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[Understanding Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	6036
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	171
Number of Gates	108000
Voltage - Supply	2.25V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFCQFP with Tie Bar
Supplier Device Package	208-CQFP (75x75)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a54sx72a-cq208b

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Logic Module Design

The SX-A family architecture is described as a “sea-of-modules” architecture because the entire floor of the device is covered with a grid of logic modules with virtually no chip area lost to interconnect elements or routing. The Actel SX-A family provides two types of logic modules: the register cell (R-cell) and the combinatorial cell (C-cell).

The R-cell contains a flip-flop featuring asynchronous clear, asynchronous preset, and clock enable, using the S0 and S1 lines control signals (Figure 1-2). The R-cell registers feature programmable clock polarity selectable on a register-by-register basis. This provides additional flexibility while allowing mapping of synthesized functions into the SX-A FPGA. The clock source for the R-cell can be chosen from either the hardwired clock, the routed clocks, or internal logic.

The C-cell implements a range of combinatorial functions of up to five inputs (Figure 1-3). Inclusion of the DB input and its associated inverter function allows up to 4,000

different combinatorial functions to be implemented in a single module. An example of the flexibility enabled by the inversion capability is the ability to integrate a 3-input exclusive-OR function into a single C-cell. This facilitates construction of 9-bit parity-tree functions with 1.9 ns propagation delays.

Module Organization

All C-cell and R-cell logic modules are arranged into horizontal banks called Clusters. There are two types of Clusters: Type 1 contains two C-cells and one R-cell, while Type 2 contains one C-cell and two R-cells.

Clusters are grouped together into SuperClusters (Figure 1-4 on page 1-3). SuperCluster 1 is a two-wide grouping of Type 1 Clusters. SuperCluster 2 is a two-wide group containing one Type 1 Cluster and one Type 2 Cluster. SX-A devices feature more SuperCluster 1 modules than SuperCluster 2 modules because designers typically require significantly more combinatorial logic than flip-flops.

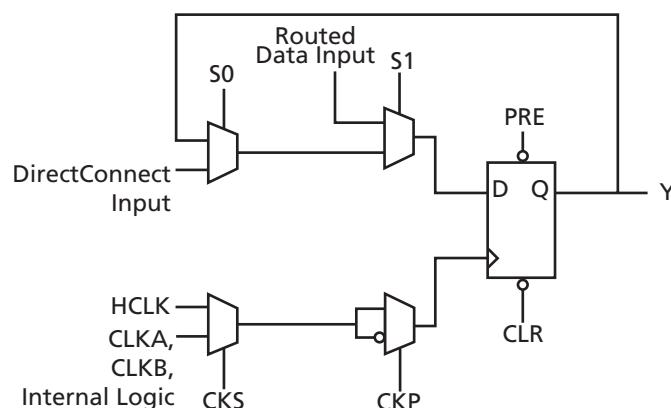


Figure 1-2 • R-Cell

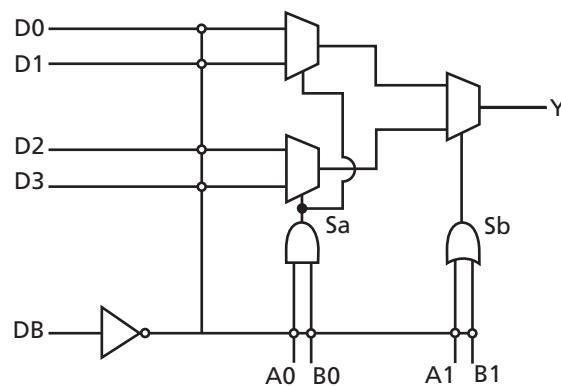


Figure 1-3 • C-Cell

Routing Resources

The routing and interconnect resources of SX-A devices are in the top two metal layers above the logic modules (Figure 1-1 on page 1-1), providing optimal use of silicon, thus enabling the entire floor of the device to be spanned with an uninterrupted grid of logic modules. Interconnection between these logic modules is achieved using the Actel patented metal-to-metal programmable antifuse interconnect elements. The antifuses are normally open circuits and, when programmed, form a permanent low-impedance connection.

Clusters and SuperClusters can be connected through the use of two innovative local routing resources called FastConnect and DirectConnect, which enable extremely fast and predictable interconnection of modules within Clusters and SuperClusters (Figure 1-5 on page 1-4 and Figure 1-6 on page 1-4). This routing architecture also dramatically reduces the number of antifuses required to complete a circuit, ensuring the highest possible performance, which is often required in applications such as fast counters, state machines, and data path logic. The interconnect elements (i.e., the antifuses and metal tracks) have lower capacitance and lower resistance than any other device of similar capacity, leading to the fastest signal propagation in the industry.

DirectConnect is a horizontal routing resource that provides connections from a C-cell to its neighboring R-Cell in a given SuperCluster. DirectConnect uses a hardwired signal path requiring no programmable

interconnection to achieve its fast signal propagation time of less than 0.1 ns.

FastConnect enables horizontal routing between any two logic modules within a given SuperCluster, and vertical routing with the SuperCluster immediately below it. Only one programmable connection is used in a FastConnect path, delivering a maximum pin-to-pin propagation time of 0.3 ns.

In addition to DirectConnect and FastConnect, the architecture makes use of two globally oriented routing resources known as segmented routing and high-drive routing. The Actel segmented routing structure provides a variety of track lengths for extremely fast routing between SuperClusters. The exact combination of track lengths and antifuses within each path is chosen by the 100% automatic place-and-route software to minimize signal propagation delays.

The general system of routing tracks allows any logic module in the array to be connected to any other logic or I/O module. Within this system, most connections typically require three or fewer antifuses, resulting in fast and predictable performance.

The unique local and general routing structure featured in SX-A devices allows 100% pin-locking with full logic utilization, enables concurrent printed circuit board (PCB) development, reduces design time, and allows designers to achieve performance goals with minimum effort.

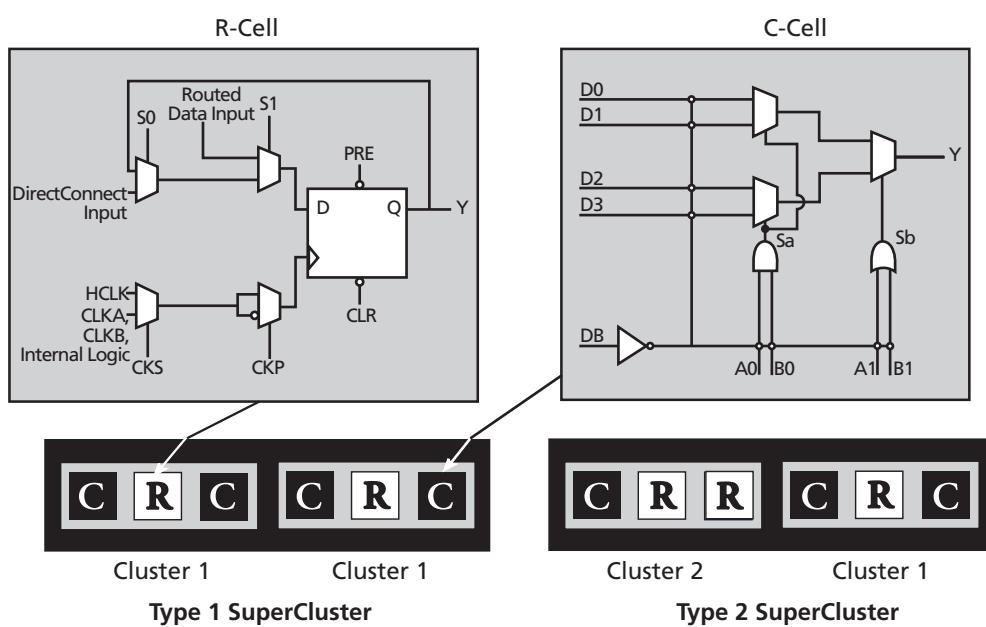


Figure 1-4 • Cluster Organization

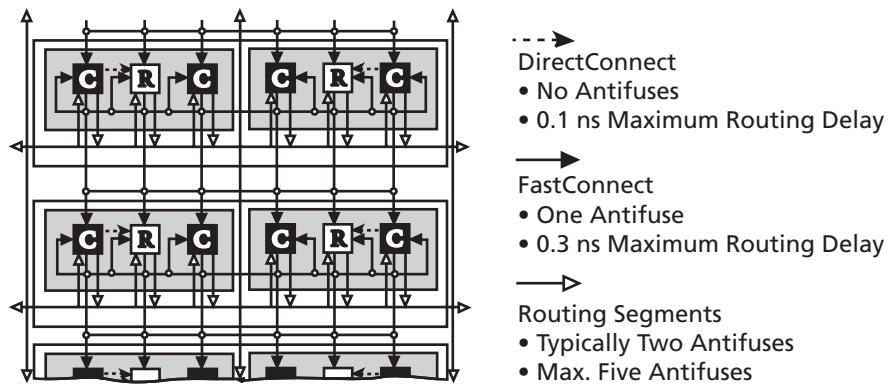


Figure 1-5 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 1 SuperClusters

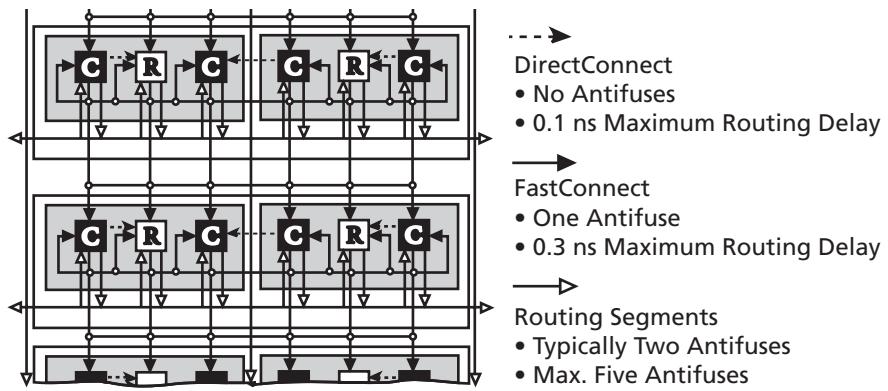


Figure 1-6 • DirectConnect and FastConnect for Type 2 SuperClusters

SX-A Probe Circuit Control Pins

SX-A devices contain internal probing circuitry that provides built-in access to every node in a design, enabling 100% real-time observation and analysis of a device's internal logic nodes without design iteration. The probe circuitry is accessed by Silicon Explorer II, an easy to use, integrated verification and logic analysis tool that can sample data at 100 MHz (asynchronous) or 66 MHz (synchronous). Silicon Explorer II attaches to a PC's standard COM port, turning the PC into a fully functional 18-channel logic analyzer. Silicon Explorer II allows designers to complete the design verification process at their desks and reduces verification time from several hours per cycle to a few seconds.

The Silicon Explorer II tool uses the boundary-scan ports (TDI, TCK, TMS, and TDO) to select the desired nets for verification. The selected internal nets are assigned to the

PRA/PRB pins for observation. Figure 1-13 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and the FPGA to perform in-circuit verification.

Design Considerations

In order to preserve device probing capabilities, users should avoid using the TDI, TCK, TDO, PRA, and PRB pins as input or bidirectional ports. Since these pins are active during probing, critical input signals through these pins are not available. In addition, the security fuse must not be programmed to preserve probing capabilities. Actel recommends that you use a $70\ \Omega$ series termination resistor on every probe connector (TDI, TCK, TMS, TDO, PRA, PRB). The $70\ \Omega$ series termination is used to prevent data transmission corruption during probing and reading back the checksum.

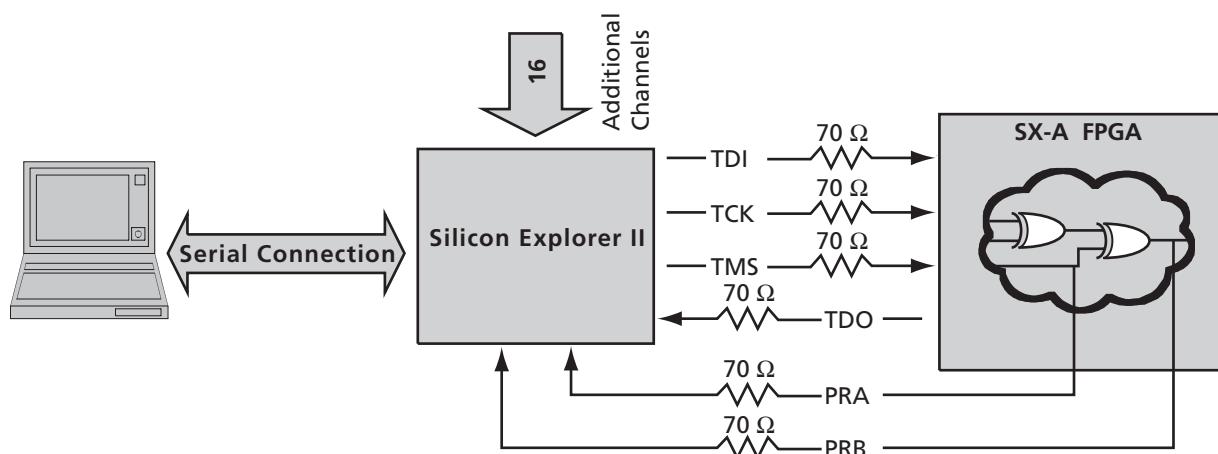


Figure 1-13 • Probe Setup

Where:

C_{EQCM} = Equivalent capacitance of combinatorial modules (C-cells) in pF

C_{EQSM} = Equivalent capacitance of sequential modules (R-Cells) in pF

C_{EQI} = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF

C_{EQO} = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF

C_{EQCR} = Equivalent capacitance of CLKA/B in pF

C_{EQHV} = Variable capacitance of HCLK in pF

C_{EQHF} = Fixed capacitance of HCLK in pF

C_L = Output lead capacitance in pF

f_m = Average logic module switching rate in MHz

f_n = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz

f_p = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz

f_{q1} = Average CLKA rate in MHz

f_{q2} = Average CLKB rate in MHz

f_{s1} = Average HCLK rate in MHz

m = Number of logic modules switching at f_m

n = Number of input buffers switching at f_n

p = Number of output buffers switching at f_p

q_1 = Number of clock loads on CLKA

q_2 = Number of clock loads on CLKB

r_1 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKA

r_2 = Fixed capacitance due to CLKB

s_1 = Number of clock loads on HCLK

x = Number of I/Os at logic low

y = Number of I/Os at logic high

Table 2-11 • CEQ Values for SX-A Devices

	A54SX08A	A54SX16A	A54SX32A	A54SX72A
Combinatorial modules (C_{EQCM})	1.70 pF	2.00 pF	2.00 pF	1.80 pF
Sequential modules (C_{EQCM})	1.50 pF	1.50 pF	1.30 pF	1.50 pF
Input buffers (C_{EQI})	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF	1.30 pF
Output buffers (C_{EQO})	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF	7.40 pF
Routed array clocks (C_{EQCR})	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF	1.05 pF
Dedicated array clocks – variable (C_{EQHV})	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF	0.85 pF
Dedicated array clocks – fixed (C_{EQHF})	30.00 pF	55.00 pF	110.00 pF	240.00 pF
Routed array clock A (r_1)	35.00 pF	50.00 pF	90.00 pF	310.00 pF

Input Buffer Delays

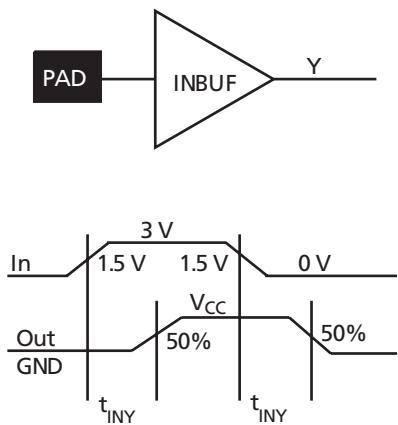


Figure 2-6 • Input Buffer Delays

C-Cell Delays

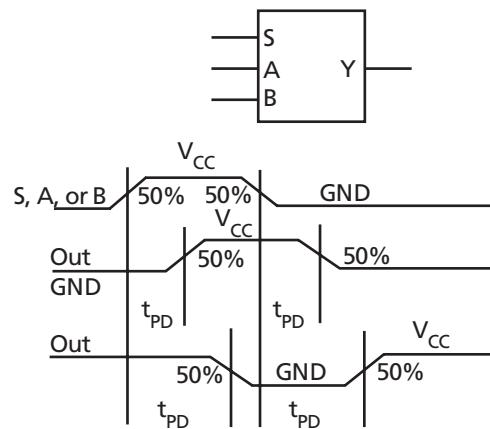


Figure 2-7 • C-Cell Delays

Cell Timing Characteristics

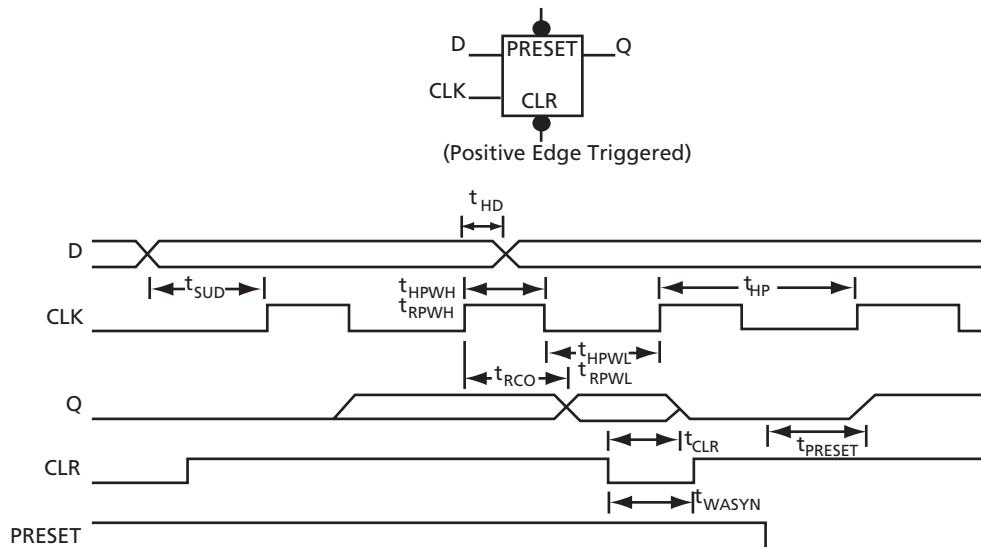


Figure 2-8 • Flip-Flops

Table 2-17 • A54SX08A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks								
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2		1.3		1.5		2.3 ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.0		1.2		1.4 2.0 ns	
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9 ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9 ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew		0.4		0.4		0.5 0.8 ns	
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	3.2		3.6		4.2		5.8 ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency		313		278		238 172 MHz	
Routed Array Clock Networks								
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7 ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)		1.5		1.7		2.0 2.7 ns	
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7 ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7 ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1 ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9 ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9 ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9 ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)		0.8		0.9		1.1 1.5 ns	
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.8		1.0		1.1		1.5 ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7 ns

Table 2-23 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.8	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.2	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8	3.4	3.8	4.4	6.0	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357	294	263	227	167	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.3	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.7	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-27 • A54SX16A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
5 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.0	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.016	0.016	0.02	0.022	0.032	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.026	0.03	0.032	0.04	0.052	ns/pF
5 V TTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	6.7	7.7	8.7	10.2	14.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.0	15.4	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	7.8	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.4	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.014	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.031	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.023	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.051	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.043	0.046	0.057	0.066	0.089	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-31 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 4.75\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed*	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
Dedicated (Hardwired) Array Clock Networks							
t_{HCKH}	Input Low to High (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
t_{HCKL}	Input High to Low (Pad to R-cell Input)	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	4.0	ns
t_{HPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{HCKSW}	Maximum Skew	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	ns
t_{HP}	Minimum Period	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.8	ns
f_{HMAX}	Maximum Frequency	357	313	278	238	172	MHz
Routed Array Clock Networks							
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (Light Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.5	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (50% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.7	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input Low to High (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{RCKL}	Input High to Low (100% Load) (Pad to R-cell Input)	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.7	5.2	ns
t_{RPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (Light Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (50% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew (100% Load)	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	ns

Note: *All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.

Table 2-32 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min. Max.	Min. Max.	Min. Max.	Min. Max.	Min. Max.	
2.5 V LVC MOS Output Module Timing^{2,3}							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	3.3	3.8	4.2	5.0	7.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	11.1	12.8	14.5	17.0	23.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	11.8	13.7	15.5	18.2	25.5	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.3	3.8	4.2	5.0	7.0	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
d_{TLH}^4	Delta Low to High	0.031	0.037	0.043	0.051	0.071	ns/pF
d_{THL}^4	Delta High to Low	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.037	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^4	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.057	0.06	0.071	0.086	0.117	ns/pF

Note:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
3. The equivalent IO Attribute settings for 2.5 V LVC MOS is 2.5 V LVTTL in the software.
4. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

Table 2-33 • A54SX32A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
3.3 V PCI Output Module Timing²							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	4.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.1	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	4.0	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
3.3 V LVTTL Output Module Timing⁴							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	9.0	10.4	11.8	13.8	19.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	15.8	18.9	21.3	25.4	34.9	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.2	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns
d_{TLH}^3	Delta Low to High	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.045	ns/pF
d_{THL}^3	Delta High to Low	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.025	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^3	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.053	0.053	0.067	0.073	0.107	ns/pF

Notes:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 10 pF loading and 25 Ω resistance.
3. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$

where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF.
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 2-39 • A54SX72A Timing Characteristics
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions $V_{CCA} = 2.25\text{ V}$, $V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Description	-3 Speed¹	-2 Speed	-1 Speed	Std. Speed	-F Speed	Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	
2.5 V LVC MOS Output Module Timing^{2, 3}							
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad Low to High	3.9	4.5	5.1	6.0	8.4	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad High to Low	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.8	6.7	ns
t_{DHLS}	Data-to-Pad High to Low—low slew	12.7	14.6	16.5	19.4	27.2	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to L	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns
t_{ENZLS}	Data-to-Pad, Z to L—low slew	11.8	13.7	15.5	18.2	25.5	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable-to-Pad, Z to H	3.9	4.5	5.1	6.0	8.4	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable-to-Pad, L to Z	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.3	4.7	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable-to-Pad, H to Z	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.8	6.7	ns
d_{TLH}^4	Delta Low to High	0.031	0.037	0.043	0.051	0.071	ns/pF
d_{THL}^4	Delta High to Low	0.017	0.017	0.023	0.023	0.037	ns/pF
d_{THLS}^4	Delta High to Low—low slew	0.057	0.06	0.071	0.086	0.117	ns/pF

Note:

1. All -3 speed grades have been discontinued.
2. Delays based on 35 pF loading.
3. The equivalent IO Attribute settings for 2.5 V LVC MOS is 2.5 V LVTTL in the software.
4. To obtain the slew rate, substitute the appropriate Delta value, load capacitance, and the V_{CCI} value into the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate [V/ns]} = (0.1 * V_{CCI} - 0.9 * V_{CCI}) / (C_{load} * d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]})$$
 where C_{load} is the load capacitance driven by the I/O in pF
 $d_{T[LH|HL|HLS]}$ is the worst case delta value from the datasheet in ns/pF.

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
141	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
146	GND	GND	GND	GND
147	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
149	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
151	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
156	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
162	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
165	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
166	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
167	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

208-Pin PQFP				
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
176	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
177	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
178	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKD
179	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
181	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
182	NC	NC	NC	NC
183	GND	GND	GND	GND
184	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
185	GND	GND	GND	GND
186	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O	V _{CCI}
188	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
189	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	I/O	I/O	QCLKC
191	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
192	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
193	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
194	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
195	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
196	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
197	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
198	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
202	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
203	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
204	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
205	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
206	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
208	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	TMS	TMS	TMS
8	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
9	GND	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O	TRST, I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
35	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}

100-TQFP			
Pin Number	A54SX08A Function	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function
36	GND	GND	GND
37	NC	NC	NC
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	HCLK	HCLK	HCLK
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O	TDO, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	GND	GND	GND
52	I/O	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
58	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
68	GND	GND	GND
69	GND	GND	GND
70	I/O	I/O	I/O

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
1	GND
2	TDI, I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	TMS
11	V _{CC1}
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	GND
22	V _{CCA}
23	GND
24	I/O
25	TRST, I/O
26	I/O
27	I/O
28	I/O
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	V _{CC1}
33	V _{CCA}
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	GND
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	V _{CC1}
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	PRB, I/O
65	GND
66	V _{CCA}
67	NC
68	I/O
69	HCLK
70	I/O
71	I/O
72	I/O

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	V _{CC1}
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	TDO, I/O
88	I/O
89	GND
90	I/O
91	I/O
92	I/O
93	I/O
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	V _{CCA}
99	V _{CC1}
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	GND

176-Pin TQFP	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
109	V _{CCA}
110	GND
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	V _{CCA}
123	GND
124	V _{CC1}
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	I/O
128	I/O
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	I/O
132	I/O
133	GND
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	V _{CC1}
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	V _{CCI}
A4	NC
A5	I/O
A6	I/O
A7	V _{CCI}
A8	NC
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	I/O
A12	I/O
A13	CLKB
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	I/O
A20	I/O
A21	NC
A22	V _{CCI}
A23	GND
AA1	V _{CCI}
AA2	I/O
AA3	GND
AA4	I/O
AA5	I/O
AA6	I/O
AA7	I/O
AA8	I/O
AA9	I/O
AA10	I/O
AA11	I/O
AA12	I/O
AA13	I/O
AA14	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
AA15	I/O
AA16	I/O
AA17	I/O
AA18	I/O
AA19	I/O
AA20	TDO, I/O
AA21	V _{CCI}
AA22	I/O
AA23	V _{CCI}
AB1	I/O
AB2	GND
AB3	I/O
AB4	I/O
AB5	I/O
AB6	I/O
AB7	I/O
AB8	I/O
AB9	I/O
AB10	I/O
AB11	PRB, I/O
AB12	I/O
AB13	HCLK
AB14	I/O
AB15	I/O
AB16	I/O
AB17	I/O
AB18	I/O
AB19	I/O
AB20	I/O
AB21	I/O
AB22	GND
AB23	I/O
AC1	GND
AC2	V _{CCI}
AC3	NC
AC4	I/O
AC5	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
AC6	I/O
AC7	I/O
AC8	I/O
AC9	V _{CCI}
AC10	I/O
AC11	I/O
AC12	I/O
AC13	I/O
AC14	I/O
AC15	NC
AC16	I/O
AC17	I/O
AC18	I/O
AC19	I/O
AC20	I/O
AC21	NC
AC22	V _{CCI}
AC23	GND
B1	V _{CCI}
B2	GND
B3	I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	I/O
B8	I/O
B9	I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	PRA, I/O
B13	CLKA
B14	I/O
B15	I/O
B16	I/O
B17	I/O
B18	I/O
B19	I/O

329-Pin PBGA	
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function
B20	I/O
B21	I/O
B22	GND
B23	V _{CCI}
C1	NC
C2	TDI, I/O
C3	GND
C4	I/O
C5	I/O
C6	I/O
C7	I/O
C8	I/O
C9	I/O
C10	I/O
C11	I/O
C12	I/O
C13	I/O
C14	I/O
C15	I/O
C16	I/O
C17	I/O
C18	I/O
C19	I/O
C20	I/O
C21	V _{CCI}
C22	GND
C23	NC
D1	I/O
D2	I/O
D3	I/O
D4	TCK, I/O
D5	I/O
D6	I/O
D7	I/O
D8	I/O
D9	I/O
D10	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
A1	GND	GND	GND
A2	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
A3	I/O	I/O	I/O
A4	I/O	I/O	I/O
A5	I/O	I/O	I/O
A6	I/O	I/O	I/O
A7	I/O	I/O	I/O
A8	I/O	I/O	I/O
A9	CLKB	CLKB	CLKB
A10	I/O	I/O	I/O
A11	I/O	I/O	I/O
A12	NC	I/O	I/O
A13	I/O	I/O	I/O
A14	I/O	I/O	I/O
A15	GND	GND	GND
A16	GND	GND	GND
B1	I/O	I/O	I/O
B2	GND	GND	GND
B3	I/O	I/O	I/O
B4	I/O	I/O	I/O
B5	I/O	I/O	I/O
B6	NC	I/O	I/O
B7	I/O	I/O	I/O
B8	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
B9	I/O	I/O	I/O
B10	I/O	I/O	I/O
B11	NC	I/O	I/O
B12	I/O	I/O	I/O
B13	I/O	I/O	I/O
B14	I/O	I/O	I/O
B15	GND	GND	GND
B16	I/O	I/O	I/O
C1	I/O	I/O	I/O
C2	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
C3	GND	GND	GND
C4	I/O	I/O	I/O
C5	NC	I/O	I/O

256-Pin FBGA			
Pin Number	A54SX16A Function	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
C6	I/O	I/O	I/O
C7	I/O	I/O	I/O
C8	I/O	I/O	I/O
C9	CLKA	CLKA	CLKA
C10	I/O	I/O	I/O
C11	I/O	I/O	I/O
C12	I/O	I/O	I/O
C13	I/O	I/O	I/O
C14	I/O	I/O	I/O
C15	I/O	I/O	I/O
C16	I/O	I/O	I/O
D1	I/O	I/O	I/O
D2	I/O	I/O	I/O
D3	I/O	I/O	I/O
D4	I/O	I/O	I/O
D5	I/O	I/O	I/O
D6	I/O	I/O	I/O
D7	I/O	I/O	I/O
D8	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
D9	I/O	I/O	QCLKD
D10	I/O	I/O	I/O
D11	NC	I/O	I/O
D12	I/O	I/O	I/O
D13	I/O	I/O	I/O
D14	I/O	I/O	I/O
D15	I/O	I/O	I/O
D16	I/O	I/O	I/O
E1	I/O	I/O	I/O
E2	I/O	I/O	I/O
E3	I/O	I/O	I/O
E4	I/O	I/O	I/O
E5	I/O	I/O	I/O
E6	I/O	I/O	I/O
E7	I/O	I/O	QCLKC
E8	I/O	I/O	I/O
E9	I/O	I/O	I/O
E10	I/O	I/O	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
T3	I/O	I/O
T4	I/O	I/O
T5	I/O	I/O
T10	GND	GND
T11	GND	GND
T12	GND	GND
T13	GND	GND
T14	GND	GND
T15	GND	GND
T16	GND	GND
T17	GND	GND
T22	I/O	I/O
T23	I/O	I/O
T24	I/O	I/O
T25	NC*	I/O
T26	NC*	I/O
U1	I/O	I/O
U2	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
U3	I/O	I/O
U4	I/O	I/O
U5	I/O	I/O
U10	GND	GND
U11	GND	GND
U12	GND	GND
U13	GND	GND
U14	GND	GND
U15	GND	GND
U16	GND	GND
U17	GND	GND
U22	I/O	I/O
U23	I/O	I/O
U24	I/O	I/O
U25	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
U26	I/O	I/O
V1	NC*	I/O

484-Pin FBGA		
Pin Number	A54SX32A Function	A54SX72A Function
V2	NC*	I/O
V3	I/O	I/O
V4	I/O	I/O
V5	I/O	I/O
V22	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
V23	I/O	I/O
V24	I/O	I/O
V25	NC*	I/O
V26	NC*	I/O
W1	I/O	I/O
W2	I/O	I/O
W3	I/O	I/O
W4	I/O	I/O
W5	I/O	I/O
W22	I/O	I/O
W23	V _{CCA}	V _{CCA}
W24	I/O	I/O
W25	NC*	I/O
W26	NC*	I/O
Y1	NC*	I/O
Y2	NC*	I/O
Y3	I/O	I/O
Y4	I/O	I/O
Y5	NC*	I/O
Y22	I/O	I/O
Y23	I/O	I/O
Y24	V _{CCI}	V _{CCI}
Y25	I/O	I/O
Y26	I/O	I/O

Note: *These pins must be left floating on the A54SX32A device.