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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, FlexIO, I²C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	58
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A1x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/fs32k144hft0mlht

4. When input pad voltage levels are close to V_{DD} or V_{SS}, practically no current injection is possible.
5. While respecting the maximum current injection limit
6. This is the Electronic Control Unit (ECU) supply ramp rate and not directly the MCU ramp rate. Limit applies to both maximum absolute maximum ramp rate and typical operating conditions.
7. This is the MCU supply ramp rate and the ramp rate assumes that the S32K1xx HW design guidelines in AN5426 are followed. Limit applies to both maximum absolute maximum ramp rate and typical operating conditions.
8. T_J (Junction temperature)=135 °C. Assumes T_A=125 °C for RUN mode

   T_J (Junction temperature)=125 °C. Assumes TA=105 °C for HSRUN mode

   - Assumes maximum θJA for 2s2p board. See Thermal characteristics
9. 60 seconds lifetime; device in reset (no outputs enabled/toggling)

4.2 Voltage and current operating requirements

NOTE

Device functionality is guaranteed up to the LVR assert level, however electrical performance of 12-bit ADC, CMP with 8-bit DAC, IO electrical characteristics, and communication modules electrical characteristics would be degraded when voltage drops below 2.7 V

Table 2. Voltage and current operating requirements 1

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DD}[2]	Supply voltage	2.7[3]	5.5	V	4
V_{DD_OFF}	Voltage allowed to be developed on V_{DD} pin when it is not powered from any external power supply source.	0	0.1	V	
V_{DDA}	Analog supply voltage	2.7	5.5	V	4
$V_{DD} – V_{DDA}$	V_{DD}-to-V_{DDA} differential voltage	– 0.1	0.1	V	4
V_{REFH}	ADC reference voltage high	2.7	V_{DDA} + 0.1	V	5
V_{REFL}	ADC reference voltage low	-0.1	0.1	V	
V_{ODPU}	Open drain pullup voltage level	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	V	6
$I_{INJPAD\_DC\_OP}$[7]	Continuous DC input current (positive / negative) that can be injected into an I/O pin	-3	+3	mA	
$I_{INJSUM\_DC\_OP}$	Continuous total DC input current that can be injected across all I/O pins such that there's no degradation in accuracy of analog modules: ADC and ACMP (See section Analog Modules)	—	30	mA	

1. Typical conditions assumes V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{REFH} = 5 V, temperature = 25 °C and typical silicon process unless otherwise stated.
2. As V_{DD} varies between the minimum value and the absolute maximum value the analog characteristics of the I/O and the ADC will both change. See section I/O parameters and ADC electrical specifications respectively for details.
3. S32K148 will operate from 2.7 V when executing from internal FIRC. When the PLL is engaged S32K148 is guaranteed to operate from 2.97 V. All other S32K family devices operate from 2.7 V in all modes.
4. V_{DD} and V_{DDA} must be shorted to a common source on PCB. The differential voltage between V_{DD} and V_{DDA} is for RF-AC only. Appropriate decoupling capacitors to be used to filter noise on the supplies. See application note AN5032 for reference supply design for SAR ADC.

Table 5. V_{DD} supply LVR, LVD and POR operating requirements (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{LVW}	Falling low-voltage warning threshold	4.19	4.305	4.5	V	
V_{LVW_HYST}	LVW hysteresis	—	75	—	mV	1
V_{BG}	Bandgap voltage reference	0.97	1.00	1.03	V	

1. Rising threshold is the sum of falling threshold and hysteresis voltage.

4.6 Power mode transition operating behaviors

All specifications in the following table assume this clock configuration:

- RUN Mode:
  - Clock source: FIRC
  - SYS_CLK/CORE_CLK = 48 MHz
  - BUS_CLK = 48 MHz
  - FLASH_CLK = 24 MHz
- HSRUN Mode:
  - Clock source: SPLL
  - SYS_CLK/CORE_CLK = 112 MHz
  - BUS_CLK = 56 MHz
  - FLASH_CLK = 28 MHz
- VLPR Mode:
  - Clock source: SIRC
  - SYS_CLK/CORE_CLK = 4 MHz
  - BUS_CLK = 4 MHz
  - FLASH_CLK = 1 MHz
- STOP1/STOP2 Mode:
  - Clock source: FIRC
  - SYS_CLK/CORE_CLK = 48 MHz
  - BUS_CLK = 48 MHz
  - FLASH_CLK = 24 MHz
- VLPS Mode: All clock sources disabled [1]

Table 6. Power mode transition operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
t_{POR}	After a POR event, amount of time from the point V_{DD} reaches 2.7 V to execution of the first instruction across the operating temperature range of the chip.	—	325	—	µs

Table continues on the next page...

1. • For S32K11x – FIRC/SOSC
   • For S32K14x – FIRC/SOSC/SPLL

The following table shows the power consumption targets for S32K148 in various mode of operations measure at 3.3 V.

Table 9. Power consumption at 3.3 V

Chip/Device	Ambient Temperature (°C)		RUN@80 MHz (mA)		HSRUN@112 MHz (mA)[1]	
			Peripherals enabled + QSPI	Peripherals enabled + ENET + SAI	Peripherals enabled + QSPI	Peripherals enabled + ENET + SAI
S32K148	25	Typ	67.3	79.1	89.8	105.5
	85	Typ	67.4	79.2	95.6	105.9
		Max	82.5	88.2	109.7	117.4
	105	Typ	68.0	79.8	96.6	106.7
		Max	80.3	89.1	109.0	119.0
	125	Max	83.5	94.7	NA	

1. HSRUN mode must not be used at 125°C. Max ambient temperature for HSRUN mode is 105°C.

4.8 ESD handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{HBM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, human body model	– 4000	4000	V	1
V_{CDM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device model				2
	All pins except the corner pins	– 500	500	V	
	Corner pins only	– 750	750	V	
I_{LAT}	Latch-up current at ambient temperature of 125 °C	– 100	100	mA	3

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114, *Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitivity Testing Human Body Model (HBM)*.
2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101, *Field-Induced Charged-Device Model Test Method for Electrostatic-Discharge-Withstand Thresholds of Microelectronic Components*.
3. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD78, *IC Latch-Up Test*.

4.9 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors

EMC measurements to IC-level IEC standards are available from NXP on request.

Table 16. Device clock specifications [1] (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
f_{FLASH}	Flash clock	—	24	MHz
Normal run mode (S32K14x series) [3]				
f_{SYS}	System and core clock	—	80	MHz
f_{BUS}	Bus clock	—	40[4]	MHz
f_{FLASH}	Flash clock	—	26.67	MHz
VLPR mode[5]				
f_{SYS}	System and core clock	—	4	MHz
f_{BUS}	Bus clock	—	4	MHz
f_{FLASH}	Flash clock	—	1	MHz
f_{ERCLK}	External reference clock	—	16	MHz

1. Refer to the section Feature comparison for the availability of modes and other specifications.
2. Only available on some devices. See section Feature comparison.
3. With SPLL as system clock source.
4. 48 MHz when f_{SYS} is 48 MHz
5. The frequency limitations in VLPR mode here override any frequency specification listed in the timing specification for any other module.

6 Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

6.1 System modules

There are no electrical specifications necessary for the device's system modules.

6.2 Clock interface modules

6.2.1 External System Oscillator electrical specifications

6.3.1.1 Flash timing specifications — commands

Table 23. Flash command timing specifications for S32K14x

Symbol	Description[1]		S32K142		S32K144		S32K146		S32K148			
			Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
t_{rd1blk}	Read 1 Block execution time	32 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ms	
		64 KB flash	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	—		
		128 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		256 KB flash	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		512 KB flash	—	—	—	1.8	—	2	—	2		
t_{rd1sec}	Read 1 Section execution time	2 KB flash	—	75	—	75	—	75	—	75	µs	
		4 KB flash	—	100	—	100	—	100	—	100		
t_{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	—	—	95	—	95	—	95	—	100	µs	
t_{pgm8}	Program Phrase execution time	—	90	225	90	225	90	225	90	225	µs	
t_{ersblk}	Erase Flash Block execution time	32 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ms	2
		64 KB flash	30	550	30	550	30	550	—	—		
		128 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		256 KB flash	250	2125	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		512 KB flash	—	—	250	4250	250	4250	250	4250		
t_{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	—	12	130	12	130	12	130	12	130	ms	2
$t_{pgmsec1k}$	Program Section execution time (1KB flash)	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	ms	
t_{rd1all}	Read 1s All Block execution time	—	—	2.8	—	2.3	—	5.2	—	8.2	ms	
t_{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	—	—	30	—	30	—	30	—	30	µs	
$t_{pgmonce}$	Program Once execution time	—	90	—	90	—	90	—	90	—	µs	
t_{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	—	250	2800	400	4900	700	10000	1400	17000	ms	2
t_{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	—	—	35	—	35	—	35	—	35	µs	
$t_{ersallu}$	Erase All Blocks Unsecure execution time	—	250	2800	400	4900	700	10000	1400	17000	ms	2
$t_{pgmpart}$	Program Partition for EEPROM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	70	—	70	—	70	—	—	—	ms	3
		64 KB EEPROM backup	71	—	71	—	71	—	150	—		

Table continues on the next page...

Table 27. 12-bit ADC operating conditions (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.[1]	Max.	Unit	Notes
f_{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	Normal usage	2	40	50	MHz	3, 4
f_{CONV}	ADC conversion frequency	No ADC hardware averaging.[5] Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time	46.4	928	1160	Ksps	6, 7
		ADC hardware averaging set to 32. [5] Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time	1.45	29	36.25	Ksps	6, 7

1. Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 5 V, Temp = 25 °C, f_{ADCK} = 40 MHz, R_{AS}=20 Ω, and C_{AS}=10 nF unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only, and are not tested in production.
2. For packages without dedicated V_{REFH} and V_{REFL} pins, V_{REFH} is internally tied to V_{DDA}, and V_{REFL} is internally tied to V_{SS}. To get maximum performance, reference supply quality should be better than SAR ADC. See application note AN5032 for details.
3. Clock and compare cycle need to be set according to the guidelines mentioned in the *Reference Manual* .
4. ADC conversion will become less reliable above maximum frequency.
5. When using ADC hardware averaging, see the *Reference Manual* to determine the most appropriate setting for AVGS.
6. Numbers based on the minimum sampling time of 275 ns.
7. For guidelines and examples of conversion rate calculation, see the *Reference Manual* section 'Calibration function'

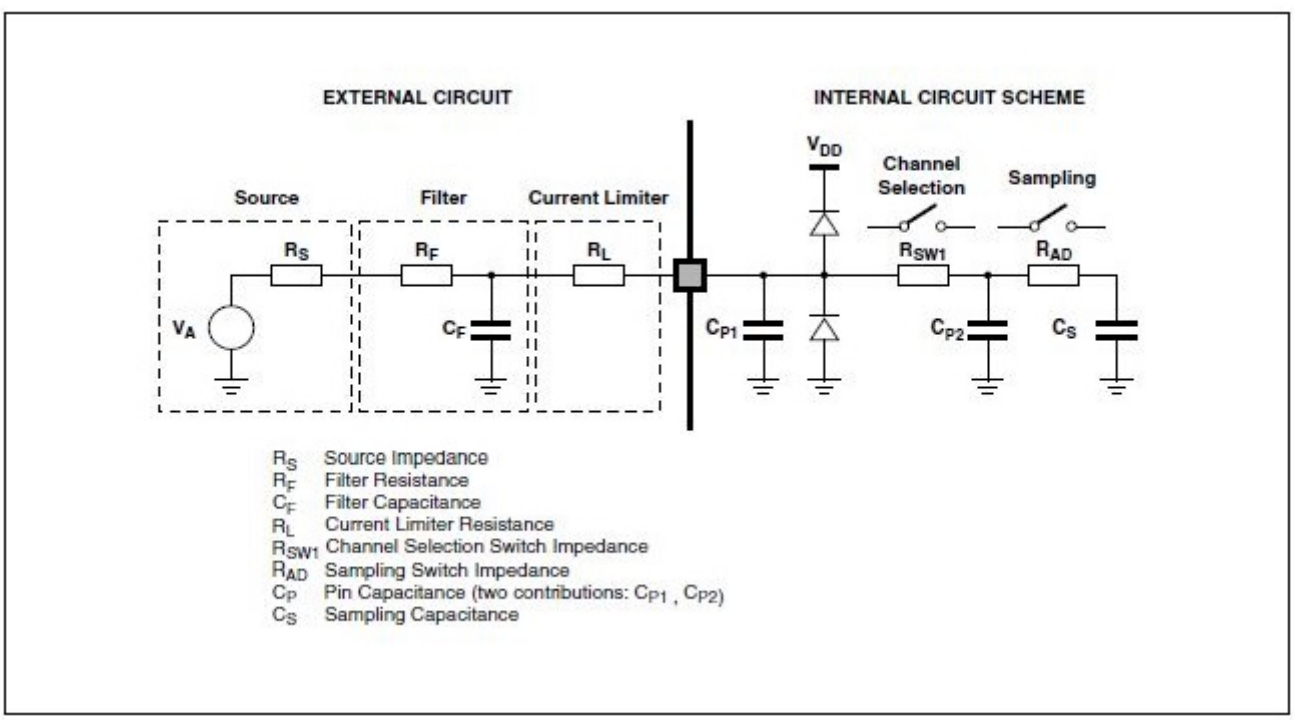

Figure 13. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram

6.4.2 CMP with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications

Table 31. Comparator with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{DDHS}	Supply current, High-speed mode[1]				µA
	-40 - 125 °C	—	230	300	
I_{DDLS}	Supply current, Low-speed mode[1]				µA
	-40 - 105 °C	—	6	11	
	-40 - 125 °C		6	13	
V_{AIN}	Analog input voltage	0	0 - V_{DDA}	V_{DDA}	V
V_{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage, High-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	-25	±1	25	
V_{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage, Low-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	-40	±4	40	
t_{DHSB}	Propagation delay, High-speed mode[2]				ns
	-40 - 105 °C	—	35	200	
	-40 - 125 °C		35	300	
t_{DLSB}	Propagation delay, Low-speed mode[2]				µs
	-40 - 105 °C	—	0.5	2	
	-40 - 125 °C	—	0.5	3	
t_{DHSS}	Propagation delay, High-speed mode[3]				ns
	-40 - 105 °C	—	70	400	
	-40 - 125 °C	—	70	500	
t_{DLSS}	Propagation delay, Low-speed mode[3]				µs
	-40 - 105 °C	—	1	5	
	-40 - 125 °C	—	1	5	
t_{IDHS}	Initialization delay, High-speed mode[4]				µs
	-40 - 125 °C	—	1.5	3	
t_{IDLS}	Initialization delay, Low-speed mode[4]				µs
	-40 - 125 °C	—	10	30	
V_{HYST0}	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst0				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	—	0	—	
V_{HYST1}	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst1, High-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	—	19	66	
	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst1, Low-speed mode				
	-40 - 125 °C	—	15	40	
V_{HYST2}	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst2, High-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	—	34	133	

Table continues on the next page...

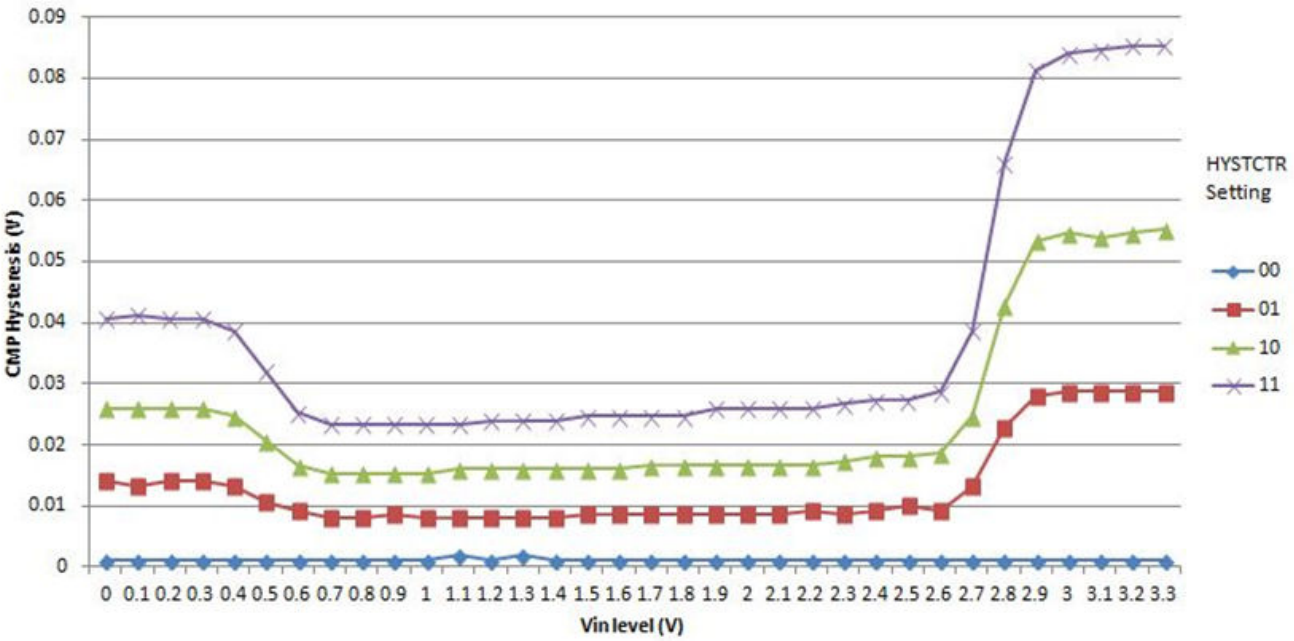

Figure 14. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 3.3 V, PMODE = 0)

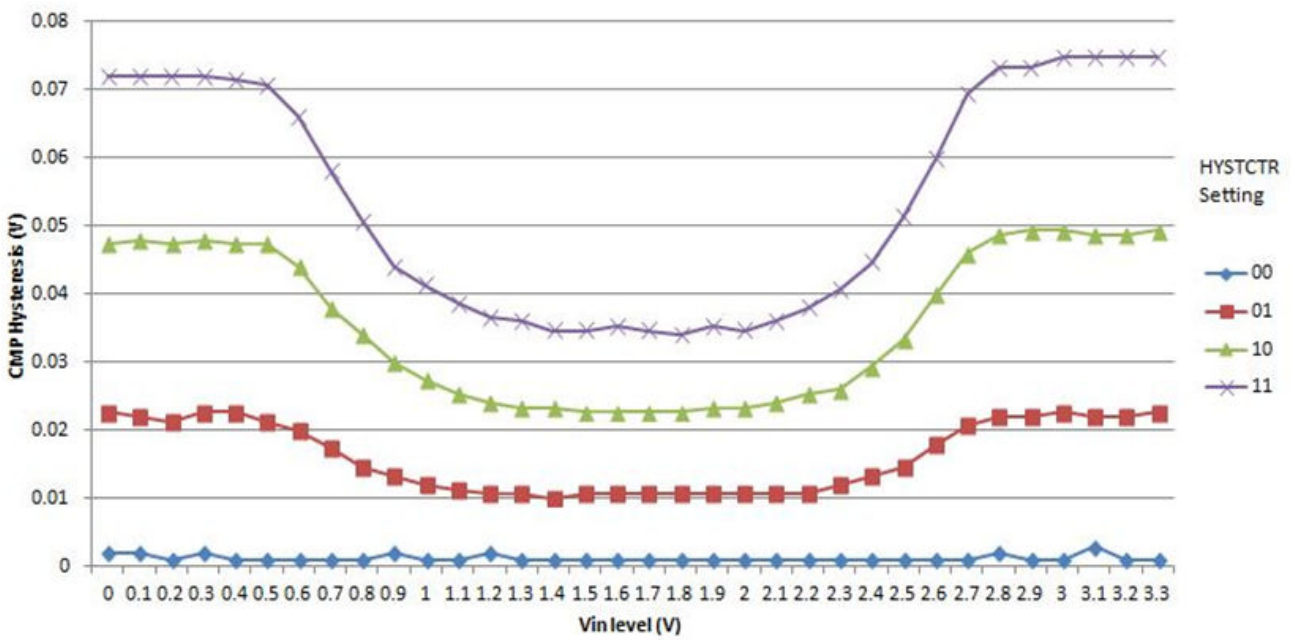

Figure 15. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 3.3 V, PMODE = 1)

Table 32. LPSPI electrical specifications[1] (continued)

Num	Symbol	Description	Conditions	Run Mode[2]				HSRUN Mode[2]				VLPR Mode				Unit
				5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
4	t_{Lag}[9]	Enable lag time (After SPSCK delay)	Slave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ns
			Master	(SCKPCS+1)*t_{periph}- 25	-	(SCKPCS+1)*t_{periph}- 25	-	(SCKPCS+1)*t_{periph}- 25	-	(SCKPCS+1)*t_{periph}- 25	-	(SCKPCS+1)*t_{periph}- 50	-	(SCKPCS+1)*t_{periph}- 50	-	
			Master Loopback[5]													
			Master Loopback(slow)[6]													
5	t_{WSPSCK}[10]	Clock(SPSCK) high or low time (SPSCK duty cycle)	Slave	t_{SPSCK}/2-3	t_{SPSCK}/2+3	t_{SPSCK}/2-3	t_{SPSCK}/2+3	t_{SPSCK}/2-3	t_{SPSCK}/2+3	t_{SPSCK}/2-3	t_{SPSCK}/2+3	t_{SPSCK}/2-5	t_{SPSCK}/2+5	t_{SPSCK}/2-5	t_{SPSCK}/2+5	ns
			Master													
			Master Loopback[5]													
			Master Loopback(slow)[6]													
6	t_{SU}	Data setup time(inputs)	Slave	3	-	5	-	3	-	5	-	18	-	18	-	ns
			Master	29	-	38	-	26	-	37[11] 32[12]	-	72	-	78	-	
			Master Loopback[5]	7	-	8	-	5	-	7	-	20	-	20	-	
			Master Loopback(slow)[6]	8	-	10	-	7	-	9	-	20	-	20	-	
7	t_{HI}	Data hold time(inputs)	Slave	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	14	-	14	-	ns
			Master	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	
			Master Loopback[5]	3	-	3	-	2	-	3	-	11	-	11	-	
			Master Loopback(slow)[6]	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	12	-	12	-	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 32. LPSPI electrical specifications[1] (continued)

Num	Symbol	Description	Conditions	Run Mode[2]				HSRUN Mode[2]				VLPR Mode				Unit
				5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
			Master Loopback(slow) [6]	-		-		-		-		-		-		

1. Trace length should not exceed 11 inches for SCK pad when used in Master loopback mode.
2. While transitioning from HSRUN mode to RUN mode, LPSPI output clock should not be more than 14 MHz.
3. f_{periph} = LPSPI peripheral clock
4. $t_{periph} = 1/f_{periph}$
5. Master Loopback mode - In this mode LPSPI_SCK clock is delayed for sampling the input data which is enabled by setting LPSPI_CFGR1[SAMPLE] bit as 1. Clock pads used are PTD15 and PTE0. Applicable only for LPSPI0.
6. Master Loopback (slow) - In this mode LPSPI_SCK clock is delayed for sampling the input data which is enabled by setting LPSPI_CFGR1[SAMPLE] bit as 1. Clock pad used is PTB2. Applicable only for LPSPI0.
7. This is the maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) for LPSPI0 with medium PAD type only. Otherwise, the maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) is 12 Mhz.
8. Set the PCSSCK configuration bit as 0, for a minimum of 1 delay cycle of LPSPI baud rate clock, where PCSSCK ranges from 0 to 255.
9. Set the SCKPCS configuration bit as 0, for a minimum of 1 delay cycle of LPSPI baud rate clock, where SCKPCS ranges from 0 to 255.
10. While selecting odd dividers, ensure Duty Cycle is meeting this parameter.
11. Maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) is 12 MHz irrespective of PAD type and LPSPI instance.
12. Applicable for LPSPI0 only with medium PAD type, with maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) as 14 MHz.

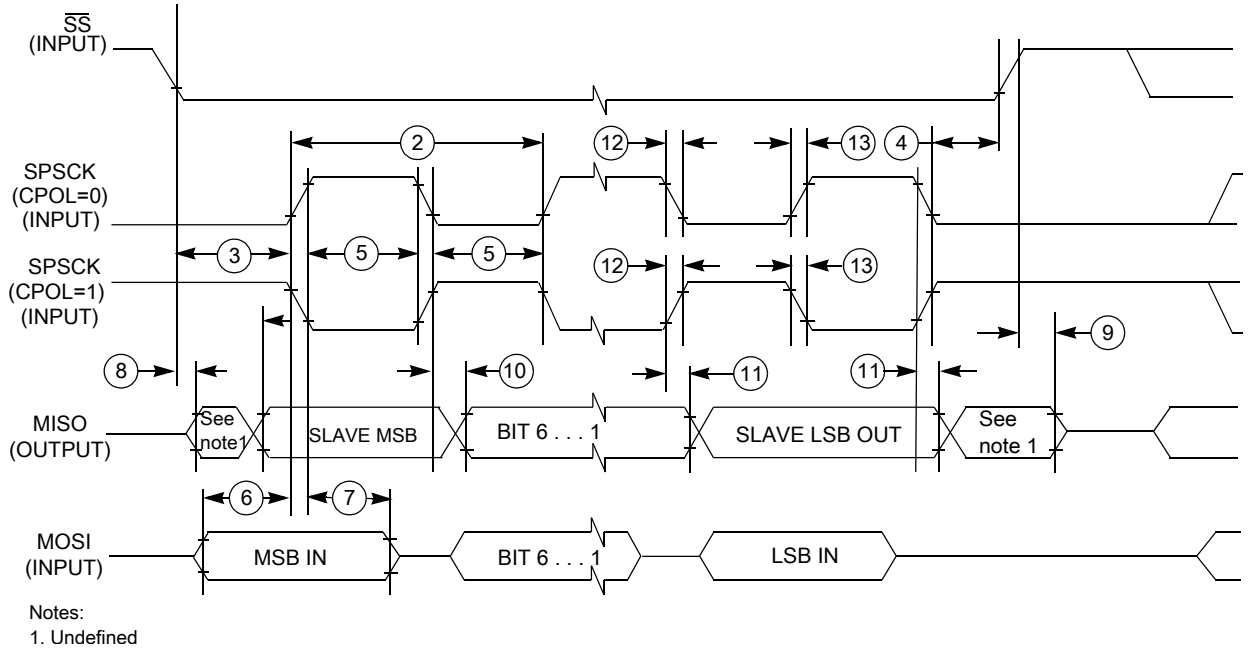

Figure 20. LPSPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 0)

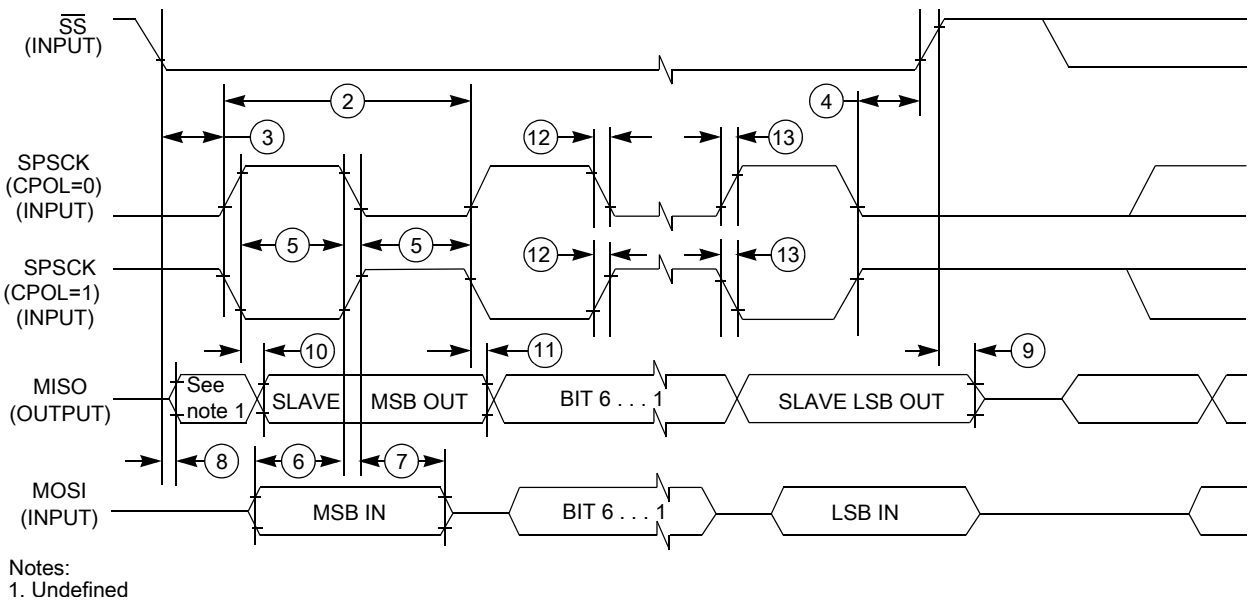

Figure 21. LPSPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 1)

6.5.3 LPI2C electrical specifications

See General AC specifications for LPI2C specifications.

For supported baud rate see section 'Chip-specific LPI2C information' of the *Reference Manual.*

6.5.4 FlexCAN electical specifications

For supported baud rate, see section 'Protocol timing' of the *Reference Manual*.

6.5.5 SAI electrical specifications

The following table describes the SAI electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 50 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- I/O operating voltage ranges from 2.97 V to 3.6 V
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN), the interface should be OFF.

Table 33. Master mode timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	Operating voltage	2.97	3.6	V
S1	SAI_MCLK cycle time	40	—	ns
S2	SAI_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	SAI_BCLK cycle time	80	—	ns
S4	SAI_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period
S5	SAI_RXD input setup before SAI_BCLK	28	—	ns
S6	SAI_RXD input hold after SAI_BCLK	0	—	ns
S7	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD output valid	—	8	ns
S8	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD output invalid	-2	—	ns
S9	SAI_FS input setup before SAI_BCLK	28	—	ns
S10	SAI_FS input hold after SAI_BCLK	0	—	ns
S11	SAI_BCLK to SAI_FS output valid	—	8	ns
S12	SAI_BCLK to SAI_FS output invalid	-2	—	ns

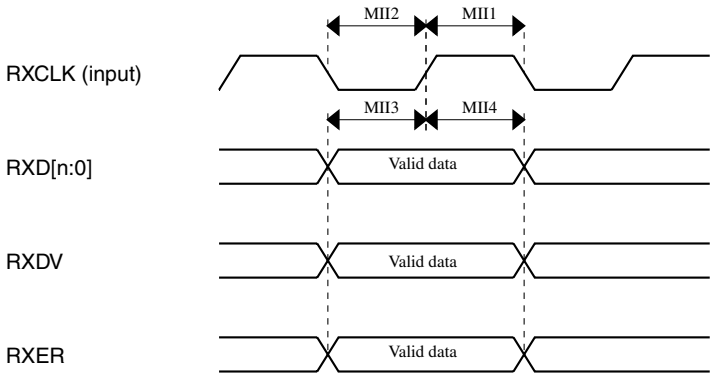

Figure 24. MII receive diagram

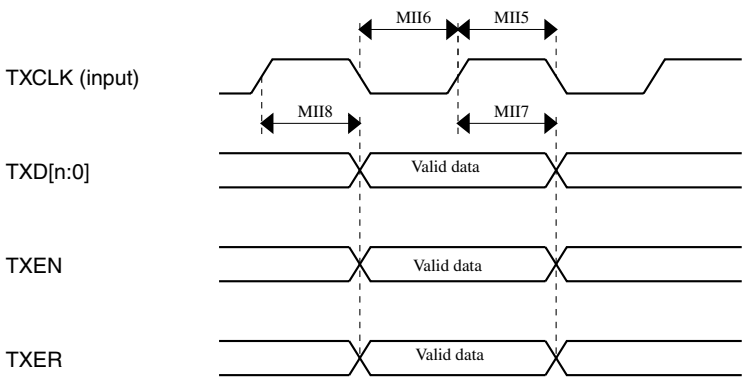

Figure 25. MII transmit signal diagram

The following table describes the RMII electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 25 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- I/O operating voltage ranges from 2.97 V to 3.6 V
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN), the interface should be OFF.

Table 36. RMII signal switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	RMII input clock RMII_CLK Frequency	—	50	MHz
RMII1, RMII5	RMII_CLK pulse width high	35%	65%	RMII_CLK period
RMII2, RMII6	RMII_CLK pulse width low	35%	65%	RMII_CLK period
RMII3	RXD[1:0], CRS_DV, RXER to RMII_CLK setup	4	—	ns
RMII4	RMII_CLK to RXD[1:0], CRS_DV, RXER hold	2	—	ns

Table continues on the next page...

Table 38. SWD electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Run Mode				HSRUN Mode				VLPR Mode				Unit
		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
S1	SWD_CLK frequency of operation	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	10	-	10	MHz
S2	SWD_CLK cycle period	1/S1	-	1/S1	-	1/S1	-	1/S1	-	1/S1	-	1/S1	-	ns
S3	SWD_CLK clock pulse width	S2/2 - 5	S2/2 + 5	S2/2 - 5	S2/2 + 5	S2/2 - 5	S2/2 + 5	S2/2 - 5	S2/2 + 5	S2/2 - 5	S2/2 + 5	S2/2 - 5	S2/2 + 5	ns
S4	SWD_CLK rise and fall times	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	ns
S9	SWD_DIO input data setup time to SWD_CLK rise	4	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	16	-	16	-	ns
S10	SWD_DIO input data hold time after SWD_CLK rise	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	10	-	10	-	ns
S11	SWD_CLK high to SWD_DIO data valid	-	28	-	38	-	28	-	38	-	70	-	77	ns
S12	SWD_CLK high to SWD_DIO high-Z	-	28	-	38	-	28	-	38	-	70	-	77	ns
S13	SWD_CLK high to SWD_DIO data invalid	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns

Table 39. Trace specifications (continued)

	Symbol	Description	RUN Mode			HSRUN Mode		VLPR Mode	Unit
Trace on fast pads	f_{TRACE}	Max Trace frequency	80	48	40	74.667	80	4	MHz
	t_{DVO}	Data Output Valid	4	4	4	4	4	20	ns
	t_{DIV}	Data Output Invalid	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-10	ns
Trace on slow pads	f_{TRACE}	Max Trace frequency	22.86	24	20	22.4	22.86	4	MHz
	t_{DVO}	Data Output Valid	8	8	8	8	8	20	ns
	t_{DIV}	Data Output Invalid	-4	-4	-4	-4	-4	-10	ns

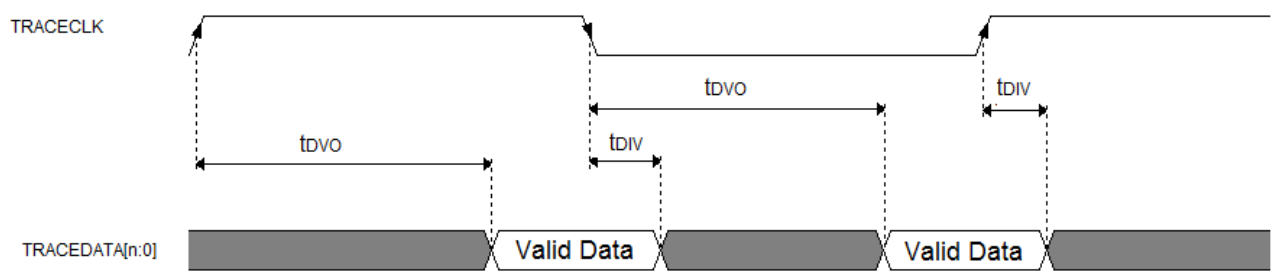

Figure 31. TRACE CLKOUT specifications

6.6.3 JTAG electrical specifications

Table 41. Thermal characteristics for 32-pin QFN and 48/64/100/144/176-pin LQFP package

Rating	Conditions	Symbol	Package	Values						Unit
				S32K116	S32K118	S32K142	S32K144	S32K146	S32K148	
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (Natural Convection)[1, 2]	Single layer board (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	32	93	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	°C/W
			48	79	71	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			64	NA	62	61	61	59	NA	
			100	NA	NA	53	52	51	NA	
			144	NA	NA	NA	NA	51	44	
			176	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	42	
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (Natural Convection)[1]	Two layer board (1s1p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	32	50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			48	58	50	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			64	NA	46	45	45	44	NA	
			100	NA	NA	42	42	40	NA	
			144	NA	NA	NA	NA	44	37	
			176	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	36	
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (Natural Convection)[1, 2]	Four layer board (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	32	32	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			48	55	47	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			64	NA	44	43	43	41	NA	
			100	NA	NA	40	40	39	NA	
			144	NA	NA	NA	NA	42	36	
			176	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	35	
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (@200 ft/min)[1, 3]	Single layer board (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	32	77	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			48	66	58	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			64	NA	50	49	49	48	NA	
			100	NA	NA	43	42	41	NA	
			144	NA	NA	NA	NA	42	36	
			176	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	34	
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (@200 ft/min)[1]	Two layer board (1s1p)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	32	43	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			48	51	43	NA	NA	NA	NA	
			64	NA	39	38	38	37	NA	
			100	NA	NA	35	35	34	NA	

Table continues on the next page...

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application when heat sinks are not used, the Thermal Characterization Parameter (Ψ_{JT}) can be used to determine the junction temperature with a measurement of the temperature at the top center of the package case using this equation:

$$T_J = T_T + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_D)$$

where:

- T_T = thermocouple temperature on top of the package (°C)
- Ψ_{JT} = thermal characterization parameter (°C/W)
- P_D = power dissipation in the package (W)

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JESD51-2 specification using a 40 gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over about 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the package case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

8 Dimensions

8.1 Obtaining package dimensions

Package dimensions are provided in the package drawings.

To find a package drawing, go to http://www.nxp.com and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

Package option	Document Number
32-pin QFN	SOT617-3 [1]
48-pin LQFP	98ASH00962A
64-pin LQFP	98ASS23234W
100-pin LQFP	98ASS23308W
100-pin MAPBGA	98ASA00802D
144-pin LQFP	98ASS23177W
176-pin LQFP	98ASS23479W

1. 5x5 mm package

Table 43. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes

		• Added footnote 'For S32K11x – FIRC/SOSC/FIRC/LPO; For S32K14x – FIRC/SOSC/FIRC/LPO/SPLL' to 'VLPS Mode: All clock sources disabled'
		• Updated numbers for:
		  • VLPR → VLPS
		  • VLPS → VLPR
		  • 'RUN → Compute operation'
		  • RUN → VLPS
		  • RUN → VLPR
		• In Power consumption :
		  • Updated specs for S32K142, S32K144, and S32K148
		  • Updated footnote 'Typical current numbers are indicative ...'
		  • Updated footnote 'The S32K148 data ...'
		  • Removed footnote 'Above S32K148 data is preliminary targets only'
		  • Added new table 'Power consumption at 3.3 V'
		• In General AC specifications :
		  • Updated max value and footnote of WFRST
		  • Updated symbol for not filtered pulse to 'WNFRST', updated min value, removed max. value, and added footnote
		• Fixed naming conventions to align with DS in DC electrical specifications at 3.3 V Range and DC electrical specifications at 5.0 V Range
		• Updated specs for AC electrical specifications at 3.3 V range and AC electrical specifications at 5 V range
		• In Device clock specifications :
		  • Updated f_{BUS} to 48 for 11x
		  • Added footnote to f_{BUS} for 14x
		• In External System Oscillator frequency specifications :
		  • Added specs for S32K11x
		  • Updated 't_{dc_extal}' for S32K14x
		  • Added footnote 'Frequecies below ... ' to 'f_{ec_extal}' and 't_{dc_extal}'
		• Splitted Flash timing specifications — commands for S32K14x and S32K11x
		• Updated Flash timing specifications — commands for S32K14x
		• In Reliability specifications :
		  • Added footnote 'Data retention period ... ' for 'tnvmretp1k' and 'tnvmretee'
		  • Minor update in footnote for 'nnvmwree16' 'nnvmwree256'
		• In QuadSPI AC specifications :
		  • Updated 'MCR[SCLKCFG[5]]' value to 0
		  • Updated 'Data Input Setup Time' HSRUN Internal DQS PAD Loopback value to 1.6
		  • Updated 'Data Input Setup Time' DDR External DQS min. value to 2
		  • Updated 'Data Input Hold Time' DDR External DQS min. value to 20
		  • Upadted figure 'QuadSPI output timing (SDR mode) diagram' and 'QuadSPI input timing (HyperRAM mode) diagram'
		• In 12-bit ADC electrical characteristics :
		  • Added note 'On reduced pin packages where ... '
		  • Removed max. value of 'I_{DDA_ADC}'
		  • Added note 'Due to triple ... '
		• In 12-bit ADC operating conditions, removed parameter 'ΔV_{DDA}'
		• In CMP with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications :
		  • Updated Typ. and Max. values of 'I_{DDLS}'
		  • Upadted Typ. value of 't_{DHSB}'
		  • Updated Typ. value of 'V_{HYST1}' , 'V_{HYST2}', and 'V_{HYST3}'
		• In LPSPI electrical specifications :
		  • Updated 'f_{periph}' and 'f_{op}', and 't_{SPSCK}'

Table continues on the next page...

Table 43. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		• Updated 3.3 V numbers and added footnote against f_{op}, t_{SU}, ans t_V in HSRUN Mode • Added footnote to 't_{WSPSCK}' • Updated Thermal characteristics for S32K11x
6	31 Jan 2018	• Changed the representation of ARM trademark throughout. • Removed S32K142 from 'Caution' • In 'Key features', added the following note under 'Power management', 'Memory and memory interfaces', and 'Reliability, safety and security': • No write or erase access to ... • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K14x family, added the following footnote: • No write or erase access to ... • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K11x family : • Minor editorial update: Fixed the placement of SRAM, under 'Flash memory controller' block • Updated figure: S32K1xx product series comparison : • Updated footnote 1, and added against 'HSRUN' in addition to 'HW security module (CSEc)' and 'EEPROM emulated by FlexRAM'. • Updated 'System RAM (including FlexRAM and MTB)' row for S32K144, S32K146, and S32K148. • Updated channel count for S32K116 in row '12-bit SAR ADC (1 MSPS each)'. • Updated Ordering information • Updated Flash timing specifications — commands for S32K148, S32K142, S32K146, S32K116, and S32K118.
7	19 April 2018	• Changed Caution to Notes • Updated the wordings of Notes and removed S32K146 • Added 'Following two are the available ...' • In 'Key features' : • Editorial updates • Updated the note under Power management, Memory and memory interfaces, and Safety and security. • Updated FlexIO under Communications interfaces • Added ENET and SAI under Communications interfaces • Updated Cryptographic Services Engine (CSEc) under 'Safety and security' • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K14x family : • Minor editorial updates • Updated note 3 • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K11x family : • Minor editorial updates • In figure: S32K1xx product series comparison : • Editorial updates • Updated Frequency for S32K14x • Updated footnote 4 • Added footnote 5 • In Ordering information : • Renamed section, updated the starting paragraph • Updated the figure • In Voltage and current operating requirements, updated the note • In Power consumption : • Updated specs for S32K146 • Removed section 'Modes configuration', amd moved its content under the fisrt paragraph. • In 12-bit ADC operating conditions :

Table continues on the next page...

Table 43. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		• Updated specs for T_{JIT} Cycle-to-Cycle jitter to 300 ps • In QuadSPI AC specifications : • Updated specs for T_{iv} Data Output In-Valid Time • In figure 'QuadSPI output timing (SDR mode) diagram', marked Invalid area • In CMP with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications : • Removed '(VAIO)' from decription of V_{HYST0} • In LPSPI electrical specifications : • Added note 'Undefined' in figures 'LPSPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 0)' and 'LPSPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 1)'