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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	174
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TC)
Package / Case	208-BFCQFP with Tie Bar
Supplier Device Package	208-CQFP (75x75)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx32a-1cq208m">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx32a-1cq208m</a>

## Routing Resources

The routing and interconnect resources of SX-A devices are in the top two metal layers above the logic modules (Figure 1-1 on page 1-1), providing optimal use of silicon, thus enabling the entire floor of the device to be spanned with an uninterrupted grid of logic modules. Interconnection between these logic modules is achieved using the Actel patented metal-to-metal programmable antifuse interconnect elements. The antifuses are normally open circuits and, when programmed, form a permanent low-impedance connection.

Clusters and SuperClusters can be connected through the use of two innovative local routing resources called FastConnect and DirectConnect, which enable extremely fast and predictable interconnection of modules within Clusters and SuperClusters (Figure 1-5 on page 1-4 and Figure 1-6 on page 1-4). This routing architecture also dramatically reduces the number of antifuses required to complete a circuit, ensuring the highest possible performance, which is often required in applications such as fast counters, state machines, and data path logic. The interconnect elements (i.e., the antifuses and metal tracks) have lower capacitance and lower resistance than any other device of similar capacity, leading to the fastest signal propagation in the industry.

DirectConnect is a horizontal routing resource that provides connections from a C-cell to its neighboring R-Cell in a given SuperCluster. DirectConnect uses a hardwired signal path requiring no programmable

interconnection to achieve its fast signal propagation time of less than 0.1 ns.

FastConnect enables horizontal routing between any two logic modules within a given SuperCluster, and vertical routing with the SuperCluster immediately below it. Only one programmable connection is used in a FastConnect path, delivering a maximum pin-to-pin propagation time of 0.3 ns.

In addition to DirectConnect and FastConnect, the architecture makes use of two globally oriented routing resources known as segmented routing and high-drive routing. The Actel segmented routing structure provides a variety of track lengths for extremely fast routing between SuperClusters. The exact combination of track lengths and antifuses within each path is chosen by the 100% automatic place-and-route software to minimize signal propagation delays.

The general system of routing tracks allows any logic module in the array to be connected to any other logic or I/O module. Within this system, most connections typically require three or fewer antifuses, resulting in fast and predictable performance.

The unique local and general routing structure featured in SX-A devices allows 100% pin-locking with full logic utilization, enables concurrent printed circuit board (PCB) development, reduces design time, and allows designers to achieve performance goals with minimum effort.

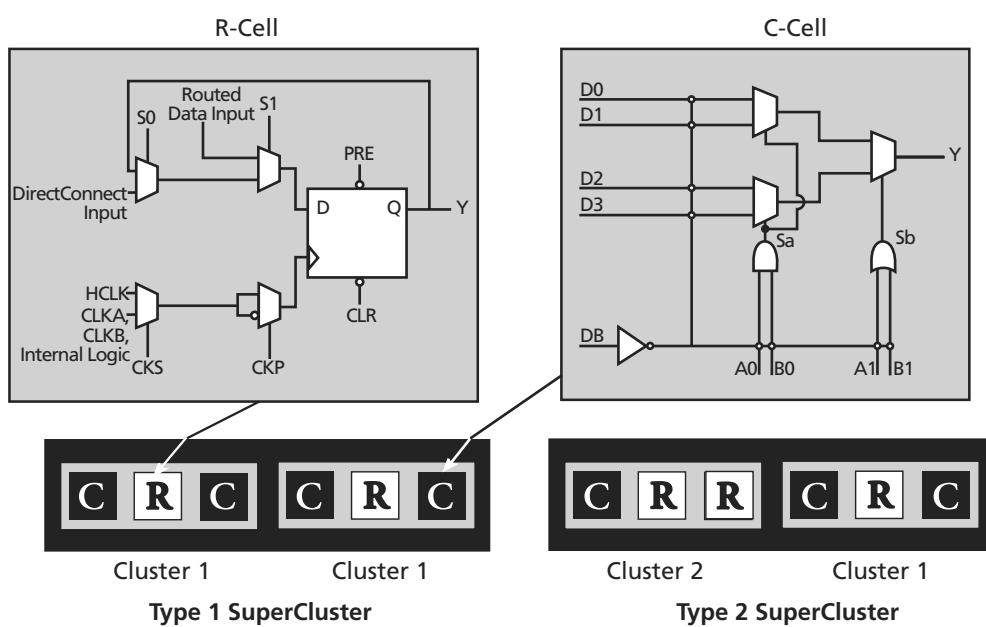


Figure 1-4 • Cluster Organization

## JTAG Instructions

Table 1-7 lists the supported instructions with the corresponding IR codes for SX-A devices.

Table 1-8 lists the codes returned after executing the IDCODE instruction for SX-A devices. Note that bit 0 is always '1'. Bits 11-1 are always '02F', which is the Actel manufacturer code.

Table 1-7 • JTAG Instruction Code

Instructions (IR4:IR0)	Binary Code
EXTEST	00000
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	00001
INTEST	00010
USERCODE	00011
IDCODE	00100
HighZ	01110
CLAMP	01111
Diagnostic	10000
BYPASS	11111
Reserved	All others

Table 1-8 • JTAG Instruction Code

Device	Process	Revision	Bits 31-28	Bits 27-12
A54SX08A	0.22 $\mu$	0	8, 9	40B4, 42B4
		1	A, B	40B4, 42B4
A54SX16A	0.22 $\mu$	0	9	40B8, 42B8
		1	B	40B8, 42B8
	0.25 $\mu$	1	B	22B8
A54SX32A	0.2 2 $\mu$	0	9	40BD, 42BD
		1	B	40BD, 42BD
	0.25 $\mu$	1	B	22BD
A54SX72A	0.22 $\mu$	0	9	40B2, 42B2
		1	B	40B2, 42B2
	0.25 $\mu$	1	B	22B2

## Electrical Specifications

Table 2-5 • 3.3 V LVTTL and 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
$V_{OH}$	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ )	0.9 $V_{CCI}$	0.9 $V_{CCI}$		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$ )	2.4	2.4		V	
$V_{OL}$	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$ )	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$ )	0.4	0.4		V	
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage		0.8	0.8		V	
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage		2.0	5.75	2.0	5.75	V
$I_{IL}/I_{IH}$	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tristate Output Leakage Current		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_R, t_F$	Input Transition Time $t_R, t_F$		10	10		ns	
$C_{IO}$	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
$I_{CC}$	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: \*The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-6 • 2.5 V LVCMS2 Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
$V_{OH}$	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$ )	2.1	2.1		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ )	2.0	2.0		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$ )	1.7	1.7		V	
$V_{OL}$	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$ )	0.2	0.2		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$ )	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$ )	0.7	0.7		V	
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage, $V_{OUT} \leq V_{VOL(\text{max})}$		-0.3	0.7	-0.3	0.7	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage, $V_{OUT} \geq V_{VOH(\text{min})}$		1.7	5.75	1.7	5.75	V
$I_{IL}/I_{IH}$	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tristate Output Leakage Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_R, t_F$	Input Transition Time $t_R, t_F$		10	10		ns	
$C_{IO}$	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
$I_{CC}$	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

Note: \*The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

## Thermal Characteristics

### Introduction

The temperature variable in Actel Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption will cause the chip's junction to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures. EQ 2-9 and EQ 2-10 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-9

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_C - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 2-10

Where:

$\theta_{JA}$  = Junction-to-air thermal resistance

$\theta_{JC}$  = Junction-to-case thermal resistance

$T_J$  = Junction temperature

$T_A$  = Ambient temperature

$T_C$  = Case temperature

P = total power dissipated by the device

Table 2-12 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type	Pin Count	$\theta_{JC}$	$\theta_{JA}$			Units
			Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft./min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft./min.	
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	100	14	33.5	27.4	25	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	144	11	33.5	28	25.7	°C/W
Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP)	176	11	24.7	19.9	18	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) <sup>1</sup>	208	8	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQFP) with Heat Spreader <sup>2</sup>	208	3.8	16.2	13.3	11.9	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array (PBGA)	329	3	17.1	13.8	12.8	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	144	3.8	26.9	22.9	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	256	3.8	26.6	22.8	21.5	°C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	484	3.2	18	14.7	13.6	°C/W

**Notes:**

1. The A54SX08A PQ208 has no heat spreader.
2. The SX-A PQ208 package has a heat spreader for A54SX16A, A54SX32A, and A54SX72A.

To determine the heat sink's thermal performance, use the following equation:

$$\theta_{JA(TOTAL)} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}$$

EQ 2-14

where:

$$\theta_{CS} = 0.37^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

= thermal resistance of the interface material between the case and the heat sink, usually provided by the thermal interface manufacturer

$$\theta_{SA} = \text{thermal resistance of the heat sink in } ^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

$$\theta_{SA} = \theta_{JA(TOTAL)} - \theta_{JC} - \theta_{CS}$$

EQ 2-15

$$\theta_{SA} = 13.33^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W} - 3.20^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W} - 0.37^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

$$\theta_{SA} = 9.76^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$$

A heat sink with a thermal resistance of  $9.76^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  or better should be used. Thermal resistance of heat sinks is a function of airflow. The heat sink performance can be significantly improved with the presence of airflow.

Carefully estimating thermal resistance is important in the long-term reliability of an Actel FPGA. Design engineers should always correlate the power consumption of the device with the maximum allowable power dissipation of the package selected for that device, using the provided thermal resistance data.

Note: The values may vary depending on the application.

Table 2-20 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>		<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>5 V PCI Output Module Timing<sup>1</sup></b>									
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.9	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.4	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.8	3.0	3.5	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.5	5.0	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.5	3.9	4.6	5.0	6.4	6.8	7.5	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.9	6.4	7.0	ns
$d_{TLH}^2$	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.025	0.032	0.035	0.042	ns/pF
$d_{THL}^2$	Delta High to Low	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.045	0.052	0.055	0.062	ns/pF
<b>5 V TTL Output Module Timing<sup>3</sup></b>									
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.5	5.0	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.4	ns
$t_{DHLS}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	7.6	8.6	10.1	11.0	14.2	15.0	16.0	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.4	2.7	3.2	3.5	4.5	4.8	5.2	ns
$t_{ENZLS}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	8.4	9.5	11.0	12.0	15.4	16.5	17.5	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.5	4.8	5.2	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	4.2	4.7	5.6	6.0	7.8	8.2	8.8	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.9	6.2	6.8	ns
$d_{TLH}$	Delta Low to High	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.031	0.031	0.035	ns/pF
$d_{THL}$	Delta High to Low	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.037	0.051	0.051	0.055	ns/pF
$d_{THLS}$	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.066	0.089	0.089	0.095	ns/pF

**Notes:**

1. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
2. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the  $V_{CCI}$  value into the following equation:  

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
 where  $C_{load}$  is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF  
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$  is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
3. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-22 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{HCKH}$	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.8	ns
$t_{HCKL}$	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.2	ns
$t_{HPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
$t_{HPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
$t_{HCKSW}$	Maximum Skew	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	ns
$t_{HP}$	Minimum Period	2.8	3.4	3.8	4.4	6.0	ns
$f_{HMAX}$	Maximum Frequency	357	294	263	227	167	MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.2	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
$t_{RPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
$t_{RPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-27 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>5 V PCI Output Module Timing<sup>2</sup></b>							
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
$d_{TLH}^3$	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.032	ns/pF
$d_{THL}^3$	Delta High to Low	0.026	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.052	ns/pF
<b>5 V TTL Output Module Timing<sup>4</sup></b>							
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
$t_{DHLS}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.7	7.7	8.7	10.2	14.3	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns
$t_{ENZLS}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.0	15.4	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	7.8	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns
$d_{TLH}^3$	Delta Low to High	0.014	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.031	ns/pF
$d_{THL}^3$	Delta High to Low	0.023	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.051	ns/pF
$d_{THLS}^3$	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.089	ns/pF

**Notes:**

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the  $V_{CCI}$  value into the following equation:  

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where  $C_{load}$  is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF  
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$  is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-28 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics (Continued)  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions,  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
$t_{INYH}$	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V PCI	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns
$t_{INYL}$	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V PCI	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
$t_{INYH}$	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V TTL	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
$t_{INYL}$	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V TTL	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>3</sup></b>							
$t_{IRD1}$	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	ns
$t_{IRD2}$	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	ns
$t_{IRD3}$	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	ns
$t_{IRD4}$	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.8	0.9	1	1.4	ns
$t_{IRD8}$	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns
$t_{IRD12}$	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2	2.2	2.6	3.6	ns

**Notes:**

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use  $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ ,  $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ , or  $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$ , whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-29 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{HCKH}$	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
$t_{HCKL}$	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
$t_{HPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HCKSW}$	Maximum Skew	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	ns
$t_{HP}$	Minimum Period	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.8	ns
$f_{HMAX}$	Maximum Frequency	357	313	278	238	172	MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.4	4.7	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.4	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.0	ns
$t_{RPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-31 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{HCKH}$	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
$t_{HCKL}$	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
$t_{HPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HCKSW}$	Maximum Skew	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	ns
$t_{HP}$	Minimum Period	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.8	ns
$f_{HMAX}$	Maximum Frequency	357	313	278	238	172	MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.5	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.7	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.7	5.2	ns
$t_{RPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-37 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
$t_{QCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.5	ns
$t_{QCHKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2	2.2	2.6	3.6	ns
$t_{QPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-38 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
$t_{QCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	3.4	ns
$t_{QCHKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.5	ns
$t_{QPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

<b>208-Pin PQFP</b>				
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08A Function</b>	<b>A54SX16A Function</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>	<b>A54SX72A Function</b>
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKA
75	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
77	GND	GND	GND	GND
78	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
79	GND	GND	GND	GND
80	NC	NC	NC	NC
81	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
83	I/O	I/O	I/O	V <sub>CCI</sub>
84	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
85	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
90	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
99	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND	GND

<b>208-Pin PQFP</b>				
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08A Function</b>	<b>A54SX16A Function</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>	<b>A54SX72A Function</b>
106	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
115	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
116	NC	I/O	I/O	GND
117	I/O	I/O	I/O	V <sub>CCA</sub>
118	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	GND	GND	GND	GND
130	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
131	GND	GND	GND	GND
132	NC	NC	NC	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

<b>144-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08A Function</b>	<b>A54SX16A Function</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
80	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
81	GND	GND	GND
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
90	NC	NC	NC
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
99	GND	GND	GND
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	GND	GND	GND
102	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	GND	GND	GND
110	I/O	I/O	I/O

<b>144-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08A Function</b>	<b>A54SX16A Function</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
126	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
127	NC	NC	NC
128	GND	GND	GND
129	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

## 329-Pin PBGA

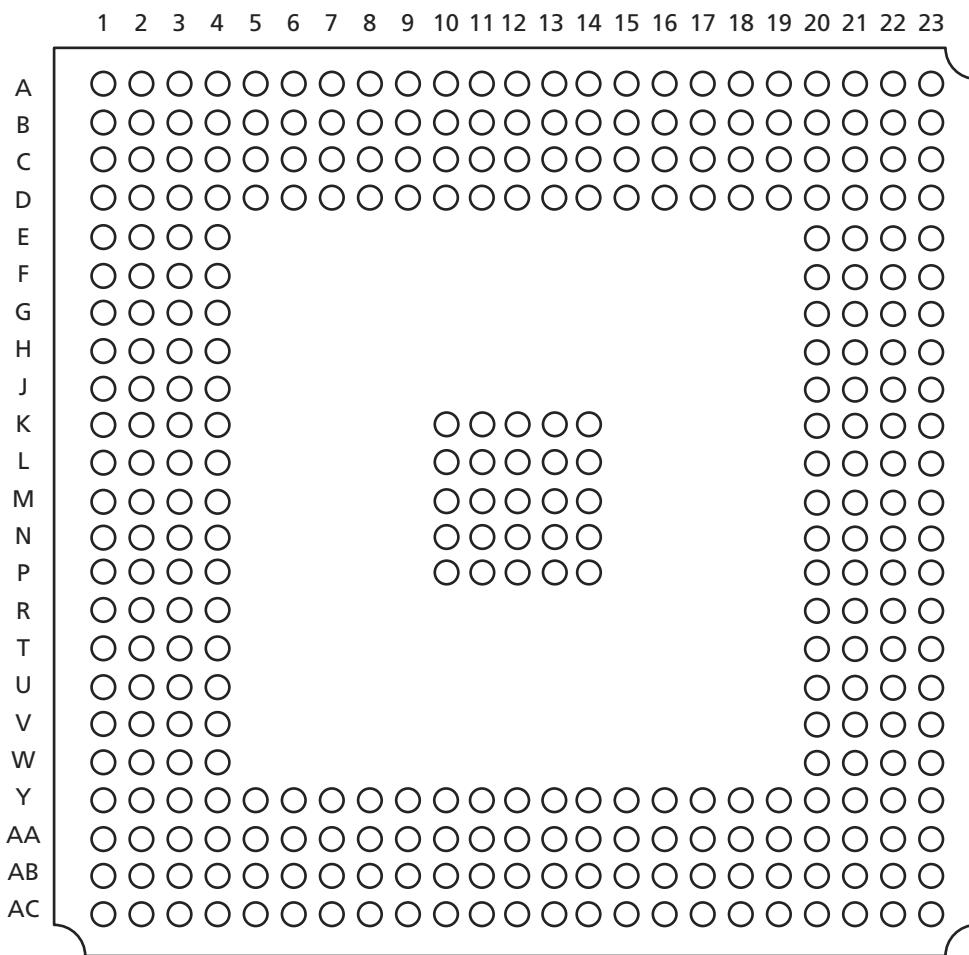


Figure 3-5 • 329-Pin PBGA (Top View)

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at  
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
D11	V <sub>CCA</sub>
D12	NC
D13	I/O
D14	I/O
D15	I/O
D16	I/O
D17	I/O
D18	I/O
D19	I/O
D20	I/O
D21	I/O
D22	I/O
D23	I/O
E1	V <sub>CCI</sub>
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	I/O
E20	I/O
E21	I/O
E22	I/O
E23	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	TMS
F3	I/O
F4	I/O
F20	I/O
F21	I/O
F22	I/O
F23	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	I/O
G20	I/O
G21	I/O
G22	I/O
G23	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
H20	V <sub>CCA</sub>
H21	I/O
H22	I/O
H23	I/O
J1	NC
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	I/O
J20	I/O
J21	I/O
J22	I/O
J23	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	I/O
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	GND
K20	I/O
K21	I/O
K22	I/O
K23	I/O
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	I/O
L4	NC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
L14	GND
L20	NC
L21	I/O
L22	I/O
L23	NC
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	V <sub>CCA</sub>
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	GND
M20	V <sub>CCA</sub>
M21	I/O
M22	I/O
M23	V <sub>CCI</sub>
N1	I/O
N2	TRST, I/O
N3	I/O
N4	I/O
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
N20	NC
N21	I/O
N22	I/O
N23	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	I/O
P10	GND
P11	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND
P20	I/O
P21	I/O
P22	I/O
P23	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	I/O
R20	I/O
R21	I/O
R22	I/O
R23	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T20	I/O
T21	I/O
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V <sub>CCA</sub>
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V <sub>CCA</sub>
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V <sub>CCI</sub>
V2	I/O
V3	I/O
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O

144-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
A1	I/O	I/O	I/O
A2	I/O	I/O	I/O
A3	I/O	I/O	I/O
A4	I/O	I/O	I/O
A5	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
A6	GND	GND	GND
A7	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
A8	I/O	I/O	I/O
A9	I/O	I/O	I/O
A10	I/O	I/O	I/O
A11	I/O	I/O	I/O
A12	I/O	I/O	I/O
B1	I/O	I/O	I/O
B2	GND	GND	GND
B3	I/O	I/O	I/O
B4	I/O	I/O	I/O
B5	I/O	I/O	I/O
B6	I/O	I/O	I/O
B7	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
B8	I/O	I/O	I/O
B9	I/O	I/O	I/O
B10	I/O	I/O	I/O
B11	GND	GND	GND
B12	I/O	I/O	I/O
C1	I/O	I/O	I/O
C2	I/O	I/O	I/O
C3	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
C4	I/O	I/O	I/O
C5	I/O	I/O	I/O
C6	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
C7	I/O	I/O	I/O
C8	I/O	I/O	I/O
C9	I/O	I/O	I/O
C10	I/O	I/O	I/O
C11	I/O	I/O	I/O
C12	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
D1	I/O	I/O	I/O
D2	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
D3	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
D4	I/O	I/O	I/O
D5	I/O	I/O	I/O
D6	I/O	I/O	I/O
D7	I/O	I/O	I/O
D8	I/O	I/O	I/O
D9	I/O	I/O	I/O
D10	I/O	I/O	I/O
D11	I/O	I/O	I/O
D12	I/O	I/O	I/O
E1	I/O	I/O	I/O
E2	I/O	I/O	I/O
E3	I/O	I/O	I/O
E4	I/O	I/O	I/O
E5	TMS	TMS	TMS
E6	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
E7	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
E8	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
E9	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
E10	I/O	I/O	I/O
E11	GND	GND	GND
E12	I/O	I/O	I/O
F1	I/O	I/O	I/O
F2	I/O	I/O	I/O
F3	NC	NC	NC
F4	I/O	I/O	I/O
F5	GND	GND	GND
F6	GND	GND	GND
F7	GND	GND	GND
F8	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
F9	I/O	I/O	I/O
F10	GND	GND	GND
F11	I/O	I/O	I/O
F12	I/O	I/O	I/O

<b>484-Pin FBGA</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>	<b>A54SX72A Function</b>
K10	GND	GND
K11	GND	GND
K12	GND	GND
K13	GND	GND
K14	GND	GND
K15	GND	GND
K16	GND	GND
K17	GND	GND
K22	I/O	I/O
K23	I/O	I/O
K24	NC*	NC
K25	NC*	I/O
K26	NC*	I/O
L1	NC*	I/O
L2	NC*	I/O
L3	I/O	I/O
L4	I/O	I/O
L5	I/O	I/O
L10	GND	GND
L11	GND	GND
L12	GND	GND
L13	GND	GND
L14	GND	GND
L15	GND	GND
L16	GND	GND
L17	GND	GND
L22	I/O	I/O
L23	I/O	I/O
L24	I/O	I/O
L25	I/O	I/O
L26	I/O	I/O
M1	NC*	NC
M2	I/O	I/O
M3	I/O	I/O
M4	I/O	I/O

<b>484-Pin FBGA</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>	<b>A54SX72A Function</b>
M5	I/O	I/O
M10	GND	GND
M11	GND	GND
M12	GND	GND
M13	GND	GND
M14	GND	GND
M15	GND	GND
M16	GND	GND
M17	GND	GND
M22	I/O	I/O
M23	I/O	I/O
M24	I/O	I/O
M25	NC*	I/O
M26	NC*	I/O
N1	I/O	I/O
N2	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
N3	I/O	I/O
N4	I/O	I/O
N5	I/O	I/O
N10	GND	GND
N11	GND	GND
N12	GND	GND
N13	GND	GND
N14	GND	GND
N15	GND	GND
N16	GND	GND
N17	GND	GND
N22	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
N23	I/O	I/O
N24	I/O	I/O
N25	I/O	I/O
N26	NC*	NC
P1	NC*	I/O
P2	NC*	I/O
P3	I/O	I/O

<b>484-Pin FBGA</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>	<b>A54SX72A Function</b>
P4	I/O	I/O
P5	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
P10	GND	GND
P11	GND	GND
P12	GND	GND
P13	GND	GND
P14	GND	GND
P15	GND	GND
P16	GND	GND
P17	GND	GND
P22	I/O	I/O
P23	I/O	I/O
P24	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
P25	I/O	I/O
P26	I/O	I/O
R1	NC*	I/O
R2	NC*	I/O
R3	I/O	I/O
R4	I/O	I/O
R5	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
R10	GND	GND
R11	GND	GND
R12	GND	GND
R13	GND	GND
R14	GND	GND
R15	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND
R17	GND	GND
R22	I/O	I/O
R23	I/O	I/O
R24	I/O	I/O
R25	NC*	I/O
R26	NC*	I/O
T1	NC*	I/O
T2	NC*	I/O

**Note:** \*These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

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