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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

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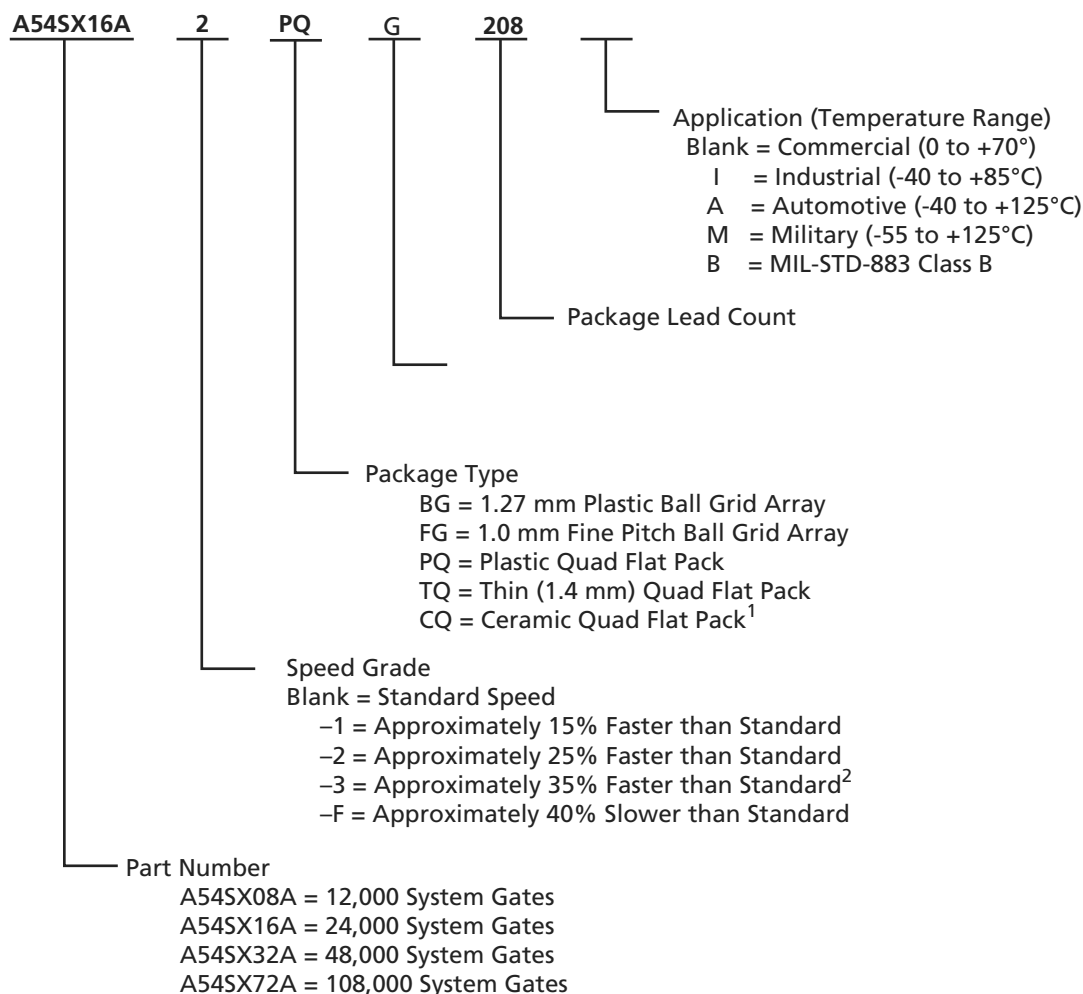
Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1452
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	113
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx16a-1tqg144

Ordering Information



Notes:

- For more information about the CQFP package options, refer to the HiRel SX-A datasheet.
- All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Device Resources

Device	User I/Os (Including Clock Buffers)							
	208-Pin PQFP	100-Pin TQFP	144-Pin TQFP	176-Pin TQFP	329-Pin PBGA	144-Pin FBGA	256-Pin FBGA	484-Pin FBGA
A54SX08A	130	81	113	—	—	111	—	—
A54SX16A	175	81	113	—	—	111	180	—
A54SX32A	174	81	113	147	249	111	203	249
A54SX72A	171	—	—	—	—	—	203	360

Notes: Package Definitions: PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack, TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack, PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array, FBGA = Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array

Clock Resources

Actel's high-drive routing structure provides three clock networks (Table 1-1). The first clock, called HCLK, is hardwired from the HCLK buffer to the clock select multiplexor (MUX) in each R-cell. HCLK cannot be connected to combinatorial logic. This provides a fast propagation path for the clock signal. If not used, this pin must be set as Low or High on the board. It must not be left floating. Figure 1-7 describes the clock circuit used for the constant load HCLK and the macros supported.

HCLK does not function until the fourth clock cycle each time the device is powered up to prevent false output levels due to any possible slow power-on-reset signal and fast start-up clock circuit. To activate HCLK from the first cycle, the TRST pin must be reserved in the Design software and the pin must be tied to GND on the board.

Two additional clocks (CLKA, CLKB) are global clocks that can be sourced from external pins or from internal logic signals within the SX-A device. CLKA and CLKB may be connected to sequential cells or to combinatorial logic. If CLKA or CLKB pins are not used or sourced from signals, these pins must be set as Low or High on the board. They must not be left floating. Figure 1-8 describes the CLKA

and CLKB circuit used and the macros supported in SX-A devices with the exception of A54SX72A.

In addition, the A54SX72A device provides four quadrant clocks (QCLKA, QCLKB, QCLKC, and QCLKD—corresponding to bottom-left, bottom-right, top-left, and top-right locations on the die, respectively), which can be sourced from external pins or from internal logic signals within the device. Each of these clocks can individually drive up to an entire quadrant of the chip, or they can be grouped together to drive multiple quadrants (Figure 1-9 on page 1-6). QCLK pins can function as user I/O pins. If not used, the QCLK pins must be tied Low or High on the board and must not be left floating.

For more information on how to use quadrant clocks in the A54SX72A device, refer to the *Global Clock Networks in Actel's Antifuse Devices and Using A54SX72A and RT54SX72S Quadrant Clocks* application notes.

The CLKA, CLKB, and QCLK circuits for A54SX72A as well as the macros supported are shown in Figure 1-10 on page 1-6. Note that bidirectional clock buffers are only available in A54SX72A. For more information, refer to the "Pin Description" section on page 1-15.

Table 1-1 • **SX-A Clock Resources**

	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
Routed Clocks (CLKA, CLKB)	2	2	2	2
Hardwired Clocks (HCLK)	1	1	1	1
Quadrant Clocks (QCLKA, QCLKB, QCLKC, QCLKD)	0	0	0	4

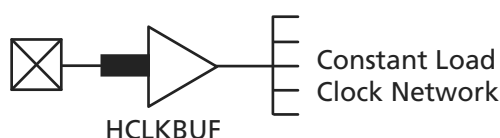


Figure 1-7 • **SX-A HCLK Clock Buffer**

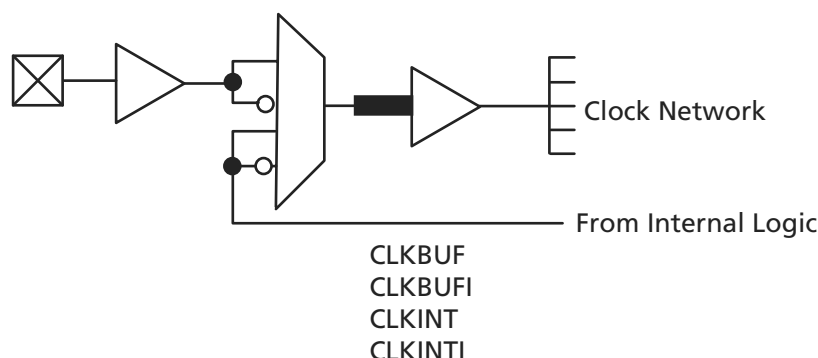


Figure 1-8 • **SX-A Routed Clock Buffer**

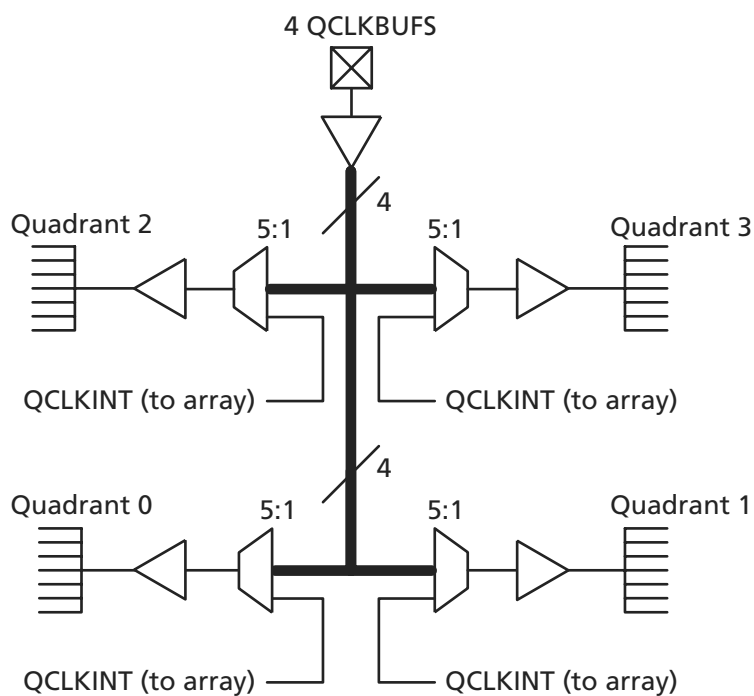


Figure 1-9 • SX-A QCLK Architecture

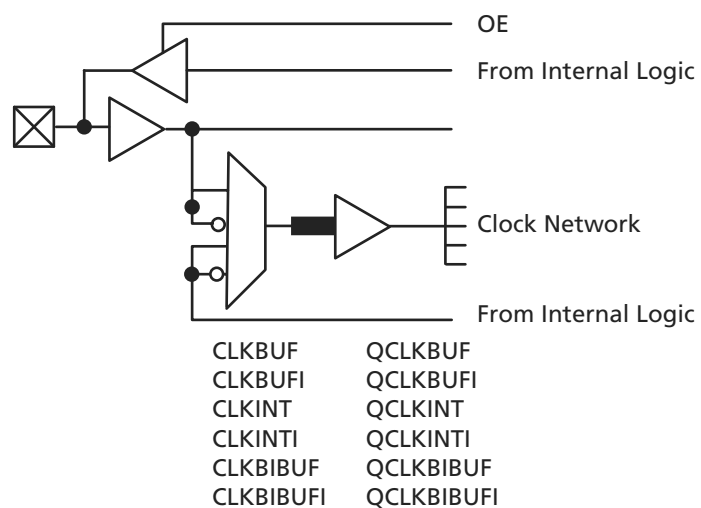


Figure 1-10 • A54SX72A Routed Clock and QCLK Buffer

Power-Up/Down and Hot Swapping

SX-A I/Os are configured to be hot-swappable, with the exception of 3.3 V PCI. During power-up/down (or partial up/down), all I/Os are tristated. V_{CCA} and V_{CCI} do not have to be stable during power-up/down, and can be powered up/down in any order. When the SX-A device is plugged into an electrically active system, the device will not degrade the reliability of or cause damage to the host system. The device's output pins are driven to a high impedance state until normal chip operating conditions

are reached. Table 1-4 summarizes the V_{CCA} voltage at which the I/Os behave according to the user's design for an SX-A device at room temperature for various ramp-up rates. The data reported assumes a linear ramp-up profile to 2.5 V. For more information on power-up and hot-swapping, refer to the application note, *Actel SX-A and RT54SX-S Devices in Hot-Swap and Cold-Sparing Applications*.

Table 1-2 • I/O Features

Function	Description
Input Buffer Threshold Selections	5 V: PCI, TTL 3.3 V: PCI, LVTTTL 2.5 V: LVCMOS2 (commercial only)
Flexible Output Driver	5 V: PCI, TTL 3.3 V: PCI, LVTTTL 2.5 V: LVCMOS2 (commercial only)
Output Buffer	"Hot-Swap" Capability (3.3 V PCI is not hot swappable) - I/O on an unpowered device does not sink current - Can be used for "cold-sparing" Selectable on an individual I/O basis Individually selectable slew rate; high slew or low slew (The default is high slew rate). The slew is only affected on the falling edge of an output. Rising edges of outputs are not affected.
Power-Up	Individually selectable pull-ups and pull-downs during power-up (default is to power-up in tristate) Enables deterministic power-up of device V_{CCA} and V_{CCI} can be powered in any order

Table 1-3 • I/O Characteristics for All I/O Configurations

	Hot Swappable	Slew Rate Control	Power-Up Resistor
TTL, LVTTTL, LVCMOS2	Yes	Yes. Only affects falling edges of outputs	Pull-up or pull-down
3.3 V PCI	No	No. High slew rate only	Pull-up or pull-down
5 V PCI	Yes	No. High slew rate only	Pull-up or pull-down

Table 1-4 • Power-Up Time at which I/Os Become Active

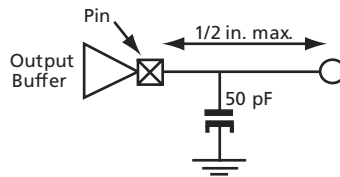
Supply Ramp Rate	0.25 V/ μ s	0.025 V/ μ s	5 V/ms	2.5 V/ms	0.5 V/ms	0.25 V/ms	0.1 V/ms	0.025 V/ms
Units	μ s	μ s	ms	ms	ms	ms	ms	ms
A54SX08A	10	96	0.34	0.65	2.7	5.4	12.9	50.8
A54SX16A	10	100	0.36	0.62	2.5	4.7	11.0	41.6
A54SX32A	10	100	0.46	0.74	2.8	5.2	12.1	47.2
A54SX72A	10	100	0.41	0.67	2.6	5.0	12.1	47.2

Table 2-8 • AC Specifications (5 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4$ ¹	–44	–	mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4$ ^{1, 2}	$(-44 + (V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024)$	–	mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CCI}$ ^{1, 3}	–	EQ 2-1 on page 2-5	–
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1$ ³	–	–142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current Low	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2$ ¹	95	–	mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55$ ¹	$(V_{OUT}/0.023)$	–	mA
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0$ ^{1, 3}	–	EQ 2-2 on page 2-5	–
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71$ ³	–	206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$	–	mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the *V_I* curves in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST#, which are system outputs. “Switching Current High” specifications are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. The equation defined maximum should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.



Input Buffer Delays

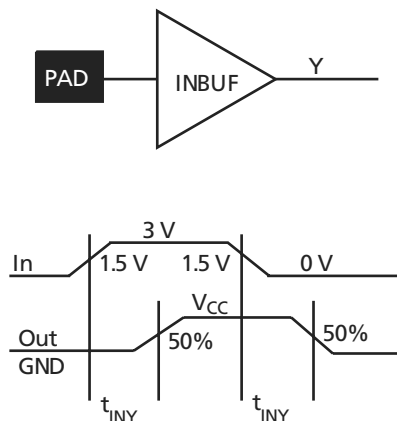


Figure 2-6 • Input Buffer Delays

C-Cell Delays

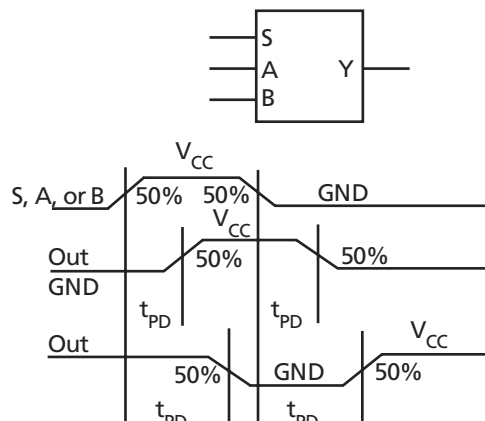


Figure 2-7 • C-Cell Delays

Cell Timing Characteristics

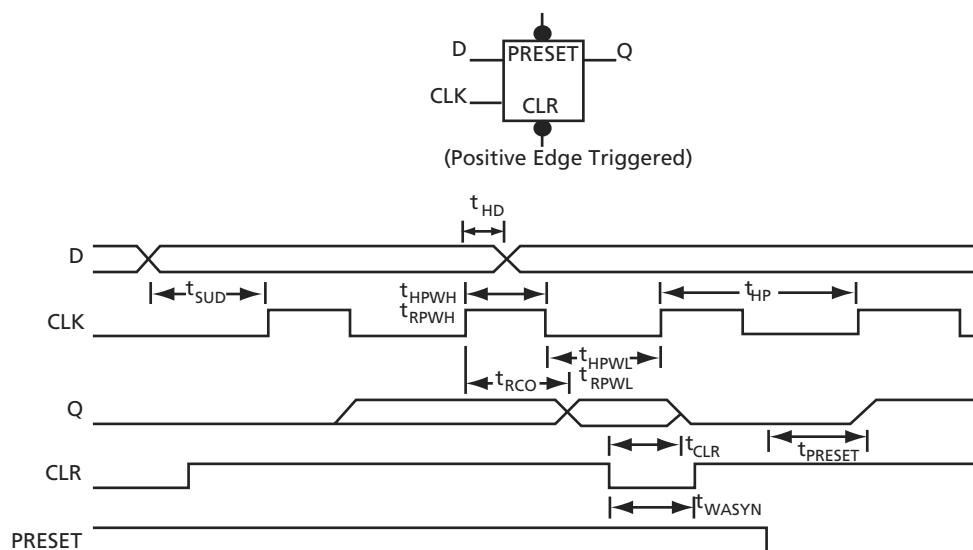


Figure 2-8 • Flip-Flops

Table 2-18 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
2.5 V LVCMOS Output Module Timing ^{1,2}										
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.2	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low		3.0		3.4		3.9		5.5	ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew		13.3		15.1		17.7		24.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew		13.7		15.5		18.2		25.5	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.2	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		3.0		3.4		3.9		5.5	ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High		0.037		0.043		0.051		0.071	ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low		0.017		0.023		0.023		0.037	ns/pF
d _{THLS} ³	Delta High to Low—low slew		0.06		0.071		0.086		0.117	ns/pF

Note:

- Delays based on 35 pF loading.
- The equivalent I/O Attribute Editor settings for 2.5 V LVCMOS is 2.5 V LVTTTL in the software.
- To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

Table 2-26 • **A54SX16A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
3.3 V PCI Output Module Timing ²												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.0		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.0		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.025		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.045		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.015		0.015		0.015		0.015		0.025		ns/pF
3.3 V LVTTTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	9.5		10.9		12.4		14.6		20.4		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8		ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	15.8		18.9		21.3		25.4		34.9		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.2		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.025		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.045		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.015		0.015		0.015		0.015		0.025		ns/pF
d _{THLS} ³	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.053		0.053		0.067		0.073		0.107		ns/pF

Notes:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 10 pF loading and 25 Ω resistance.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-27 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing ²												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.016		0.016		0.02		0.022		0.032		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.026		0.03		0.032		0.04		0.052		ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.7		7.7		8.7		10.2		14.3		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4		8.4		9.5		11.0		15.4		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6		4.2		4.7		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.014		0.017		0.017		0.023		0.031		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.023		0.029		0.031		0.037		0.051		ns/pF
d _{THLS} ³	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043		0.046		0.057		0.066		0.089		ns/pF

Notes:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-30 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		357		313		278		238		172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		5	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.7	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.1	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-35 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed ¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays ²												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module	1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.0		ns
Predicted Routing Delays ³												
t _{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
t _{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		1		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7		0.9		1		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2		1.5		1.7		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7		2.2		2.5		3		4.2		ns
R-Cell Timing												
t _{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.6		0.7		0.7		0.9		1.2		ns
t _{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{RECASYN}	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{HASYN}	Asynchronous Hold Time	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{MPW}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVCMOS	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVCMOS	0.8		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7		ns
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.6		0.7		0.7		0.9		1.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LVTTTL	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LVTTTL	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1		ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-41 • **A54SX72A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing ²												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.1		7.2	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		3.0		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.1		7.2	ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High		0.016		0.016		0.02		0.022		0.032	ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low		0.026		0.03		0.032		0.04		0.052	ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.1	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew		7.4		8.5		9.7		11.4		15.9	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew		7.4		8.4		9.5		11.0		15.4	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.1	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		3.6		4.2		4.7		5.6		7.8	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High		0.014		0.017		0.017		0.023		0.031	ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low		0.023		0.029		0.031		0.037		0.051	ns/pF
d _{THLS} ³	Delta High to Low—low slew		0.043		0.046		0.057		0.066		0.089	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Package Pin Assignments

208-Pin PQFP

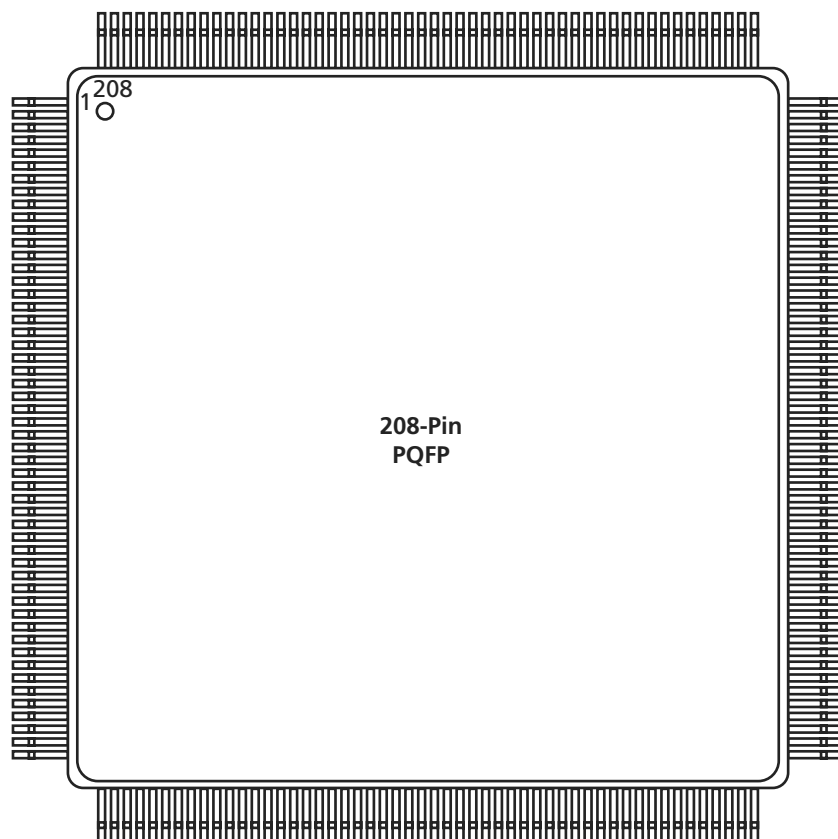


Figure 3-1 • 208-Pin PQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKA
75	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
77	GND	GND	GND	GND
78	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
79	GND	GND	GND	GND
80	NC	NC	NC	NC
81	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
83	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCI}
84	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
85	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
90	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
99	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND	GND

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
106	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	NC	I/O	I/O	GND
117	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCA}
118	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	GND	GND	GND	GND
130	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
131	GND	GND	GND	GND
132	NC	NC	NC	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

100-Pin TQFP

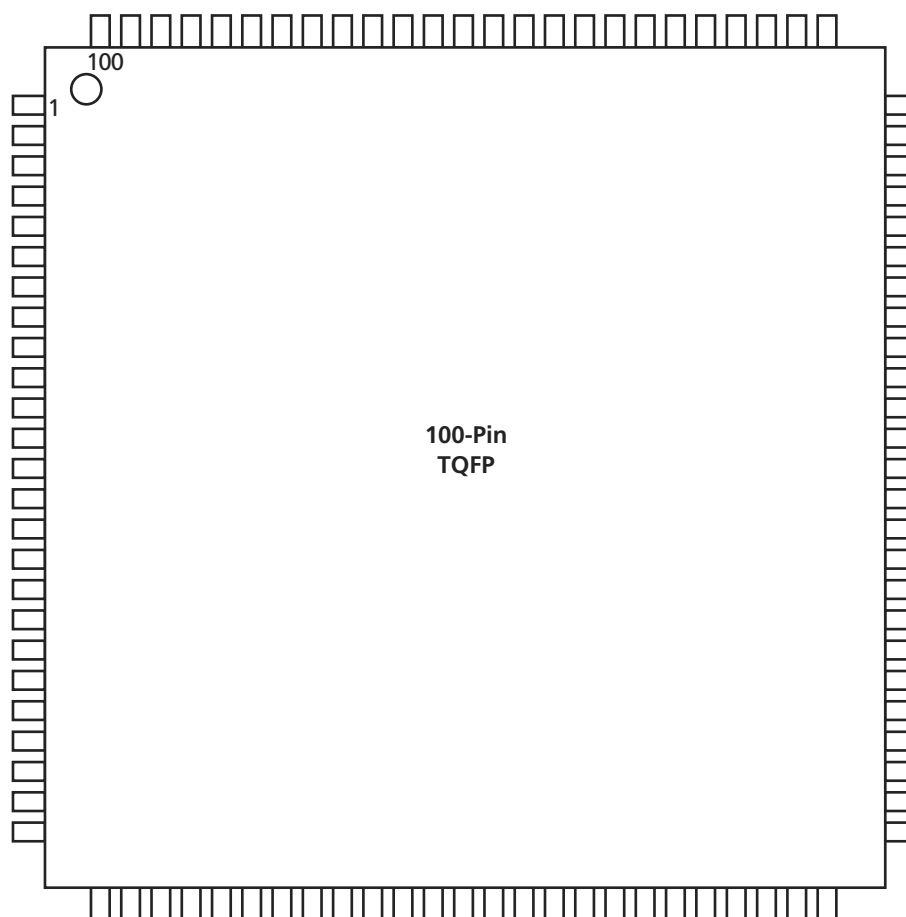


Figure 3-2 • 100-Pin TQFP

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
89	NC	NC	NC
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

144-Pin TQFP

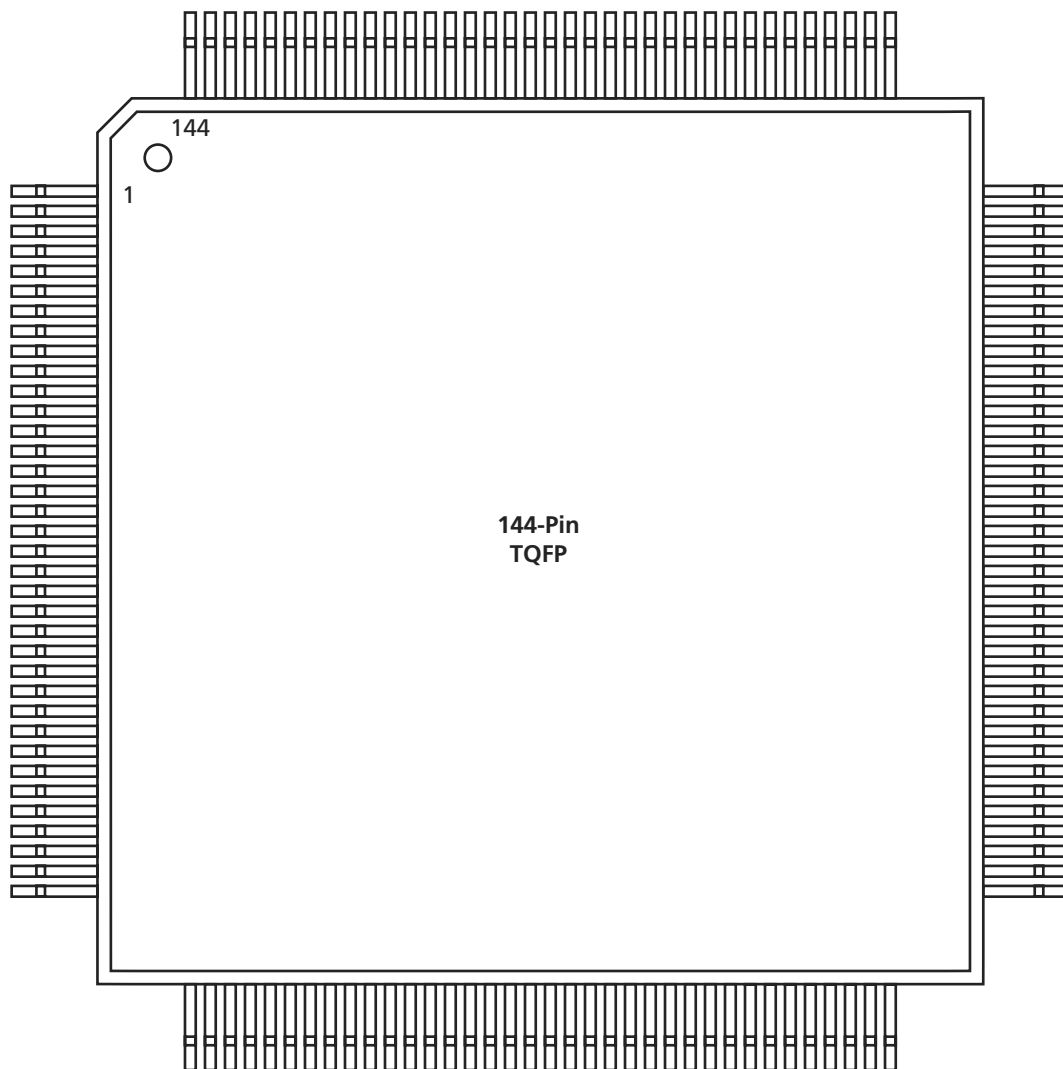


Figure 3-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
K5	I/O	I/O	I/O
K6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
K7	GND	GND	GND
K8	GND	GND	GND
K9	GND	GND	GND
K10	GND	GND	GND
K11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
K12	I/O	I/O	I/O
K13	I/O	I/O	I/O
K14	I/O	I/O	I/O
K15	NC	I/O	I/O
K16	I/O	I/O	I/O
L1	I/O	I/O	I/O
L2	I/O	I/O	I/O
L3	I/O	I/O	I/O
L4	I/O	I/O	I/O
L5	I/O	I/O	I/O
L6	I/O	I/O	I/O
L7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L11	I/O	I/O	I/O
L12	I/O	I/O	I/O
L13	I/O	I/O	I/O
L14	I/O	I/O	I/O
L15	I/O	I/O	I/O
L16	NC	I/O	I/O
M1	I/O	I/O	I/O
M2	I/O	I/O	I/O
M3	I/O	I/O	I/O
M4	I/O	I/O	I/O
M5	I/O	I/O	I/O
M6	I/O	I/O	I/O
M7	I/O	I/O	QCLKA
M8	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
M9	I/O	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
M10	I/O	I/O	I/O
M11	I/O	I/O	I/O
M12	NC	I/O	I/O
M13	I/O	I/O	I/O
M14	NC	I/O	I/O
M15	I/O	I/O	I/O
M16	I/O	I/O	I/O
N1	I/O	I/O	I/O
N2	I/O	I/O	I/O
N3	I/O	I/O	I/O
N4	I/O	I/O	I/O
N5	I/O	I/O	I/O
N6	I/O	I/O	I/O
N7	I/O	I/O	I/O
N8	I/O	I/O	I/O
N9	I/O	I/O	I/O
N10	I/O	I/O	I/O
N11	I/O	I/O	I/O
N12	I/O	I/O	I/O
N13	I/O	I/O	I/O
N14	I/O	I/O	I/O
N15	I/O	I/O	I/O
N16	I/O	I/O	I/O
P1	I/O	I/O	I/O
P2	GND	GND	GND
P3	I/O	I/O	I/O
P4	I/O	I/O	I/O
P5	NC	I/O	I/O
P6	I/O	I/O	I/O
P7	I/O	I/O	I/O
P8	I/O	I/O	I/O
P9	I/O	I/O	I/O
P10	NC	I/O	I/O
P11	I/O	I/O	I/O
P12	I/O	I/O	I/O
P13	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
P14	I/O	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
T3	I/O	I/O
T4	I/O	I/O
T5	I/O	I/O
T10	GND	GND
T11	GND	GND
T12	GND	GND
T13	GND	GND
T14	GND	GND
T15	GND	GND
T16	GND	GND
T17	GND	GND
T22	I/O	I/O
T23	I/O	I/O
T24	I/O	I/O
T25	NC *	I/O
T26	NC *	I/O
U1	I/O	I/O
U2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
U3	I/O	I/O
U4	I/O	I/O
U5	I/O	I/O
U10	GND	GND
U11	GND	GND
U12	GND	GND
U13	GND	GND
U14	GND	GND
U15	GND	GND
U16	GND	GND
U17	GND	GND
U22	I/O	I/O
U23	I/O	I/O
U24	I/O	I/O
U25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
U26	I/O	I/O
V1	NC *	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
V2	NC *	I/O
V3	I/O	I/O
V4	I/O	I/O
V5	I/O	I/O
V22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
V23	I/O	I/O
V24	I/O	I/O
V25	NC *	I/O
V26	NC *	I/O
W1	I/O	I/O
W2	I/O	I/O
W3	I/O	I/O
W4	I/O	I/O
W5	I/O	I/O
W22	I/O	I/O
W23	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
W24	I/O	I/O
W25	NC *	I/O
W26	NC *	I/O
Y1	NC *	I/O
Y2	NC *	I/O
Y3	I/O	I/O
Y4	I/O	I/O
Y5	NC *	I/O
Y22	I/O	I/O
Y23	I/O	I/O
Y24	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
Y25	I/O	I/O
Y26	I/O	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

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