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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1452
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	175
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TC)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx16a-pqg208m

Boundary-Scan Testing (BST)

All SX-A devices are IEEE 1149.1 compliant and offer superior diagnostic and testing capabilities by providing Boundary Scan Testing (BST) and probing capabilities. The BST function is controlled through the special JTAG pins (TMS, TDI, TCK, TDO, and TRST). The functionality of the JTAG pins is defined by two available modes: Dedicated and Flexible. TMS cannot be employed as a user I/O in either mode.

Dedicated Mode

In Dedicated mode, all JTAG pins are reserved for BST; designers cannot use them as regular I/Os. An internal pull-up resistor is automatically enabled on both TMS and TDI pins, and the TMS pin will function as defined in the IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) specification.

To select Dedicated mode, the user must reserve the JTAG pins in Actel's Designer software. Reserve the JTAG pins by checking the **Reserve JTAG** box in the Device Selection Wizard (Figure 1-12).

The default for the software is Flexible mode; all boxes are unchecked. Table 1-5 lists the definitions of the options in the Device Selection Wizard.

Flexible Mode

In Flexible mode, TDI, TCK, and TDO may be employed as either user I/Os or as JTAG input pins. The internal resistors on the TMS and TDI pins are not present in flexible JTAG mode.

To select the Flexible mode, uncheck the **Reserve JTAG** box in the Device Selection Wizard dialog in the Actel Designer software. In Flexible mode, TDI, TCK, and TDO pins may function as user I/Os or BST pins. The functionality is controlled by the BST Test Access Port (TAP) controller. The TAP controller receives two control inputs, TMS and TCK. Upon power-up, the TAP controller enters the Test-Logic-Reset state. In this state, TDI, TCK, and TDO function as user I/Os. The TDI, TCK, and TDO are transformed from user I/Os into BST pins when a rising edge on TCK is detected while TMS is at logic low. To return to Test-Logic Reset state, TMS must be high for at least five TCK cycles. **An external 10 k pull-up resistor to V_{CC} should be placed on the TMS pin to pull it High by default.**

Table 1-6 describes the different configuration requirements of BST pins and their functionality in different modes.

Table 1-6 • Boundary-Scan Pin Configurations and Functions

Mode	Designer "Reserve JTAG" Selection	TAP Controller State
Dedicated (JTAG)	Checked	Any
Flexible (User I/O)	Unchecked	Test-Logic-Reset
Flexible (JTAG)	Unchecked	Any EXCEPT Test-Logic-Reset

Figure 1-12 • Device Selection Wizard

Table 1-5 • Reserve Pin Definitions

Pin	Function
Reserve JTAG	Keeps pins from being used and changes the behavior of JTAG pins (no pull-up on TMS)
Reserve JTAG Test Reset	Regular I/O or JTAG reset with an internal pull-up
Reserve Probe	Keeps pins from being used or regular I/O

TRST Pin

The TRST pin functions as a dedicated Boundary-Scan Reset pin when the **Reserve JTAG Test Reset** option is selected as shown in Figure 1-12. An internal pull-up resistor is permanently enabled on the TRST pin in this mode. Actel recommends connecting this pin to ground in normal operation to keep the JTAG state controller in the Test-Logic-Reset state. When JTAG is being used, it can be left floating or can be driven high.

When the **Reserve JTAG Test Reset** option is not selected, this pin will function as a regular I/O. If unused as an I/O in the design, it will be configured as a tristated output.

Electrical Specifications

Table 2-5 • 3.3 V LVTTL and 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V_{OH}	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$)	0.9 V_{CCI}	0.9 V_{CCI}		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$)	2.4	2.4		V	
V_{OL}	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8	0.8		V	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0	5.75	2.0	5.75	V
I_{IL}/I_{IH}	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current		-10	10	-10	10	μA
t_R, t_F	Input Transition Time t_R, t_F		10	10		ns	
C_{IO}	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
I_{CC}	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-6 • 2.5 V LVCMS2 Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V_{OH}	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$)	2.1	2.1		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$)	2.0	2.0		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$)	1.7	1.7		V	
V_{OL}	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$)	0.2	0.2		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$)	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	($I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$)	0.7	0.7		V	
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage, $V_{OUT} \leq V_{VOL(\text{max})}$		-0.3	0.7	-0.3	0.7	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage, $V_{OUT} \geq V_{VOH(\text{min})}$		1.7	5.75	1.7	5.75	V
I_{IL}/I_{IH}	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristate Output Leakage Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	μA
t_R, t_F	Input Transition Time t_R, t_F		10	10		ns	
C_{IO}	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
I_{CC}	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: *The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

To determine the heat sink's thermal performance, use the following equation:

$$\theta_{JA(TOTAL)} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}$$

EQ 2-14

where:

$$\theta_{CS} = 0.37^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

= thermal resistance of the interface material between the case and the heat sink, usually provided by the thermal interface manufacturer

$$\theta_{SA} = \text{thermal resistance of the heat sink in } ^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

$$\theta_{SA} = \theta_{JA(TOTAL)} - \theta_{JC} - \theta_{CS}$$

EQ 2-15

$$\theta_{SA} = 13.33^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W} - 3.20^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W} - 0.37^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

$$\theta_{SA} = 9.76^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

A heat sink with a thermal resistance of $9.76^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ or better should be used. Thermal resistance of heat sinks is a function of airflow. The heat sink performance can be significantly improved with the presence of airflow.

Carefully estimating thermal resistance is important in the long-term reliability of an Actel FPGA. Design engineers should always correlate the power consumption of the device with the maximum allowable power dissipation of the package selected for that device, using the provided thermal resistance data.

Note: The values may vary depending on the application.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-14 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays¹										
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.7	ns				
Predicted Routing Delays²										
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	ns
t_{RD12}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.8	0.9	1	1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	ns
t_{RD16}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	ns
t_{RD32}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.6	3.6	ns
R-Cell Timing										
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	ns
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	ns
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns
$t_{RECASYN}$	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	ns
t_{HASYN}	Asynchronous Hold Time	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
t_{MPW}	Clock Pulse Width	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	ns
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVC MOS	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LVTTL	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LVTTL	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	ns

Notes:

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-21 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C-Cell Propagation Delays²										
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	ns	
Predicted Routing Delays³										
t_{DC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Direct Connect	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns	
t_{FC}	FO = 1 Routing Delay, Fast Connect	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	ns	
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	ns	
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	ns	
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.1	ns	
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4	ns	
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5	ns	
t_{RD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.6	3.6	ns	
R-Cell Timing										
t_{RCO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.3	ns	
t_{CLR}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	ns	
t_{PRESET}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Set-Up	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns	
t_{WASYN}	Asynchronous Pulse Width	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.7	2.7	ns	
$t_{RECASYN}$	Asynchronous Recovery Time	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	ns	
t_{HASYN}	Asynchronous Removal Time	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	ns	
t_{MPW}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.2	3.0	3.0	ns	
Input Module Propagation Delays										
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1	ns	
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 2.5 V LVC MOS	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.6	ns	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V PCI	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	ns	
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V PCI	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 3.3 V LV TTL	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	ns	
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 3.3 V LV TTL	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.0	ns	

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-24 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.8	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.2	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8	3.4	3.8	4.4	6.0	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357	294	263	227	167	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.2	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-26 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
3.3 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.1	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
3.3 V LVTTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.7	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	9.5	10.9	12.4	14.6	20.4	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	15.8	18.9	21.3	25.4	34.9	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.2	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.7	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.053	0.053	0.067	0.073	0.107	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 10 pF loading and 25 Ω resistance.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF.
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-27 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.032	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.026	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.052	ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.7	7.7	8.7	10.2	14.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.0	15.4	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	7.8	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.014	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.031	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.023	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.051	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.089	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-28 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V PCI	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V PCI	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V TTL	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V TTL	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays³							
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1	1.4	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2	2.2	2.6	3.6	ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-29 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.8	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357	313	278	238	172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.4	4.7	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.0	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-33 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
3.3 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	4.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.1	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	4.0	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
3.3 V LVTTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	9.0	10.4	11.8	13.8	19.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	15.8	18.9	21.3	25.4	34.9	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.2	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.053	0.053	0.067	0.073	0.107	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 10 pF loading and 25 Ω resistance.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF

$d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-38 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	3.4	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.5	ns
t_{QPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{QPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-39 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
2.5 V LVC MOS Output Module Timing^{2, 3}							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	3.9	4.5	5.1	6.0	8.4	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.8	6.7	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	12.7	14.6	16.5	19.4	27.2	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	11.8	13.7	15.5	18.2	25.5	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.9	4.5	5.1	6.0	8.4	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.8	6.7	ns
d_{TLH}^4	Delta Low to High	0.031	0.037	0.043	0.051	0.071	ns/pF
d_{THL}^4	Delta High to Low	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.037	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^4	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.057	0.06	0.071	0.086	0.117	ns/pF

Note:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
3. The equivalent IO Attribute settings for 2.5 V LVC MOS is 2.5 V LVTTL in the software.
4. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKA
75	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
77	GND	GND	GND	GND
78	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
79	GND	GND	GND	GND
80	NC	NC	NC	NC
81	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
83	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCI}
84	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
85	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
90	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
99	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND	GND

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
106	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	NC	I/O	I/O	GND
117	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCA}
118	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	GND	GND	GND	GND
130	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
131	GND	GND	GND	GND
132	NC	NC	NC	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP

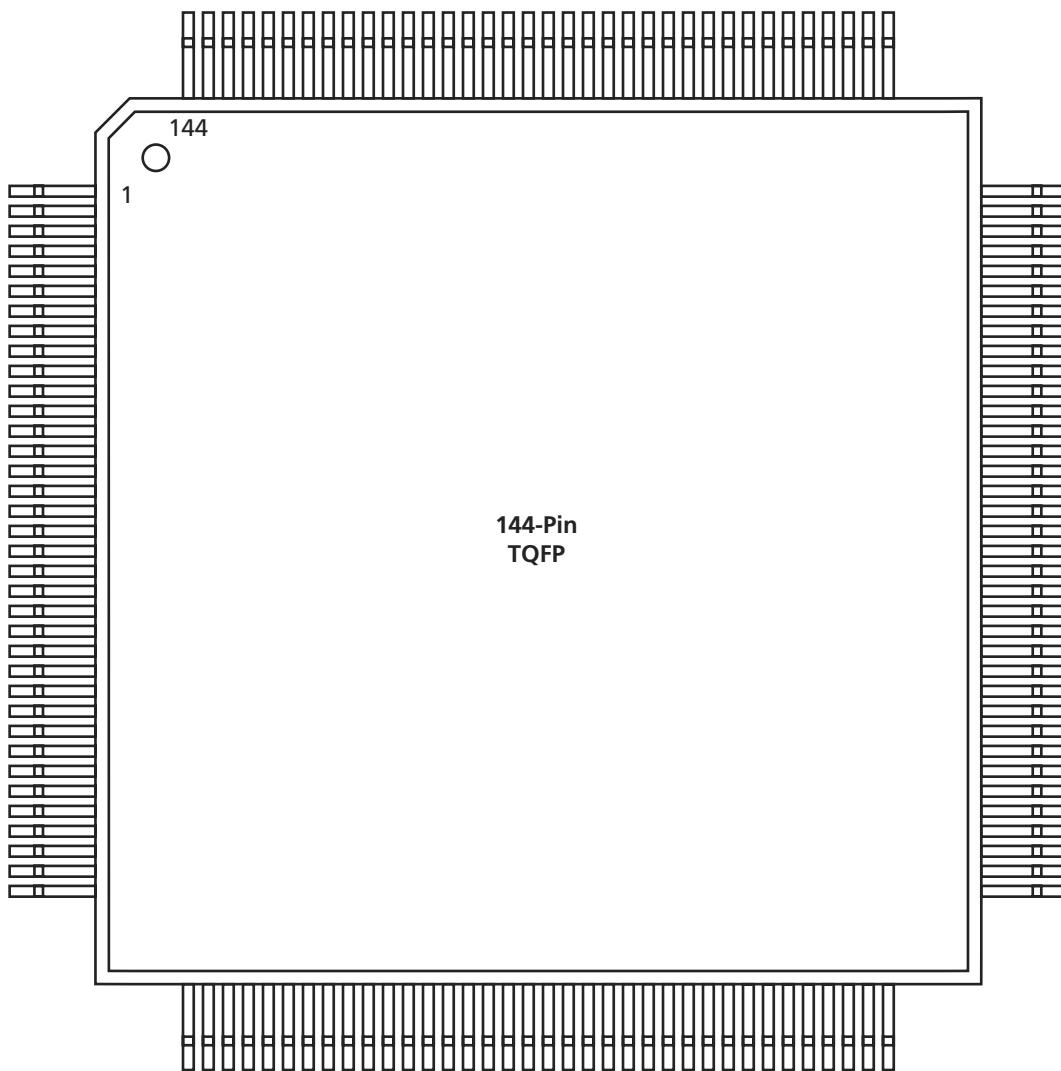


Figure 3-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	TMS	TMS	TMS
10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
11	GND	GND	GND
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	NC	NC	NC
20	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	GND	GND	GND
29	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
30	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND	GND
37	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
57	GND	GND	GND
58	NC	NC	NC
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	GND	GND	GND
74	I/O	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
E11	I/O	I/O	I/O
E12	I/O	I/O	I/O
E13	NC	I/O	I/O
E14	I/O	I/O	I/O
E15	I/O	I/O	I/O
E16	I/O	I/O	I/O
F1	I/O	I/O	I/O
F2	I/O	I/O	I/O
F3	I/O	I/O	I/O
F4	TMS	TMS	TMS
F5	I/O	I/O	I/O
F6	I/O	I/O	I/O
F7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F11	I/O	I/O	I/O
F12	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
F13	I/O	I/O	I/O
F14	I/O	I/O	I/O
F15	I/O	I/O	I/O
F16	I/O	I/O	I/O
G1	NC	I/O	I/O
G2	I/O	I/O	I/O
G3	NC	I/O	I/O
G4	I/O	I/O	I/O
G5	I/O	I/O	I/O
G6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
G7	GND	GND	GND
G8	GND	GND	GND
G9	GND	GND	GND
G10	GND	GND	GND
G11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
G12	I/O	I/O	I/O
G13	GND	GND	GND
G14	NC	I/O	I/O
G15	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
G16	I/O	I/O	I/O
H1	I/O	I/O	I/O
H2	I/O	I/O	I/O
H3	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
H4	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
H5	I/O	I/O	I/O
H6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H7	GND	GND	GND
H8	GND	GND	GND
H9	GND	GND	GND
H10	GND	GND	GND
H11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H12	I/O	I/O	I/O
H13	I/O	I/O	I/O
H14	I/O	I/O	I/O
H15	I/O	I/O	I/O
H16	NC	I/O	I/O
J1	NC	I/O	I/O
J2	NC	I/O	I/O
J3	NC	I/O	I/O
J4	I/O	I/O	I/O
J5	I/O	I/O	I/O
J6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J7	GND	GND	GND
J8	GND	GND	GND
J9	GND	GND	GND
J10	GND	GND	GND
J11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J12	I/O	I/O	I/O
J13	I/O	I/O	I/O
J14	I/O	I/O	I/O
J15	I/O	I/O	I/O
J16	I/O	I/O	I/O
K1	I/O	I/O	I/O
K2	I/O	I/O	I/O
K3	NC	I/O	I/O
K4	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

484-Pin FBGA

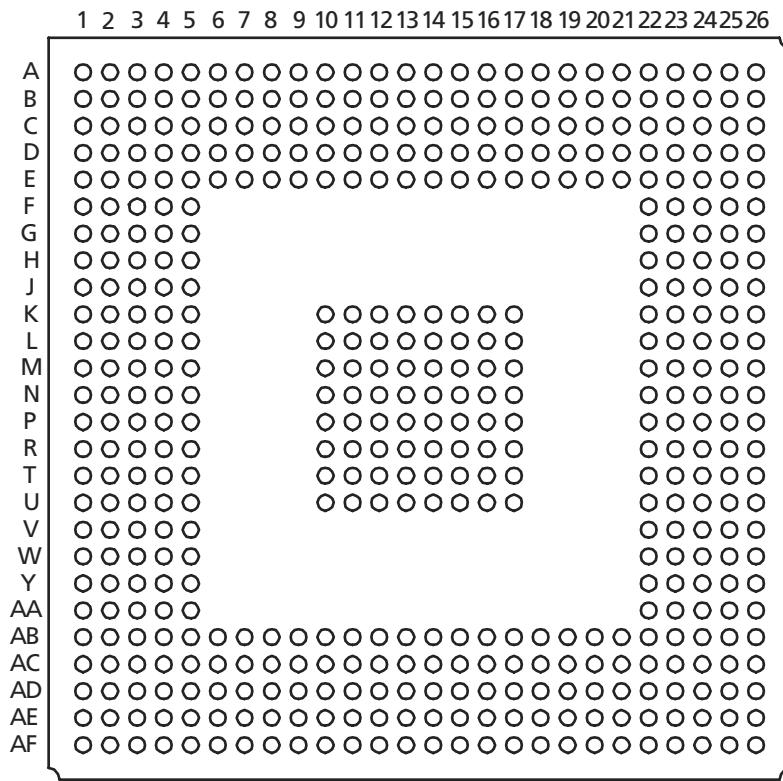


Figure 3-8 • 484-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
A1	NC*	NC
A2	NC*	NC
A3	NC*	I/O
A4	NC*	I/O
A5	NC*	I/O
A6	I/O	I/O
A7	I/O	I/O
A8	I/O	I/O
A9	I/O	I/O
A10	I/O	I/O
A11	NC*	I/O
A12	NC*	I/O
A13	I/O	I/O
A14	NC*	NC
A15	NC*	I/O
A16	NC*	I/O
A17	I/O	I/O
A18	I/O	I/O
A19	I/O	I/O
A20	I/O	I/O
A21	NC*	I/O
A22	NC*	I/O
A23	NC*	I/O
A24	NC*	I/O
A25	NC*	NC
A26	NC*	NC
AA1	NC*	I/O
AA2	NC*	I/O
AA3	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
AA4	I/O	I/O
AA5	I/O	I/O
AA22	I/O	I/O
AA23	I/O	I/O
AA24	I/O	I/O
AA25	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AA26	NC*	I/O
AB1	NC*	NC
AB2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AB3	I/O	I/O
AB4	I/O	I/O
AB5	NC*	I/O
AB6	I/O	I/O
AB7	I/O	I/O
AB8	I/O	I/O
AB9	I/O	I/O
AB10	I/O	I/O
AB11	I/O	I/O
AB12	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
AB13	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
AB14	I/O	I/O
AB15	I/O	I/O
AB16	I/O	I/O
AB17	I/O	I/O
AB18	I/O	I/O
AB19	I/O	I/O
AB20	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
AB21	GND	GND
AB22	NC*	I/O
AB23	I/O	I/O
AB24	I/O	I/O
AB25	NC*	I/O
AB26	NC*	I/O
AC1	I/O	I/O
AC2	I/O	I/O
AC3	I/O	I/O
AC4	NC*	I/O
AC5	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AC6	I/O	I/O
AC7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AC8	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AC9	I/O	I/O
AC10	I/O	I/O
AC11	I/O	I/O
AC12	I/O	QCLKA
AC13	I/O	I/O
AC14	I/O	I/O
AC15	I/O	I/O
AC16	I/O	I/O
AC17	I/O	I/O
AC18	I/O	I/O
AC19	I/O	I/O
AC20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AC21	I/O	I/O
AC22	I/O	I/O
AC23	NC*	I/O
AC24	I/O	I/O
AC25	NC*	I/O
AC26	NC*	I/O
AD1	I/O	I/O
AD2	I/O	I/O
AD3	GND	GND
AD4	I/O	I/O
AD5	I/O	I/O
AD6	I/O	I/O
AD7	I/O	I/O
AD8	I/O	I/O
AD9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AD10	I/O	I/O
AD11	I/O	I/O
AD12	I/O	I/O
AD13	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AD14	I/O	I/O
AD15	I/O	I/O
AD16	I/O	I/O
AD17	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
K10	GND	GND
K11	GND	GND
K12	GND	GND
K13	GND	GND
K14	GND	GND
K15	GND	GND
K16	GND	GND
K17	GND	GND
K22	I/O	I/O
K23	I/O	I/O
K24	NC*	NC
K25	NC*	I/O
K26	NC*	I/O
L1	NC*	I/O
L2	NC*	I/O
L3	I/O	I/O
L4	I/O	I/O
L5	I/O	I/O
L10	GND	GND
L11	GND	GND
L12	GND	GND
L13	GND	GND
L14	GND	GND
L15	GND	GND
L16	GND	GND
L17	GND	GND
L22	I/O	I/O
L23	I/O	I/O
L24	I/O	I/O
L25	I/O	I/O
L26	I/O	I/O
M1	NC*	NC
M2	I/O	I/O
M3	I/O	I/O
M4	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
M5	I/O	I/O
M10	GND	GND
M11	GND	GND
M12	GND	GND
M13	GND	GND
M14	GND	GND
M15	GND	GND
M16	GND	GND
M17	GND	GND
M22	I/O	I/O
M23	I/O	I/O
M24	I/O	I/O
M25	NC*	I/O
M26	NC*	I/O
N1	I/O	I/O
N2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
N3	I/O	I/O
N4	I/O	I/O
N5	I/O	I/O
N10	GND	GND
N11	GND	GND
N12	GND	GND
N13	GND	GND
N14	GND	GND
N15	GND	GND
N16	GND	GND
N17	GND	GND
N22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
N23	I/O	I/O
N24	I/O	I/O
N25	I/O	I/O
N26	NC*	NC
P1	NC*	I/O
P2	NC*	I/O
P3	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
P4	I/O	I/O
P5	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
P10	GND	GND
P11	GND	GND
P12	GND	GND
P13	GND	GND
P14	GND	GND
P15	GND	GND
P16	GND	GND
P17	GND	GND
P22	I/O	I/O
P23	I/O	I/O
P24	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
P25	I/O	I/O
P26	I/O	I/O
R1	NC*	I/O
R2	NC*	I/O
R3	I/O	I/O
R4	I/O	I/O
R5	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
R10	GND	GND
R11	GND	GND
R12	GND	GND
R13	GND	GND
R14	GND	GND
R15	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND
R17	GND	GND
R22	I/O	I/O
R23	I/O	I/O
R24	I/O	I/O
R25	NC*	I/O
R26	NC*	I/O
T1	NC*	I/O
T2	NC*	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.