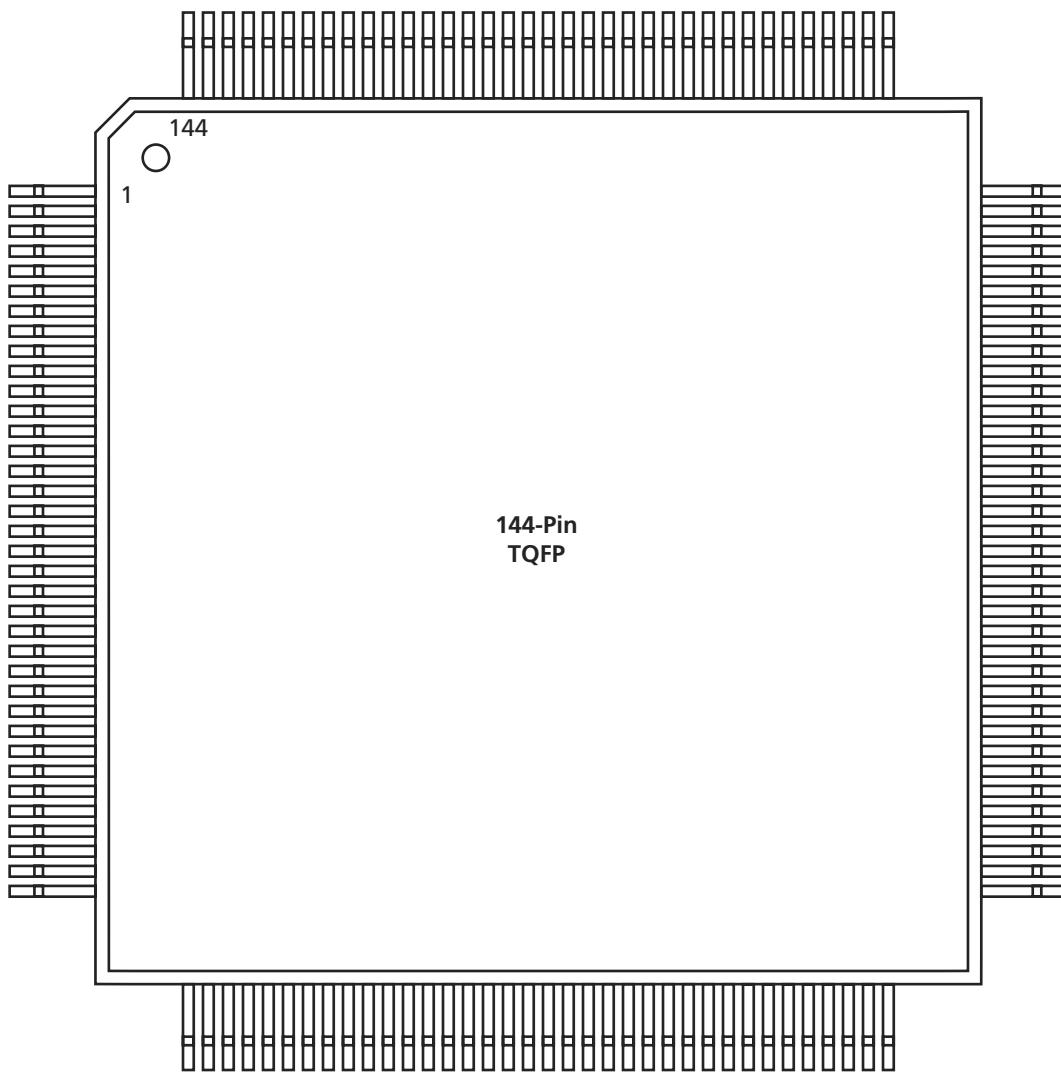


Figure 3-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
80	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
81	GND	GND	GND
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
90	NC	NC	NC
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
99	GND	GND	GND
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	GND	GND	GND
102	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	GND	GND	GND
110	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
126	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
127	NC	NC	NC
128	GND	GND	GND
129	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

256-Pin FBGA

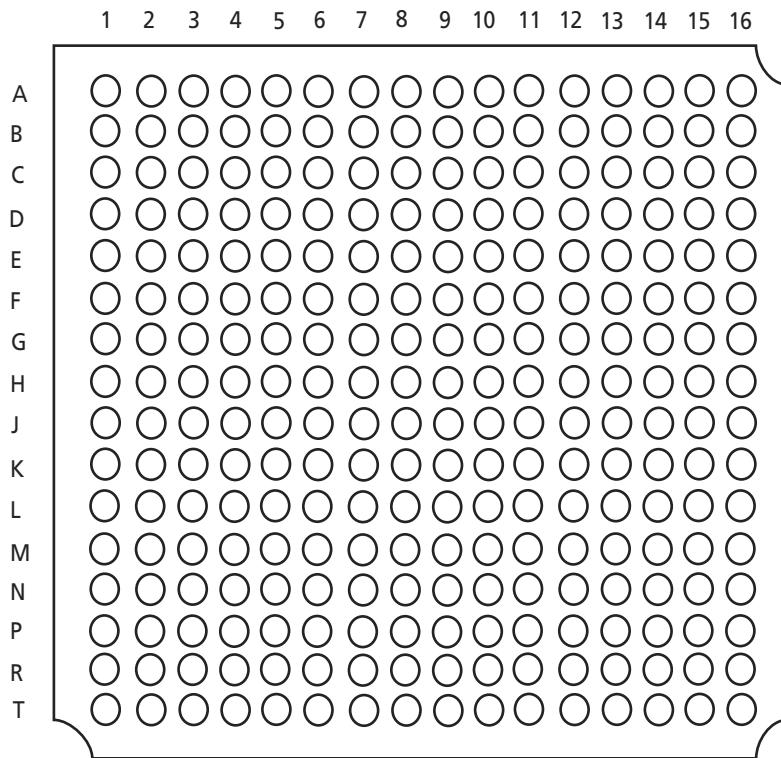


Figure 3-7 • 256-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
E11	I/O	I/O	I/O
E12	I/O	I/O	I/O
E13	NC	I/O	I/O
E14	I/O	I/O	I/O
E15	I/O	I/O	I/O
E16	I/O	I/O	I/O
F1	I/O	I/O	I/O
F2	I/O	I/O	I/O
F3	I/O	I/O	I/O
F4	TMS	TMS	TMS
F5	I/O	I/O	I/O
F6	I/O	I/O	I/O
F7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F11	I/O	I/O	I/O
F12	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
F13	I/O	I/O	I/O
F14	I/O	I/O	I/O
F15	I/O	I/O	I/O
F16	I/O	I/O	I/O
G1	NC	I/O	I/O
G2	I/O	I/O	I/O
G3	NC	I/O	I/O
G4	I/O	I/O	I/O
G5	I/O	I/O	I/O
G6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
G7	GND	GND	GND
G8	GND	GND	GND
G9	GND	GND	GND
G10	GND	GND	GND
G11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
G12	I/O	I/O	I/O
G13	GND	GND	GND
G14	NC	I/O	I/O
G15	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
G16	I/O	I/O	I/O
H1	I/O	I/O	I/O
H2	I/O	I/O	I/O
H3	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
H4	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
H5	I/O	I/O	I/O
H6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H7	GND	GND	GND
H8	GND	GND	GND
H9	GND	GND	GND
H10	GND	GND	GND
H11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H12	I/O	I/O	I/O
H13	I/O	I/O	I/O
H14	I/O	I/O	I/O
H15	I/O	I/O	I/O
H16	NC	I/O	I/O
J1	NC	I/O	I/O
J2	NC	I/O	I/O
J3	NC	I/O	I/O
J4	I/O	I/O	I/O
J5	I/O	I/O	I/O
J6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J7	GND	GND	GND
J8	GND	GND	GND
J9	GND	GND	GND
J10	GND	GND	GND
J11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J12	I/O	I/O	I/O
J13	I/O	I/O	I/O
J14	I/O	I/O	I/O
J15	I/O	I/O	I/O
J16	I/O	I/O	I/O
K1	I/O	I/O	I/O
K2	I/O	I/O	I/O
K3	NC	I/O	I/O
K4	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
P15	I/O	I/O	I/O
P16	I/O	I/O	I/O
R1	I/O	I/O	I/O
R2	GND	GND	GND
R3	I/O	I/O	I/O
R4	NC	I/O	I/O
R5	I/O	I/O	I/O
R6	I/O	I/O	I/O
R7	I/O	I/O	I/O
R8	I/O	I/O	I/O
R9	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
R10	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
R11	I/O	I/O	I/O
R12	I/O	I/O	I/O
R13	I/O	I/O	I/O
R14	I/O	I/O	I/O
R15	GND	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND	GND
T1	GND	GND	GND
T2	I/O	I/O	I/O
T3	I/O	I/O	I/O
T4	NC	I/O	I/O
T5	I/O	I/O	I/O
T6	I/O	I/O	I/O
T7	I/O	I/O	I/O
T8	I/O	I/O	I/O
T9	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
T10	I/O	I/O	I/O
T11	I/O	I/O	I/O
T12	NC	I/O	I/O
T13	I/O	I/O	I/O
T14	I/O	I/O	I/O
T15	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
T16	GND	GND	GND

Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in the current version of the document.

Previous Version	Changes in Current Version (v5.3)	Page
v5.2 (June 2006)	–3 speed grades have been discontinued. The "SX-A Timing Model" was updated with –2 data.	N/A 2-14
v5.1 February 2005	RoHS information was added to the "Ordering Information". The "Programming" section was updated.	ii 1-13
v5.0	Revised Table 1 and the timing data to reflect the phase out of the –3 speed grade for the A54SX08A device. The "Thermal Characteristics" section was updated. The "176-Pin TQFP" was updated to add pins 81 to 90. The "484-Pin FBGA" was updated to add pins R4 to Y26	i 2-11 3-11 3-26
v4.0	The "Temperature Grade Offering" is new. The "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix" is new. "SX-A Family Architecture" was updated. "Clock Resources" was updated. "User Security" was updated. "Power-Up/Down and Hot Swapping" was updated. "Dedicated Mode" is new Table 1-5 is new. "JTAG Instructions" is new "Design Considerations" was updated. The "Programming" section is new. "Design Environment" was updated. "Pin Description" was updated. Table 2-1 was updated. Table 2-2 was updated. Table 2-3 is new. Table 2-4 is new. Table 2-5 was updated. Table 2-6 was updated. "Power Dissipation" is new. Table 2-11 was updated.	1-iii 1-iii 1-1 1-5 1-7 1-7 1-9 1-9 1-10 1-12 1-13 1-13 1-15 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-2 2-8 2-9