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#### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

#### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

##### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	28
Program Memory Size	48KB (48K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	3K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 9x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	40-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	40-HWQFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100edana-u0">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100edana-u0</a>

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(8/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application <sup>Note</sup>	Ordering Part Number
64 pins	64-pin plastic LQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A D G	R5F100LCAFA#V0, R5F100LDAFA#V0, R5F100LEAFA#V0, R5F100LFAFA#V0, R5F100LGAFA#V0, R5F100LHAFA#V0, R5F100LJAFA#V0, R5F100LKAFA#V0, R5F100LLAFA#V0 R5F100LCAFA#X0, R5F100LDAFA#X0, R5F100LEAFA#X0, R5F100LFAFA#X0, R5F100LGAFA#X0, R5F100LHAFA#X0, R5F100LJAFA#X0, R5F100LKAFA#X0, R5F100LLAFA#X0 R5F100LCDFA#V0, R5F100LDDFA#V0, R5F100LEDFA#V0, R5F100LF DFA#V0, R5F100LGDFA#V0, R5F100LHDFA#V0, R5F100LJDFA#V0, R5F100LK DFA#V0, R5F100LLDFA#V0 R5F100LCDFA#X0, R5F100LDDFA#X0, R5F100LEDFA#X0, R5F100LF DFA#X0, R5F100LGDFA#X0, R5F100LHDFA#X0, R5F100LJDFA#X0, R5F100LK DFA#X0, R5F100LLDFA#X0 R5F100LCGFA#V0, R5F100LDGFA#V0, R5F100LEGFA#V0, R5F100LFGFA#V0 R5F100LCGFA#X0, R5F100LDGFA#X0, R5F100LEGFA#X0, R5F100LFGFA#X0 R5F100LGGFA#V0, R5F100LHGFA#V0, R5F100LJGFA#V0 R5F100LGGFA#X0, R5F100LHGFA#X0, R5F100LJGFA#X0
		Not mounted	A D	R5F101LCAFA#V0, R5F101LDAFA#V0, R5F101LEAFA#V0, R5F101LFAFA#V0, R5F101LGAFA#V0, R5F101LHAFA#V0, R5F101LJAFA#V0, R5F101LKAFA#V0, R5F101LLAFA#V0 R5F101LCAFA#X0, R5F101LDAFA#X0, R5F101LEAFA#X0, R5F101LFAFA#X0, R5F101LGAFA#X0, R5F101LHAFA#X0, R5F101LJAFA#X0, R5F101LKAFA#X0, R5F101LLAFA#X0 R5F101LCDFA#V0, R5F101LDDFA#V0, R5F101LEDFA#V0, R5F101LF DFA#V0, R5F101LGDFA#V0, R5F101LHDFA#V0, R5F101LJDFA#V0, R5F101LK DFA#V0, R5F101LLDFA#V0 R5F101LCDFA#X0, R5F101LDDFA#X0, R5F101LEDFA#X0, R5F101LF DFA#X0, R5F101LGDFA#X0, R5F101LHDFA#X0, R5F101LJDFA#X0, R5F101LK DFA#X0, R5F101LLDFA#X0

**Note** For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

**Caution** The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

**Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers**

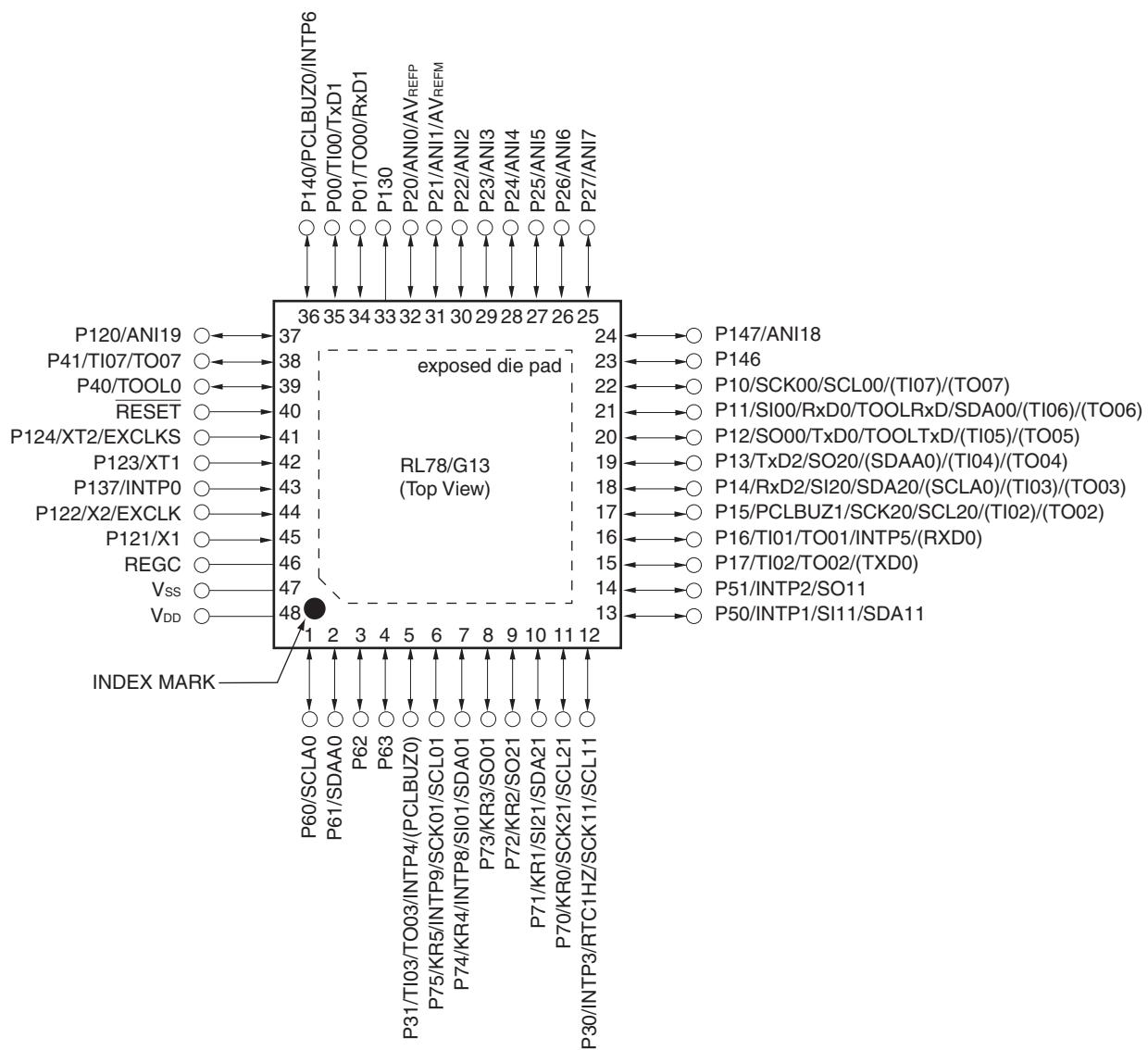
(10/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application <small>Note</small>	Ordering Part Number
80 pins	80-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100MFAFA#V0, R5F100MGAFA#V0, R5F100MHAFA#V0, R5F100MJAFA#V0, R5F100MKAFA#V0, R5F100MLAFA#V0 R5F100MFAFA#X0, R5F100MGAFA#X0, R5F100MHAFA#X0, R5F100MJAFA#X0, R5F100MKAFA#X0, R5F100MLAFA#X0 R5F100MFdfa#V0, R5F100MGdfa#V0, R5F100MHdfa#V0, R5F100MJDfa#V0, R5F100MKdfa#V0, R5F100MLDfa#V0 R5F100MFdfa#X0, R5F100MGdfa#X0, R5F100MHdfa#X0, R5F100MJDfa#X0, R5F100MKdfa#X0, R5F100MLDfa#X0 R5F100MFGFA#V0, R5F100MGGFA#V0, R5F100MHGFA#V0, R5F100MJGFA#V0 R5F100MFGFA#X0, R5F100MGGFA#X0, R5F100MHGFA#X0, R5F100MJGFA#X0
			D	R5F100MFdfa#V0, R5F100MGdfa#V0, R5F100MHdfa#V0, R5F100MJDfa#V0, R5F100MKdfa#V0, R5F100MLDfa#V0 R5F100MFdfa#X0, R5F100MGdfa#X0, R5F100MHdfa#X0, R5F100MJDfa#X0, R5F100MKdfa#X0, R5F100MLDfa#X0 R5F100MFGFA#V0, R5F100MGGFA#V0, R5F100MHGFA#V0, R5F100MJGFA#V0 R5F100MFGFA#X0, R5F100MGGFA#X0, R5F100MHGFA#X0, R5F100MJGFA#X0
			G	R5F101MFAFA#V0, R5F101MGAFA#V0, R5F101MHAFA#V0, R5F101MJAFA#V0, R5F101MKAFA#V0, R5F101MLAFA#V0 R5F101MFAFA#X0, R5F101MGAFA#X0, R5F101MHAFA#X0, R5F101MJAFA#X0, R5F101MKAFA#X0, R5F101MLAFA#X0 R5F101MFdfa#V0, R5F101MGdfa#V0, R5F101MHdfa#V0, R5F101MJDfa#V0, R5F101MKdfa#V0, R5F101MLDfa#V0 R5F101MFdfa#X0, R5F101MGdfa#X0, R5F101MHdfa#X0, R5F101MJDfa#X0, R5F101MKdfa#X0, R5F101MLDfa#X0 R5F101MFGFB#V0, R5F100MGGFB#V0, R5F100MHGFB#V0, R5F100MJGFB#V0 R5F101MFGFB#X0, R5F100MGGFB#X0, R5F100MHGFB#X0, R5F100MJGFB#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101MFAFB#V0, R5F100MGAFB#V0, R5F100MHAFB#V0, R5F100MJAFB#V0, R5F100MKAFB#V0, R5F100MLAFB#V0 R5F100MFAFB#X0, R5F100MGAFB#X0, R5F100MHAFB#X0, R5F100MJAFB#X0, R5F100MKAFB#X0, R5F100MLAFB#X0 R5F100MFDFB#V0, R5F100MGDFB#V0, R5F100MHDFB#V0, R5F100MJDFB#V0, R5F100MKDFB#V0, R5F100MLDFB#V0 R5F100MFDFB#X0, R5F100MGDFB#X0, R5F100MHDFB#X0, R5F100MJDFB#X0, R5F100MKDFB#X0, R5F100MLDFB#X0 R5F100MFGFB#V0, R5F100MGGFB#V0, R5F100MHGFB#V0, R5F100MJGFB#V0 R5F100MFGFB#X0, R5F100MGGFB#X0, R5F100MHGFB#X0, R5F100MJGFB#X0
	80-pin plastic LFQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100MFAFB#V0, R5F100MGAFB#V0, R5F100MHAFB#V0, R5F100MJAFB#V0, R5F100MKAFB#V0, R5F100MLAFB#V0 R5F100MFAFB#X0, R5F100MGAFB#X0, R5F100MHAFB#X0, R5F100MJAFB#X0, R5F100MKAFB#X0, R5F100MLAFB#X0 R5F100MFDFB#V0, R5F100MGDFB#V0, R5F100MHDFB#V0, R5F100MJDFB#V0, R5F100MKDFB#V0, R5F100MLDFB#V0 R5F100MFDFB#X0, R5F100MGDFB#X0, R5F100MHDFB#X0, R5F100MJDFB#X0, R5F100MKDFB#X0, R5F100MLDFB#X0 R5F100MFGFB#V0, R5F100MGGFB#V0, R5F100MHGFB#V0, R5F100MJGFB#V0 R5F100MFGFB#X0, R5F100MGGFB#X0, R5F100MHGFB#X0, R5F100MJGFB#X0
			D	R5F100MFAFB#V0, R5F100MGAFB#V0, R5F100MHAFB#V0, R5F100MJAFB#V0, R5F100MKAFB#V0, R5F100MLAFB#V0 R5F100MFAFB#X0, R5F100MGAFB#X0, R5F100MHAFB#X0, R5F100MJAFB#X0, R5F100MKAFB#X0, R5F100MLAFB#X0 R5F100MFDFB#V0, R5F100MGDFB#V0, R5F100MHDFB#V0, R5F100MJDFB#V0, R5F100MKDFB#V0, R5F100MLDFB#V0 R5F100MFDFB#X0, R5F100MGDFB#X0, R5F100MHDFB#X0, R5F100MJDFB#X0, R5F100MKDFB#X0, R5F100MLDFB#X0 R5F100MFGFB#V0, R5F100MGGFB#V0, R5F100MHGFB#V0, R5F100MJGFB#V0 R5F100MFGFB#X0, R5F100MGGFB#X0, R5F100MHGFB#X0, R5F100MJGFB#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101MFAFB#V0, R5F101MGAFB#V0, R5F101MHAFB#V0, R5F101MJAFB#V0, R5F101MKAFB#V0, R5F101MLAFB#V0 R5F101MFAFB#X0, R5F101MGAFB#X0, R5F101MHAFB#X0, R5F101MJAFB#X0, R5F101MKAFB#X0, R5F101MLAFB#X0 R5F101MFDFB#V0, R5F101MGDFB#V0, R5F101MHDFB#V0, R5F101MJDFB#V0, R5F101MKDFB#V0, R5F101MLDFB#V0 R5F101MFDFB#X0, R5F101MGDFB#X0, R5F101MHDFB#X0, R5F101MJDFB#X0, R5F101MKDFB#X0, R5F101MLDFB#X0 R5F101MFGFB#V0, R5F100MGGFB#V0, R5F100MHGFB#V0, R5F100MJGFB#V0 R5F101MFGFB#X0, R5F100MGGFB#X0, R5F100MHGFB#X0, R5F100MJGFB#X0

**Note** For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

**Caution** The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

- 48-pin plastic HWQFN ( $7 \times 7$  mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

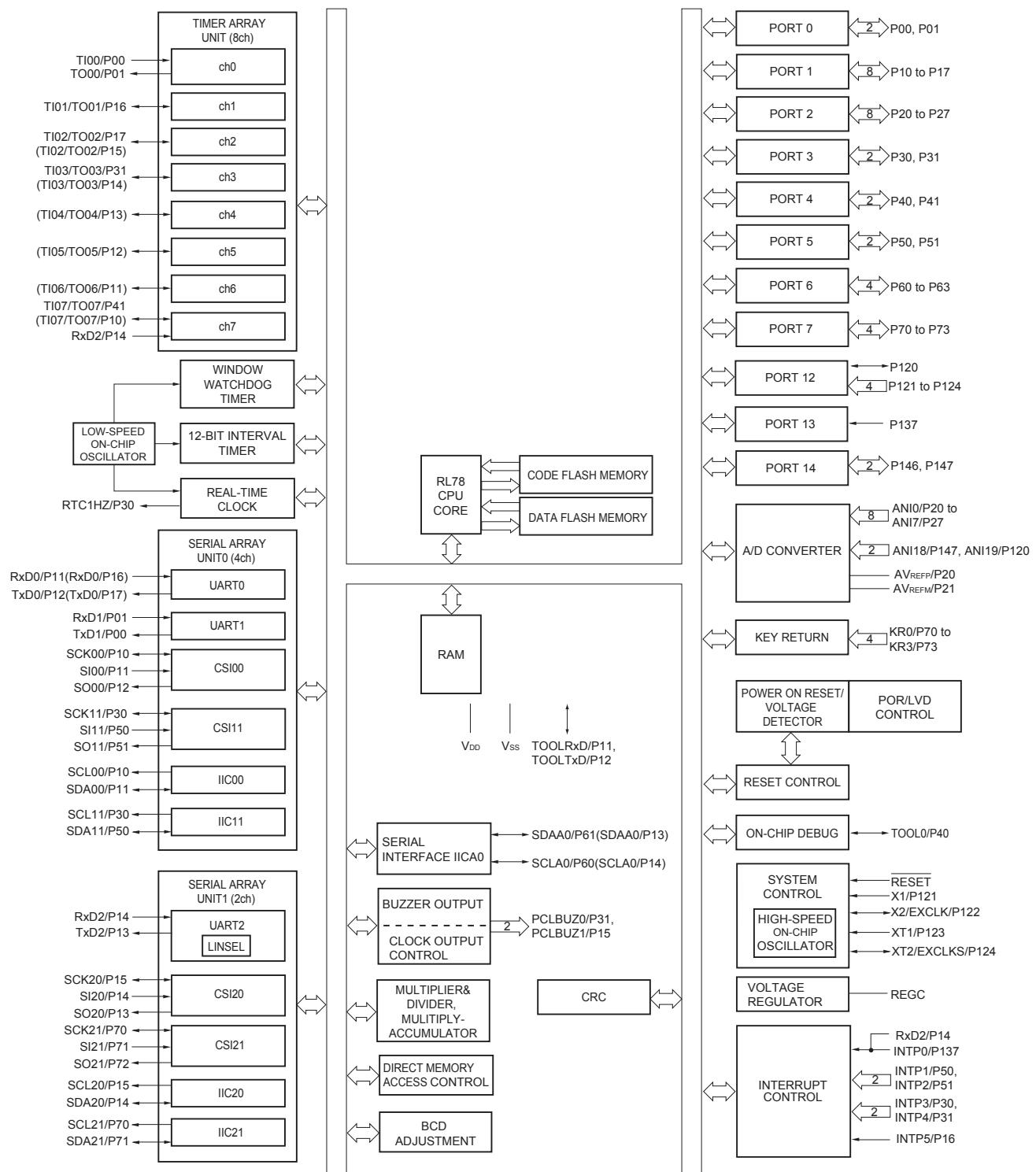


**Caution Connect the REGC pin to V<sub>ss</sub> via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).**

**Remarks** 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

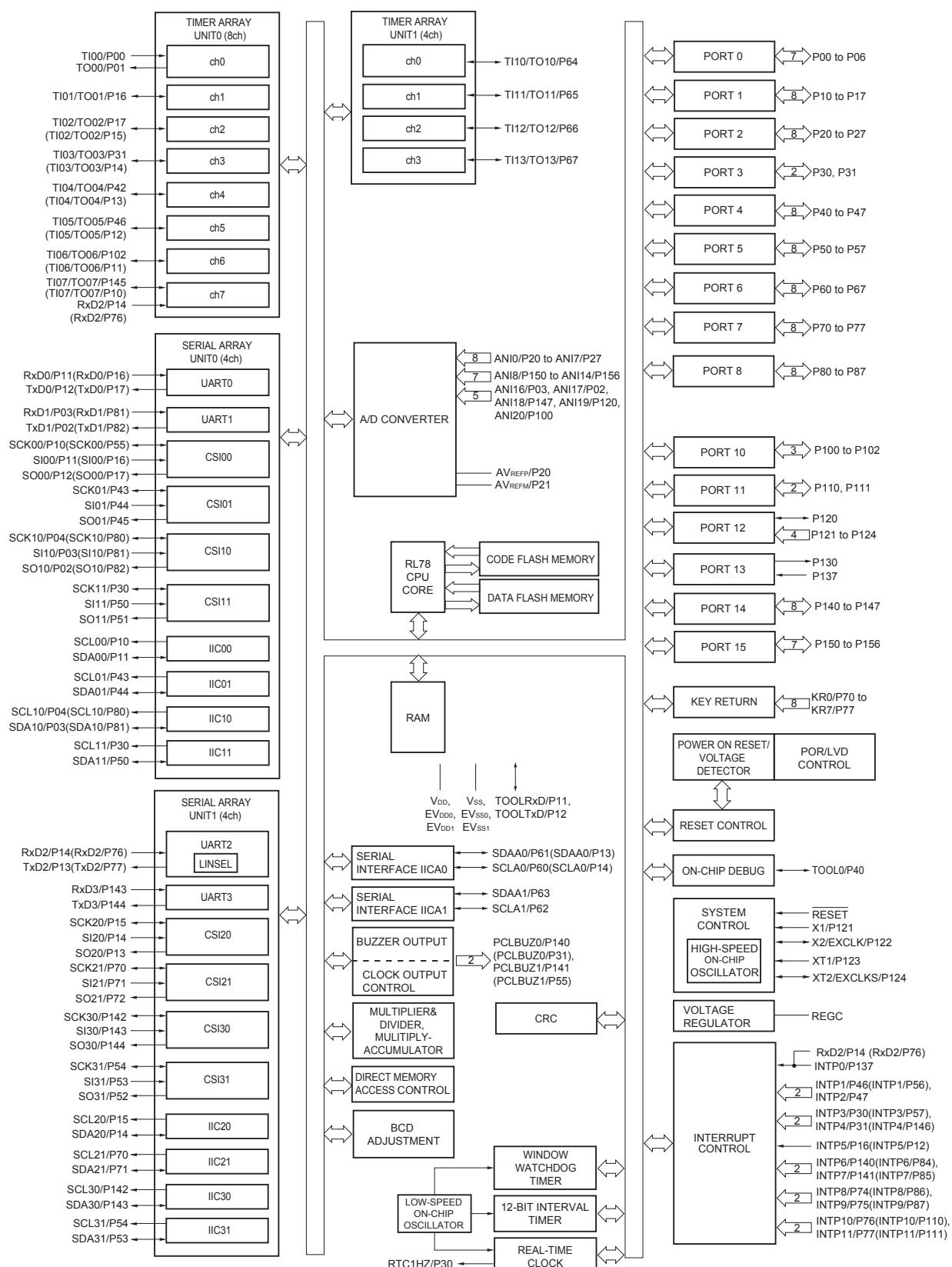
2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.
3. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to V<sub>ss</sub>.

## 1.5.8 44-pin products



**Remark** Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

## 1.5.13 100-pin products



**Remark** Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

3. The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves) (see **6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual).
4. When setting to PIOR = 1

(2/2)

Item	20-pin		24-pin		25-pin		30-pin		32-pin		36-pin	
	R5F1006x	R5F1016x	R5F1007x	R5F1017x	R5F1008x	R5F1018x	R5F1004Ax	R5F101Ax	R5F100Bx	R5F101Bx	R5F100Cx	R5F101Cx
Clock output/buzzer output	–		1		1		2		2		2	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: f<sub>MAIN</sub> = 20 MHz operation)</li> </ul>											
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter	6 channels		6 channels		6 channels		8 channels		8 channels		8 channels	
Serial interface	<p>[20-pin, 24-pin, 25-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CSI: 1 channel/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel</li> <li>• CSI: 1 channel/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel</li> </ul> <p>[30-pin, 32-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CSI: 1 channel/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel</li> <li>• CSI: 1 channel/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel</li> <li>• CSI: 1 channel/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 1 channel/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel</li> </ul> <p>[36-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CSI: 1 channel/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel</li> <li>• CSI: 1 channel/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel</li> <li>• CSI: 2 channels/simplified I<sup>2</sup>C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel</li> </ul>											
	I <sup>2</sup> C bus	–	1 channel	1 channel								
Multiplier and divider/multiply-accumulator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16 bits × 16 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed)</li> <li>• 32 bits ÷ 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned)</li> <li>• 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed)</li> </ul>											
DMA controller	2 channels											
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	23	24	24	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
	External	3	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Key interrupt	–											
Reset	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reset by <u>RESET</u> pin</li> <li>• Internal reset by watchdog timer</li> <li>• Internal reset by power-on-reset</li> <li>• Internal reset by voltage detector</li> <li>• Internal reset by illegal instruction execution <sup>Note</sup></li> <li>• Internal reset by RAM parity error</li> <li>• Internal reset by illegal-memory access</li> </ul>											
Power-on-reset circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power-on-reset: 1.51 V (TYP.)</li> <li>• Power-down-reset: 1.50 V (TYP.)</li> </ul>											
Voltage detector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rising edge : 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 stages)</li> <li>• Falling edge : 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages)</li> </ul>											
On-chip debug function	Provided											
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD} = 1.6 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ( $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ ) $V_{DD} = 2.4 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ( $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^\circ\text{C}$ )											
Operating ambient temperature	$T_A = 40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications) $T_A = 40 \text{ to } +105^\circ\text{C}$ (G: Industrial applications)											

**Note** The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

## 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbols	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DD}$		-0.5 to +6.5	V
	$EV_{DD0}, EV_{DD1}$	$EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1}$	-0.5 to +6.5	V
	$EV_{SS0}, EV_{SS1}$	$EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1}$	-0.5 to +0.3	V
REGC pin input voltage	$V_{IREGC}$	REGC	-0.3 to +2.8 and -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3^{\text{Note 1}}$	V
Input voltage	$V_{I1}$	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	-0.3 to $EV_{DD0} + 0.3$ and -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3^{\text{Note 2}}$	V
	$V_{I2}$	P60 to P63 (N-ch open-drain)	-0.3 to +6.5	V
	$V_{I3}$	P20 to P27, P121 to P124, P137, P150 to P156, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3^{\text{Note 2}}$	V
Output voltage	$V_{O1}$	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	-0.3 to $EV_{DD0} + 0.3$ and -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3^{\text{Note 2}}$	V
	$V_{O2}$	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3^{\text{Note 2}}$	V
Analog input voltage	$V_{AI1}$	ANI16 to ANI26	-0.3 to $EV_{DD0} + 0.3$ and -0.3 to $AV_{REF}(+) + 0.3^{\text{Notes 2, 3}}$	V
	$V_{AI2}$	ANIO to ANI14	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ and -0.3 to $AV_{REF}(+) + 0.3^{\text{Notes 2, 3}}$	V

- Notes 1.** Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu\text{F}$ ). This value regulates the absolute maximum rating of the REGC pin. Do not use this pin with voltage applied to it.
- 2.** Must be 6.5 V or lower.
  - 3.** Do not exceed  $AV_{REF}(+) + 0.3$  V in case of A/D conversion target pin.

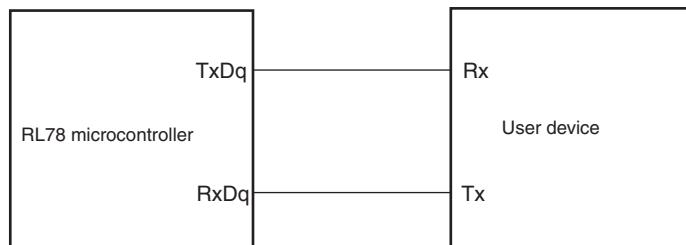
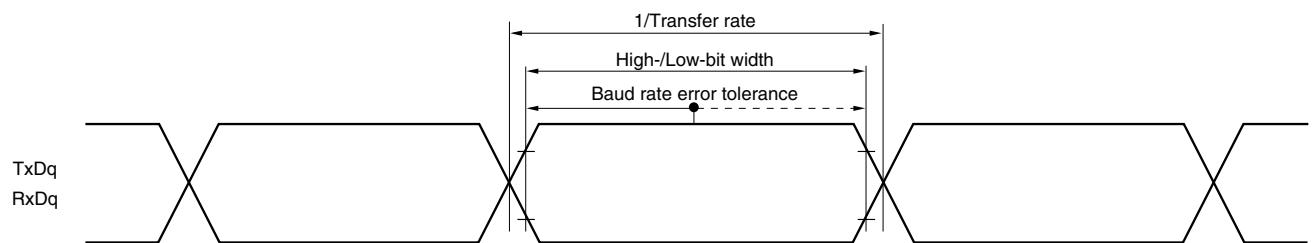
**Caution** Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

- Remarks 1.** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.
- 2.**  $AV_{REF}(+)$  : + side reference voltage of the A/D converter.
  - 3.**  $V_{SS}$  : Reference voltage

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$ ) (5/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Input leakage current, high	$I_{LIH1}$	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147		$V_I = EV_{DD0}$		1	$\mu\text{A}$		
	$I_{LIH2}$	P20 to P27, P137, P150 to P156, RESET		$V_I = V_{DD}$		1	$\mu\text{A}$		
	$I_{LIH3}$	P121 to P124 (X1, X2, XT1, XT2, EXCLK, EXCLKS)		$V_I = V_{DD}$	In input port or external clock input	1	$\mu\text{A}$		
						10	$\mu\text{A}$		
Input leakage current, low	$I_{LIL1}$	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147		$V_I = EV_{SS0}$		-1	$\mu\text{A}$		
	$I_{LIL2}$	P20 to P27, P137, P150 to P156, RESET		$V_I = V_{SS}$		-1	$\mu\text{A}$		
	$I_{LIL3}$	P121 to P124 (X1, X2, XT1, XT2, EXCLK, EXCLKS)		$V_I = V_{SS}$	In input port or external clock input	-1	$\mu\text{A}$		
						-10	$\mu\text{A}$		
On-chip pll-up resistance	$R_u$	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147		$V_I = EV_{SS0}$ , In input port		10	20	100	$k\Omega$

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

**UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)****UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)**

**Remarks** 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2.  $f_{MCK}$ : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

- (2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	$t_{KCY1}$	$t_{KCY1} \geq 2/f_{CLK}$	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	62.5		250		500		ns
			$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	83.3		250		500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	$t_{KH1}, t_{KL1}$	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		$t_{KCY1}/2 - 7$		$t_{KCY1}/2 - 50$		$t_{KCY1}/2 - 50$		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		$t_{KCY1}/2 - 10$		$t_{KCY1}/2 - 50$		$t_{KCY1}/2 - 50$		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp $\uparrow$ ) <small>Note 1</small>	$t_{SIK1}$	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		23		110		110		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		33		110		110		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp $\uparrow$ ) <small>Note 2</small>	$t_{KSI1}$	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp $\downarrow$ to SOp output <small>Note 3</small>	$t_{KS01}$	$C = 20 \text{ pF}$ <small>Note 4</small>			10		10		10	ns

- Notes**
- When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp $\downarrow$ ” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp $\downarrow$ ” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp $\uparrow$ ” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

**Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

**Remarks** 1. This value is valid only when CSI00’s peripheral I/O redirect function is not used.

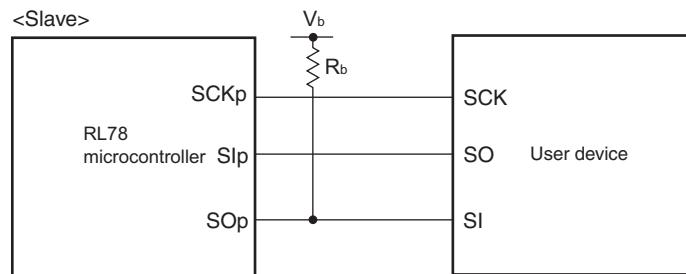
- p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0),  
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 1)
3. f<sub>MCK</sub>: Serial array unit operation clock frequency  
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))

(7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only) (1/2)

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t <sub>KCY1</sub>	t <sub>KCY1</sub> ≥ 2/f <sub>CLK</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	200		1150		1150		ns
			2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t <sub>KH1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 50		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 50		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 50			ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 120		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 120		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 120			ns
SCKp low-level width	t <sub>KL1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 7		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 50		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 50			ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 10		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 50		t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 50			ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) <sup>Note 1</sup>	t <sub>SIK1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	58		479		479			ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	121		479		479			ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) <sup>Note 1</sup>	t <sub>KS1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	10		10		10			ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	10		10		10			ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SO <sub>p</sub> output <sup>Note 1</sup>	t <sub>KS01</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ		60		60		60		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		130		130		130		ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

**CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**

- Remarks**
1.  $R_b[\Omega]$ : Communication line (SO<sub>p</sub>) pull-up resistance,  $C_b[F]$ : Communication line (SO<sub>p</sub>) load capacitance,  $V_b[V]$ : Communication line voltage
  2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
  3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency  
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).  
m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))
  4. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential.  
Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

### 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ , HS (high-speed main) mode)

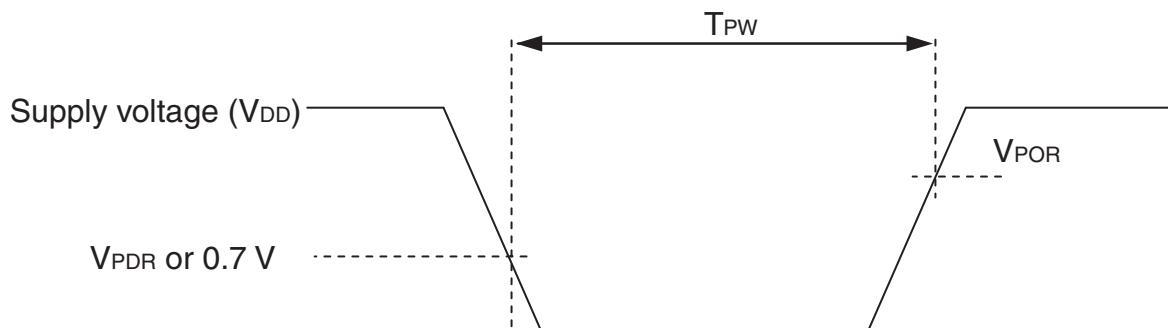
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	$V_{TMPS25}$	Setting ADS register = 80H, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	$V_{BGR}$	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient	$F_{VTMPS}$	Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operation stabilization wait time	$t_{AMP}$		5			$\mu\text{s}$

### 2.6.3 POR circuit characteristics

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	$V_{POR}$	Power supply rise time	1.47	1.51	1.55	V
	$V_{PDR}$	Power supply fall time	1.46	1.50	1.54	V
Minimum pulse width <sup>Note</sup>	$T_{PW}$		300			$\mu\text{s}$

**Note** Minimum time required for a POR reset when  $V_{DD}$  exceeds below  $V_{PDR}$ . This is also the minimum time required for a POR reset from when  $V_{DD}$  exceeds below 0.7 V to when  $V_{DD}$  exceeds  $V_{POR}$  while STOP mode is entered or the main system clock is stopped through setting bit 0 (HIOSTOP) and bit 7 (MSTOP) in the clock operation status control register (CSC).



## 2.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics

**LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode** $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}, V_{PDR} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	$V_{LVD0}$	Power supply rise time	3.98	4.06	4.14	V
		Power supply fall time	3.90	3.98	4.06	V
	$V_{LVD1}$	Power supply rise time	3.68	3.75	3.82	V
		Power supply fall time	3.60	3.67	3.74	V
	$V_{LVD2}$	Power supply rise time	3.07	3.13	3.19	V
		Power supply fall time	3.00	3.06	3.12	V
	$V_{LVD3}$	Power supply rise time	2.96	3.02	3.08	V
		Power supply fall time	2.90	2.96	3.02	V
	$V_{LVD4}$	Power supply rise time	2.86	2.92	2.97	V
		Power supply fall time	2.80	2.86	2.91	V
	$V_{LVD5}$	Power supply rise time	2.76	2.81	2.87	V
		Power supply fall time	2.70	2.75	2.81	V
	$V_{LVD6}$	Power supply rise time	2.66	2.71	2.76	V
		Power supply fall time	2.60	2.65	2.70	V
	$V_{LVD7}$	Power supply rise time	2.56	2.61	2.66	V
		Power supply fall time	2.50	2.55	2.60	V
	$V_{LVD8}$	Power supply rise time	2.45	2.50	2.55	V
		Power supply fall time	2.40	2.45	2.50	V
	$V_{LVD9}$	Power supply rise time	2.05	2.09	2.13	V
		Power supply fall time	2.00	2.04	2.08	V
	$V_{LVD10}$	Power supply rise time	1.94	1.98	2.02	V
		Power supply fall time	1.90	1.94	1.98	V
	$V_{LVD11}$	Power supply rise time	1.84	1.88	1.91	V
		Power supply fall time	1.80	1.84	1.87	V
	$V_{LVD12}$	Power supply rise time	1.74	1.77	1.81	V
		Power supply fall time	1.70	1.73	1.77	V
	$V_{LVD13}$	Power supply rise time	1.64	1.67	1.70	V
		Power supply fall time	1.60	1.63	1.66	V
Minimum pulse width	$t_{LW}$		300			$\mu\text{s}$
Detection delay time					300	$\mu\text{s}$

### 2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0$  V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	$S_{VDD}$				54	V/ms

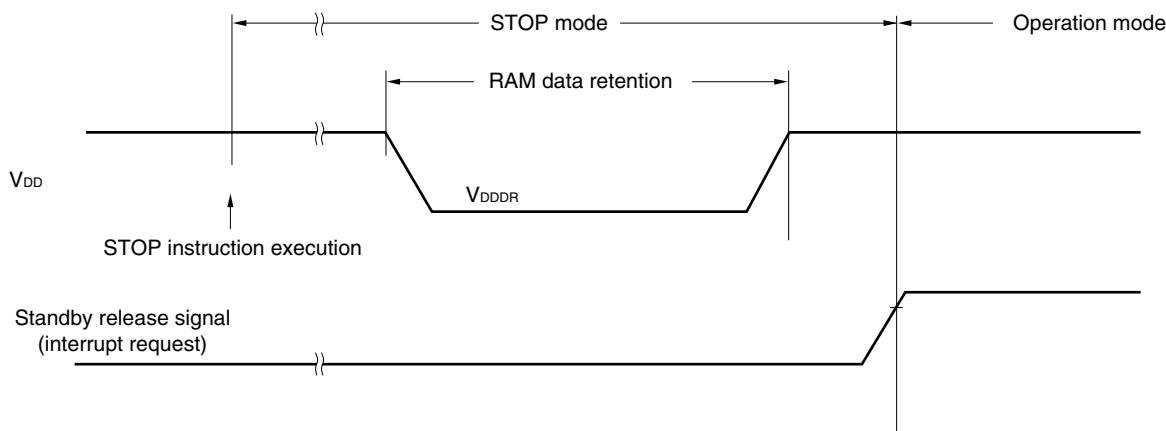
**Caution** Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the LVD circuit or an external reset until  $V_{DD}$  reaches the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.

### 2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0$  V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	$V_{DDDR}$		1.46 <sup>Note</sup>		5.5	V

**Note** This depends on the POR detection voltage. For a falling voltage, data in RAM are retained until the voltage reaches the level that triggers a POR reset but not once it reaches the level at which a POR reset is generated.



**Notes** 1. Total current flowing into  $V_{DD}$  and  $EV_{DD0}$ , including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to  $V_{DD}$ ,  $EV_{DD0}$  or  $V_{SS}$ ,  $EV_{SS0}$ . The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
4. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When  $AMPHS1 = 1$  (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
5. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode:  $2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$  @ 1 MHz to 32 MHz  
 $2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$  @ 1 MHz to 16 MHz

**Remarks** 1.  $f_{MX}$ : High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)  
2.  $f_{IH}$ : High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency  
3.  $f_{SUB}$ : Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)  
4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

## (1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

 $(T_A = -40$  to  $+105^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $2.4 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = 0 \text{ V}$ ) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Supply current <small>Note 1</small>	$I_{DD2}$ <small>Note 2</small>	HALT mode	HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.54	2.90	mA	
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		0.54	2.90	mA	
				$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.44	2.30	mA	
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		0.44	2.30	mA	
				$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.40	1.70	mA	
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		0.40	1.70	mA	
		HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.28	1.90	mA		
				Resonator connection		0.45	2.00	mA		
			$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.28	1.90	mA		
				Resonator connection		0.45	2.00	mA		
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.19	1.02	mA		
				Resonator connection		0.26	1.10	mA		
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.19	1.02	mA		
				Resonator connection		0.26	1.10	mA		
		Subsystem clock operation	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.25	0.57	$\mu\text{A}$		
				Resonator connection		0.44	0.76	$\mu\text{A}$		
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.30	0.57	$\mu\text{A}$		
				Resonator connection		0.49	0.76	$\mu\text{A}$		
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.37	1.17	$\mu\text{A}$		
				Resonator connection		0.56	1.36	$\mu\text{A}$		
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.53	1.97	$\mu\text{A}$		
				Resonator connection		0.72	2.16	$\mu\text{A}$		
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.82	3.37	$\mu\text{A}$		
				Resonator connection		1.01	3.56	$\mu\text{A}$		
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +105^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		3.01	15.37	$\mu\text{A}$		
				Resonator connection		3.20	15.56	$\mu\text{A}$		
$I_{DD3}$ <small>Note 6</small>	STOP mode <small>Note 8</small>	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$					0.18	0.50	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$					0.23	0.50	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$					0.30	1.10	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$					0.46	1.90	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$					0.75	3.30	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$T_A = +105^\circ\text{C}$					2.94	15.30	$\mu\text{A}$	

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

**Notes** 1. Total current flowing into  $V_{DD}$  and  $EV_{DD0}$ , including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to  $V_{DD}$ ,  $EV_{DD0}$  or  $V_{SS}$ ,  $EV_{SS0}$ . The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
5. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When  $RTCLPC = 1$  and setting ultra-low current consumption ( $AMPHS1 = 1$ ). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.  
HS (high-speed main) mode:  $2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 32 MHz  
 $2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 16 MHz
8. Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.

**Remarks** 1.  $f_{MX}$ : High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)  
2.  $f_{IH}$ : High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency  
3.  $f_{SUB}$ : Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)  
4. Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode) (1/2)(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCL <sub>r</sub> clock frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		400 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		400 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ		100 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		100 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ		100 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
Hold time when SCL <sub>r</sub> = "L"	t <sub>LOW</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1200		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1200		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ	4600		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	4600		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	4650		ns
Hold time when SCL <sub>r</sub> = "H"	t <sub>HIGH</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	620		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	500		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ	2700		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	2400		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	1830		ns

(Notes and Caution are listed on the next page, and Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

## 4.9 48-pin Products

R5F100GAAFB, R5F100GCAFB, R5F100GDAFB, R5F100GEAFB, R5F100GFAFB, R5F100GGAFB,  
 R5F100GHAFB, R5F100GJAFB, R5F100GKAFB, R5F100GLAFB  
 R5F101GAAFB, R5F101GCAFB, R5F101GDAFB, R5F101GEAFB, R5F101GFAFB, R5F101GGAFB,  
 R5F101GHAFB, R5F101GJAFB, R5F101GKAFB, R5F101GLAFB  
 R5F100GADFB, R5F100GCDFB, R5F100GDDFB, R5F100GEDFB, R5F100GFDFB, R5F100GGDFB,  
 R5F100GHDDB, R5F100GJDFB, R5F100GKDFB, R5F100GLDFB  
 R5F101GADFB, R5F101GCDFB, R5F101GDDFB, R5F101GEDFB, R5F101GFDFB, R5F101GGDFB,  
 R5F101GHDDB, R5F101GJDFB, R5F101GKDFB, R5F101GLDFB  
 R5F100GAGFB, R5F100GCGFB, R5F100GDGFB, R5F100GEGFB, R5F100GFGFB, R5F100GGGFB,  
 R5F100GHGFB, R5F100GJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP48-7x7-0.50	PLQP0048KF-A	P48GA-50-8EU-1	0.16

