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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	147
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx32a-2tqg176i

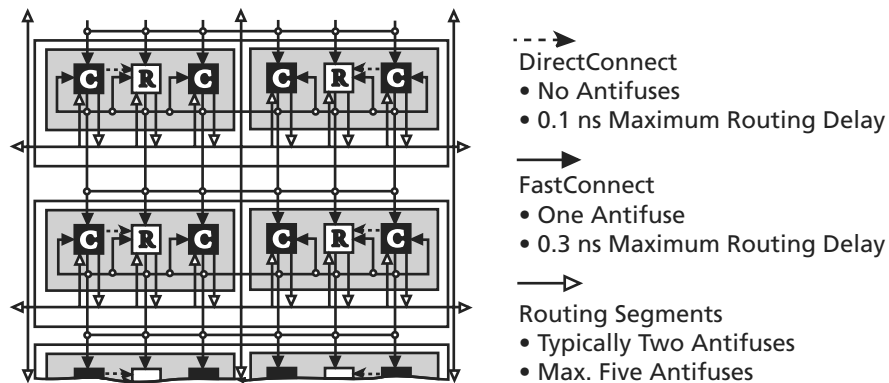


Figure 1-5 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 1 SuperClusters

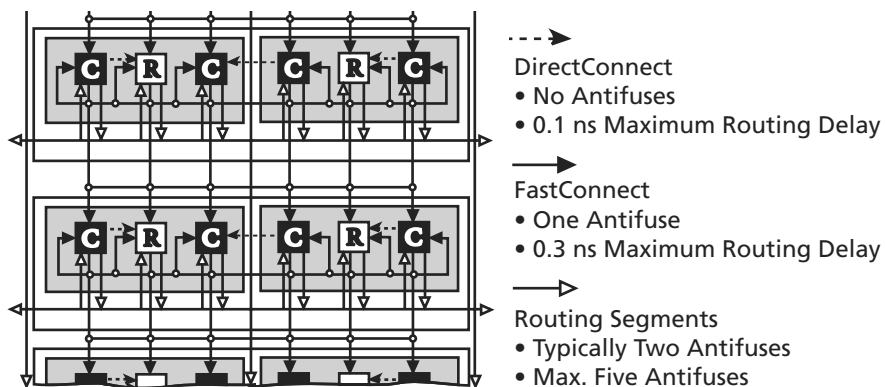


Figure 1-6 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 2 SuperClusters

Power-Up/Down and Hot Swapping

SX-A I/Os are configured to be hot-swappable, with the exception of 3.3 V PCI. During power-up/down (or partial up/down), all I/Os are tristated. V_{CCA} and V_{CCI} do not have to be stable during power-up/down, and can be powered up/down in any order. When the SX-A device is plugged into an electrically active system, the device will not degrade the reliability of or cause damage to the host system. The device's output pins are driven to a high impedance state until normal chip operating conditions

are reached. Table 1-4 summarizes the V_{CCA} voltage at which the I/Os behave according to the user's design for an SX-A device at room temperature for various ramp-up rates. The data reported assumes a linear ramp-up profile to 2.5 V. For more information on power-up and hot-swapping, refer to the application note, *Actel SX-A and RT54SX-S Devices in Hot-Swap and Cold-Sparing Applications*.

Table 1-2 • I/O Features

Function	Description
Input Buffer Threshold Selections	5 V: PCI, TTL 3.3 V: PCI, LVTTTL 2.5 V: LVCMOS2 (commercial only)
Flexible Output Driver	5 V: PCI, TTL 3.3 V: PCI, LVTTTL 2.5 V: LVCMOS2 (commercial only)
Output Buffer	"Hot-Swap" Capability (3.3 V PCI is not hot swappable) - I/O on an unpowered device does not sink current - Can be used for "cold-sparing" Selectable on an individual I/O basis Individually selectable slew rate; high slew or low slew (The default is high slew rate). The slew is only affected on the falling edge of an output. Rising edges of outputs are not affected.
Power-Up	Individually selectable pull-ups and pull-downs during power-up (default is to power-up in tristate) Enables deterministic power-up of device V_{CCA} and V_{CCI} can be powered in any order

Table 1-3 • I/O Characteristics for All I/O Configurations

	Hot Swappable	Slew Rate Control	Power-Up Resistor
TTL, LVTTTL, LVCMOS2	Yes	Yes. Only affects falling edges of outputs	Pull-up or pull-down
3.3 V PCI	No	No. High slew rate only	Pull-up or pull-down
5 V PCI	Yes	No. High slew rate only	Pull-up or pull-down

Table 1-4 • Power-Up Time at which I/Os Become Active

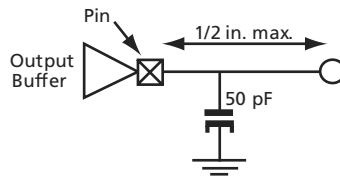
Supply Ramp Rate	0.25 V/ μ s	0.025 V/ μ s	5 V/ms	2.5 V/ms	0.5 V/ms	0.25 V/ms	0.1 V/ms	0.025 V/ms
Units	μ s	μ s	ms	ms	ms	ms	ms	ms
A54SX08A	10	96	0.34	0.65	2.7	5.4	12.9	50.8
A54SX16A	10	100	0.36	0.62	2.5	4.7	11.0	41.6
A54SX32A	10	100	0.46	0.74	2.8	5.2	12.1	47.2
A54SX72A	10	100	0.41	0.67	2.6	5.0	12.1	47.2

Table 2-8 • AC Specifications (5 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4$ ¹	-44	–	mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4$ ^{1, 2}	$(-44 + (V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024)$	–	mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CCI}$ ^{1, 3}	–	EQ 2-1 on page 2-5	–
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1$ ³	–	-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current Low	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2$ ¹	95	–	mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55$ ¹	$(V_{OUT}/0.023)$	–	mA
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0$ ^{1, 3}	–	EQ 2-2 on page 2-5	–
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71$ ³	–	206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$	–	mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the *V_I* curves in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST#, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. The equation defined maximum should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.



To determine the heat sink's thermal performance, use the following equation:

$$\theta_{JA(TOTAL)} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}$$

EQ 2-14

where:

$$\theta_{CS} = 0.37^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

= thermal resistance of the interface material between the case and the heat sink, usually provided by the thermal interface manufacturer

$$\theta_{SA} = \text{thermal resistance of the heat sink in } ^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

$$\theta_{SA} = \theta_{JA(TOTAL)} - \theta_{JC} - \theta_{CS}$$

EQ 2-15

$$\theta_{SA} = 13.33^{\circ}\text{C/W} - 3.20^{\circ}\text{C/W} - 0.37^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

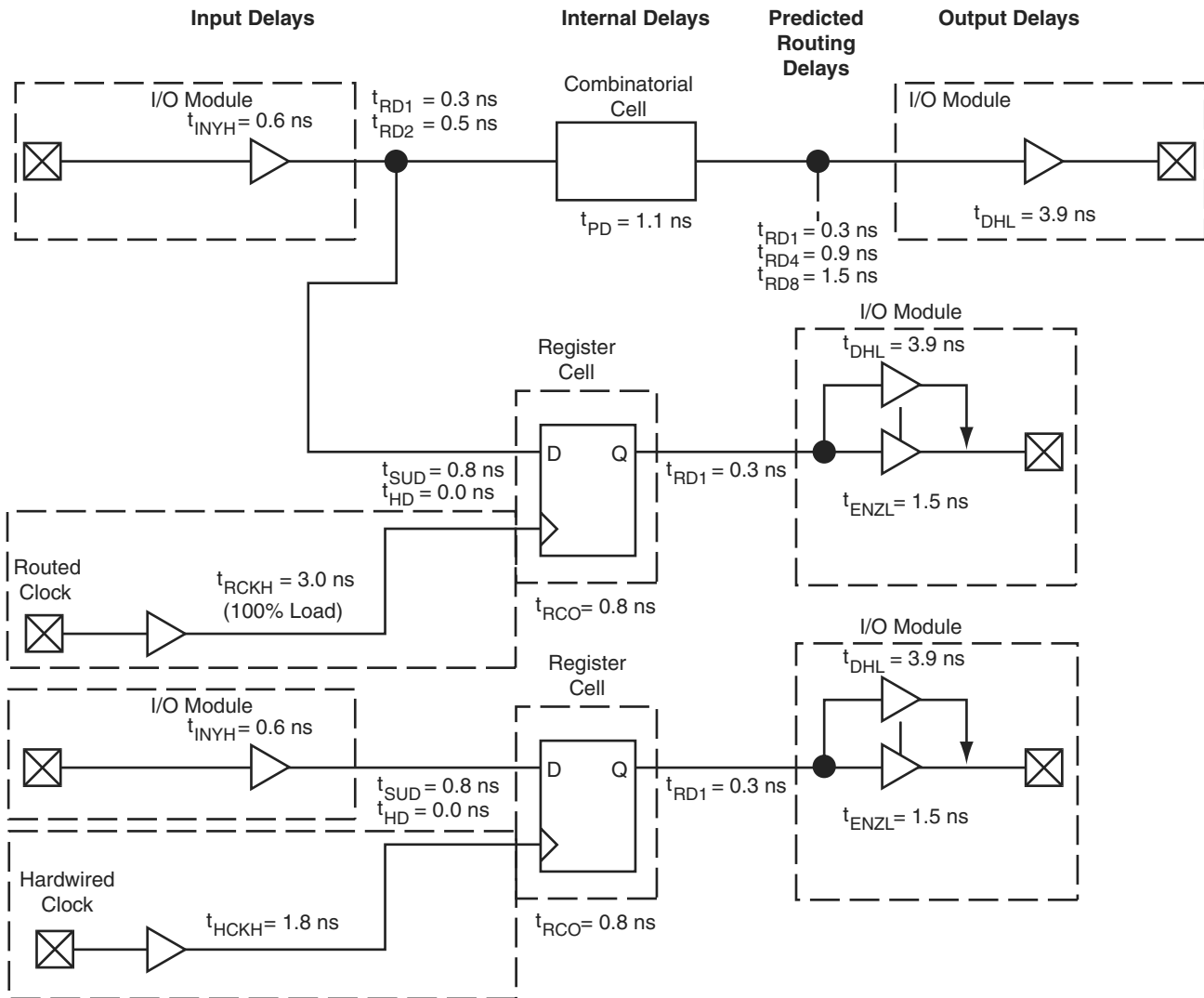
$$\theta_{SA} = 9.76^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

A heat sink with a thermal resistance of 9.76°C/W or better should be used. Thermal resistance of heat sinks is a function of airflow. The heat sink performance can be significantly improved with the presence of airflow.

Carefully estimating thermal resistance is important in the long-term reliability of an Actel FPGA. Design engineers should always correlate the power consumption of the device with the maximum allowable power dissipation of the package selected for that device, using the provided thermal resistance data.

Note: The values may vary depending on the application.

SX-A Timing Model



Note: *Values shown for A54SX72A, -2, worst-case commercial conditions at 5 V PCI with standard place-and-route.

Figure 2-3 • SX-A Timing Model

Sample Path Calculations

Hardwired Clock

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{External Setup} &= (t_{INYH} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}) - t_{HCKH} \\
 &= 0.6 + 0.3 + 0.8 - 1.8 = -0.1 \text{ ns} \\
 \text{Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad)} &= t_{HCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\
 &= 1.8 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 3.9 = 6.8 \text{ ns}
 \end{aligned}$$

Routed Clock

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{External Setup} &= (t_{INYH} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}) - t_{RCKH} \\
 &= 0.6 + 0.3 + 0.8 - 3.0 = -1.3 \text{ ns} \\
 \text{Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad)} &= t_{RCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\
 &= 3.0 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 3.9 = 8.0 \text{ ns}
 \end{aligned}$$

Output Buffer Delays

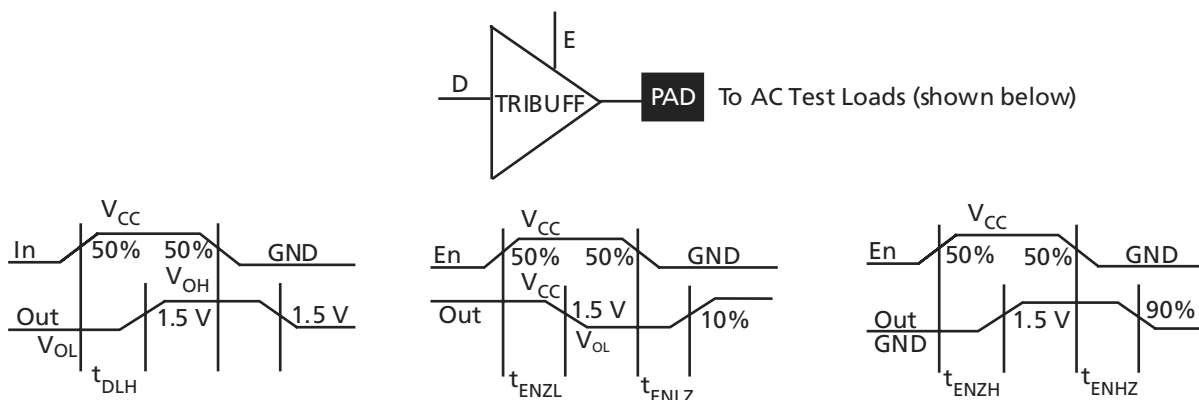


Figure 2-4 • Output Buffer Delays

AC Test Loads

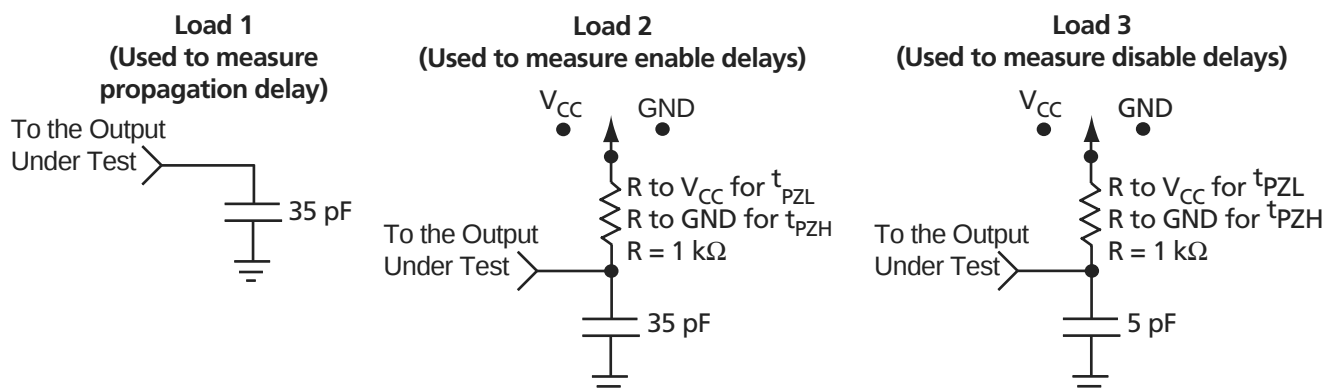


Figure 2-5 • AC Test Loads

Table 2-16 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks										
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.6		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		2.2		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.8		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	313		278		238		172		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4		2		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4		2		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4		1.9		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2		ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns

Table 2-17 • **A54SX08A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks										
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.3	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.0		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.8	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		313		278		238		172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks										
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.5	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns

Table 2-22 • **A54SX16A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.8		ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.5		2.2		ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.7		ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.4		3.8		4.4		6.0		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357		294		263		227		167		MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.4		ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1		ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-29 • **A54SX32A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		357		313		278		238		172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.7	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.4	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.5		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.0	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-34 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing ²												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.1		2.4		2.8		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.016		0.016		0.02		0.022		0.032		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.026		0.03		0.032		0.04		0.052		ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.5		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.2		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4		8.4		9.5		11.0		15.4		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6		4.2		4.7		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High	0.014		0.017		0.017		0.023		0.031		ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low	0.023		0.029		0.031		0.037		0.051		ns/pF
d _{THLS} ³	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043		0.046		0.057		0.066		0.089		ns/pF

Notes:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-36 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{QCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		3.0		3.4		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t_{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.9		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3	ns
t_{QPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t_{QPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.2		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t_{QCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-39 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
2.5 V LVCMOS Output Module Timing ^{2, 3}												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High		3.9		4.5		5.1		6.0		8.4	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low		3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew		12.7		14.6		16.5		19.4		27.2	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew		11.8		13.7		15.5		18.2		25.5	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		3.9		4.5		5.1		6.0		8.4	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		2.1		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
d _{TLH} ⁴	Delta Low to High		0.031		0.037		0.043		0.051		0.071	ns/pF
d _{THL} ⁴	Delta High to Low		0.017		0.017		0.023		0.023		0.037	ns/pF
d _{THLS} ⁴	Delta High to Low—low slew		0.057		0.06		0.071		0.086		0.117	ns/pF

Note:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
3. The equivalent IO Attribute settings for 2.5 V LVC MOS is 2.5 V LV TTL in the software.
4. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

100-Pin TQFP

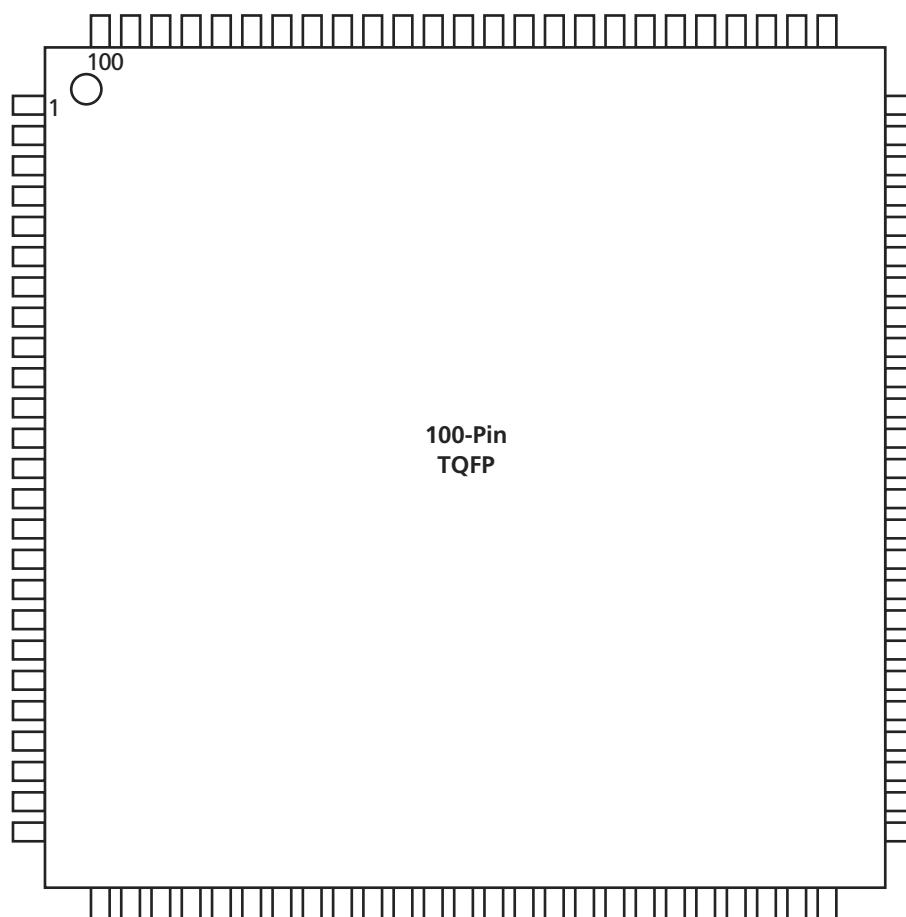


Figure 3-2 • 100-Pin TQFP

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

144-Pin TQFP

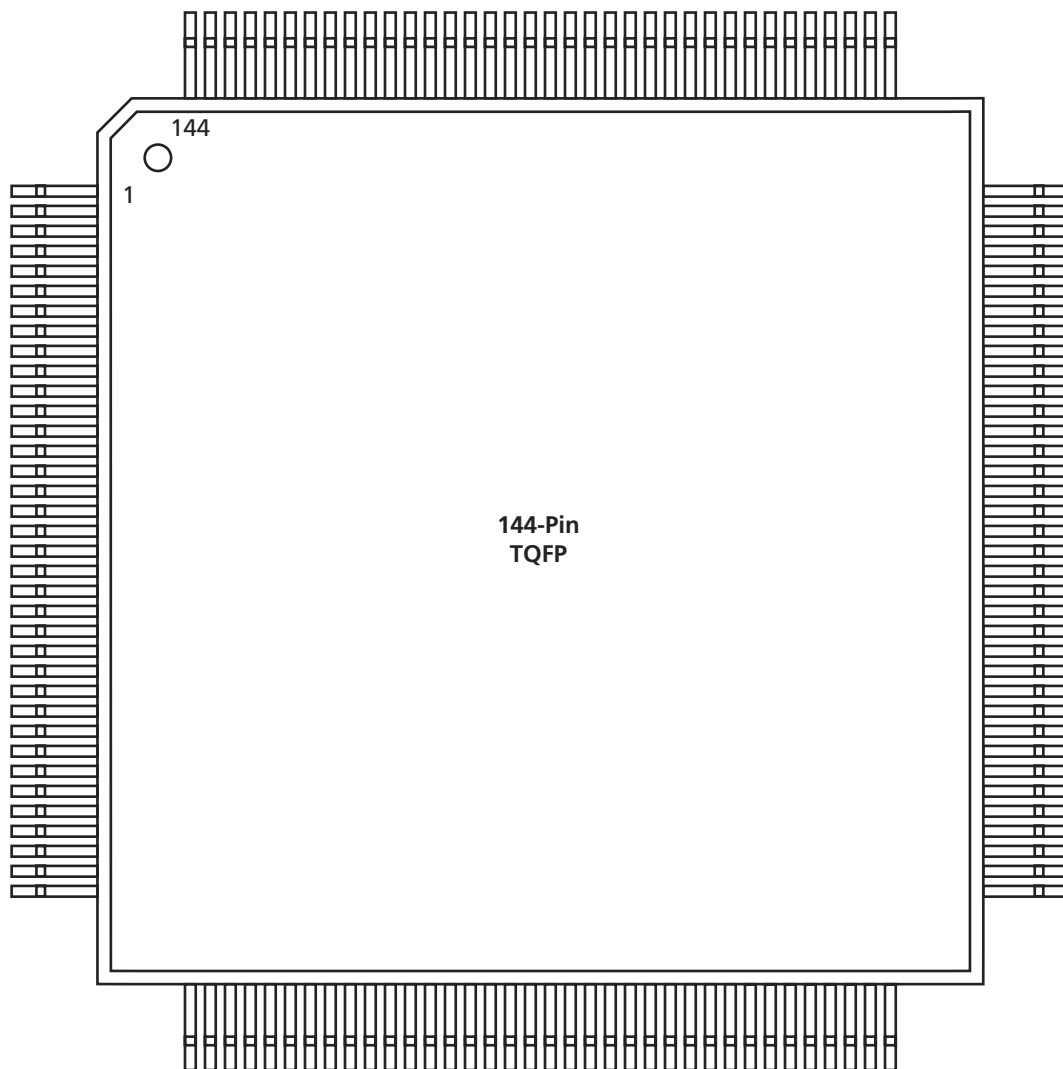


Figure 3-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
P15	I/O	I/O	I/O
P16	I/O	I/O	I/O
R1	I/O	I/O	I/O
R2	GND	GND	GND
R3	I/O	I/O	I/O
R4	NC	I/O	I/O
R5	I/O	I/O	I/O
R6	I/O	I/O	I/O
R7	I/O	I/O	I/O
R8	I/O	I/O	I/O
R9	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
R10	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
R11	I/O	I/O	I/O
R12	I/O	I/O	I/O
R13	I/O	I/O	I/O
R14	I/O	I/O	I/O
R15	GND	GND	GND
R16	GND	GND	GND
T1	GND	GND	GND
T2	I/O	I/O	I/O
T3	I/O	I/O	I/O
T4	NC	I/O	I/O
T5	I/O	I/O	I/O
T6	I/O	I/O	I/O
T7	I/O	I/O	I/O
T8	I/O	I/O	I/O
T9	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
T10	I/O	I/O	I/O
T11	I/O	I/O	I/O
T12	NC	I/O	I/O
T13	I/O	I/O	I/O
T14	I/O	I/O	I/O
T15	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
T16	GND	GND	GND

484-Pin FBGA

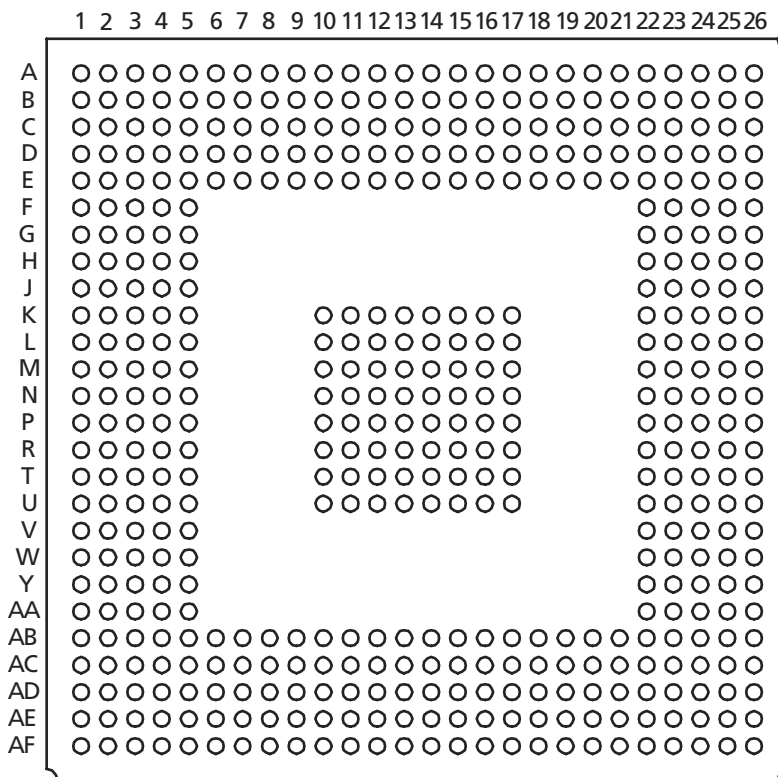


Figure 3-8 • 484-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AD18	I/O	I/O
AD19	I/O	I/O
AD20	I/O	I/O
AD21	I/O	I/O
AD22	I/O	I/O
AD23	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
AD24	NC*	I/O
AD25	NC*	I/O
AD26	NC*	I/O
AE1	NC*	NC
AE2	I/O	I/O
AE3	NC*	I/O
AE4	NC*	I/O
AE5	NC*	I/O
AE6	NC*	I/O
AE7	I/O	I/O
AE8	I/O	I/O
AE9	I/O	I/O
AE10	I/O	I/O
AE11	NC*	I/O
AE12	I/O	I/O
AE13	I/O	I/O
AE14	I/O	I/O
AE15	NC*	I/O
AE16	NC*	I/O
AE17	I/O	I/O
AE18	I/O	I/O
AE19	I/O	I/O
AE20	I/O	I/O
AE21	NC*	I/O
AE22	NC*	I/O
AE23	NC*	I/O
AE24	NC*	I/O
AE25	NC*	NC
AE26	NC*	NC

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
AF1	NC*	NC
AF2	NC*	NC
AF3	NC	I/O
AF4	NC*	I/O
AF5	NC*	I/O
AF6	NC*	I/O
AF7	I/O	I/O
AF8	I/O	I/O
AF9	I/O	I/O
AF10	I/O	I/O
AF11	NC*	I/O
AF12	NC*	NC
AF13	HCLK	HCLK
AF14	I/O	QCLKB
AF15	NC*	I/O
AF16	NC*	I/O
AF17	I/O	I/O
AF18	I/O	I/O
AF19	I/O	I/O
AF20	NC*	I/O
AF21	NC*	I/O
AF22	NC*	I/O
AF23	NC*	I/O
AF24	NC*	I/O
AF25	NC*	NC
AF26	NC*	NC
B1	NC*	NC
B2	NC*	NC
B3	NC*	I/O
B4	NC*	I/O
B5	NC*	I/O
B6	I/O	I/O
B7	I/O	I/O
B8	I/O	I/O
B9	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
B10	I/O	I/O
B11	NC*	I/O
B12	NC*	I/O
B13	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
B14	CLKA	CLKA
B15	NC*	I/O
B16	NC*	I/O
B17	I/O	I/O
B18	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
B19	I/O	I/O
B20	I/O	I/O
B21	NC*	I/O
B22	NC*	I/O
B23	NC*	I/O
B24	NC*	I/O
B25	I/O	I/O
B26	NC*	NC
C1	NC*	I/O
C2	NC*	I/O
C3	NC*	I/O
C4	NC*	I/O
C5	I/O	I/O
C6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C7	I/O	I/O
C8	I/O	I/O
C9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C10	I/O	I/O
C11	I/O	I/O
C12	I/O	I/O
C13	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
C14	I/O	I/O
C15	I/O	QCLKD
C16	I/O	I/O
C17	I/O	I/O
C18	I/O	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

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