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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1452
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	180
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx16a-fg256

JTAG Instructions

Table 1-7 lists the supported instructions with the corresponding IR codes for SX-A devices.

Table 1-8 lists the codes returned after executing the IDCODE instruction for SX-A devices. Note that bit 0 is always '1'. Bits 11-1 are always '02F', which is the Actel manufacturer code.

Table 1-7 • JTAG Instruction Code

Instructions (IR4:IR0)	Binary Code
EXTEST	00000
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	00001
INTEST	00010
USERCODE	00011
IDCODE	00100
HighZ	01110
CLAMP	01111
Diagnostic	10000
BYPASS	11111
Reserved	All others

Table 1-8 • JTAG Instruction Code

Device	Process	Revision	Bits 31-28	Bits 27-12
A54SX08A	0.22 μ	0	8, 9	40B4, 42B4
		1	A, B	40B4, 42B4
A54SX16A	0.22 μ	0	9	40B8, 42B8
		1	B	40B8, 42B8
	0.25 μ	1	B	22B8
A54SX32A	0.2 2 μ	0	9	40BD, 42BD
		1	B	40BD, 42BD
	0.25 μ	1	B	22BD
A54SX72A	0.22 μ	0	9	40B2, 42B2
		1	B	40B2, 42B2
	0.25 μ	1	B	22B2

Design Environment

The SX-A family of FPGAs is fully supported by both Actel Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE) and Designer FPGA development software. Actel Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Additionally, Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes Synplify® for Actel from Synplicity®, ViewDraw® for Actel from Mentor Graphics®, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics, WaveFormer Lite™ from SynaptiCAD™, and Designer software from Actel. Refer to the *Libero IDE flow* diagram for more information (located on the Actel website).

Actel Designer software is a place-and-route tool and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development. The Designer software includes timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor. With the Designer software, a user can select and lock package pins while only minimally impacting the results of place-and-route. Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Actel's integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Designer software is the SmarGen core generator, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation in your schematic or HDL design. Actel's Designer software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synplicity, Synopsys, and Cadence Design Systems. The Designer software is available for both the Windows and UNIX operating systems.

Programming

Device programming is supported through Silicon Sculptor series of programmers. In particular, Silicon Sculptor is compact, robust, single-site and multi-site device programmer for the PC.

With standalone software, Silicon Sculptor allows concurrent programming of multiple units from the same PC, ensuring the fastest programming times possible. Each fuse is subsequently verified by Silicon Sculptor II to insure correct programming. In addition, integrity tests ensure that no extra fuses are programmed. Silicon Sculptor also provides extensive hardware self-testing capability.

The procedure for programming an SX-A device using Silicon Sculptor is as follows:

1. Load the .AFM file
2. Select the device to be programmed
3. Begin programming

When the design is ready to go to production, Actel offers device volume-programming services either through distribution partners or via in-house programming from the factory.

For detailed information on programming, read the following documents *Programming Antifuse Devices* and *Silicon Sculptor User's Guide*.

Electrical Specifications

Table 2-5 • 3.3 V LVTTTL and 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter		Commercial		Industrial		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V _{OH}	V _{CCI} = Minimum V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OH} = −1 mA)	0.9 V _{CCI}		0.9 V _{CCI}		V
	V _{CCI} = Minimum V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OH} = −8 mA)	2.4		2.4		V
V _{OL}	V _{CCI} = Minimum V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OL} = 1 mA)	0.4		0.4		V
	V _{CCI} = Minimum V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OL} = 12 mA)	0.4		0.4		V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8		0.8		V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0	5.75	2.0	5.75	V
I _{IL} /I _{IH}	Input Leakage Current, V _{IN} = V _{CCI} or GND		−10	10	−10	10	μA
I _{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current		−10	10	−10	10	μA
t _R , t _F	Input Transition Time t _R , t _F		10		10		ns
C _{IO}	I/O Capacitance		10		10		pF
I _{CC}	Standby Current		10		20		mA
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/libis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-6 • 2.5 V LVCMOS2 Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter		Commercial		Industrial		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V _{OH}	V _{DD} = MIN, V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OH} = -100 μA)	2.1		2.1		V
	V _{DD} = MIN, V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OH} = -1 mA)	2.0		2.0		V
	V _{DD} = MIN, V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OH} = -2 mA)	1.7		1.7		V
V _{OL}	V _{DD} = MIN, V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OL} = 100 μA)		0.2		0.2	V
	V _{DD} = MIN, V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OL} = 1 mA)		0.4		0.4	V
	V _{DD} = MIN, V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	(I _{OL} = 2 mA)		0.7		0.7	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage, V _{OUT} ≤ V _{VOL(max)}		-0.3	0.7	-0.3	0.7	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage, V _{OUT} ≥ V _{VOH(min)}		1.7	5.75	1.7	5.75	V
I _{IL} /I _{IH}	Input Leakage Current, V _{IN} = V _{CCI} or GND		-10	10	-10	10	μA
I _{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current, V _{OUT} = V _{CCI} or GND		-10	10	-10	10	μA
t _R , t _F	Input Transition Time t _R , t _F			10		10	ns
C _{IO}	I/O Capacitance			10		10	pF
I _{CC}	Standby Current			10		20	mA
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/libis/default.aspx>.

Figure 2-1 shows the 5 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the SX-A family.

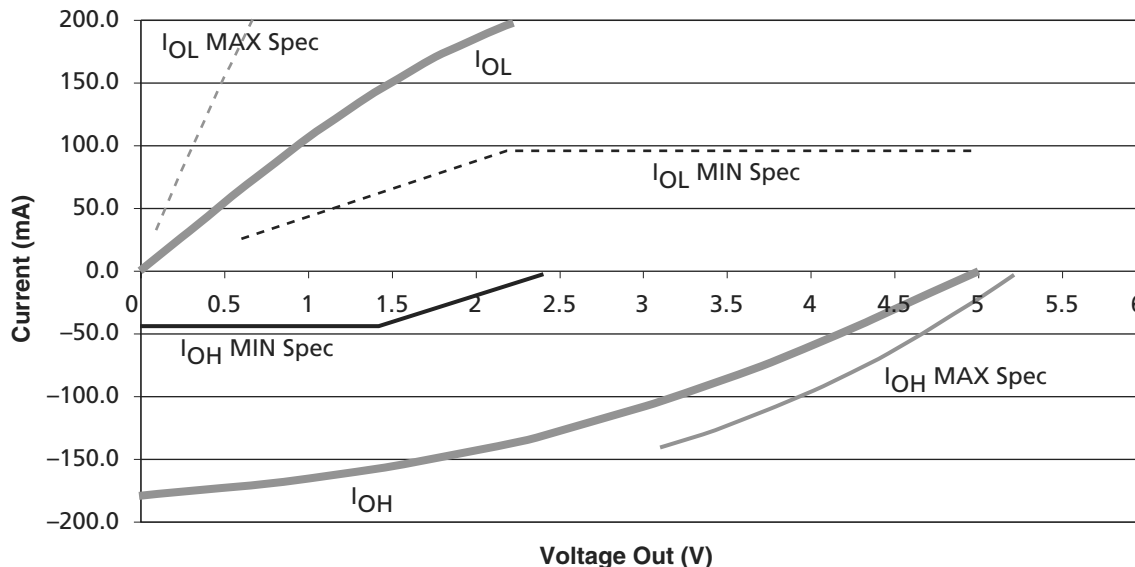


Figure 2-1 • 5 V PCI V/I Curve for SX-A Family

$$I_{OH} = 11.9 * (V_{OUT} - 5.25) * (V_{OUT} + 2.45)$$

for $V_{CCI} > V_{OUT} > 3.1V$

EQ 2-1

$$I_{OL} = 78.5 * V_{OUT} * (4.4 - V_{OUT})$$

for $0V < V_{OUT} < 0.71V$

EQ 2-2

Table 2-9 • DC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CCA}	Supply Voltage for Array		2.25	2.75	V
V_{CCI}	Supply Voltage for I/Os		3.0	3.6	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		$0.5V_{CCI}$	$V_{CCI} + 0.5$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.5	$0.3V_{CCI}$	V
I_{IPU}	Input Pull-up Voltage ¹		$0.7V_{CCI}$	–	V
I_{IL}	Input Leakage Current ²	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$	-10	+10	μA
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OUT} = -500 \mu A$	$0.9V_{CCI}$	–	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 1,500 \mu A$		$0.1V_{CCI}$	V
C_{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance ³		–	10	pF
C_{CLK}	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12	pF

Notes:

1. This specification should be guaranteed by design. It is the minimum voltage to which pull-up resistors are calculated to pull a floated network. Designers should ensure that the input buffer is conducting minimum current at this input voltage in applications sensitive to static power utilization.
2. Input leakage currents include hi-Z output leakage for all bidirectional buffers with tristate outputs.
3. Absolute maximum pin capacitance for a PCI input is 10 pF (except for CLK).

Guidelines for Estimating Power

The following guidelines are meant to represent worst-case scenarios; they can be generally used to predict the upper limits of power dissipation:

Logic Modules (m) = 20% of modules

Inputs Switching (n) = Number inputs/4

Outputs Switching (p) = Number of outputs/4

CLKA Loads (q1) = 20% of R-cells

CLKB Loads (q2) = 20% of R-cells

Load Capacitance (CL) = 35 pF

Average Logic Module Switching Rate (fm) = f/10

Average Input Switching Rate (fn) = f/5

Average Output Switching Rate (fp) = f/10

Average CLKA Rate (fq1) = f/2

Average CLKB Rate (fq2) = f/2

Average HCLK Rate (fs1) = f

HCLK loads (s1) = 20% of R-cells

To assist customers in estimating the power dissipations of their designs, Actel has published the *eX*, *SX-A* and *RT54SX-S* *Power Calculator* worksheet.

Thermal Characteristics

Introduction

The temperature variable in Actel Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption will cause the chip's junction to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures. EQ 2-9 and EQ 2-10 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-9

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_C - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-10

Where:

- θ_{JA} = Junction-to-air thermal resistance
- θ_{JC} = Junction-to-case thermal resistance
- T_J = Junction temperature
- T_A = Ambient temperature
- T_C = Ambient temperature
- P = total power dissipated by the device

Table 2-12 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{JC}	θ_{JA}			Units
			Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft./min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft./min.	
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	100	14	33.5	27.4	25	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	144	11	33.5	28	25.7	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	176	11	24.7	19.9	18	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) ¹	208	8	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) with Heat Spreader ²	208	3.8	16.2	13.3	11.9	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	329	3	17.1	13.8	12.8	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	144	3.8	26.9	22.9	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	256	3.8	26.6	22.8	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	484	3.2	18	14.7	13.6	°C/W

Notes:

- The A54SX08A PQ208 has no heat spreader.
- The SX-A PQ208 package has a heat spreader for A54SX16A, A54SX32A, and A54SX72A.

Output Buffer Delays

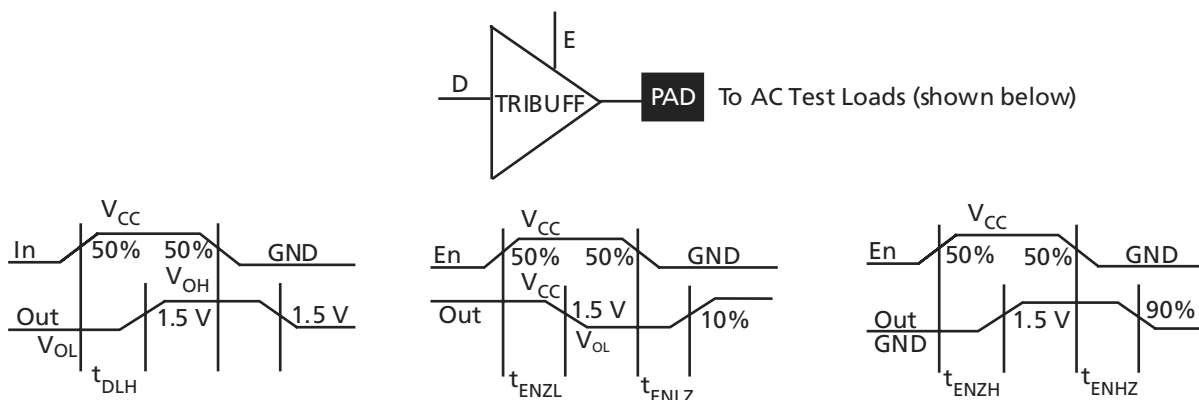


Figure 2-4 • Output Buffer Delays

AC Test Loads

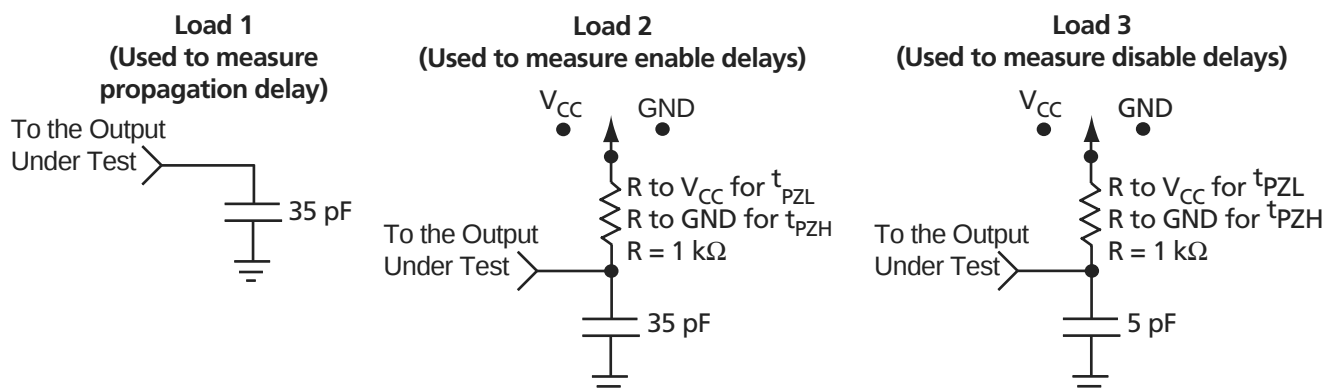


Figure 2-5 • AC Test Loads

Table 2-16 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks										
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.6		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		2.2		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.8		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	313		278		238		172		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4		2		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4		2		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4		1.9		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2		ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns

Table 2-22 • **A54SX16A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.5		2.2		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.7		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.4		3.8		4.4		6.0		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357		294		263		227		167		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1		ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-24 • **A54SX16A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.8	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.5		2.2	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.7	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.4		3.8		4.4		6.0		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		357		294		263		227		167	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-28 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed ¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays ²												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.8		0.9		1.1		1.2		1.7		ns
Predicted Routing Delays ³												
t _{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
t _{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
t _{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.6		ns
R-Cell Timing												
t _{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5		0.6		0.6		0.8		1.0		ns
t _{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.6		0.7		0.7		0.9		1.2		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.2		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
t _{RECASYN}	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{HASYN}	Asynchronous Removal Time	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{MPW}	Clock Pulse Width	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVCMOS	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVCMOS	1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.5		0.6		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LVTTTL	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.6		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LVTTTL	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.2		3.0		ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-34 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing ²												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.016		0.016		0.02		0.022		0.032		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.026		0.03		0.032		0.04		0.052		ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.5		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.2		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4		8.4		9.5		11.0		15.4		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6		4.2		4.7		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.014		0.017		0.017		0.023		0.031		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.023		0.029		0.031		0.037		0.051		ns/pF
d _{THLS} ³	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043		0.046		0.057		0.066		0.089		ns/pF

Notes:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-35 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed ¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays ²												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module	1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.0		ns
Predicted Routing Delays ³												
t _{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		ns
t _{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		1		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7		0.9		1		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2		1.5		1.7		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7		2.2		2.5		3		4.2		ns
R-Cell Timing												
t _{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.6		0.7		0.7		0.9		1.2		ns
t _{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{RECASYN}	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{HASYN}	Asynchronous Hold Time	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{MPW}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVCMOS	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVCMOS	0.8		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.7		ns
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.6		0.7		0.7		0.9		1.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LVTTTL	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LVTTTL	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1		ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Package Pin Assignments

208-Pin PQFP

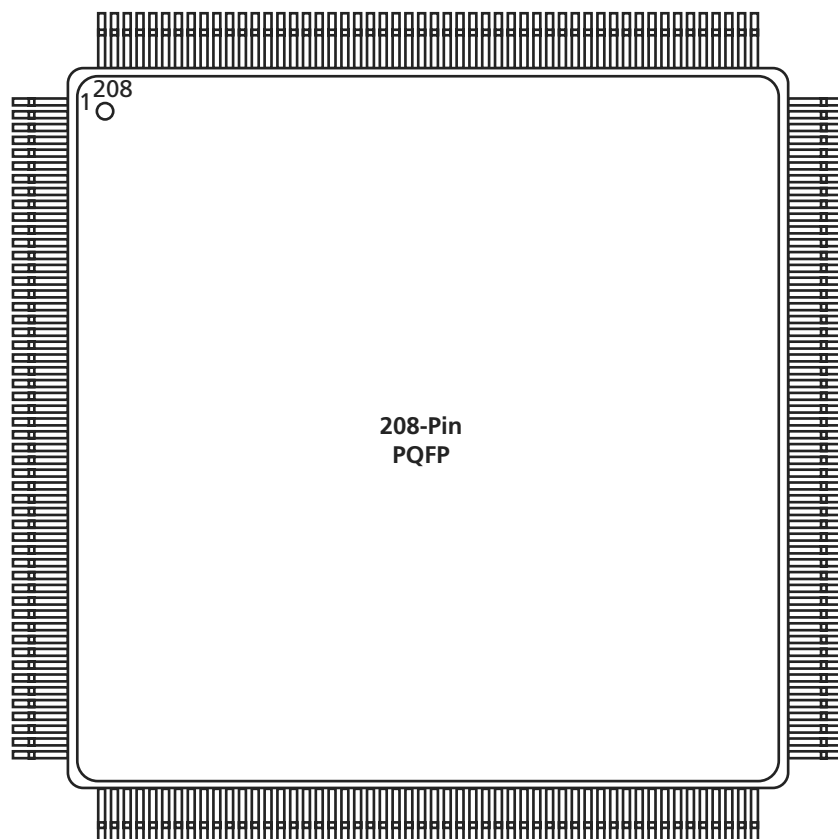


Figure 3-1 • 208-Pin PQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
1	GND	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	TMS	TMS	TMS	TMS
12	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
13	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O	GND
19	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCA}
20	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	NC	NC	NC	I/O
26	GND	GND	GND	GND
27	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
28	GND	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
36	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
41	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND	GND
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
61	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	NC	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
36	GND	GND	GND
37	NC	NC	NC
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND	GND
69	GND	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O	I/O

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
88	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
89	NC	NC	NC
90	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
91	GND	GND	GND
92	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
K5	I/O	I/O	I/O
K6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
K7	GND	GND	GND
K8	GND	GND	GND
K9	GND	GND	GND
K10	GND	GND	GND
K11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
K12	I/O	I/O	I/O
K13	I/O	I/O	I/O
K14	I/O	I/O	I/O
K15	NC	I/O	I/O
K16	I/O	I/O	I/O
L1	I/O	I/O	I/O
L2	I/O	I/O	I/O
L3	I/O	I/O	I/O
L4	I/O	I/O	I/O
L5	I/O	I/O	I/O
L6	I/O	I/O	I/O
L7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
L11	I/O	I/O	I/O
L12	I/O	I/O	I/O
L13	I/O	I/O	I/O
L14	I/O	I/O	I/O
L15	I/O	I/O	I/O
L16	NC	I/O	I/O
M1	I/O	I/O	I/O
M2	I/O	I/O	I/O
M3	I/O	I/O	I/O
M4	I/O	I/O	I/O
M5	I/O	I/O	I/O
M6	I/O	I/O	I/O
M7	I/O	I/O	QCLKA
M8	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
M9	I/O	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
M10	I/O	I/O	I/O
M11	I/O	I/O	I/O
M12	NC	I/O	I/O
M13	I/O	I/O	I/O
M14	NC	I/O	I/O
M15	I/O	I/O	I/O
M16	I/O	I/O	I/O
N1	I/O	I/O	I/O
N2	I/O	I/O	I/O
N3	I/O	I/O	I/O
N4	I/O	I/O	I/O
N5	I/O	I/O	I/O
N6	I/O	I/O	I/O
N7	I/O	I/O	I/O
N8	I/O	I/O	I/O
N9	I/O	I/O	I/O
N10	I/O	I/O	I/O
N11	I/O	I/O	I/O
N12	I/O	I/O	I/O
N13	I/O	I/O	I/O
N14	I/O	I/O	I/O
N15	I/O	I/O	I/O
N16	I/O	I/O	I/O
P1	I/O	I/O	I/O
P2	GND	GND	GND
P3	I/O	I/O	I/O
P4	I/O	I/O	I/O
P5	NC	I/O	I/O
P6	I/O	I/O	I/O
P7	I/O	I/O	I/O
P8	I/O	I/O	I/O
P9	I/O	I/O	I/O
P10	NC	I/O	I/O
P11	I/O	I/O	I/O
P12	I/O	I/O	I/O
P13	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
P14	I/O	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
A1	NC*	NC
A2	NC*	NC
A3	NC*	I/O
A4	NC*	I/O
A5	NC*	I/O
A6	I/O	I/O
A7	I/O	I/O
A8	I/O	I/O
A9	I/O	I/O
A10	I/O	I/O
A11	NC*	I/O
A12	NC*	I/O
A13	I/O	I/O
A14	NC*	NC
A15	NC*	I/O
A16	NC*	I/O
A17	I/O	I/O
A18	I/O	I/O
A19	I/O	I/O
A20	I/O	I/O
A21	NC*	I/O
A22	NC*	I/O
A23	NC*	I/O
A24	NC*	I/O
A25	NC*	NC
A26	NC*	NC
AA1	NC*	I/O
AA2	NC*	I/O
AA3	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
AA4	I/O	I/O
AA5	I/O	I/O
AA22	I/O	I/O
AA23	I/O	I/O
AA24	I/O	I/O
AA25	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AA26	NC*	I/O
AB1	NC*	NC
AB2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AB3	I/O	I/O
AB4	I/O	I/O
AB5	NC*	I/O
AB6	I/O	I/O
AB7	I/O	I/O
AB8	I/O	I/O
AB9	I/O	I/O
AB10	I/O	I/O
AB11	I/O	I/O
AB12	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
AB13	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
AB14	I/O	I/O
AB15	I/O	I/O
AB16	I/O	I/O
AB17	I/O	I/O
AB18	I/O	I/O
AB19	I/O	I/O
AB20	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
AB21	GND	GND
AB22	NC*	I/O
AB23	I/O	I/O
AB24	I/O	I/O
AB25	NC*	I/O
AB26	NC*	I/O
AC1	I/O	I/O
AC2	I/O	I/O
AC3	I/O	I/O
AC4	NC*	I/O
AC5	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AC6	I/O	I/O
AC7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AC8	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AC9	I/O	I/O
AC10	I/O	I/O
AC11	I/O	I/O
AC12	I/O	QCLKA
AC13	I/O	I/O
AC14	I/O	I/O
AC15	I/O	I/O
AC16	I/O	I/O
AC17	I/O	I/O
AC18	I/O	I/O
AC19	I/O	I/O
AC20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AC21	I/O	I/O
AC22	I/O	I/O
AC23	NC*	I/O
AC24	I/O	I/O
AC25	NC*	I/O
AC26	NC*	I/O
AD1	I/O	I/O
AD2	I/O	I/O
AD3	GND	GND
AD4	I/O	I/O
AD5	I/O	I/O
AD6	I/O	I/O
AD7	I/O	I/O
AD8	I/O	I/O
AD9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AD10	I/O	I/O
AD11	I/O	I/O
AD12	I/O	I/O
AD13	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AD14	I/O	I/O
AD15	I/O	I/O
AD16	I/O	I/O
AD17	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

Datasheet Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheets are published before data has been fully characterized. Datasheets are designated as "Product Brief," "Advanced," "Production," and "Datasheet Supplement." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advanced or production) containing general product information. This brief gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advanced

This datasheet version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production.

Unmarked (production)

This datasheet version contains information that is considered to be final.

Datasheet Supplement

The datasheet supplement gives specific device information for a derivative family that differs from the general family datasheet. The supplement is to be used in conjunction with the datasheet to obtain more detailed information and for specifications that do not differ between the two families.

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