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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	28
Program Memory Size	192KB (192K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 9x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	40-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	40-HWQFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100ehana-w0

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RL78/G13 1. OUTLINE

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(7/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application	Ordering Part Number
52 pins	52-pin plastic	Mounted	А	R5F100JCAFA#V0, R5F100JDAFA#V0, R5F100JEAFA#V0,
	LQFP (10 × 10			R5F100JFAFA#V0, R5F100JGAFA#V0, R5F100JHAFA#V0,
	mm, 0.65 mm			R5F100JJAFA#V0, R5F100JKAFA#V0, R5F100JLAFA#V0
	pitch)			R5F100JCAFA#X0, R5F100JDAFA#X0, R5F100JEAFA#X0,
				R5F100JFAFA#X0, R5F100JGAFA#X0, R5F100JHAFA#X0,
				R5F100JJAFA#X0, R5F100JKAFA#X0, R5F100JLAFA#X0
			D	R5F100JCDFA#V0, R5F100JDDFA#V0, R5F100JEDFA#V0,
				R5F100JFDFA#V0, R5F100JGDFA#V0, R5F100JHDFA#V0,
				R5F100JJDFA#V0, R5F100JKDFA#V0, R5F100JLDFA#V0
				R5F100JCDFA#X0, R5F100JDDFA#X0, R5F100JEDFA#X0,
				R5F100JFDFA#X0, R5F100JGDFA#X0, R5F100JHDFA#X0,
				R5F100JJDFA#X0, R5F100JKDFA#X0, R5F100JLDFA#X0
			G	R5F100JCGFA#V0, R5F100JDGFA#V0, R5F100JEGFA#V0,
				R5F100JFGFA#V0,R5F100JGGFA#V0, R5F100JHGFA#V0,
				R5F100JJGFA#V0
				R5F100JCGFA#X0, R5F100JDGFA#X0, R5F100JEGFA#X0,
				R5F100JFGFA#X0,R5F100JGGFA#X0, R5F100JHGFA#X0,
				R5F100JJGFA#X0
		Not	Α	R5F101JCAFA#V0, R5F101JDAFA#V0, R5F101JEAFA#V0,
		mounted		R5F101JFAFA#V0, R5F101JGAFA#V0, R5F101JHAFA#V0,
				R5F101JJAFA#V0, R5F101JKAFA#V0, R5F101JLAFA#V0
				R5F101JCAFA#X0, R5F101JDAFA#X0, R5F101JEAFA#X0,
				R5F101JFAFA#X0, R5F101JGAFA#X0, R5F101JHAFA#X0,
				R5F101JJAFA#X0, R5F101JKAFA#X0, R5F101JLAFA#X0
			D	R5F101JCDFA#V0, R5F101JDDFA#V0, R5F101JEDFA#V0,
				R5F101JFDFA#V0, R5F101JGDFA#V0, R5F101JHDFA#V0,
				R5F101JJDFA#V0, R5F101JKDFA#V0, R5F101JLDFA#V0
				R5F101JCDFA#X0, R5F101JDDFA#X0, R5F101JEDFA#X0,
				R5F101JFDFA#X0, R5F101JGDFA#X0, R5F101JHDFA#X0,
				R5F101JJDFA#X0, R5F101JKDFA#X0, R5F101JLDFA#X0

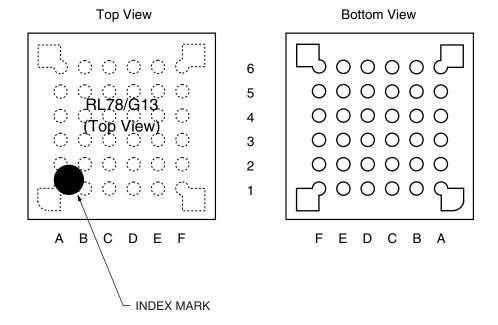
Note For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

RL78/G13 1. OUTLINE

1.3.6 36-pin products

• 36-pin plastic WFLGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



	Α	В	С	D	E	F	
6	P60/SCLA0	V _{DD}	P121/X1	P122/X2/EXCLK	P137/INTP0	P40/TOOL0	6
Ü]
5	P62	P61/SDAA0	Vss	REGC	RESET	P120/ANI19	5
4	P72/SO21	P71/SI21/ SDA21	P14/RxD2/SI20/ SDA20/(SCLA0) /(TI03)/(TO03)	P31/TI03/TO03/ INTP4/ PCLBUZ0	P00/Tl00/TxD1	P01/T000/RxD1	4
3	P50/INTP1/ SI11/SDA11	P70/SCK21/ SCL21	P15/PCLBUZ1/ SCK20/SCL20/ (TI02)/(TO02)	P22/ANI2	P20/ANI0/ AV _{REFP}	P21/ANI1/ AVREFM	3
2	P30/INTP3/ SCK11/SCL11	P16/TI01/TO01/ INTP5/(RxD0)	P12/SO00/ TxD0/TOOLTxD /(TI05)/(TO05)	P11/SI00/RxD0/ TOOLRxD/ SDA00/(TI06)/ (TO06)	P24/ANI4	P23/ANI3	2
1	P51/INTP2/ SO11	P17/Tl02/TO02/ (TxD0)	P13/TxD2/ SO20/(SDAA0)/ (TI04)/(TO04)	P10/SCK00/ SCL00/(TI07)/ (TO07)	P147/ANI18	P25/ANI5	1
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	-

Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

RL78/G13 1. OUTLINE

 The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves) (see 6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function in the RL78/G13 User's Manual).

3. When setting to PIOR = 1

(2/2)

Clock output/buzzer output 2.44 k (Main e. 256 H. (Subs) 8/10-bit resolution A/D converter Serial interface Serial interface [40-pin, 4 e. CSI: 1 e. CSI: 2 [48-pin, 5] e. CSI: 2 e.							_	12)	
Clock output/buzzer output 2.44 k (Main 256 H (Subs)	pin	44	-pin	48-	-pin	52	-pin	64	-pin
Notation and divider/multiply-accumulator **Description and divider/multiply-accumulator** **Description and divider/multiply-accumulator** **DMA controller** **Vectored Internal External** Key interrupt **Reset** **Power-on-reset circuit** **	R5F101Ex	R5F100Fx	R5F101Fx	R5F100Gx	R5F101Gx	R5F100Jx	R5F101Jx	R5F100Lx	R5F101Lx
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter Serial interface Serial interface [40-pin, 4	2 2 2 2 2								
Serial interface [40-pin, 4 • CSI: 1 • CSI: 2 [48-pin, 5 • CSI: 2 • CSI: 1 • CSI: 2 • CSI:	 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: fmain = 20 MHz operation) 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: fsub = 32.768 kHz operation) 								
CSI: 1 CSI: 2 [48-pin, 5] CSI: 2 [48-pin, 5] CSI: 2 CSI: 1 CSI: 2	ls	10 chanı	nels	10 chann	nels	12 chanr	nels	12 chani	nels
CSI: 1 CSI: 2 [64-pin p CSI: 2	channel/s channels 52-pin pro	simplified lisimplified lisimplified lisimplified ducts]	C: 1 chanı C: 1 chanı l ² C: 2 char	nel/UART: nnels/UAR	1 channe T (UART :	supporting	LIN-bus):	: 1 channe	I
Multiplier and divider/multiply- accumulator	 CSI: 2 channels/simplified l²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel CSI: 1 channel/simplified l²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel CSI: 2 channels/simplified l²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel [64-pin products] CSI: 2 channels/simplified l²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel CSI: 2 channels/simplified l²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel CSI: 2 channels/simplified l²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel CSI: 2 channels/simplified l²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel 								
Multiplier and divider/multiply- accumulator	1 channel 1 channel 1 channel 1 channel								
Vectored interrupt sources External Key interrupt Reset	 16 bits × 16 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) 32 bits ÷ 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned) 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) 								
interrupt sources Key interrupt Reset Reset Reset Reset Interna Interna Interna Interna Interna Interna Voltage detector Rising Falling	ls								
Key interrupt Reset Reset Reset Interna Interna Interna Interna Interna Interna Voltage detector Reset Reset Reset Interna Interna Reset Reset Interna Reset Interna Reset Reset Interna Reset Reset Interna Reset	27		27	2	27	2	27		27
Reset Reset Reset Interna I	7		7		10		12		13
Voltage detector Power Rising Falling	al reset by al reset by al reset by al reset by	watchdog power-on voltage do illegal insi RAM pari	-reset etector truction exc	ecution ^{Note}	6		8	1	8
• Falling	-on-reset:		(TYP.)						
	• Rising edge : 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 stages) • Falling edge : 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages)								
On-chip debug function Provided									
Power supply voltage $V_{DD} = 1.6$	to 5.5 V	$(T_A = -40 \text{ to})$	+85°C)						
		$(T_A = -40 \text{ to}$ A: Consun	+105°C) ner applica	tions, D: Ir	ndustrial a	pplications	s)		

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

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2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

2.2.1 X1, XT1 oscillator characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation	Ceramic resonator/	$2.7~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	1.0		20.0	MHz
frequency (fx) ^{Note}	crystal resonator	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7~V$	1.0		16.0	MHz
		$1.8~V \leq V_{DD} < 2.4~V$	1.0		8.0	MHz
		$1.6~V \leq V_{DD} < 1.8~V$	1.0		4.0	MHz
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) ^{Note}	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator.

2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

(12 10 10 100 0, 110 1	1	10 1, 100 0 1,	,			1	1
Oscillators	Parameters		Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	fıн			1		32	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator		–20 to +85 °C	$1.8~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	-1.0		+1.0	%
clock frequency accuracy			$1.6~V \le V_{DD} < 1.8~V$	-5.0		+5.0	%
		–40 to –20 °C	$1.8~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	-1.5		+1.5	%
			$1.6~V \le V_{DD} < 1.8~V$	-5.5		+5.5	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	fiL				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Notes 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 3 of option byte (000C2H/010C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of HOCODIV register.

2. This indicates the oscillator characteristics only. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time.

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = 0 V) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol			Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply	I _{DD2}	HALT	HS (high-	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.54	1.63	mA
current	Note 2	mode	speed main) mode Note 7		V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.54	1.63	mA
				$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 4}}$	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.44	1.28	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.44	1.28	mA
				fih = 16 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.40	1.00	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.40	1.00	mA
			LS (low-	fih = 8 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		260	530	μА
			speed main) mode Note 7		V _{DD} = 2.0 V		260	530	μА
			LV (low-	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		420	640	μA
			voltage main) mode		V _{DD} = 2.0 V		420	640	μА
			HS (high-	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$	Square wave input		0.28	1.00	mA
			speed main) mode Note 7	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Resonator connection		0.45	1.17	mA
				$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$	Square wave input		0.28	1.00	mA
				V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Resonator connection		0.45	1.17	mA
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$	Square wave input		0.19	0.60	mA
				$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		0.26	0.67	mA
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$	Square wave input		0.19	0.60	mA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		0.26	0.67	mA
			LS (low-	$f_{MX} = 8 MHz^{Note 3}$	Square wave input		95	330	μΑ
			speed main) mode Note 7	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Resonator connection		145	380	μΑ
			mode	$f_{MX} = 8 MHz^{Note 3}$	Square wave input		95	330	μΑ
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		145	380	μΑ
			Subsystem	fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		0.25	0.57	μΑ
			clock	T _A = -40°C	Resonator connection		0.44	0.76	μΑ
			operation	fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		0.30	0.57	μΑ
				T _A = +25°C	Resonator connection		0.49	0.76	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5}	Square wave input		0.37	1.17	μΑ
				T _A = +50°C	Resonator connection		0.56	1.36	μΑ
				$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{Note 5}$	Square wave input		0.53	1.97	μΑ
				T _A = +70°C	Resonator connection		0.72	2.16	μA
				$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{Note 5}$	Square wave input		0.82	3.37	μΑ
				T _A = +85°C	Resonator connection		1.01	3.56	μΑ
	IDD3 Note 6	STOP	T _A = -40°C				0.18	0.50	μΑ
		mode ^{Note 8}	T _A = +25°C				0.23	0.50	μΑ
			T _A = +50°C				0.30	1.10	μΑ
			T _A = +70°C				0.46	1.90	μА
			T _A = +85°C				0.75	3.30	μΑ

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)



- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDDD, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDD, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVSSD, and EVSS1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 - 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - **5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - **7.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 32 MHz $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 16 MHz

LS (low-speed main) mode: $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}@1 \text{ MHz}$ to 8 MHz LV (low-voltage main) mode: $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}@1 \text{ MHz}$ to 4 MHz

- **8.** Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - **4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is T_A = 25°C

(3) 128-pin products, and flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 44- to 100-pin products

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol			Conditions	,	_	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD1}	Operating	HS (high-	fih = 32 MHz Note 3	Basic	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.6		mA
current		mode	speed main) mode Note 5		operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		2.6		mA
					Normal	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		6.1	9.5	mA
					operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		6.1	9.5	mA
				$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$	Nomal	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		4.8	7.4	mA
					operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		4.8	7.4	mA
				$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$	Nomal	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		3.5	5.3	mA
					operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		3.5	5.3	mA
			LS (low-	$f_{IH} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$	Nomal	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		1.5	2.3	mA
			speed main) mode Note 5		operation	V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.5	2.3	mA
			LV (low-	$f_{IH} = 4 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Normal	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.5	2.0	mA
			voltage main) mode		operation	V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.5	2.0	mA
			HS (high-	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Normal	Square wave input		3.9	6.1	mA
			speed main) mode Note 5	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	operation	Resonator connection		4.1	6.3	mA
				$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Normal	Square wave input		3.9	6.1	mA
			$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	operation	Resonator connection		4.1	6.3	mA	
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Normal	Square wave input		2.5	3.7	mA
				$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	operation	Resonator connection		2.5	3.7	mA
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Nomal	Square wave input		2.5	3.7	mA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	operation	Resonator connection		2.5	3.7	mA
			LS (low-	$f_{MX} = 8 MHz^{Note 2}$	Nomal	Square wave input		1.4	2.2	mA
			speed main) mode Note 5	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	operation	Resonator connection		1.4	2.2	mA
				$f_{MX} = 8 MHz^{Note 2}$	Nomal	Square wave input		1.4	2.2	mA
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	operation	Resonator connection		1.4	2.2	mA
			Subsystem	fsub = 32.768 kHz	Nomal	Square wave input		5.4	6.5	μΑ
			clock operation	T _A = -40°C	operation	Resonator connection		5.5	6.6	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz	Nomal	Square wave input		5.5	6.5	μΑ
				T _A = +25°C	operation	Resonator connection		5.6	6.6	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz	Nomal	Square wave input		5.6	9.4	μΑ
				TA = +50°C	operation	Resonator connection		5.7	9.5	μΑ
				fsuB = 32.768 kHz	Normal	Square wave input		5.9	12.0	μΑ
			Note	Note 4 $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	operation	Resonator connection		6.0	12.1	μΑ
				fsuв = 32.768 kHz	Normal	Square wave input		6.6	16.3	μΑ
				Note 4 $T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	operation	Resonator connection		6.7	16.4	μΑ

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)



Note The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $E_{VDD0} < V_{DD}$

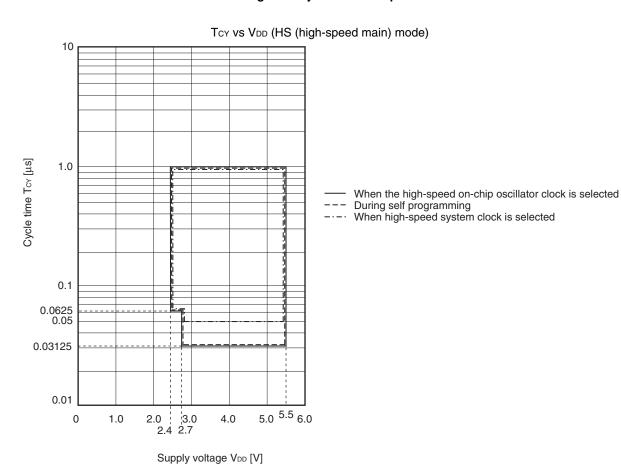
 $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.7 \text{ V} : \text{MIN. } 125 \text{ ns}$ $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V} : \text{MIN. } 250 \text{ ns}$

Remark fmck: Timer array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn0, CKSmn1 bits of timer mode register mn (TMRmn).

m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7))

Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions F		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t KCY1	tkcy1 ≥ 2/fclk	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$	62.5		250		500		ns
			$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$	83.3		250		500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	tкн1, tкL1	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DI}	oo ≤ 5.5 V	tксү1/2 — 7		tксү1/2 – 50		tксү1/2 — 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DI}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V			tксү1/2 – 50		tксү1/2 — 50		ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑)	tsıĸı	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DI}	00 ≤ 5.5 V	23		110		110		ns
Note 1		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DI}	00 ≤ 5.5 V	33		110		110		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 2	tksı1	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$		10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 3	tkso1	C = 20 pF No	te 4		10		10		10	ns

- **Notes 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- Remarks 1. This value is valid only when CSI00's peripheral I/O redirect function is not used.
 - p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0),g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 1)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,n: Channel number (mn = 00))

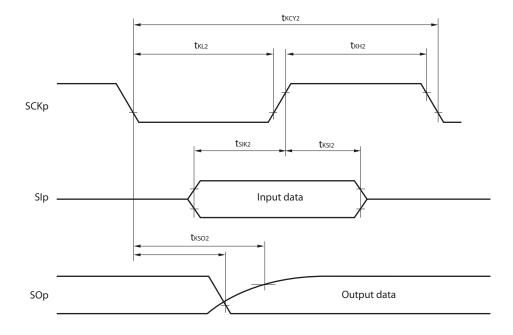
(5) During communication at same potential (simplified I²C mode) (1/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

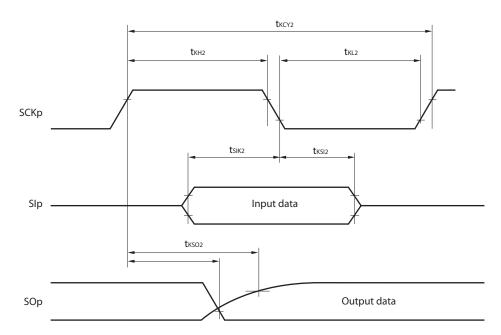
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	` ` `	h-speed Mode	`	/-speed Mode	`	-voltage Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLr clock frequency	fscL	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 50~pF,~R_b = 2.7~k\Omega$		1000 Note 1		400 Note 1		400 Note 1	kHz
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 3 kΩ		400 Note 1		400 Note 1		400 Note 1	kHz
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} $<$ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ		300 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$		250 Note 1		250 Note 1		250 Note 1	kHz
		$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$		_		250 Note 1		250 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	tLOW	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	475		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	1150		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} $<$ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	1550		1550		1550		ns
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	1850		1850		1850		ns
		$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V},$ $C_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	_		1850		1850		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	tніgн	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	475		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	1150		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} $<$ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	1550		1550		1550		ns
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V},$ $C_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	1850		1850		1850		ns
		$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	_		1850		1850		ns

(Notes and Caution are listed on the next page, and Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remarks 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12. 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)

2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

(10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high	•	`	/-speed Mode	LV (low main)	-voltage Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$\begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 50 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned}$	1/f _{MCK} + 135 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$\label{eq:section} \begin{split} 2.7 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	1/f _{MCK} + 135 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$\label{eq:section} \begin{split} 2.7 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b &= 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	1/f _{MCK} + 190 Note 3		1/fMCK + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$ \begin{aligned} &1.8 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \; V, \\ &1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V^{\text{Note 2}}, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 190 Note 3		1/fMCK + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 50 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.7 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \; V, \\ &2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ &C_b = 50 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		$ \begin{cases} 4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ 2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{cases} $	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		$\label{eq:section} \begin{split} 2.7 \ V & \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V & \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b & = 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &1.8 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \; V, \\ &1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V^{\text{Note 2}}, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than $f_{MCK}/4$.

- 2. Use it with $EV_{DD0} \ge V_b$.
- 3. Set the fmck value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Notes 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

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- 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of thd:DAT is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.
- Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (IoH1, IoL1, VOH1, VOL1) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.
- **Remark** The maximum value of Cb (communication line capacitance) and the value of Rb (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: $C_b = 400 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$

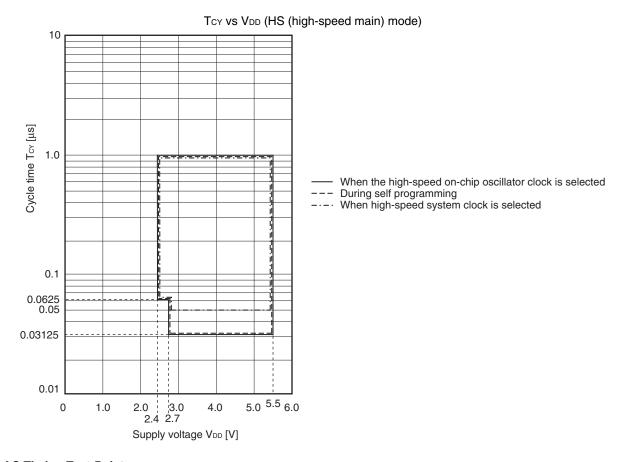


- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD and EVDDO, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO or Vss, EVsso. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 - 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 5. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

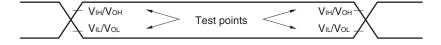
HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V @ 1~MHz$ to 32~MHz $2.4~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V @ 1~MHz$ to 16~MHz

- **8.** Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - **4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

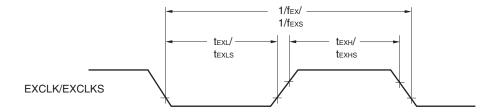
Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



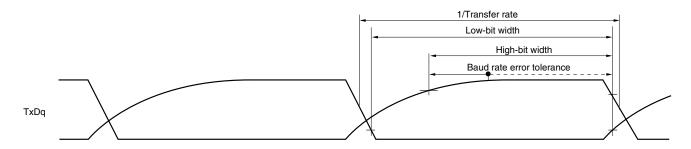
AC Timing Test Points

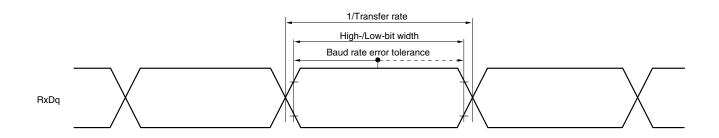


External System Clock Timing



UART mode bit width (during communication at different potential) (reference)





- $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Remarks 1.} & R_b[\Omega]: Communication line (TxDq) \ pull-up \ resistance, \\ & C_b[F]: \ Communication \ line \ (TxDq) \ load \ capacitance, \ V_b[V]: \ Communication \ line \ voltage \\ \end{array}$
 - **2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))
 - **4.** UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR1) of peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1.

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I^2C mode) (2/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-sp	,	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$\begin{aligned} 4.0 & \ V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 & \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b & = 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned}$	1/f _{MCK} + 340 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} 2.7 & \ V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 & \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b & = 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 340 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 760 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.7 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \; V, \\ &2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 760 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.4 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \; V, \\ &1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 570 Note 2		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$ \begin{aligned} 4.0 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	770	ns
		$\begin{split} 2.7 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	0	770	ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	1420	ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.7 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \; V, \\ &2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	1420	ns
		$\label{eq:substitute} \begin{split} 2.4 \ V & \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V & \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_b & = 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	0	1215	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than fmck/4.

2. Set the fmck value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(2) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANIO (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI16 to ANI26

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{Reference voltage (+)} = \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}}, \text{Reference voltage (-)} = \text{AV}_{\text{REFM}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±5.0	LSB
Conversion time	tconv	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μs
		Target pin : ANI16 to ANI26	$2.7~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.1875		39	μS
			$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ezs	10-bit resolution $EV_{DD0} \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5$ V			±0.35	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ers	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5$ V			±0.35	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5$ V			±3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error	DLE	10-bit resolution $EVDD0 \le AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Notes 3, 4}$	$2.4~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5$ V			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	Vain	ANI16 to ANI26		0		AV _{REFP} and EV _{DD0}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

- 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
- **3.** When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\% FSR$ to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

4. When $AV_{REFP} < EV_{DD0} \le V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.20\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

(4) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI0, ANI2 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{Reference voltage (+)} = \text{V}_{\text{BGR}}^{\text{Note 3}}, \text{Reference voltage (-)} = \text{AV}_{\text{REFM}}^{\text{Note 4}} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{HS (high-speed main) mode)}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES				8		bit
Conversion time	tconv	8-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μS
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ezs	8-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	8-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			±2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	8-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			±1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	Vain			0		V _{BGR} Note 3	V

- **Notes 1.** Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).
 - 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
 - 3. Refer to 3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.
 - 4. When reference voltage (-) = Vss, the MAX. values are as follows.
 Zero-scale error: Add ±0.35%FSR to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.
 Integral linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.
 Differential linearity error: Add ±0.2 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AVREFM.

3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter Symbol		Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	V _{TMPS25}	Setting ADS register = 80H, Ta = +25°C		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	V _{BGR}	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient F _{VTMPS}		Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	tamp		5			μs

		Description		
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
3.00	3.00 Aug 02, 2013		Modification of table in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I ² C mode) (1/2)	
		164, 165	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I ² C mode) (2/2)	
		166	Modification of table in 3.5.2 Serial interface IICA	
		166	Modification of IICA serial transfer timing	
		167	Addition of table in 3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics	
		167, 168	Modification of table and notes 3 and 4 in 3.6.1 (1)	
		169	Modification of description in 3.6.1 (2)	
		170	Modification of description and note 3 in 3.6.1 (3)	
		171	Modification of description and notes 3 and 4 in 3.6.1 (4)	
		172	Modification of table and note in 3.6.3 POR circuit characteristics	
		173	Modification of table of LVD Detection Voltage of Interrupt & Reset Mode	
		173	Modification from Supply Voltage Rise Time to 3.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics	
		174	Modification of 3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)	
		175	Modification of table, figure, and remark in 3.10 Timing Specs for Switching Flash Memory Programming Modes	
3.10	Nov 15, 2013	123	Caution 4 added.	
		125	Note for operating ambient temperature in 3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings deleted.	
3.30	Mar 31, 2016		Modification of the position of the index mark in 25-pin plastic WFLGA (3 \times 3 mm, 0.50 mm pitch) of 1.3.3 25-pin products	
			Modification of power supply voltage in 1.6 Outline of Functions [20-pin, 24-pin, 25-pin, 30-pin, 32-pin, 36-pin products]	
			Modification of power supply voltage in 1.6 Outline of Functions [40-pin, 44-pin, 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products]	
			Modification of power supply voltage in 1.6 Outline of Functions [80-pin, 100-pin, 128-pin products]	
			ACK corrected to ACK	
			ACK corrected to ACK	

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