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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	15
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 6x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	24-WQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	24-HWQFN (4x4)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f1007adna-w0

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(9/12)

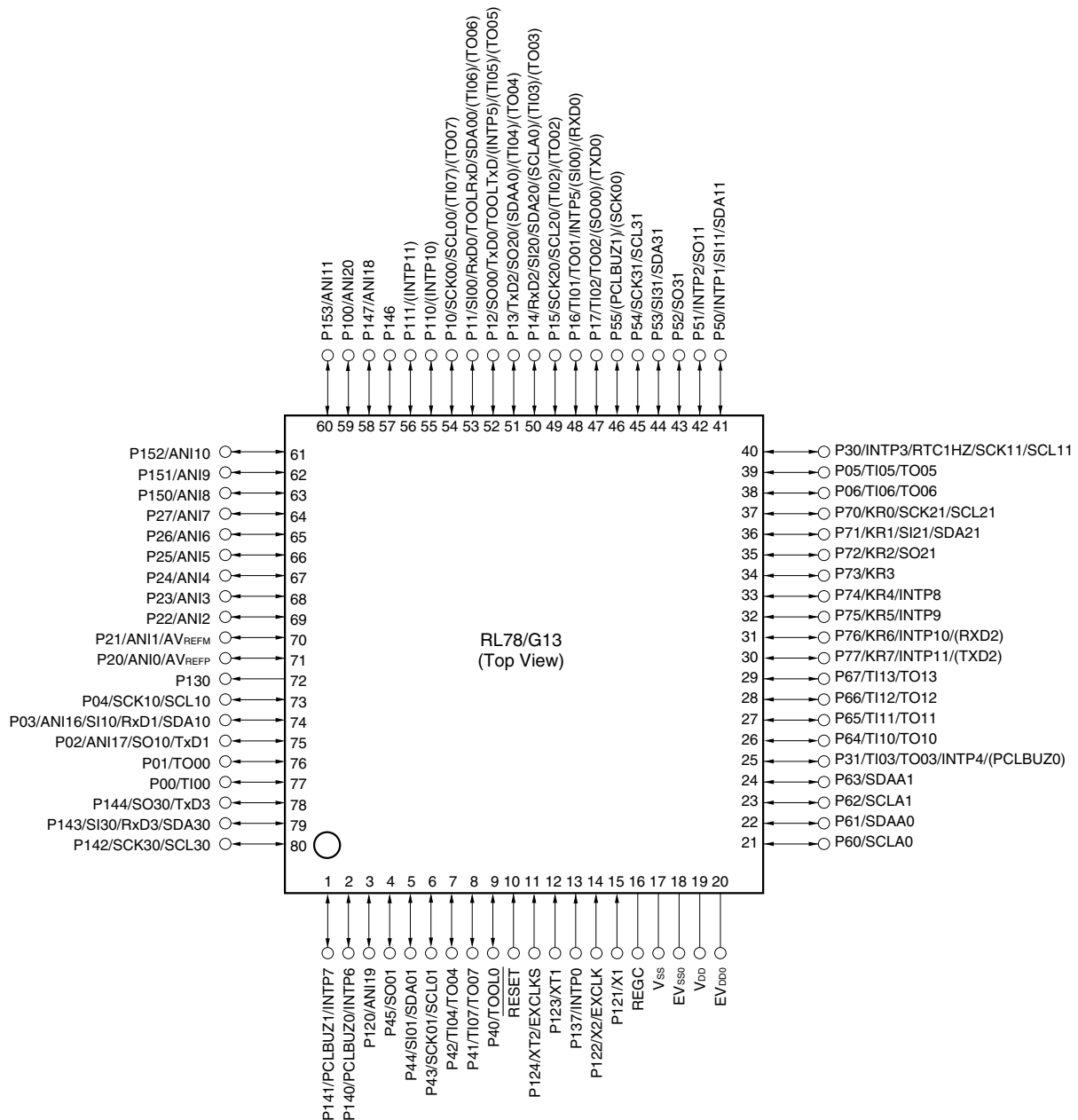
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application Note	Ordering Part Number
64 pins	64-pin plastic LFQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100LCAFB#V0, R5F100LDAFB#V0, R5F100LEAFB#V0, R5F100LFAFB#V0, R5F100LGAFB#V0, R5F100LHAFB#V0, R5F100LJAFB#V0, R5F100LKAFB#V0, R5F100LLAFB#V0 R5F100LCAFB#X0, R5F100LDAFB#X0, R5F100LEAFB#X0, R5F100LFAFB#X0, R5F100LGAFB#X0, R5F100LHAFB#X0, R5F100LJAFB#X0, R5F100LKAFB#X0, R5F100LLAFB#X0
			D	R5F100LCDFB#V0, R5F100LDDFB#V0, R5F100LEDFB#V0, R5F100LFDDB#V0, R5F100LGDFB#V0, R5F100LHDFB#V0, R5F100LJDFB#V0, R5F100LKDFB#V0, R5F100LLDFB#V0 R5F100LCDFB#X0, R5F100LDDFB#X0, R5F100LEDFB#X0, R5F100LFDDB#X0, R5F100LGDFB#X0, R5F100LHDFB#X0, R5F100LJDFB#X0, R5F100LKDFB#X0, R5F100LLDFB#X0
			G	R5F100LCGFB#V0, R5F100LDGFB#V0, R5F100LEGFB#V0, R5F100LFGFB#V0 R5F100LCGFB#X0, R5F100LDGFB#X0, R5F100LEGFB#X0, R5F100LFGFB#X0 R5F100LGGFB#V0, R5F100LHGFB#V0, R5F100LJGFB#V0 R5F100LGGFB#X0, R5F100LHGFB#X0, R5F100LJGFB#X0
	64-pin plastic VFGBGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.4 mm pitch)	Not mounted	A	R5F101LCAFB#V0, R5F101LDAFB#V0, R5F101LEAFB#V0, R5F101LFAFB#V0, R5F101LGAFB#V0, R5F101LHAFB#V0, R5F101LJAFB#V0, R5F101LKAFB#V0, R5F101LLAFB#V0 R5F101LCAFB#X0, R5F101LDAFB#X0, R5F101LEAFB#X0, R5F101LFAFB#X0, R5F101LGAFB#X0, R5F101LHAFB#X0, R5F101LJAFB#X0, R5F101LKAFB#X0, R5F101LLAFB#X0
			D	R5F101LCDFB#V0, R5F101LDDFB#V0, R5F101LEDFB#V0, R5F101LFDDB#V0, R5F101LGDFB#V0, R5F101LHDFB#V0, R5F101LJDFB#V0, R5F101LKDFB#V0, R5F101LLDFB#V0 R5F101LCDFB#X0, R5F101LDDFB#X0, R5F101LEDFB#X0, R5F101LFDDB#X0, R5F101LGDFB#X0, R5F101LHDFB#X0, R5F101LJDFB#X0, R5F101LKDFB#X0, R5F101LLDFB#X0
	64-pin plastic VFGBGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.4 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100LCABG#U0, R5F100LDABG#U0, R5F100LEABG#U0, R5F100LFABG#U0, R5F100LGABG#U0, R5F100LHABG#U0, R5F100LJABG#U0 R5F100LCABG#W0, R5F100LDABG#W0, R5F100LEABG#W0, R5F100LFABG#W0, R5F100LGABG#W0, R5F100LHABG#W0, R5F100LJABG#W0
			G	R5F100LCGBG#U0, R5F100LDGBG#U0, R5F100LEGBG#U0, R5F100LFGBG#U0, R5F100LGGBG#U0, R5F100LHGBG#U0, R5F100LJGBG#U0 R5F100LCGBG#W0, R5F100LDGBG#W0, R5F100LEGBG#W0, R5F100LFGBG#W0, R5F100LGGBG#W0, R5F100LHGBG#W0, R5F100LJGBG#W0
	64-pin plastic VFGBGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.4 mm pitch)	Not mounted	A	R5F101LCABG#U0, R5F101LDABG#U0, R5F101LEABG#U0, R5F101LFABG#U0, R5F101LGABG#U0, R5F101LHABG#U0, R5F101LJABG#U0 R5F101LCABG#W0, R5F101LDABG#W0, R5F101LEABG#W0, R5F101LFABG#W0, R5F101LGABG#W0, R5F101LHABG#W0, R5F101LJABG#W0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3.12 80-pin products

- 80-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)
- 80-pin plastic LFQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



- Cautions**
1. Make EV_{SS0} pin the same potential as V_{SS} pin.
 2. Make V_{DD} pin the potential that is higher than EV_{DD0} pin.
 3. Connect the REGC pin to V_{SS} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V_{DD} and EV_{DD0} pins and connect the V_{SS} and EV_{SS0} pins to separate ground lines.
3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

[80-pin, 100-pin, 128-pin products]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

(1/2)

Item		80-pin		100-pin		128-pin	
		R5F100Mx	R5F101Mx	R5F100Px	R5F101Px	R5F100Sx	R5F101Sx
Code flash memory (KB)		96 to 512		96 to 512		192 to 512	
Data flash memory (KB)		8	—	8	—	8	—
RAM (KB)		8 to 32 ^{Note 1}		8 to 32 ^{Note 1}		16 to 32 ^{Note 1}	
Address space		1 MB					
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	X1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)					
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)					
Subsystem clock		XT1 (crystal) oscillation, external subsystem clock input (EXCLKS) 32.768 kHz					
Low-speed on-chip oscillator		15 kHz (TYP.)					
General-purpose register		(8-bit register × 8) × 4 banks					
Minimum instruction execution time		0.03125 μs (High-speed on-chip oscillator: f _{IH} = 32 MHz operation)					
		0.05 μs (High-speed system clock: f _{MX} = 20 MHz operation)					
		30.5 μs (Subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation)					
Instruction set		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data transfer (8/16 bits)• Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits)• Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits)• Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc.					
I/O port	Total	74		92		120	
	CMOS I/O	64 (N-ch O.D. I/O [EVD _D withstand voltage]: 21)		82 (N-ch O.D. I/O [EVD _D withstand voltage]: 24)		110 (N-ch O.D. I/O [EVD _D withstand voltage]: 25)	
	CMOS input	5		5		5	
	CMOS output	1		1		1	
	N-ch O.D. I/O (withstand voltage: 6 V)	4		4		4	
Timer	16-bit timer	12 channels		12 channels		16 channels	
	Watchdog timer	1 channel		1 channel		1 channel	
	Real-time clock (RTC)	1 channel		1 channel		1 channel	
	12-bit interval timer (IT)	1 channel		1 channel		1 channel	
	Timer output	12 channels (PWM outputs: 10 ^{Note 2})		12 channels (PWM outputs: 10 ^{Note 2})		16 channels (PWM outputs: 14 ^{Note 2})	
	RTC output	1 channel • 1 Hz (subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz)					

Notes 1. The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xJ, R5F101xJ (x = M, P): Start address FAF00H

R5F100xL, R5F101xL (x = M, P, S): Start address F7F00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbols	Conditions		Ratings	Unit
Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	−40	mA
		Total of all pins −170 mA	P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	−70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	−100	mA
	I _{OH2}	Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	−0.5	mA
		Total of all pins		−2	mA
	Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	40
Total of all pins 170 mA			P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	100	mA
I _{OL2}		Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1	mA
		Total of all pins		5	mA
Operating ambient temperature		T _A	In normal operation mode		−40 to +85
	In flash memory programming mode				
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			−65 to +150	°C

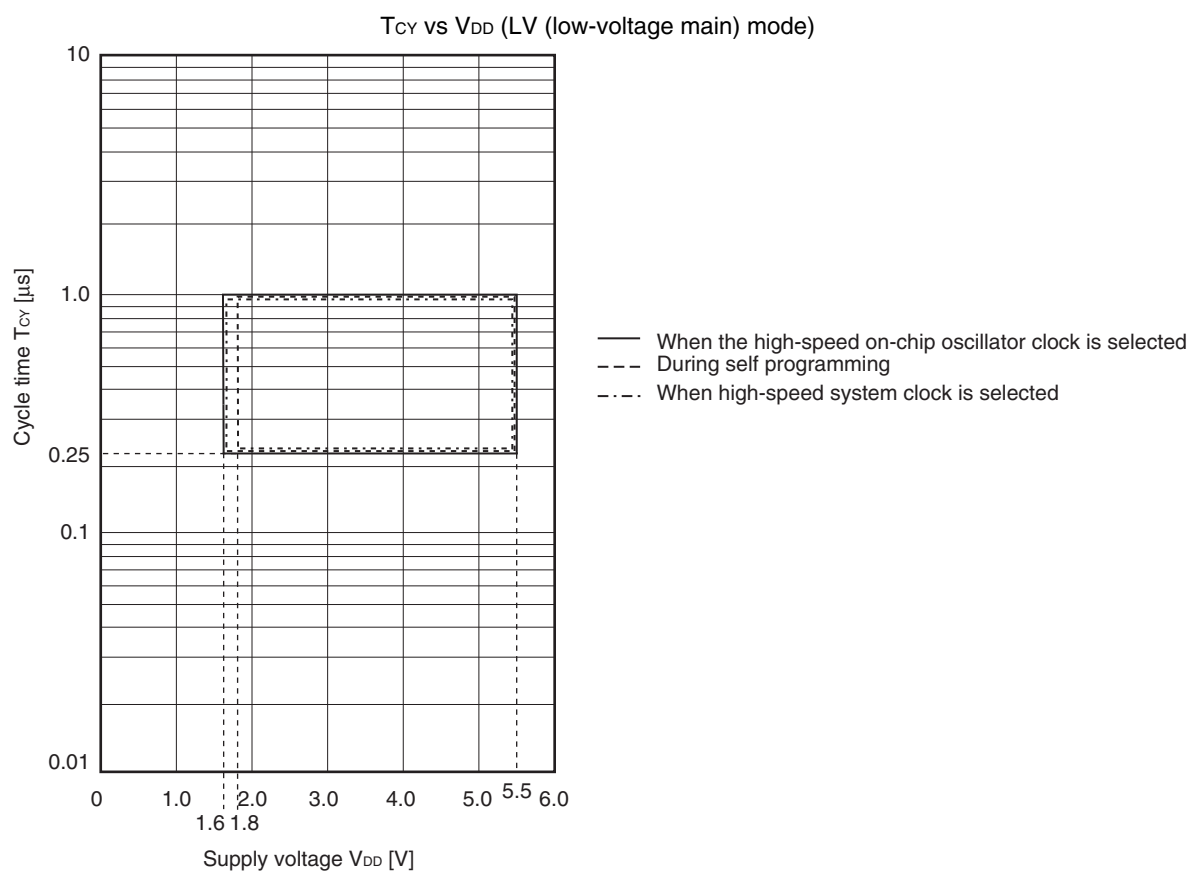
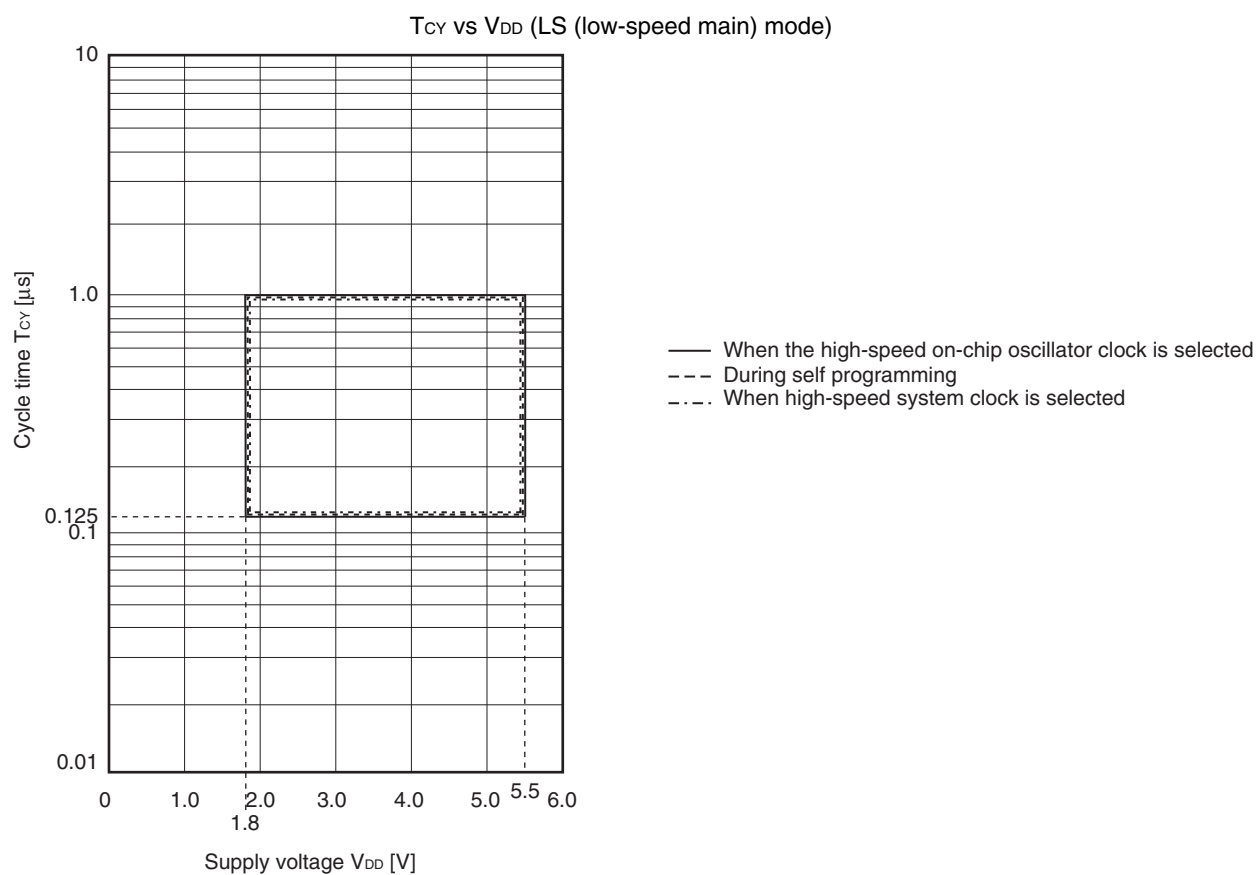
Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

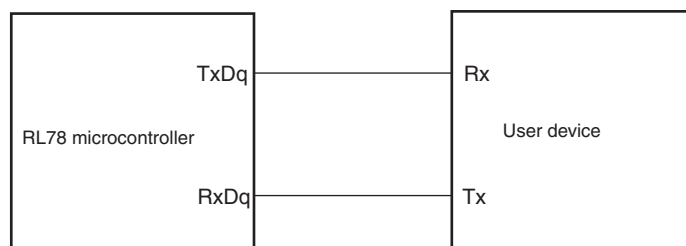
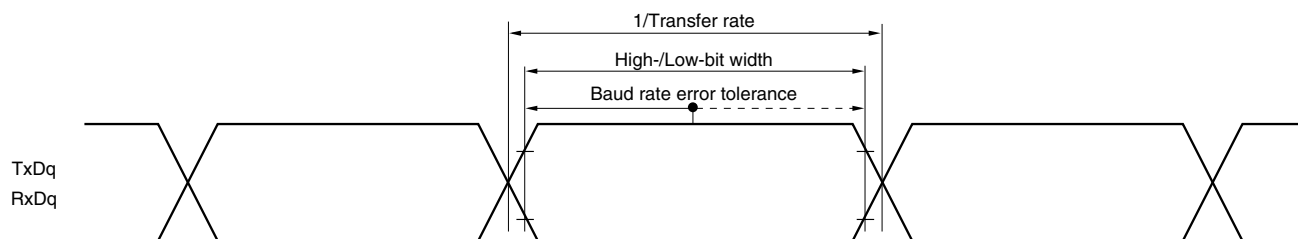
Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V) (1/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{IH} = 32 MHz Note 3	Basic operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.3		mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.3		mA
					Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		5.2	8.5	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		5.2	8.5	mA
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		4.1	6.6	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		4.1	6.6	mA
				f _{IH} = 16 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		3.0	4.7	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		3.0	4.7	mA
			LS (low-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{IH} = 8 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.3	2.1	mA
						V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.3	2.1	mA
			LV (low-voltage main) mode Note 5	f _{IH} = 4 MHz Note 3	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.3	1.8	mA
						V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.3	1.8	mA
			HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{MX} = 20 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	5.5	mA
						Resonator connection		3.6	5.7	mA
				f _{MX} = 20 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	5.5	mA
						Resonator connection		3.6	5.7	mA
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.2	mA
						Resonator connection		2.1	3.2	mA
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.2	mA
						Resonator connection		2.1	3.2	mA
			LS (low-speed main) mode Note 5	f _{MX} = 8 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.2	2.0	mA
						Resonator connection		1.2	2.0	mA
				f _{MX} = 8 MHz Note 2, V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.2	2.0	mA
						Resonator connection		1.2	2.0	mA
			Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 T _A = -40°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	5.9	μA
						Resonator connection		4.9	6.0	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 T _A = +25°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.9	5.9	μA
						Resonator connection		5.0	6.0	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 T _A = +50°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.0	7.6	μA
						Resonator connection		5.1	7.7	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 T _A = +70°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.2	9.3	μA
						Resonator connection		5.3	9.4	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 4 T _A = +85°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.7	13.3	μA
						Resonator connection		5.8	13.4	μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)



UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)**UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)**

Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input) (2/2)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK2}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +20		1/f _{MCK} +30		1/f _{MCK} +30		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +30		1/f _{MCK} +30		1/f _{MCK} +30		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +40		1/f _{MCK} +40		1/f _{MCK} +40		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		1/f _{MCK} +40		1/f _{MCK} +40		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 2}	t _{KSI2}	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +31		1/f _{MCK} +31		1/f _{MCK} +31		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +250		1/f _{MCK} +250		1/f _{MCK} +250		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		1/f _{MCK} +250		1/f _{MCK} +250		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 3}	t _{KSO2}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 4}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +44		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110	ns
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +75		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110	ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +220		2/f _{MCK} +220		2/f _{MCK} +220	ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		2/f _{MCK} +220		2/f _{MCK} +220	ns

- Notes**
1. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp↓” when DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 2. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp↓” when DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 3. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 4. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.
 5. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1),
n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKS_{mn} bit of serial mode register mn (SMR_{mn}). m: Unit number,
n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(2/3)**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	81		479		479		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	177		479		479		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	479		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 1}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		100		100		100	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		195		195		195	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		483		483		483	ns

- Notes**
1. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1.
 2. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage		
	Reference voltage (+) = AV _{REFP} Reference voltage (-) = AV _{REFM}	Reference voltage (+) = V _{DD} Reference voltage (-) = V _{SS}	Reference voltage (+) = V _{BGR} Reference voltage (-) = AV _{REFM}
ANI0 to ANI14	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).	Refer to 2.6.1 (3).	Refer to 2.6.1 (4).
ANI16 to ANI26	Refer to 2.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).		–

(1) When reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI2 to ANI14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ AV_{REFP} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}, Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V	1.2	±3.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}	1.2	±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI2 to ANI14	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875	39	μs
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	57	95	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.375	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625	39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.25	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±0.50	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.25	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±0.50	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±2.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±5.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±1.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI2 to ANI14	0		AV _{REFP}	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)		V _{BGR} ^{Note 5}		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)		V _{TMPS25} ^{Note 5}		V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0\text{ V}$) (4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V_{OH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -3.0\text{ mA}$	$\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} - 0.7$		V
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -2.0\text{ mA}$	$\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} - 0.6$		V
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -1.5\text{ mA}$	$\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} - 0.5$		V
	V_{OH2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH2}} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} - 0.5$		V
Output voltage, low	V_{OL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 8.5\text{ mA}$		0.7	V
			$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 3.0\text{ mA}$		0.6	V
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 1.5\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 0.6\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
	V_{OL2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL2}} = 400\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		0.4	V
	V_{OL3}	P60 to P63	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 15.0\text{ mA}$		2.0	V
			$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 5.0\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 3.0\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 2.0\text{ mA}$		0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

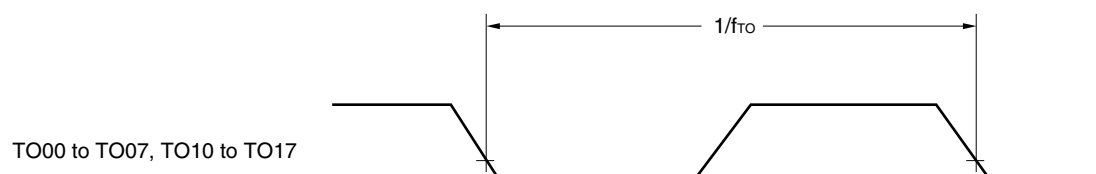
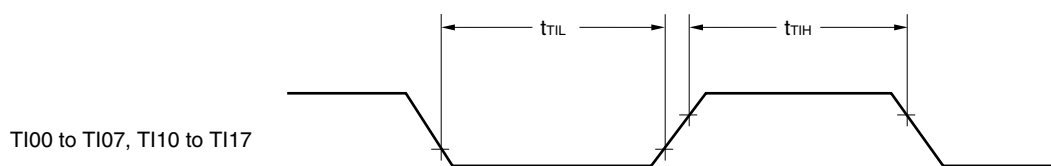
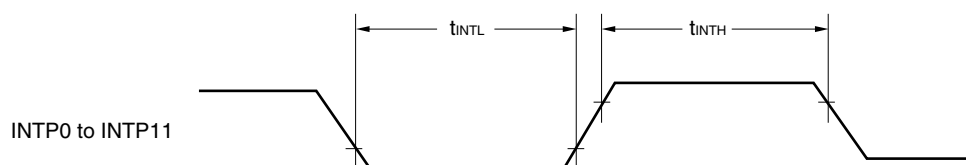
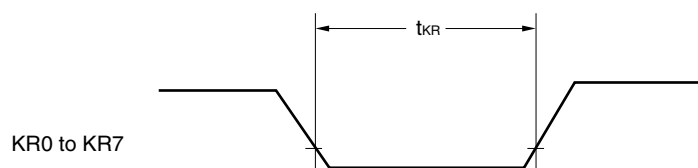
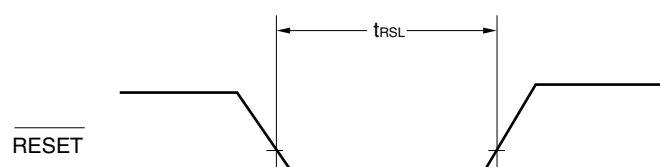
Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products

(TA = -40 to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 32 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.62	3.40	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.62	3.40	mA	
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.50	2.70	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50	2.70	mA	
				f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.44	1.90	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.44	1.90	mA	
			HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	2.10	mA	
					Resonator connection		0.48	2.20	mA	
				f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	2.10	mA	
					Resonator connection		0.48	2.20	mA	
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.21	1.10	mA	
					Resonator connection		0.28	1.20	mA	
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.21	1.10	mA	
					Resonator connection		0.28	1.20	mA	
		Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = −40°C	Square wave input		0.28	0.61	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.47	0.80	μA		
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +25°C	Square wave input		0.34	0.61	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.53	0.80	μA		
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +50°C	Square wave input		0.41	2.30	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.60	2.49	μA		
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +70°C	Square wave input		0.64	4.03	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.83	4.22	μA		
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +85°C	Square wave input		1.09	8.04	μA		
				Resonator connection		1.28	8.23	μA		
		f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +105°C	Square wave input		5.50	41.00	μA			
			Resonator connection		5.50	41.00	μA			
	I _{DD3} ^{Note 6}	STOP mode ^{Note 8}	T _A = −40°C					0.19	0.52	μA
			T _A = +25°C					0.25	0.52	μA
			T _A = +50°C					0.32	2.21	μA
			T _A = +70°C					0.55	3.94	μA
			T _A = +85°C					1.00	7.95	μA
			T _A = +105°C					5.00	40.00	μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

TI/TO Timing**Interrupt Request Input Timing****Key Interrupt Input Timing****RESET Input Timing**

(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

 $(T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	$t_{\text{KCY}1}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1} \geq 4/f_{\text{CLK}}$			
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	250		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	$t_{\text{KH}1}$, $t_{\text{KL}1}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 24$		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 36$		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 76$		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 1}	$t_{\text{SIK}1}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	66		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	66		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	113		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 2}	$t_{\text{KSI}1}$		38		ns
Delay time from SCKp \downarrow to SOp output ^{Note 3}	$t_{\text{KSO}1}$	$C = 30\text{ pF}$ ^{Note 4}		50	ns

- Notes**
1. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp \downarrow ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
 2. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp \downarrow ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
 3. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp \uparrow ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3),
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 2. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

5. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using $f_{MCK}/12$ or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3\text{ V}$ and $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

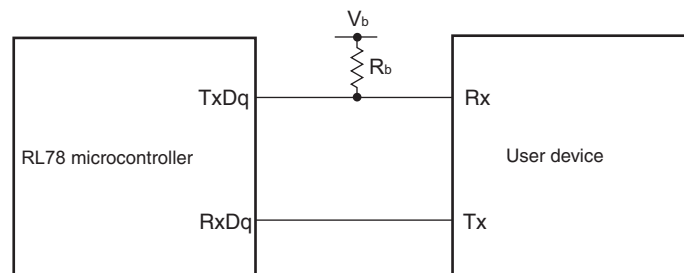
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [\%]}$$

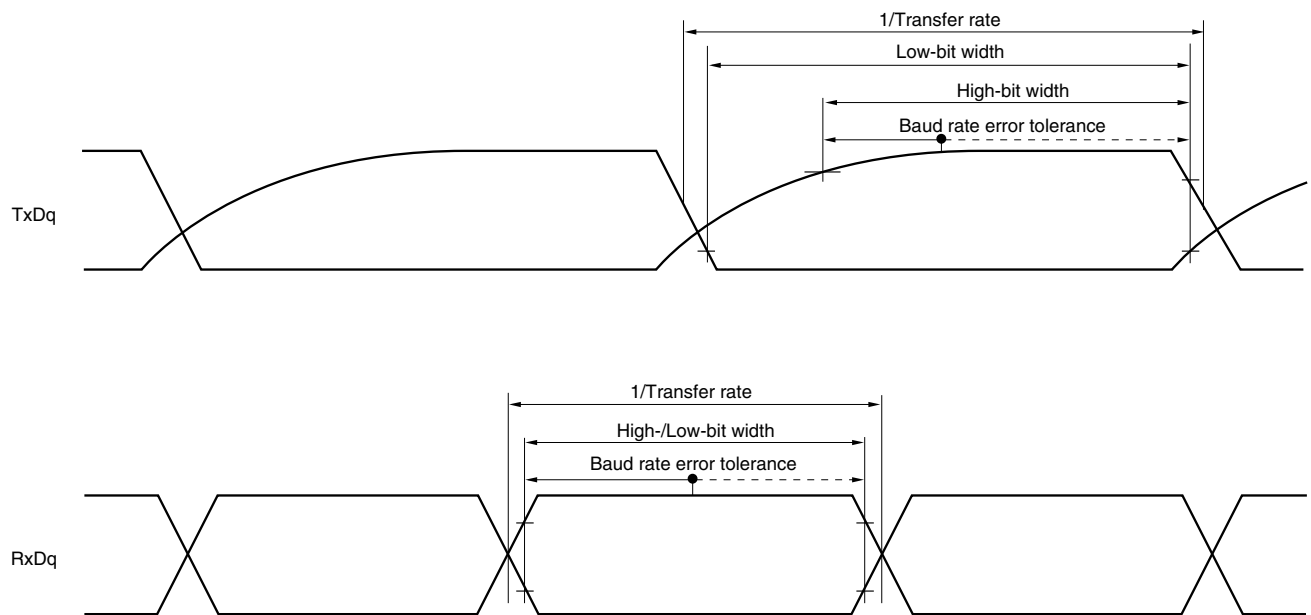
* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

6. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 5 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

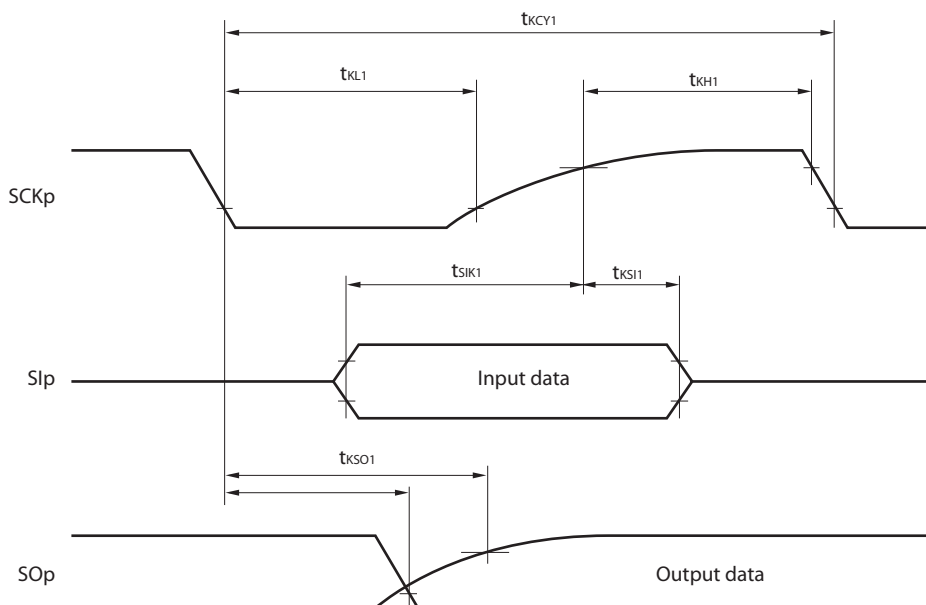
UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



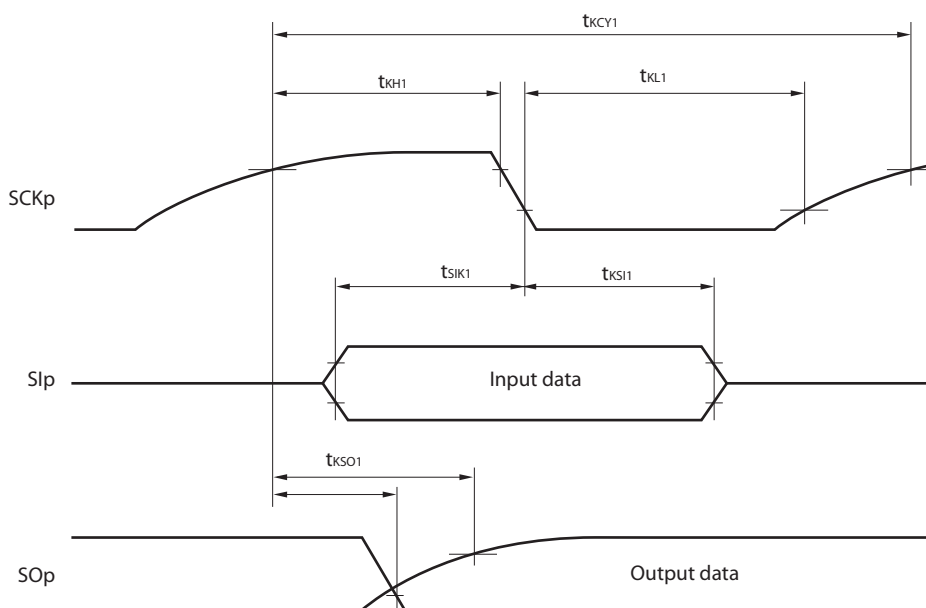
UART mode bit width (during communication at different potential) (reference)

- Remarks**
1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (TxDq) pull-up resistance,
 $C_b[F]$: Communication line (TxDq) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
 (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
 m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))
 4. UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR1) of peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1.

CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), n: Channel number (n = 0, 2), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

3.5.2 Serial interface IICA

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 = EVDD1 ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, VSS = EVSS0 = EVSS1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode				Unit
			Standard Mode		Fast Mode		
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 3.5 MHz	–	–	0	400	kHz
		Standard mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 1 MHz	0	100	–	–	kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}		4.7		0.6		μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}		4.0		0.6		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = “L”	t _{LOW}		4.7		1.3		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = “H”	t _{HIGH}		4.0		0.6		μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}		250		100		ns
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}		0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{SU:STO}		4.0		0.6		μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}		4.7		1.3		μs

Notes 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

<R> 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of tHD:DAT is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

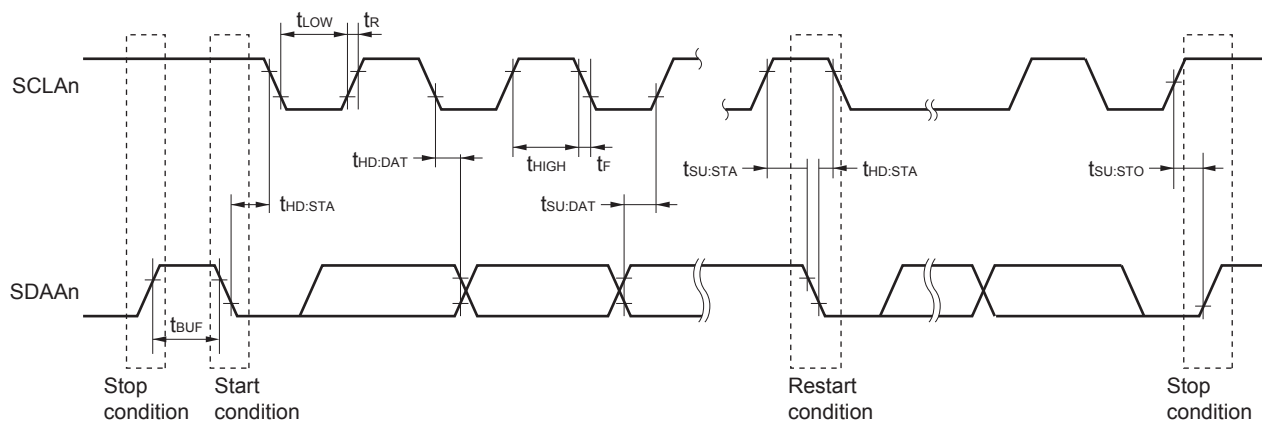
Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (IOH1, IOL1, VOH1, VOL1) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of Cb (communication line capacitance) and the value of Rb (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: Cb = 400 pF, Rb = 2.7 kΩ

Fast mode: Cb = 320 pF, Rb = 1.1 kΩ

IICA serial transfer timing

**Remark** n = 0, 1

3.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

 $(T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0$ V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	S_{VDD}				54	V/ms

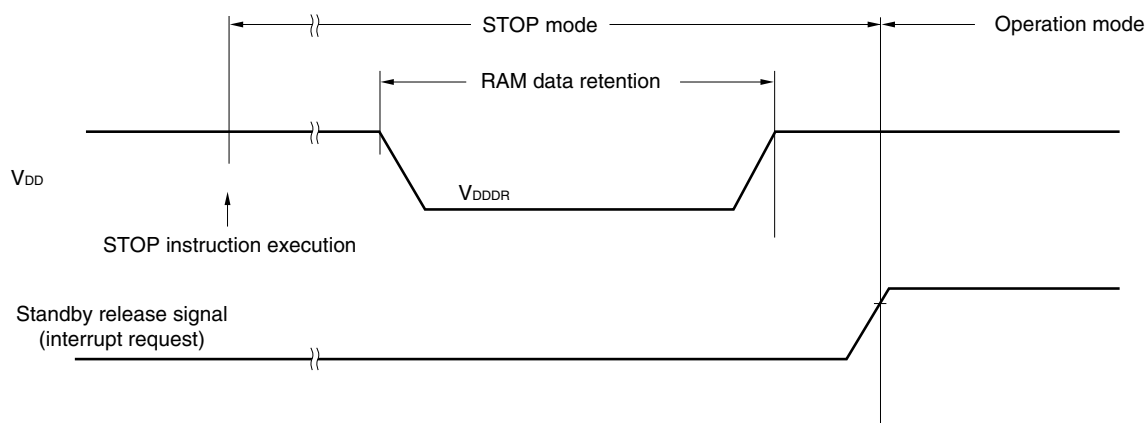
Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the LVD circuit or an external reset until V_{DD} reaches the operating voltage range shown in 3.4 AC Characteristics.

3.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

 $(T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0$ V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	V_{DDDR}		1.44 ^{Note}		5.5	V

Note This depends on the POR detection voltage. For a falling voltage, data in RAM are retained until the voltage reaches the level that triggers a POR reset but not once it reaches the level at which a POR reset is generated.



Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.00	Aug 02, 2013	118	Modification of table in 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics
		118	Modification of table and note in 2.6.3 POR circuit characteristics
		119	Modification of table in 2.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics
		120	Modification of table of LVD Detection Voltage of Interrupt & Reset Mode
		120	Renamed to 2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics
		122	Modification of table, figure, and remark in 2.10 Timing Specs for Switching Flash Memory Programming Modes
		123	Modification of caution 1 and description
		124	Modification of table and remark 3 in Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
		126	Modification of table, note, caution, and remark in 3.2.1 X1, XT1 oscillator characteristics
		126	Modification of table in 3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics
		127	Modification of note 3 in 3.3.1 Pin characteristics (1/5)
		128	Modification of note 3 in 3.3.1 Pin characteristics (2/5)
		133	Modification of notes 1 and 4 in (1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products (1/2)
		135	Modification of notes 1, 5, and 6 in (1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products (2/2)
		137	Modification of notes 1 and 4 in (2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products (1/2)
		139	Modification of notes 1, 5, and 6 in (2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products (2/2)
		140	Modification of (3) Peripheral Functions (Common to all products)
		142	Modification of table in 3.4 AC Characteristics
		143	Addition of Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation
		143	Modification of figure of AC Timing Test Points
		143	Modification of figure of External System Clock Timing
		145	Modification of figure of AC Timing Test Points
		145	Modification of description, note 1, and caution in (1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)
		146	Modification of description in (2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode)
		147	Modification of description in (3) During communication at same potential (CSI mode)
		149	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (4) During communication at same potential (simplified I ² C mode)
		151	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)
		152 to 154	Modification of table, notes 2 to 6, caution, and remarks 1 to 4 in (5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (2/2)
		155	Modification of table in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (1/3)
		156	Modification of table and caution in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (2/3)
		157, 158	Modification of table, caution, and remarks 3 and 4 in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (3/3)
		160, 161	Modification of table and caution in (7) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode)