



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	768
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	113
Number of Gates	12000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx08a-2tq144

General Description

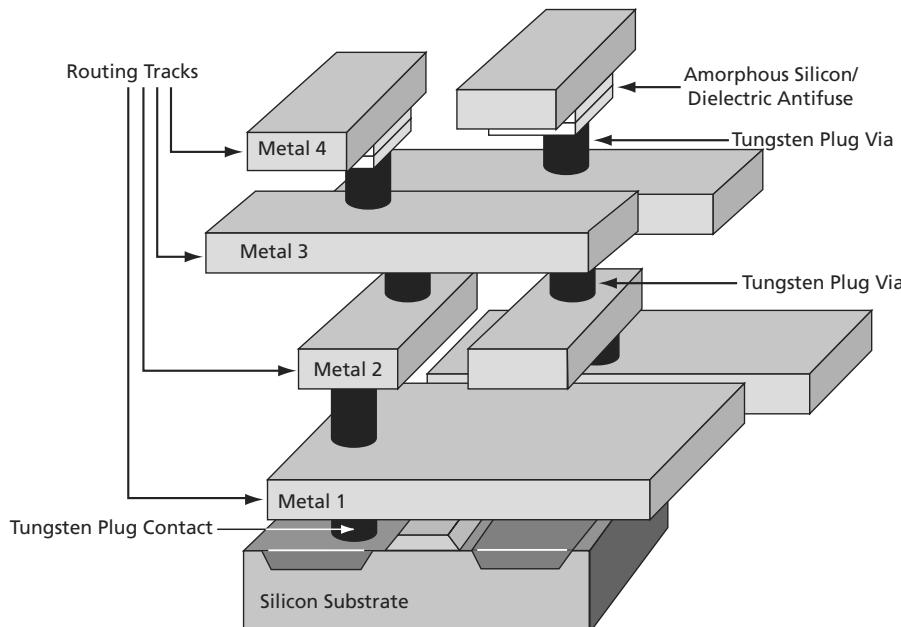
Introduction

The Actel SX-A family of FPGAs offers a cost-effective, single-chip solution for low-power, high-performance designs. Fabricated on $0.22\text{ }\mu\text{m} / 0.25\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ CMOS antifuse technology and with the support of 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5 V I/Os, the SX-A is a versatile platform to integrate designs while significantly reducing time-to-market.

SX-A Family Architecture

The SX-A family's device architecture provides a unique approach to module organization and chip routing that satisfies performance requirements and delivers the most optimal register/logic mix for a wide variety of applications.

Interconnection between these logic modules is achieved using Actel's patented metal-to-metal programmable antifuses interconnect elements (Figure 1-1). The antifuses are normally open circuit and, when programmed, form a permanent low-impedance connection.



Note: The A54SX72A device has four layers of metal with the antifuse between Metal 3 and Metal 4. The A54SX08A, A54SX16A, and A54SX32A devices have three layers of metal with the antifuse between Metal 2 and Metal 3.

Figure 1-1 • SX-A Family Interconnect Elements

Electrical Specifications

Table 2-5 • 3.3 V LVTTL and 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V_{OH}	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$)	0.9 V_{CCI}	0.9 V_{CCI}		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$)	2.4	2.4		V	
V_{OL}	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8	0.8		V	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0	5.75	2.0	5.75	V
I_{IL}/I_{IH}	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current		-10	10	-10	10	μA
t_R, t_F	Input Transition Time t_R, t_F		10	10		ns	
C_{IO}	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
I_{CC}	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-6 • 2.5 V LVCmos2 Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V_{OH}	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$)	2.1	2.1		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$)	2.0	2.0		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$)	1.7	1.7		V	
V_{OL}	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$)	0.2	0.2		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$)	0.7	0.7		V	
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage, $V_{OUT} \leq V_{VOL(\text{max})}$		-0.3	0.7	-0.3	0.7	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage, $V_{OUT} \geq V_{VOH(\text{min})}$		1.7	5.75	1.7	5.75	V
I_{IL}/I_{IH}	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
t_R, t_F	Input Transition Time t_R, t_F		10	10		ns	
C_{IO}	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
I_{CC}	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-8 • AC Specifications (5 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4$ ¹	-44	-	mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4$ ^{1, 2}	(-44 + ($V_{OUT} - 1.4$)/0.024)	-	mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CCI}$ ^{1, 3}	-	EQ 2-1 on page 2-5	-
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1$ ³	-	-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current Low	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2$ ¹	95	-	mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55$ ¹	($V_{OUT}/0.023$)	-	mA
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0$ ^{1, 3}	-	EQ 2-2 on page 2-5	-
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71$ ³	-	206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	-25 + ($V_{IN} + 1$)/0.015	-	mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the V/I curves in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. Switching current characteristics for $REQ\#$ and $GNT\#$ are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and $RST\#$, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to $SERR\#$, $INTA\#$, $INTB\#$, $INTC\#$, and $INTD\#$, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. The equation defined maximum should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.

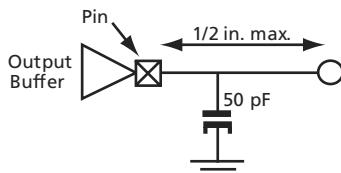


Figure 2-2 shows the 3.3 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the SX-A family.

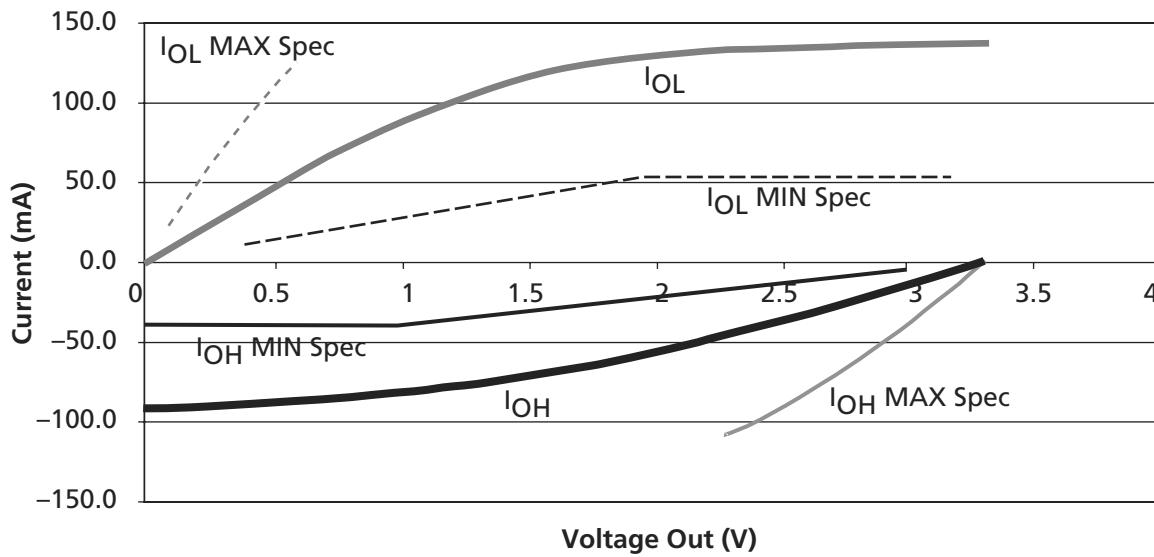


Figure 2-2 • 3.3 V PCI V/I Curve for SX-A Family

$$I_{OH} = (98.0V_{CCI}) * (V_{OUT} - V_{CCI}) * (V_{OUT} + 0.4V_{CCI})$$

for $0.7V_{CCI} < V_{OUT} < V_{CCI}$

EQ 2-3

$$I_{OL} = (256V_{CCI}) * V_{OUT} * (V_{CCI} - V_{OUT})$$

for $0V < V_{OUT} < 0.18V_{CCI}$

EQ 2-4

Thermal Characteristics

Introduction

The temperature variable in Actel Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption will cause the chip's junction to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures. EQ 2-9 and EQ 2-10 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-9

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_C - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-10

Where:

θ_{JA} = Junction-to-air thermal resistance

θ_{JC} = Junction-to-case thermal resistance

T_J = Junction temperature

T_A = Ambient temperature

T_C = Case temperature

P = total power dissipated by the device

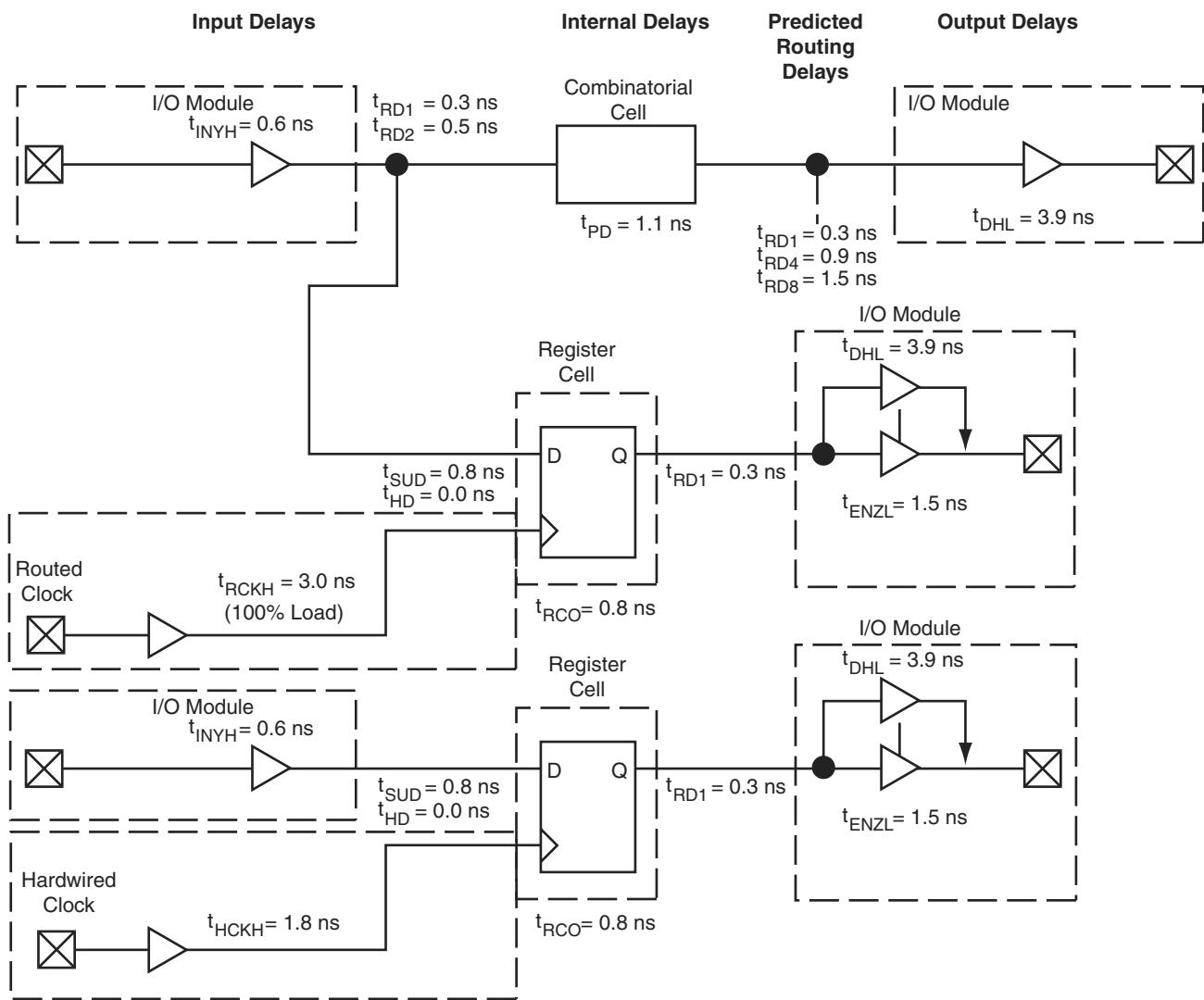
Table 2-12 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{JC}	θ_{JA}			Units
			Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft./min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft./min.	
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	100	14	33.5	27.4	25	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	144	11	33.5	28	25.7	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	176	11	24.7	19.9	18	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) ¹	208	8	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) with Heat Spreader ²	208	3.8	16.2	13.3	11.9	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	329	3	17.1	13.8	12.8	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	144	3.8	26.9	22.9	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	256	3.8	26.6	22.8	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	484	3.2	18	14.7	13.6	°C/W

Notes:

1. The A54SX08A PQ208 has no heat spreader.
2. The SX-A PQ208 package has a heat spreader for A54SX16A, A54SX32A, and A54SX72A.

SX-A Timing Model



Note: *Values shown for A54SX72A, -2, worst-case commercial conditions at 5 V PCI with standard place-and-route.

Figure 2-3 • SX-A Timing Model

Sample Path Calculations

Hardwired Clock

$$\begin{aligned}\text{External Setup} &= (t_{INYH} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}) - t_{HCKH} \\ &= 0.6 + 0.3 + 0.8 - 1.8 = -0.1 \text{ ns} \\ \text{Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad)} &= t_{HCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.8 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 3.9 = 6.8 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$

Routed Clock

$$\begin{aligned}\text{External Setup} &= (t_{INYH} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}) - t_{RCKH} \\ &= 0.6 + 0.3 + 0.8 - 3.0 = -1.3 \text{ ns} \\ \text{Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad)} &= t_{RCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 3.0 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 3.9 = 8.0 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$

Table 2-15 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks								
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.4		1.6		1.8	2.6
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7	2.4
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.5	0.7
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	3.2		3.6		4.2	5.8	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		313		278		238	172
Routed Array Clock Networks								
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.0		1.1		1.3	1.8
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.0		1.1		1.3	1.8
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7	2.4
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.7		0.8		0.9	1.3
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.7		0.8		0.9	1.3
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2	1.7

Table 2-21 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays²										
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	ns	
Predicted Routing Delays³										
t_{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns	
t_{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	ns	
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	ns	
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	ns	
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.1	ns	
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4	ns	
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5	ns	
t_{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.6	3.6	ns	
R-Cell Timing										
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.3	ns	
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	ns	
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns	
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.7	2.7	ns	
$t_{RECASYN}$	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	ns	
t_{HASYN}	Asynchronous Removal Time	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	ns	
t_{MPW}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.2	3.0	3.0	ns	
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1	ns	
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.6	ns	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	ns	
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LV TTL	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LV TTL	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.0	ns	

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-21 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V PCI	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V PCI	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.5	ns
t_{IYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V TTL	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	ns
t_{IYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V TTL	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.5	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²							
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	0.8	2.5	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	3.6	ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-28 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays²										
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.7	ns			
Predicted Routing Delays³										
t_{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns		
t_{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	ns		
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	ns		
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	ns		
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	ns		
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	ns		
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.5	ns		
t_{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.6	3.6	ns		
R-Cell Timing										
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	ns			
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.0	ns			
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.2	ns			
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	ns			
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns			
$t_{RECASYN}$	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns			
t_{HASYN}	Asynchronous Removal Time	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	ns			
t_{MPW}	Clock Pulse Width	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns			
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	ns			
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVC MOS	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns			
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns			
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	ns			
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LV TTL	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.6	ns			
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LV TTL	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.2	3.0	ns			

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-29 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.8	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357	313	278	238	172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.4	4.7	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.0	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-36 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.8	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.8	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	3.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.6	6.4	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	333	294	250	217	156	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.8	3.2	3.7	4.3	6.0	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.5	6.2	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	3.1	3.6	4.0	4.7	6.6	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	4.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.9	ns
Quadrant Array Clock Networks							
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-38 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	3.8	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.8	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	3.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.6	6.4	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	333	294	250	217	156	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.5	4.9	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.9	5.5	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.8	6.8	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	4.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	4.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	4.1	ns
Quadrant Array Clock Networks							
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.6	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	3.0	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.1	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
1	GND	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	TMS	TMS	TMS	TMS
12	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
13	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O	GND
19	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCA}
20	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	NC	NC	NC	I/O
26	GND	GND	GND	GND
27	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
28	GND	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
36	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
41	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND	GND
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
61	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	NC	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP

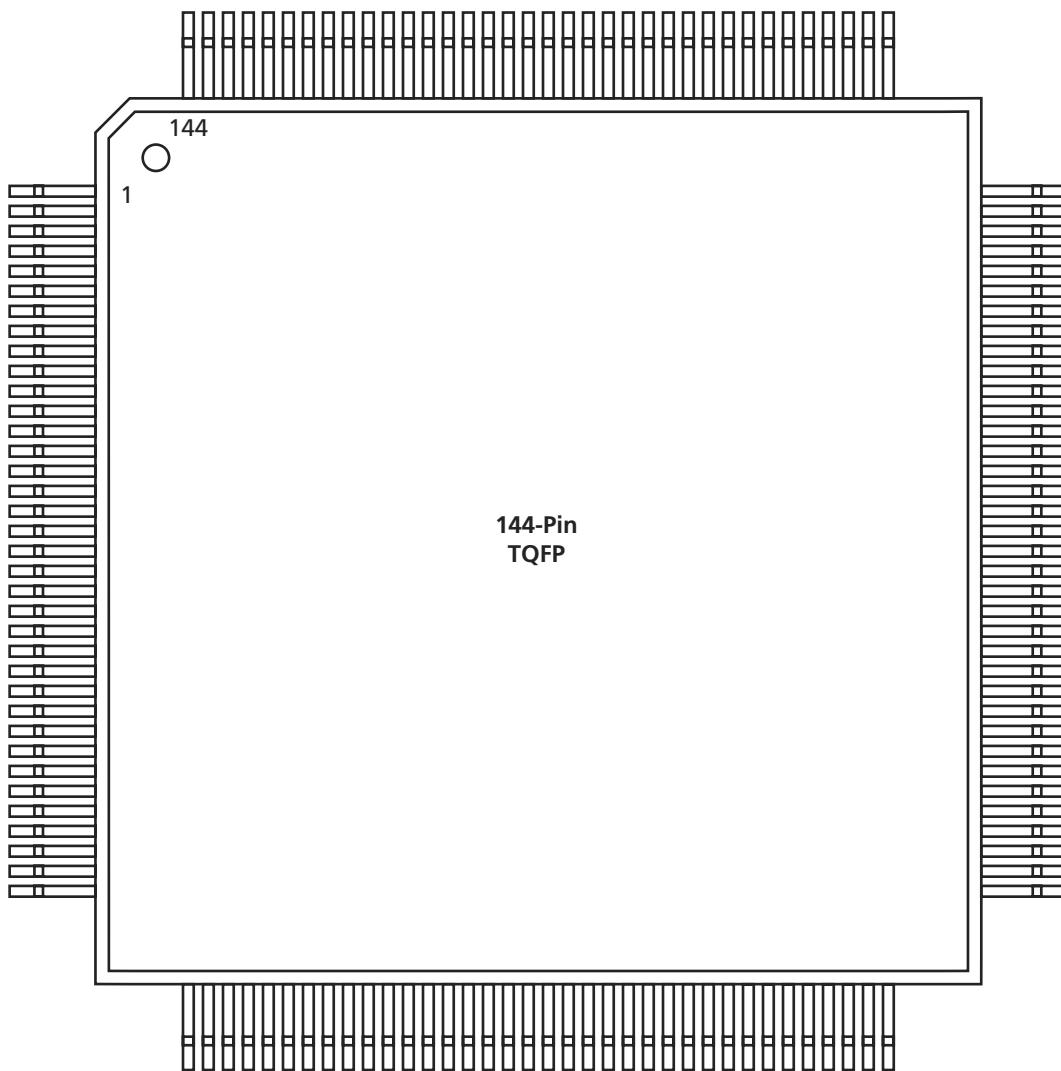


Figure 3-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin FBGA

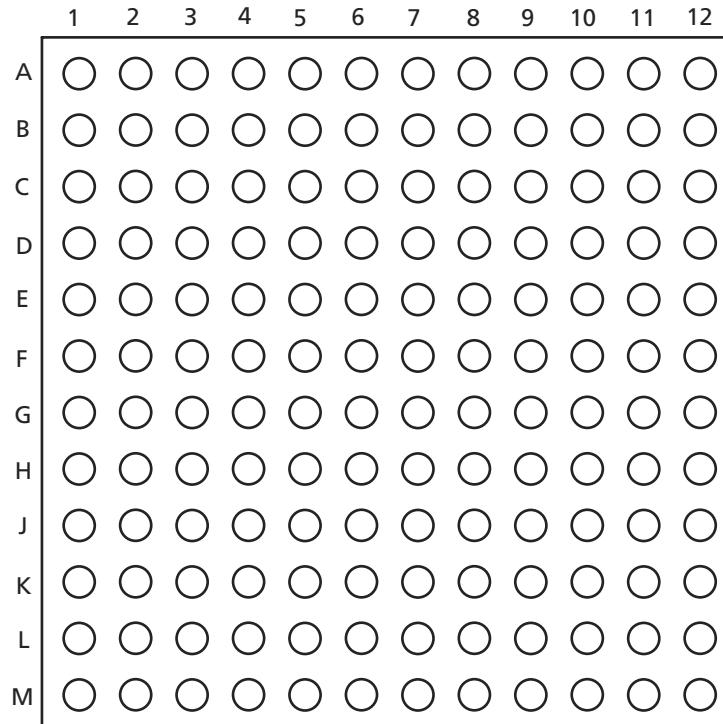


Figure 3-6 • 144-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
A1	GND	GND	GND
A2	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
A3	I/O	I/O	I/O
A4	I/O	I/O	I/O
A5	I/O	I/O	I/O
A6	I/O	I/O	I/O
A7	I/O	I/O	I/O
A8	I/O	I/O	I/O
A9	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
A10	I/O	I/O	I/O
A11	I/O	I/O	I/O
A12	NC	I/O	I/O
A13	I/O	I/O	I/O
A14	I/O	I/O	I/O
A15	GND	GND	GND
A16	GND	GND	GND
B1	I/O	I/O	I/O
B2	GND	GND	GND
B3	I/O	I/O	I/O
B4	I/O	I/O	I/O
B5	I/O	I/O	I/O
B6	NC	I/O	I/O
B7	I/O	I/O	I/O
B8	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
B9	I/O	I/O	I/O
B10	I/O	I/O	I/O
B11	NC	I/O	I/O
B12	I/O	I/O	I/O
B13	I/O	I/O	I/O
B14	I/O	I/O	I/O
B15	GND	GND	GND
B16	I/O	I/O	I/O
C1	I/O	I/O	I/O
C2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
C3	GND	GND	GND
C4	I/O	I/O	I/O
C5	NC	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
C6	I/O	I/O	I/O
C7	I/O	I/O	I/O
C8	I/O	I/O	I/O
C9	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
C10	I/O	I/O	I/O
C11	I/O	I/O	I/O
C12	I/O	I/O	I/O
C13	I/O	I/O	I/O
C14	I/O	I/O	I/O
C15	I/O	I/O	I/O
C16	I/O	I/O	I/O
D1	I/O	I/O	I/O
D2	I/O	I/O	I/O
D3	I/O	I/O	I/O
D4	I/O	I/O	I/O
D5	I/O	I/O	I/O
D6	I/O	I/O	I/O
D7	I/O	I/O	I/O
D8	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
D9	I/O	I/O	QCLKD
D10	I/O	I/O	I/O
D11	NC	I/O	I/O
D12	I/O	I/O	I/O
D13	I/O	I/O	I/O
D14	I/O	I/O	I/O
D15	I/O	I/O	I/O
D16	I/O	I/O	I/O
E1	I/O	I/O	I/O
E2	I/O	I/O	I/O
E3	I/O	I/O	I/O
E4	I/O	I/O	I/O
E5	I/O	I/O	I/O
E6	I/O	I/O	I/O
E7	I/O	I/O	QCLKC
E8	I/O	I/O	I/O
E9	I/O	I/O	I/O
E10	I/O	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
P15	I/O	I/O	I/O
P16	I/O	I/O	I/O
R1	I/O	I/O	I/O
R2	GND	GND	GND
R3	I/O	I/O	I/O
R4	NC	I/O	I/O
R5	I/O	I/O	I/O
R6	I/O	I/O	I/O
R7	I/O	I/O	I/O
R8	I/O	I/O	I/O
R9	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
R10	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
R11	I/O	I/O	I/O
R12	I/O	I/O	I/O
R13	I/O	I/O	I/O
R14	I/O	I/O	I/O
R15	GND	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND	GND
T1	GND	GND	GND
T2	I/O	I/O	I/O
T3	I/O	I/O	I/O
T4	NC	I/O	I/O
T5	I/O	I/O	I/O
T6	I/O	I/O	I/O
T7	I/O	I/O	I/O
T8	I/O	I/O	I/O
T9	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
T10	I/O	I/O	I/O
T11	I/O	I/O	I/O
T12	NC	I/O	I/O
T13	I/O	I/O	I/O
T14	I/O	I/O	I/O
T15	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
T16	GND	GND	GND

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AD18	I/O	I/O
AD19	I/O	I/O
AD20	I/O	I/O
AD21	I/O	I/O
AD22	I/O	I/O
AD23	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AD24	NC*	I/O
AD25	NC*	I/O
AD26	NC*	I/O
AE1	NC*	NC
AE2	I/O	I/O
AE3	NC*	I/O
AE4	NC*	I/O
AE5	NC*	I/O
AE6	NC*	I/O
AE7	I/O	I/O
AE8	I/O	I/O
AE9	I/O	I/O
AE10	I/O	I/O
AE11	NC*	I/O
AE12	I/O	I/O
AE13	I/O	I/O
AE14	I/O	I/O
AE15	NC*	I/O
AE16	NC*	I/O
AE17	I/O	I/O
AE18	I/O	I/O
AE19	I/O	I/O
AE20	I/O	I/O
AE21	NC*	I/O
AE22	NC*	I/O
AE23	NC*	I/O
AE24	NC*	I/O
AE25	NC*	NC
AE26	NC*	NC

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AF1	NC*	NC
AF2	NC*	NC
AF3	NC	I/O
AF4	NC*	I/O
AF5	NC*	I/O
AF6	NC*	I/O
AF7	I/O	I/O
AF8	I/O	I/O
AF9	I/O	I/O
AF10	I/O	I/O
AF11	NC*	I/O
AF12	NC*	NC
AF13	HCLK	HCLK
AF14	I/O	QCLKB
AF15	NC*	I/O
AF16	NC*	I/O
AF17	I/O	I/O
AF18	I/O	I/O
AF19	I/O	I/O
AF20	NC*	I/O
AF21	NC*	I/O
AF22	NC*	I/O
AF23	NC*	I/O
AF24	NC*	I/O
AF25	NC*	NC
AF26	NC*	NC
B1	NC*	NC
B2	NC*	NC
B3	NC*	I/O
B4	NC*	I/O
B5	NC*	I/O
B6	I/O	I/O
B7	I/O	I/O
B8	I/O	I/O
B9	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
B10	I/O	I/O
B11	NC*	I/O
B12	NC*	I/O
B13	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
B14	CLKA	CLKA
B15	NC*	I/O
B16	NC*	I/O
B17	I/O	I/O
B18	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
B19	I/O	I/O
B20	I/O	I/O
B21	NC*	I/O
B22	NC*	I/O
B23	NC*	I/O
B24	NC*	I/O
B25	I/O	I/O
B26	NC*	NC
C1	NC*	I/O
C2	NC*	I/O
C3	NC*	I/O
C4	NC*	I/O
C5	I/O	I/O
C6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C7	I/O	I/O
C8	I/O	I/O
C9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C10	I/O	I/O
C11	I/O	I/O
C12	I/O	I/O
C13	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
C14	I/O	I/O
C15	I/O	QCLKD
C16	I/O	I/O
C17	I/O	I/O
C18	I/O	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

Datasheet Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheets are published before data has been fully characterized. Datasheets are designated as "Product Brief," "Advanced," "Production," and "Datasheet Supplement." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advanced or production) containing general product information. This brief gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advanced

This datasheet version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production.

Unmarked (production)

This datasheet version contains information that is considered to be final.

Datasheet Supplement

The datasheet supplement gives specific device information for a derivative family that differs from the general family datasheet. The supplement is to be used in conjunction with the datasheet to obtain more detailed information and for specifications that do not differ between the two families.

International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and Export Administration Regulations (EAR)

The products described in this datasheet are subject to the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) or the Export Administration Regulations (EAR). They may require an approved export license prior to their export. An export can include a release or disclosure to a foreign national inside or outside the United States.