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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	768
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	81
Number of Gates	12000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx08a-tqg100i

Temperature Grade Offering

Package	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
PQ208	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M
TQ100	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
TQ144	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
TQ176			C,I,M	
BG329			C,I,M	
FG144	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
FG256		C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M
FG484			C,I,M	C,I,A,M
CQ208			C,M,B	C,M,B
CQ256			C,M,B	C,M,B

Notes:

1. C = Commercial
2. I = Industrial
3. A = Automotive
4. M = Military
5. B = MIL-STD-883 Class B
6. For more information regarding automotive products, refer to the SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet.
7. For more information regarding Mil-Temp and ceramic packages, refer to the HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs datasheet.

Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix

	F	Std	-1	-2	-3
Commercial	✓	✓	✓	✓	Discontinued
Industrial		✓	✓	✓	Discontinued
Automotive		✓			
Military		✓	✓		
MIL-STD-883B		✓	✓		

Notes:

1. For more information regarding automotive products, refer to the SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet.
2. For more information regarding Mil-Temp and ceramic packages, refer to the HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs datasheet.

Contact your Actel Sales representative for more information on availability.

Table of Contents

General Description

Introduction	1-1
SX-A Family Architecture	1-1
Other Architectural Features	1-7
Programming	1-13
Related Documents	1-14
Pin Description	1-15

Detailed Specifications

Operating Conditions	2-1
Typical SX-A Standby Current	2-1
Electrical Specifications	2-2
PCI Compliance for the SX-A Family	2-3
Thermal Characteristics	2-11
SX-A Timing Model	2-14
Sample Path Calculations	2-14
Output Buffer Delays	2-15
AC Test Loads	2-15
Input Buffer Delays	2-16
C-Cell Delays	2-16
Cell Timing Characteristics	2-16
Timing Characteristics	2-17
Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors	2-17
Timing Characteristics	2-18

Package Pin Assignments

208-Pin PQFP	3-1
100-Pin TQFP	3-5
144-Pin TQFP	3-8
176-Pin TQFP	3-11
329-Pin PBGA	3-14
144-Pin FBGA	3-18
256-Pin FBGA	3-21
484-Pin FBGA	3-26

Datasheet Information

List of Changes	4-1
Datasheet Categories	4-3
International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and Export Administration Regulations (EAR)	4-3

General Description

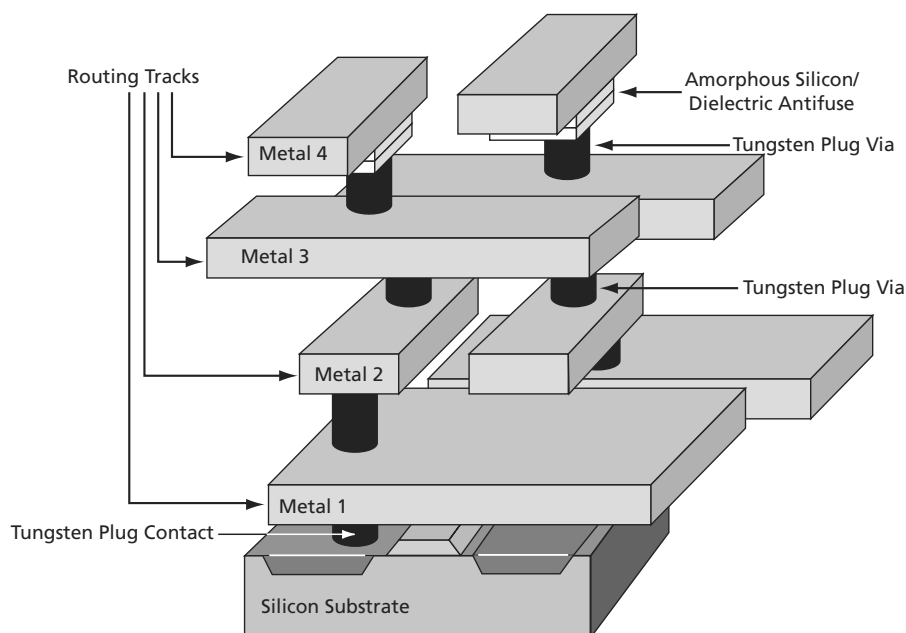
Introduction

The Actel SX-A family of FPGAs offers a cost-effective, single-chip solution for low-power, high-performance designs. Fabricated on 0.22 μm / 0.25 μm CMOS antifuse technology and with the support of 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5 V I/Os, the SX-A is a versatile platform to integrate designs while significantly reducing time-to-market.

SX-A Family Architecture

The SX-A family's device architecture provides a unique approach to module organization and chip routing that satisfies performance requirements and delivers the most optimal register/logic mix for a wide variety of applications.

Interconnection between these logic modules is achieved using Actel's patented metal-to-metal programmable antifuse interconnect elements (Figure 1-1). The antifuses are normally open circuit and, when programmed, form a permanent low-impedance connection.



Note: The A54SX72A device has four layers of metal with the antifuse between Metal 3 and Metal 4. The A54SX08A, A54SX16A, and A54SX32A devices have three layers of metal with the antifuse between Metal 2 and Metal 3.

Figure 1-1 • SX-A Family Interconnect Elements

Boundary-Scan Testing (BST)

All SX-A devices are IEEE 1149.1 compliant and offer superior diagnostic and testing capabilities by providing Boundary Scan Testing (BST) and probing capabilities. The BST function is controlled through the special JTAG pins (TMS, TDI, TCK, TDO, and TRST). The functionality of the JTAG pins is defined by two available modes: Dedicated and Flexible. TMS cannot be employed as a user I/O in either mode.

Dedicated Mode

In Dedicated mode, all JTAG pins are reserved for BST; designers cannot use them as regular I/Os. An internal pull-up resistor is automatically enabled on both TMS and TDI pins, and the TMS pin will function as defined in the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) specification.

To select Dedicated mode, the user must reserve the JTAG pins in Actel's Designer software. Reserve the JTAG pins by checking the **Reserve JTAG** box in the Device Selection Wizard (Figure 1-12).

The default for the software is Flexible mode; all boxes are unchecked. Table 1-5 lists the definitions of the options in the Device Selection Wizard.

Flexible Mode

In Flexible mode, TDI, TCK, and TDO may be employed as either user I/Os or as JTAG input pins. The internal resistors on the TMS and TDI pins are not present in flexible JTAG mode.

To select the Flexible mode, uncheck the **Reserve JTAG** box in the Device Selection Wizard dialog in the Actel Designer software. In Flexible mode, TDI, TCK, and TDO pins may function as user I/Os or BST pins. The functionality is controlled by the BST Test Access Port (TAP) controller. The TAP controller receives two control inputs, TMS and TCK. Upon power-up, the TAP controller enters the Test-Logic-Reset state. In this state, TDI, TCK, and TDO function as user I/Os. The TDI, TCK, and TDO are transformed from user I/Os into BST pins when a rising edge on TCK is detected while TMS is at logic low. To return to Test-Logic Reset state, TMS must be high for at least five TCK cycles. **An external 10 k pull-up resistor to V_{CC} should be placed on the TMS pin to pull it High by default.**

Table 1-6 describes the different configuration requirements of BST pins and their functionality in different modes.

Table 1-6 • Boundary-Scan Pin Configurations and Functions

Mode	Designer "Reserve JTAG" Selection	TAP Controller State
Dedicated (JTAG)	Checked	Any
Flexible (User I/O)	Unchecked	Test-Logic-Reset
Flexible (JTAG)	Unchecked	Any EXCEPT Test-Logic-Reset

Figure 1-12 • Device Selection Wizard

Table 1-5 • Reserve Pin Definitions

Pin	Function
Reserve JTAG	Keeps pins from being used and changes the behavior of JTAG pins (no pull-up on TMS)
Reserve JTAG Test Reset	Regular I/O or JTAG reset with an internal pull-up
Reserve Probe	Keeps pins from being used or regular I/O

TRST Pin

The TRST pin functions as a dedicated Boundary-Scan Reset pin when the **Reserve JTAG Test Reset** option is selected as shown in Figure 1-12. An internal pull-up resistor is permanently enabled on the TRST pin in this mode. Actel recommends connecting this pin to ground in normal operation to keep the JTAG state controller in the Test-Logic-Reset state. When JTAG is being used, it can be left floating or can be driven high.

When the **Reserve JTAG Test Reset** option is not selected, this pin will function as a regular I/O. If unused as an I/O in the design, it will be configured as a tristated output.

SX-A Probe Circuit Control Pins

SX-A devices contain internal probing circuitry that provides built-in access to every node in a design, enabling 100% real-time observation and analysis of a device's internal logic nodes without design iteration. The probe circuitry is accessed by Silicon Explorer II, an easy to use, integrated verification and logic analysis tool that can sample data at 100 MHz (asynchronous) or 66 MHz (synchronous). Silicon Explorer II attaches to a PC's standard COM port, turning the PC into a fully functional 18-channel logic analyzer. Silicon Explorer II allows designers to complete the design verification process at their desks and reduces verification time from several hours per cycle to a few seconds.

The Silicon Explorer II tool uses the boundary-scan ports (TDI, TCK, TMS, and TDO) to select the desired nets for verification. The selected internal nets are assigned to the

PRA/PRB pins for observation. Figure 1-13 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and the FPGA to perform in-circuit verification.

Design Considerations

In order to preserve device probing capabilities, users should avoid using the TDI, TCK, TDO, PRA, and PRB pins as input or bidirectional ports. Since these pins are active during probing, critical input signals through these pins are not available. In addition, the security fuse must not be programmed to preserve probing capabilities. Actel recommends that you use a 70 Ω series termination resistor on every probe connector (TDI, TCK, TMS, TDO, PRA, PRB). The 70 Ω series termination is used to prevent data transmission corruption during probing and reading back the checksum.

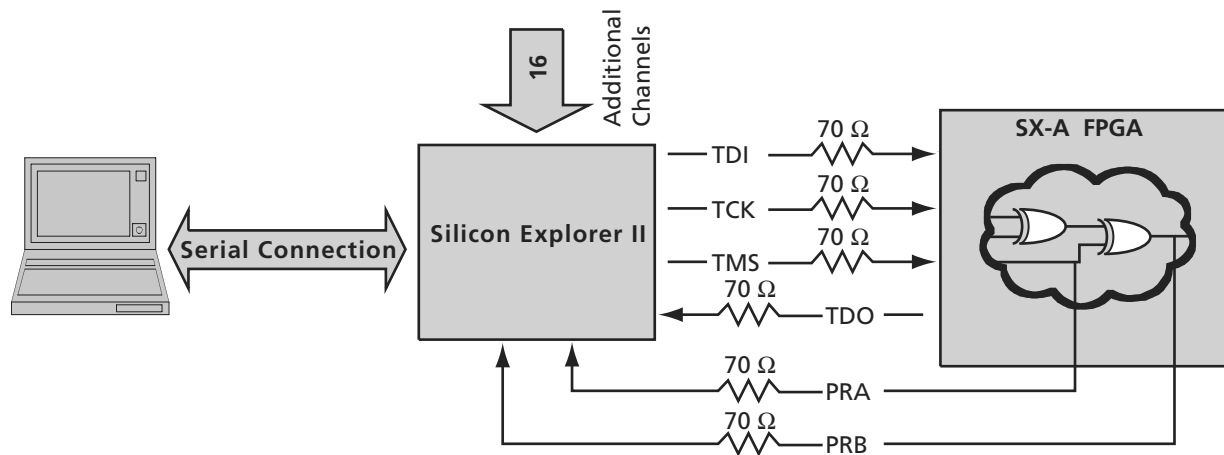


Figure 1-13 • Probe Setup

Detailed Specifications

Operating Conditions

Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
V_{CCI}	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	−0.3 to +6.0	V
V_{CCA}	DC Supply Voltage for Arrays	−0.3 to +3.0	V
V_I	Input Voltage	−0.5 to +5.75	V
V_O	Output Voltage	−0.5 to + V_{CCI} + 0.5	V
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	−65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the "Recommended Operating Conditions".

Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Units
Temperature Range	0 to +70	−40 to +85	°C
2.5 V Power Supply Range (V_{CCA} and V_{CCI})	2.25 to 2.75	2.25 to 2.75	V
3.3 V Power Supply Range (V_{CCI})	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
5 V Power Supply Range (V_{CCI})	4.75 to 5.25	4.75 to 5.25	V

Typical SX-A Standby Current

Table 2-3 • Typical Standby Current for SX-A at 25°C with $V_{CCA} = 2.5$ V

Product	$V_{CCI} = 2.5$ V	$V_{CCI} = 3.3$ V	$V_{CCI} = 5$ V
A54SX08A	0.8 mA	1.0 mA	2.9 mA
A54SX16A	0.8 mA	1.0 mA	2.9 mA
A54SX32A	0.9 mA	1.0 mA	3.0 mA
A54SX72A	3.6 mA	3.8 mA	4.5 mA

Table 2-4 • Supply Voltages

V_{CCA}	V_{CCI}^*	Maximum Input Tolerance	Maximum Output Drive
2.5 V	2.5 V	5.75 V	2.7 V
2.5 V	3.3 V	5.75 V	3.6 V
2.5 V	5 V	5.75 V	5.25 V

Note: *3.3 V PCI is not 5 V tolerant due to the clamp diode, but instead is 3.3 V tolerant.

Where:

- C_{EQCM} = Equivalent capacitance of combinatorial modules (C-cells) in pF
 C_{EQSM} = Equivalent capacitance of sequential modules (R-Cells) in pF
 C_{EQI} = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF
 C_{EQO} = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF
 C_{EQCR} = Equivalent capacitance of CLKA/B in pF
 C_{EQHV} = Variable capacitance of HCLK in pF
 C_{EQHF} = Fixed capacitance of HCLK in pF
 C_L = Output lead capacitance in pF
 f_m = Average logic module switching rate in MHz
 f_n = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz
 f_p = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz
 f_{q1} = Average CLKA rate in MHz
 f_{q2} = Average CLKB rate in MHz
 f_{s1} = Average HCLK rate in MHz
 m = Number of logic modules switching at f_m
 n = Number of input buffers switching at f_n
 p = Number of output buffers switching at f_p
 q_1 = Number of clock loads on CLKA
 q_2 = Number of clock loads on CLKB
 r_1 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKA
 r_2 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKB
 s_1 = Number of clock loads on HCLK
 x = Number of I/Os at logic low
 y = Number of I/Os at logic high

Table 2-11 • CEQ Values for SX-A Devices

	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
Combinatorial modules (C_{EQCM})	1.70 pF	2.00 pF	2.00 pF	1.80 pF
Sequential modules (C_{EQSM})	1.50 pF	1.50 pF	1.30 pF	1.50 pF
Input buffers (C_{EQI})	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF
Output buffers (C_{EQO})	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF
Routed array clocks (C_{EQCR})	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF
Dedicated array clocks – variable (C_{EQHV})	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF
Dedicated array clocks – fixed (C_{EQHF})	30.00 pF	55.00 pF	110.00 pF	240.00 pF
Routed array clock A (r_1)	35.00 pF	50.00 pF	90.00 pF	310.00 pF

Table 2-35 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed ¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V PCI		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V PCI		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.6	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V TTL		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V TTL		0.9		1.1		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays³												
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		1	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		0.5		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		0.7		0.9		1		1.1		1.5	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.2		1.5		1.7		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay		1.7		2.2		2.5		3		4.2	ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-37 • **A54SX72A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.8	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.8	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	3.0		3.4		4.0		4.6		6.4		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		333		294		250		217		156	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.8		3.3		3.7		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.9		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.2	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.9		2.2		2.5		3		4.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9	ns
Quadrant Array Clock Networks												
t _{QCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7		2		2.8	ns
t _{QCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1	ns
t _{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.5		1.8		2		2.3		3.2	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-38 • **A54SX72A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.4		3.8	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.8	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	3.0		3.4		4.0		4.6		6.4		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		333		294		250		217		156	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.5		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.6		3.0		3.4		3.9		5.5	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		3.2		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.8	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.1	ns
Quadrant Array Clock Networks												
t _{QCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.6	ns
t _{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{QCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Package Pin Assignments

208-Pin PQFP

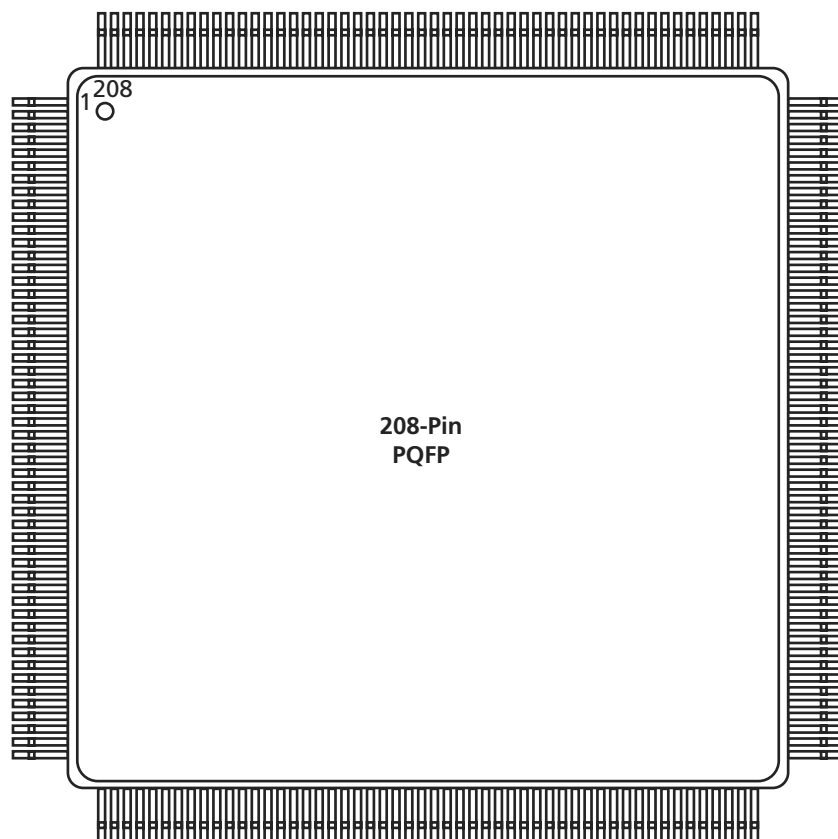


Figure 3-1 • 208-Pin PQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

100-Pin TQFP

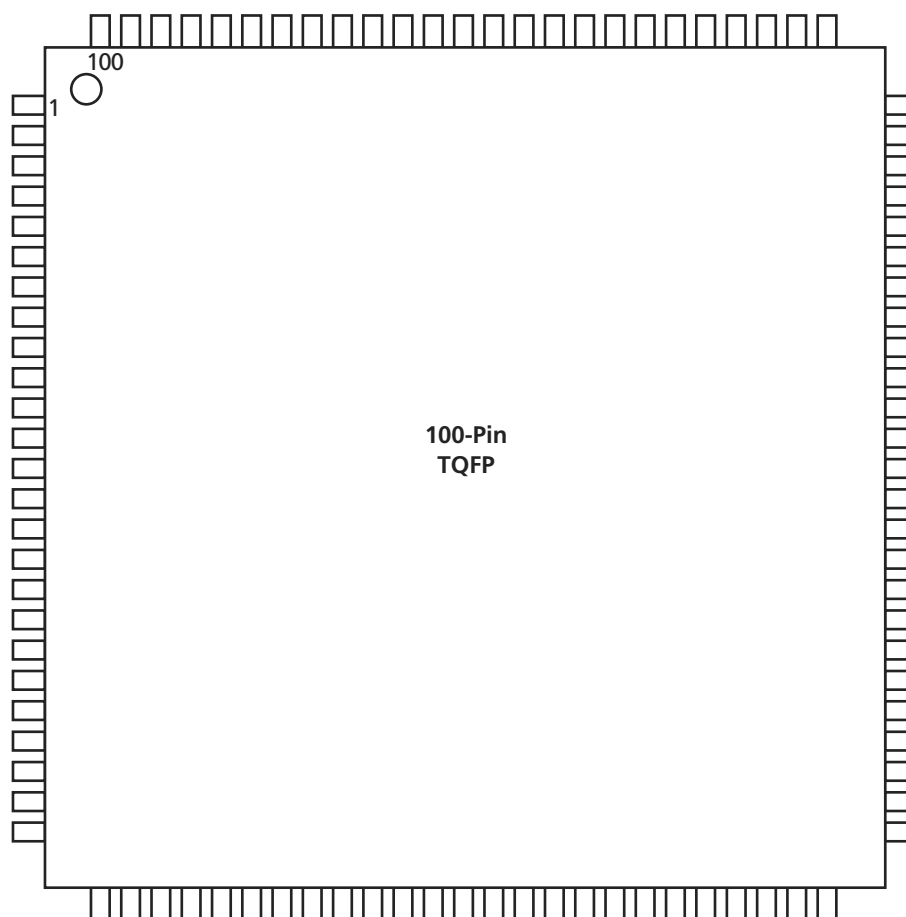


Figure 3-2 • 100-Pin TQFP

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin TQFP

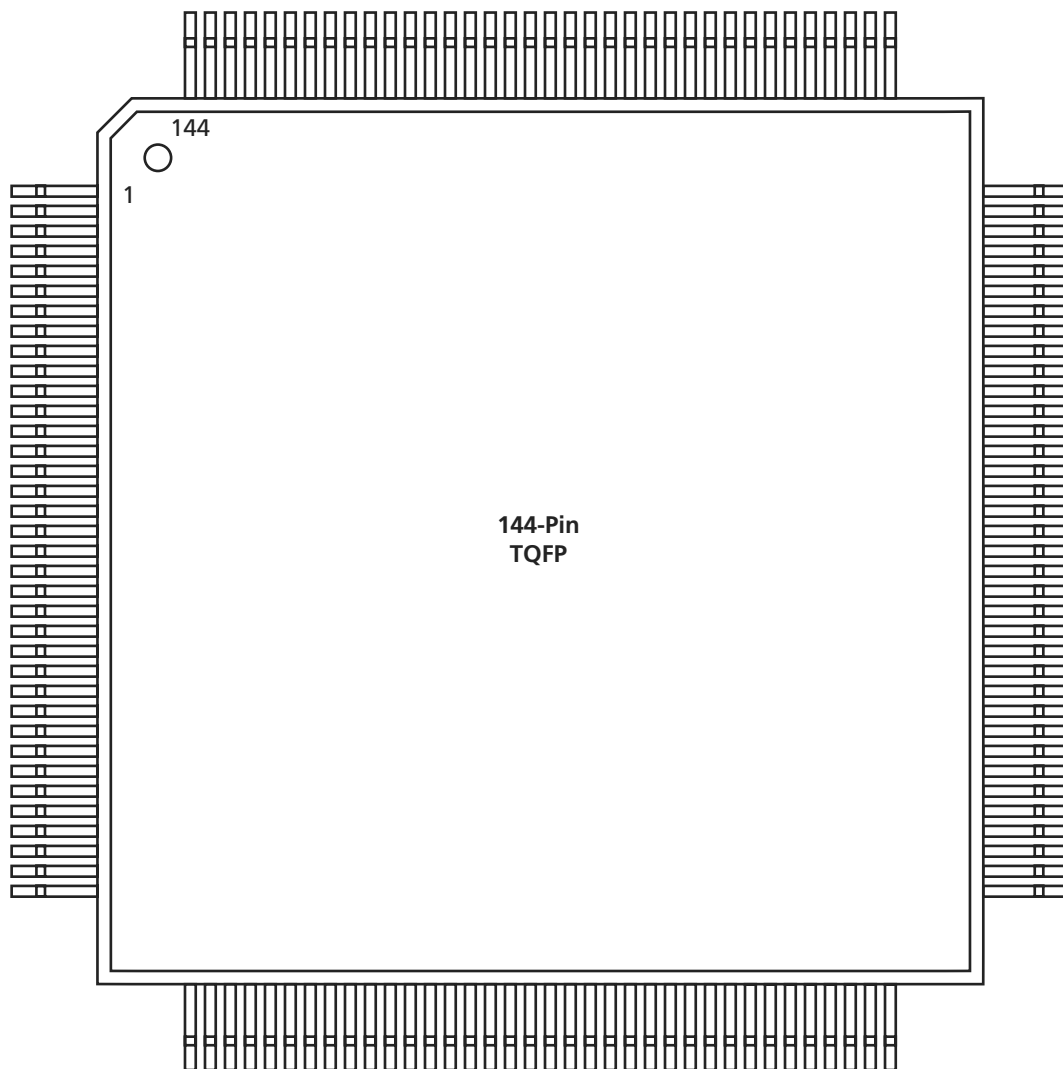


Figure 3-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
D11	V _{CCA}
D12	NC
D13	I/O
D14	I/O
D15	I/O
D16	I/O
D17	I/O
D18	I/O
D19	I/O
D20	I/O
D21	I/O
D22	I/O
D23	I/O
E1	V _{CCI}
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	I/O
E20	I/O
E21	I/O
E22	I/O
E23	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	TMS
F3	I/O
F4	I/O
F20	I/O
F21	I/O
F22	I/O
F23	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	I/O
G20	I/O
G21	I/O
G22	I/O
G23	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
H20	V _{CCA}
H21	I/O
H22	I/O
H23	I/O
J1	NC
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	I/O
J20	I/O
J21	I/O
J22	I/O
J23	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	I/O
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	GND
K20	I/O
K21	I/O
K22	I/O
K23	I/O
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	I/O
L4	NC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
L14	GND
L20	NC
L21	I/O
L22	I/O
L23	NC
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	V _{CCA}
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	GND
M20	V _{CCA}
M21	I/O
M22	I/O
M23	V _{CCI}
N1	I/O
N2	TRST, I/O
N3	I/O
N4	I/O
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
N20	NC
N21	I/O
N22	I/O
N23	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	I/O
P10	GND
P11	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND
P20	I/O
P21	I/O
P22	I/O
P23	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	I/O
R20	I/O
R21	I/O
R22	I/O
R23	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T20	I/O
T21	I/O
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V _{CCA}
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V _{CCA}
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V _{CCI}
V2	I/O
V3	I/O
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O

144-Pin FBGA

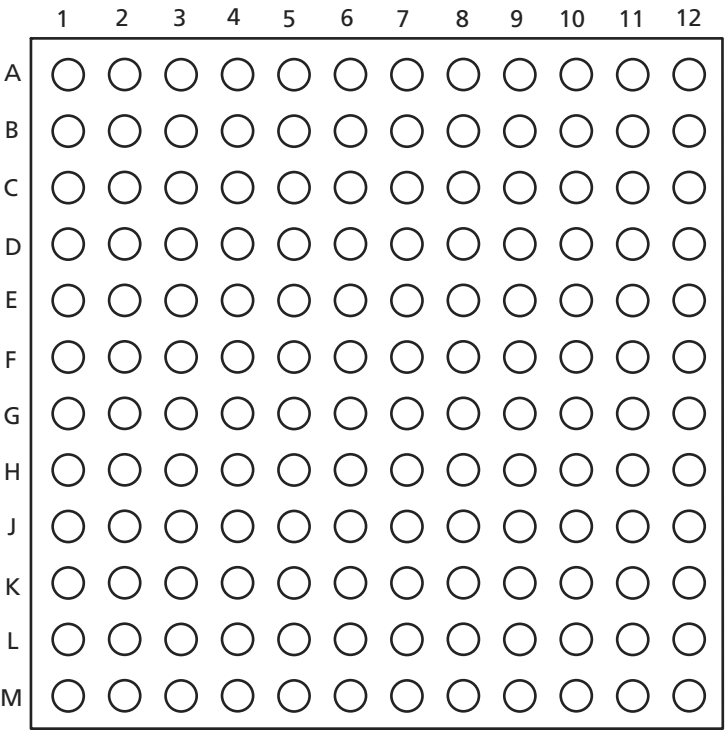


Figure 3-6 • 144-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
G1	I/O	I/O	I/O
G2	GND	GND	GND
G3	I/O	I/O	I/O
G4	I/O	I/O	I/O
G5	GND	GND	GND
G6	GND	GND	GND
G7	GND	GND	GND
G8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
G9	I/O	I/O	I/O
G10	I/O	I/O	I/O
G11	I/O	I/O	I/O
G12	I/O	I/O	I/O
H1	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
H2	I/O	I/O	I/O
H3	I/O	I/O	I/O
H4	I/O	I/O	I/O
H5	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
H6	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
H7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H9	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
H10	I/O	I/O	I/O
H11	I/O	I/O	I/O
H12	NC	NC	NC
J1	I/O	I/O	I/O
J2	I/O	I/O	I/O
J3	I/O	I/O	I/O
J4	I/O	I/O	I/O
J5	I/O	I/O	I/O
J6	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
J7	I/O	I/O	I/O
J8	I/O	I/O	I/O
J9	I/O	I/O	I/O
J10	I/O	I/O	I/O
J11	I/O	I/O	I/O
J12	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

144-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
K1	I/O	I/O	I/O
K2	I/O	I/O	I/O
K3	I/O	I/O	I/O
K4	I/O	I/O	I/O
K5	I/O	I/O	I/O
K6	I/O	I/O	I/O
K7	GND	GND	GND
K8	I/O	I/O	I/O
K9	I/O	I/O	I/O
K10	GND	GND	GND
K11	I/O	I/O	I/O
K12	I/O	I/O	I/O
L1	GND	GND	GND
L2	I/O	I/O	I/O
L3	I/O	I/O	I/O
L4	I/O	I/O	I/O
L5	I/O	I/O	I/O
L6	I/O	I/O	I/O
L7	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
L8	I/O	I/O	I/O
L9	I/O	I/O	I/O
L10	I/O	I/O	I/O
L11	I/O	I/O	I/O
L12	I/O	I/O	I/O
M1	I/O	I/O	I/O
M2	I/O	I/O	I/O
M3	I/O	I/O	I/O
M4	I/O	I/O	I/O
M5	I/O	I/O	I/O
M6	I/O	I/O	I/O
M7	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
M8	I/O	I/O	I/O
M9	I/O	I/O	I/O
M10	I/O	I/O	I/O
M11	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
M12	I/O	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA

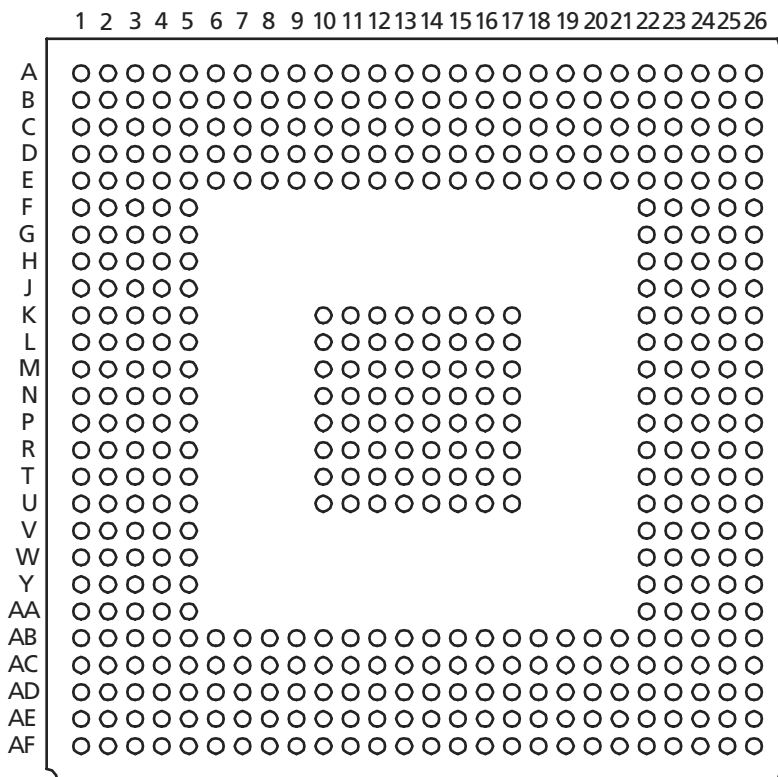


Figure 3-8 • 484-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
C19	I/O	I/O
C20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C21	I/O	I/O
C22	I/O	I/O
C23	I/O	I/O
C24	I/O	I/O
C25	NC*	I/O
C26	NC*	I/O
D1	NC*	I/O
D2	TMS	TMS
D3	I/O	I/O
D4	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
D5	NC*	I/O
D6	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
D7	I/O	I/O
D8	I/O	I/O
D9	I/O	I/O
D10	I/O	I/O
D11	I/O	I/O
D12	I/O	QCLKC
D13	I/O	I/O
D14	I/O	I/O
D15	I/O	I/O
D16	I/O	I/O
D17	I/O	I/O
D18	I/O	I/O
D19	I/O	I/O
D20	I/O	I/O
D21	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
D22	GND	GND
D23	I/O	I/O
D24	I/O	I/O
D25	NC*	I/O
D26	NC*	I/O
E1	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
E2	NC*	I/O
E3	I/O	I/O
E4	I/O	I/O
E5	GND	GND
E6	TDI, IO	TDI, IO
E7	I/O	I/O
E8	I/O	I/O
E9	I/O	I/O
E10	I/O	I/O
E11	I/O	I/O
E12	I/O	I/O
E13	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
E14	CLKB	CLKB
E15	I/O	I/O
E16	I/O	I/O
E17	I/O	I/O
E18	I/O	I/O
E19	I/O	I/O
E20	I/O	I/O
E21	I/O	I/O
E22	I/O	I/O
E23	I/O	I/O
E24	I/O	I/O
E25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
E26	GND	GND
F1	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F2	NC*	I/O
F3	NC*	I/O
F4	I/O	I/O
F5	I/O	I/O
F22	I/O	I/O
F23	I/O	I/O
F24	I/O	I/O
F25	I/O	I/O
F26	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
G1	NC*	I/O
G2	NC*	I/O
G3	NC*	I/O
G4	I/O	I/O
G5	I/O	I/O
G22	I/O	I/O
G23	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
G24	I/O	I/O
G25	NC*	I/O
G26	NC*	I/O
H1	NC*	I/O
H2	NC*	I/O
H3	I/O	I/O
H4	I/O	I/O
H5	I/O	I/O
H22	I/O	I/O
H23	I/O	I/O
H24	I/O	I/O
H25	NC*	I/O
H26	NC*	I/O
J1	NC*	I/O
J2	NC*	I/O
J3	I/O	I/O
J4	I/O	I/O
J5	I/O	I/O
J22	I/O	I/O
J23	I/O	I/O
J24	I/O	I/O
J25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J26	NC*	I/O
K1	I/O	I/O
K2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
K3	I/O	I/O
K4	I/O	I/O
K5	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
K10	GND	GND
K11	GND	GND
K12	GND	GND
K13	GND	GND
K14	GND	GND
K15	GND	GND
K16	GND	GND
K17	GND	GND
K22	I/O	I/O
K23	I/O	I/O
K24	NC *	NC
K25	NC *	I/O
K26	NC *	I/O
L1	NC *	I/O
L2	NC *	I/O
L3	I/O	I/O
L4	I/O	I/O
L5	I/O	I/O
L10	GND	GND
L11	GND	GND
L12	GND	GND
L13	GND	GND
L14	GND	GND
L15	GND	GND
L16	GND	GND
L17	GND	GND
L22	I/O	I/O
L23	I/O	I/O
L24	I/O	I/O
L25	I/O	I/O
L26	I/O	I/O
M1	NC *	NC
M2	I/O	I/O
M3	I/O	I/O
M4	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
M5	I/O	I/O
M10	GND	GND
M11	GND	GND
M12	GND	GND
M13	GND	GND
M14	GND	GND
M15	GND	GND
M16	GND	GND
M17	GND	GND
M22	I/O	I/O
M23	I/O	I/O
M24	I/O	I/O
M25	NC *	I/O
M26	NC *	I/O
N1	I/O	I/O
N2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
N3	I/O	I/O
N4	I/O	I/O
N5	I/O	I/O
N10	GND	GND
N11	GND	GND
N12	GND	GND
N13	GND	GND
N14	GND	GND
N15	GND	GND
N16	GND	GND
N17	GND	GND
N22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
N23	I/O	I/O
N24	I/O	I/O
N25	I/O	I/O
N26	NC *	NC
P1	NC *	I/O
P2	NC *	I/O
P3	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
P4	I/O	I/O
P5	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
P10	GND	GND
P11	GND	GND
P12	GND	GND
P13	GND	GND
P14	GND	GND
P15	GND	GND
P16	GND	GND
P17	GND	GND
P22	I/O	I/O
P23	I/O	I/O
P24	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
P25	I/O	I/O
P26	I/O	I/O
R1	NC *	I/O
R2	NC *	I/O
R3	I/O	I/O
R4	I/O	I/O
R5	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
R10	GND	GND
R11	GND	GND
R12	GND	GND
R13	GND	GND
R14	GND	GND
R15	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND
R17	GND	GND
R22	I/O	I/O
R23	I/O	I/O
R24	I/O	I/O
R25	NC *	I/O
R26	NC *	I/O
T1	NC *	I/O
T2	NC *	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

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