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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, FlexIO, I²C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	89
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A1x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/fs32k144hft0vllt

Table 6. Power mode transition operating behaviors (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	VLPS → RUN	8	—	17	µs
	STOP1 → RUN	0.07	0.075	0.08	µs
	STOP2 → RUN	0.07	0.075	0.08	µs
	VLPR → RUN	19	—	26	µs
	VLPR → VLPS	5.1	5.7	6.5	µs
	VLPS → VLPR	18.8	23	27.75	µs
	RUN → Compute operation	0.72	0.75	0.77	µs
	HSRUN → Compute operation	0.3	0.31	0.35	µs
	RUN → STOP1	0.35	0.38	0.4	µs
	RUN → STOP2	0.2	0.23	0.25	µs
	RUN → VLPS	0.3	0.35	0.4	µs
	RUN → VLPR	3.5	3.8	5	µs
	VLPS → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup	105	110	125	µs
	STOP1 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup	1	1.1	1.3	µs
	STOP2 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup	1	1.1	1.3	µs
	Pin reset → Code execution	—	214	—	µs

NOTE

HSRUN should only be used when frequencies in excess of 80 MHz are required. When using 80 MHz and below, RUN mode is the recommended operating mode.

4.7 Power consumption

The following table shows the power consumption targets for the device in various mode of operations. Attached *S32K1xx_Power_Modes _Configuration.xlsx* details the modes used in gathering the power consumption data stated in the following table Table 7. For full functionality refer to table: Module operation in available power modes of the *Reference Manual*.

Table 7. Power consumption (Typicals unless stated otherwise) 1 (continued)

Chip/Device	Ambient Temperature (°C)		VLPS (µA) [2]		VLPR (mA)			STOP1 (mA)	STOP2 (mA)	RUN@48 MHz (mA)		RUN@64 MHz (mA)		RUN@80 MHz (mA)		HSRUN@112 MHz (mA) [3]		IDD/MHz (µA/MHz) [4]
			Peripherals disabled [5]	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled [6]	Peripherals enabled use case 1[6]	Peripherals enabled use case 2[7]			Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	
		Max	1660	1736	3.48	3.55	NA	14.5	15.6	34.8	43.6	41.9	53.9	48.7	65.1	70.4	96.1	609
	105	Typ	560	577	2.49	2.54	4.03	10.9	11.9	29.8	37.8	37.6	47.5	45.2	61.5	63.8	89.1	565
		Max	2945	2970	4.40	4.47	NA	18.0	19.0	38.4	46.8	44.9	55.3	51.6	66.8	73.6	97.4	645
	125	Typ	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.85	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA
		Max	3990	4166	6.00	6.08	NA	23.4	24.5	44.3	52.5	50.9	61.3	57.5	71.6	NA		719

1. Typical current numbers are indicative for typical silicon process and may vary based on the silicon distribution and user configuration. Typical conditions assumes $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{REFH} = 5$ V, temperature = 25 °C and typical silicon process unless otherwise stated. All output pins are floating and On-chip pulldown is enabled for all unused input pins.
2. Current numbers are for reduced configuration and may vary based on user configuration and silicon process variation.
3. HSRUN mode must not be used at 125°C. Max ambient temperature for HSRUN mode is 105°C.
4. Values mentioned for S32K14x devices are measured at RUN@80 MHz with peripherals disabled and values mentioned for S32K11x devices are measured at RUN@48 MHz with peripherals disabled.
5. With PMC_REGSC[CLKBIASDIS] set to 1. See Reference Manual for details.
6. Data collected using RAM
7. Numbers on limited samples size and data collected with Flash
8. The S32K148 data points assume that ENET/QuadSPI/SAI etc. are inactive.

5 I/O parameters

5.1 AC electrical characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, propagation delays are measured from the 50% to the 50% point, and rise and fall times are measured at the 20% and 80% points, as shown in the following figure.

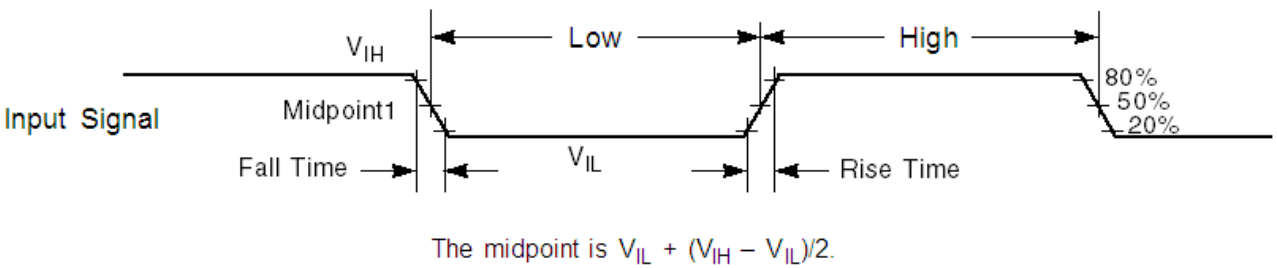

Figure 7. Input signal measurement reference

5.2 General AC specifications

These general purpose specifications apply to all signals configured for GPIO, UART, and timers.

Table 10. General switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled) — Synchronous path	1.5	—	Bus clock cycles	1, 2
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, passive filter disabled) — Asynchronous path	50	—	ns	3
WFRST	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ input filtered pulse	—	10	ns	4
WNFRST	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ input not filtered pulse	Maximum of (100 ns, bus clock period)	—	ns	5

1. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to pass through the pin synchronization circuitry. Shorter pulses may or may not be recognized. In Stop and VLPS modes, the synchronizer is bypassed so shorter pulses can be recognized in that case.
2. The greater of synchronous and asynchronous timing must be met.
3. These pins do not have a passive filter on the inputs. This is the shortest pulse width that is guaranteed to be recognized.
4. Maximum length of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pulse which will be filtered by internal filter.
5. Minimum length of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pulse, guaranteed not to be filtered by the internal filter. This number depends on bus clock period also. For example, in VLPR mode bus clock is 4 MHz, which make clock period of 250 ns. In this case, minimum pulse width which will cause reset is 250 ns. For faster bus clock frequencies which have clock period less than 100 ns, the minimum pulse width not filtered will be 100 ns.

6.2.4 Low Power Oscillator (LPO) electrical specifications

Table 21. Low Power Oscillator (LPO) electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
F_{LPO}	Internal low power oscillator frequency	113	128	139	kHz
$T_{startup}$	Startup Time	—	—	20	µs

6.2.5 SPLL electrical specifications

Table 22. SPLL electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
F_{SPLL_REF}[1]	PLL Reference Frequency Range	8	—	16	MHz
F_{SPLL_Input}[2]	PLL Input Frequency	8	—	40	MHz
F_{VCO_CLK}	VCO output frequency	180	—	320	MHz
F_{SPLL_CLK}	PLL output frequency	90	—	160	MHz
J_{CYC_SPLL}	PLL Period Jitter (RMS)[3]				
	at F_{VCO_CLK} 180 MHz	—	120	—	ps
	at F_{VCO_CLK} 320 MHz	—	75	—	ps
J_{ACC_SPLL}	PLL accumulated jitter over 1µs (RMS)[3]				
	at F_{VCO_CLK} 180 MHz	—	1350	—	ps
	at F_{VCO_CLK} 320 MHz	—	600	—	ps
D_{UNL}	Lock exit frequency tolerance	± 4.47	—	± 5.97	%
T_{SPLL_LOCK}	Lock detector detection time[4]	—	—	$150 \times 10^{-6} + 1075(1/F_{SPLL\_REF})$	s

1. F_{SPLL_REF} is PLL reference frequency range after the PREDIV. For PREDIV and MULT settings refer SCG_SPLLCFG register of Reference Manual.
2. F_{SPLL_Input} is PLL input frequency range before the PREDIV must be limited to the range 8 MHz to 40 MHz. This input source could be derived from a crystal oscillator or some other external square wave clock source using OSC bypass mode. For external clock source settings refer SCG_SOSCCFG register of Reference Manual.
3. This specification was obtained using a NXP developed PCB. PLL jitter is dependent on the noise characteristics of each PCB and results will vary
4. Lock detector detection time is defined as the time between PLL enablement and clock availability for system use.

6.3 Memory and memory interfaces

6.3.1 Flash memory module (FTFC) electrical specifications

This section describes the electrical characteristics of the flash memory module.

6.3.1.1 Flash timing specifications — commands

Table 23. Flash command timing specifications for S32K14x

Symbol	Description[1]		S32K142		S32K144		S32K146		S32K148			
			Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
t_{rd1blk}	Read 1 Block execution time	32 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ms	
		64 KB flash	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	—		
		128 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		256 KB flash	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		512 KB flash	—	—	—	1.8	—	2	—	2		
t_{rd1sec}	Read 1 Section execution time	2 KB flash	—	75	—	75	—	75	—	75	µs	
		4 KB flash	—	100	—	100	—	100	—	100		
t_{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	—	—	95	—	95	—	95	—	100	µs	
t_{pgm8}	Program Phrase execution time	—	90	225	90	225	90	225	90	225	µs	
t_{ersblk}	Erase Flash Block execution time	32 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ms	2
		64 KB flash	30	550	30	550	30	550	—	—		
		128 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		256 KB flash	250	2125	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		512 KB flash	—	—	250	4250	250	4250	250	4250		
t_{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	—	12	130	12	130	12	130	12	130	ms	2
$t_{pgmsec1k}$	Program Section execution time (1KB flash)	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	ms	
t_{rd1all}	Read 1s All Block execution time	—	—	2.8	—	2.3	—	5.2	—	8.2	ms	
t_{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	—	—	30	—	30	—	30	—	30	µs	
$t_{pgmonce}$	Program Once execution time	—	90	—	90	—	90	—	90	—	µs	
t_{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	—	250	2800	400	4900	700	10000	1400	17000	ms	2
t_{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	—	—	35	—	35	—	35	—	35	µs	
$t_{ersallu}$	Erase All Blocks Unsecure execution time	—	250	2800	400	4900	700	10000	1400	17000	ms	2
$t_{pgmpart}$	Program Partition for EEPROM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	70	—	70	—	70	—	—	—	ms	3
		64 KB EEPROM backup	71	—	71	—	71	—	150	—		

Table continues on the next page...

Table 24. Flash command timing specifications for S32K11x (continued)

Symbol	Description[1]		S32K116		S32K118			
			Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
t_{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	—	12	130	12	130	ms	2
$t_{pgmsec1k}$	Program Section execution time (1 KB flash)	—	5	—	5	—	ms	
t_{rd1all}	Read 1s All Block execution time	—	—	1.7	—	2.8	ms	
t_{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	—	—	30	—	30	µs	
$t_{pgmonce}$	Program Once execution time	—	90	—	90	—	µs	
t_{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	—	150	1500	230	2500	ms	2
t_{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	—	—	35	—	35	µs	
$t_{ersallu}$	Erase All Blocks Unsecure execution time	—	150	1500	230	2500	ms	2
$t_{pgmpart}$	Program Partition for EEPROM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	71	—	71	—	ms	3
		64 KB EEPROM backup	—	—	—	—		
t_{setram}	Set FlexRAM Function execution time	Control Code 0xFF	0.08	—	0.08	—	ms	3
		32 KB EEPROM backup	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2		
		48 KB EEPROM backup	—	—	—	—		
		64 KB EEPROM backup	—	—	—	—		
t_{eewr8b}	Byte write to FlexRAM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	385	1700	385	1700	µs	3,4
		48 KB EEPROM backup	—	—	—	—		
		64 KB EEPROM backup	—	—	—	—		
$t_{eewr16b}$	16-bit write to FlexRAM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	385	1700	385	1700	µs	3,4
		48 KB EEPROM backup	—	—	—	—		
		64 KB EEPROM backup	—	—	—	—		
$t_{eewr32bers}$	32-bit write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	360	2000	360	2000	µs	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 25. NVM reliability specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
When using FlexMemory feature : FlexRAM as Emulated EEPROM						
$t_{nvmretee}$	Data retention	5	—	—	years	4
$n_{nvmwree16}$	Write endurance • EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 16	100 K	—	—	writes	5, 6, 7
$n_{nvmwree256}$	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 256	1.6 M	—	—	writes	

1. Data retention period per block begins upon initial user factory programming or after each subsequent erase.
2. Program and Erase for PFlash and DFlash are supported across product temperature specification in Normal Mode (not supported in HSRUN mode).
3. Cycling endurance is per DFlash or PFlash Sector.
4. Data retention period per block begins upon initial user factory programming or after each subsequent erase. Background maintenance operations during normal FlexRAM usage extend effective data retention life beyond 5 years.
5. FlexMemory write endurance specified for 16-bit and/or 32-bit writes to FlexRAM and is supported across product temperature specification in Normal Mode (not supported in HSRUN mode). Greater write endurance may be achieved with larger ratios of EEPROM backup to FlexRAM.
6. For usage of any EEE driver other than the FlexMemory feature, the endurance spec will fall back to the specified endurance value of the D-Flash specification (1K).
7. FlexMemory calculator tool is available at NXP web site for help in estimation of the maximum write endurance achievable at specific EEPROM/FlexRAM ratios. The “In Spec” portions of the online calculator refer to the NVM reliability specifications section of data sheet. This calculator is only applies to the FlexMemory feature.

6.3.2 QuadSPI AC specifications

The following table describes the QuadSPI electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 25 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- I/O operating voltage ranges from 2.97 V to 3.6 V
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN), the interface should be OFF.
- Add 50 ohm series termination on board in QuadSPI SCK for Flash A to avoid loop back reflection when using in Internal DQS (PAD Loopback) mode.
- QuadSPI trace length should be 3 inches.
- For non-Quad mode of operation if external device doesn’t have pull-up feature, external pull-up needs to be added at board level for non-used pads.
- With external pull-up, performance of the interface may degrade based on load associated with external pull-up.

Table 26. QuadSPI electrical specifications (continued)

FLASH PORT	Sym	Unit	FLASH A												FLASH B			
			RUN[1]						HSRUN[1]						RUN/HSRUN[2]			
QuadSPI Mode			SDR						SDR						SDR		DDR[3]	
			Internal Sampling		Internal DQS				Internal Sampling		Internal DQS				Internal Sampling		External DQS	
			N1		PAD Loopback		Internal Loopback		N1		PAD Loopback		Internal Loopback		N1		External DQS	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
SCK Duty Cycle	t_{SDC}	ns	tSCK/2 - 1.5	tSCK/2 + 1.5	tSCK/2 - 1.5	tSCK/2 + 1.5	tSCK/2 - 1.5	tSCK/2 + 1.5	tSCK/2 - 1.5	tSCK/2 + 1.5	tSCK/2 - 0.750	tSCK/2 - 0.750	tSCK/2 - 1.5	tSCK/2 + 1.5	tSCK/2 - 2.5	tSCK/2 + 2.5	tSCK/2 - 2.5	tSCK/2 + 2.5
Data Input Setup Time	t_{IS}	ns	15	-	2.5	-	10	-	14	-	1.6	-	9	-	25	-	2	-
Data Input Hold Time	t_{IH}	ns	0	-	1	-	1	-	0	-	1	-	1	-	0	-	20	-
Data Output Valid Time	t_{OV}	ns	-	4.5	-	4.5	-	4.5	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	10	-	10
Data Output In-Valid Time	t_{IV}	ns	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	3[5]	-	5	-	5	5	-
CS to SCK Time [6]	t_{CSSCK}	ns	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	10	-	10	-
SCK to CS Time [7]	t_{SCKCS}	ns	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-
Output Load		pf	25		25		25		25		25		25		25		25	

1. See Reference Manual for details on mode settings
2. See Reference Manual for details on mode settings
3. Valid for HyperRAM only
4. RWDS(External DQS CLK) frequency
5. For operating frequency ≤ 64 Mhz,Output invalid time is 5 ns.
6. Program register value QuadSPI_FLSHCR[TCSS] = 4`h2
7. Program register value QuadSPI_FLSHCR[TCSH] = 4`h1

Table 29. 12-bit ADC characteristics (3 V to 5.5 V)(V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}, V_{REFL} = V_{SS})

Symbol	Description	Conditions [1]	Min.	Typ.[2]	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DDA}	Supply voltage		3	—	5.5	V	
I_{DDA_ADC}	Supply current per ADC		—	1	—	mA	3
SMPLTS	Sample Time		275	—	Refer to the *Reference Manual*	ns	
TUE[4]	Total unadjusted error		—	±4	±8	LSB[5]	6, 7, 8, 9
DNL	Differential non-linearity		—	±0.7	—	LSB[5]	6, 7, 8, 9
INL	Integral non-linearity		—	±1.0	—	LSB[5]	6, 7, 8, 9

1. All accuracy numbers assume the ADC is calibrated with V_{REFH}=V_{DDA}=V_{DD}, with the calibration frequency set to less than or equal to half of the maximum specified ADC clock frequency.
2. Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 5.0 V, Temp = 25 °C, f_{ADCK} = 40 MHz, R_{AS}=20 Ω, and C_{AS}=10 nF unless otherwise stated.
3. The ADC supply current depends on the ADC conversion rate.
4. Represents total static error, which includes offset and full scale error.
5. 1 LSB = (V_{REFH} - V_{REFL})/2^N
6. The specifications are with averaging and in standalone mode only. Performance may degrade depending upon device use case scenario. When using ADC averaging, refer to the *Reference Manual* to determine the most appropriate settings for AVGS.
7. For ADC signals adjacent to V_{DD}/V_{SS} or XTAL/EXTAL or high frequency switching pins, some degradation in the ADC performance may be observed.
8. All values guarantee the performance of the ADC for multiple ADC input channel pins. When using ADC to monitor the internal analog parameters, assume minor degradation.
9. All the parameters in the table are given assuming system clock as the clocking source for ADC.

NOTE

- Due to triple bonding in lower pin packages like 32-QFN, 48-LQFP, and 64-LQFP degradation might be seen in ADC parameters.
- When using high speed interfaces such as the QuadSPI, SAI0, SAI1 or ENET there may be some ADC degradation on the adjacent analog input paths. See following table for details.

Pin name	TGATE purpose
PTE8	CMP0_IN3
PTC3	ADC0_SE11/CMP0_IN4
PTC2	ADC0_SE10/CMP0_IN5
PTD7	CMP0_IN6
PTD6	CMP0_IN7
PTD28	ADC1_SE22
PTD27	ADC1_SE21

Table 31. Comparator with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst2, Low-speed mode				
	-40 - 125 °C	—	23	80	
V_{HYST3}	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst3, High-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	—	46	200	
	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst3, Low-speed mode				
	-40 - 125 °C	—	32	120	
I_{DAC8b}	8-bit DAC current adder (enabled)				
	3.3V Reference Voltage	—	6	9	µA
	5V Reference Voltage	—	10	16	µA
INL[5]	8-bit DAC integral non-linearity	–0.75	—	0.75	LSB[6]
DNL	8-bit DAC differential non-linearity	–0.5	—	0.5	LSB[6]
t_{DDAC}	Initialization and switching settling time	—	—	30	µs

1. Difference at input > 200mV
2. Applied ± (100 mV + $V_{HYST0/1/2/3}$+ max. of V_{AIO}) around switch point.
3. Applied ± (30 mV + 2 × $V_{HYST0/1/2/3}$+ max. of V_{AIO}) around switch point.
4. Applied ± (100 mV + $V_{HYST0/1/2/3}$).
5. Calculation method used: Linear Regression Least Square Method
6. 1 LSB = $V_{reference}$/256

NOTE

For comparator IN signals adjacent to V_{DD}/V_{SS} or XTAL/EXTAL or switching pins cross coupling may happen and hence hysteresis settings can be used to obtain the desired comparator performance. Additionally, an external capacitor (1nF) should be used to filter noise on input signal. Also, source drive should not be weak (Signal with < 50 K pull up/down is recommended).

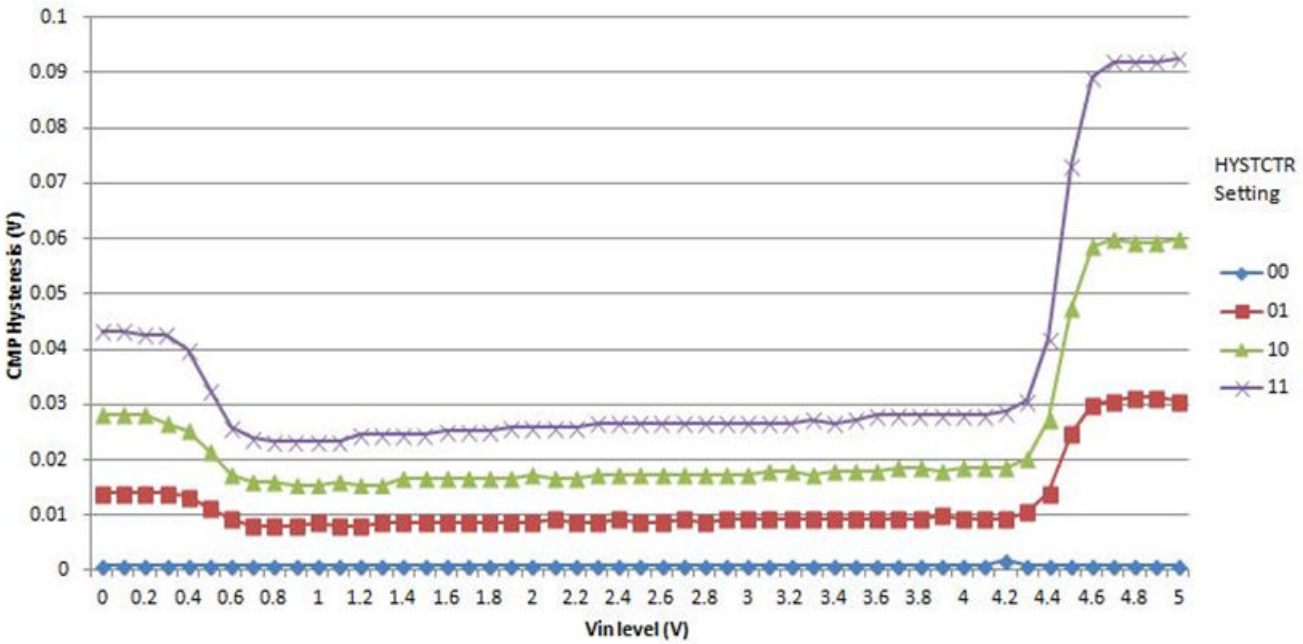

Figure 16. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 5 V, PMODE = 0)

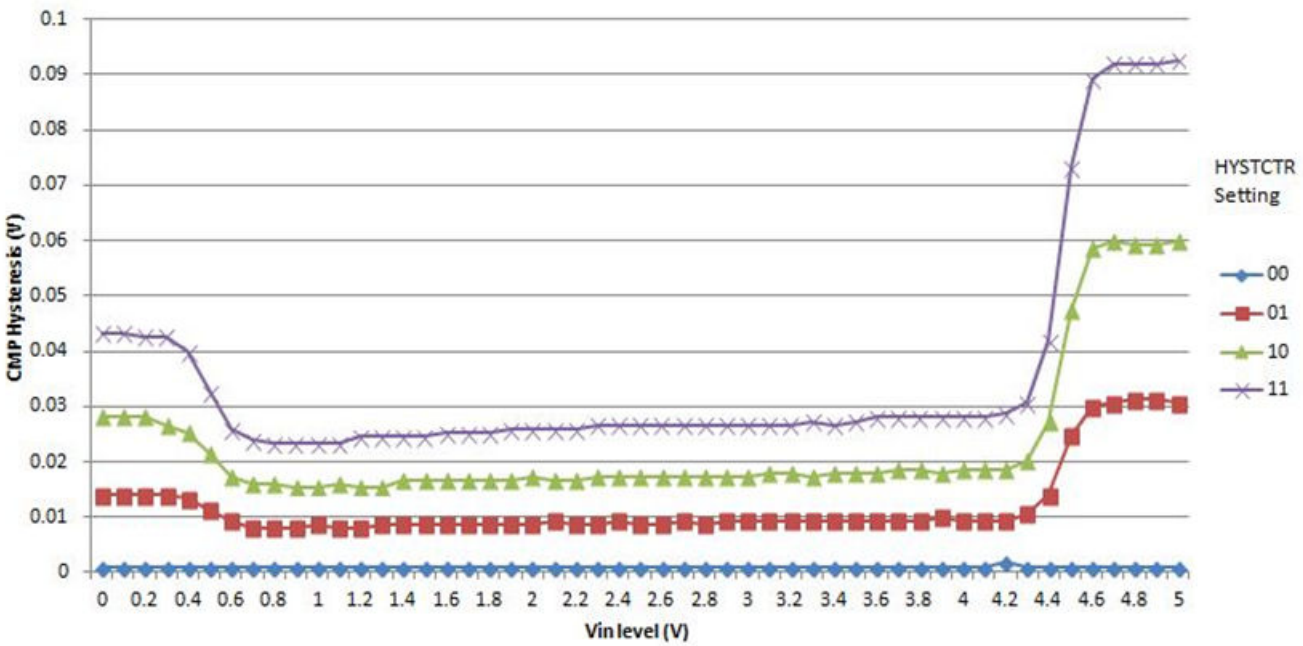

Figure 17. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 5 V, PMODE = 1)

6.5.4 FlexCAN electical specifications

For supported baud rate, see section 'Protocol timing' of the *Reference Manual*.

6.5.5 SAI electrical specifications

The following table describes the SAI electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 50 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- I/O operating voltage ranges from 2.97 V to 3.6 V
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN), the interface should be OFF.

Table 33. Master mode timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	Operating voltage	2.97	3.6	V
S1	SAI_MCLK cycle time	40	—	ns
S2	SAI_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	SAI_BCLK cycle time	80	—	ns
S4	SAI_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period
S5	SAI_RXD input setup before SAI_BCLK	28	—	ns
S6	SAI_RXD input hold after SAI_BCLK	0	—	ns
S7	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD output valid	—	8	ns
S8	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD output invalid	-2	—	ns
S9	SAI_FS input setup before SAI_BCLK	28	—	ns
S10	SAI_FS input hold after SAI_BCLK	0	—	ns
S11	SAI_BCLK to SAI_FS output valid	—	8	ns
S12	SAI_BCLK to SAI_FS output invalid	-2	—	ns

Table 37. MDIO timing specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
MDC1	MDC pulse width high	40%	60%	MDC period
MDC2	MDC pulse width low	40%	60%	MDC period
MDC3	MDIO (input) to MDC rising edge setup	25	—	ns
MDC4	MDIO (input) to MDC rising edge hold	0	—	ns
MDC5	MDC falling edge to MDIO output valid (maximum propagation delay)	—	25	ns
MDC6	MDC falling edge to MDIO output invalid (minimum propagation delay)	-10	—	ns

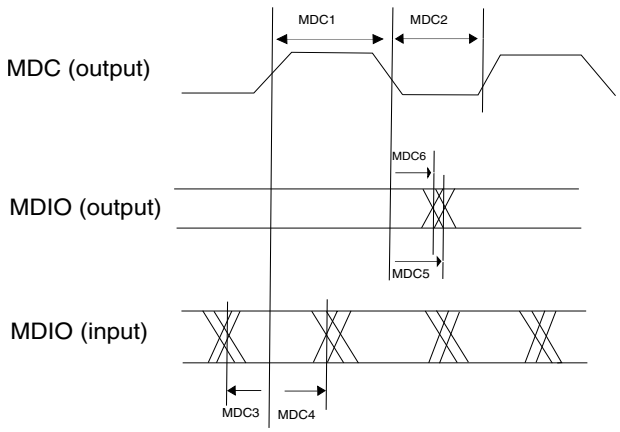

Figure 28. MII/RMII serial management channel timing diagram

6.5.7 Clockout frequency

Maximum supported clock out frequency for this device is 20 MHz

6.6 Debug modules

6.6.1 SWD electrical specofications

Table 40. JTAG electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Run Mode				HSRUN Mode				VLPR Mode				Unit
		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
JI	TCLK frequency of operation													MHz
	Boundary Scan	-	20	-	20	-	20	-	20	-	10	-	10	
	JTAG	-	20	-	20	-	20	-	20	-	10	-	10	
J2	TCLK cycle period	1/JI	-	1/JI	-	1/JI	-	1/JI	-	1/JI	-	1/JI	-	ns
J3	TCLK clock pulse width													ns
	Boundary Scan	J2/2 - 5	J2/2 + 5	J2/2 - 5	J2/2 + 5	J2/2 - 5	J2/2 + 5	J2/2 - 5	J2/2 + 5	J2/2 - 5	J2/2 + 5	J2/2 - 5	J2/2 + 5	
	JTAG													
J4	TCLK rise and fall times	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	ns
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	15	-	15	-	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	8	-	8	-	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	-	28	-	32	-	28	-	32	-	80	-	80	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output data invalid	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	
J9	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	-	28	-	32	-	28	-	32	-	80	-	80	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	15	-	15	-	ns
J11	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	8	-	8	-	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO data valid	-	28	-	32	-	28	-	32	-	80	-	80	ns
J13	TCLK low to TDO data invalid	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
J14	TCLK low to TDO high-Z	-	28	-	32	-	28	-	32	-	80	-	80	ns

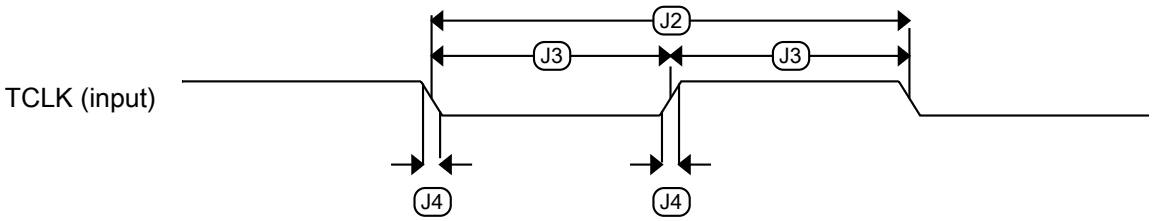

Figure 32. Test clock input timing

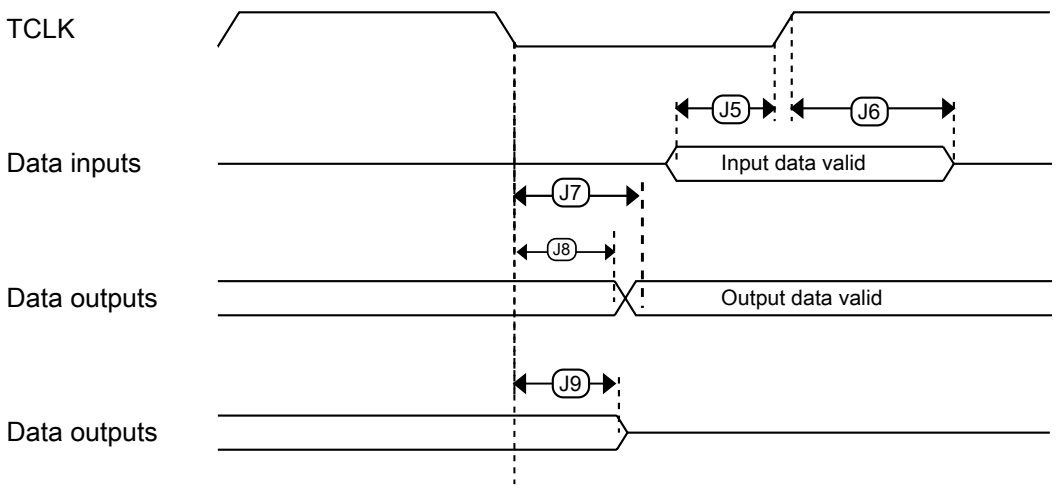

Figure 33. Boundary scan (JTAG) timing

Table 42. Thermal characteristics for the 100 MAPBGA package

Rating	Conditions	Symbol	Values			Unit
			S32K146	S32K144	S32K148	
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (Natural Convection) [1, 2]	Single layer board (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	57.2	61.0	52.5	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (Natural Convection) [1, 2, 3]	Four layer board (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	32.1	35.6	27.5	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (@200 ft/min) [1, 2, 3]	Single layer board (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	44.1	46.6	39.0	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (@200 ft/min)[1, 3]	Two layer board (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	27.2	30.9	22.8	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Board[4]	—	$R_{\theta JB}$	15.3	18.9	11.2	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Case [5]	—	$R_{\theta JC}$	10.2	14.2	7.5	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Package Top outside center[6]	—	Ψ_{JT}	0.2	0.4	0.2	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Package Bottom outside center[7]	—	Ψ_{JB}	12.2	15.9	18.3	°C/W

1. Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, air flow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.
2. Per SEMI G38-87 and JEDEC JESD51-2 with the single layer board horizontal.
3. Per JEDEC JESD51-6 with the board horizontal.
4. Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.
5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).
6. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JT.
7. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package bottom center and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-12. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JB.

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application when heat sinks are not used, the Thermal Characterization Parameter (Ψ_{JT}) can be used to determine the junction temperature with a measurement of the temperature at the top center of the package case using this equation:

$$T_J = T_T + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_D)$$

where:

- T_T = thermocouple temperature on top of the package (°C)
- Ψ_{JT} = thermal characterization parameter (°C/W)
- P_D = power dissipation in the package (W)

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JESD51-2 specification using a 40 gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over about 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the package case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

8 Dimensions

8.1 Obtaining package dimensions

Package dimensions are provided in the package drawings.

To find a package drawing, go to http://www.nxp.com and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

Package option	Document Number
32-pin QFN	SOT617-3 [1]
48-pin LQFP	98ASH00962A
64-pin LQFP	98ASS23234W
100-pin LQFP	98ASS23308W
100-pin MAPBGA	98ASA00802D
144-pin LQFP	98ASS23177W
176-pin LQFP	98ASS23479W

1. 5x5 mm package

Table 43. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		• Updated note 'All the limits defined ... ' • Updated parameter '$I_{INJPAD\_DC\_ABS}$', 'V_{IN_DC}', $I_{INJSUM\_DC\_ABS}$. • In Table 2, • Updated parameter $I_{INJPAD\_DC\_OP}$ and $I_{INJSUM\_DC\_OP}$. • In Table 5, updated TBDs for V_{LVR_HYST}, V_{LVD_HYST}, and $_{VLVW\_HYST}$ • In Power mode transition operating behaviors, • Added VLPR → VLPS • Added VLPS → VLPR • Updated TBDs for VLPS → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup, STOP1 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup, and STOP2 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup • In Table 7, updated the specifications for S32K144. • Updated the attachment *S32K1xx_Power_Modes _Configuration.xlsx*. • In Table 15, removed C_{IN_A}. • In Table 17, • Updated specificatins for g_{mXOSC}. • Removed I_{DDOSC} • In Table 19, • Added parameter ΔF125. • Removed I_{DDFIRC} • In Table 20, • Added parameter ΔF125. • Removed I_{DDSIRC} • In Table 21, removed I_{LPO} • Updated section: Flash memory module (FTFC) electrical specifications • In section: 12-bit ADC operating conditions, • Updated TBDs for I_{DDA_ADC} and TUE in Table 28 • Updated TBDs for I_{DDA_ADC} and TUE in Table 29 • In section: QuadSPI AC specifications, updated figure 'QuadSPI output timing (HyperRAM mode) diagram'. • In section: 12-bit ADC operating conditions, updated Table 27. • In section: CMP with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications, added note 'For comparator IN signals adjacent ... ' • In table: Table 32, minor update in footnote 6. • In table: Table 41, updated specifications for S32K146.
5	06 Dec 2017	• Removed S32K148 from 'Caution' • Updated figure: S32K1xx product series comparison for • 'EEPROM emulated by FlexRAM' of S32K148 (Added content to footnote) • Added support for LIN protocol version 2.2 A • In Absolute maximum ratings : • Added note 'Unless otherwise ... ' • Added parameter 'Added note 'T_{ramp_MCU}' • Updated footnote for 'T_{ramp}' • In Voltage and current operating requirements : • Added footnote 'V_{DD} and V_{DDA} must be shorted ... ' against parameter 'V_{DD}– V_{DDA}' • Updated footnote 'V_{DD} and V_{DDA} must be shorted ...' • In Power and ground pins • Added diagrams for 32-QFN and 48-LQFP and footnote below the diagrams. • Updated footnote 'V_{DD} and V_{DDA} must be shorted ...' • In Power mode transition operating behaviors :

Table continues on the next page...

Table 43. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes

		• Added footnote 'For S32K11x – FIRC/SOSC/FIRC/LPO; For S32K14x – FIRC/SOSC/FIRC/LPO/SPLL' to 'VLPS Mode: All clock sources disabled'
		• Updated numbers for:
		  • VLPR → VLPS
		  • VLPS → VLPR
		  • 'RUN → Compute operation'
		  • RUN → VLPS
		  • RUN → VLPR
		• In Power consumption :
		  • Updated specs for S32K142, S32K144, and S32K148
		  • Updated footnote 'Typical current numbers are indicative ...'
		  • Updated footnote 'The S32K148 data ...'
		  • Removed footnote 'Above S32K148 data is preliminary targets only'
		  • Added new table 'Power consumption at 3.3 V'
		• In General AC specifications :
		  • Updated max value and footnote of WFRST
		  • Updated symbol for not filtered pulse to 'WNFRST', updated min value, removed max. value, and added footnote
		• Fixed naming conventions to align with DS in DC electrical specifications at 3.3 V Range and DC electrical specifications at 5.0 V Range
		• Updated specs for AC electrical specifications at 3.3 V range and AC electrical specifications at 5 V range
		• In Device clock specifications :
		  • Updated f_{BUS} to 48 for 11x
		  • Added footnote to f_{BUS} for 14x
		• In External System Oscillator frequency specifications :
		  • Added specs for S32K11x
		  • Updated 't_{dc_extal}' for S32K14x
		  • Added footnote 'Frequecies below ... ' to 'f_{ec_extal}' and 't_{dc_extal}'
		• Splitted Flash timing specifications — commands for S32K14x and S32K11x
		• Updated Flash timing specifications — commands for S32K14x
		• In Reliability specifications :
		  • Added footnote 'Data retention period ... ' for 'tnvmretp1k' and 'tnvmretee'
		  • Minor update in footnote for 'nnvmwree16' 'nnvmwree256'
		• In QuadSPI AC specifications :
		  • Updated 'MCR[SCLKCFG[5]]' value to 0
		  • Updated 'Data Input Setup Time' HSRUN Internal DQS PAD Loopback value to 1.6
		  • Updated 'Data Input Setup Time' DDR External DQS min. value to 2
		  • Updated 'Data Input Hold Time' DDR External DQS min. value to 20
		  • Upadted figure 'QuadSPI output timing (SDR mode) diagram' and 'QuadSPI input timing (HyperRAM mode) diagram'
		• In 12-bit ADC electrical characteristics :
		  • Added note 'On reduced pin packages where ... '
		  • Removed max. value of 'I_{DDA_ADC}'
		  • Added note 'Due to triple ... '
		• In 12-bit ADC operating conditions, removed parameter 'ΔV_{DDA}'
		• In CMP with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications :
		  • Updated Typ. and Max. values of 'I_{DDLS}'
		  • Upadted Typ. value of 't_{DHSB}'
		  • Updated Typ. value of 'V_{HYST1}' , 'V_{HYST2}', and 'V_{HYST3}'
		• In LPSPI electrical specifications :
		  • Updated 'f_{periph}' and 'f_{op}', and 't_{SPSCK}'

Table continues on the next page...

Table 43. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		• Updated 3.3 V numbers and added footnote against f_{op}, t_{SU}, ans t_V in HSRUN Mode • Added footnote to 't_{WSPSCK}' • Updated Thermal characteristics for S32K11x
6	31 Jan 2018	• Changed the representation of ARM trademark throughout. • Removed S32K142 from 'Caution' • In 'Key features', added the following note under 'Power management', 'Memory and memory interfaces', and 'Reliability, safety and security': • No write or erase access to ... • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K14x family, added the following footnote: • No write or erase access to ... • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K11x family : • Minor editorial update: Fixed the placement of SRAM, under 'Flash memory controller' block • Updated figure: S32K1xx product series comparison : • Updated footnote 1, and added against 'HSRUN' in addition to 'HW security module (CSEc)' and 'EEPROM emulated by FlexRAM'. • Updated 'System RAM (including FlexRAM and MTB)' row for S32K144, S32K146, and S32K148. • Updated channel count for S32K116 in row '12-bit SAR ADC (1 MSPS each)'. • Updated Ordering information • Updated Flash timing specifications — commands for S32K148, S32K142, S32K146, S32K116, and S32K118.
7	19 April 2018	• Changed Caution to Notes • Updated the wordings of Notes and removed S32K146 • Added 'Following two are the available ...' • In 'Key features' : • Editorial updates • Updated the note under Power management, Memory and memory interfaces, and Safety and security. • Updated FlexIO under Communications interfaces • Added ENET and SAI under Communications interfaces • Updated Cryptographic Services Engine (CSEc) under 'Safety and security' • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K14x family : • Minor editorial updates • Updated note 3 • In High-level architecture diagram for the S32K11x family : • Minor editorial updates • In figure: S32K1xx product series comparison : • Editorial updates • Updated Frequency for S32K14x • Updated footnote 4 • Added footnote 5 • In Ordering information : • Renamed section, updated the starting paragraph • Updated the figure • In Voltage and current operating requirements, updated the note • In Power consumption : • Updated specs for S32K146 • Removed section 'Modes configuration', amd moved its content under the fisrt paragraph. • In 12-bit ADC operating conditions :

Table continues on the next page...