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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex® -M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, FlexIO, I ² C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	128
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	256K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 32x12b SAR; D/A 1x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-LQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/fs32k148hat0vlqt

Description Input Multiplexing sheet(s) attached with Reference Manual.

	Parameter	S32K11x		S32K14x			
		K116	K118	K142	K144	K146	K148
System	Core	Arm® Cortex™-M0+		Arm® Cortex™-M4F			
	Frequency	48 MHz		80 MHz (RUN mode) or 112 MHz (HSRUN mode) ¹			
	IEEE-754 FPU	○		●			
	Cryptographic Services Engine (CSEc) ¹	●		●			
	CRC module	1x		1x			
	ISO 26262	capable up to ASIL-B		capable up to ASIL-B			
	Peripheral speed	up to 48 MHz		up to 112 MHz (HSRUN)			
	Crossbar	●		●			
	DMA	●		●			
	External Watchdog Monitor (EWM)	○		●			
	Memory Protection Unit (MPU)	●		●			
	FIRC CMU	●		○			
	Watchdog	1x		1x			
	Low power modes	●		●			
	HSRUN mode ¹	○		●			
	Number of I/Os	up to 43	up to 58	up to 89	up to 128	up to 156	
	Single supply voltage	2.7 - 5.5 V		2.7 - 5.5 V			
	Ambient Operation Temperature (T _A)	-40°C to +105°C / +125°C		-40°C to +105°C / +125°C			
Memory	Flash	128 KB	256 KB	256 KB	512 KB	1 MB	2 MB ²
	Error Correcting Code (ECC)	●		●			
	System RAM (including FlexRAM and MTB)	17 KB	25 KB	32 KB	64 KB	128 KB	256 KB
	FlexRAM (also available as system RAM)	2 KB		4 KB			
	Cache	○		4 KB			
	EEPROM emulated by FlexRAM ¹	2 KB (up to 32 KB D-Flash)		4 KB (up to 64 KB D-Flash)			See footnote 3
	External memory interface	○		○			QuadSPI incl. HyperBus™
Timer	Low Power Interrupt Timer (LPIT)	1x		1x			
	FlexTimer (16-bit counter) 8 channels	2x (16)		4x (32)		6x (48)	8x (64)
	Low Power Timer (LPTMR)	1x		1x			
	Real Time Counter (RTC)	1x		1x			
	Programmable Delay Block (PDB)	1x		2x			
Analog	Trigger mux (TRGMUX)	1x (43)	1x (45)	1x (64)		1x (73)	1x (81)
	12-bit SAR ADC (1 Msps each)	1x (13)	1x (16)	2x (16)		2x (24)	2x (32)
	Comparator with 8-bit DAC	1x		1x			
Communication	10/100 Mbps IEEE-1588 Ethernet MAC	○		○			1x
	Serial Audio Interface (AC97, TDM, I2S)	○		○			2x
	Low Power UART/LIN (LPUART) (Supports LIN protocol versions 1.3, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2A, and SAE J2602)	2x		2x	3x		
	Low Power SPI (LPSPPI)	1x	2x	2x	3x		
	Low Power I2C (LPI2C)	1x		1x			2x
	FlexCAN (CAN-FD ISO/CD 11898-1)	1x (1x with FD)		2x (1x with FD)	3x (1x with FD)	3x (2x with FD)	3x (3x with FD)
	FlexIO (8 pins configurable as UART, SPI, I2C, I2S)	1x		1x			
IDEs	Debug & trace	SWD, MTB (1 KB), JTAG ⁴		SWD, JTAG (ITM, SWV, SWO)			SWD, JTAG (ITM, SWV, SWO), ETM
	Ecosystem (IDE, compiler, debugger)	NXP S32 Design Studio (GCC) + SDK, IAR, GHS, Arm®, Lauterbach, iSystems		NXP S32 Design Studio (GCC) + SDK, IAR, GHS, Arm®, Lauterbach, iSystems			
Other	Packages ⁵	32-pin QFN 48-pin LQFP	48-pin LQFP 64-pin LQFP	64-pin LQFP 100-pin LQFP	64-pin LQFP 100-pin LQFP 100-pin MAPBGA	64-pin LQFP 100-pin MAPBGA 100-pin LQFP 144-pin LQFP	100-pin MAPBGA 144-pin LQFP 176-pin LQFP

LEGEND:

○ Not implemented

● Available on the device

1 No write or erase access to Flash module, including Security (CSEc) and EEPROM commands, are allowed when device is running at HSRUN mode (112MHz) or VLPR mode.

2 Available when EEPROM, CSEc and Data Flash are not used. Else only up to 1,984 KB is available for Program Flash.

3 4 KB (up to 512 KB D-Flash as a part of 2 MB Flash). Up to 64 KB of flash is used as EEPROM backup and the remaining 448 KB of the last 512 KB block can be used as Data flash or Program flash. See chapter FTFC for details.

4 Only for Boundary Scan Register

5 See Dimensions section for package drawings

Figure 3. S32K1xx product series comparison

4 General

4.1 Absolute maximum ratings

NOTE

- Functional operating conditions appear in the DC electrical characteristics. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximum values is not guaranteed. See footnotes in the following table for specific conditions.
- Stress beyond the listed maximum values may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device.
- All the limits defined in the datasheet specification must be honored together and any violation to any one or more will not guarantee desired operation.
- Unless otherwise specified, all maximum and minimum values in the datasheet are across process, voltage, and temperature.

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min	Max	Unit
V_{DD} ²	2.7 V - 5.5V input supply voltage	—	-0.3	5.8 ³	V
V_{REFH}	3.3 V / 5.0 V ADC high reference voltage	—	-0.3	5.8 ³	V
$I_{INJPAD_DC_ABS}$ ⁴	Continuous DC input current (positive / negative) that can be injected into an I/O pin	—	-3	+3	mA
V_{IN_DC}	Continuous DC Voltage on any I/O pin with respect to V_{SS}	—	-0.8	5.8 ⁵	V
$I_{INJSUM_DC_ABS}$	Sum of absolute value of injected currents on all the pins (Continuous DC limit)	—	—	30	mA
T_{ramp} ⁶	ECU supply ramp rate	—	0.5 V/min	500 V/ms	—
T_{ramp_MCU} ⁷	MCU supply ramp rate	—	0.5 V/min	100 V/ms	—
T_A ⁸	Ambient temperature	—	-40	125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	—	-55	165	°C
$V_{IN_TRANSIENT}$	Transient overshoot voltage allowed on I/O pin beyond V_{IN_DC} limit	—	—	6.8 ⁹	V

1. All voltages are referred to V_{SS} unless otherwise specified.
2. As V_{DD} varies between the minimum value and the absolute maximum value the analog characteristics of the I/O and the ADC will both change. See section [I/O parameters](#) and [ADC electrical specifications](#) respectively for details.
3. 60 s lifetime – No restrictions i.e. The part can switch.
10 hours lifetime – Device in reset i.e. The part cannot switch.

General

4. When input pad voltage levels are close to V_{DD} or V_{SS} , practically no current injection is possible.
5. While respecting the maximum current injection limit
6. This is the Electronic Control Unit (ECU) supply ramp rate and not directly the MCU ramp rate. Limit applies to both maximum absolute maximum ramp rate and typical operating conditions.
7. This is the MCU supply ramp rate and the ramp rate assumes that the S32K1xx HW design guidelines in AN5426 are followed. Limit applies to both maximum absolute maximum ramp rate and typical operating conditions.
8. T_J (Junction temperature)=135 °C. Assumes T_A =125 °C for RUN mode
 T_J (Junction temperature)=125 °C. Assumes T_A =105 °C for HSRUN mode
 - Assumes maximum θ_{JA} for 2s2p board. See [Thermal characteristics](#)
9. 60 seconds lifetime; device in reset (no outputs enabled/toggling)

4.2 Voltage and current operating requirements

NOTE

Device functionality is guaranteed up to the LVR assert level, however electrical performance of 12-bit ADC, CMP with 8-bit DAC, IO electrical characteristics, and communication modules electrical characteristics would be degraded when voltage drops below 2.7 V

Table 2. Voltage and current operating requirements 1

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DD} ²	Supply voltage	2.7 ³	5.5	V	4
V_{DD_OFF}	Voltage allowed to be developed on V_{DD} pin when it is not powered from any external power supply source.	0	0.1	V	
V_{DDA}	Analog supply voltage	2.7	5.5	V	4
$V_{DD} - V_{DDA}$	V_{DD} -to- V_{DDA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	4
V_{REFH}	ADC reference voltage high	2.7	$V_{DDA} + 0.1$	V	5
V_{REFL}	ADC reference voltage low	-0.1	0.1	V	
V_{ODPU}	Open drain pullup voltage level	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	V	6
$I_{INJPAD_DC_OP}$ ⁷	Continuous DC input current (positive / negative) that can be injected into an I/O pin	-3	+3	mA	
$I_{INJSUM_DC_OP}$	Continuous total DC input current that can be injected across all I/O pins such that there's no degradation in accuracy of analog modules: ADC and ACMP (See section Analog Modules)	—	30	mA	

1. Typical conditions assumes $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{REFH} = 5$ V, temperature = 25 °C and typical silicon process unless otherwise stated.
2. As V_{DD} varies between the minimum value and the absolute maximum value the analog characteristics of the I/O and the ADC will both change. See section [I/O parameters](#) and [ADC electrical specifications](#) respectively for details.
3. S32K148 will operate from 2.7 V when executing from internal FIRC. When the PLL is engaged S32K148 is guaranteed to operate from 2.97 V. All other S32K family devices operate from 2.7 V in all modes.
4. V_{DD} and V_{DDA} must be shorted to a common source on PCB. The differential voltage between V_{DD} and V_{DDA} is for RF-AC only. Appropriate decoupling capacitors to be used to filter noise on the supplies. See application note [AN5032](#) for reference supply design for SAR ADC.

Table 7. Power consumption (Typicals unless stated otherwise) ¹

Chip/Device	Ambient Temperature (°C)		VLPS (μA) ²		VLPR (mA)			STOP1 (mA)	STOP2 (mA)	RUN@48 MHz (mA)		RUN@64 MHz (mA)		RUN@80 MHz (mA)		HSRUN@112 MHz (mA) ³		IDD/MHz (μA/MHz) ⁴
			Peripherals disabled ⁵	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled ⁶	Peripherals enabled use case 1 ⁶	Peripherals enabled use case 2 ⁷			Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	
S32K116	25	Typ	26	40	1.05	1.07	TBD	6.3	7.2	11.8	20.3	NA						245
	85	Typ	76	93	1.1	1.11	TBD	6.6	7.5	12	20.6							251
		Max	287	300	1.39	1.4	NA	8	8.9	13.4	22.1							279
	105	Typ	139	164	1.15	1.16	TBD	6.8	7.7	12.3	20.8							255
		Max	590	603	1.68	1.69	NA	9.2	10.1	14.5	23.1							302
	125	Typ	NA	NA	NA	NA	TBD	NA	NA	NA	NA							NA
		Max	891	904	2.02	2.04	NA	10.4	11.3	15.6	24.1							325
S32K118	25	Typ	26	38	1.9	2.5	TBD	7	12	TBD	TBD	NA						TBD
	105	Typ	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD							TBD
		Max	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD							TBD
	125	Max	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD							TBD
											42							
S32K142	25	Typ	29	40	1.17	1.21	2.19	6.4	7.4	17.3	24.6	24.5	31.3	28.8	37.5	40.5	52.2	360
	85	Typ	128	137	1.48	1.51	2.31	7	8	17.6	24.9	25	31.6	29.1	37.7	41.1	52.5	364
		Max	335	360	1.87	1.89	NA	8.6	9.4	22	28.2	26.9	33.5	32	40	44	55.6	400
	105	Typ	240	257	1.58	1.61	2.44	7.6	8.3	18.3	25.7	25.5	31.9	29.8	38	41.5	53.1	373
		Max	740	791	2.32	2.34	NA	9.9	10.9	23.1	30.2	27.8	35.3	33.8	40.7	44.9	57.4	423
	125	Typ	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.84	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Table continues on the next page...

Table 7. Power consumption (Typicals unless stated otherwise) 1 (continued)

Chip/Device	Ambient Temperature (°C)		VLPS (µA) ²		VLPR (mA)			STOP1 (mA)	STOP2 (mA)	RUN@48 MHz (mA)		RUN@64 MHz (mA)		RUN@80 MHz (mA)		HSRUN@112 MHz (mA) ³		IDD/MHz (µA/MHz) ⁴
			Peripherals disabled ⁵	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled ⁶	Peripherals enabled use case ¹⁶	Peripherals enabled use case ²⁷			Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	Peripherals disabled	Peripherals enabled	
	105	Max	1660	1736	3.48	3.55	NA	14.5	15.6	34.8	43.6	41.9	53.9	48.7	65.1	70.4	96.1	609
		Typ	560	577	2.49	2.54	4.03	10.9	11.9	29.8	37.8	37.6	47.5	45.2	61.5	63.8	89.1	565
		Max	2945	2970	4.40	4.47	NA	18.0	19.0	38.4	46.8	44.9	55.3	51.6	66.8	73.6	97.4	645
	125	Typ	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.85	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Max	3990	4166	6.00	6.08	NA	23.4	24.5	44.3	52.5	50.9	61.3	57.5	71.6	NA	NA	719

1. Typical current numbers are indicative for typical silicon process and may vary based on the silicon distribution and user configuration. Typical conditions assumes $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{REFH} = 5\text{ V}$, temperature = 25 °C and typical silicon process unless otherwise stated. All output pins are floating and On-chip pulldown is enabled for all unused input pins.
2. Current numbers are for reduced configuration and may vary based on user configuration and silicon process variation.
3. HSRUN mode must not be used at 125°C. Max ambient temperature for HSRUN mode is 105°C.
4. Values mentioned for S32K14x devices are measured at RUN@80 MHz with peripherals disabled and values mentioned for S32K11x devices are measured at RUN@48 MHz with peripherals disabled.
5. With PMC_REGSC[CLKBIASDIS] set to 1. See Reference Manual for details.
6. Data collected using RAM
7. Numbers on limited samples size and data collected with Flash
8. The S32K148 data points assume that ENET/QuadSPI/SAI etc. are inactive.

**Table 17. External System Oscillator electrical specifications
(continued)**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	High-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	1	—	MΩ	
R _S	Series resistor					
	Low-gain mode (HGO=0)	—	0	—	kΩ	
	High-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	0	—	kΩ	
V _{pp}	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode)					3
	Low-gain mode (HGO=0)	—	1.0	—	V	
	High-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	3.3	—	V	

1. Crystal oscillator circuit provides stable oscillations when $g_{mXOSC} > 5 * gm_crit$. The gm_crit is defined as:

$$gm_crit = 4 * ESR * (2\pi F)^2 * (C_0 + C_L)^2$$

where:

- g_{mXOSC} is the transconductance of the internal oscillator circuit
- ESR is the equivalent series resistance of the external crystal
- F is the external crystal oscillation frequency
- C_0 is the shunt capacitance of the external crystal
- C_L is the external crystal total load capacitance. $C_L = C_s + [C_1 * C_2 / (C_1 + C_2)]$
- C_s is stray or parasitic capacitance on the pin due to any PCB traces
- C_1, C_2 external load capacitances on EXTAL and XTAL pins

See manufacture datasheet for external crystal component values

- When low-gain is selected, internal R_F will be selected and external R_F should not be attached.
 - When high-gain is selected, external R_F (1 M Ohm) needs to be connected for proper operation of the crystal. For external resistor, up to 5% tolerance is allowed.
- The EXTAL and XTAL pins should only be connected to required oscillator components and must not be connected to any other devices.

6.2.2 External System Oscillator frequency specifications

6.2.3 System Clock Generation (SCG) specifications

6.2.3.1 Fast internal RC Oscillator (FIRC) electrical specifications

Table 19. Fast internal RC Oscillator electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter ¹	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
F_{FIRC}	FIRC target frequency	—	48	—	MHz
ΔF	Frequency deviation across process, voltage, and temperature < 105°C	—	±0.5	±1	% F_{FIRC}
ΔF_{125}	Frequency deviation across process, voltage, and temperature < 125°C	—	±0.5	±1.1	% F_{FIRC}
T_{Startup}	Startup time		3.4	5	μs ²
T_{JIT}^3	Cycle-to-Cycle jitter	—	300	500	ps
T_{JIT}^3	Long term jitter over 1000 cycles	—	0.04	0.1	% F_{FIRC}

1. With FIRC regulator enable

2. Startup time is defined as the time between clock enablement and clock availability for system use.

3. FIRC as system clock

NOTE

Fast internal RC Oscillator is compliant with CAN and LIN standards.

6.2.3.2 Slow internal RC oscillator (SIRC) electrical specifications

Table 20. Slow internal RC oscillator (SIRC) electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
F_{SIRC}	SIRC target frequency	—	8	—	MHz
ΔF	Frequency deviation across process, voltage, and temperature < 105°C	—	—	±3	% F_{SIRC}
ΔF_{125}	Frequency deviation across process, voltage, and temperature < 125°C	—	—	±3.3	% F_{SIRC}
T_{Startup}	Startup time	—	9	12.5	μs ¹

1. Startup time is defined as the time between clock enablement and clock availability for system use.

6.3.1.1 Flash timing specifications — commands

Table 23. Flash command timing specifications for S32K14x

Symbol	Description ¹		S32K142		S32K144		S32K146		S32K148		Unit Notes	
			Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max		
t_{rd1blk}	Read 1 Block execution time	32 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ms	
		64 KB flash	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	—		
		128 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		256 KB flash	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		512 KB flash	—	—	—	1.8	—	2	—	2		
t_{rd1sec}	Read 1 Section execution time	2 KB flash	—	75	—	75	—	75	—	75	μ s	
		4 KB flash	—	100	—	100	—	100	—	100		
t_{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	—	—	95	—	95	—	95	—	100	μ s	
t_{pgm8}	Program Phrase execution time	—	90	225	90	225	90	225	90	225	μ s	
t_{ersblk}	Erase Flash Block execution time	32 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ms	2
		64 KB flash	30	550	30	550	30	550	—	—		
		128 KB flash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		256 KB flash	250	2125	—	—	—	—	—	—		
		512 KB flash	—	—	250	4250	250	4250	250	4250		
t_{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	—	12	130	12	130	12	130	12	130	ms	2
$t_{pgmsec1k}$	Program Section execution time (1KB flash)	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	ms	
t_{rd1all}	Read 1s All Block execution time	—	—	2.8	—	2.3	—	5.2	—	8.2	ms	
t_{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	—	—	30	—	30	—	30	—	30	μ s	
$t_{pgmonce}$	Program Once execution time	—	90	—	90	—	90	—	90	—	μ s	
t_{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	—	250	2800	400	4900	700	10000	1400	17000	ms	2
t_{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	—	—	35	—	35	—	35	—	35	μ s	
$t_{ersallu}$	Erase All Blocks Unsecure execution time	—	250	2800	400	4900	700	10000	1400	17000	ms	2
$t_{pgmpart}$	Program Partition for EEPROM backup execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	70	—	70	—	70	—	—	—	ms	3
		64 KB EEPROM backup	71	—	71	—	71	—	150	—		

Table continues on the next page...

Table 23. Flash command timing specifications for S32K14x (continued)

Symbol	Description ¹		S32K142		S32K144		S32K146		S32K148		Unit	Notes
			Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	Typ	Max		
t _{setram}	Set FlexRAM Function execution time	Control Code 0xFF	0.08	—	0.08	—	0.08	—	0.08	—	ms	3
		32 KB EEPROM backup	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2	—	—		
		48 KB EEPROM backup	1	1.5	1	1.5	1	1.5	—	—		
		64 KB EEPROM backup	1.3	1.9	1.3	1.9	1.3	1.9	1.3	1.9		
t _{eewr8b}	Byte write to FlexRAM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	385	1700	385	1700	385	1700	—	—	μs	3,4
		48 KB EEPROM backup	430	1850	430	1850	430	1850	—	—		
		64 KB EEPROM backup	475	2000	475	2000	475	2000	475	4000		
t _{eewr16b}	16-bit write to FlexRAM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	385	1700	385	1700	385	1700	—	—	μs	3,4
		48 KB EEPROM backup	430	1850	430	1850	430	1850	—	—		
		64 KB EEPROM backup	475	2000	475	2000	475	2000	475	4000		
t _{eewr32bers}	32-bit write to erased FlexRAM location execution time	—	360	2000	360	2000	360	2000	360	2000	μs	
t _{eewr32b}	32-bit write to FlexRAM execution time	32 KB EEPROM backup	630	2000	630	2000	630	2000	—	—	μs	3,4
		48 KB EEPROM backup	720	2125	720	2125	720	2125	—	—		
		64 KB EEPROM backup	810	2250	810	2250	810	2250	810	4500		
t _{quickwr}	32-bit Quick Write execution time: Time from CCIF clearing (start the write) until CCIF	1st 32-bit write	200	550	200	550	200	550	200	1100	μs	4,5,6
		2nd through Next to Last (Nth-1) 32-bit write	150	550	150	550	150	550	150	550		

Table continues on the next page...

Table 25. NVM reliability specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
When using FlexMemory feature : FlexRAM as Emulated EEPROM						
t_{nvmretee}	Data retention	5	—	—	years	4
$n_{\text{nvmwree16}}$	Write endurance	100 K	—	—	writes	5, 6, 7
$n_{\text{nvmwree256}}$	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 16 • EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 256	1.6 M	—	—	writes	

1. Data retention period per block begins upon initial user factory programming or after each subsequent erase.
2. Program and Erase for PFlash and DFlash are supported across product temperature specification in Normal Mode (not supported in HSRUN mode).
3. Cycling endurance is per DFlash or PFlash Sector.
4. Data retention period per block begins upon initial user factory programming or after each subsequent erase. Background maintenance operations during normal FlexRAM usage extend effective data retention life beyond 5 years.
5. FlexMemory write endurance specified for 16-bit and/or 32-bit writes to FlexRAM and is supported across product temperature specification in Normal Mode (not supported in HSRUN mode). Greater write endurance may be achieved with larger ratios of EEPROM backup to FlexRAM.
6. For usage of any EEE driver other than the FlexMemory feature, the endurance spec will fall back to the specified endurance value of the D-Flash specification (1K).
7. [FlexMemory calculator tool](#) is available at NXP web site for help in estimation of the maximum write endurance achievable at specific EEPROM/FlexRAM ratios. The “In Spec” portions of the online calculator refer to the NVM reliability specifications section of data sheet. This calculator is only applies to the FlexMemory feature.

6.3.2 QuadSPI AC specifications

The following table describes the QuadSPI electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 25 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- I/O operating voltage ranges from 2.97 V to 3.6 V
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN), the interface should be OFF.
- Add 50 ohm series termination on board in QuadSPI SCK for Flash A to avoid loop back reflection when using in Internal DQS (PAD Loopback) mode.
- QuadSPI trace length should be 3 inches.
- For non-Quad mode of operation if external device doesn't have pull-up feature, external pull-up needs to be added at board level for non-used pads.
- With external pull-up, performance of the interface may degrade based on load associated with external pull-up.

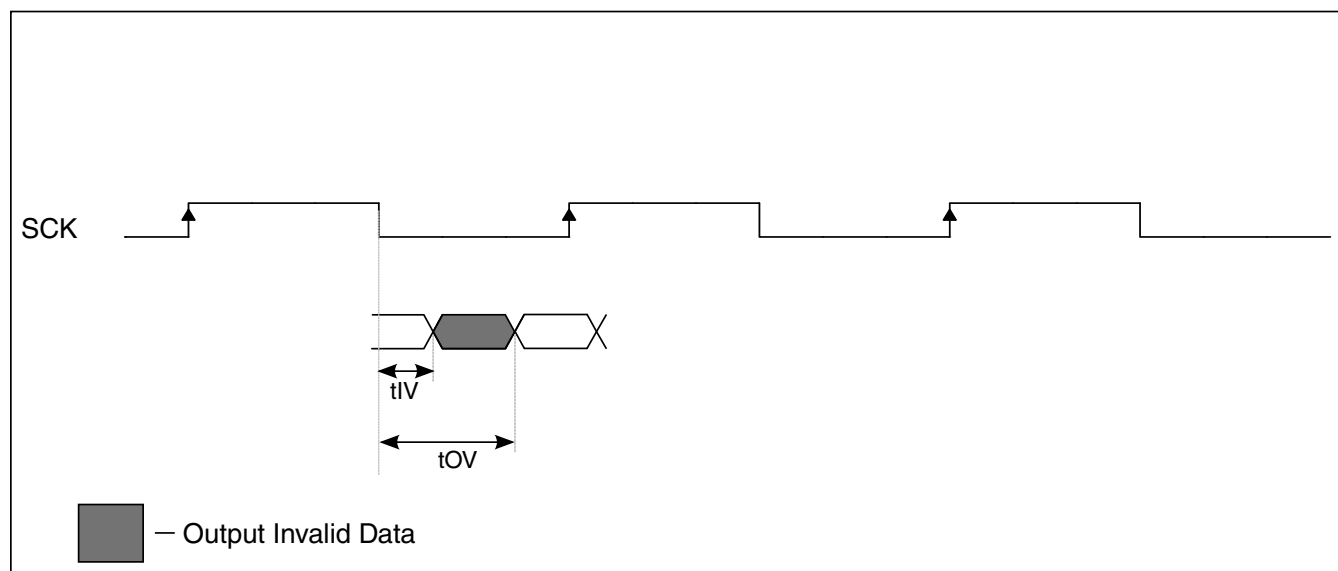


Figure 12. QuadSPI output timing (HyperRAM mode) diagram

6.4 Analog modules

6.4.1 ADC electrical specifications

6.4.1.1 12-bit ADC operating conditions

Table 27. 12-bit ADC operating conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{REFH}	ADC reference voltage high		See Voltage and current operating requirements for values	V_{DDA}	See Voltage and current operating requirements for values	V	2
V_{REFL}	ADC reference voltage low		See Voltage and current operating requirements for values	0	See Voltage and current operating requirements for values	mV	2
V_{ADIN}	Input voltage		V_{REFL}	—	V_{REFH}	V	
R_S	Source impedandance	$f_{ADCK} < 4 \text{ MHz}$	—	—	5	k Ω	
R_{SW1}	Channel Selection Switch Impedance		—	0.75	1.2	k Ω	
R_{AD}	Sampling Switch Impedance		—	2	5	k Ω	
C_{P1}	Pin Capacitance		—	10	—	pF	
C_{P2}	Analog Bus Capacitance		—	—	4	pF	
C_S	Sampling capacitance		—	4	5	pF	

Table continues on the next page...

6.4.2 CMP with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications

Table 31. Comparator with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I _{DDHS}	Supply current, High-speed mode ¹				μA
	-40 - 125 °C	—	230	300	
I _{DDL}	Supply current, Low-speed mode ¹				μA
	-40 - 105 °C	—	6	11	
	-40 - 125 °C		6	13	
V _{AIN}	Analog input voltage	0	0 - V _{DDA}	V _{DDA}	V
V _{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage, High-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	-25	±1	25	
V _{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage, Low-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	-40	±4	40	
t _{DHSB}	Propagation delay, High-speed mode ²				ns
	-40 - 105 °C	—	35	200	
	-40 - 125 °C		35	300	
t _{DL}	Propagation delay, Low-speed mode ²				μs
	-40 - 105 °C	—	0.5	2	
	-40 - 125 °C	—	0.5	3	
t _{DH}	Propagation delay, High-speed mode ³				ns
	-40 - 105 °C	—	70	400	
	-40 - 125 °C	—	70	500	
t _{DL}	Propagation delay, Low-speed mode ³				μs
	-40 - 105 °C	—	1	5	
	-40 - 125 °C	—	1	5	
t _{IDH}	Initialization delay, High-speed mode ⁴				μs
	-40 - 125 °C	—	1.5	3	
t _{ID}	Initialization delay, Low-speed mode ⁴				μs
	-40 - 125 °C	—	10	30	
V _{HYST0}	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst0				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	—	0	—	
V _{HYST1}	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst1, High-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	—	19	66	
	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst1, Low-speed mode				
	-40 - 125 °C	—	15	40	
V _{HYST2}	Analog comparator hysteresis, Hyst2, High-speed mode				mV
	-40 - 125 °C	—	34	133	

Table continues on the next page...

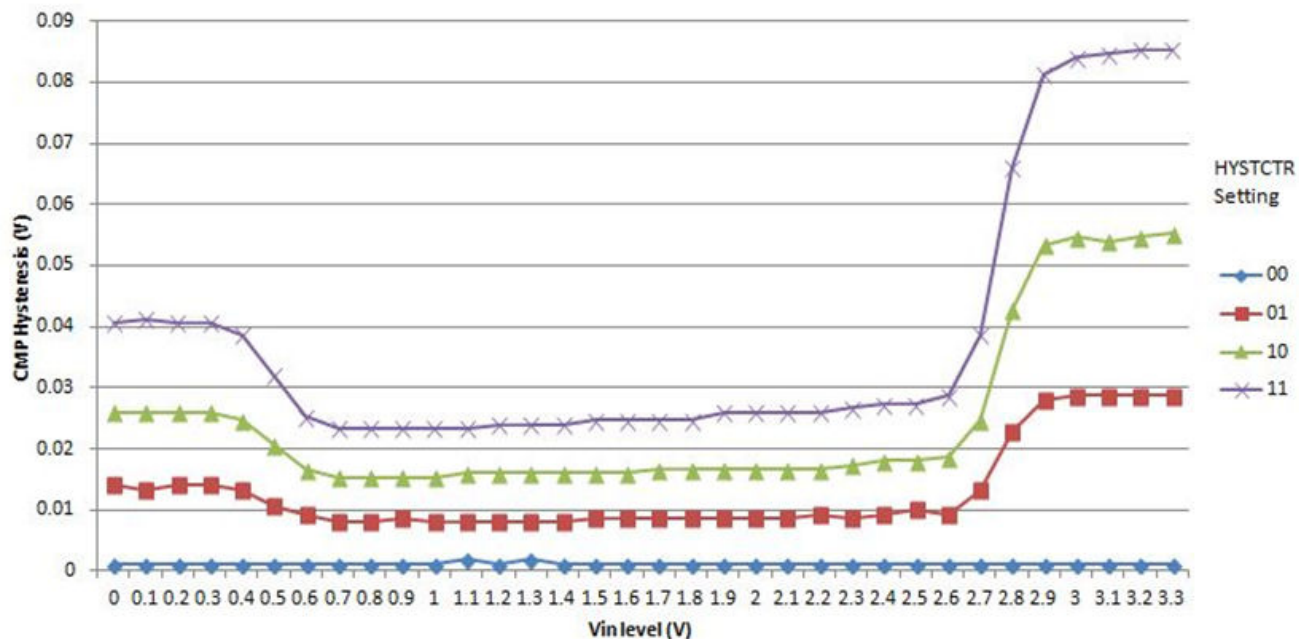


Figure 14. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 3.3 V, PMODE = 0)

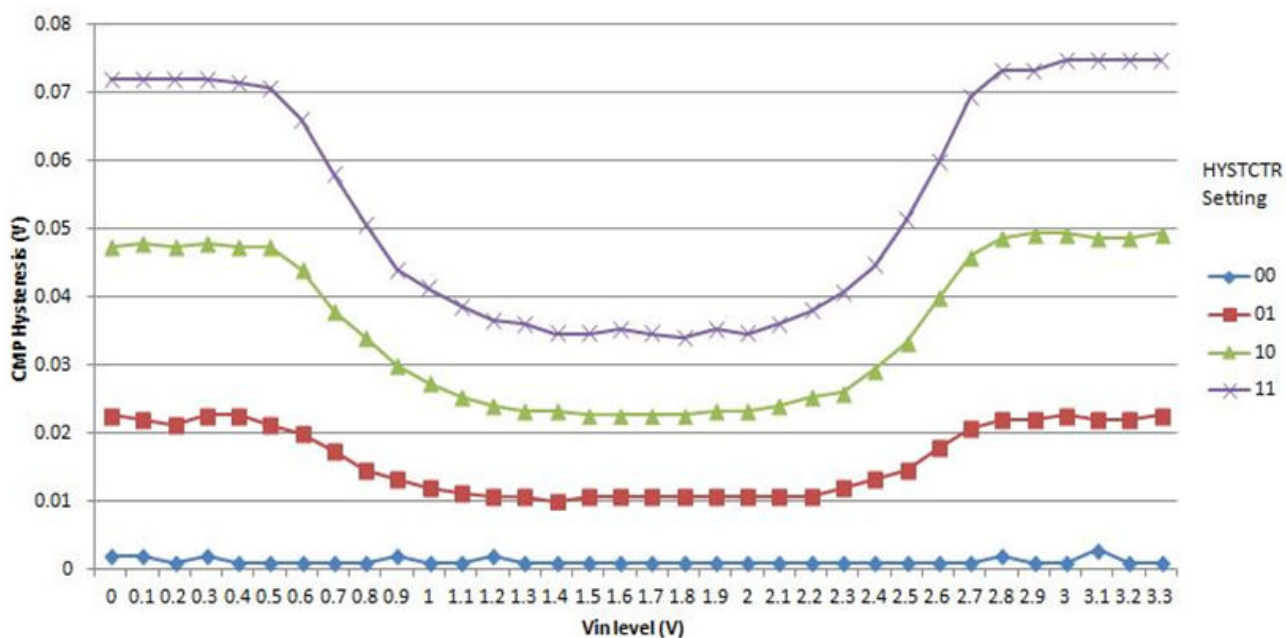


Figure 15. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDDA = 3.3 V, PMODE = 1)

6.5 Communication modules

6.5.1 LPUART electrical specifications

Refer to [General AC specifications](#) for LPUART specifications.

6.5.1.1 Supported baud rate

Baud rate = Baud clock / ((OSR+1) * SBR).

For details, see section: 'Baud rate generation' of the *Reference Manual*.

6.5.2 LPSPI electrical specifications

The Low Power Serial Peripheral Interface (LPSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The following tables provide timing characteristics for classic LPSPI timing modes.

- All timing is shown with respect to 20% V_{DD} and 80% V_{DD} thresholds.
- All measurements are with maximum output load of 50 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew setting (DSE = 1).

Table 32. LPSPI electrical specifications¹

Num	Symbol	Description	Conditions	Run Mode ²				HSRUN Mode ²				VLPR Mode				Unit
				5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
	f _{periph} ^{3, 4}	Peripheral Frequency	Slave	-	40	-	40	-	56	-	56	-	4	-	4	MHz
			Master	-	40	-	40	-	56	-	56	-	4	-	4	
			Master Loopback ⁵	-	40	-	48	-	48	-	48	-	4	-	4	
			Master Loopback(slow) ⁶	-	48	-	48	-	48	-	48	-	4	-	4	
1	f _{op}	Frequency of operation	Slave	-	10	-	10	-	14	-	14 ⁷	-	2	-	2	MHz
			Master	-	10	-	10	-	14	-	14 ⁷	-	2	-	2	
			Master Loopback ⁵	-	20	-	12	-	24	-	12	-	2	-	2	
			Master Loopback(slow) ⁶	-	12	-	12	-	12	-	12	-	2	-	2	
2	t _{SPSCK}	SPSCK period	Slave	100	-	100	-	72	-	72	-	500	-	500	-	ns
			Master	100	-	100	-	72	-	72	-	500	-	500	-	
			Master Loopback ⁵	50	-	83	-	42	-	83	-	500	-	500	-	
			Master Loopback(slow) ⁶	83	-	83	-	83	-	83	-	500	-	500	-	
3	t _{Lead} ⁸	Enable lead time (PCS to SPSCK delay)	Slave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ns
			Master	(PCSSCK+1)*t _{periph} -25	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t _{periph} -25	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t _{periph} -25	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t _{periph} -25	(PCSSCK+1)*t _{periph} -50	-	(PCSSCK+1)*t _{periph} -50	-		
			Master Loopback ⁵													
			Master Loopback(slow) ⁶													

Table continues on the next page...

Table 32. LPSPI electrical specifications¹ (continued)

Num	Symbol	Description	Conditions	Run Mode ²				HSRUN Mode ²				VLPR Mode				Unit
				5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		5.0 V IO		3.3 V IO		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
			Master Loopback(slow) ⁶	-		-		-		-		-		-		

- Trace length should not exceed 11 inches for SCK pad when used in Master loopback mode.
- While transitioning from HSRUN mode to RUN mode, LPSPI output clock should not be more than 14 MHz.
- f_{periph} = LPSPI peripheral clock
- $t_{\text{periph}} = 1/f_{\text{periph}}$
- Master Loopback mode - In this mode LPSPI_SCK clock is delayed for sampling the input data which is enabled by setting LPSPI_CFGR1[SAMPLE] bit as 1. Clock pads used are PTD15 and PTE0. Applicable only for LPSPI0.
- Master Loopback (slow) - In this mode LPSPI_SCK clock is delayed for sampling the input data which is enabled by setting LPSPI_CFGR1[SAMPLE] bit as 1. Clock pad used is PTB2. Applicable only for LPSPI0.
- This is the maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) for LPSPI0 with medium PAD type only. Otherwise, the maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) is 12 Mhz.
- Set the PCSSCK configuration bit as 0, for a minimum of 1 delay cycle of LPSPI baud rate clock, where PCSSCK ranges from 0 to 255.
- Set the SCKPCS configuration bit as 0, for a minimum of 1 delay cycle of LPSPI baud rate clock, where SCKPCS ranges from 0 to 255.
- While selecting odd dividers, ensure Duty Cycle is meeting this parameter.
- Maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) is 12 MHz irrespective of PAD type and LPSPI instance.
- Applicable for LPSPI0 only with medium PAD type, with maximum operating frequency (f_{op}) as 14 MHz.

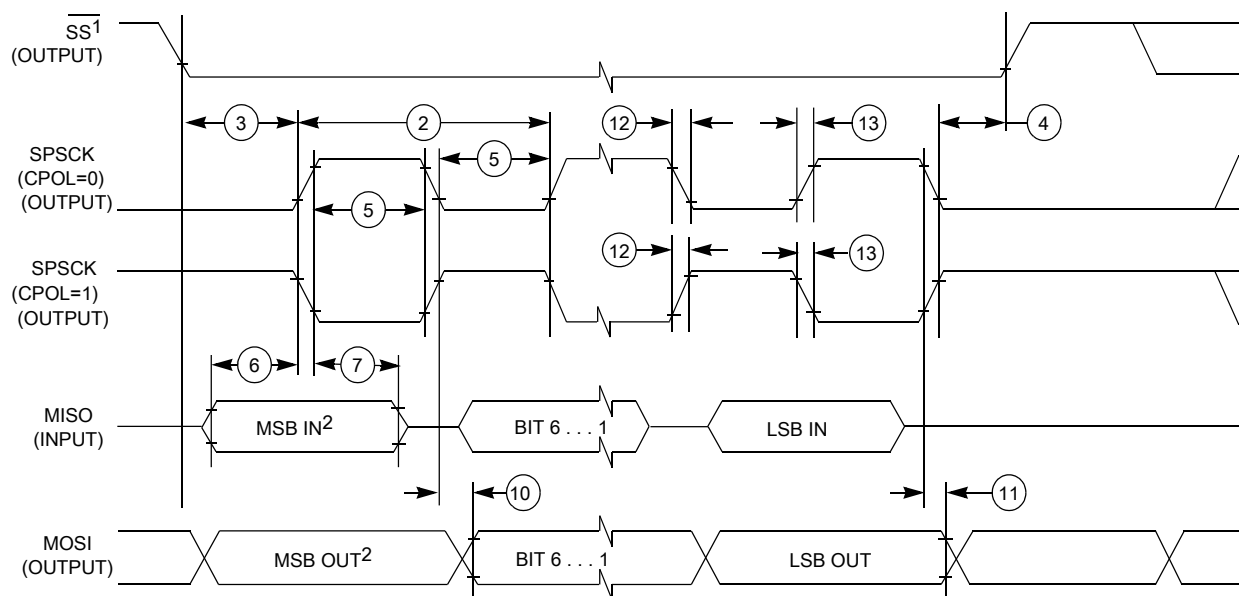


Figure 18. LPSPI master mode timing (CPHA = 0)

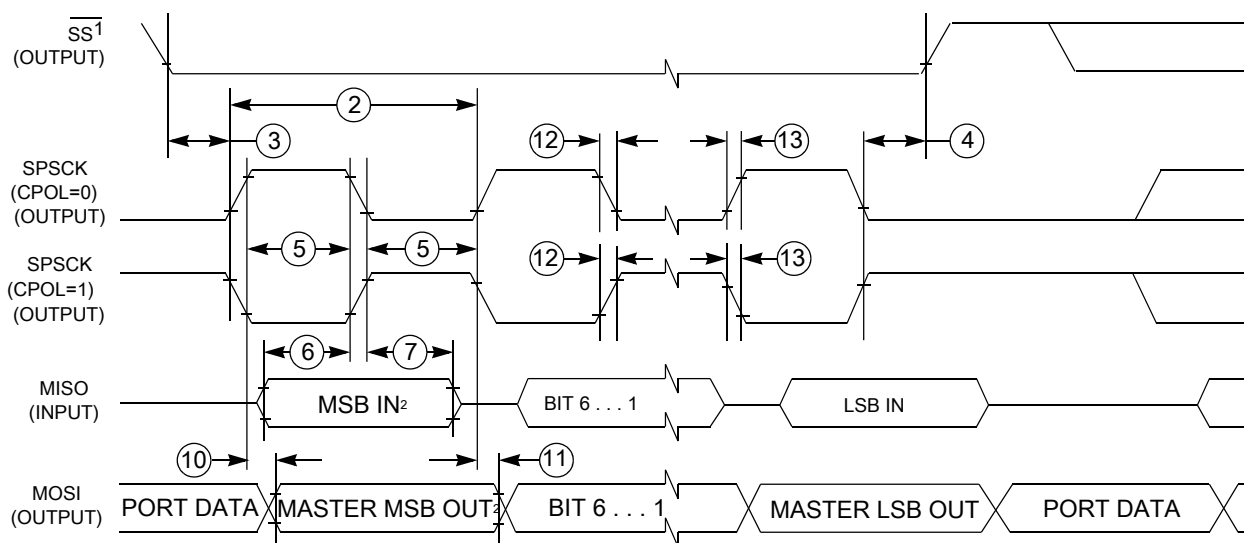


Figure 19. LPSPI master mode timing (CPHA = 1)

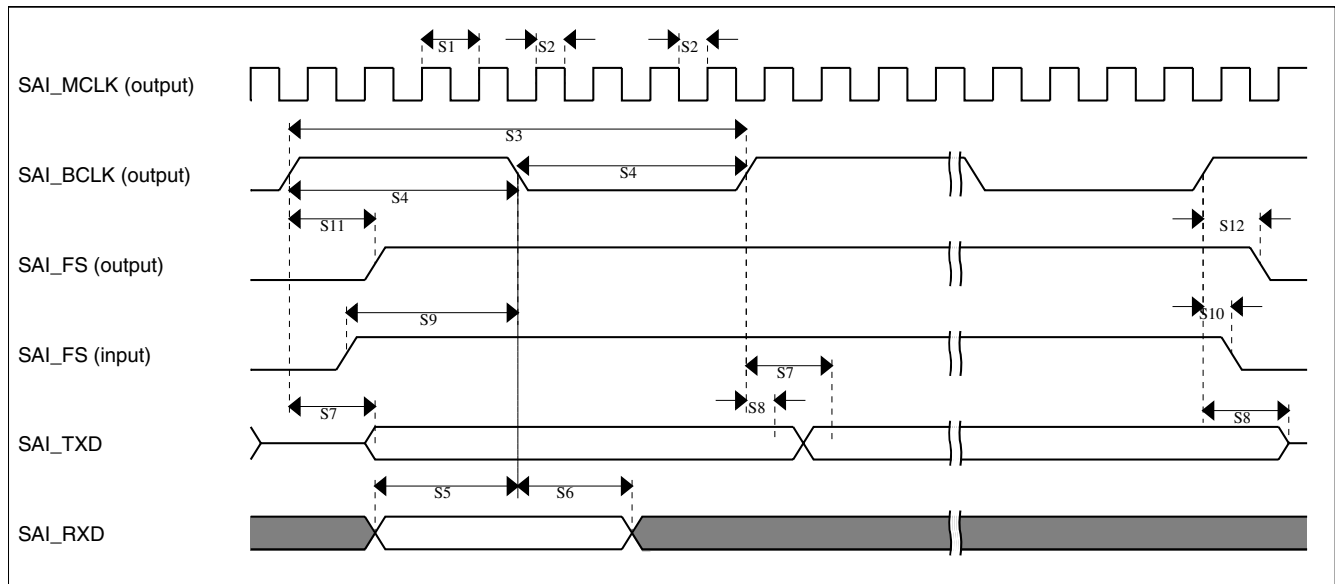


Figure 22. SAI Timing — Master modes

Table 34. Slave mode timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	Operating voltage	2.97	3.6	V
S13	SAI_BCLK cycle time (input)	80	—	ns
S14 ¹	SAI_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	BCLK period
S15	SAI_RXD input setup before SAI_BCLK	8	—	ns
S16	SAI_RXD input hold after SAI_BCLK	2	—	ns
S17	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD output valid	—	28	ns
S18	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD output invalid	0	—	ns
S19	SAI_FS input setup before SAI_BCLK	8	—	ns
S20	SAI_FS input hold after SAI_BCLK	2	—	ns
S21	SAI_BCLK to SAI_FS output valid	—	28	ns
S22	SAI_BCLK to SAI_FS output invalid	0	—	ns

1. The slave mode parameters (S15 - S22) assume 50% duty cycle on SAI_BCLK input. Any change in SAI_BCLK duty cycle input must be taken care during the board design or by the master timing.

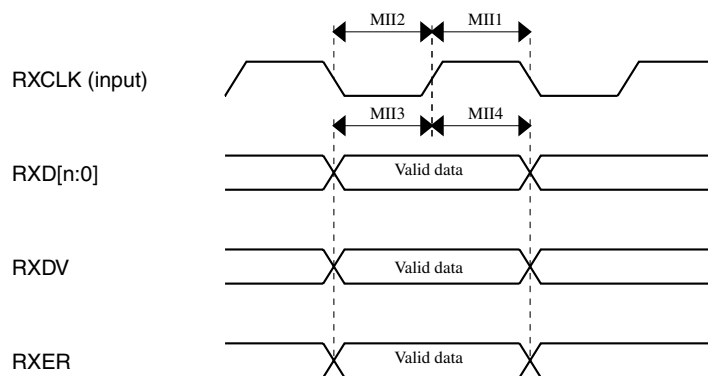


Figure 24. MII receive diagram

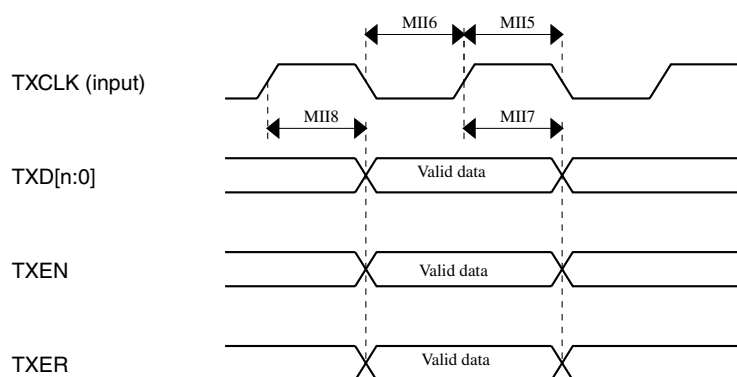


Figure 25. MII transmit signal diagram

The following table describes the RMII electrical characteristics.

- Measurements are with maximum output load of 25 pF, input transition of 1 ns and pad configured with fastest slew settings (DSE = 1'b1).
- I/O operating voltage ranges from 2.97 V to 3.6 V
- While doing the mode transition (RUN -> HSRUN or HSRUN -> RUN), the interface should be OFF.

Table 36. RMII signal switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	RMII input clock RMII_CLK Frequency	—	50	MHz
RMII1, RMII5	RMII_CLK pulse width high	35%	65%	RMII_CLK period
RMII2, RMII6	RMII_CLK pulse width low	35%	65%	RMII_CLK period
RMII3	RXD[1:0], CRS_DV, RXER to RMII_CLK setup	4	—	ns
RMII4	RMII_CLK to RXD[1:0], CRS_DV, RXER hold	2	—	ns

Table continues on the next page...

Table 43. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		- Updated values for V_{REFH} and V_{REFL} to add reference to the section "voltage and current operating requirements" for Min and Max values - Updated footnote to Typ. - Removed footnote from RAS Analog source resistance - Updated figure: ADC input impedance equivalency diagram - In table: 12-bit ADC characteristics (2.7 V to 3 V) ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SS}$) - Removed rows for V_{TEMP_S} and V_{TEMP25} - Updated footnote to Typ. - In table: 12-bit ADC characteristics (3 V to 5.5 V) ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SS}$) - Removed rows for V_{TEMP_S} and V_{TEMP25} - Removed number for TUE - Updated footnote to Typ. - In table: Comparator with 8-bit DAC electrical specifications - Updated Typ. of I_{DDL5} Supply current, Low-speed mode - Updated Typ. of t_{DL5B} Propagation delay, Low-speed mode - Updated Typ. of t_{DH5S} Propagation delay, High-speed mode - Updated t_{DL5S} Propagation delay - Added row for t_{DDAC} Initialization and switching settling time - Updated footnote - Updated section LPSPi electrical specifications - Added section: SAI electrical specifications - Updated section: Ethernet AC specifications - Added section: Clockout frequency - Added section: Trace electrical specifications - Updated table: Table 41 : Updated numbers for S32K142 and S32K148 - Updated table: Table 42 : Updated numbers for S32K148 - Updated Document number for 32-pin QFN in topic Obtaining package dimensions
3	14 March 2017	- In Table 2 - Updated min. value of V_{DD_OFF} - Added parameter I_{INJSUM_AF} - Updated Power mode transition operating behaviors - Updated Power consumption - Updated footnote to T_{SPLL_LOCK} in SPLL electrical specifications - In 12-bit ADC electrical characteristics - Updated table: 12-bit ADC characteristics (2.7 V to 3 V) ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SS}$) - Added typ. value to I_{DDA_ADC}, TUE, DNL, and INL - Added min. value to SMPLTS - Removed footnote 'All the parameters in this table ... ' - Updated table: 12-bit ADC characteristics (3 V to 5.5 V) ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SS}$) - Added typ. value to I_{DDA_ADC} - Removed footnote 'All the parameters in this table ... ' - In Flash timing specifications — commands updated Max. value of t_{Vfykey} to 33 μs
4	02 June 2017	- In section: Block diagram, added block diagram for S32K11x series. - Updated figure: S32K1xx product series comparison. - In section: Selecting orderable part number , added reference to attachment S32K_Part_Numbers.xlsx. - In section: Ordering information - Updated figure: Ordering information. - In Table 1,

Table continues on the next page...