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#### Details

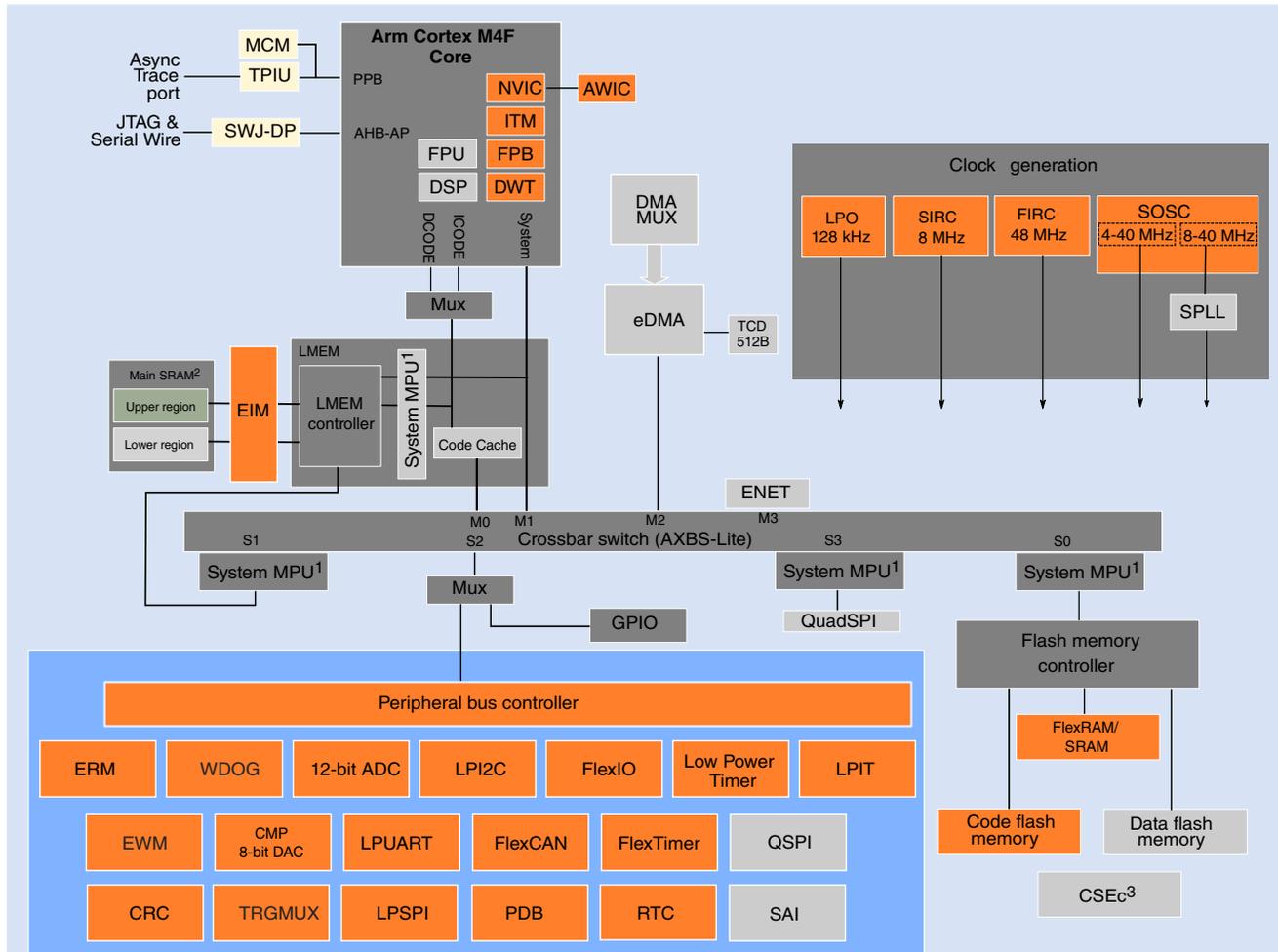
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	64MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, FlexIO, I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	58
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A1x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/fs32k144mnt0vlht">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/fs32k144mnt0vlht</a>

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# 1 Block diagram

Following figures show superset high level architecture block diagrams of S32K14x series and S32K11x series respectively. Other devices within the family have a subset of the features. See [Feature comparison](#) for chip specific values.



1: On this device, NXP's system MPU implements the safety mechanisms to prevent masters from accessing restricted memory regions. This system MPU provides memory protection at the level of the Crossbar Switch. Each Crossbar master (Core, DMA, Ethernet) can be assigned different access rights to each protected memory region. The Arm M4 core version in this family does not integrate the Arm Core MPU, which would concurrently monitor only core-initiated memory accesses. In this document, the term MPU refers to NXP's system MPU.

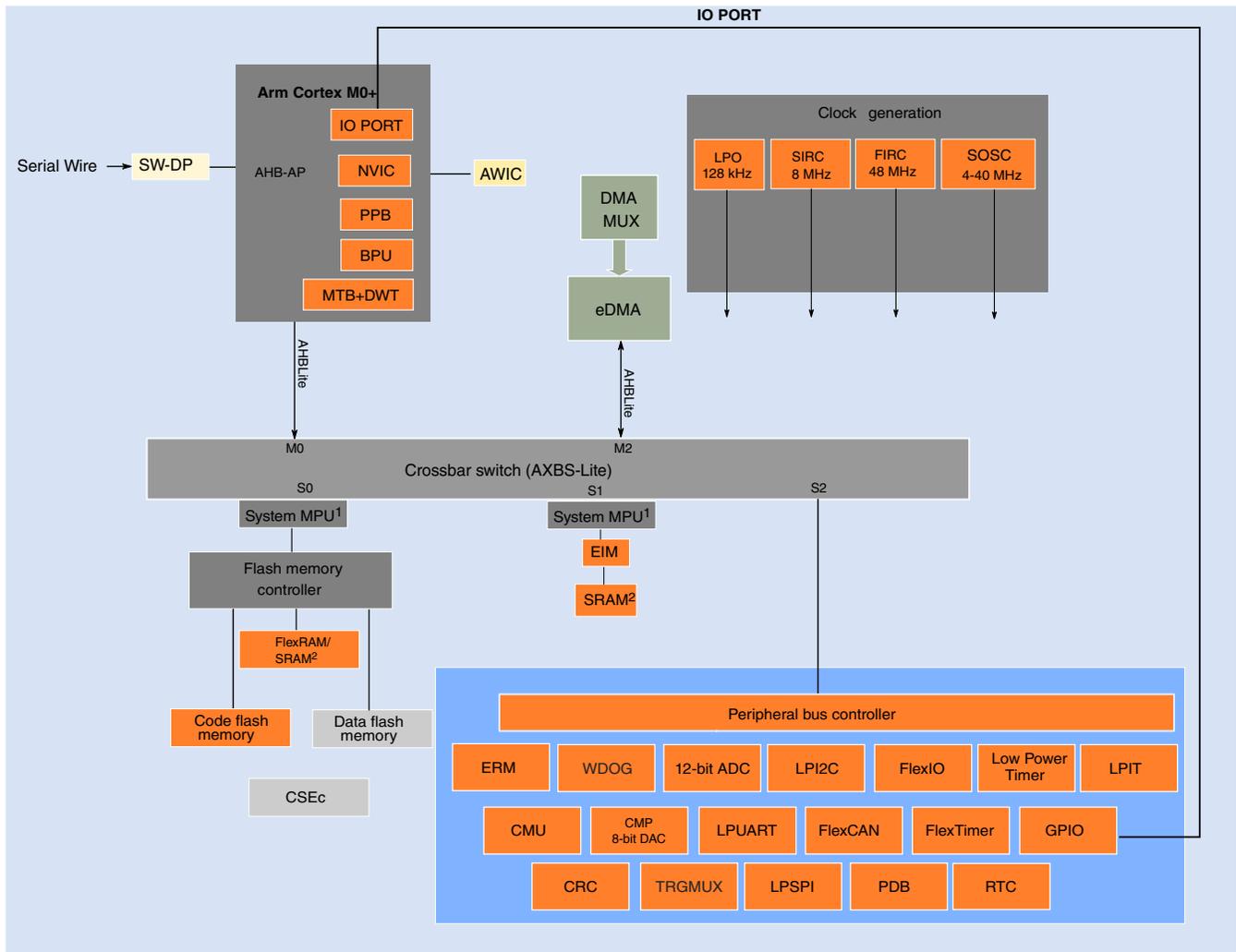
2: For the device-specific sizes, see the "On-chip SRAM sizes" table in the "Memories and Memory Interfaces" chapter of the S32K1xx Series Reference Manual.

3: CSEc (Security) or EEPROM writes/erase will trigger error flags in HSRUN mode (112 MHz) because this use case is not allowed to execute simultaneously. The device need to switch to RUN mode (80 MHz) to execute CSEc (Security) or EEPROM writes/erase.

Key:

- Device architectural IP on all S32K devices
- Peripherals present on all S32K devices
- Peripherals present on selected S32K devices (see the "Feature Comparison" section)

**Figure 1. High-level architecture diagram for the S32K14x family**



1: On this device, NXP's system MPU implements the safety mechanisms to prevent masters from accessing restricted memory regions. This system MPU provides memory protection at the level of the Crossbar Switch. Crossbar master (Core, DMA) can be assigned different access rights to each protected memory region. The Arm M0+ core version in this family does not integrate the Arm Core MPU, which would concurrently monitor only core-initiated memory accesses. In this document, the term MPU refers to NXP's system MPU.

2: For the device-specific sizes, see the "On-chip SRAM sizes" table in the "Memories and Memory Interfaces" chapter of the S32K1xx Series Reference Manual.

Key:	Device architectural IP on all S32K devices
	Peripherals present on all S32K devices
	Peripherals present on selected S32K devices (see the "Feature Comparison" section)

Figure 2. High-level architecture diagram for the S32K11x family

## 2 Feature comparison

The following figure summarizes the memory, peripherals and packaging options for the S32K1xx devices. All devices which share a common package are pin-to-pin compatible.

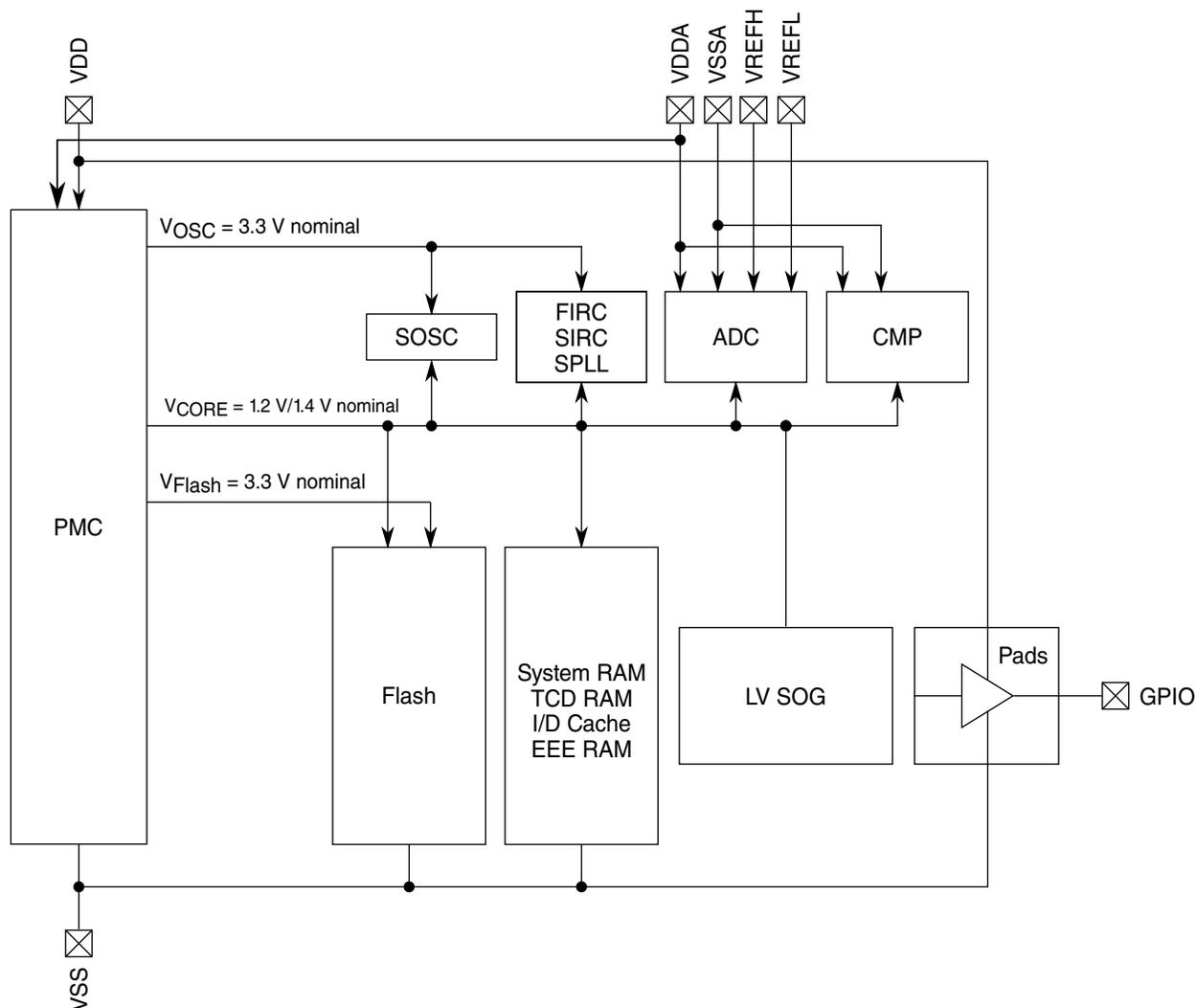
### NOTE

Availability of peripherals depends on the pin availability in a particular package. For more information see *IO Signal*

## 3 Ordering information

### 3.1 Selecting orderable part number

Not all part number combinations are available. See the attachment *S32K1xx\_Orderable\_Part\_Number\_List.xlsx* attached with the Datasheet for a list of standard orderable part numbers.



\*Note: VSSA and VSS are shorted at package level

Figure 6. Power diagram

## 4.5 LVR, LVD and POR operating requirements

Table 5. V<sub>DD</sub> supply LVR, LVD and POR operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V <sub>POR</sub>	Rising and falling V <sub>DD</sub> POR detect voltage	1.1	1.6	2.0	V	
V <sub>LVR</sub>	LVR falling threshold (RUN, HSRUN, and STOP modes)	2.50	2.58	2.7	V	
V <sub>LVR_HYST</sub>	LVR hysteresis	—	45	—	mV	1
V <sub>LVR_LP</sub>	LVR falling threshold (VLPS/VLPR modes)	1.97	2.22	2.44	V	
V <sub>LVD</sub>	Falling low-voltage detect threshold	2.8	2.875	3	V	
V <sub>LVD_HYST</sub>	LVD hysteresis	—	50	—	mV	1

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 6. Power mode transition operating behaviors (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	VLPS → RUN	8	—	17	μs
	STOP1 → RUN	0.07	0.075	0.08	μs
	STOP2 → RUN	0.07	0.075	0.08	μs
	VLPR → RUN	19	—	26	μs
	VLPR → VLPS	5.1	5.7	6.5	μs
	VLPS → VLPR	18.8	23	27.75	μs
	RUN → Compute operation	0.72	0.75	0.77	μs
	HSRUN → Compute operation	0.3	0.31	0.35	μs
	RUN → STOP1	0.35	0.38	0.4	μs
	RUN → STOP2	0.2	0.23	0.25	μs
	RUN → VLPS	0.3	0.35	0.4	μs
	RUN → VLPR	3.5	3.8	5	μs
	VLPS → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup	105	110	125	μs
	STOP1 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup	1	1.1	1.3	μs
	STOP2 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup	1	1.1	1.3	μs
	Pin reset → Code execution	—	214	—	μs

**NOTE**

HSRUN should only be used when frequencies in excess of 80 MHz are required. When using 80 MHz and below, RUN mode is the recommended operating mode.

**4.7 Power consumption**

The following table shows the power consumption targets for the device in various mode of operations. Attached *S32K1xx\_Power\_Modes\_Configuration.xlsx* details the modes used in gathering the power consumption data stated in the following table [Table 7](#). For full functionality refer to table: Module operation in available power modes of the *Reference Manual*.

**Table 16. Device clock specifications 1 (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
$f_{FLASH}$	Flash clock	—	24	MHz
Normal run mode (S32K14x series) <sup>3</sup>				
$f_{SYS}$	System and core clock	—	80	MHz
$f_{BUS}$	Bus clock	—	40 <sup>4</sup>	MHz
$f_{FLASH}$	Flash clock	—	26.67	MHz
VLPR mode <sup>5</sup>				
$f_{SYS}$	System and core clock	—	4	MHz
$f_{BUS}$	Bus clock	—	4	MHz
$f_{FLASH}$	Flash clock	—	1	MHz
$f_{ERCLK}$	External reference clock	—	16	MHz

1. Refer to the section [Feature comparison](#) for the availability of modes and other specifications.
2. Only available on some devices. See section [Feature comparison](#).
3. With SPLL as system clock source.
4. 48 MHz when  $f_{SYS}$  is 48 MHz
5. The frequency limitations in VLPR mode here override any frequency specification listed in the timing specification for any other module.

## 6 Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

### 6.1 System modules

There are no electrical specifications necessary for the device's system modules.

### 6.2 Clock interface modules

#### 6.2.1 External System Oscillator electrical specifications

**Table 18. External System Oscillator frequency specifications**

Symbol	Description	Min.		Typ.		Max.		Unit	Notes
		S32K14x	S32K11x	S32K14x	S32K11x	S32K14x	S32K11x		
$f_{osc\_hi}$	Oscillator crystal or resonator frequency	4		—		40		MHz	
$f_{ec\_extal}$	Input clock frequency (external clock mode)	—		—		50	48	MHz	1
$t_{dc\_extal}$	Input clock duty cycle (external clock mode)	48		50		52		%	1
$t_{cst}$	Crystal Start-up Time							ms	2
	8 MHz low-gain mode (HGO=0)	—		1.5		—			
	8 MHz high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—		2.5		—			
	40 MHz low-gain mode (HGO=0)	—		2		—			
	40 MHz high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—		2		—			

1. Frequencies below 40 MHz can be used for degraded duty cycle upto 40-60%
2. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.

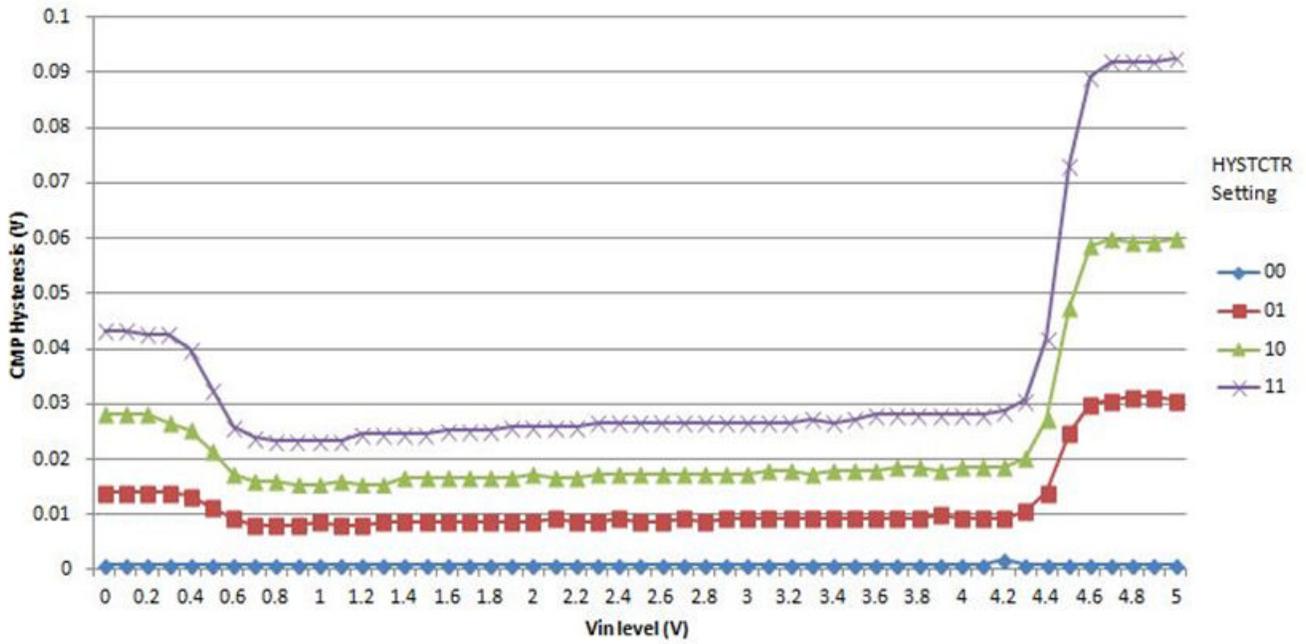


Figure 16. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 5 V, PMODE = 0)

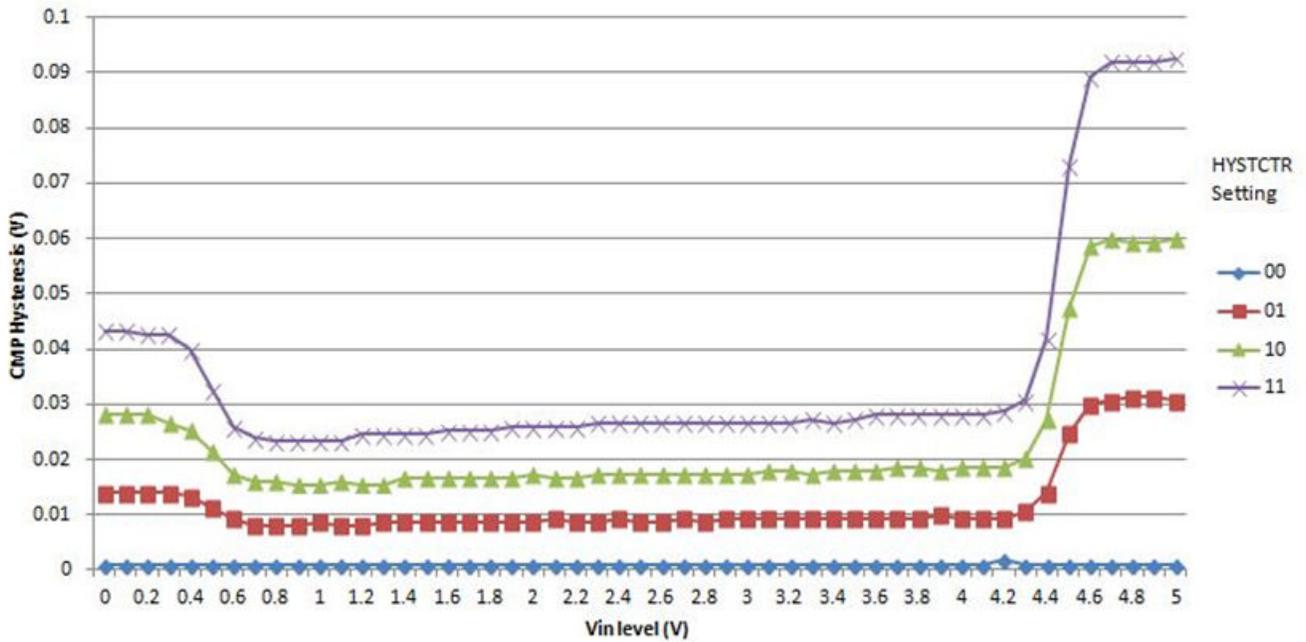


Figure 17. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 5 V, PMODE = 1)

**Table 32. LPSPI electrical specifications<sup>1</sup>**

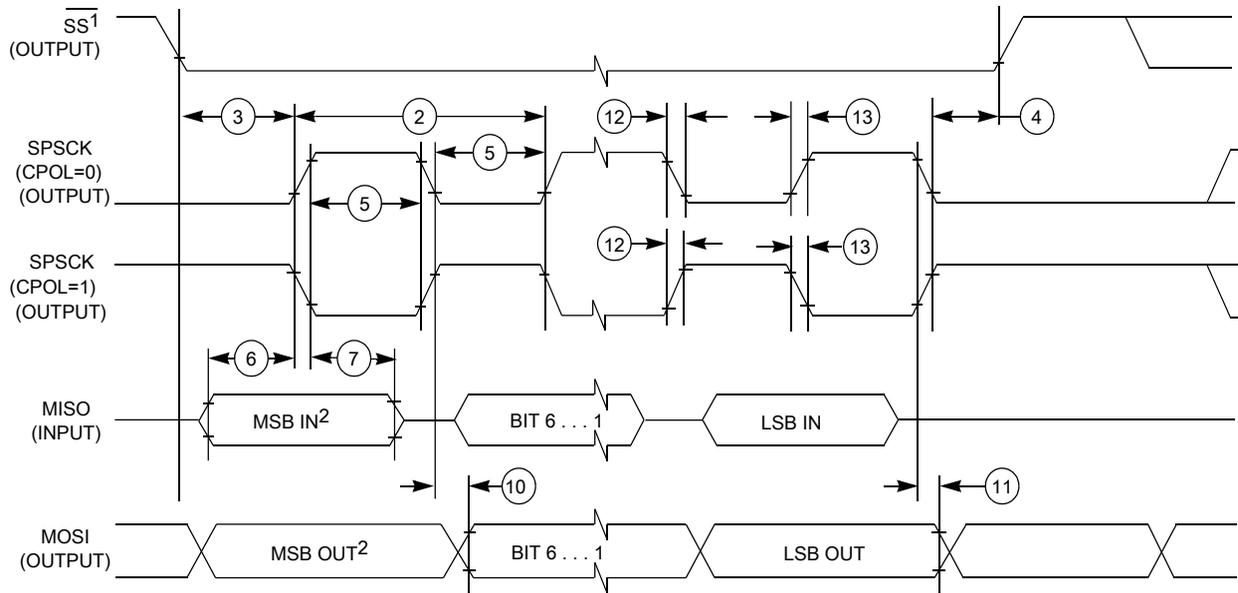
Num	Symbol	Description	Conditions	Run Mode <sup>2</sup>				HSRUN Mode <sup>2</sup>				VLPR Mode				Unit
				5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
	f <sub>periph</sub> <sup>3,4</sup>	Peripheral Frequency	Slave	-	40	-	40	-	56	-	56	-	4	-	4	MHz
			Master	-	40	-	40	-	56	-	56	-	4	-	4	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	-	40	-	48	-	48	-	48	-	4	-	4	
			Master Loopback(slow) <sup>6</sup>	-	48	-	48	-	48	-	48	-	4	-	4	
1	f <sub>op</sub>	Frequency of operation	Slave	-	10	-	10	-	14	-	14 <sup>7</sup>	-	2	-	2	MHz
			Master	-	10	-	10	-	14	-	14 <sup>7</sup>	-	2	-	2	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	-	20	-	12	-	24	-	12	-	2	-	2	
			Master Loopback(slow) <sup>6</sup>	-	12	-	12	-	12	-	12	-	2	-	2	
2	t <sub>SPSCK</sub>	SPSCK period	Slave	100	-	100	-	72	-	72	-	500	-	500	-	ns
			Master	100	-	100	-	72	-	72	-	500	-	500	-	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	50	-	83	-	42	-	83	-	500	-	500	-	
			Master Loopback(slow) <sup>6</sup>	83	-	83	-	83	-	83	-	500	-	500	-	
3	t <sub>Lead</sub> <sup>8</sup>	Enable lead time (PCS to SPSCK delay)	Slave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ns
			Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	(PCSSCK+1)*t <sub>periph</sub> -25	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t <sub>periph</sub> -50	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t <sub>periph</sub> -50	-							
			Master Loopback(slow) <sup>6</sup>	(PCSSCK+1)*t <sub>periph</sub> -25	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t <sub>periph</sub> -50	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t <sub>periph</sub> -50	-							

Table continues on the next page...

Table 32. LPSPI electrical specifications<sup>1</sup> (continued)

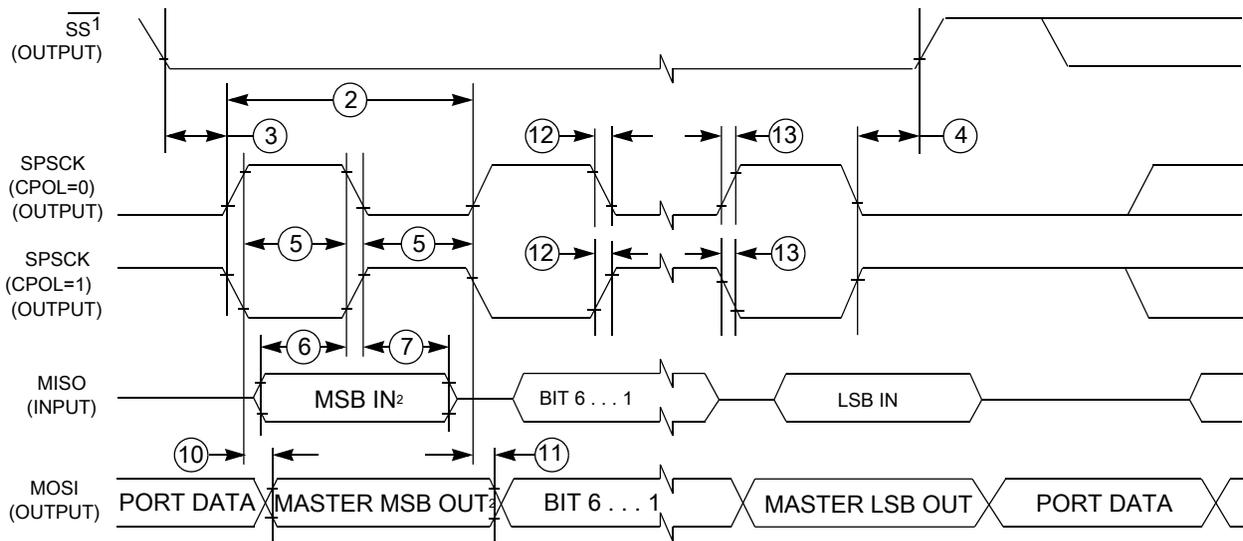
Num	Symbol	Description	Conditions	Run Mode <sup>2</sup>				HSRUN Mode <sup>2</sup>				VLPR Mode				Unit
				5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
8	$t_a$	Slave access time	Slave	-	50	-	50	-	50	-	50	-	100	-	100	ns
9	$t_{dis}$	Slave MISO (SOUT) disable time	Slave	-	50	-	50	-	50	-	50	-	100	-	100	ns
10	$t_v$	Data valid (after SPSCCK edge)	Slave	-	30	-	39	-	26	-	36 <sup>11</sup> 31 <sup>12</sup>	-	92	-	96	ns
			Master	-	12	-	16	-	11	-	15	-	47	-	48	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	-	12	-	16	-	11	-	15	-	47	-	48	
			Master Loopback(slow) <sup>6</sup>	-	8	-	10	-	7	-	9	-	44	-	44	
11	$t_{HO}$	Data hold time(outputs)	Slave	4	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	ns
			Master	-15	-	-22	-	-15	-	-23	-	-22	-	-29	-	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	-10	-	-14	-	-10	-	-14	-	-14	-	-19	-	
			Master Loopback(slow) <sup>6</sup>	-15	-	-22	-	-15	-	-22	-	-21	-	-27	-	
12	$t_{RI/FI}$	Rise/Fall time input	Slave	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	ns
			Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			Master Loopback(slow) <sup>6</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
13	$t_{RO/FO}$	Rise/Fall time output	Slave	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	25	ns
			Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			Master Loopback <sup>5</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table continues on the next page...



1. If configured as an output.
2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

**Figure 18. LPSPI master mode timing (CPHA = 0)**

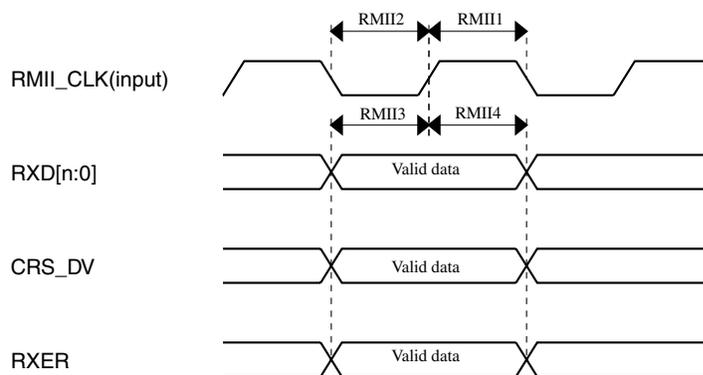
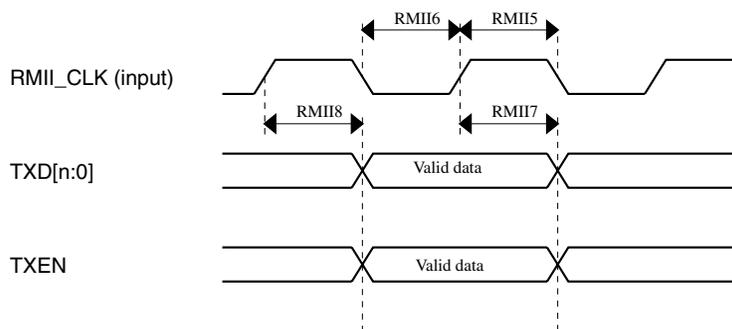


1. If configured as output
2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

**Figure 19. LPSPI master mode timing (CPHA = 1)**

**Table 36. RMI signal switching specifications  
(continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
RMI7	RMI_CLK to TXD[1:0], TXEN invalid	2	—	ns
RMI8	RMI_CLK to TXD[1:0], TXEN valid	—	15	ns

**Figure 26. RMI receive diagram****Figure 27. RMI transmit diagram**

The following table describes the MDIO electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 25 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- I/O operating voltage ranges from 2.97 V to 3.6 V
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN), the interface should be OFF.
- MDIO pin must have external Pull-up.

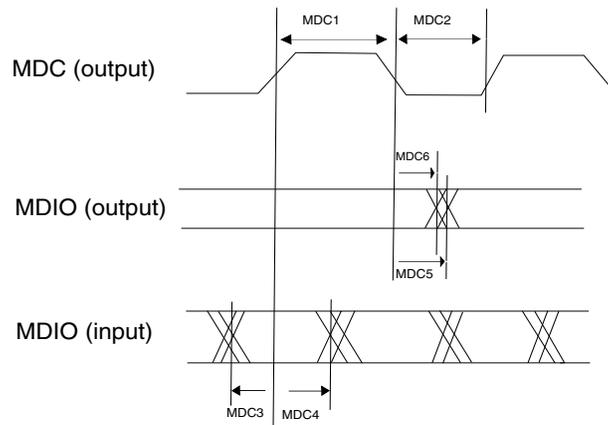
**Table 37. MDIO timing specifications**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	MDC Clock Frequency	—	2.5	MHz

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 37. MDIO timing specifications (continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
MDC1	MDC pulse width high	40%	60%	MDC period
MDC2	MDC pulse width low	40%	60%	MDC period
MDC3	MDIO (input) to MDC rising edge setup	25	—	ns
MDC4	MDIO (input) to MDC rising edge hold	0	—	ns
MDC5	MDC falling edge to MDIO output valid (maximum propagation delay)	—	25	ns
MDC6	MDC falling edge to MDIO output invalid (minimum propagation delay)	-10	—	ns



**Figure 28. MII/RMII serial management channel timing diagram**

### 6.5.7 Clockout frequency

Maximum supported clock out frequency for this device is 20 MHz

## 6.6 Debug modules

### 6.6.1 SWD electrical specifications

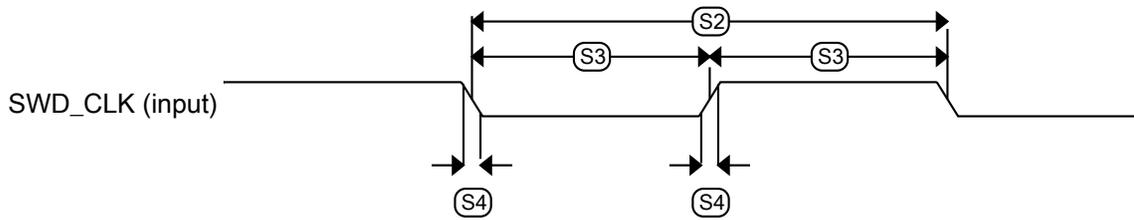


Figure 29. Serial wire clock input timing

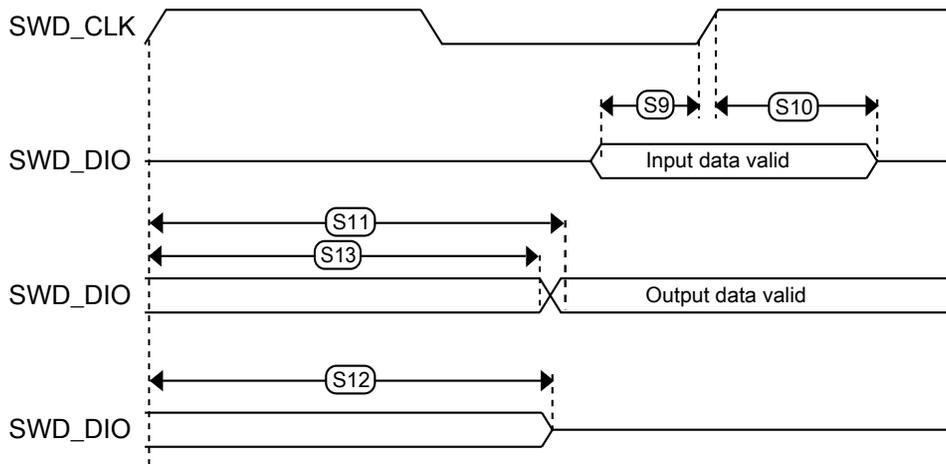


Figure 30. Serial wire data timing

### 6.6.2 Trace electrical specifications

The following table describes the Trace electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 50 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN ), the interface should be OFF.

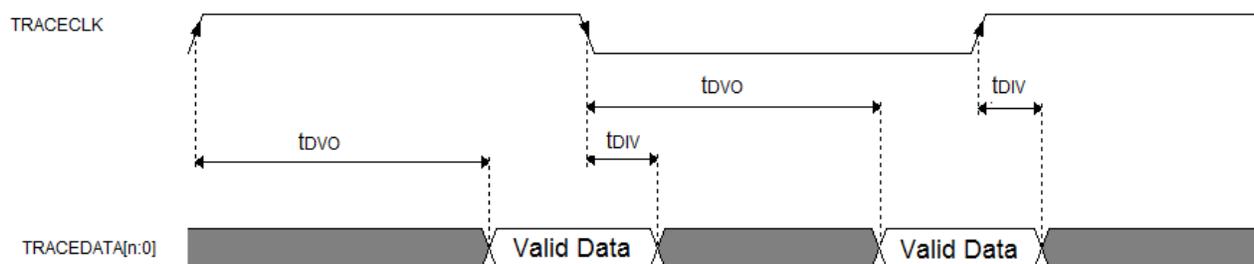
Table 39. Trace specifications

	Symbol	Description	RUN Mode			HSRUN Mode		VLPR Mode	Unit
			80	48	40	112	80		
—	Fsys	System frequency	80	48	40	112	80	4	MHz

Table continues on the next page...

**Table 39. Trace specifications (continued)**

	Symbol	Description	RUN Mode			HSRUN Mode		VLPR Mode	Unit
Trace on fast pads	$f_{TRACE}$	Max Trace frequency	80	48	40	74.667	80	4	MHz
	$t_{DVO}$	Data Output Valid	4	4	4	4	4	20	ns
	$t_{DIV}$	Data Output Invalid	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-10	ns
Trace on slow pads	$f_{TRACE}$	Max Trace frequency	22.86	24	20	22.4	22.86	4	MHz
	$t_{DVO}$	Data Output Valid	8	8	8	8	8	20	ns
	$t_{DIV}$	Data Output Invalid	-4	-4	-4	-4	-4	-10	ns



**Figure 31. TRACE CLKOUT specifications**

### 6.6.3 JTAG electrical specifications

**Table 42. Thermal characteristics for the 100 MAPBGA package**

Rating	Conditions	Symbol	Values			Unit
			S32K146	S32K144	S32K148	
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (Natural Convection) <sup>1, 2</sup>	Single layer board (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	57.2	61.0	52.5	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (Natural Convection) <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	Four layer board (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	32.1	35.6	27.5	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (@200 ft/min) <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	Single layer board (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	44.1	46.6	39.0	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Ambient (@200 ft/min) <sup>1, 3</sup>	Two layer board (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	27.2	30.9	22.8	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Board <sup>4</sup>	—	$R_{\theta JB}$	15.3	18.9	11.2	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Case <sup>5</sup>	—	$R_{\theta JC}$	10.2	14.2	7.5	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Package Top outside center <sup>6</sup>	—	$\Psi_{JT}$	0.2	0.4	0.2	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction to Package Bottom outside center <sup>7</sup>	—	$\Psi_{JB}$	12.2	15.9	18.3	°C/W

1. Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, air flow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.
2. Per SEMI G38-87 and JEDEC JESD51-2 with the single layer board horizontal.
3. Per JEDEC JESD51-6 with the board horizontal.
4. Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.
5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).
6. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JT.
7. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package bottom center and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-12. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JB.

## Dimensions

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application when heat sinks are not used, the Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\Psi_{JT}$ ) can be used to determine the junction temperature with a measurement of the temperature at the top center of the package case using this equation:

$$T_J = T_T + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_D)$$

where:

- $T_T$  = thermocouple temperature on top of the package ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- $\Psi_{JT}$  = thermal characterization parameter ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )
- $P_D$  = power dissipation in the package (W)

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JESD51-2 specification using a 40 gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over about 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the package case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

## 8 Dimensions

### 8.1 Obtaining package dimensions

Package dimensions are provided in the package drawings.

To find a package drawing, go to <http://www.nxp.com> and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

Package option	Document Number
32-pin QFN	SOT617-3 <sup>1</sup>
48-pin LQFP	98ASH00962A
64-pin LQFP	98ASS23234W
100-pin LQFP	98ASS23308W
100-pin MAPBGA	98ASA00802D
144-pin LQFP	98ASS23177W
176-pin LQFP	98ASS23479W

1. 5x5 mm package

Table 43. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated note 'All the limits defined ...'</li> <li>• Updated parameter 'I<sub>INJPAD_DC_ABS</sub>', 'V<sub>IN_DC</sub>', I<sub>INJSUM_DC_ABS</sub>.</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 2</a>, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated parameter I<sub>INJPAD_DC_OP</sub> and I<sub>INJSUM_DC_OP</sub>.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 5</a>, updated TBDs for V<sub>LVR_HYST</sub>, V<sub>LVD_HYST</sub>, and V<sub>LVW_HYST</sub></li> <li>• In <a href="#">Power mode transition operating behaviors</a>, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added VLPR → VLPS</li> <li>• Added VLPS → VLPR</li> <li>• Updated TBDs for VLPS → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup, STOP1 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup, and STOP2 → Asynchronous DMA Wakeup</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 7</a>, updated the specifications for S32K144.</li> <li>• Updated the attachment <i>S32K1xx_Power_Modes_Configuration.xlsx</i>.</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 15</a>, removed C<sub>IN_A</sub>.</li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 17</a>, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated specificatins for g<sub>mXOSC</sub>.</li> <li>• Removed I<sub>DDOSC</sub></li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 19</a>, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added parameter ΔF125.</li> <li>• Removed I<sub>DDFIRC</sub></li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 20</a>, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added parameter ΔF125.</li> <li>• Removed I<sub>DDSIRC</sub></li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Table 21</a>, removed I<sub>LPO</sub></li> <li>• Updated section: <a href="#">Flash memory module (FTFC) electrical specifications</a></li> <li>• In section: <a href="#">12-bit ADC operating conditions</a>, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated TBDs for I<sub>DDA_ADC</sub> and TUE in <a href="#">Table 28</a></li> <li>• Updated TBDs for I<sub>DDA_ADC</sub> and TUE in <a href="#">Table 29</a></li> </ul> </li> <li>• In section: <a href="#">QuadSPI AC specifications</a>, updated figure 'QuadSPI output timing (HyperRAM mode) diagram'.</li> <li>• In section: <a href="#">12-bit ADC operating conditions</a>, updated <a href="#">Table 27</a>.</li> <li>• In section: <a href="#">CMP with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications</a>, added note 'For comparator IN signals adjacent ...'</li> <li>• In table: <a href="#">Table 32</a>, minor update in footnote 6.</li> <li>• In table: <a href="#">Table 41</a>, updated specifications for S32K146.</li> </ul>
5	06 Dec 2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removed S32K148 from 'Caution'</li> <li>• Updated figure: <a href="#">S32K1xx product series comparison</a> for <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 'EEPROM emulated by FlexRAM' of S32K148 (Added content to footnote)</li> <li>• Added support for LIN protocol version 2.2 A</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Absolute maximum ratings</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added note 'Unless otherwise ...'</li> <li>• Added parameter 'Added note 'T<sub>ramp_MCU</sub>'</li> <li>• Updated footnote for 'T<sub>ramp</sub>'</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Voltage and current operating requirements</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added footnote 'V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>DDA</sub> must be shorted ...' against parameter 'V<sub>DD</sub> - V<sub>DDA</sub>'</li> <li>• Updated footnote 'V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>DDA</sub> must be shorted ...'</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Power and ground pins</a> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added diagrams for 32-QFN and 48-LQFP and footnote below the diagrams.</li> <li>• Updated footnote 'V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>DDA</sub> must be shorted ...'</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Power mode transition operating behaviors</a> :</li> </ul>

Table continues on the next page...

Table 43. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed the typo in <math>R_{SW1}</math></li> <li>• In <a href="#">LPSPI electrical specifications</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated <math>t_{Lead}</math> and <math>t_{Lag}</math></li> <li>• Added footnote in Figure: LPSPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 0) and Figure: LPSPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 1)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Thermal characteristics</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated the name of table: Thermal characteristics for 32-pin QFN and 48/64/100/144/176-pin LQFP package</li> <li>• Deleted specs for <math>R_{\theta JC}</math> for 32 QFN package</li> <li>• Added '<math>R_{\theta JCBottom}</math>'</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
8	18 June 2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In attachment '<a href="#">S32K1xx_Power_Modes_Configuration</a>': <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated VLPR peripherals disabled and Peripherals Enabled use case #1, using 4 Mhz for System clock, 2 Mhz for bus clock, and 1Mhz for flash.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Removed S32K116 from Notes</li> <li>• In figure: <a href="#">S32K1xx product series comparison</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added note 'Availability of peripherals depends on the pin availability ...'</li> <li>• Updated 'Ambient Operation Temperature' row</li> <li>• Updated 'System RAM (including FlexRAM and MTB)' row for S32K144, S32K146, and S32K148</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Ordering information</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated figure for 'Y: Optional feature'</li> <li>• Updated footnote 3</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Power and ground pins</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In figure 'Power diagram', updated <math>V_{Flash}</math> frequency to 3.3 V</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Power mode transition operating behaviors</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated footnote for 'VLPS Mode: All clock sources disabled'</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Power consumption</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added <math>I_{DD}</math>s for S32K116</li> <li>• Added VLPR Peripherals enabled use case 2 at 125 °C/Typicals</li> <li>• Renamed VLPR 'Peripherals enabled' to 'Peripherals enabled use case 1'</li> <li>• Added footnote 'Data collected using RAM' to VLPR 'Peripherals disabled' and VLPR 'Peripherals enabled use case 1'</li> <li>• Updated VLPS Peripherals enabled at 25 °C/Typicals for S32K142 and S32K144 to 40 <math>\mu A</math> and 42 <math>\mu A</math> respectively</li> <li>• Added table 'VLPS additional use-case power consumption at typical conditions'</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">DC electrical specifications at 3.3 V Range</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated naming conventions</li> <li>• Added specs for GPIO-FAST pad</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">DC electrical specifications at 5.0 V Range</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated naming conventions</li> <li>• Added specs for GPIO-FAST pad</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">AC electrical specifications at 3.3 V range</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated naming conventions</li> <li>• Added specs for GPIO-FAST pad</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">AC electrical specifications at 5 V range</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated naming conventions</li> <li>• Added specs for GPIO-FAST pad</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">External System Oscillator electrical specifications</a> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clarified description of <math>g_{mXOSC}</math></li> <li>• Updated <math>V_{IL}</math> max. to 1.15 V</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In <a href="#">Fast internal RC Oscillator (FIRC) electrical specifications</a> :</li> </ul>