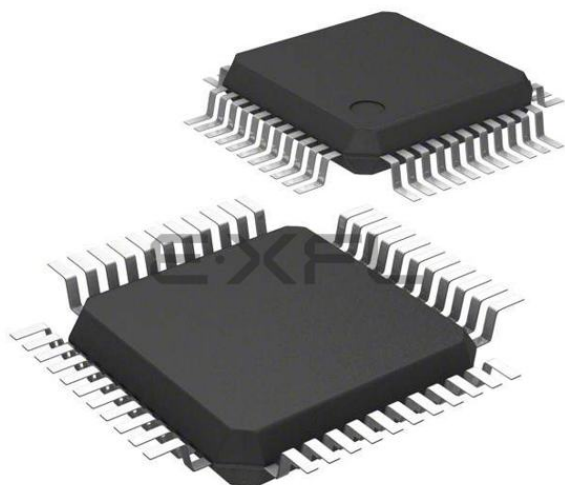




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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	31
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100fjdfp-30

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(11/12)

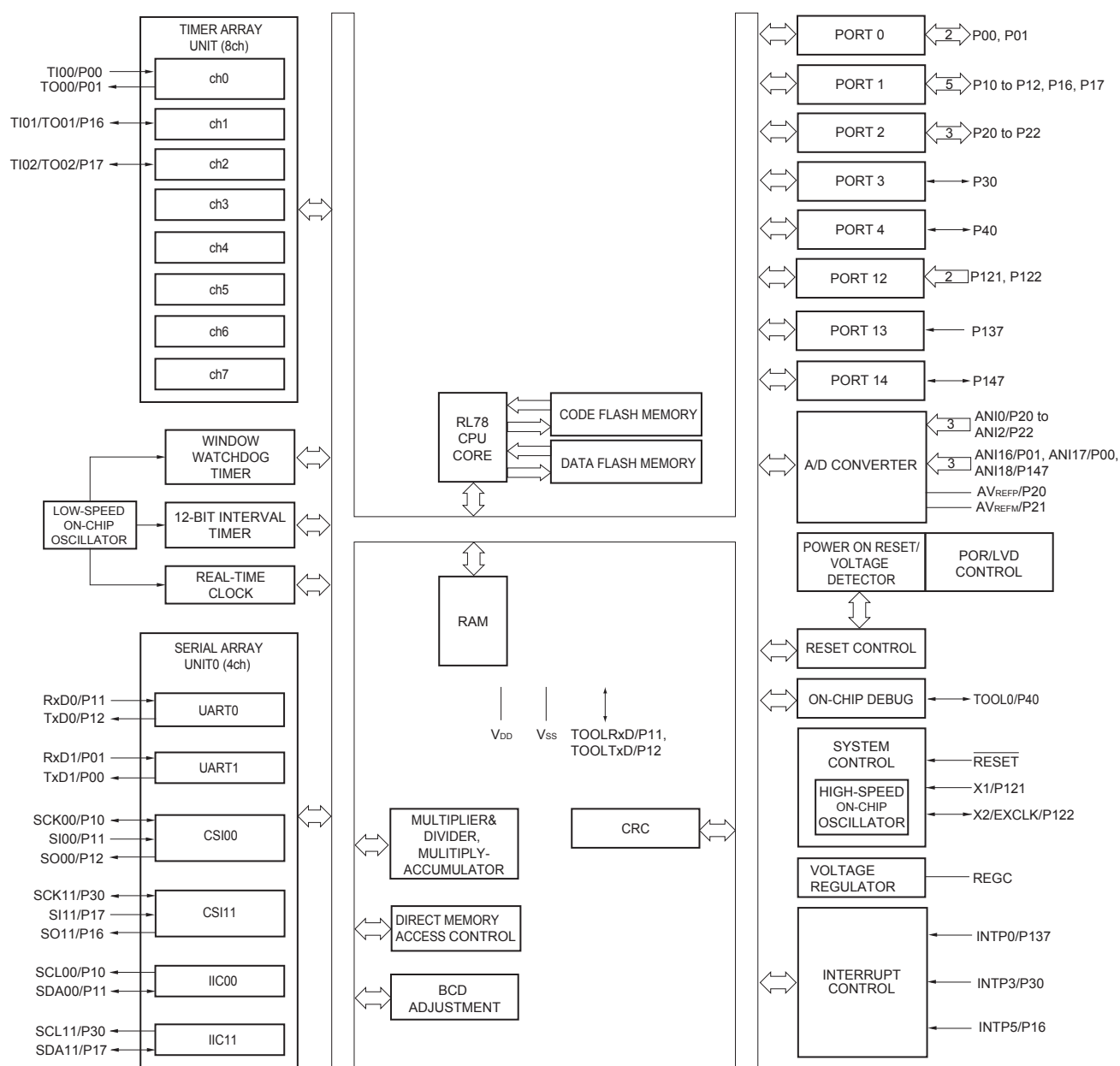
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application Note	Ordering Part Number
100 pins	100-pin plastic LFQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100PFAFB#V0, R5F100PGAFA#V0, R5F100PHAFA#V0, R5F100PJAFB#V0, R5F100PKAFB#V0, R5F100PLAFB#V0 R5F100PFAFB#X0, R5F100PGAFA#X0, R5F100PHAFA#X0, R5F100PJAFB#X0, R5F100PKAFB#X0, R5F100PLAFB#X0 R5F100PFDFA#V0, R5F100PGDFA#V0, R5F100PHDFA#V0, R5F100PJDFB#V0, R5F100PKDFA#V0, R5F100PLDFA#V0 R5F100PFDFA#X0, R5F100PGDFA#X0, R5F100PHDFA#X0, R5F100PJDFB#X0, R5F100PKDFA#X0, R5F100PLDFA#X0 R5F100PFGFA#V0, R5F100PGGFA#V0, R5F100PHGFA#V0, R5F100PJGFA#V0 R5F100PFGFA#X0, R5F100PGGFA#X0, R5F100PHGFA#X0, R5F100PJGFA#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101PFAFB#V0, R5F101PGAFA#V0, R5F101PHAFA#V0, R5F101PJAFB#V0, R5F101PKAFB#V0, R5F101PLAFB#V0 R5F101PFAFB#X0, R5F101PGAFA#X0, R5F101PHAFA#X0, R5F101PJAFB#X0, R5F101PKAFB#X0, R5F101PLAFB#X0 R5F101PFDFA#V0, R5F101PGDFA#V0, R5F101PHDFA#V0, R5F101PJDFB#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PFDFA#X0, R5F101PGDFA#X0, R5F101PHDFA#X0, R5F101PJDFB#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0
	100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 20 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100PFAFA#V0, R5F100PGAFA#V0, R5F100PHAFA#V0, R5F100PJAFB#V0, R5F100PKAFB#V0, R5F100PLAFB#V0 R5F100PFAFA#X0, R5F100PGAFA#X0, R5F100PHAFA#X0, R5F100PJAFB#X0, R5F100PKAFB#X0, R5F100PLAFB#X0 R5F100PFDFA#V0, R5F100PGDFA#V0, R5F100PHDFA#V0, R5F100PJDFB#V0, R5F100PKDFA#V0, R5F100PLDFA#V0 R5F100PFDFA#X0, R5F100PGDFA#X0, R5F100PHDFA#X0, R5F100PJDFB#X0, R5F100PKDFA#X0, R5F100PLDFA#X0 R5F100PFGFA#V0, R5F100PGGFA#V0, R5F100PHGFA#V0, R5F100PJGFA#V0 R5F100PFGFA#X0, R5F100PGGFA#X0, R5F100PHGFA#X0, R5F100PJGFA#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F101PGAFA#V0, R5F101PHAFA#V0, R5F101PJAFB#V0, R5F101PKAFB#V0, R5F101PLAFB#V0 R5F101PFAFA#X0, R5F101PGAFA#X0, R5F101PHAFA#X0, R5F101PJAFB#X0, R5F101PKAFB#X0, R5F101PLAFB#X0 R5F101PFDFA#V0, R5F101PGDFA#V0, R5F101PHDFA#V0, R5F101PJDFB#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PFDFA#X0, R5F101PGDFA#X0, R5F101PHDFA#X0, R5F101PJDFB#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.5 Block Diagram

1.5.1 20-pin products



(3) 128-pin products, and flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 44- to 100-pin products**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V) (2/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 32 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.62	1.89	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.62	1.89	mA	
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.50	1.48	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50	1.48	mA	
					f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.44	1.12	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.44	1.12	mA
			LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 8 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		290	620	μA	
					V _{DD} = 2.0 V		290	620	μA	
			LV (low-voltage main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		460	700	μA	
					V _{DD} = 2.0 V		460	700	μA	
			HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	1.14	mA	
					Resonator connection		0.48	1.34	mA	
				f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	1.14	mA	
					Resonator connection		0.48	1.34	mA	
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.21	0.68	mA	
					Resonator connection		0.28	0.76	mA	
		f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V		Square wave input		0.21	0.68	mA		
				Resonator connection		0.28	0.76	mA		
		LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		110	390	μA		
				Resonator connection		160	450	μA		
			f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Square wave input		110	390	μA		
				Resonator connection		160	450	μA		
		Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = −40°C	Square wave input		0.31	0.66	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.50	0.85	μA		
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +25°C	Square wave input		0.38	0.66	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.57	0.85	μA		
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +50°C	Square wave input		0.47	3.49	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.66	3.68	μA		
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +70°C	Square wave input		0.80	6.10	μA		
				Resonator connection		0.99	6.29	μA		
		f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} T _A = +85°C	Square wave input		1.52	10.46	μA			
			Resonator connection		1.71	10.65	μA			
	I _{DD3} ^{Note 6}	STOP mode ^{Note 8}	T _A = −40°C					0.19	0.54	μA
			T _A = +25°C					0.26	0.54	μA
			T _A = +50°C					0.35	3.37	μA
			T _A = +70°C					0.68	5.98	μA
			T _A = +85°C					1.40	10.34	μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

- Notes**
1. Total current flowing into V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , or V_{SS} , EV_{SS0} , and EV_{SS1} . The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 5. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When $RTCLPC = 1$ and setting ultra-low current consumption ($AMPHS1 = 1$). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
 - HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 32 MHz
 $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 16 MHz
 - LS (low-speed main) mode: $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 8 MHz
 - LV (low-voltage main) mode: $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 4 MHz
 8. Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.

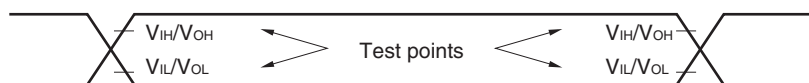
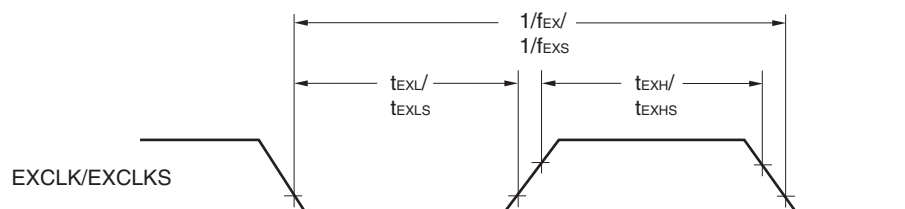
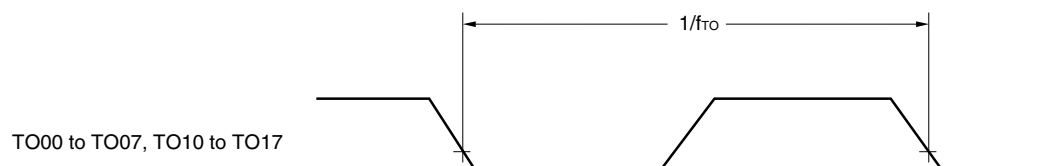
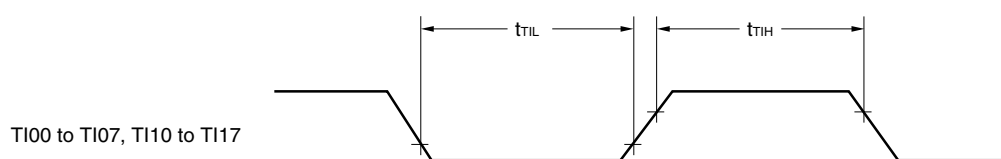
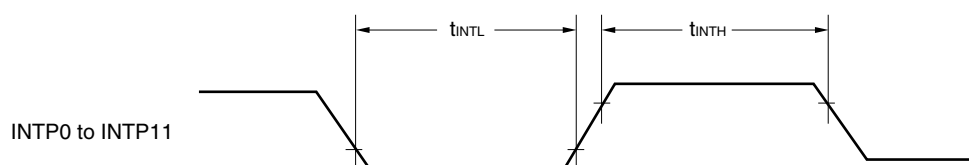
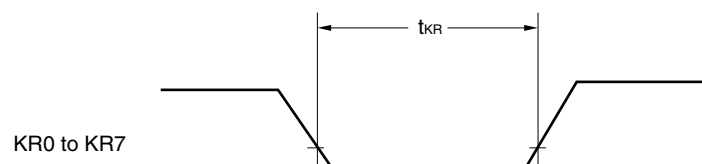
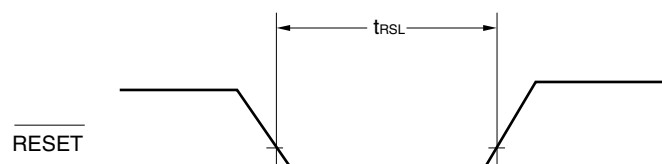
- Remarks 1.** f_{MX} : High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- 2.** f_{IH} : High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
- 3.** f_{SUB} : Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
- 4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

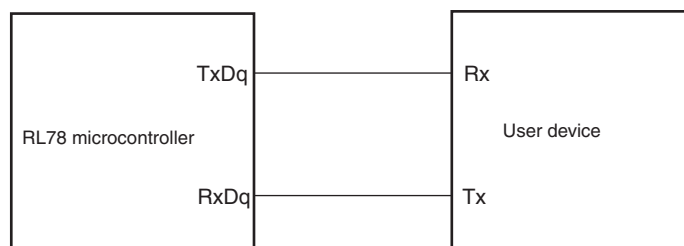
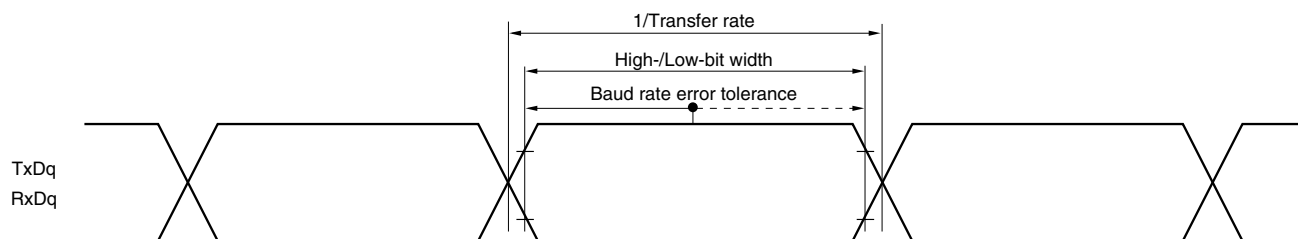
2.4 AC Characteristics

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	Main system clock (f _{MAIN}) operation	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125	1	μs
				2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625	1	μs
			LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125	1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.25	1	μs
		Subsystem clock (f _{SUB}) operation		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	28.5	30.5	31.3 μs
		In the self programming mode	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125	1	μs
				2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625	1	μs
			LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125	1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.25	1	μs
External system clock frequency	f _{EX}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V		1.0		16.0	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.4 V		1.0		8.0	MHz
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V		1.0		4.0	MHz
	f _{EXS}			32		35	kHz
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		24			ns
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V		30			ns
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.4 V		60			ns
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V		120			ns
	t _{EXHS} , t _{EXLS}			13.7			μs
Ti00 to Ti07, Ti10 to Ti17 input high-level width, low-level width	t _{TIH} , t _{TIL}			1/f _{MCK} +10			ns ^{Note}
TO00 to TO07, TO10 to TO17 output frequency	f _{TO}	HS (high-speed main) mode		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		16	MHz
				2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V		8	MHz
				1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LS (low-speed main) mode		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LV (low-voltage main) mode		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2	MHz
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output frequency	f _{PCL}	HS (high-speed main) mode		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		16	MHz
				2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V		8	MHz
				1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LS (low-speed main) mode		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LV (low-voltage main) mode		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
Interrupt input high-level width, low-level width	t _{INTH} , t _{INTL}	INTP0	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	1			μs
		INTP1 to INTP11	1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1			μs
Key interrupt input low-level width	t _{KR}	KR0 to KR7	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	250			ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V	1			μs
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}			10			μs

(Note and Remark are listed on the next page.)

AC Timing Test Points**External System Clock Timing****TI/TO Timing****Interrupt Request Input Timing****Key Interrupt Input Timing****RESET Input Timing**

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)**UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)**

Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input) (2/2)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK2}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +20		1/f _{MCK} +30		1/f _{MCK} +30		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +30		1/f _{MCK} +30		1/f _{MCK} +30		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +40		1/f _{MCK} +40		1/f _{MCK} +40		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		1/f _{MCK} +40		1/f _{MCK} +40		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 2}	t _{KSI2}	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +31		1/f _{MCK} +31		1/f _{MCK} +31		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +250		1/f _{MCK} +250		1/f _{MCK} +250		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		1/f _{MCK} +250		1/f _{MCK} +250		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 3}	t _{KSO2}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 4}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +44		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110	ns
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +75		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110	ns
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110		2/f _{MCK} +110	ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +220		2/f _{MCK} +220		2/f _{MCK} +220	ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		2/f _{MCK} +220		2/f _{MCK} +220	ns

- Notes**
1. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp↓” when DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 2. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp↓” when DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 3. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 4. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.
 5. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1),
n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKS_{mn} bit of serial mode register mn (SMR_{mn}). m: Unit number,
n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

3. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 4.0 V and 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

4. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 3 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.
5. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.
6. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 3.3 V and 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

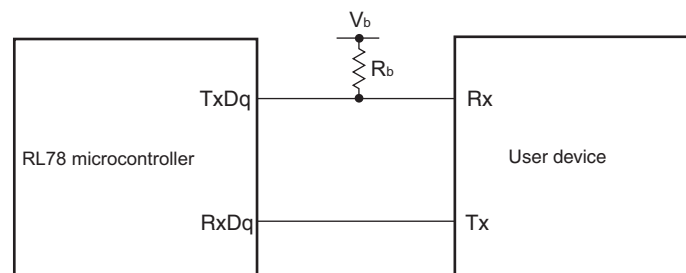
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

7. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 6 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Rx_{Dq} pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the Tx_{Dq} pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(1/3)(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	t _{KCY1} ≥ 4/f _{CLK} 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	500		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1150		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t _{KH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		ns
SCKp low-level width	t _{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 12		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 18		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns

Note Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

(10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 135 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 135 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than f_{MCK}/4.2. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.3. Set the f_{MCK} value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage		
	Reference voltage (+) = AV _{REFP} Reference voltage (-) = AV _{REFM}	Reference voltage (+) = V _{DD} Reference voltage (-) = V _{SS}	Reference voltage (+) = V _{BGR} Reference voltage (-) = AV _{REFM}
ANI0 to ANI14	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).	Refer to 2.6.1 (3).	Refer to 2.6.1 (4).
ANI16 to ANI26	Refer to 2.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).		—

(1) When reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI2 to ANI14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ AV_{REFP} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}, Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V	1.2	±3.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}	1.2	±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI2 to ANI14	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875	39	μs
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	57	95	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.375	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625	39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.25	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±0.50	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.25	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±0.50	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±2.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±5.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Note 3}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±1.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 4}		±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI2 to ANI14	0		AV _{REFP}	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			V _{BGR} ^{Note 5}	V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			V _{TMPS25} ^{Note 5}	V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0\text{ V}$) (4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V_{OH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -3.0\text{ mA}$	$\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} - 0.7$		V
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -2.0\text{ mA}$	$\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} - 0.6$		V
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -1.5\text{ mA}$	$\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} - 0.5$		V
	V_{OH2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OH2}} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} - 0.5$		V
Output voltage, low	V_{OL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 8.5\text{ mA}$		0.7	V
			$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 3.0\text{ mA}$		0.6	V
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 1.5\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL1}} = 0.6\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
	V_{OL2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL2}} = 400\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		0.4	V
	V_{OL3}	P60 to P63	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 15.0\text{ mA}$		2.0	V
			$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 5.0\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 3.0\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{OL3}} = 2.0\text{ mA}$		0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

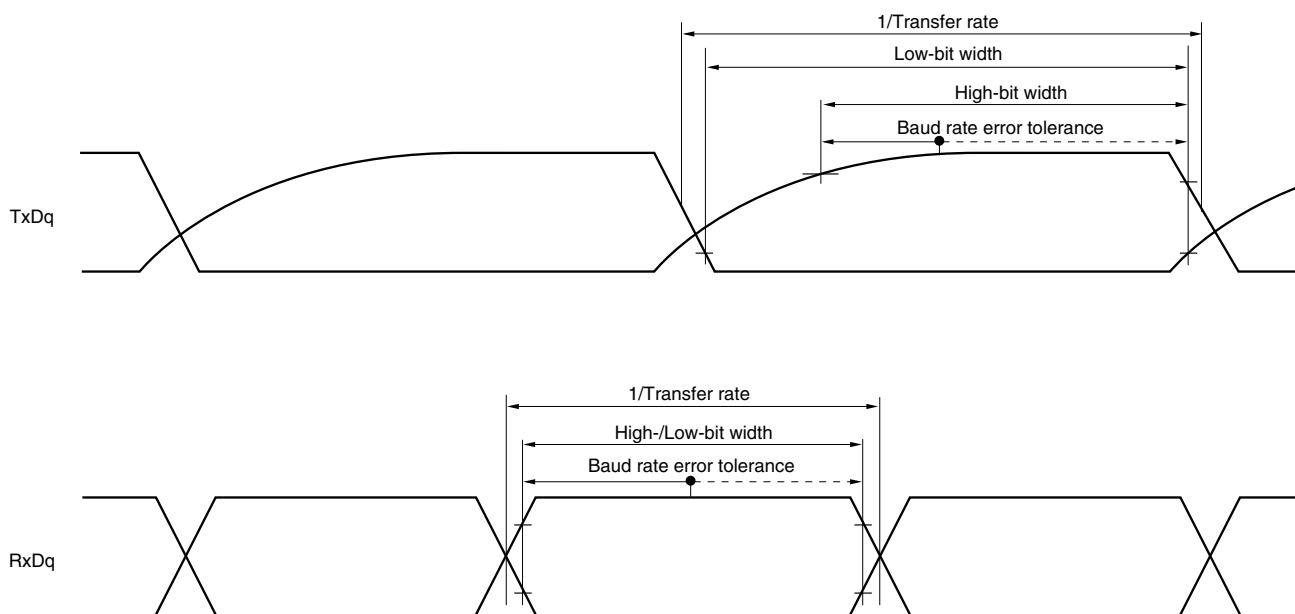
(4) During communication at same potential (simplified I²C mode)(T_A = -40 to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCLr clock frequency	f _{SCL}	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$		400 ^{Note1}	kHz
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 3\text{ k}\Omega$		100 ^{Note1}	
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	t _{LOW}	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	1200		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 3\text{ k}\Omega$	4600		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	t _{HIGH}	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	1200		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 3\text{ k}\Omega$	4600		ns
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/\text{f}_{\text{MCK}} + 220$ ^{Note2}		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 3\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/\text{f}_{\text{MCK}} + 580$ ^{Note2}		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	0	770	ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 3\text{ k}\Omega$	0	1420	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than $\text{f}_{\text{MCK}}/4$.2. Set the f_{MCK} value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the normal input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the normal output mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register h (POMh).

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

UART mode bit width (during communication at different potential) (reference)

- Remarks**
1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (TxDq) pull-up resistance,
 $C_b[F]$: Communication line (TxDq) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
 (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
 m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))
 4. UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR1) of peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1.

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (1/3)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t_{KCY1}	$t_{\text{KCY1}} \geq 4/f_{\text{CLK}}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	600		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	1000		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	2300		ns
SCKp high-level width	t_{KH1}		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 150$		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 340$		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 916$		ns
SCKp low-level width	t_{KL1}		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 24$		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 36$		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 100$		ns

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

(2) When reference voltage (+) = $AV_{REFP}/ANI0$ ($ADREFP1 = 0$, $ADREFP0 = 1$), reference voltage (–) = $AV_{REFM}/ANI1$ ($ADREFM = 1$), target pin : ANI16 to ANI26

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq AV_{REFP} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0\text{ V}$, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP} , Reference voltage (–) = $AV_{REFM} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution $EV_{DD0} \leq AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Notes 3, 4	$2.4\text{ V} \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 5.0	LSB
Conversion time	t_{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin : ANI16 to ANI26	$3.6\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.125	39	μs
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	3.1875	39	μs
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	17	39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E_{ZS}	10-bit resolution $EV_{DD0} \leq AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Notes 3, 4	$2.4\text{ V} \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 0.35	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E_{FS}	10-bit resolution $EV_{DD0} \leq AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Notes 3, 4	$2.4\text{ V} \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 0.35	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution $EV_{DD0} \leq AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Notes 3, 4	$2.4\text{ V} \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution $EV_{DD0} \leq AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Notes 3, 4	$2.4\text{ V} \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		± 2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}	ANI16 to ANI26	0		AV_{REFP} and EV_{DD0}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

4. When $AV_{REFP} < EV_{DD0} \leq V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.20\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ± 2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

3.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics

LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{PDR} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	Supply voltage level	V _{LVD0}	Power supply rise time	3.90	4.06	4.22	V
			Power supply fall time	3.83	3.98	4.13	V
		V _{LVD1}	Power supply rise time	3.60	3.75	3.90	V
			Power supply fall time	3.53	3.67	3.81	V
		V _{LVD2}	Power supply rise time	3.01	3.13	3.25	V
			Power supply fall time	2.94	3.06	3.18	V
		V _{LVD3}	Power supply rise time	2.90	3.02	3.14	V
			Power supply fall time	2.85	2.96	3.07	V
		V _{LVD4}	Power supply rise time	2.81	2.92	3.03	V
			Power supply fall time	2.75	2.86	2.97	V
		V _{LVD5}	Power supply rise time	2.70	2.81	2.92	V
			Power supply fall time	2.64	2.75	2.86	V
		V _{LVD6}	Power supply rise time	2.61	2.71	2.81	V
			Power supply fall time	2.55	2.65	2.75	V
		V _{LVD7}	Power supply rise time	2.51	2.61	2.71	V
			Power supply fall time	2.45	2.55	2.65	V
Minimum pulse width		t _{LW}		300			μs
Detection delay time						300	μs

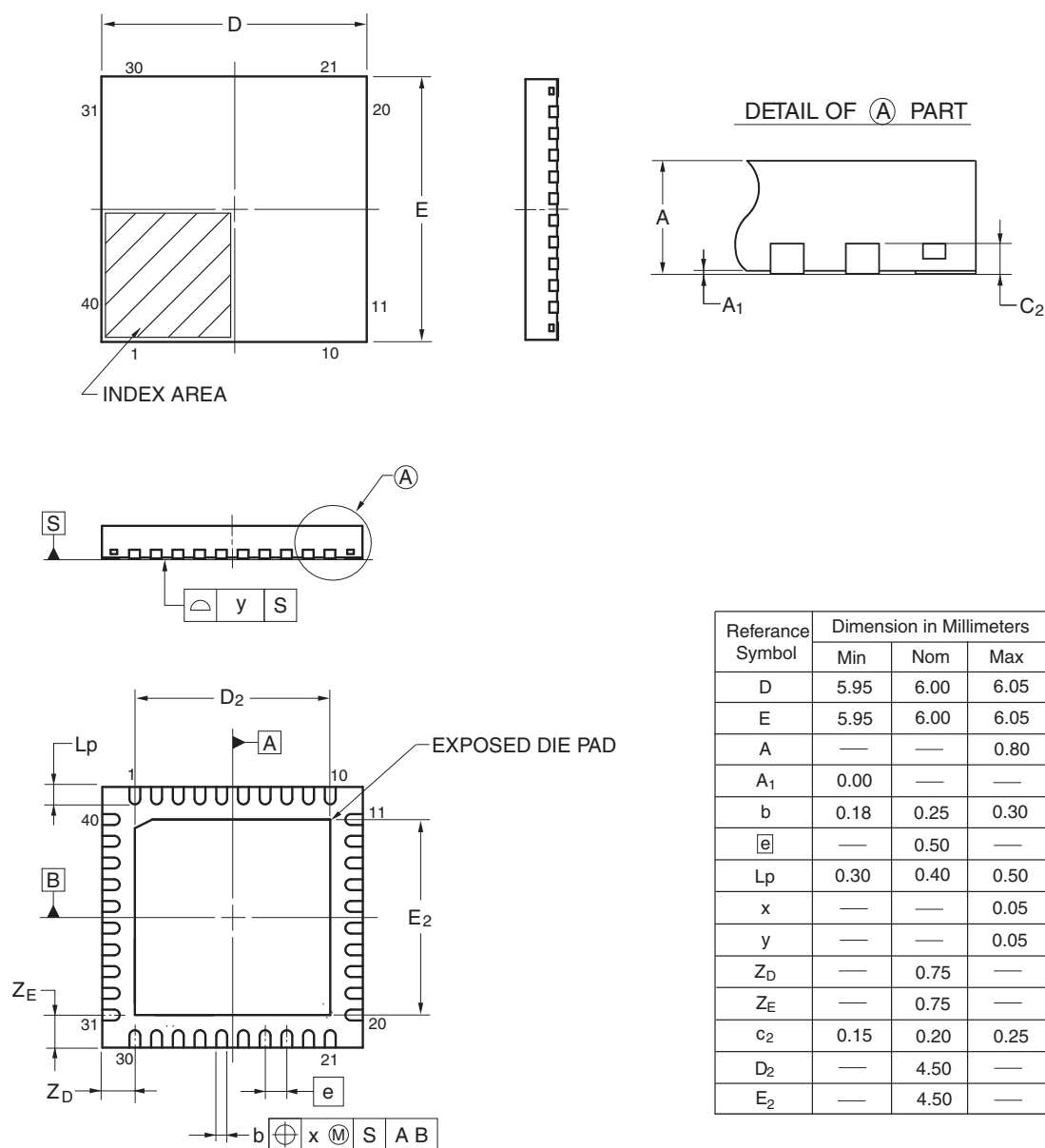
LVD Detection Voltage of Interrupt & Reset Mode**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{PDR} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Interrupt and reset mode	V _{LVDD0}	V _{POC2} , V _{POC1} , V _{POC0} = 0, 1, 1, falling reset voltage		2.64	2.75	2.86	V
	V _{LVDD1}	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 1, 0	Rising release reset voltage	2.81	2.92	3.03	V
			Falling interrupt voltage	2.75	2.86	2.97	V
	V _{LVDD2}	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 1	Rising release reset voltage	2.90	3.02	3.14	V
			Falling interrupt voltage	2.85	2.96	3.07	V
	V _{LVDD3}	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 0	Rising release reset voltage	3.90	4.06	4.22	V
			Falling interrupt voltage	3.83	3.98	4.13	V

4.7 40-pin Products

R5F100EAANA, R5F100ECANA, R5F100EDANA, R5F100EEANA, R5F100EFANA, R5F100EGANA, R5F100EHANA
 R5F101EAANA, R5F101ECANA, R5F101EDANA, R5F101EEANA, R5F101EFANA, R5F101EGANA, R5F101EHANA
 R5F100EADNA, R5F100ECDNA, R5F100EDDNA, R5F100EEDNA, R5F100EFDNA, R5F100EGDNA,
 R5F100EHDNA
 R5F101EADNA, R5F101ECDNA, R5F101EDDNA, R5F101EEDNA, R5F101EFDNA, R5F101EGDNA,
 R5F101EHDNA
 R5F100EAGNA, R5F100ECGNA, R5F100EDGNA, R5F100EEGNA, R5F100EFGNA, R5F100EGGNA,
 R5F100EHGNA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-HWQFN40-6x6-0.50	PWQN0040KC-A	P40K8-50-4B4-5	0.09



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R5F100LCABG, R5F100LDABG, R5F100LEABG, R5F100LFABG, R5F100LGABG, R5F100LHABG,
 R5F100LJABG
 R5F101LCABG, R5F101LDABG, R5F101LEABG, R5F101LFABG, R5F101LGABG, R5F101LHABG,
 R5F101LJABG
 R5F100LCGBG, R5F100LDGBG, R5F100LEGBG, R5F100LFGBG, R5F100LGGBG, R5F100LHGBG,
 R5F100LJGBG

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-VFBGA64-4x4-0.40	PVBG0064LA-A	P64F1-40-AA2-2	0.03

