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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	147
Number of Gates	48000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a54sx32a-tqg176i

Temperature Grade Offering

Package	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
PQ208	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M
TQ100	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
TQ144	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
TQ176			C,I,M	
BG329			C,I,M	
FG144	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	
FG256		C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M	C,I,A,M
FG484			C,I,M	C,I,A,M
CQ208			C,M,B	C,M,B
CQ256			C,M,B	C,M,B

Notes:

1. C = Commercial
2. I = Industrial
3. A = Automotive
4. M = Military
5. B = MIL-STD-883 Class B
6. For more information regarding automotive products, refer to the SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet.
7. For more information regarding Mil-Temp and ceramic packages, refer to the HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs datasheet.

Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix

	F	Std	-1	-2	-3
Commercial	✓	✓	✓	✓	Discontinued
Industrial		✓	✓	✓	Discontinued
Automotive		✓			
Military		✓	✓		
MIL-STD-883B		✓	✓		

Notes:

1. For more information regarding automotive products, refer to the SX-A Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet.
2. For more information regarding Mil-Temp and ceramic packages, refer to the HiRel SX-A Family FPGAs datasheet.

Contact your Actel Sales representative for more information on availability.

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Pin Description

CLKA/B, I/O **Clock A and B**

These pins are clock inputs for clock distribution networks. Input levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTTL, LVCMOS2, 3.3 V PCI, or 5 V PCI specifications. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the R-cells. When not used, this pin must be tied Low or High (NOT left floating) on the board to avoid unwanted power consumption.

For A54SX72A, these pins can also be configured as user I/Os. When employed as user I/Os, these pins offer built-in programmable pull-up or pull-down resistors active during power-up only. When not used, these pins must be tied Low or High (NOT left floating).

QCLKA/B/C/D, I/O **Quadrant Clock A, B, C, and D**

These four pins are the quadrant clock inputs and are only used for A54SX72A with A, B, C, and D corresponding to bottom-left, bottom-right, top-left, and top-right quadrants, respectively. They are clock inputs for clock distribution networks. Input levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTTL, LVCMOS2, 3.3 V PCI, or 5 V PCI specifications. Each of these clock inputs can drive up to a quarter of the chip, or they can be grouped together to drive multiple quadrants. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the R-cells. When not used, these pins must be tied Low or High on the board (NOT left floating).

These pins can also be configured as user I/Os. When employed as user I/Os, these pins offer built-in programmable pull-up or pull-down resistors active during power-up only.

GND **Ground**

Low supply voltage.

HCLK **Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock**

This pin is the clock input for sequential modules. Input levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTTL, LVCMOS2, 3.3 V PCI, or 5 V PCI specifications. This input is directly wired to each R-cell and offers clock speeds independent of the number of R-cells being driven. When not used, HCLK must be tied Low or High on the board (NOT left floating). When used, this pin should be held Low or High during power-up to avoid unwanted static power consumption.

I/O **Input/Output**

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Based on certain configurations, input and output levels are compatible with standard TTL, LVTTTL, LVCMOS2, 3.3 V PCI or 5 V PCI specifications. Unused I/O pins are automatically tristated by the Designer software.

NC **No Connection**

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device and can be driven to any voltage or be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

PRA/B, I/O **Probe A/B**

The Probe pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. This independent diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the other probe pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when verification has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality.

TCK, I/O **Test Clock**

Test clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. In Flexible mode, TCK becomes active when the TMS pin is set Low (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state.

TDI, I/O **Test Data Input**

Serial input for boundary scan testing and diagnostic probe. In Flexible mode, TDI is active when the TMS pin is set Low (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state.

TDO, I/O **Test Data Output**

Serial output for boundary scan testing. In flexible mode, TDO is active when the TMS pin is set Low (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). This pin functions as an I/O when the boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state. When Silicon Explorer II is being used, TDO will act as an output when the checksum command is run. It will return to user I/O when checksum is complete.

TMS **Test Mode Select**

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO, TRST). In flexible mode when the TMS pin is set Low, the TCK, TDI, and TDO pins are boundary scan pins (refer to Table 1-6 on page 1-9). Once the boundary scan pins are in test mode, they will remain in that mode until the internal boundary scan state machine reaches the logic reset state. At this point, the boundary scan pins will be released and will function as regular I/O pins. The logic reset state is reached five TCK cycles after the TMS pin is set High. In dedicated test mode, TMS functions as specified in the IEEE 1149.1 specifications.

TRST, I/O **Boundary Scan Reset Pin**

Once it is configured as the JTAG Reset pin, the TRST pin functions as an active low input to asynchronously initialize or reset the boundary scan circuit. The TRST pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This pin functions as an I/O when the **Reserve JTAG Reset Pin** is not selected in Designer.

V_{CC} **Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage for I/Os. See Table 2-2 on page 2-1. All V_{CC} power pins in the device should be connected.

V_{CCA} **Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage for array. See Table 2-2 on page 2-1. All V_{CCA} power pins in the device should be connected.

Table 2-8 • AC Specifications (5 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$I_{OH(AC)}$	Switching Current High	$0 < V_{OUT} \leq 1.4$ ¹	-44	–	mA
		$1.4 \leq V_{OUT} < 2.4$ ^{1, 2}	$(-44 + (V_{OUT} - 1.4)/0.024)$	–	mA
		$3.1 < V_{OUT} < V_{CCI}$ ^{1, 3}	–	EQ 2-1 on page 2-5	–
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 3.1$ ³	–	-142	mA
$I_{OL(AC)}$	Switching Current Low	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.2$ ¹	95	–	mA
		$2.2 > V_{OUT} > 0.55$ ¹	$(V_{OUT}/0.023)$	–	mA
		$0.71 > V_{OUT} > 0$ ^{1, 3}	–	EQ 2-2 on page 2-5	–
	(Test Point)	$V_{OUT} = 0.71$ ³	–	206	mA
I_{CL}	Low Clamp Current	$-5 < V_{IN} \leq -1$	$-25 + (V_{IN} + 1)/0.015$	–	mA
$slew_R$	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns
$slew_F$	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load ⁴	1	5	V/ns

Notes:

1. Refer to the *V_I* curves in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. Switching current characteristics for REQ# and GNT# are permitted to be one half of that specified here; i.e., half size output drivers may be used on these signals. This specification does not apply to CLK and RST#, which are system outputs. "Switching Current High" specifications are not relevant to SERR#, INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#, which are open drain outputs.
2. Note that this segment of the minimum current curve is drawn from the AC drive point directly to the DC drive point rather than toward the voltage rail (as is done in the pull-down curve). This difference is intended to allow for an optional N-channel pull-up.
3. Maximum current requirements must be met as drivers pull beyond the last step voltage. Equations defining these maximums (A and B) are provided with the respective diagrams in Figure 2-1 on page 2-5. The equation defined maximum should be met by design. In order to facilitate component testing, a maximum current test point is defined for each side of the output driver.
4. This parameter is to be interpreted as the cumulative edge rate across the specified range, rather than the instantaneous rate at any point within the transition range. The specified load (diagram below) is optional; i.e., the designer may elect to meet this parameter with an unloaded output per revision 2.0 of the PCI Local Bus Specification. However, adherence to both maximum and minimum parameters is now required (the maximum is no longer simply a guideline). Since adherence to the maximum slew rate was not required prior to revision 2.1 of the specification, there may be components in the market for some time that have faster edge rates; therefore, motherboard designers must bear in mind that rise and fall times faster than this specification could occur and should ensure that signal integrity modeling accounts for this. Rise slew rate does not apply to open drain outputs.

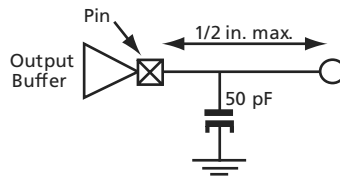


Figure 2-1 shows the 5 V PCI V/I curve and the minimum and maximum PCI drive characteristics of the SX-A family.

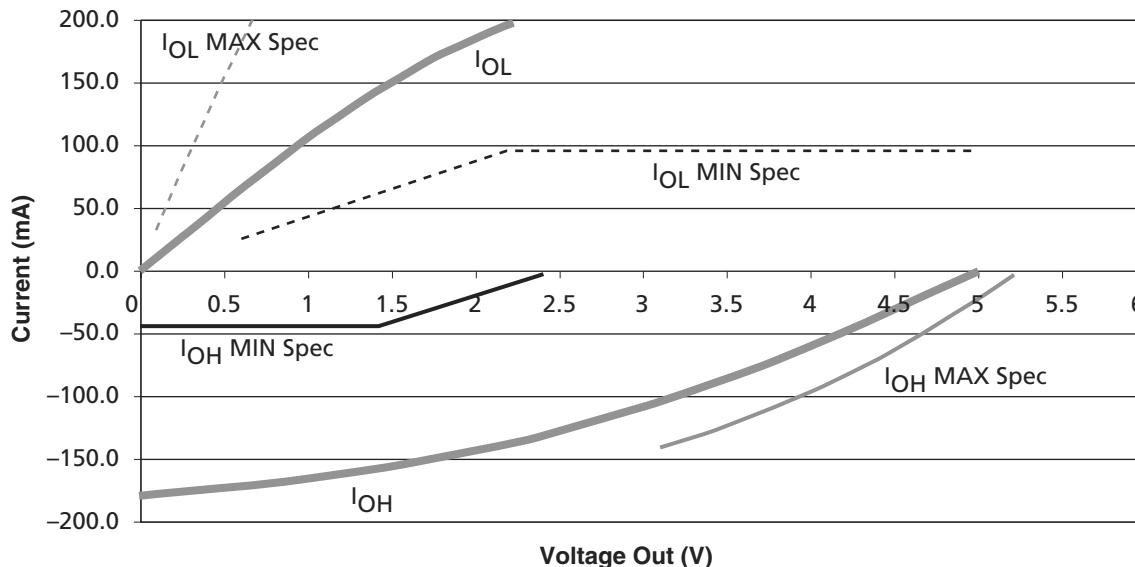


Figure 2-1 • 5 V PCI V/I Curve for SX-A Family

$$I_{OH} = 11.9 * (V_{OUT} - 5.25) * (V_{OUT} + 2.45)$$

for $V_{CCI} > V_{OUT} > 3.1V$

EQ 2-1

$$I_{OL} = 78.5 * V_{OUT} * (4.4 - V_{OUT})$$

for $0V < V_{OUT} < 0.71V$

EQ 2-2

Table 2-9 • DC Specifications (3.3 V PCI Operation)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CCA}	Supply Voltage for Array		2.25	2.75	V
V_{CCI}	Supply Voltage for I/Os		3.0	3.6	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		$0.5V_{CCI}$	$V_{CCI} + 0.5$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.5	$0.3V_{CCI}$	V
I_{IPU}	Input Pull-up Voltage ¹		$0.7V_{CCI}$	–	V
I_{IL}	Input Leakage Current ²	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$	-10	+10	μA
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OUT} = -500 \mu A$	$0.9V_{CCI}$	–	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 1,500 \mu A$		$0.1V_{CCI}$	V
C_{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance ³		–	10	pF
C_{CLK}	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12	pF

Notes:

1. This specification should be guaranteed by design. It is the minimum voltage to which pull-up resistors are calculated to pull a floated network. Designers should ensure that the input buffer is conducting minimum current at this input voltage in applications sensitive to static power utilization.
2. Input leakage currents include hi-Z output leakage for all bidirectional buffers with tristate outputs.
3. Absolute maximum pin capacitance for a PCI input is 10 pF (except for CLK).

Power Dissipation

A critical element of system reliability is the ability of electronic devices to safely dissipate the heat generated during operation. The thermal characteristics of a circuit depend on the device and package used, the operating temperature, the operating current, and the system's ability to dissipate heat.

A complete power evaluation should be performed early in the design process to help identify potential heat-related problems in the system and to prevent the system from exceeding the device's maximum allowed junction temperature.

The actual power dissipated by most applications is significantly lower than the power the package can dissipate. However, a thermal analysis should be performed for all projects. To perform a power evaluation, follow these steps:

1. Estimate the power consumption of the application.
2. Calculate the maximum power allowed for the device and package.
3. Compare the estimated power and maximum power values.

Estimating Power Dissipation

The total power dissipation for the SX-A family is the sum of the DC power dissipation and the AC power dissipation:

$$P_{\text{Total}} = P_{\text{DC}} + P_{\text{AC}}$$

EQ 2-5

DC Power Dissipation

The power due to standby current is typically a small component of the overall power. An estimation of DC power dissipation under typical conditions is given by:

$$P_{\text{DC}} = I_{\text{standby}} * V_{\text{CCA}}$$

EQ 2-6

Note: For other combinations of temperature and voltage settings, refer to the *eX, SX-A and RT54SX-S Power Calculator*.

AC Power Dissipation

The power dissipation of the SX-A family is usually dominated by the dynamic power dissipation. Dynamic power dissipation is a function of frequency, equivalent capacitance, and power supply voltage. The AC power dissipation is defined as follows:

$$P_{\text{AC}} = P_{\text{C-cells}} + P_{\text{R-cells}} + P_{\text{CLKA}} + P_{\text{CLKB}} + P_{\text{HCLK}} + P_{\text{Output Buffer}} + P_{\text{Input Buffer}}$$

EQ 2-7

or:

$$P_{\text{AC}} = V_{\text{CCA}}^2 * [(m * C_{\text{EQCM}} * f_m)_{\text{C-cells}} + (m * C_{\text{EQSM}} * f_m)_{\text{R-cells}} + (n * C_{\text{EQI}} * f_n)_{\text{Input Buffer}} + (p * (C_{\text{EQO}} + C_L) * f_p)_{\text{Output Buffer}} + (0.5 * (q_1 * C_{\text{EQCR}} * f_{q1}) + (r_1 * f_{q1}))_{\text{CLKA}} + (0.5 * (q_2 * C_{\text{EQCR}} * f_{q2}) + (r_2 * f_{q2}))_{\text{CLKB}} + (0.5 * (s_1 * C_{\text{EQHV}} * f_{s1}) + (C_{\text{EQHF}} * f_{s1}))_{\text{HCLK}}]$$

EQ 2-8

Where:

- C_{EQCM} = Equivalent capacitance of combinatorial modules (C-cells) in pF
 C_{EQSM} = Equivalent capacitance of sequential modules (R-Cells) in pF
 C_{EQI} = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF
 C_{EQO} = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF
 C_{EQCR} = Equivalent capacitance of CLKA/B in pF
 C_{EQHV} = Variable capacitance of HCLK in pF
 C_{EQHF} = Fixed capacitance of HCLK in pF
 C_L = Output lead capacitance in pF
 f_m = Average logic module switching rate in MHz
 f_n = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz
 f_p = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz
 f_{q1} = Average CLKA rate in MHz
 f_{q2} = Average CLKB rate in MHz
 f_{s1} = Average HCLK rate in MHz
 m = Number of logic modules switching at f_m
 n = Number of input buffers switching at f_n
 p = Number of output buffers switching at f_p
 q_1 = Number of clock loads on CLKA
 q_2 = Number of clock loads on CLKB
 r_1 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKA
 r_2 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKB
 s_1 = Number of clock loads on HCLK
 x = Number of I/Os at logic low
 y = Number of I/Os at logic high

Table 2-11 • CEQ Values for SX-A Devices

	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
Combinatorial modules (C_{EQCM})	1.70 pF	2.00 pF	2.00 pF	1.80 pF
Sequential modules (C_{EQSM})	1.50 pF	1.50 pF	1.30 pF	1.50 pF
Input buffers (C_{EQI})	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF
Output buffers (C_{EQO})	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF
Routed array clocks (C_{EQCR})	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF
Dedicated array clocks – variable (C_{EQHV})	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF
Dedicated array clocks – fixed (C_{EQHF})	30.00 pF	55.00 pF	110.00 pF	240.00 pF
Routed array clock A (r_1)	35.00 pF	50.00 pF	90.00 pF	310.00 pF

Input Buffer Delays

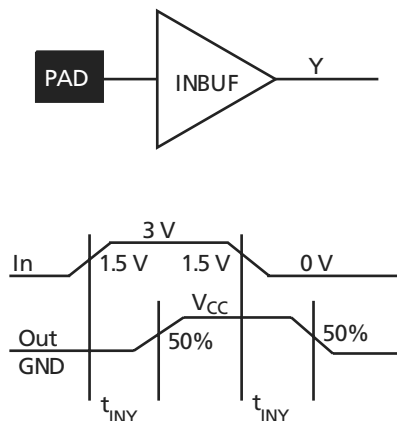


Figure 2-6 • Input Buffer Delays

C-Cell Delays

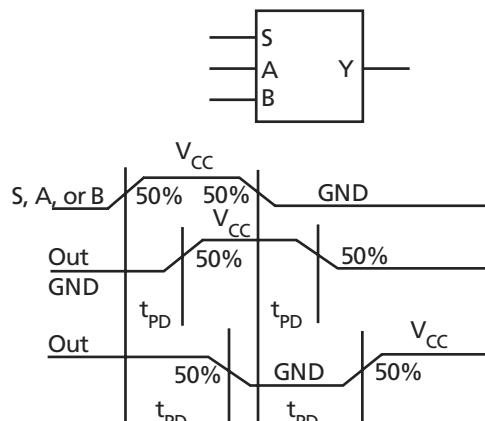


Figure 2-7 • C-Cell Delays

Cell Timing Characteristics

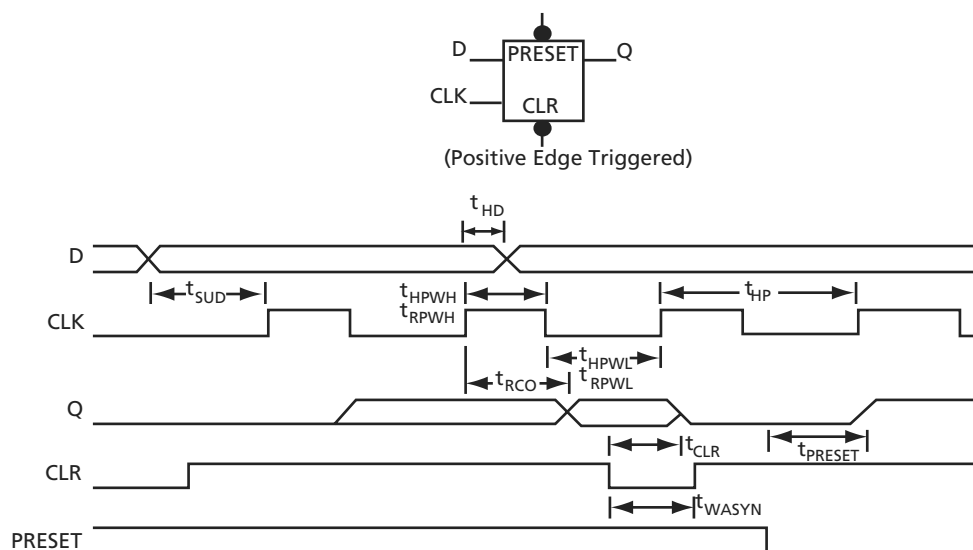


Figure 2-8 • Flip-Flops

Table 2-30 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		357		313		278		238		172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.6	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.3		2.7		3.1		3.6		5	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.7	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.1	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-31 • **A54SX32A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		1.9		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.7		2.0		2.2		2.6		4.0	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		357		313		278		238		172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.1		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.5	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.7	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-32 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics

(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
2.5 V LVCMOS Output Module Timing ^{2,3}												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High		3.3		3.8		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low		2.5		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew		11.1		12.8		14.5		17.0		23.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew		11.8		13.7		15.5		18.2		25.5	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		3.3		3.8		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		2.1		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		2.5		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
d _{TLH} ⁴	Delta Low to High		0.031		0.037		0.043		0.051		0.071	ns/pF
d _{THL} ⁴	Delta High to Low		0.017		0.017		0.023		0.023		0.037	ns/pF
d _{THLS} ⁴	Delta High to Low—low slew		0.057		0.06		0.071		0.086		0.117	ns/pF

Note:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
3. The equivalent IO Attribute settings for 2.5 V LVCMOS is 2.5 V LVTTTL in the software.
4. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

Table 2-36 • **A54SX72A Timing Characteristics**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed*		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks												
t _{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.8	ns
t _{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.6		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.8	ns
t _{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.3	ns
t _{HP}	Minimum Period	3.0		3.4		4.0		4.6		6.4		ns
f _{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		333		294		250		217		156	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks												
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.3		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.8		3.2		3.7		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.9		3.3		3.8		4.5		6.2	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
t _{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		3.1		3.6		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t _{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.1	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)		1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9	ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)		1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9	ns
Quadrant Array Clock Networks												
t _{QCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
t _{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.6		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t _{QCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{QCHKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9	ns

Note: *All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-41 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	–3 Speed ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing ²												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.1		7.2	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		3.0		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.1		7.2	ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High		0.016		0.016		0.02		0.022		0.032	ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low		0.026		0.03		0.032		0.04		0.052	ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.1	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t _{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew		7.4		8.5		9.7		11.4		15.9	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L		2.1		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew		7.4		8.4		9.5		11.0		15.4	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H		2.4		2.8		3.1		3.7		5.1	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z		3.6		4.2		4.7		5.6		7.8	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
d _{TLH} ³	Delta Low to High		0.014		0.017		0.017		0.023		0.031	ns/pF
d _{THL} ³	Delta High to Low		0.023		0.029		0.031		0.037		0.051	ns/pF
d _{THLS} ³	Delta High to Low—low slew		0.043		0.046		0.057		0.066		0.089	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All –3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[HL|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
1	GND	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	TMS	TMS	TMS	TMS
12	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
13	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O	GND
19	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCA}
20	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	NC	NC	NC	I/O
26	GND	GND	GND	GND
27	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
28	GND	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
36	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
41	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND	GND
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
61	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	NC	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKA
75	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
77	GND	GND	GND	GND
78	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
79	GND	GND	GND	GND
80	NC	NC	NC	NC
81	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
83	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCI}
84	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKB
85	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
90	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
99	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND	GND

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
106	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
107	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
115	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
116	NC	I/O	I/O	GND
117	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCA}
118	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	GND	GND	GND	GND
130	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
131	GND	GND	GND	GND
132	NC	NC	NC	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	TMS	TMS	TMS
10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
11	GND	GND	GND
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	NC	NC	NC
20	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	GND	GND	GND
29	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
30	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND	GND
37	I/O	I/O	I/O

144-Pin TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
57	GND	GND	GND
58	NC	NC	NC
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	GND	GND	GND
74	I/O	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A545X16A Function	A545X32A Function	A545X72A Function
E11	I/O	I/O	I/O
E12	I/O	I/O	I/O
E13	NC	I/O	I/O
E14	I/O	I/O	I/O
E15	I/O	I/O	I/O
E16	I/O	I/O	I/O
F1	I/O	I/O	I/O
F2	I/O	I/O	I/O
F3	I/O	I/O	I/O
F4	TMS	TMS	TMS
F5	I/O	I/O	I/O
F6	I/O	I/O	I/O
F7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F9	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F10	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F11	I/O	I/O	I/O
F12	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
F13	I/O	I/O	I/O
F14	I/O	I/O	I/O
F15	I/O	I/O	I/O
F16	I/O	I/O	I/O
G1	NC	I/O	I/O
G2	I/O	I/O	I/O
G3	NC	I/O	I/O
G4	I/O	I/O	I/O
G5	I/O	I/O	I/O
G6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
G7	GND	GND	GND
G8	GND	GND	GND
G9	GND	GND	GND
G10	GND	GND	GND
G11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
G12	I/O	I/O	I/O
G13	GND	GND	GND
G14	NC	I/O	I/O
G15	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A545X16A Function	A545X32A Function	A545X72A Function
G16	I/O	I/O	I/O
H1	I/O	I/O	I/O
H2	I/O	I/O	I/O
H3	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
H4	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
H5	I/O	I/O	I/O
H6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H7	GND	GND	GND
H8	GND	GND	GND
H9	GND	GND	GND
H10	GND	GND	GND
H11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
H12	I/O	I/O	I/O
H13	I/O	I/O	I/O
H14	I/O	I/O	I/O
H15	I/O	I/O	I/O
H16	NC	I/O	I/O
J1	NC	I/O	I/O
J2	NC	I/O	I/O
J3	NC	I/O	I/O
J4	I/O	I/O	I/O
J5	I/O	I/O	I/O
J6	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J7	GND	GND	GND
J8	GND	GND	GND
J9	GND	GND	GND
J10	GND	GND	GND
J11	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J12	I/O	I/O	I/O
J13	I/O	I/O	I/O
J14	I/O	I/O	I/O
J15	I/O	I/O	I/O
J16	I/O	I/O	I/O
K1	I/O	I/O	I/O
K2	I/O	I/O	I/O
K3	NC	I/O	I/O
K4	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

484-Pin FBGA

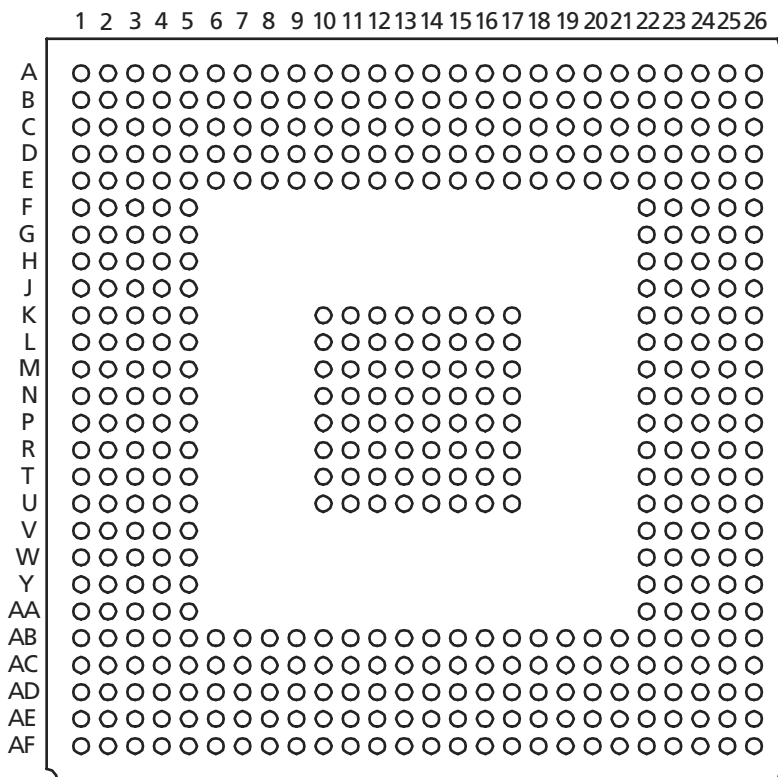


Figure 3-8 • 484-Pin FBGA (Top View)

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit Resource center at <http://www.actel.com/products/rescenter/package/index.html>.

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
C19	I/O	I/O
C20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
C21	I/O	I/O
C22	I/O	I/O
C23	I/O	I/O
C24	I/O	I/O
C25	NC*	I/O
C26	NC*	I/O
D1	NC*	I/O
D2	TMS	TMS
D3	I/O	I/O
D4	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
D5	NC*	I/O
D6	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
D7	I/O	I/O
D8	I/O	I/O
D9	I/O	I/O
D10	I/O	I/O
D11	I/O	I/O
D12	I/O	QCLKC
D13	I/O	I/O
D14	I/O	I/O
D15	I/O	I/O
D16	I/O	I/O
D17	I/O	I/O
D18	I/O	I/O
D19	I/O	I/O
D20	I/O	I/O
D21	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
D22	GND	GND
D23	I/O	I/O
D24	I/O	I/O
D25	NC*	I/O
D26	NC*	I/O
E1	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
E2	NC*	I/O
E3	I/O	I/O
E4	I/O	I/O
E5	GND	GND
E6	TDI, IO	TDI, IO
E7	I/O	I/O
E8	I/O	I/O
E9	I/O	I/O
E10	I/O	I/O
E11	I/O	I/O
E12	I/O	I/O
E13	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
E14	CLKB	CLKB
E15	I/O	I/O
E16	I/O	I/O
E17	I/O	I/O
E18	I/O	I/O
E19	I/O	I/O
E20	I/O	I/O
E21	I/O	I/O
E22	I/O	I/O
E23	I/O	I/O
E24	I/O	I/O
E25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
E26	GND	GND
F1	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
F2	NC*	I/O
F3	NC*	I/O
F4	I/O	I/O
F5	I/O	I/O
F22	I/O	I/O
F23	I/O	I/O
F24	I/O	I/O
F25	I/O	I/O
F26	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
G1	NC*	I/O
G2	NC*	I/O
G3	NC*	I/O
G4	I/O	I/O
G5	I/O	I/O
G22	I/O	I/O
G23	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
G24	I/O	I/O
G25	NC*	I/O
G26	NC*	I/O
H1	NC*	I/O
H2	NC*	I/O
H3	I/O	I/O
H4	I/O	I/O
H5	I/O	I/O
H22	I/O	I/O
H23	I/O	I/O
H24	I/O	I/O
H25	NC*	I/O
H26	NC*	I/O
J1	NC*	I/O
J2	NC*	I/O
J3	I/O	I/O
J4	I/O	I/O
J5	I/O	I/O
J22	I/O	I/O
J23	I/O	I/O
J24	I/O	I/O
J25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
J26	NC*	I/O
K1	I/O	I/O
K2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
K3	I/O	I/O
K4	I/O	I/O
K5	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.

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