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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	174
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TC)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx32a-pqg208m">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx32a-pqg208m</a>

## Temperature Grade Offering

Package	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
PQ208	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M
TQ100	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
TQ144	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
TQ176			C,I,M	
BG329			C,I,M	
FG144	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
FG256		C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M
FG484			C,I,M	C,I,A,M
CQ208			C,M,B	C,M,B
CQ256			C,M,B	C,M,B

**Notes:**

1. C = Commercial
2. I = Industrial
3. A = Automotive
4. M = Military
5. B = MIL-STD-883 Class B
6. For more information regarding automotive products, refer to the SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet.
7. For more information regarding Mil-Temp and ceramic packages, refer to the HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs datasheet.

## Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix

	F	Std	-1	-2	-3
Commercial	✓	✓	✓	✓	Discontinued
Industrial		✓	✓	✓	Discontinued
Automotive		✓			
Military		✓	✓		
MIL-STD-883B		✓	✓		

**Notes:**

1. For more information regarding automotive products, refer to the SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet.
2. For more information regarding Mil-Temp and ceramic packages, refer to the HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs datasheet.

Contact your Actel Sales representative for more information on availability.

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## SX-A Probe Circuit Control Pins

SX-A devices contain internal probing circuitry that provides built-in access to every node in a design, enabling 100% real-time observation and analysis of a device's internal logic nodes without design iteration. The probe circuitry is accessed by Silicon Explorer II, an easy to use, integrated verification and logic analysis tool that can sample data at 100 MHz (asynchronous) or 66 MHz (synchronous). Silicon Explorer II attaches to a PC's standard COM port, turning the PC into a fully functional 18-channel logic analyzer. Silicon Explorer II allows designers to complete the design verification process at their desks and reduces verification time from several hours per cycle to a few seconds.

The Silicon Explorer II tool uses the boundary-scan ports (TDI, TCK, TMS, and TDO) to select the desired nets for verification. The selected internal nets are assigned to the

PRA/PRB pins for observation. Figure 1-13 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and the FPGA to perform in-circuit verification.

## Design Considerations

In order to preserve device probing capabilities, users should avoid using the TDI, TCK, TDO, PRA, and PRB pins as input or bidirectional ports. Since these pins are active during probing, critical input signals through these pins are not available. In addition, the security fuse must not be programmed to preserve probing capabilities. Actel recommends that you use a  $70\ \Omega$  series termination resistor on every probe connector (TDI, TCK, TMS, TDO, PRA, PRB). The  $70\ \Omega$  series termination is used to prevent data transmission corruption during probing and reading back the checksum.

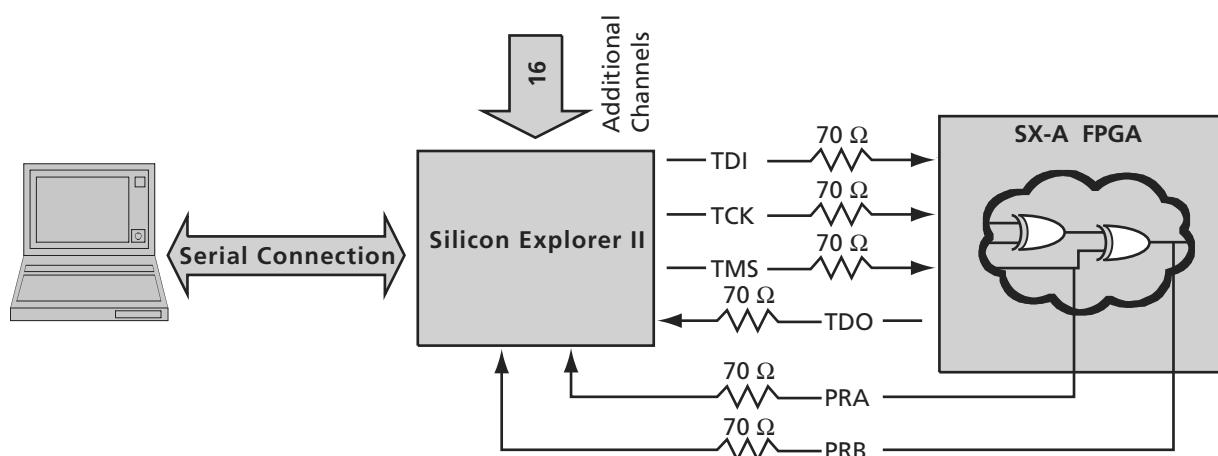


Figure 1-13 • Probe Setup

## Pin Description

### CLKA/B, I/O      Clock A and B

These pins are clock inputs for clock distribution networks. Input levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTI, LVCMSO2, 3.3 V PCI, or 5 V PCI specifications. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the R-cells. When not used, this pin must be tied Low or High (NOT left floating) on the board to avoid unwanted power consumption.

For A54SX72A, these pins can also be configured as user I/Os. When employed as user I/Os, these pins offer built-in programmable pull-up or pull-down resistors active during power-up only. When not used, these pins must be tied Low or High (NOT left floating).

### QCLKA/B/C/D, I/O      Quadrant Clock A, B, C, and D

These four pins are the quadrant clock inputs and are only used for A54SX72A with A, B, C, and D corresponding to bottom-left, bottom-right, top-left, and top-right quadrants, respectively. They are clock inputs for clock distribution networks. Input levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTI, LVCMSO2, 3.3 V PCI, or 5 V PCI specifications. Each of these clock inputs can drive up to a quarter of the chip, or they can be grouped together to drive multiple quadrants. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the R-cells. When not used, these pins must be tied Low or High on the board (NOT left floating).

These pins can also be configured as user I/Os. When employed as user I/Os, these pins offer built-in programmable pull-up or pull-down resistors active during power-up only.

### GND      Ground

Low supply voltage.

### HCLK      Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock

This pin is the clock input for sequential modules. Input levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTI, LVCMSO2, 3.3 V PCI, or 5 V PCI specifications. This input is directly wired to each R-cell and offers clock speeds independent of the number of R-cells being driven. When not used, HCLK must be tied Low or High on the board (NOT left floating). When used, this pin should be held Low or High during power-up to avoid unwanted static power consumption.

### I/O      Input/Output

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Based on certain configurations, input and output levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTI, LVCMSO2, 3.3 V PCI or 5 V PCI specifications. Unused I/O pins are automatically tristated by the Designer software.

### NC      No Connection

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device and can be driven to any voltage or be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

### PRA/B, I/O      Probe A/B

The Probe pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. This independent diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the other probe pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when verification has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality.

### TCK, I/O      Test Clock

Test clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. In Flexible mode, TCK becomes active when the TMS pin is set Low (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state.

### TDI, I/O      Test Data Input

Serial input for boundary scan testing and diagnostic probe. In Flexible mode, TDI is active when the TMS pin is set Low (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state.

### TDO, I/O      Test Data Output

Serial output for boundary scan testing. In flexible mode, TDO is active when the TMS pin is set Low (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state. When Silicon Explorer II is being used, TDO will act as an output when the checksum command is run. It will return to user I/O when checksum is complete.

### TMS      Test Mode Select

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO, TRST). In flexible mode when the TMS pin is set Low, the TCK, TDI, and TDO pins are boundary scan pins (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). Once the boundary scan pins are in test mode, they will remain in that mode until the internal boundary scan state machine reaches the logic reset state. At this point, the boundary scan pins will be released and will function as regular I/O pins. The logic reset state is reached five TCK cycles after the TMS pin is set High. In dedicated test mode, TMS functions as specified in the IEEE 1149.1 specifications.

### TRST, I/O      Boundary Scan Reset Pin

Once it is configured as the JTAG Reset pin, the TRST pin functions as an active low input to asynchronously initialize or reset the boundary scan circuit. The TRST pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This pin functions as an I/O when the **Reserve JTAG Reset Pin** is not selected in Designer.

### V<sub>CC1</sub>      Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for I/Os. See Table 2-2 on page 2-1. All V<sub>CC1</sub> power pins in the device should be connected.

### V<sub>CCA</sub>      Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for array. See Table 2-2 on page 2-1. All V<sub>CCA</sub> power pins in the device should be connected.

## Electrical Specifications

Table 2-5 • 3.3 V LVTTL and 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
$V_{OH}$	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ )	0.9 $V_{CCI}$	0.9 $V_{CCI}$		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$ )	2.4	2.4		V	
$V_{OL}$	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$ )	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{CCI} = \text{Minimum}$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$ )	0.4	0.4		V	
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage		0.8	0.8		V	
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage		2.0	5.75	2.0	5.75	V
$I_{IL}/I_{IH}$	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tristate Output Leakage Current		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_R, t_F$	Input Transition Time $t_R, t_F$		10	10		ns	
$C_{IO}$	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
$I_{CC}$	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

**Note:** \*The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

Table 2-6 • 2.5 V LVCMS2 Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Units	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
$V_{OH}$	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$ )	2.1	2.1		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ )	2.0	2.0		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$ )	1.7	1.7		V	
$V_{OL}$	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$ )	0.2	0.2		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$ )	0.4	0.4		V	
	$V_{DD} = \text{MIN},$ $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	( $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$ )	0.7	0.7		V	
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage, $V_{OUT} \leq V_{VOL(\text{max})}$		-0.3	0.7	-0.3	0.7	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage, $V_{OUT} \geq V_{VOH(\text{min})}$		1.7	5.75	1.7	5.75	V
$I_{IL}/I_{IH}$	Input Leakage Current, $V_{IN} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tristate Output Leakage Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CCI} \text{ or GND}$		-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_R, t_F$	Input Transition Time $t_R, t_F$		10	10		ns	
$C_{IO}$	I/O Capacitance		10	10		pF	
$I_{CC}$	Standby Current		10	20		mA	
IV Curve*	Can be derived from the IBIS model on the web.						

**Note:** \*The IBIS model can be found at <http://www.actel.com/download/ibis/default.aspx>.

## PCI Compliance for the SX-A Family

The SX-A family supports 3.3 V and 5 V PCI and is compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification Rev. 2.1.

Table 2-7 • DC Specifications (5 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_{CCA}$	Supply Voltage for Array		2.25	2.75	V
$V_{CCI}$	Supply Voltage for I/Os		4.75	5.25	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage		2.0	5.75	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage		-0.5	0.8	V
$I_{IH}$	Input High Leakage Current <sup>1</sup>	$V_{IN} = 2.7$	-	70	$\mu A$
$I_{IL}$	Input Low Leakage Current <sup>1</sup>	$V_{IN} = 0.5$	-	-70	$\mu A$
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage	$I_{OUT} = -2 \text{ mA}$	2.4	-	V
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 3 \text{ mA}, 6 \text{ mA}$	-	0.55	V
$C_{IN}$	Input Pin Capacitance <sup>3</sup>		-	10	pF
$C_{CLK}$	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12	pF

**Notes:**

1. Input leakage currents include hi-Z output leakage for all bidirectional buffers with tristate outputs.
2. Signals without pull-up resistors must have 3 mA low output current. Signals requiring pull-up must have 6 mA; the latter includes FRAME#, IRDY#, TRDY#, DEVSEL#, STOP#, SERR#, PERR#, LOCK#, and, when used AD[63::32], C/BE[7::4]#, PAR64, REQ64#, and ACK64#.
3. Absolute maximum pin capacitance for a PCI input is 10 pF (except for CLK).

Table 2-15 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	
<b>Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks</b>								
$t_{HCKH}$	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.4		1.6		1.8	2.6	ns
$t_{HCKL}$	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7	2.4
$t_{HPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HCKSW}$	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.5	0.7
$t_{HP}$	Minimum Period	3.2		3.6		4.2	5.8	ns
$f_{HMAX}$	Maximum Frequency		313		278		238	172
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>								
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.1		1.3	1.8	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0		1.1		1.3	1.8	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.2		1.4	2.0	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7	2.4
$t_{RPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.7		0.8		0.9	1.3
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.7		0.8		0.9	1.3
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2	1.7

Table 2-18 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std. Speed</b>		<b>-F Speed</b>		<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	
<b>2.5 V LVCMOS Output Module Timing<sup>1,2</sup></b>										
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.2	ns				
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.0	3.4	3.9	5.5	ns				
$t_{DHLS}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	13.3	15.1	17.7	24.8	ns				
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns				
$t_{ENZLS}$	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	13.7	15.5	18.2	25.5	ns				
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.2	ns				
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns				
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.0	3.4	3.9	5.5	ns				
$d_{TLH}^3$	Delta Low to High	0.037	0.043	0.051	0.071	ns/pF				
$d_{THL}^3$	Delta High to Low	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.037	ns/pF				
$d_{THLS}^3$	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.06	0.071	0.086	0.117	ns/pF				

**Note:**

1. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
2. The equivalent I/O Attribute Editor settings for 2.5 V LVCMOS is 2.5 V LVTTL in the software.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the  $V_{CCI}$  value into the following equation:  

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where  $C_{load}$  is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF.  
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$  is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

Table 2-20 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>		<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>5 V PCI Output Module Timing<sup>1</sup></b>									
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.9	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.4	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.8	3.0	3.5	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.5	5.0	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.5	3.9	4.6	5.0	5.9	6.4	7.0	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.4	ns
$d_{TLH}^2$	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.025	0.032	0.035	0.042	ns/pF
$d_{THL}^2$	Delta High to Low	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.045	0.052	0.055	0.062	ns/pF
<b>5 V TTL Output Module Timing<sup>3</sup></b>									
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.5	5.0	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.4	ns
$t_{DHLS}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	7.6	8.6	10.1	11.0	14.2	15.4	17.0	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.4	2.7	3.2	3.5	4.2	4.5	5.0	ns
$t_{ENZLS}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	8.4	9.5	11.0	12.0	15.4	16.5	18.0	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.5	5.0	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	4.2	4.7	5.6	6.0	7.8	8.2	9.0	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.6	6.0	ns
$d_{TLH}$	Delta Low to High	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.031	0.031	0.035	ns/pF
$d_{THL}$	Delta High to Low	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.037	0.051	0.051	0.055	ns/pF
$d_{THLS}$	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.070	0.089	0.092	0.100	ns/pF

**Notes:**

1. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
2. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the  $V_{CCI}$  value into the following equation:  

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
 where  $C_{load}$  is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF  
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$  is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
3. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-29 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{HCKH}$	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
$t_{HCKL}$	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
$t_{HPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{HCKSW}$	Maximum Skew	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	ns
$t_{HP}$	Minimum Period	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.8	ns
$f_{HMAX}$	Maximum Frequency	357	313	278	238	172	MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>							
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.4	4.7	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.4	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.0	ns
$t_{RPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-33 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
<b>3.3 V PCI Output Module Timing<sup>2</sup></b>							
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	4.0	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.1	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	4.0	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
$d_{TLH}^3$	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
$d_{THL}^3$	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
<b>3.3 V LVTTL Output Module Timing<sup>4</sup></b>							
$t_{DLH}$	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
$t_{DHL}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns
$t_{DHLS}$	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	9.0	10.4	11.8	13.8	19.3	ns
$t_{ENZL}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	ns
$t_{ENZLS}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	15.8	18.9	21.3	25.4	34.9	ns
$t_{ENZH}$	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
$t_{ENLZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.2	ns
$t_{ENHZ}$	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns
$d_{TLH}^3$	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
$d_{THL}^3$	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
$d_{THLS}^3$	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.053	0.053	0.067	0.073	0.107	ns/pF

**Notes:**

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 10 pF loading and 25  $\Omega$  resistance.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the  $V_{CCI}$  value into the following equation:  

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where  $C_{load}$  is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF

$d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$  is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-36 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
$t_{QCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
$t_{QCHKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.5	6.3	ns
$t_{QPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-37 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>		<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	
<b>Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks</b>										
$t_{HCKH}$	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.8 ns
$t_{HCKL}$	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5	3.8 ns
$t_{HPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2 ns
$t_{HPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2 ns
$t_{HCKSW}$	Maximum Skew		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1	3.3 ns
$t_{HP}$	Minimum Period	3.0		3.4		4.0		4.6		6.4 ns
$f_{HMAX}$	Maximum Frequency		333		294		250		217	156 MHz
<b>Routed Array Clock Networks</b>										
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8 ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.8		3.3		3.7		4.3	6.0 ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2 ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.9		3.4		3.8		4.5	6.2 ns
$t_{RCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6 ns
$t_{RCKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8	6.7 ns
$t_{RPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2 ns
$t_{RPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2 ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.9		2.2		2.5		3	4.1 ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9 ns
$t_{RCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9 ns
<b>Quadrant Array Clock Networks</b>										
$t_{QCKH}$	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.7 ns
$t_{QCHKL}$	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.3		1.5		1.7		2	2.8 ns
$t_{QCKH}$	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1 ns
$t_{QCHKL}$	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.5		1.8		2		2.3		3.2 ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-37 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>		<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	
$t_{QCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7		1.9		2.2		2.5	3.5	ns
$t_{QCHKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7		2		2.2		2.6	3.6	ns
$t_{QPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.2		0.3		0.3		0.3	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-38 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics (Continued)  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions  $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed*</b>	<b>-2 Speed</b>	<b>-1 Speed</b>	<b>Std. Speed</b>	<b>-F Speed</b>	<b>Units</b>
		<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	
$t_{QCKH}$	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	3.4	ns
$t_{QCHKL}$	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.5	ns
$t_{QPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns
$t_{QCKSW}$	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	ns

**Note:** \*All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

<b>144-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08A Function</b>	<b>A54SX16A Function</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
80	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
81	GND	GND	GND
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
90	NC	NC	NC
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
99	GND	GND	GND
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	GND	GND	GND
102	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
103	I/O	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	GND	GND	GND
110	I/O	I/O	I/O

<b>144-Pin TQFP</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A54SX08A Function</b>	<b>A54SX16A Function</b>	<b>A54SX32A Function</b>
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	I/O	I/O	I/O
115	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
126	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
127	NC	NC	NC
128	GND	GND	GND
129	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>CCI</sub>
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
D11	V <sub>CCA</sub>
D12	NC
D13	I/O
D14	I/O
D15	I/O
D16	I/O
D17	I/O
D18	I/O
D19	I/O
D20	I/O
D21	I/O
D22	I/O
D23	I/O
E1	V <sub>CCI</sub>
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	I/O
E20	I/O
E21	I/O
E22	I/O
E23	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	TMS
F3	I/O
F4	I/O
F20	I/O
F21	I/O
F22	I/O
F23	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	I/O
G20	I/O
G21	I/O
G22	I/O
G23	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
H20	V <sub>CCA</sub>
H21	I/O
H22	I/O
H23	I/O
J1	NC
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	I/O
J20	I/O
J21	I/O
J22	I/O
J23	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	I/O
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	GND
K20	I/O
K21	I/O
K22	I/O
K23	I/O
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	I/O
L4	NC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
L14	GND
L20	NC
L21	I/O
L22	I/O
L23	NC
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	V <sub>CCA</sub>
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	GND
M20	V <sub>CCA</sub>
M21	I/O
M22	I/O
M23	V <sub>CCI</sub>
N1	I/O
N2	TRST, I/O
N3	I/O
N4	I/O
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
N20	NC
N21	I/O
N22	I/O
N23	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	I/O
P10	GND
P11	GND

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND
P20	I/O
P21	I/O
P22	I/O
P23	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	I/O
R20	I/O
R21	I/O
R22	I/O
R23	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T20	I/O
T21	I/O
T22	I/O
T23	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	V <sub>CCA</sub>
U4	I/O
U20	I/O
U21	V <sub>CCA</sub>
U22	I/O
U23	I/O
V1	V <sub>CCI</sub>
V2	I/O
V3	I/O
V4	I/O
V20	I/O
V21	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
A1	GND	GND	GND
A2	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
A3	I/O	I/O	I/O
A4	I/O	I/O	I/O
A5	I/O	I/O	I/O
A6	I/O	I/O	I/O
A7	I/O	I/O	I/O
A8	I/O	I/O	I/O
A9	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
A10	I/O	I/O	I/O
A11	I/O	I/O	I/O
A12	NC	I/O	I/O
A13	I/O	I/O	I/O
A14	I/O	I/O	I/O
A15	GND	GND	GND
A16	GND	GND	GND
B1	I/O	I/O	I/O
B2	GND	GND	GND
B3	I/O	I/O	I/O
B4	I/O	I/O	I/O
B5	I/O	I/O	I/O
B6	NC	I/O	I/O
B7	I/O	I/O	I/O
B8	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>
B9	I/O	I/O	I/O
B10	I/O	I/O	I/O
B11	NC	I/O	I/O
B12	I/O	I/O	I/O
B13	I/O	I/O	I/O
B14	I/O	I/O	I/O
B15	GND	GND	GND
B16	I/O	I/O	I/O
C1	I/O	I/O	I/O
C2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
C3	GND	GND	GND
C4	I/O	I/O	I/O
C5	NC	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
C6	I/O	I/O	I/O
C7	I/O	I/O	I/O
C8	I/O	I/O	I/O
C9	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
C10	I/O	I/O	I/O
C11	I/O	I/O	I/O
C12	I/O	I/O	I/O
C13	I/O	I/O	I/O
C14	I/O	I/O	I/O
C15	I/O	I/O	I/O
C16	I/O	I/O	I/O
D1	I/O	I/O	I/O
D2	I/O	I/O	I/O
D3	I/O	I/O	I/O
D4	I/O	I/O	I/O
D5	I/O	I/O	I/O
D6	I/O	I/O	I/O
D7	I/O	I/O	I/O
D8	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
D9	I/O	I/O	QCLKD
D10	I/O	I/O	I/O
D11	NC	I/O	I/O
D12	I/O	I/O	I/O
D13	I/O	I/O	I/O
D14	I/O	I/O	I/O
D15	I/O	I/O	I/O
D16	I/O	I/O	I/O
E1	I/O	I/O	I/O
E2	I/O	I/O	I/O
E3	I/O	I/O	I/O
E4	I/O	I/O	I/O
E5	I/O	I/O	I/O
E6	I/O	I/O	I/O
E7	I/O	I/O	QCLKC
E8	I/O	I/O	I/O
E9	I/O	I/O	I/O
E10	I/O	I/O	I/O



# Datasheet Information

## List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in the current version of the document.

<b>Previous Version</b>	<b>Changes in Current Version (v5.3)</b>	<b>Page</b>
v5.2 (June 2006)	–3 speed grades have been discontinued. The "SX-A Timing Model" was updated with –2 data.	N/A 2-14
v5.1 February 2005	RoHS information was added to the "Ordering Information". The "Programming" section was updated.	ii 1-13
v5.0	Revised Table 1 and the timing data to reflect the phase out of the –3 speed grade for the A54SX08A device. The "Thermal Characteristics" section was updated. The "176-Pin TQFP" was updated to add pins 81 to 90. The "484-Pin FBGA" was updated to add pins R4 to Y26	i 2-11 3-11 3-26
v4.0	The "Temperature Grade Offering" is new. The "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix" is new. "SX-A Family Architecture" was updated. "Clock Resources" was updated. "User Security" was updated. "Power-Up/Down and Hot Swapping" was updated. "Dedicated Mode" is new Table 1-5 is new. "JTAG Instructions" is new "Design Considerations" was updated. The "Programming" section is new. "Design Environment" was updated. "Pin Description" was updated. Table 2-1 was updated. Table 2-2 was updated. Table 2-3 is new. Table 2-4 is new. Table 2-5 was updated. Table 2-6 was updated. "Power Dissipation" is new. Table 2-11 was updated.	1-iii 1-iii 1-1 1-5 1-7 1-7 1-9 1-9 1-10 1-12 1-13 1-13 1-15 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-2 2-8 2-9