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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	28
Program Memory Size	192KB (192K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 9x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	40-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	40-HWQFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100ehana-u0

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(10/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application	Ordering Part Number
80 pins	80-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	А	R5F100MFAFA#V0, R5F100MGAFA#V0, R5F100MHAFA#V0, R5F100MJAFA#V0, R5F100MKAFA#V0, R5F100MLAFA#V0 R5F100MFAFA#X0, R5F100MGAFA#X0, R5F100MHAFA#X0, R5F100MJAFA#X0, R5F100MKAFA#X0, R5F100MLAFA#X0
			D	R5F100MFDFA#V0, R5F100MGDFA#V0, R5F100MHDFA#V0, R5F100MJDFA#V0, R5F100MKDFA#V0, R5F100MFDFA#X0, R5F100MFDFA#X0, R5F100MFDFA#X0, R5F100MJDFA#X0, R5F100MKDFA#X0, R5F100MLDFA#X0
			G	R5F100MFGFA#V0, R5F100MGGFA#V0, R5F100MHGFA#V0, R5F100MJGFA#V0 R5F100MFGFA#X0, R5F100MGGFA#X0, R5F100MHGFA#X0, R5F100MJGFA#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101MFAFA#V0, R5F101MGAFA#V0, R5F101MHAFA#V0, R5F101MJAFA#V0, R5F101MKAFA#V0, R5F101MLAFA#V0 R5F101MFAFA#X0, R5F101MGAFA#X0, R5F101MJAFA#X0, R5F101MKAFA#X0, R5F101MLAFA#X0
			D	R5F101MFDFA#V0, R5F101MGDFA#V0, R5F101MHDFA#V0, R5F101MJDFA#V0, R5F101MKDFA#V0, R5F101MLDFA#V0 R5F101MFDFA#X0, R5F101MGDFA#X0, R5F101MHDFA#X0, R5F101MJDFA#X0, R5F101MKDFA#X0, R5F101MJDFA#X0, R5F101MKDFA#X0, R5F101MLDFA#X0
	80-pin plastic LFQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	А	R5F100MFAFB#V0, R5F100MGAFB#V0, R5F100MHAFB#V0, R5F100MJAFB#V0, R5F100MKAFB#V0, R5F100MLAFB#V0 R5F100MFAFB#X0, R5F100MGAFB#X0, R5F100MJAFB#X0, R5F100MKAFB#X0, R5F100MLAFB#X0
			D	R5F100MFDFB#V0, R5F100MGDFB#V0, R5F100MHDFB#V0, R5F100MJDFB#V0, R5F100MKDFB#V0, R5F100MLDFB#V0 R5F100MFDFB#X0, R5F100MGDFB#X0, R5F100MHDFB#X0, R5F100MJDFB#X0, R5F100MKDFB#X0, R5F100MLDFB#X0
			G	R5F100MFGFB#V0, R5F100MGGFB#V0, R5F100MHGFB#V0, R5F100MJGFB#V0 R5F100MFGFB#X0, R5F100MGGFB#X0, R5F100MJGFB#X0, R5F100MJGFB#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101MFAFB#V0, R5F101MGAFB#V0, R5F101MHAFB#V0, R5F101MJAFB#V0, R5F101MKAFB#V0, R5F101MFAFB#X0, R5F101MGAFB#X0, R5F101MHAFB#X0, R5F101MJAFB#X0, R5F101MKAFB#X0, R5F101MLAFB#X0
			D	R5F101MFDFB#V0, R5F101MGDFB#V0, R5F101MHDFB#V0, R5F101MJDFB#V0, R5F101MKDFB#V0, R5F101MLDFB#V0 R5F101MFDFB#X0, R5F101MGDFB#X0, R5F101MHDFB#X0, R5F101MJDFB#X0, R5F101MKDFB#X0, R5F101MLDFB#X0

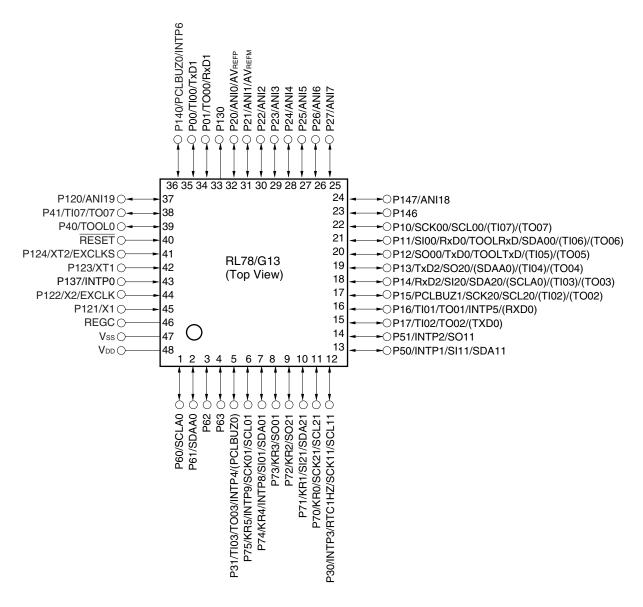
Note For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.



1.3.9 48-pin products

• 48-pin plastic LFQFP (7 x 7 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

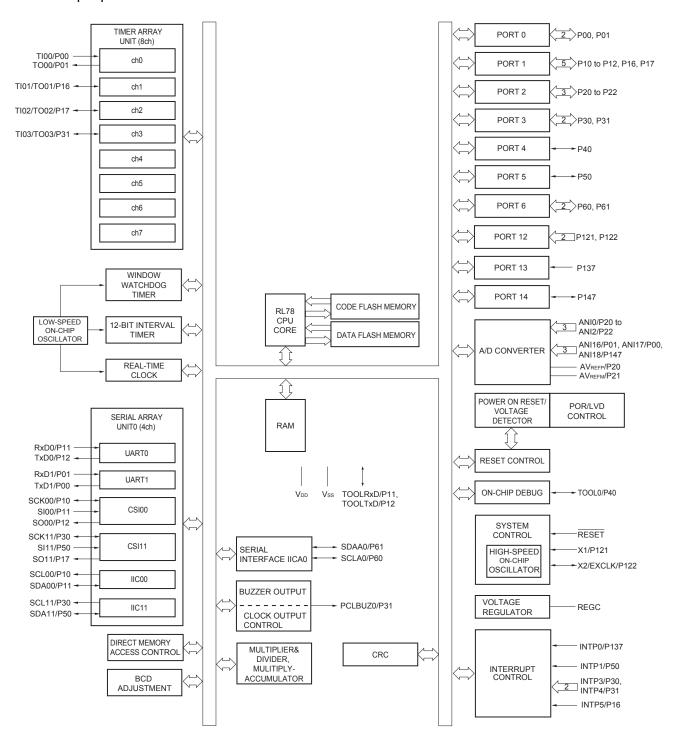


Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

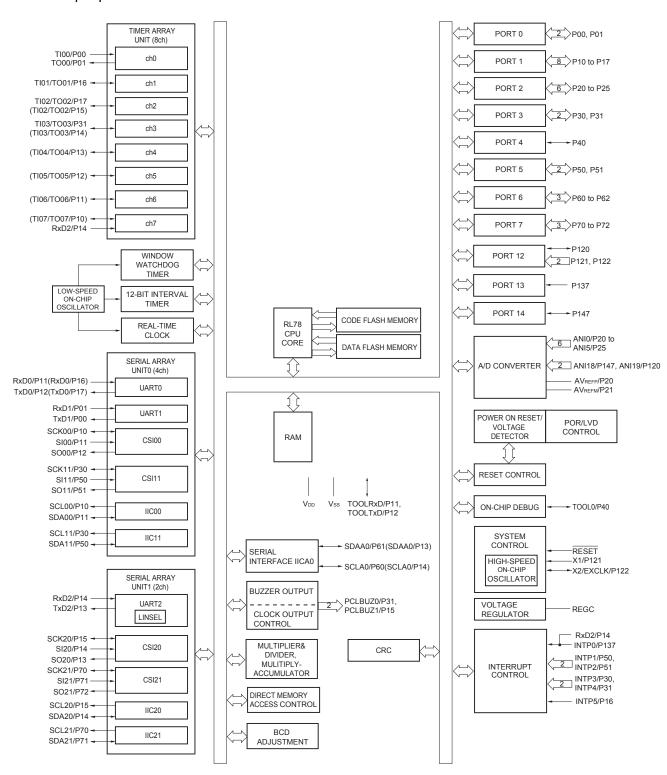
Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.2 24-pin products

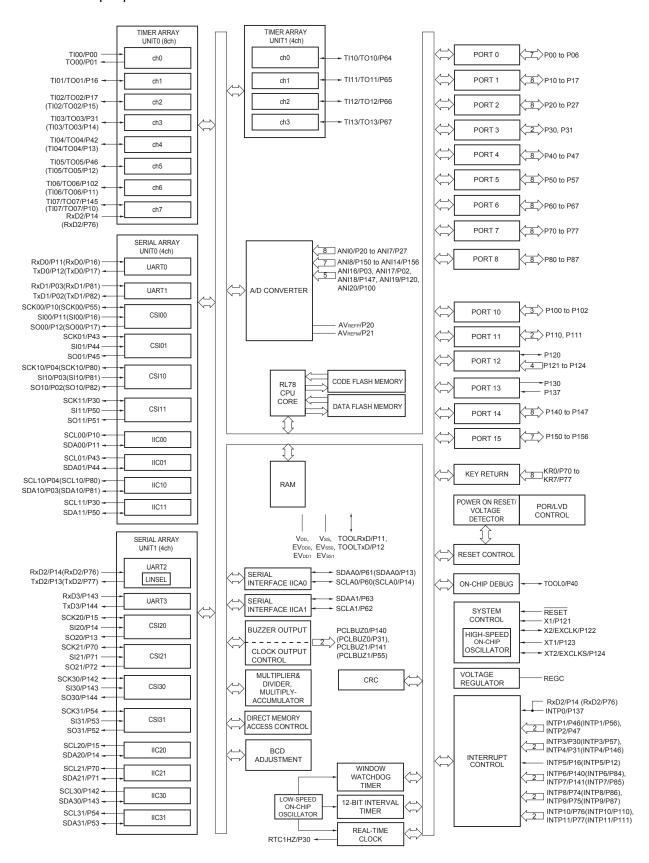


1.5.6 36-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.13 100-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.6 Outline of Functions

[20-pin, 24-pin, 25-pin, 30-pin, 32-pin, 36-pin products]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

(1/2)

												(1/2	
	Item	20-	pin	24-	-pin	25	-pin	30-	pin	32-	pin	36-	pin
		R5F1006x	R5F1016x	R5F1007x	R5F1017x	R5F1008x	R5F1018x	R5F100Ax	R5F101Ax	R5F100Bx	R5F101Bx	R5F100Cx	R5F101Cx
Code flash me	emory (KB)	16 to	64	16 t	o 64	16 t	o 64	16 to	128	16 to	128	16 to	128
Data flash me	mory (KB)	4	=	4	_	4	-	4 to 8	=	4 to 8	-	4 to 8	=
RAM (KB)		2 to	4 ^{Note1}	2 to	4 ^{Note1}	2 to	4 ^{Note1}	2 to 1	12 ^{Note1}	2 to 1	12 ^{Note1}	2 to 1	2 ^{Note1}
Address space	e	1 MB											
Main system clock High-speed system clock X1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz (Vpd = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (Vpd = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (Vpd = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (Vpd = 1.6 to 5.5 V)													
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	HS (Hig LS (Lov	h-speed v-speed	l main) m main) m	node: 1 t ode: 1 t	:o 16 MH :o 8 MHz	dz (Vdd = dz (Vdd = z (Vdd = 1 z (Vdd = 1	2.4 to 5.5	.5 V), 5 V),				
Subsystem clo	ock	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											
Low-speed on	-chip oscillator	15 kHz (TYP.)											
General-purpo	ose registers	(8-bit register × 8) × 4 banks											
Minimum instr	ruction execution time	0.03125 μs (High-speed on-chip oscillator: fiн = 32 MHz operation)											
		0.05 μs (High-speed system clock: f _{MX} = 20 MHz operation)											
Instruction set		 Data transfer (8/16 bits) Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits) Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 											
I/O port	Total	1	6	2	.0	2	21	2	6	2	8	3	2
	CMOS I/O	(N-ch C (V _{DD} wit voltag	D.D. I/O hstand	(N-ch C	5 D.D. I/O thstand ge]: 6)	(N-ch (D.D. I/O thstand ge]: 6)	(N-ch C [V _{DD} with voltage	D.D. I/O thstand	2 (N-ch C [V _{DD} wi ¹ voltag	thstand	(N-ch C [V _{DD} wit voltage	D.D. I/O thstand
	CMOS input	3	3	(3	;	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	CMOS output	=	-	-	=		1	=	=	=	=	=	=
	N-ch O.D. I/O (withstand voltage: 6 V)	-	-	2	2	:	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Timer	16-bit timer						8 cha	nnels					
	Watchdog timer						1 cha	ınnel					
	Real-time clock (RTC)						1 chanı	nel Note 2					
	12-bit interval timer (IT)						1 cha	ınnel					
	Timer output	3 chann (PWM c 2 Note 3)		4 chanr (PWM	nels outputs:	3 Note 3)				M output			
	RTC output						_	-					

Notes 1. The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = 6 to 8, A to C): Start address FF300H R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = 6 to 8, A to C): Start address FEF00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944).

2. Only the constant-period interrupt function when the low-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fill) is selected

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol			Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply	DD2 Note 2	HALT	HS (high-	fin = 32 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.62	1.86	mA
Current Note 1	Note 2	mode	speed main) mode Note 7		V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.62	1.86	mA
			mode	fih = 24 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.50	1.45	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50	1.45	mA
			fih = 16 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.44	1.11	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.44	1.11	mA
			LS (low-	fin = 8 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		290	620	μA
			speed main) mode Note 7	۱)	V _{DD} = 2.0 V		290	620	μΑ
		LV (low-	fin = 4 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		440	680	μΑ	
			voltage main) mode		V _{DD} = 2.0 V		440	680	μΑ
			HS (high-	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} ,	Square wave input		0.31	1.08	mA
			speed main) mode Note 7	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Resonator connection		0.48	1.28	mA
				$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		0.31	1.08	mA
				V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Resonator connection		0.48	1.28	mA
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$	Square wave input		0.21	0.63	mA	
				V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Resonator connection		0.28	0.71	mA
			f _M x = 10 MHz ^{Note 3} ,	Square wave input		0.21	0.63	mA	
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Resonator connection		0.28	0.71	mA	
			LS (low- speed main) mode Note 7	$f_{MX} = 8 MHz^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		110	360	μΑ
		s		V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Resonator connection		160	420	μΑ
				$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$ $V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		110	360	μΑ
					Resonator connection		160	420	μΑ
			Subsystem	fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		0.28	0.61	μΑ
			clock operation	T _A = -40°C	Resonator connection		0.47	0.80	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		0.34	0.61	μΑ
				T _A = +25°C	Resonator connection		0.53	0.80	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		0.41	2.30	μΑ
				T _A = +50°C	Resonator connection		0.60	2.49	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		0.64	4.03	μΑ
				T _A = +70°C	Resonator connection		0.83	4.22	μА
				fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		1.09	8.04	μΑ
				T _A = +85°C	Resonator connection		1.28	8.23	μА
	IDD3 ^{Note 6}	STOP	T _A = -40°C	•	•		0.19	0.52	μΑ
		mode ^{Note 8}	T _A = +25°C				0.25	0.52	μΑ
			T _A = +50°C				0.32	2.21	μΑ
			T _A = +70°C				0.55	3.94	μΑ
			T _A = +85°C				1.00	7.95	μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)



- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVsso, and EVss1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - **4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - **5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 32 MHz

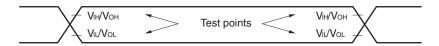
 $2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 16 MHz

LS (low-speed main) mode: $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 8 MHz LV (low-voltage main) mode: $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 4 MHz

- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fih: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

2.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



2.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions F		h-speed Mode	,	/-speed Mode	`	-voltage Mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate Note 1		2.4 V≤ EV	DD0 ≤ 5.5 V		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6		fмск/6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{MCK} = f_{CLK}^{Note 3}$		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.8 V ≤ EV	$_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6		fмск/6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 3		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.7 V ≤ EV	$000 \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		fMCK/6 Note 2		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6	bps
	1.6		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 3		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.6 V ≤ EV	1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		_		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 3	_	_		1.3		0.6	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDDO < VDD.

 $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 2.7 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 2.6 \text{ Mbps}$ $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 2.4 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 1.3 \text{ Mbps}$ $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 1.8 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 0.6 \text{ Mbps}$

3. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fclk) are:

HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V) LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V)

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

3. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fmck/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 V and 2.3 V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 V

Maximum transfer rate =
$$\frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3}$$
 [bps]

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{\frac{1}{(\text{Transfer rate})} \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \, [\%]$$

- * This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.
- **4.** This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met. Refer to Note 3 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.
- 5. Use it with $EV_{DD0} \ge V_b$.
- **6.** The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fmck/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 1.8 V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 V and 1.6 V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 V

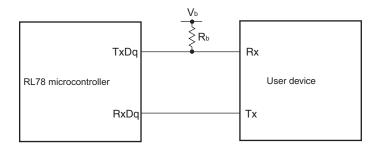
$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \text{ln } (1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

Baud rate error (theoretical value) =
$$\frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \, [\%]$$

- * This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.
- **7.** This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met. Refer to Note 6 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

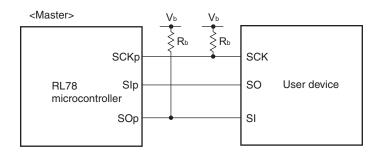
Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)





CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



- **Remarks 1.** R_b[Ω]:Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, C_b[F]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, V_b[V]: Communication line voltage
 - **2.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number , n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))
 - **4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}) (3/5)$

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	Normal input buffer	0.8EV _{DD0}		EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IH2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	2.2		EV _{DD0}	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V	2.0		EV _{DD0}	V
			TTL input buffer 2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V	1.5		EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IH3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0.7V _{DD}		V_{DD}	٧
	V _{IH4}	P60 to P63	0.7EV _{DD0}		6.0	٧	
	V _{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCL	0.8V _{DD}		V_{DD}	٧	
Input voltage, low	VIL1	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	Normal input buffer	0		0.2EVDDO	V
	V _{IL2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.8	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EVDD0 < 4.0 V	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	VIL3	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0		0.3V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL4}	P60 to P63		0		0.3EV _{DD0}	٧
	V _{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLK	KS, RESET	0		0.2V _{DD}	V

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 is EV_{DD0}, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD and EVDDO, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO or Vss, EVsso. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 - 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 5. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V @ 1~MHz$ to 32~MHz $2.4~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V @ 1~MHz$ to 16~MHz

- **8.** Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - **4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVSSO, and EVSS1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - **4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - **5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

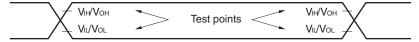
- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVSSO, and EVSS1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 - 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - **5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 32 MHz $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 16 MHz

- 8. Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - **4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

3.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



3.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-spee	Unit	
				MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate Note 1					fmck/12 Note 2	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fclk = 32 MHz, fMck = fclk		2.6	Mbps

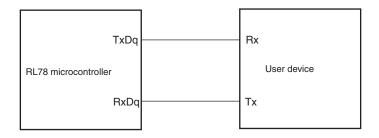
Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDDO < VDD.

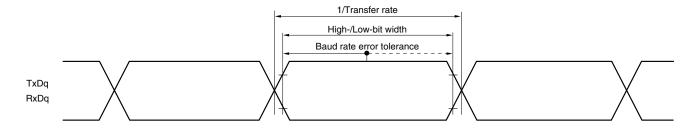
 $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$: MAX. 1.3 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(2) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANIO (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI16 to ANI26

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{Reference voltage (+)} = \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}}, \text{Reference voltage (-)} = \text{AV}_{\text{REFM}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	าร	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±5.0	LSB
Conversion time	tconv	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μs
		Target pin : ANI16 to ANI26	$2.7~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.1875		39	μS
			$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ezs	10-bit resolution $EV_{DD0} \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5$ V			±0.35	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ers	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5$ V			±0.35	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5$ V			±3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error	DLE	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5$ V			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	Vain	ANI16 to ANI26		0		AV _{REFP} and EV _{DD0}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

- 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
- **3.** When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\% FSR$ to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

4. When $AV_{REFP} < EV_{DD0} \le V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

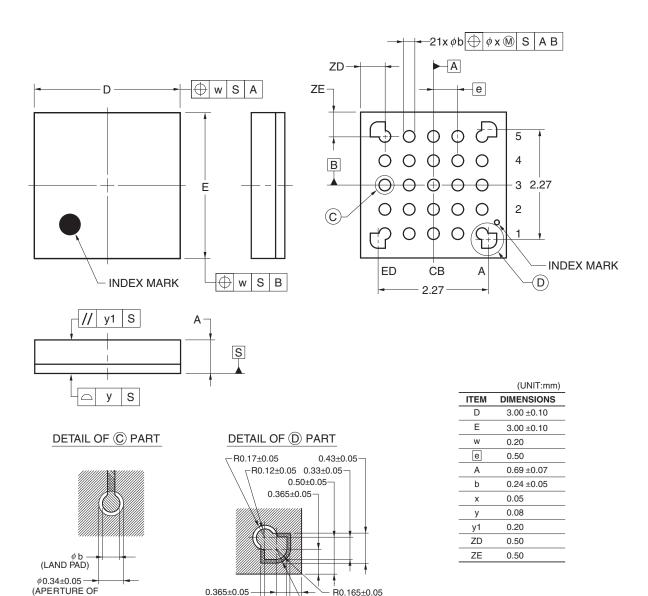
Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.20\% FSR$ to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

4.3 25-pin Products

R5F1008AALA, R5F1008CALA, R5F1008DALA, R5F1008EALA R5F1018AALA, R5F1018CALA, R5F1018DALA, R5F1018EALA R5F1008AGLA, R5F1008CGLA, R5F1008DGLA, R5F1008EGLA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-WFLGA25-3x3-0.50	PWLG0025KA-A	P25FC-50-2N2-2	0.01



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R0.215±0.05

0.50±0.05

0.43±0.05

SOLDER RESIST)

R5F100LCAFB, R5F100LDAFB, R5F100LEAFB, R5F100LFAFB, R5F100LGAFB, R5F100LHAFB, R5F100LJAFB, R5F100LKAFB, R5F100LLAFB

R5F101LCAFB, R5F101LDAFB, R5F101LEAFB, R5F101LFAFB, R5F101LGAFB, R5F101LHAFB,

R5F101LJAFB, R5F101LKAFB, R5F101LLAFB

R5F100LCDFB, R5F100LDDFB, R5F100LEDFB, R5F100LFDFB, R5F100LGDFB, R5F100LHDFB, R5F100LDFB, R5F100LKDFB, R5F100LKDFB

Previous Code

MASS (TYP.) [g]

R5F101LCDFB, R5F101LDDFB, R5F101LEDFB, R5F101LFDFB, R5F101LGDFB, R5F101LHDFB,

R5F101LJDFB, R5F101LKDFB, R5F101LLDFB

JEITA Package Code

R5F100LCGFB, R5F100LDGFB, R5F100LEGFB, R5F100LFGFB, R5F100LGGFB, R5F100LHGFB, R5F100LJGFB

RENESAS Code

	0E11711 dollago ocac	1121120/10 0000	1 1011040 0040	1417 (50 (1111) [9]	
	P-LFQFP64-10x10-0.50	PLQP0064KF-A	P64GB-50-UEU-2	0.35	1
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	1	16	,	E 10	0.00±0.20
				HD 12	2.00±0.20
ZE		│	<u> </u>		2.00±0.20
					60 MAX.
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	- b	x M S			40±0.05
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				y 0.	
				70 4	0.5

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ZD

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1.25

1.25

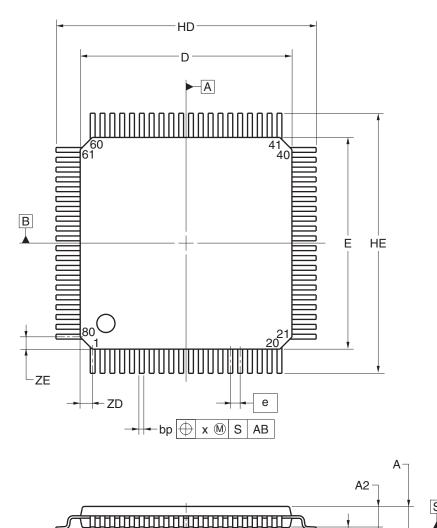
NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

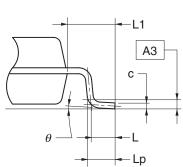
4.12 80-pin Products

R5F100MFAFA, R5F100MGAFA, R5F100MHAFA, R5F100MJAFA, R5F100MKAFA, R5F100MLAFA R5F101MFAFA, R5F101MGAFA, R5F101MHAFA, R5F101MJAFA, R5F101MKAFA, R5F101MLAFA R5F100MFDFA, R5F100MGDFA, R5F100MHDFA, R5F100MJDFA, R5F100MKDFA, R5F101MLDFA R5F101MFDFA, R5F101MGDFA, R5F101MHDFA, R5F101MJDFA, R5F101MKDFA, R5F101MLDFA R5F100MFGFA, R5F100MGGFA, R5F100MHGFA, R5F100MJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP80-14x14-0.65	PLQP0080JB-E	P80GC-65-UBT-2	0.69



S



detail of lead end

Referance	Dimens	sion in Mill	imeters
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max
D	13.80	14.00	14.20
Е	13.80	14.00	14.20
HD	17.00	17.20	17.40
HE	17.00	17.20	17.40
Α			1.70
A1	0.05	0.125	0.20
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
A3		0.25	
bp	0.26	0.32	0.38
С	0.10	0.145	0.20
L		0.80	
Lp	0.736	0.886	1.036
L1	1.40	1.60	1.80
θ	0°	3°	8°
е		0.65	
х			0.13
У			0.10
ZD		0.825	
ZE		0.825	

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