

Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

[Understanding Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	203
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx32a-fgg256a

General Description

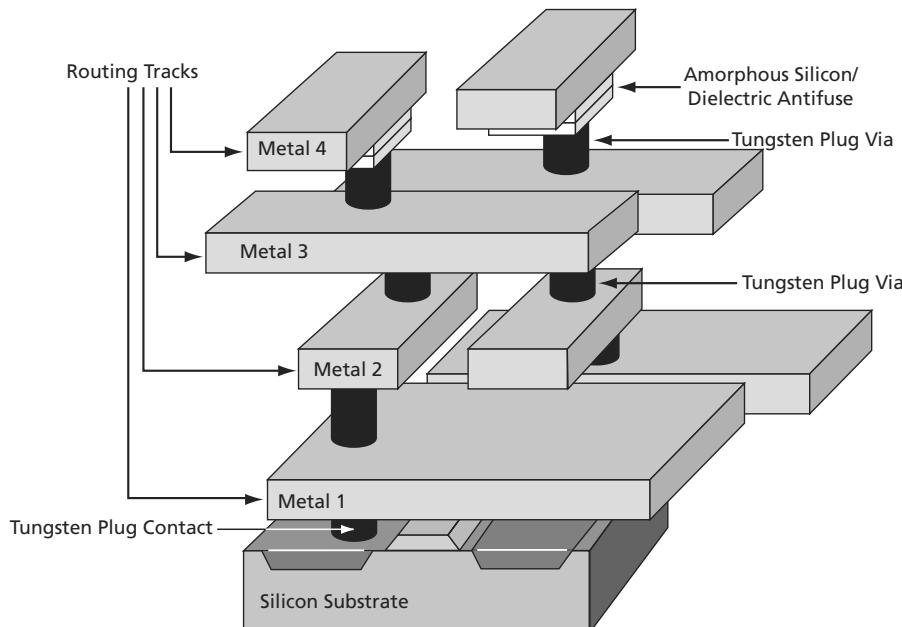
Introduction

The Actel SX-A family of FPGAs offers a cost-effective, single-chip solution for low-power, high-performance designs. Fabricated on $0.22\text{ }\mu\text{m} / 0.25\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ CMOS antifuse technology and with the support of 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5 V I/Os, the SX-A is a versatile platform to integrate designs while significantly reducing time-to-market.

SX-A Family Architecture

The SX-A family's device architecture provides a unique approach to module organization and chip routing that satisfies performance requirements and delivers the most optimal register/logic mix for a wide variety of applications.

Interconnection between these logic modules is achieved using Actel's patented metal-to-metal programmable antifuses interconnect elements (Figure 1-1). The antifuses are normally open circuit and, when programmed, form a permanent low-impedance connection.



Note: The A54SX72A device has four layers of metal with the antifuse between Metal 3 and Metal 4. The A54SX08A, A54SX16A, and A54SX32A devices have three layers of metal with the antifuse between Metal 2 and Metal 3.

Figure 1-1 • SX-A Family Interconnect Elements

Related Documents

Application Notes

Global Clock Networks in Actel's Antifuse Devices

http://www.actel.com/documents/GlobalClk_AN.pdf

Using A54SX72A and RT54SX72S Quadrant Clocks

http://www.actel.com/documents/QCLK_AN.pdf

Implementation of Security in Actel Antifuse FPGAs

http://www.actel.com/documents/Antifuse_Security_AN.pdf

Actel eX, SX-A, and RTSX-S I/Os

http://www.actel.com/documents/AntifuseIO_AN.pdf

Actel SX-A and RT54SX-S Devices in Hot-Swap and Cold-Sparing Applications

http://www.actel.com/documents/HotSwapColdSparing_AN.pdf

Programming Antifuse Devices

http://www.actel.com/documents/AntifuseProgram_AN.pdf

Datasheets

HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs

http://www.actel.com/documents/HRSXA_DS.pdf

SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs

http://www.actel.com/documents/SXA_Auto_DS.pdf

User's Guides

Silicon Sculptor User's Guide

http://www.actel.com/documents/SiliSculptII_Sculpt3_ug.pdf

Where:

C_{EQCM} = Equivalent capacitance of combinatorial modules (C-cells) in pF

C_{EQSM} = Equivalent capacitance of sequential modules (R-Cells) in pF

C_{EQI} = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF

C_{EQO} = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF

C_{EQCR} = Equivalent capacitance of CLKA/B in pF

C_{EQHV} = Variable capacitance of HCLK in pF

C_{EQHF} = Fixed capacitance of HCLK in pF

C_L = Output lead capacitance in pF

f_m = Average logic module switching rate in MHz

f_n = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz

f_p = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz

f_{q1} = Average CLKA rate in MHz

f_{q2} = Average CLKB rate in MHz

f_{s1} = Average HCLK rate in MHz

m = Number of logic modules switching at f_m

n = Number of input buffers switching at f_n

p = Number of output buffers switching at f_p

q_1 = Number of clock loads on CLKA

q_2 = Number of clock loads on CLKB

r_1 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKA

r_2 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKB

s_1 = Number of clock loads on HCLK

x = Number of I/Os at logic low

y = Number of I/Os at logic high

Table 2-11 • CEQ Values for SX-A Devices

	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
Combinatorial modules (C_{EQCM})	1.70 pF	2.00 pF	2.00 pF	1.80 pF
Sequential modules (C_{EQCM})	1.50 pF	1.50 pF	1.30 pF	1.50 pF
Input buffers (C_{EQI})	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF
Output buffers (C_{EQO})	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF
Routed array clocks (C_{EQCR})	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF
Dedicated array clocks – variable (C_{EQHV})	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF
Dedicated array clocks – fixed (C_{EQHF})	30.00 pF	55.00 pF	110.00 pF	240.00 pF
Routed array clock A (r_1)	35.00 pF	50.00 pF	90.00 pF	310.00 pF

Theta-JA

Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) is determined under standard conditions specified by JESD-51 series but has little relevance in actual performance of the product in real application. It should be employed with caution but is useful for comparing the thermal performance of one package to another.

A sample calculation to estimate the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed (worst case) for a 329-pin PBGA package at still air is as follows. i.e.:

$\theta_{JA} = 17.1^\circ\text{C/W}$ is taken from Table 2-12 on page 2-11

$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ is the maximum limit of ambient (from the datasheet)

$$\text{Max. Allowed Power} = \frac{\text{Max Junction Temp} - \text{Max. Ambient Temp}}{\theta_{JA}} = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 125^\circ\text{C}}{17.1^\circ\text{C/W}} = 1.46 \text{ W}$$

EQ 2-11

The device's power consumption must be lower than the calculated maximum power dissipation by the package.

The power consumption of a device can be calculated using the Actel power calculator. If the power consumption is higher than the device's maximum allowable power dissipation, then a heat sink can be attached on top of the case or the airflow inside the system must be increased.

Theta-JC

Junction-to-case thermal resistance (θ_{JC}) measures the ability of a device to dissipate heat from the surface of the chip to the top or bottom surface of the package. It is applicable for packages used with external heat sinks and only applies to situations where all or nearly all of the heat is dissipated through the surface in consideration. If the power consumption is higher than the calculated maximum power dissipation of the package, then a heat sink is required.

Calculation for Heat Sink

For example, in a design implemented in a FG484 package, the power consumption value using the power calculator is 3.00 W. The user-dependent data T_J and T_A are given as follows:

$T_J = 110^\circ\text{C}$

$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$

From the datasheet:

$\theta_{JA} = 18.0^\circ\text{C/W}$

$\theta_{JC} = 3.2^\circ\text{C/W}$

$$P = \frac{\text{Max Junction Temp} - \text{Max. Ambient Temp}}{\theta_{JA}} = \frac{110^\circ\text{C} - 70^\circ\text{C}}{18.0^\circ\text{C/W}} = 2.22 \text{ W}$$

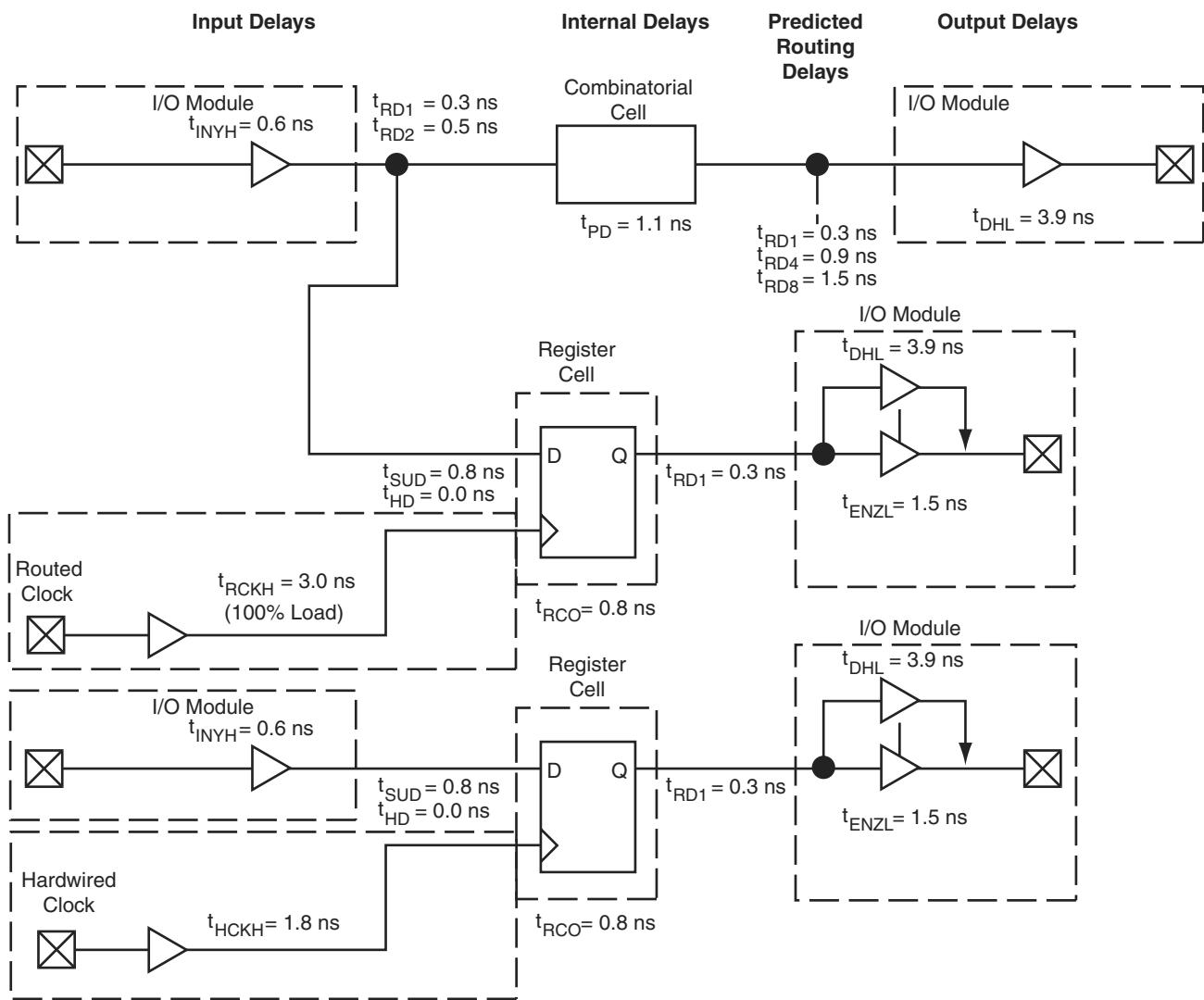
EQ 2-12

The 2.22 W power is less than then required 3.00 W; therefore, the design requires a heat sink or the airflow where the device is mounted should be increased. The design's junction-to-air thermal resistance requirement can be estimated by:

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{\text{Max Junction Temp} - \text{Max. Ambient Temp}}{P} = \frac{110^\circ\text{C} - 70^\circ\text{C}}{3.00 \text{ W}} = 13.33^\circ\text{C/W}$$

EQ 2-13

SX-A Timing Model



Note: *Values shown for A54SX72A, -2, worst-case commercial conditions at 5 V PCI with standard place-and-route.

Figure 2-3 • SX-A Timing Model

Sample Path Calculations

Hardwired Clock

$$\begin{aligned}\text{External Setup} &= (t_{INYH} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}) - t_{HCKH} \\ &= 0.6 + 0.3 + 0.8 - 1.8 = -0.1 \text{ ns} \\ \text{Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad)} &= t_{HCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 1.8 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 3.9 = 6.8 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$

Routed Clock

$$\begin{aligned}\text{External Setup} &= (t_{INYH} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}) - t_{RCKH} \\ &= 0.6 + 0.3 + 0.8 - 3.0 = -1.3 \text{ ns} \\ \text{Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad)} &= t_{RCKH} + t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{DHL} \\ &= 3.0 + 0.8 + 0.3 + 3.9 = 8.0 \text{ ns}\end{aligned}$$

Output Buffer Delays

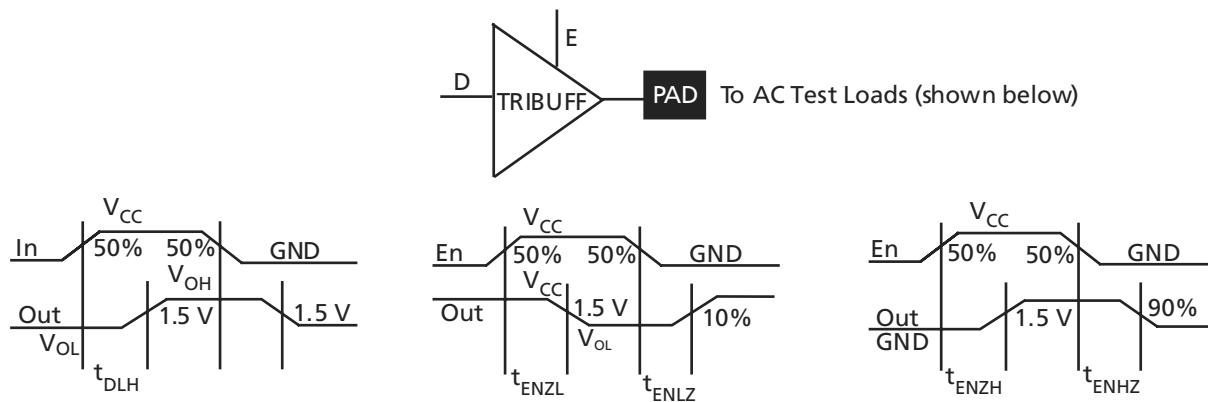


Figure 2-4 • Output Buffer Delays

AC Test Loads

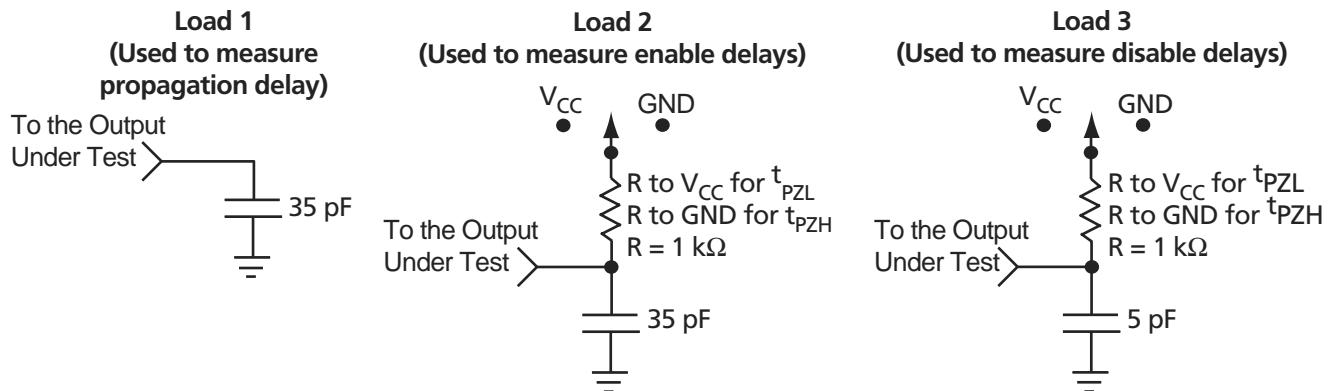


Figure 2-5 • AC Test Loads

Table 2-15 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks								
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.4		1.6		1.8	2.6	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7	2.4
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.5	0.7
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	3.2		3.6		4.2	5.8	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		313		278		238	172
Routed Array Clock Networks								
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.1		1.3	1.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.1		1.3	1.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7	2.4
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.7		0.8		0.9	1.3
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.7		0.8		0.9	1.3
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2	1.7

Table 2-24 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.8	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.2	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8	3.4	3.8	4.4	6.0	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357	294	263	227	167	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.2	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-27 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.032	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.026	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.052	ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.7	7.7	8.7	10.2	14.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.0	15.4	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	7.8	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.014	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.031	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.023	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.051	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.089	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-32 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
2.5 V LVC MOS Output Module Timing^{2,3}							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	3.3	3.8	4.2	5.0	7.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	11.1	12.8	14.5	17.0	23.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	11.8	13.7	15.5	18.2	25.5	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.3	3.8	4.2	5.0	7.0	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
d_{TLH}^4	Delta Low to High	0.031	0.037	0.043	0.051	0.071	ns/pF
d_{THL}^4	Delta High to Low	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.037	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^4	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.057	0.06	0.071	0.086	0.117	ns/pF

Note:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
3. The equivalent IO Attribute settings for 2.5 V LVC MOS is 2.5 V LVTTL in the software.
4. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[|LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[|LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

Table 2-35 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V PCI	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V PCI	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.6	ns
t_{INYH}	Input Data Pad to Y High 5 V TTL	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns
t_{INYL}	Input Data Pad to Y Low 5 V TTL	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays³							
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	1	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	0.7	0.9	1	1.1	1.5	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.2	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{IRD12}	FO = 12 Routing Delay	1.7	2.2	2.5	3	4.2	ns

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{RCO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
3. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.

Table 2-41 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.7	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.4	3.9	4.4	5.1	7.2	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.7	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.4	3.9	4.4	5.1	7.2	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.032	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.026	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.052	ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.7	5.1	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.7	6.6	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	7.4	8.5	9.7	11.4	15.9	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.0	15.4	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.7	5.1	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	7.8	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.7	6.6	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.014	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.031	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.023	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.051	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.089	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF

$d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
36	GND	GND	GND
37	NC	NC	NC
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND	GND
69	GND	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP

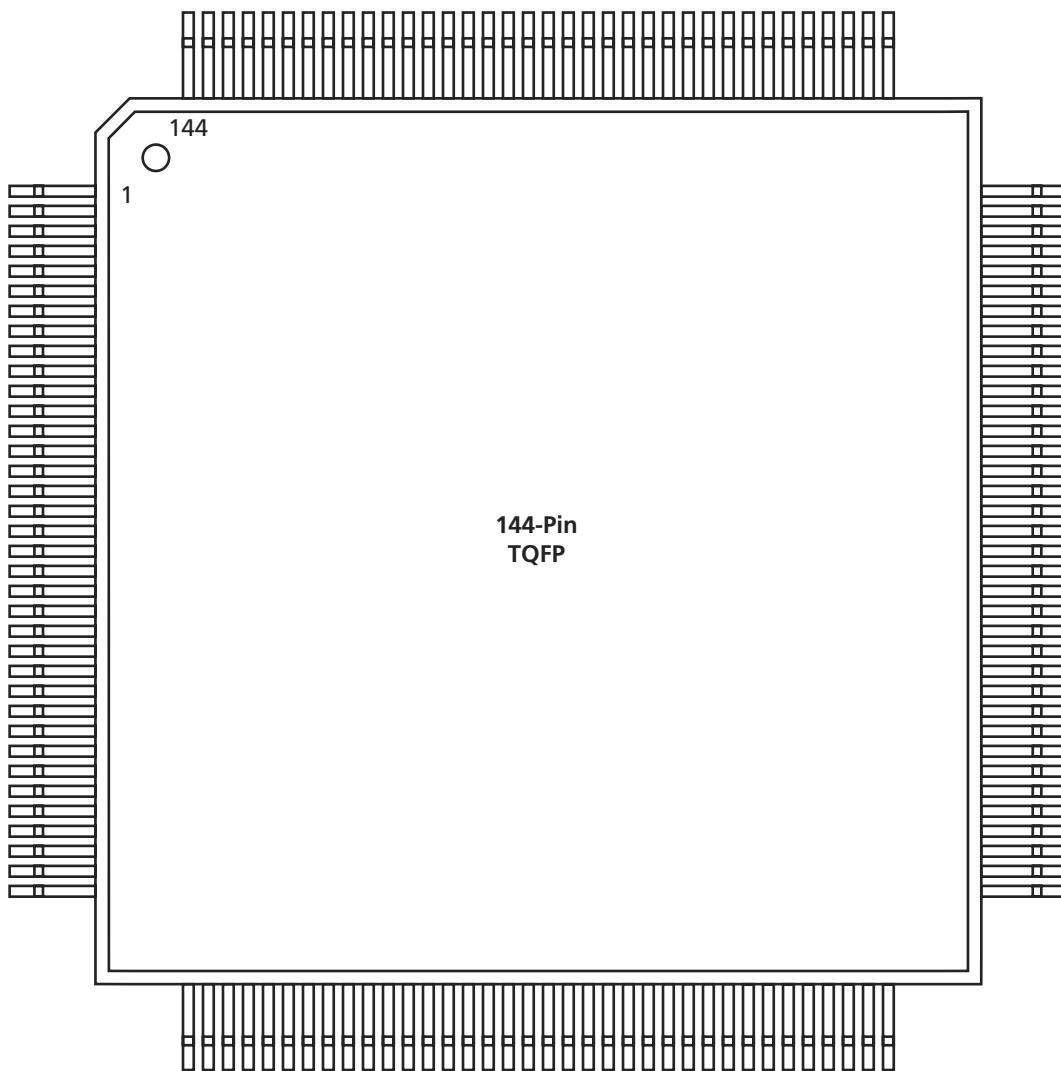


Figure 3-3 • 144-Pin TQFP (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
1	GND
2	TDI, I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	TMS
11	V _{CC1}
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	GND
22	V _{CCA}
23	GND
24	I/O
25	TRST, I/O
26	I/O
27	I/O
28	I/O
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	V _{CC1}
33	V _{CCA}
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	GND
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	V _{CC1}
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	PRB, I/O
65	GND
66	V _{CCA}
67	NC
68	I/O
69	HCLK
70	I/O
71	I/O
72	I/O

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	V _{CC1}
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	TDO, I/O
88	I/O
89	GND
90	I/O
91	I/O
92	I/O
93	I/O
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	V _{CCA}
99	V _{CC1}
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	GND

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
109	V _{CCA}
110	GND
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	V _{CCA}
123	GND
124	V _{CC1}
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	I/O
128	I/O
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	I/O
132	I/O
133	GND
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	V _{CC1}
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	CLKA
153	CLKB
154	NC
155	GND
156	V _{CCA}
157	PRA, I/O
158	I/O
159	I/O
160	I/O
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	I/O
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	V _{CCI}
170	I/O
171	I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	TCK, I/O

329-Pin PBGA

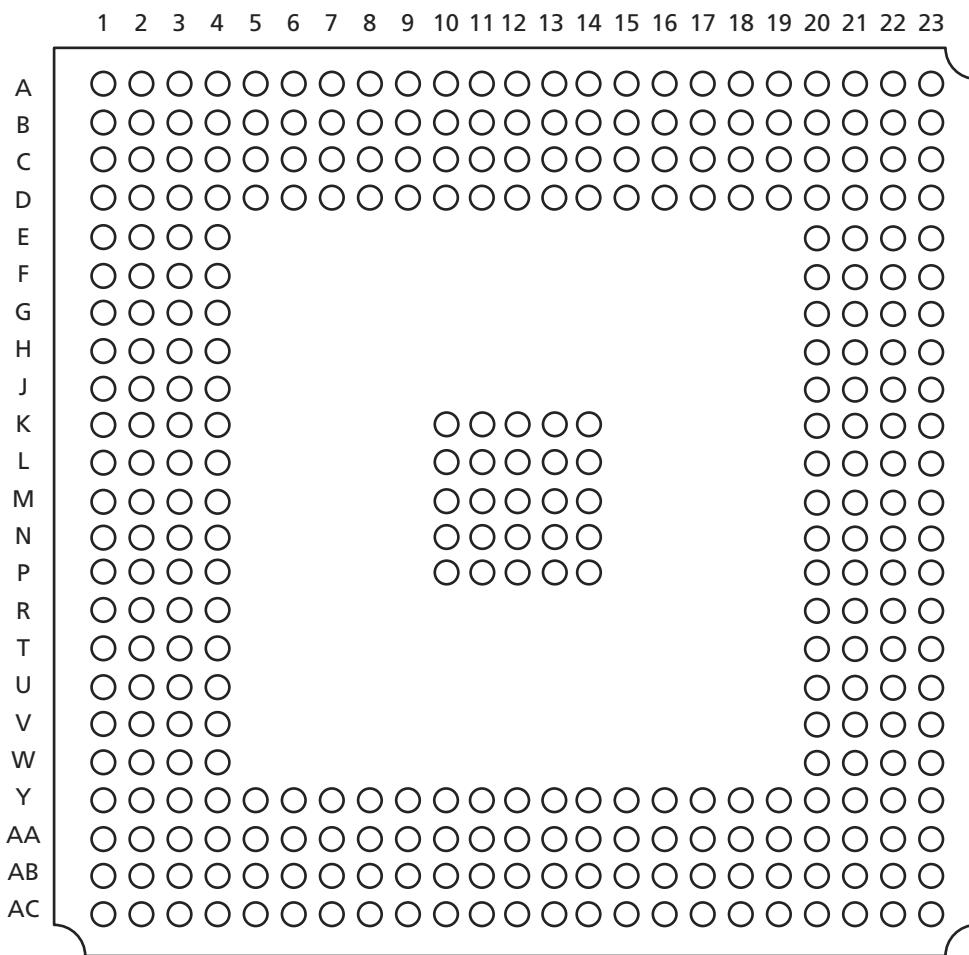


Figure 3-5 • 329-Pin PBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	V _{CCI}
A4	NC
A5	I/O
A6	I/O
A7	V _{CCI}
A8	NC
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	I/O
A12	I/O
A13	CLKB
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	I/O
A20	I/O
A21	NC
A22	V _{CCI}
A23	GND
AA1	V _{CCI}
AA2	I/O
AA3	GND
AA4	I/O
AA5	I/O
AA6	I/O
AA7	I/O
AA8	I/O
AA9	I/O
AA10	I/O
AA11	I/O
AA12	I/O
AA13	I/O
AA14	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
AA15	I/O
AA16	I/O
AA17	I/O
AA18	I/O
AA19	I/O
AA20	TDO, I/O
AA21	V _{CCI}
AA22	I/O
AA23	V _{CCI}
AB1	I/O
AB2	GND
AB3	I/O
AB4	I/O
AB5	I/O
AB6	I/O
AB7	I/O
AB8	I/O
AB9	I/O
AB10	I/O
AB11	PRB, I/O
AB12	I/O
AB13	HCLK
AB14	I/O
AB15	I/O
AB16	I/O
AB17	I/O
AB18	I/O
AB19	I/O
AB20	I/O
AB21	I/O
AB22	GND
AB23	I/O
AC1	GND
AC2	V _{CCI}
AC3	NC
AC4	I/O
AC5	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
AC6	I/O
AC7	I/O
AC8	I/O
AC9	V _{CCI}
AC10	I/O
AC11	I/O
AC12	I/O
AC13	I/O
AC14	I/O
AC15	NC
AC16	I/O
AC17	I/O
AC18	I/O
AC19	I/O
AC20	I/O
AC21	NC
AC22	V _{CCI}
AC23	GND
B1	V _{CCI}
B2	GND
B3	I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	I/O
B8	I/O
B9	I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	PRA, I/O
B13	CLKA
B14	I/O
B15	I/O
B16	I/O
B17	I/O
B18	I/O
B19	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
B20	I/O
B21	I/O
B22	GND
B23	V _{CCI}
C1	NC
C2	TDI, I/O
C3	GND
C4	I/O
C5	I/O
C6	I/O
C7	I/O
C8	I/O
C9	I/O
C10	I/O
C11	I/O
C12	I/O
C13	I/O
C14	I/O
C15	I/O
C16	I/O
C17	I/O
C18	I/O
C19	I/O
C20	I/O
C21	V _{CCI}
C22	GND
C23	NC
D1	I/O
D2	I/O
D3	I/O
D4	TCK, I/O
D5	I/O
D6	I/O
D7	I/O
D8	I/O
D9	I/O
D10	I/O

484-Pin FBGA

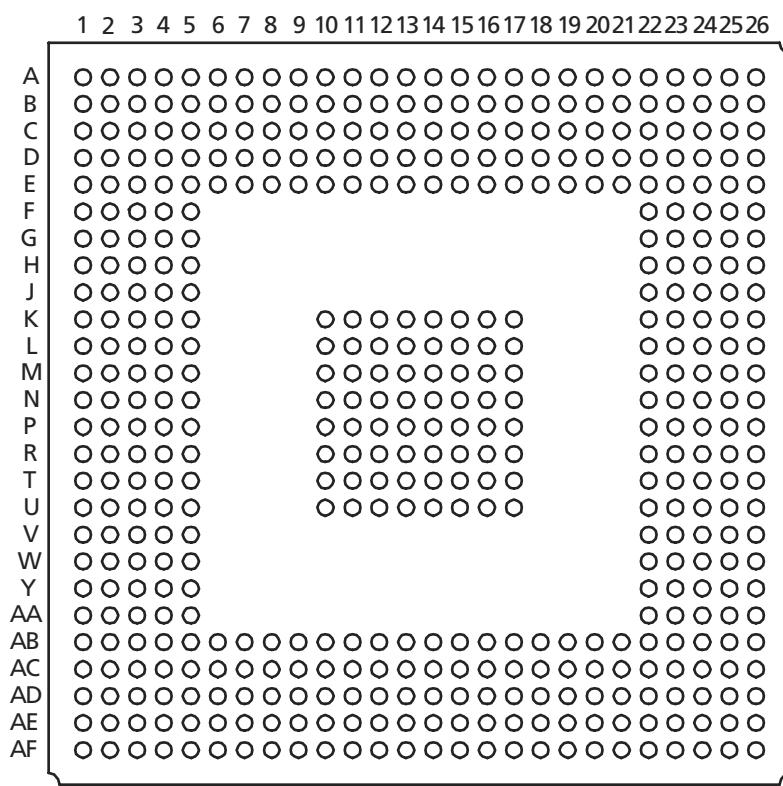


Figure 3-8 • 484-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at
<http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
C19	I/O	I/O
C20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C21	I/O	I/O
C22	I/O	I/O
C23	I/O	I/O
C24	I/O	I/O
C25	NC*	I/O
C26	NC*	I/O
D1	NC*	I/O
D2	TMS	TMS
D3	I/O	I/O
D4	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
D5	NC*	I/O
D6	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
D7	I/O	I/O
D8	I/O	I/O
D9	I/O	I/O
D10	I/O	I/O
D11	I/O	I/O
D12	I/O	QCLKC
D13	I/O	I/O
D14	I/O	I/O
D15	I/O	I/O
D16	I/O	I/O
D17	I/O	I/O
D18	I/O	I/O
D19	I/O	I/O
D20	I/O	I/O
D21	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
D22	GND	GND
D23	I/O	I/O
D24	I/O	I/O
D25	NC*	I/O
D26	NC*	I/O
E1	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
E2	NC*	I/O
E3	I/O	I/O
E4	I/O	I/O
E5	GND	GND
E6	TDI, IO	TDI, IO
E7	I/O	I/O
E8	I/O	I/O
E9	I/O	I/O
E10	I/O	I/O
E11	I/O	I/O
E12	I/O	I/O
E13	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
E14	CLKB	CLKB
E15	I/O	I/O
E16	I/O	I/O
E17	I/O	I/O
E18	I/O	I/O
E19	I/O	I/O
E20	I/O	I/O
E21	I/O	I/O
E22	I/O	I/O
E23	I/O	I/O
E24	I/O	I/O
E25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
E26	GND	GND
F1	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F2	NC*	I/O
F3	NC*	I/O
F4	I/O	I/O
F5	I/O	I/O
F22	I/O	I/O
F23	I/O	I/O
F24	I/O	I/O
F25	I/O	I/O
F26	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
G1	NC*	I/O
G2	NC*	I/O
G3	NC*	I/O
G4	I/O	I/O
G5	I/O	I/O
G22	I/O	I/O
G23	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
G24	I/O	I/O
G25	NC*	I/O
G26	NC*	I/O
H1	NC*	I/O
H2	NC*	I/O
H3	I/O	I/O
H4	I/O	I/O
H5	I/O	I/O
H22	I/O	I/O
H23	I/O	I/O
H24	I/O	I/O
H25	NC*	I/O
H26	NC*	I/O
J1	NC*	I/O
J2	NC*	I/O
J3	I/O	I/O
J4	I/O	I/O
J5	I/O	I/O
J22	I/O	I/O
J23	I/O	I/O
J24	I/O	I/O
J25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J26	NC*	I/O
K1	I/O	I/O
K2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
K3	I/O	I/O
K4	I/O	I/O
K5	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.