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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1452
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	81
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx16a-1tqg100

Boundary-Scan Testing (BST)

All SX-A devices are IEEE 1149.1 compliant and offer superior diagnostic and testing capabilities by providing Boundary Scan Testing (BST) and probing capabilities. The BST function is controlled through the special JTAG pins (TMS, TDI, TCK, TDO, and TRST). The functionality of the JTAG pins is defined by two available modes: Dedicated and Flexible. TMS cannot be employed as a user I/O in either mode.

Dedicated Mode

In Dedicated mode, all JTAG pins are reserved for BST; designers cannot use them as regular I/Os. An internal pull-up resistor is automatically enabled on both TMS and TDI pins, and the TMS pin will function as defined in the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) specification.

To select Dedicated mode, the user must reserve the JTAG pins in Actel's Designer software. Reserve the JTAG pins by checking the **Reserve JTAG** box in the Device Selection Wizard (Figure 1-12).

The default for the software is Flexible mode; all boxes are unchecked. Table 1-5 lists the definitions of the options in the Device Selection Wizard.

Flexible Mode

In Flexible mode, TDI, TCK, and TDO may be employed as either user I/Os or as JTAG input pins. The internal resistors on the TMS and TDI pins are not present in flexible JTAG mode.

To select the Flexible mode, uncheck the **Reserve JTAG** box in the Device Selection Wizard dialog in the Actel Designer software. In Flexible mode, TDI, TCK, and TDO pins may function as user I/Os or BST pins. The functionality is controlled by the BST Test Access Port (TAP) controller. The TAP controller receives two control inputs, TMS and TCK. Upon power-up, the TAP controller enters the Test-Logic-Reset state. In this state, TDI, TCK, and TDO function as user I/Os. The TDI, TCK, and TDO are transformed from user I/Os into BST pins when a rising edge on TCK is detected while TMS is at logic low. To return to Test-Logic Reset state, TMS must be high for at least five TCK cycles. **An external 10 k pull-up resistor to V_{CC1} should be placed on the TMS pin to pull it High by default.**

Table 1-6 describes the different configuration requirements of BST pins and their functionality in different modes.

Table 1-6 • Boundary-Scan Pin Configurations and Functions

Mode	Designer "Reserve JTAG" Selection	TAP Controller State
Dedicated (JTAG)	Checked	Any
Flexible (User I/O)	Unchecked	Test-Logic-Reset
Flexible (JTAG)	Unchecked	Any EXCEPT Test-Logic-Reset

Figure 1-12 • Device Selection Wizard

Table 1-5 • Reserve Pin Definitions

Pin	Function
Reserve JTAG	Keeps pins from being used and changes the behavior of JTAG pins (no pull-up on TMS)
Reserve JTAG Test Reset	Regular I/O or JTAG reset with an internal pull-up
Reserve Probe	Keeps pins from being used or regular I/O

TRST Pin

The TRST pin functions as a dedicated Boundary-Scan Reset pin when the **Reserve JTAG Test Reset** option is selected as shown in Figure 1-12. An internal pull-up resistor is permanently enabled on the TRST pin in this mode. Actel recommends connecting this pin to ground in normal operation to keep the JTAG state controller in the Test-Logic-Reset state. When JTAG is being used, it can be left floating or can be driven high.

When the **Reserve JTAG Test Reset** option is not selected, this pin will function as a regular I/O. If unused as an I/O in the design, it will be configured as a tristated output.

Probing Capabilities

SX-A devices also provide an internal probing capability that is accessed with the JTAG pins. The Silicon Explorer II diagnostic hardware is used to control the TDI, TCK, TMS, and TDO pins to select the desired nets for debugging. The user assigns the selected internal nets in Actel Silicon Explorer II software to the PRA/PRB output pins for observation. Silicon Explorer II automatically places the device into JTAG mode. However, probing functionality is only activated when the TRST pin is driven high or left floating, allowing the internal pull-up resistor to pull TRST High. If the TRST pin is held Low, the TAP controller remains in the Test-Logic-Reset state so no probing can be performed. However, the user must drive the TRST pin High or allow the internal pull-up resistor to pull TRST High.

When selecting the **Reserve Probe Pin** box as shown in Figure 1-12 on page 1-9, direct the layout tool to reserve the PRA and PRB pins as dedicated outputs for probing. This **Reserve** option is merely a guideline. If the designer assigns user I/Os to the PRA and PRB pins and selects the **Reserve Probe Pin** option, Designer Layout will override the **Reserve Probe Pin** option and place the user I/Os on those pins.

To allow probing capabilities, the security fuse must not be programmed. Programming the security fuse disables the JTAG and probe circuitry. Table 1-9 summarizes the possible device configurations for probing once the device leaves the Test-Logic-Reset JTAG state.

Table 1-9 • Device Configuration Options for Probe Capability (TRST Pin Reserved)

JTAG Mode	TRST ¹	Security Fuse Programmed	PRA, PRB ²	TDI, TCK, TDO ²
Dedicated	Low	No	User I/O ³	JTAG Disabled
	High	No	Probe Circuit Outputs	JTAG I/O
Flexible	Low	No	User I/O ³	User I/O ³
	High	No	Probe Circuit Outputs	JTAG I/O
		Yes	Probe Circuit Secured	Probe Circuit Secured

Notes:

1. If the TRST pin is not reserved, the device behaves according to TRST = High as described in the table.
2. Avoid using the TDI, TCK, TDO, PRA, and PRB pins as input or bidirectional ports. Since these pins are active during probing, input signals will not pass through these pins and may cause contention.
3. If no user signal is assigned to these pins, they will behave as unused I/Os in this mode. Unused pins are automatically tristated by the Designer software.

Related Documents

Application Notes

Global Clock Networks in Actel's Antifuse Devices

http://www.actel.com/documents/GlobalClk_AN.pdf

Using A54SX72A and RT54SX72S Quadrant Clocks

http://www.actel.com/documents/QCLK_AN.pdf

Implementation of Security in Actel Antifuse FPGAs

http://www.actel.com/documents/Antifuse_Security_AN.pdf

Actel eX, SX-A, and RTSX-S I/Os

http://www.actel.com/documents/AntifuseIO_AN.pdf

Actel SX-A and RT54SX-S Devices in Hot-Swap and Cold-Sparing Applications

http://www.actel.com/documents/HotSwapColdSparing_AN.pdf

Programming Antifuse Devices

http://www.actel.com/documents/AntifuseProgram_AN.pdf

Datasheets

HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs

http://www.actel.com/documents/HRSXA_DS.pdf

SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs

http://www.actel.com/documents/SXA_Auto_DS.pdf

User's Guides

Silicon Sculptor User's Guide

http://www.actel.com/documents/SiliSculptII_Sculpt3_ug.pdf

Output Buffer Delays

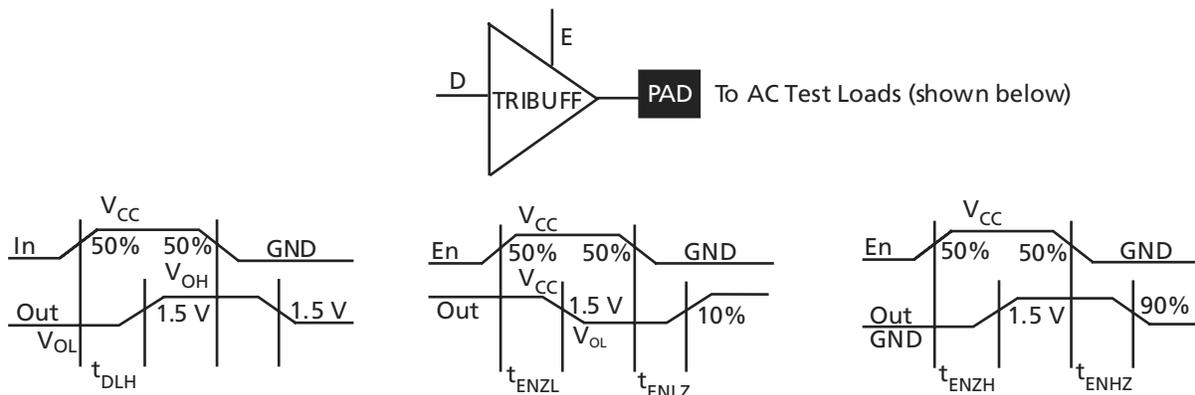


Figure 2-4 • Output Buffer Delays

AC Test Loads

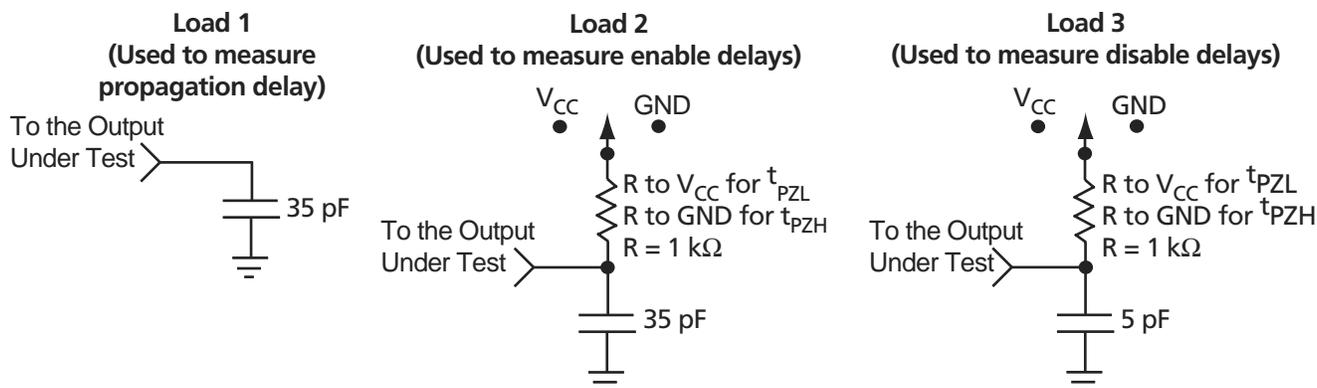


Figure 2-5 • AC Test Loads

Timing Characteristics

Timing characteristics for SX-A devices fall into three categories: family-dependent, device-dependent, and design-dependent. The input and output buffer characteristics are common to all SX-A family members. Internal routing delays are device-dependent. Design dependency means actual delays are not determined until after placement and routing of the user's design are complete. The timing characteristics listed in this datasheet represent sample timing numbers of the SX-A devices. Design-specific delay values may be determined by using Timer or performing simulation after successful place-and-route with the Designer software.

Critical Nets and Typical Nets

Propagation delays are expressed only for typical nets, which are used for initial design performance evaluation. Critical net delays can then be applied to the most timing-critical paths. Critical nets are determined by net property assignment prior to placement and routing. Up to 6 percent of the nets in a design may be designated as critical, while 90 percent of the nets in a design are typical.

Long Tracks

Some nets in the design use long tracks. Long tracks are special routing resources that span multiple rows, columns, or modules. Long tracks employ three to five antifuse connections. This increases capacitance and resistance, resulting in longer net delays for macros connected to long tracks. Typically, up to 6 percent of nets in a fully utilized device require long tracks. Long tracks contribute approximately 4 ns to 8.4 ns delay. This additional delay is represented statistically in higher fanout routing delays.

Timing Derating

SX-A devices are manufactured with a CMOS process. Therefore, device performance varies according to temperature, voltage, and process changes. Minimum timing parameters reflect maximum operating voltage, minimum operating temperature, and best-case processing. Maximum timing parameters reflect minimum operating voltage, maximum operating temperature, and worst-case processing.

Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

Table 2-13 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors
(Normalized to Worst-Case Commercial, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$)

V_{CCA}	Junction Temperature (T_J)						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
2.250 V	0.79	0.80	0.87	0.89	1.00	1.04	1.14
2.500 V	0.74	0.75	0.82	0.83	0.94	0.97	1.07
2.750 V	0.68	0.69	0.75	0.77	0.87	0.90	0.99

Table 2-14 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V PCI		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V PCI		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V TTL		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V TTL		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²										
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1		1.4	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.4		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay		2		2.2		2.6		3.6	ns

Notes:

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-30 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		357		313		278		238		172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		5	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.7	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.1	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-31 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		357		313		278		238		172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.1		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.5	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.7	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.2	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-34 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed ¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing²												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.5	ns			
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.5	5.9	ns				
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	4.5	ns				
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns			
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns					
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns					
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.032	ns/pF					
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.026	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.052	ns/pF					
5 V TTL Output Module Timing⁴												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns					
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns					
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.6	7.6	8.6	10.1	14.2	ns					
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns					
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.0	15.4	ns					
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns					
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	7.8	ns					
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns					
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.014	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.031	ns/pF					
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.023	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.051	ns/pF					
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.089	ns/pF					

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-38 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.4		3.4	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t_{QPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t_{QPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.2		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-40 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed ¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
3.3 V PCI Output Module Timing²											
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.6	5.0	ns				
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns				
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.1	ns				
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.6	5.0	ns				
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns				
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns				
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF				
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF				
3.3 V LVTTL Output Module Timing⁴											
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	3.2	3.7	4.2	5.0	6.9	ns				
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.2	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.9	ns				
t_{DHLs}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	10.3	11.9	13.5	15.8	22.2	ns				
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	ns				
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	15.8	18.9	21.3	25.4	34.9	ns				
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.2	3.7	4.2	5.0	6.9	ns				
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.2	ns				
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.2	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.9	ns				
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF				
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF				
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.053	0.053	0.067	0.073	0.107	ns/pF				

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 10 pF loading and 25 Ω resistance.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

100-Pin TQFP

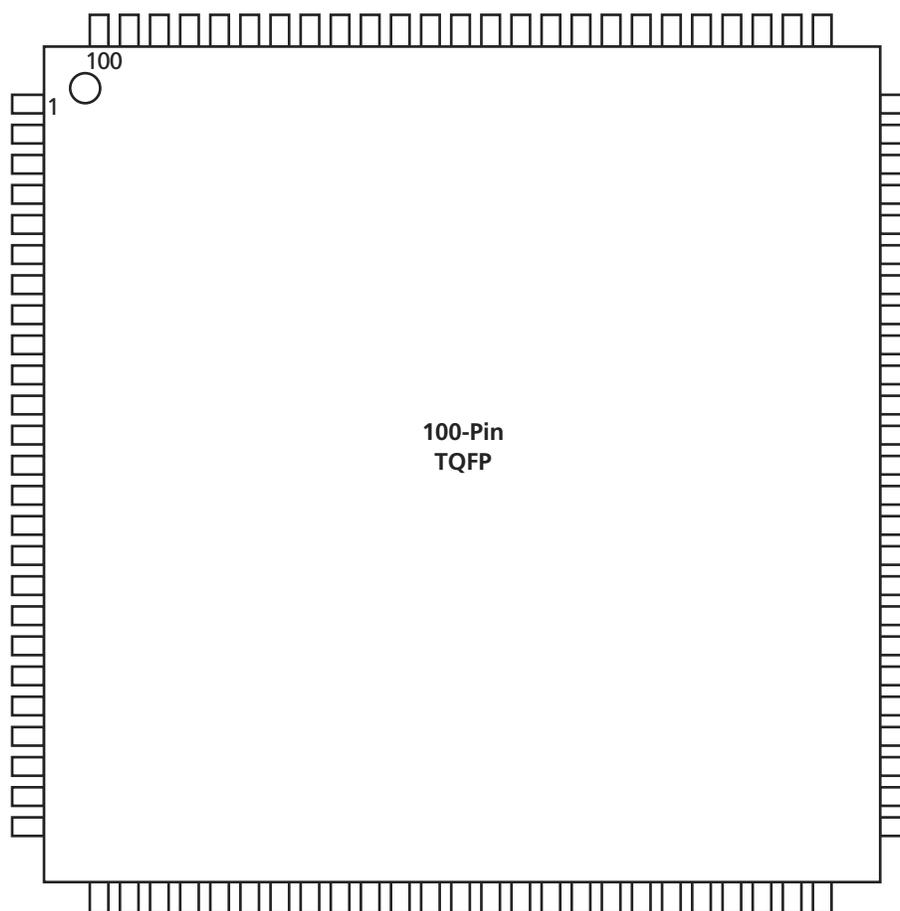


Figure 3-2 • 100-Pin TQFP

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
36	GND	GND	GND
37	NC	NC	NC
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND	GND
69	GND	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O	I/O

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
89	NC	NC	NC
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

329-Pin PBGA

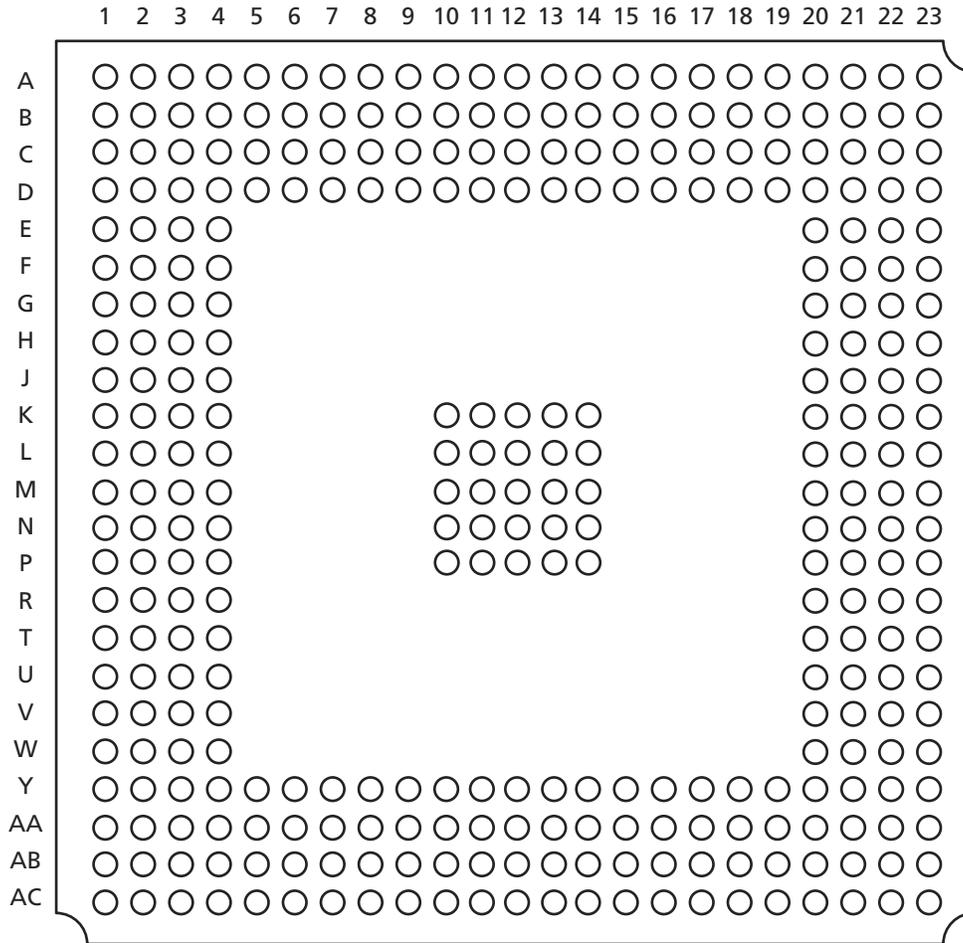


Figure 3-5 • 329-Pin PBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
D11	V _{CCA}
D12	NC
D13	I/O
D14	I/O
D15	I/O
D16	I/O
D17	I/O
D18	I/O
D19	I/O
D20	I/O
D21	I/O
D22	I/O
D23	I/O
E1	V _{CCI}
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	I/O
E20	I/O
E21	I/O
E22	I/O
E23	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	TMS
F3	I/O
F4	I/O
F20	I/O
F21	I/O
F22	I/O
F23	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	I/O
G20	I/O
G21	I/O
G22	I/O
G23	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
H20	V _{CCA}
H21	I/O
H22	I/O
H23	I/O
J1	NC
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	I/O
J20	I/O
J21	I/O
J22	I/O
J23	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	I/O
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	GND
K20	I/O
K21	I/O
K22	I/O
K23	I/O
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	I/O
L4	NC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
L14	GND
L20	NC
L21	I/O
L22	I/O
L23	NC
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	V _{CCA}
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	GND
M20	V _{CCA}
M21	I/O
M22	I/O
M23	V _{CCI}
N1	I/O
N2	TRST, I/O
N3	I/O
N4	I/O
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
N20	NC
N21	I/O
N22	I/O
N23	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	I/O
P10	GND
P11	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND
P20	I/O
P21	I/O
P22	I/O
P23	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	I/O
R20	I/O
R21	I/O
R22	I/O
R23	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T20	I/O
T21	I/O
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V _{CCA}
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V _{CCA}
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V _{CCI}
V2	I/O
V3	I/O
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
P15	I/O	I/O	I/O
P16	I/O	I/O	I/O
R1	I/O	I/O	I/O
R2	GND	GND	GND
R3	I/O	I/O	I/O
R4	NC	I/O	I/O
R5	I/O	I/O	I/O
R6	I/O	I/O	I/O
R7	I/O	I/O	I/O
R8	I/O	I/O	I/O
R9	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
R10	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
R11	I/O	I/O	I/O
R12	I/O	I/O	I/O
R13	I/O	I/O	I/O
R14	I/O	I/O	I/O
R15	GND	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND	GND
T1	GND	GND	GND
T2	I/O	I/O	I/O
T3	I/O	I/O	I/O
T4	NC	I/O	I/O
T5	I/O	I/O	I/O
T6	I/O	I/O	I/O
T7	I/O	I/O	I/O
T8	I/O	I/O	I/O
T9	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
T10	I/O	I/O	I/O
T11	I/O	I/O	I/O
T12	NC	I/O	I/O
T13	I/O	I/O	I/O
T14	I/O	I/O	I/O
T15	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
T16	GND	GND	GND

484-Pin FBGA

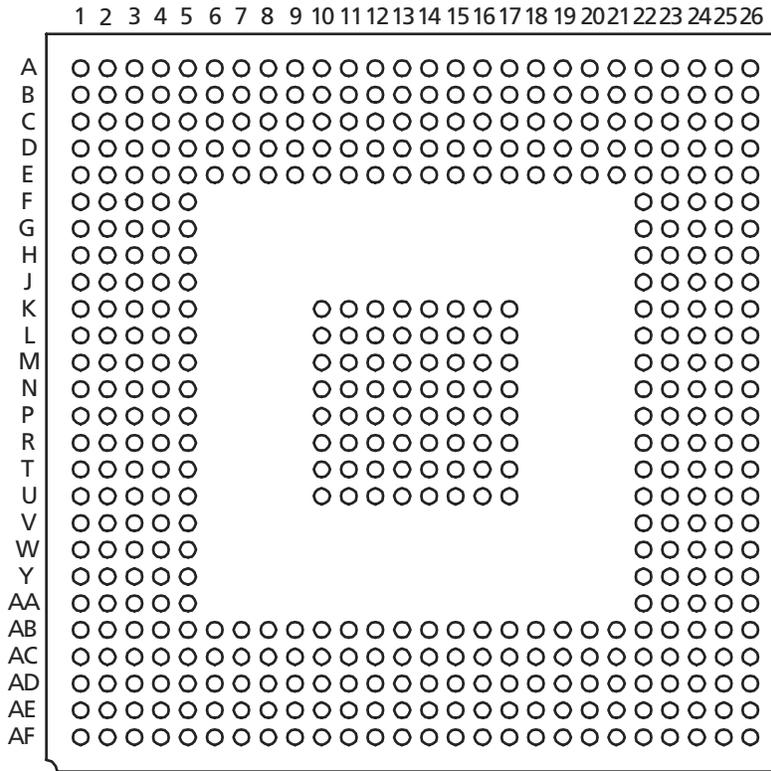


Figure 3-8 • 484-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AD18	I/O	I/O
AD19	I/O	I/O
AD20	I/O	I/O
AD21	I/O	I/O
AD22	I/O	I/O
AD23	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AD24	NC*	I/O
AD25	NC*	I/O
AD26	NC*	I/O
AE1	NC*	NC
AE2	I/O	I/O
AE3	NC*	I/O
AE4	NC*	I/O
AE5	NC*	I/O
AE6	NC*	I/O
AE7	I/O	I/O
AE8	I/O	I/O
AE9	I/O	I/O
AE10	I/O	I/O
AE11	NC*	I/O
AE12	I/O	I/O
AE13	I/O	I/O
AE14	I/O	I/O
AE15	NC*	I/O
AE16	NC*	I/O
AE17	I/O	I/O
AE18	I/O	I/O
AE19	I/O	I/O
AE20	I/O	I/O
AE21	NC*	I/O
AE22	NC*	I/O
AE23	NC*	I/O
AE24	NC*	I/O
AE25	NC*	NC
AE26	NC*	NC

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AF1	NC*	NC
AF2	NC*	NC
AF3	NC	I/O
AF4	NC*	I/O
AF5	NC*	I/O
AF6	NC*	I/O
AF7	I/O	I/O
AF8	I/O	I/O
AF9	I/O	I/O
AF10	I/O	I/O
AF11	NC*	I/O
AF12	NC*	NC
AF13	HCLK	HCLK
AF14	I/O	QCLKB
AF15	NC*	I/O
AF16	NC*	I/O
AF17	I/O	I/O
AF18	I/O	I/O
AF19	I/O	I/O
AF20	NC*	I/O
AF21	NC*	I/O
AF22	NC*	I/O
AF23	NC*	I/O
AF24	NC*	I/O
AF25	NC*	NC
AF26	NC*	NC
B1	NC*	NC
B2	NC*	NC
B3	NC*	I/O
B4	NC*	I/O
B5	NC*	I/O
B6	I/O	I/O
B7	I/O	I/O
B8	I/O	I/O
B9	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
B10	I/O	I/O
B11	NC*	I/O
B12	NC*	I/O
B13	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
B14	CLKA	CLKA
B15	NC*	I/O
B16	NC*	I/O
B17	I/O	I/O
B18	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
B19	I/O	I/O
B20	I/O	I/O
B21	NC*	I/O
B22	NC*	I/O
B23	NC*	I/O
B24	NC*	I/O
B25	I/O	I/O
B26	NC*	NC
C1	NC*	I/O
C2	NC*	I/O
C3	NC*	I/O
C4	NC*	I/O
C5	I/O	I/O
C6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C7	I/O	I/O
C8	I/O	I/O
C9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C10	I/O	I/O
C11	I/O	I/O
C12	I/O	I/O
C13	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
C14	I/O	I/O
C15	I/O	QCLKD
C16	I/O	I/O
C17	I/O	I/O
C18	I/O	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
K10	GND	GND
K11	GND	GND
K12	GND	GND
K13	GND	GND
K14	GND	GND
K15	GND	GND
K16	GND	GND
K17	GND	GND
K22	I/O	I/O
K23	I/O	I/O
K24	NC*	NC
K25	NC*	I/O
K26	NC*	I/O
L1	NC*	I/O
L2	NC*	I/O
L3	I/O	I/O
L4	I/O	I/O
L5	I/O	I/O
L10	GND	GND
L11	GND	GND
L12	GND	GND
L13	GND	GND
L14	GND	GND
L15	GND	GND
L16	GND	GND
L17	GND	GND
L22	I/O	I/O
L23	I/O	I/O
L24	I/O	I/O
L25	I/O	I/O
L26	I/O	I/O
M1	NC*	NC
M2	I/O	I/O
M3	I/O	I/O
M4	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
M5	I/O	I/O
M10	GND	GND
M11	GND	GND
M12	GND	GND
M13	GND	GND
M14	GND	GND
M15	GND	GND
M16	GND	GND
M17	GND	GND
M22	I/O	I/O
M23	I/O	I/O
M24	I/O	I/O
M25	NC*	I/O
M26	NC*	I/O
N1	I/O	I/O
N2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
N3	I/O	I/O
N4	I/O	I/O
N5	I/O	I/O
N10	GND	GND
N11	GND	GND
N12	GND	GND
N13	GND	GND
N14	GND	GND
N15	GND	GND
N16	GND	GND
N17	GND	GND
N22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
N23	I/O	I/O
N24	I/O	I/O
N25	I/O	I/O
N26	NC*	NC
P1	NC*	I/O
P2	NC*	I/O
P3	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
P4	I/O	I/O
P5	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
P10	GND	GND
P11	GND	GND
P12	GND	GND
P13	GND	GND
P14	GND	GND
P15	GND	GND
P16	GND	GND
P17	GND	GND
P22	I/O	I/O
P23	I/O	I/O
P24	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
P25	I/O	I/O
P26	I/O	I/O
R1	NC*	I/O
R2	NC*	I/O
R3	I/O	I/O
R4	I/O	I/O
R5	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
R10	GND	GND
R11	GND	GND
R12	GND	GND
R13	GND	GND
R14	GND	GND
R15	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND
R17	GND	GND
R22	I/O	I/O
R23	I/O	I/O
R24	I/O	I/O
R25	NC*	I/O
R26	NC*	I/O
T1	NC*	I/O
T2	NC*	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.