



Welcome to [E·XFL.COM](#)

Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In-System Reprogrammable™ (ISR™) CMOS
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	6 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	32
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	37
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy37032p44-200axc

Selection Guide

5.0V Selection Guide

General Information

Device	Macrocells	Dedicated Inputs	I/O Pins	Speed (t_{PD})	Speed (f_{MAX})
CY37032	32	5	32	6	200
CY37064	64	5	32/64	6	200
CY37128	128	5	64/128	6.5	167
CY37192	192	5	120	7.5	154
CY37256	256	5	128/160/192	7.5	154
CY37384	384	5	160/192	10	118
CY37512	512	5	160/192/264	10	118

Speed Bins

Device	200	167	154	143	125	100	83	66
CY37032	X		X		X			
CY37064	X		X		X			
CY37128		X			X	X		
CY37192			X		X		X	
CY37256			X		X		X	
CY37384					X		X	
CY37512					X	X	X	

Device-Package Offering and I/O Count

Device	44-Lead TQFP	44-Lead PLCC	44-Lead CLCC	84-Lead PLCC	84-Lead CLCC	100-Lead TQFP	160-Lead TQFP	160-Lead CQFP	208-Lead PQFP	208-Lead CQFP	292-Lead PBGA	388-Lead PBGA
CY37032	37	37										
CY37064	37	37	37	69		69						
CY37128				69	69	69	133					
CY37192							125					
CY37256							133	133	165		197	
CY37384									165		197	
CY37512									165	165	197	269

3.3V Selection Guide

General Information

Device	Macrocells	Dedicated Inputs	I/O Pins	Speed (t_{PD})	Speed (f_{MAX})
CY37032V	32	5	32	8.5	143
CY37064V	64	5	32/64	8.5	143
CY37128V	128	5	64/80/128	10	125
CY37192V	192	5	120	12	100
CY37256V	256	5	128/160/192	12	100
CY37384V	384	5	160/192	15	83
CY37512V	512	5	160/192/264	15	83

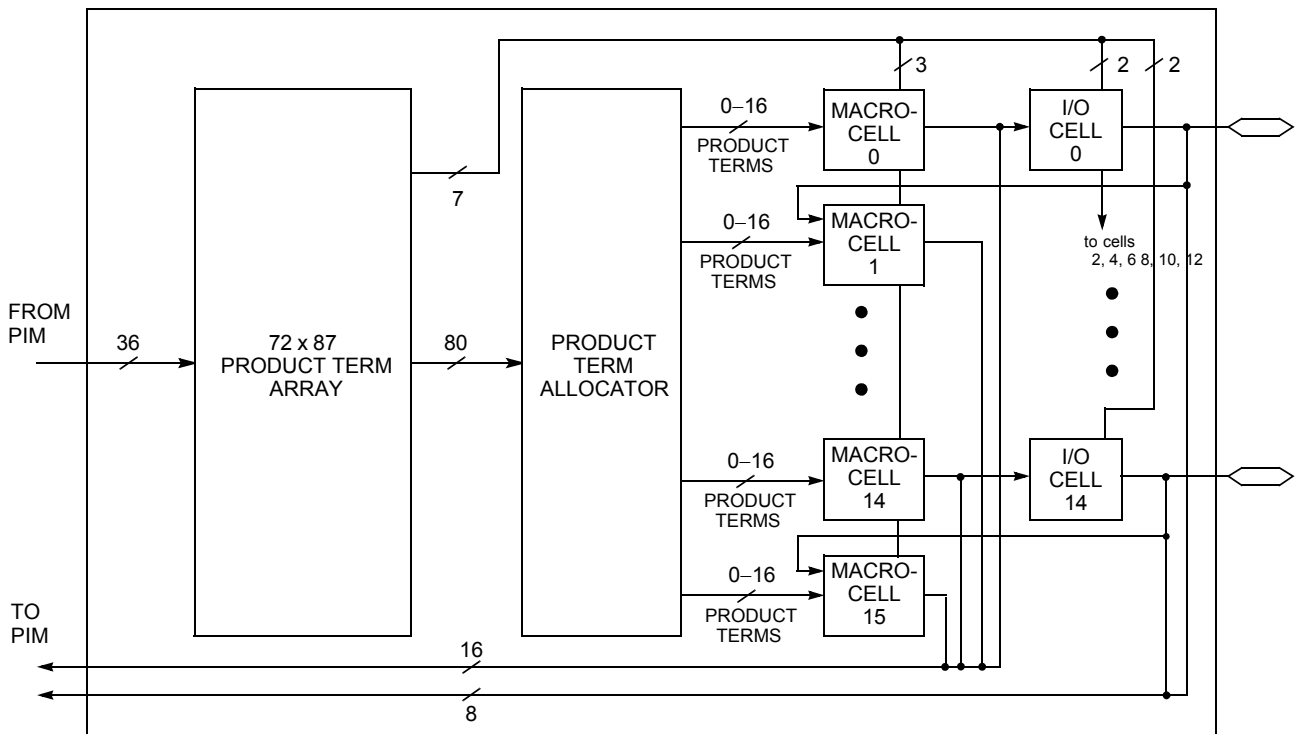


Figure 1. Logic Block with 50% Buried Macrocells

Low-Power Option

Each logic block can operate in high-speed mode for critical path performance, or in low-power mode for power conservation. The logic block mode is set by the user on a logic block basis.

Product Term Allocator

Through the product term allocator, software automatically distributes product terms among the 16 macrocells in the logic block as needed. A total of 80 product terms are available from the local product term array. The product term allocator provides two important capabilities without affecting performance: product term steering and product term sharing.

Product Term Steering

Product term steering is the process of assigning product terms to macrocells as needed. For example, if one macrocell requires ten product terms while another needs just three, the product term allocator will “steer” ten product terms to one macrocell and three to the other. On Ultra37000 devices, product terms are steered on an individual basis. Any number between 0 and 16 product terms can be steered to any macrocell. Note that 0 product terms is useful in cases where a particular macrocell is unused or used as an input register.

Product Term Sharing

Product term sharing is the process of using the same product term among multiple macrocells. For example, if more than one output has one or more product terms in its equation that are common to other outputs, those product terms are only programmed once. The Ultra37000 product term allocator allows sharing across groups of four output macrocells in a

variable fashion. The software automatically takes advantage of this capability—the user does not have to intervene.

Note that neither product term sharing nor product term steering have any effect on the speed of the product. All worst-case steering and sharing configurations have been incorporated in the timing specifications for the Ultra37000 devices.

Ultra37000 Macrocell

Within each logic block there are 16 macrocells. Macrocells can either be I/O Macrocells, which include an I/O Cell which is associated with an I/O pin, or buried Macrocells, which do not connect to an I/O. The combination of I/O Macrocells and buried Macrocells varies from device to device.

Buried Macrocell

Figure 2 displays the architecture of buried macrocells. The buried macrocell features a register that can be configured as combinatorial, a D flip-flop, a T flip-flop, or a level-triggered latch.

The register can be asynchronously set or asynchronously reset at the logic block level with the separate set and reset product terms. Each of these product terms features programmable polarity. This allows the registers to be set or reset based on an AND expression or an OR expression.

Clocking of the register is very flexible. Four global synchronous clocks and a product term clock are available to clock the register. Furthermore, each clock features programmable polarity so that registers can be triggered on falling as well as rising edges (see the Clocking section). Clock polarity is chosen at the logic block level.

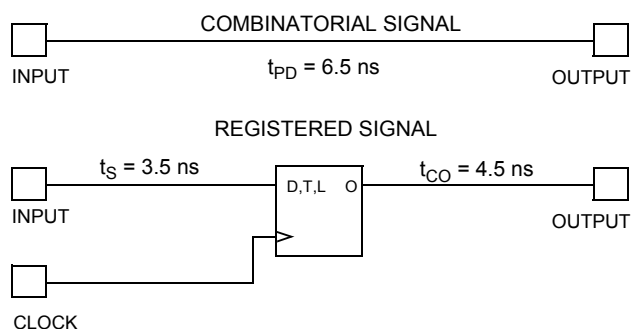


Figure 5. Timing Model for CY37128

JTAG and PCI Standards

PCI Compliance

5V operation of the Ultra37000 is fully compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification published by the PCI Special Interest Group. The 3.3V products meet all PCI requirements except for the output 3.3V clamp, which is in direct conflict with 5V tolerance. The Ultra37000 family's simple and predictable timing model ensures compliance with the PCI AC specifications independent of the design.

IEEE 1149.1-compliant JTAG

The Ultra37000 family has an IEEE 1149.1 JTAG interface for both Boundary Scan and ISR.

Boundary Scan

The Ultra37000 family supports Bypass, Sample/Preload, Extest, Idcode, and Usercode boundary scan instructions. The JTAG interface is shown in Figure 6.

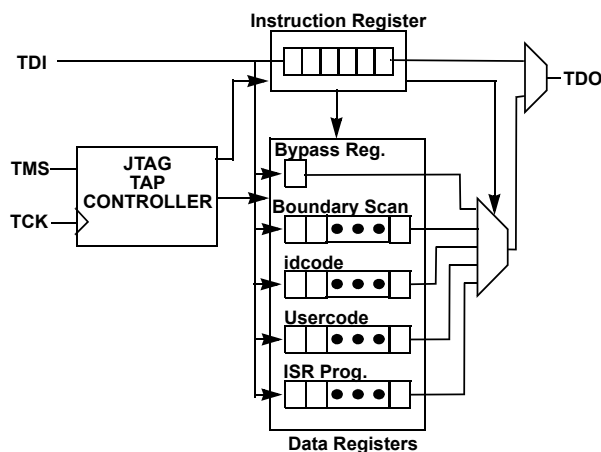


Figure 6. JTAG Interface

In-System Reprogramming (ISR)

In-System Reprogramming is the combination of the capability to program or reprogram a device on-board, and the ability to support design changes without changing the system timing or device pinout. This combination means design changes during debug or field upgrades do not cause board respins. The Ultra37000 family implements ISR by providing a JTAG compliant interface for on-board programming, robust routing

resources for pinout flexibility, and a simple timing model for consistent system performance.

Development Software Support

Warp

Warp is a state-of-the-art compiler and complete CPLD design tool. For design entry, Warp provides an IEEE-STD-1076/1164 VHDL text editor, an IEEE-STD-1364 Verilog text editor, and a graphical finite state machine editor. It provides optimized synthesis and fitting by replacing basic circuits with ones pre-optimized for the target device, by implementing logic in unused memory and by perfect communication between fitting and synthesis. To facilitate design and debugging, Warp provides graphical timing simulation and analysis.

Warp Professional™

Warp Professional contains several additional features. It provides an extra method of design entry with its graphical block diagram editor. It allows up to 5 ms timing simulation instead of only 2 ms. It allows comparison of waveforms before and after design changes.

Warp Enterprise™

Warp Enterprise provides even more features. It provides unlimited timing simulation and source-level behavioral simulation as well as a debugger. It has the ability to generate graphical HDL blocks from HDL text. It can even generate testbenches.

Warp is available for PC and UNIX platforms. Some features are not available in the UNIX version. For further information see the Warp for PC, Warp for UNIX, Warp Professional and Warp Enterprise data sheets on Cypress's web site (www.cypress.com).

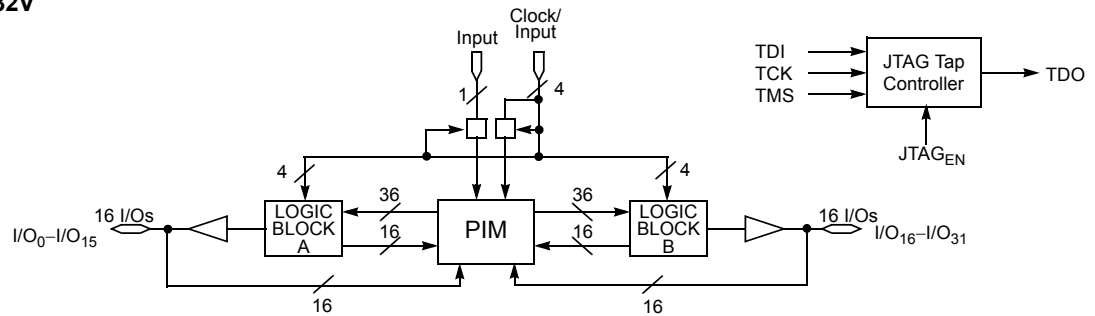
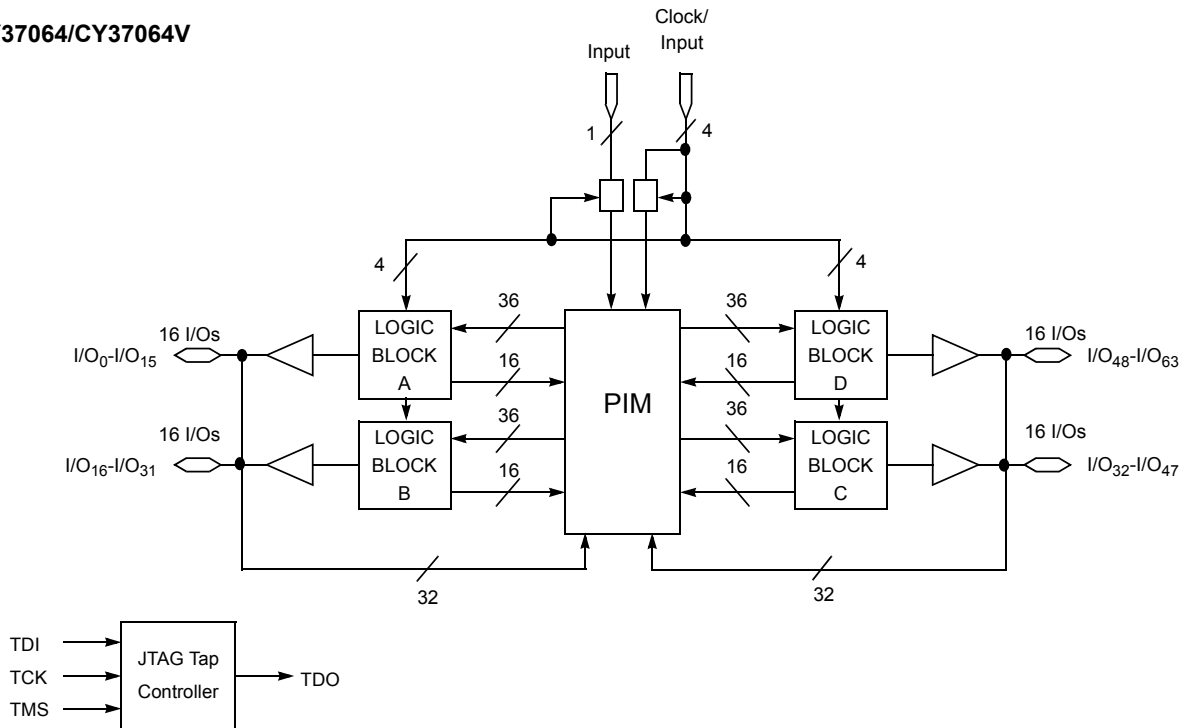
Third-Party Software

Although Warp is a complete CPLD development tool on its own, it interfaces with nearly every third party EDA tool. All major third-party software vendors provide support for the Ultra37000 family of devices. Refer to the third-party software data sheet or contact your local sales office for a list of currently supported third-party vendors.

Programming

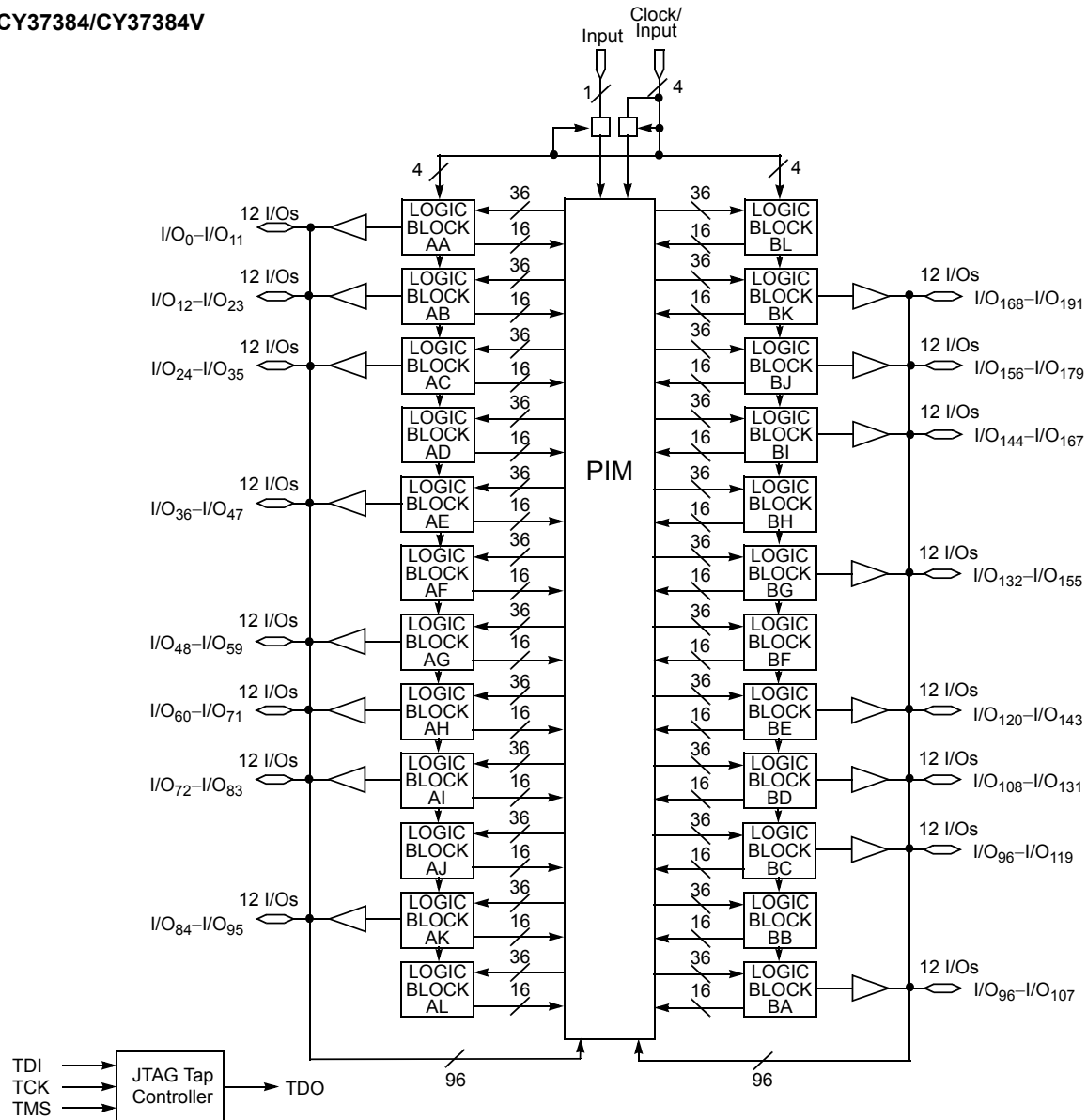
There are four programming options available for Ultra37000 devices. The first method is to use a PC with the 37000 UltraISR programming cable and software. With this method, the ISR pins of the Ultra37000 devices are routed to a connector at the edge of the printed circuit board. The 37000 UltraISR programming cable is then connected between the parallel port of the PC and this connector. A simple configuration file instructs the ISR software of the programming operations to be performed on each of the Ultra37000 devices in the system. The ISR software then automatically completes all of the necessary data manipulations required to accomplish the programming, reading, verifying, and other ISR functions. For more information on the Cypress ISR Interface, see the ISR Programming Kit data sheet (CY3700i).

The second method for programming Ultra37000 devices is on automatic test equipment (ATE). This is accomplished through a file created by the ISR software. Check the Cypress website for the latest ISR software download information.

Logic Block Diagrams
CY37032/CY37032V

CY37064/CY37064V


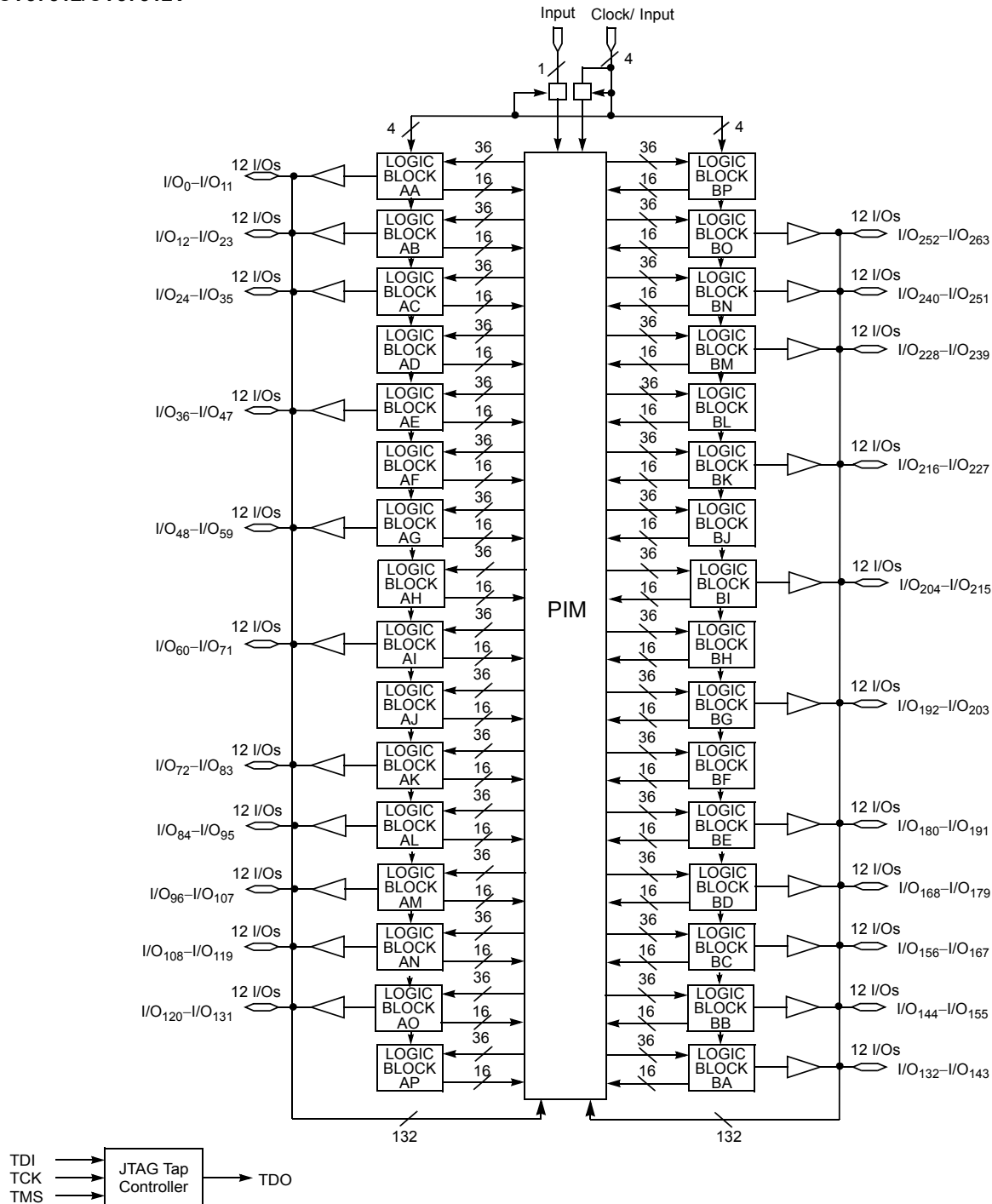
Logic Block Diagrams (continued)

CY37384/CY37384V



Logic Block Diagrams (continued)

CY37512/CY37512V



Inductance^[5]

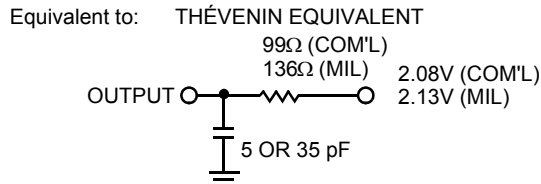
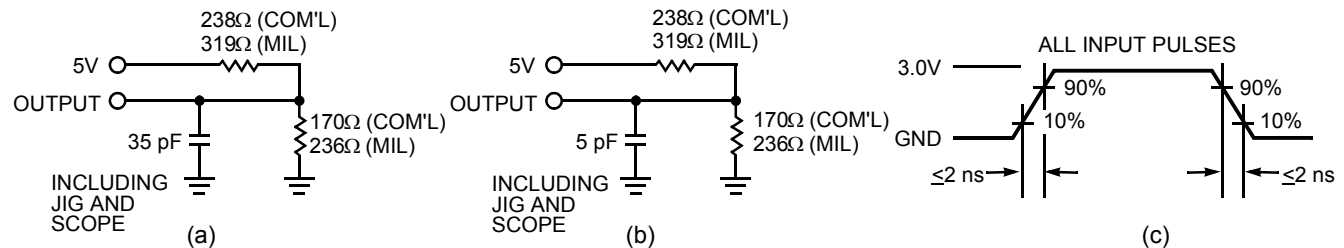
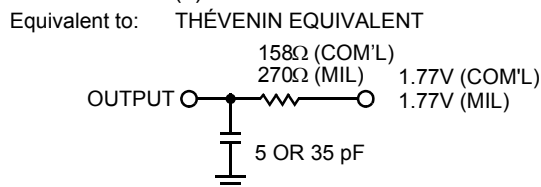
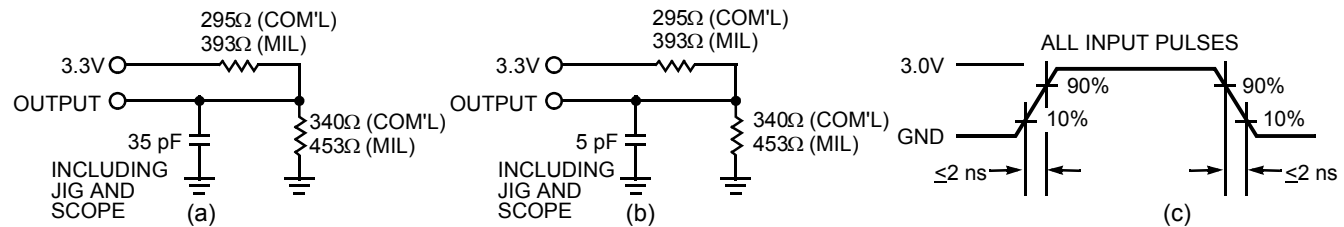
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	44-Lead TQFP	44-Lead PLCC	44-Lead CLCC	84-Lead PLCC	84-Lead CLCC	100-Lead TQFP	160-Lead TQFP	208-Lead PQFP	Unit
L	Maximum Pin Inductance	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$ at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	2	5	2	8	5	8	9	11	nH

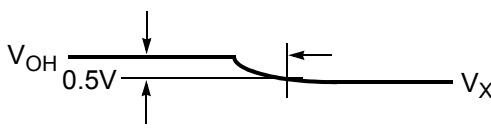
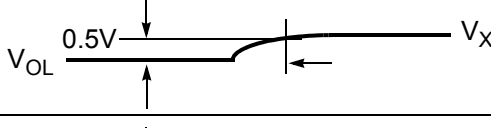
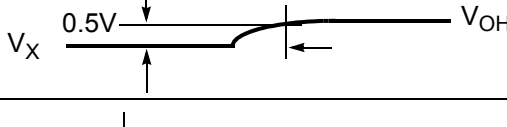
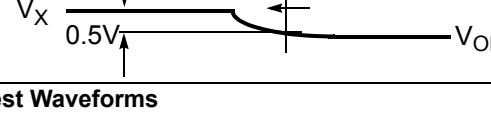
Capacitance^[5]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
$C_{I/O}$	Input/Output Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$ at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ C$	8	pF
C_{CLK}	Clock Signal Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$ at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ C$	12	pF
C_{DP}	Dual Functional Pins ^[9]	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$ at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ C$	16	pF

Endurance Characteristics^[5]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Unit
N	Minimum Reprogramming Cycles	Normal Programming Conditions ^[2]	1,000	10,000	Cycles

AC Characteristics
5.0V AC Test Loads and Waveforms

3.3V AC Test Loads and Waveforms


Parameter ^[11]	V _X	Output Waveform—Measurement Level
t _{ER} (-)	1.5V	
t _{ER} (+)	2.6V	
t _{EA} (+)	1.5V	
t _{EA} (-)	V _{the}	

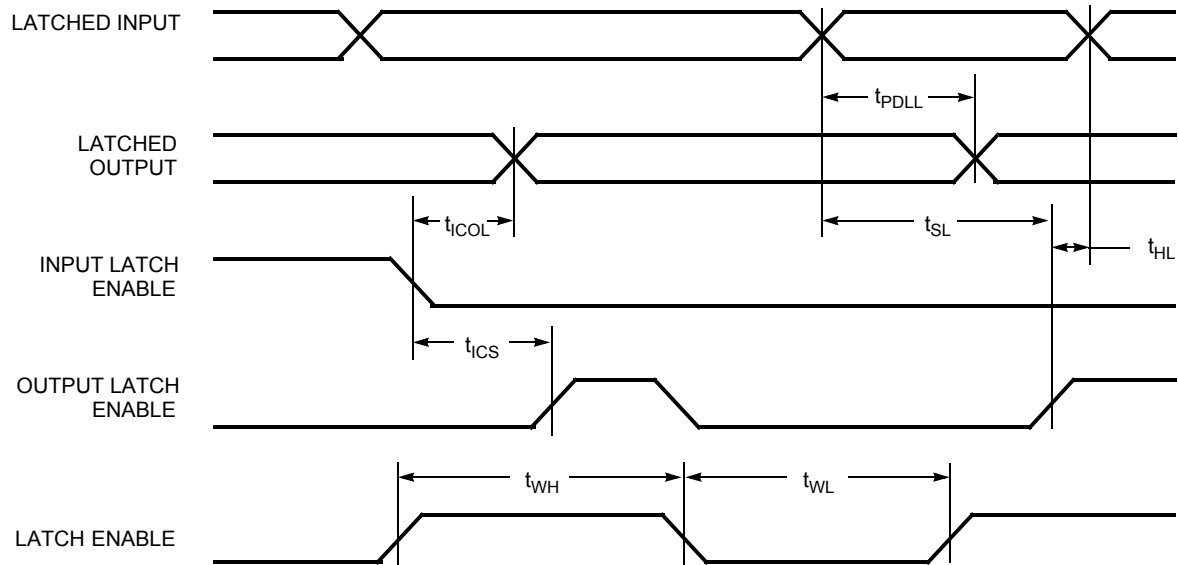
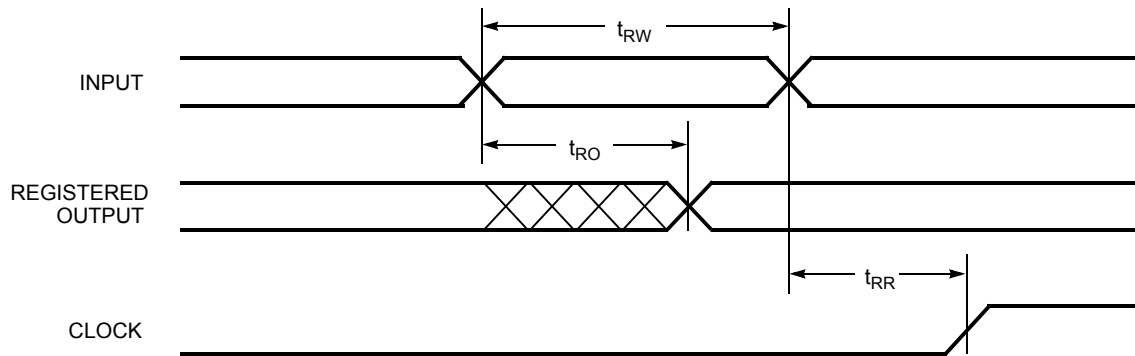
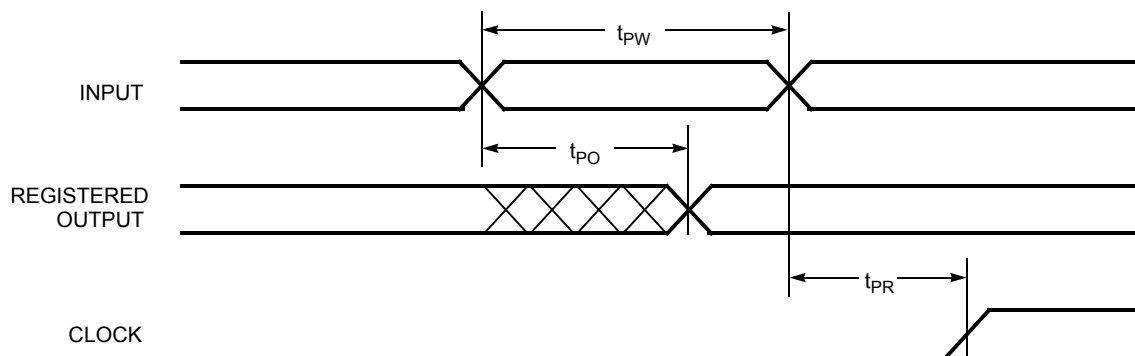
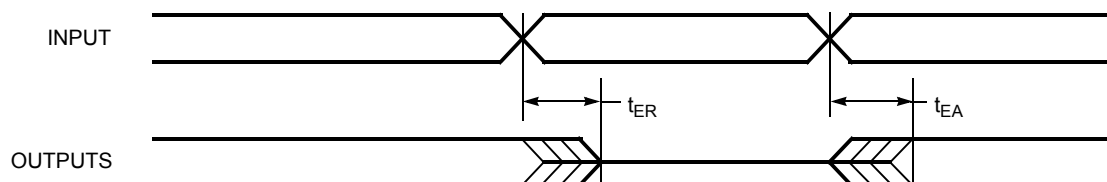
(d) Test Waveforms

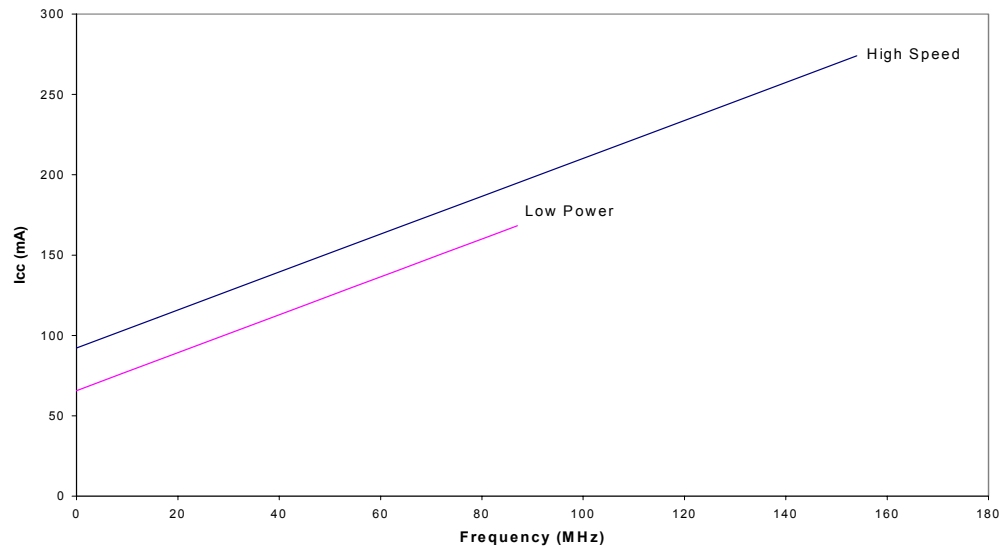
Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range ^[12]

Parameter	Description	Unit
Combinatorial Mode Parameters		
t _{PD} ^[13, 14, 15]	Input to Combinatorial Output	ns
t _{PDL} ^[13, 14, 15]	Input to Output Through Transparent Input or Output Latch	ns
t _{PDLL} ^[13, 14, 15]	Input to Output Through Transparent Input and Output Latches	ns
t _{EA} ^[13, 14, 15]	Input to Output Enable	ns
t _{ER} ^[11, 13]	Input to Output Disable	ns
Input Register Parameters		
t _{WL}	Clock or Latch Enable Input LOW Time ^[8]	ns
t _{WH}	Clock or Latch Enable Input HIGH Time ^[8]	ns
t _{IS}	Input Register or Latch Set-up Time	ns
t _{IH}	Input Register or Latch Hold Time	ns
t _{CO} ^[13, 14, 15]	Input Register Clock or Latch Enable to Combinatorial Output	ns
t _{COL} ^[13, 14, 15]	Input Register Clock or Latch Enable to Output Through Transparent Output Latch	ns
Synchronous Clocking Parameters		
t _{CO} ^[14, 15]	Synchronous Clock (CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , or CLK ₃) or Latch Enable to Output	ns
t _S ^[13]	Set-Up Time from Input to Sync. Clk (CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , or CLK ₃) or Latch Enable	ns
t _H	Register or Latch Data Hold Time	ns
t _{CO2} ^[13, 14, 15]	Output Synchronous Clock (CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , or CLK ₃) or Latch Enable to Combinatorial Output Delay (Through Logic Array)	ns
t _{SCS} ^[13]	Output Synchronous Clock (CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , or CLK ₃) or Latch Enable to Output Synchronous Clock (CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , or CLK ₃) or Latch Enable (Through Logic Array)	ns
t _{SL} ^[13]	Set-Up Time from Input Through Transparent Latch to Output Register Synchronous Clock (CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , or CLK ₃) or Latch Enable	ns
t _{HL}	Hold Time for Input Through Transparent Latch from Output Register Synchronous Clock (CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , or CLK ₃) or Latch Enable	ns

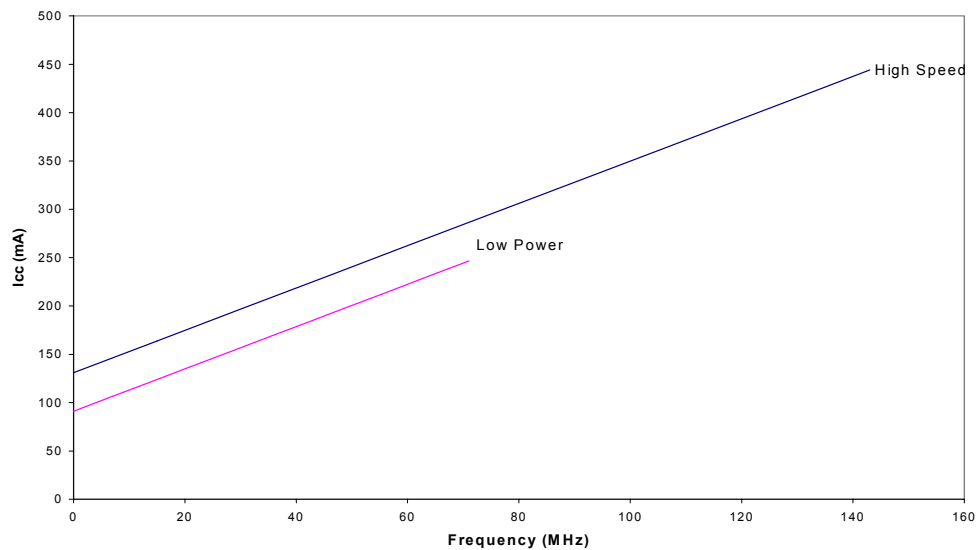
Notes:

11. t_{ER} measured with 5-pF AC Test Load and t_{EA} measured with 35-pF AC Test Load.
12. All AC parameters are measured with two outputs switching and 35-pF AC Test Load.
13. Logic Blocks operating in Low-Power Mode, add t_{LP} to this spec.
14. Outputs using Slow Output Slew Rate, add t_{SLEW} to this spec.
15. When V_{CCO} = 3.3V, add t_{3.3IO} to this spec.

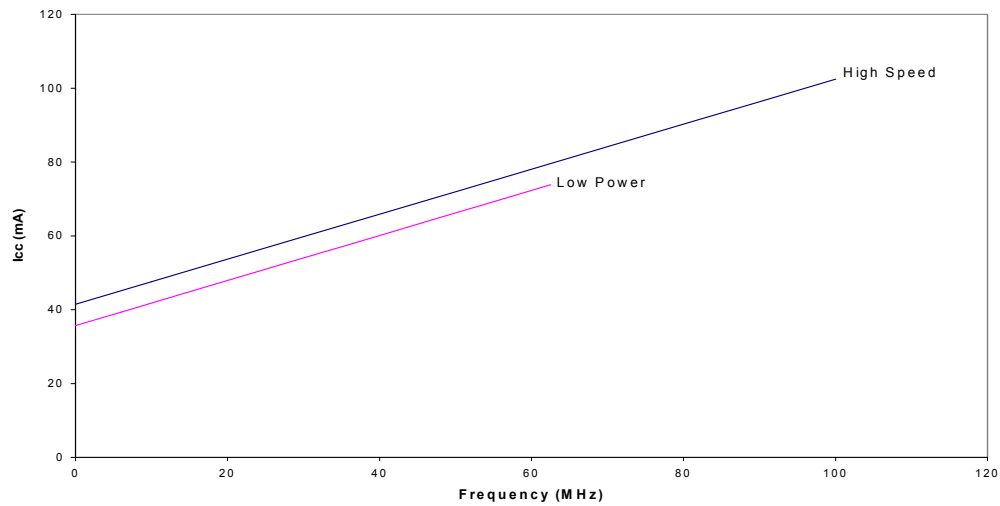
Switching Waveforms (continued)
Latched Input and Output

Asynchronous Reset

Asynchronous Preset

Output Enable/Disable


Typical 5.0V Power Consumption (continued)
CY37256


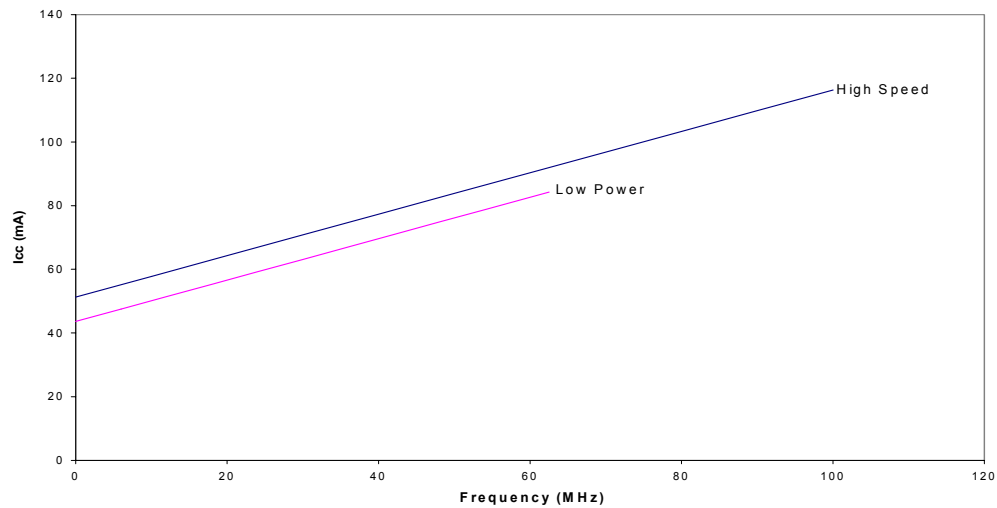
The typical pattern is a 16-bit up counter, per logic block, with outputs disabled.
 $V_{CC} = 5.0V$, $T_A = \text{Room Temperature}$

CY37384


The typical pattern is a 16-bit up counter, per logic block, with outputs disabled.
 $V_{CC} = 5.0V$, $T_A = \text{Room Temperature}$

Typical 3.3V Power Consumption (continued)
CY37192V


The typical pattern is a 16-bit up counter, per logic block, with outputs disabled.
 $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $T_A = \text{Room Temperature}$

CY37256V


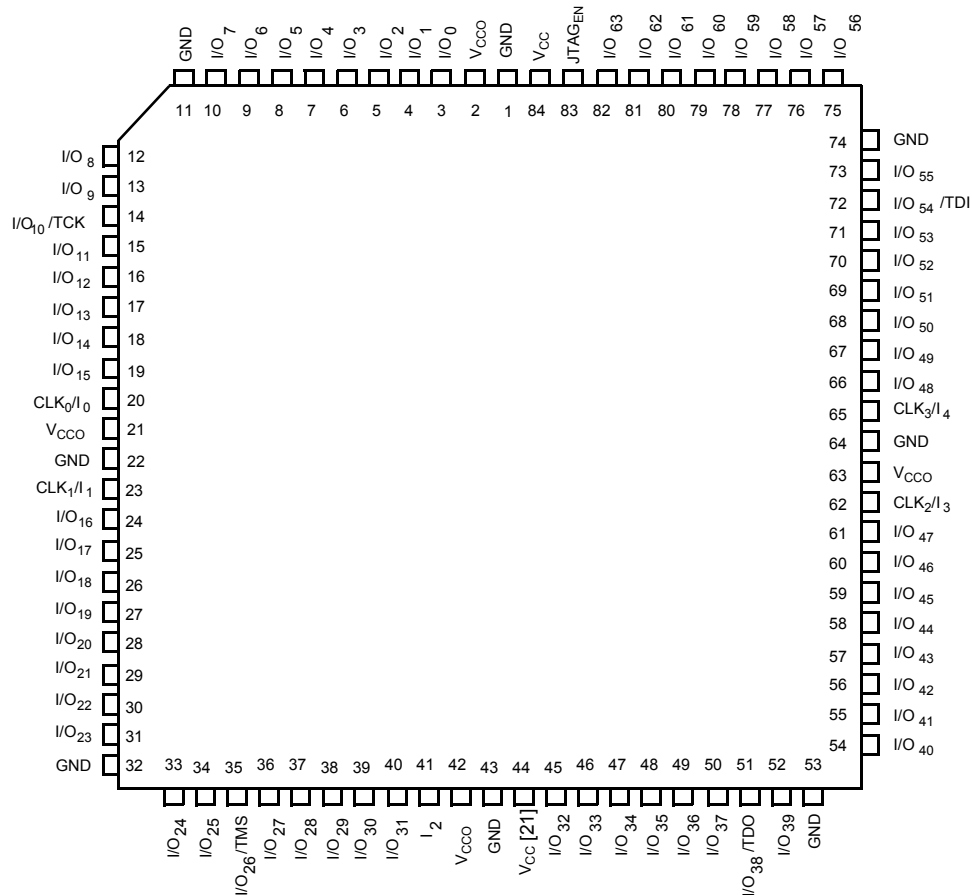
The typical pattern is a 16-bit up counter, per logic block, with outputs disabled.
 $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $T_A = \text{Room Temperature}$

Pin Configurations^[20] (continued)
48-ball Fine-Pitch BGA (BA50)
Top View

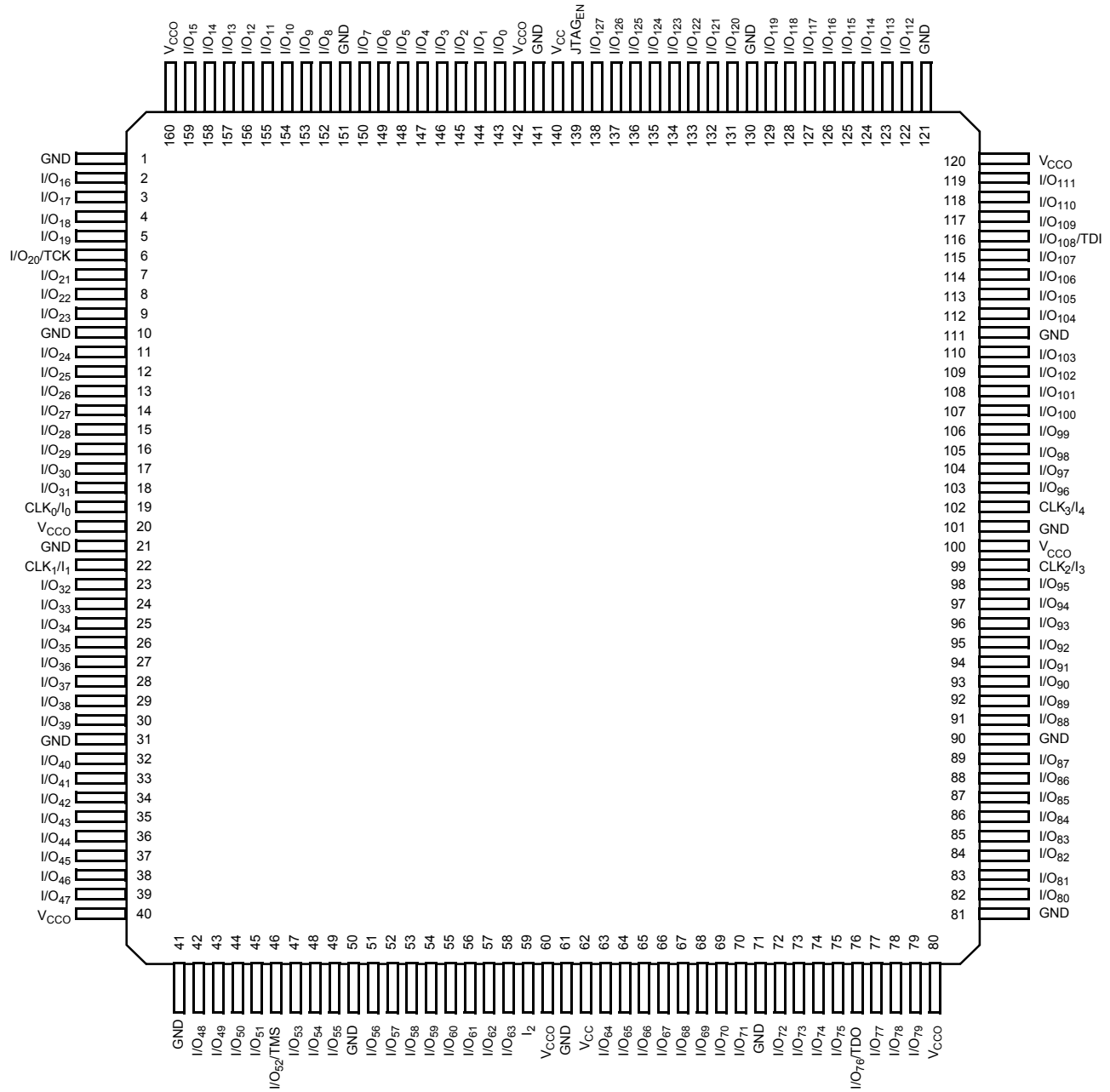
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A	I/O ₅ TCK	V _{CC}	I/O ₃	I/O ₁	I/O ₃₁	I/O ₃₀	V _{CC}	I/O ₂₇ TDI
B	V _{CC}	I/O ₄	I/O ₂	I/O ₀	I/O ₂₉	I/O ₂₈	I/O ₂₆	CLK ₁ /I ₄
C	CLK ₂ /I ₀	I/O ₇	I/O ₆	GND	GND	I/O ₂₅	I/O ₂₄	I ₃
D	JTAG _{EN}	I/O ₈	I/O ₉	GND	GND	I/O ₂₂	I/O ₂₃	CLK ₃ /I ₂
E	CLK ₀ /I ₁	I/O ₁₂	I/O ₁₁	I/O ₁₀	I/O ₁₆	I/O ₂₀	I/O ₂₁	V _{CC}
F	I/O ₁₃ TMS	V _{CC}	I/O ₁₄	I/O ₁₅	I/O ₁₇	I/O ₁₈	V _{CC}	I/O ₁₉ TDO

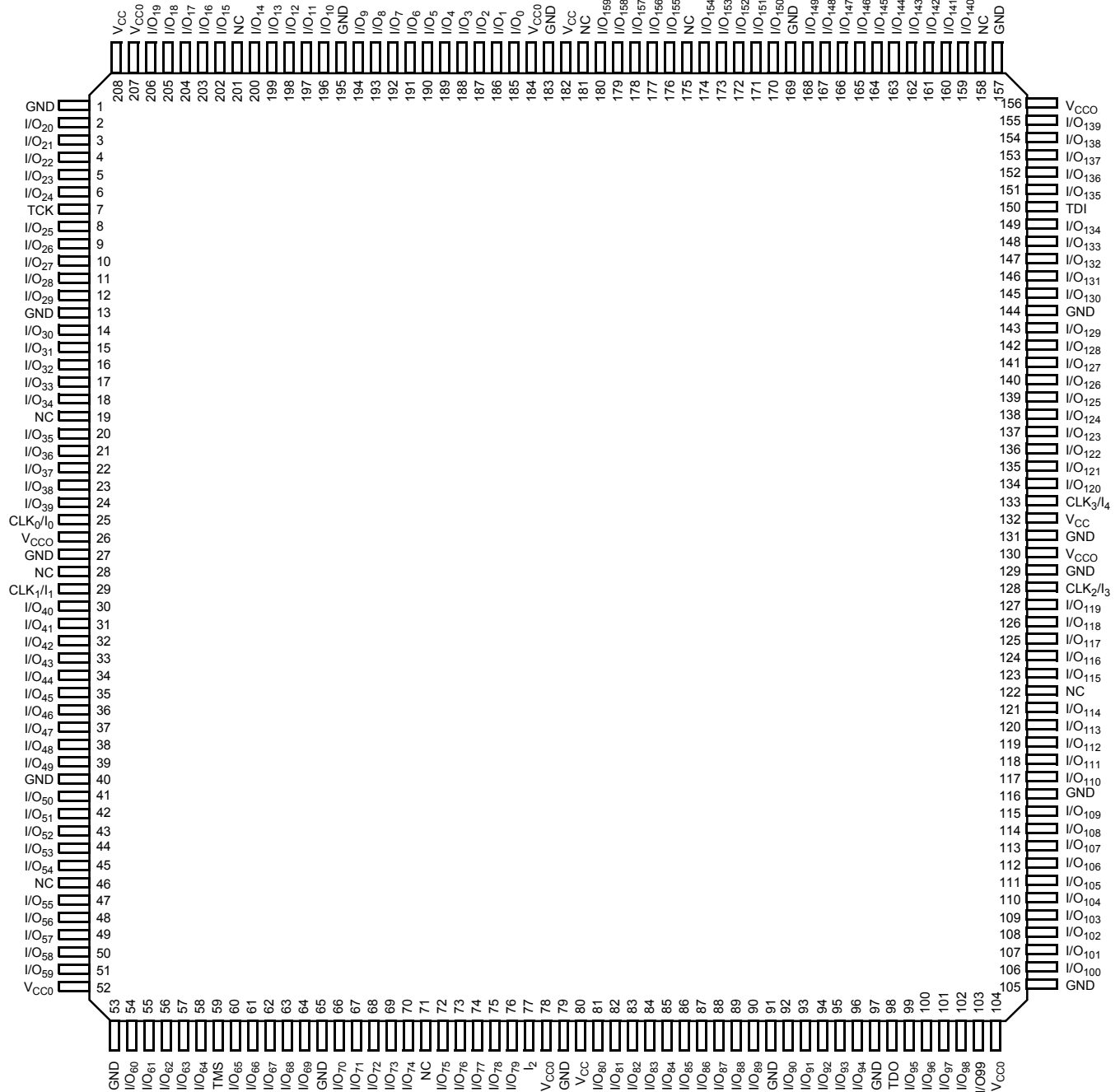
Note:

20. For 3.3V versions (Ultra37000V), V_{CCO} = V_{CC}.

84-lead PLCC (J83) / CLCC (Y84)
Top View

Note:

21. This pin is a N/C, but Cypress recommends that you connect it to V_{CC} to ensure future compatibility.

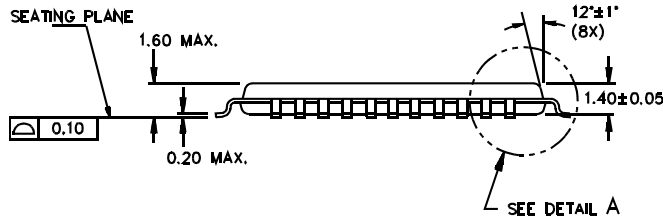
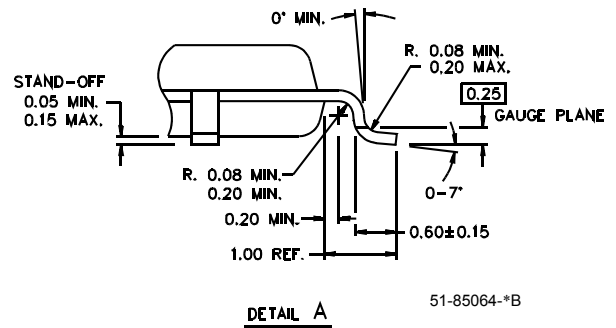
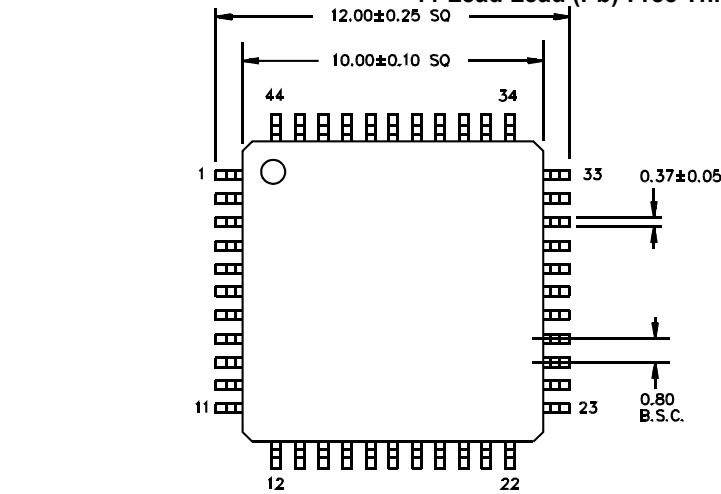
Pin Configurations^[20] (continued)
**160-Lead TQFP (A160) / CQFP (U162)
for CY37128(V) and CY37256(V)
Top View**


Pin Configurations^[20] (continued)
**208-Lead PQFP (N208) / CQFP (U208)
Top View**


Package Diagrams

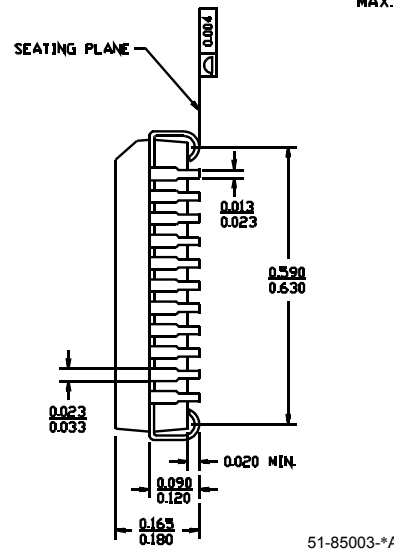
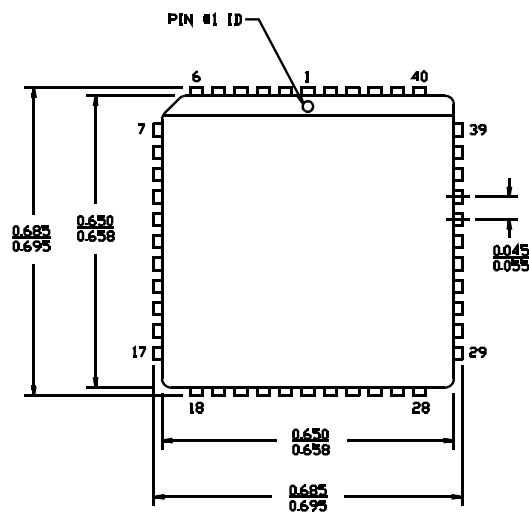
44-Lead Lead (Pb)-Free Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack A44

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS



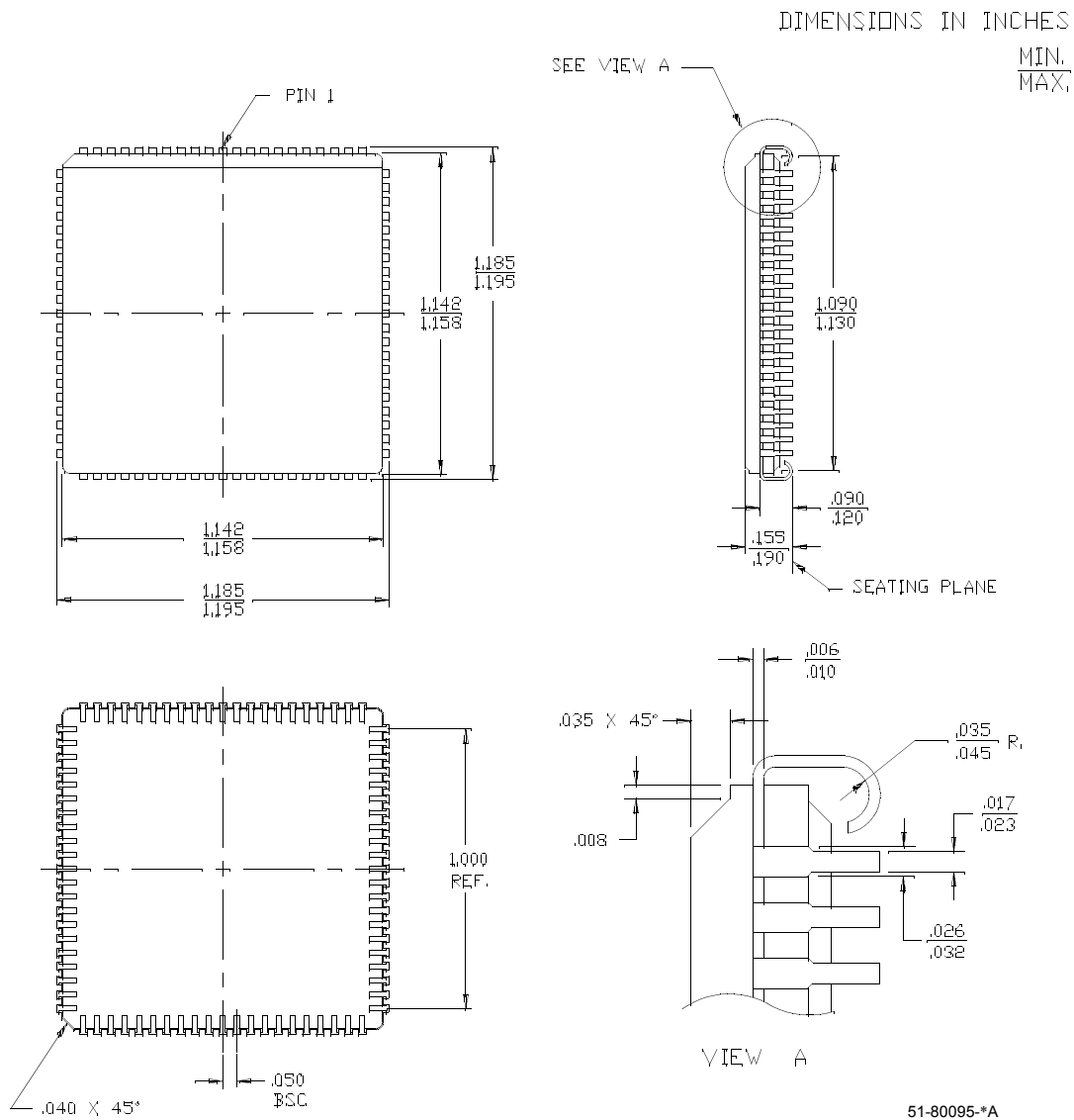
44-Lead Lead (Pb)-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier J67

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES MIN. MAX.



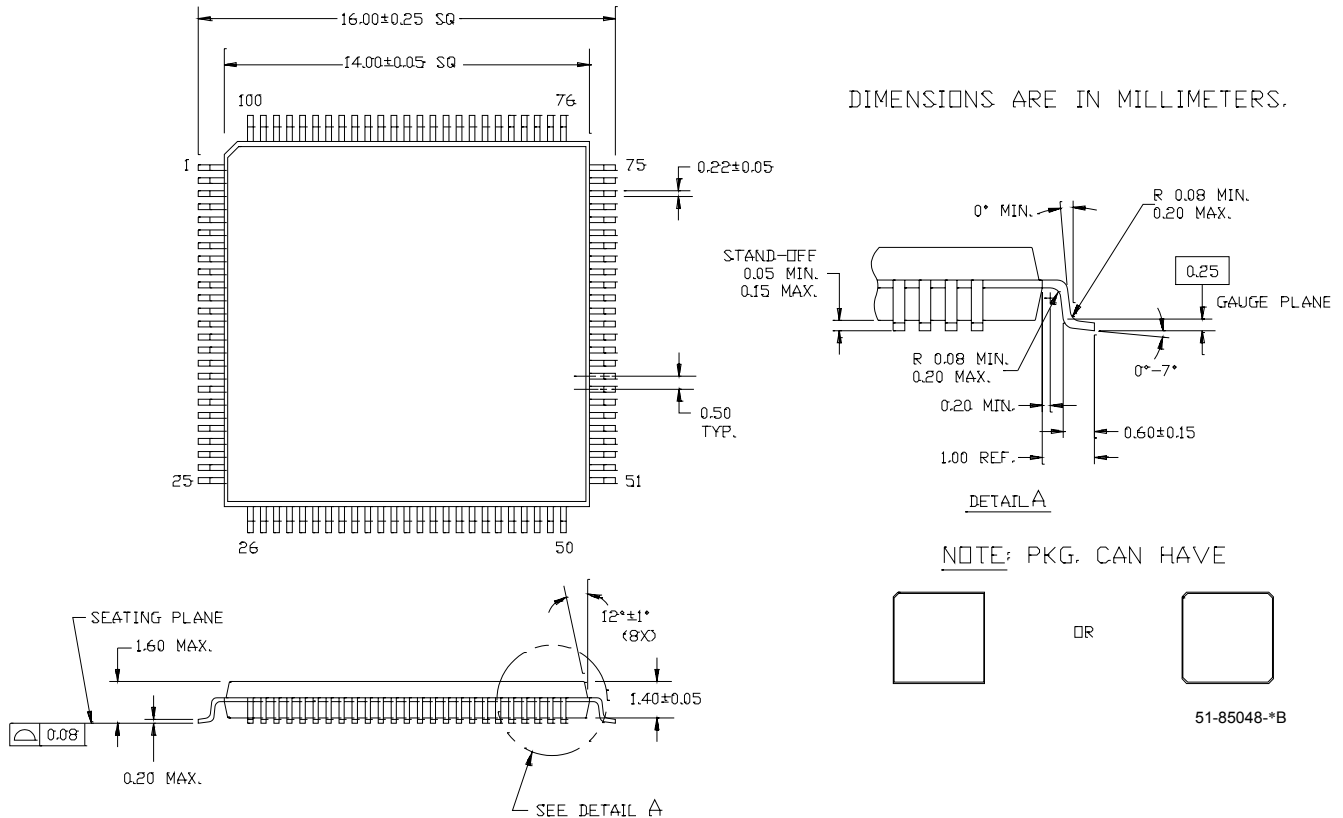
Package Diagrams (continued)

84-Lead Ceramic Leaded Chip Carrier Y84



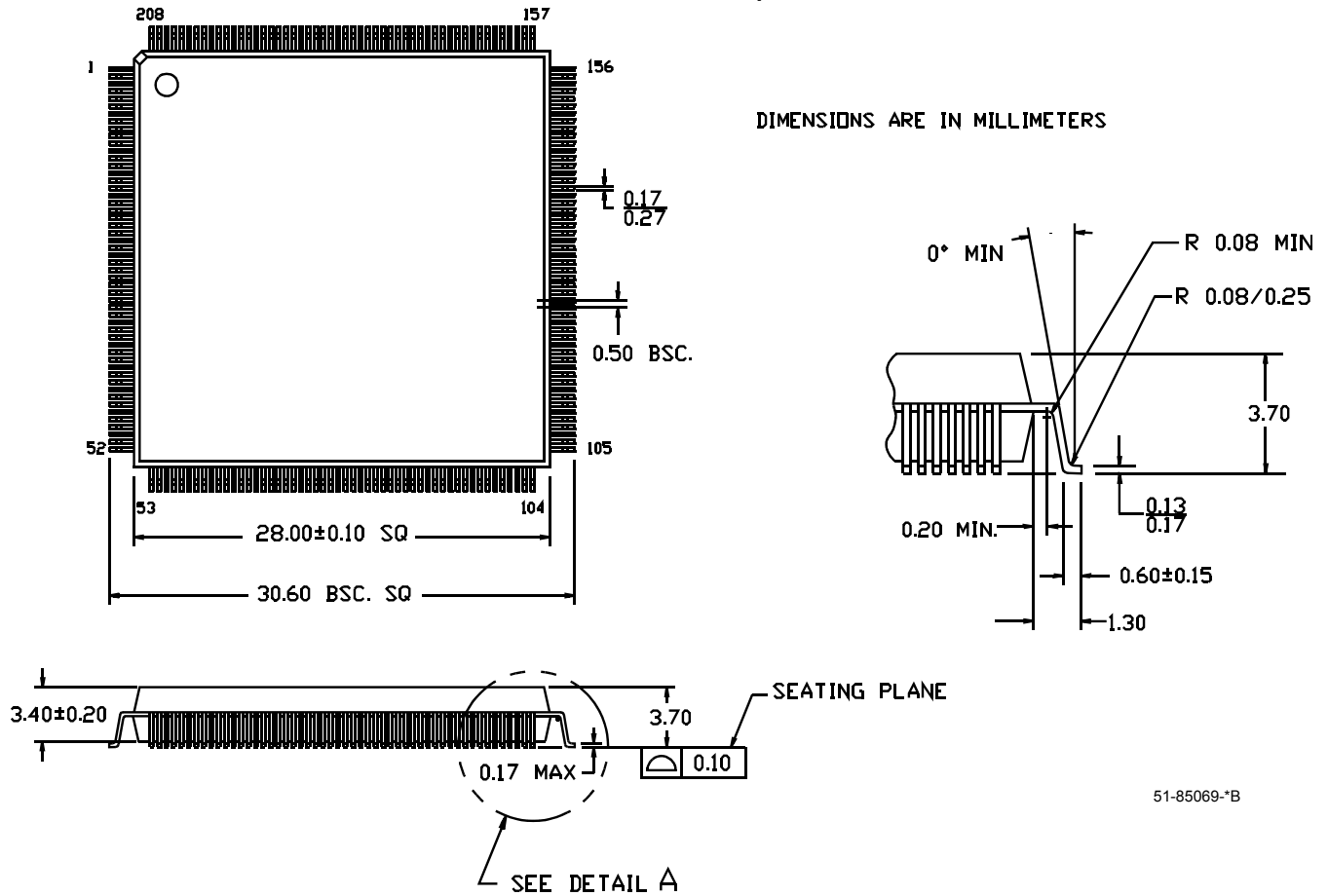
Package Diagrams (continued)

100-Lead Lead (Pb)-Free Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack (TQFP) A100



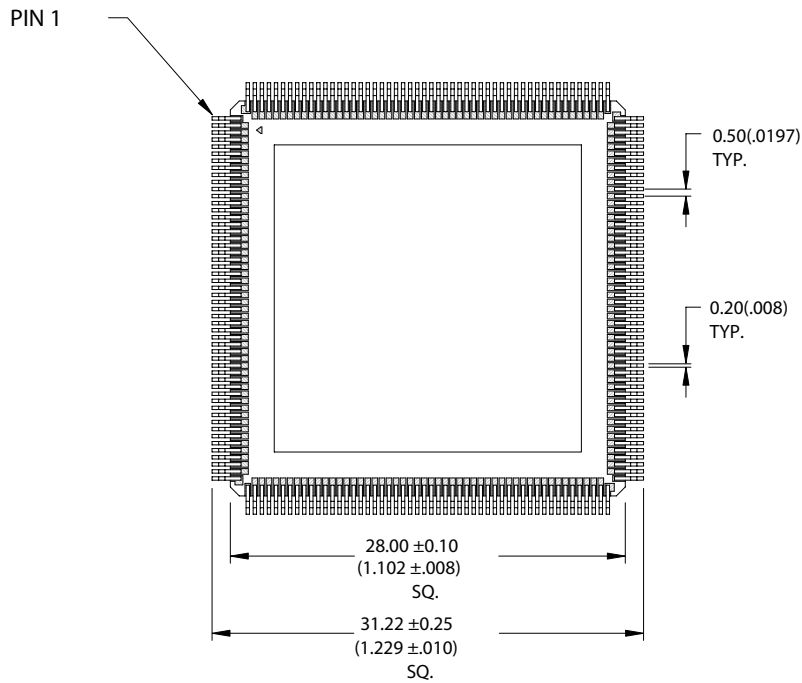
Package Diagrams (continued)

208-Lead Plastic Quad Flatpack N208



Package Diagrams (continued)

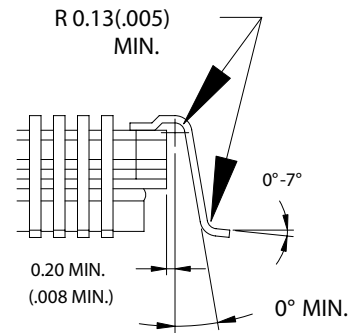
208-Lead Ceramic Quad Flatpack (Cavity Up) U208



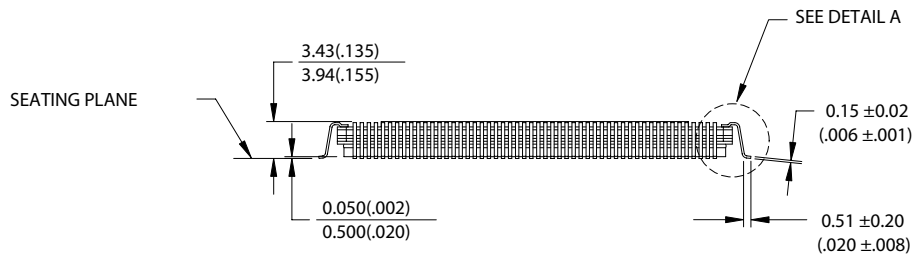
DIMENSIONS IN MM (INCH)

REFERENCE JEDEC: N/A

PKG. WEIGHT: 6-7gms



DETAIL A



51-80105-B

Document History Page

Document Title: Ultra37000 CPLD Family 5V, 3.3V, ISR™ High-Performance CPLDs Document Number: 38-03007				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	106272	04/18/01	SZV	Change from Spec number: 38-00475 to 38-03007
*A	124942	03/21/03	OOR	Updated 3.3V V _{CC} requirements for –144 speeds Added an Addendum
*B	126262	05/09/03	TEH	Changed pinout for CY37128V BB100 package
*C	128125	07/16/03	HOM	Obsoleted following 3.3V PLCC packaged devices: CY37032VP44-143JC CY37032VP44-100JC CY37032VP44-100JI CY37064VP44-143JC CY37064VP84-143JC CY37064VP44-100JC CY37064VP84-100JC CY37064VP44-100JI CY37064VP84-100JI CY37128VP84-125JC CY37128VP84-83JC CY37128VP84-83JI
*D	282709	See ECN	YDT	Changed package diagrams and labels for consistency Added Lead (Pb)-free logo on first page, as well as a note in Features Added Lead (Pb)-free package diagram labels Added Lead-free Parts to Ordering Information CY37032P44-200AXC, CY37032P44-200JXC, CY37032P44-154AXI, CY37032P44-154JXI, CY37032P44-125AXC, CY37032P44-125JXC, CY37064P44-200AXC, CY37064P44-200JXC, CY37064P100-200AXC, CY37064P44-154AXI, CY37064P44-154JXI, CY37064P44-125AXC, CY37064P44-125JXC, CY37064P100-125AXC, CY37064P44-125AXI, CY37064P100-125AXI, CY37128P84-167JXC, CY37128P100-167AXC, CY37128P160-167AXC, CY37128P84-125JXC, CY37128P100-125AXC, CY37128P160-125AXC, CY37128P84-125JXI, CY37128P100-125AXI, CY37128P160-125AXI, CY37128P84-100JXC, CY37128P100-100AXC, CY37128P160-100AXC, CY37128P100-100AXI, CY37192P160-154AXC, CY37192P160-125AXC, CY37192P160-125AXI, CY37192P160-83AXC, CY37192P160-83AXI, CY37256P160-154AXC, CY37256P160-125AXC, CY37256P160-125AXI, CY37256P160-83AXC, CY37256P160-83AXI, CY37032VP44-143AXC, CY37032VP44-100AXC, CY37032VP44-100AXI, CY37032VP44-100JXI, CY37064VP44-143AXC, CY37064VP100-143AXC, CY37064VP44-100AXC, CY37064VP100-100AXC, CY37064VP44-100AXI, CY37064VP100-100AXI, CY37128VP100-125AXC, CY37128VP160-125AXC, CY37128VP160-125AXI, CY37128VP100-83AXC, CY37128VP160-83AXC, CY37128VP100-83AXI, CY37128VP160-83AXI, CY37192VP160-100AXC, CY37192VP160-66AXC, CY37256VP160-100AXC, CY37256VP160-100AXI, CY37256VP160-66AXC
*E	321635	See ECN	PCX	Added Package Diagram BG292 Updated all PBGA package type information (BG292 & BG388)