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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-HWQFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100gaana-w0

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(1/12)

Pin	Package	Data	Fields of	Ordering Part Number
count	-	flash	Application Note	
20 pins	20-pin plastic LSSOP	Mounted	Α	R5F1006AASP#V0, R5F1006CASP#V0, R5F1006DASP#V0,
	(7.62 mm (300), 0.65			R5F1006EASP#V0
	mm pitch)			R5F1006AASP#X0, R5F1006CASP#X0, R5F1006DASP#X0,
				R5F1006EASP#X0
			D	R5F1006ADSP#V0, R5F1006CDSP#V0, R5F1006DDSP#V0,
				R5F1006EDSP#V0
				R5F1006ADSP#X0, R5F1006CDSP#X0, R5F1006DDSP#X0,
				R5F1006EDSP#X0
			G	R5F1006AGSP#V0, R5F1006CGSP#V0, R5F1006DGSP#V0,
				R5F1006EGSP#V0
				R5F1006AGSP#X0, R5F1006CGSP#X0, R5F1006DGSP#X0,
				R5F1006EGSP#X0
		Not	Α	R5F1016AASP#V0, R5F1016CASP#V0, R5F1016DASP#V0,
		mounted		R5F1016EASP#V0
				R5F1016AASP#X0, R5F1016CASP#X0, R5F1016DASP#X0,
				R5F1016EASP#X0
			D	R5F1016ADSP#V0, R5F1016CDSP#V0, R5F1016DDSP#V0,
				R5F1016EDSP#V0
				R5F1016ADSP#X0, R5F1016CDSP#X0, R5F1016DDSP#X0,
				R5F1016EDSP#X0
24 pins	24-pin plastic	Mounted	Α	R5F1007AANA#U0, R5F1007CANA#U0, R5F1007DANA#U0,
	HWQFN (4 × 4mm,			R5F1007EANA#U0
	0.5 mm pitch)			R5F1007AANA#W0, R5F1007CANA#W0, R5F1007DANA#W0,
				R5F1007EANA#W0
			D	R5F1007ADNA#U0, R5F1007CDNA#U0, R5F1007DDNA#U0,
				R5F1007EDNA#U0
				R5F1007ADNA#W0, R5F1007CDNA#W0, R5F1007DDNA#W0,
			G	R5F1007EDNA#W0 R5F1007AGNA#U0, R5F1007CGNA#U0, R5F1007DGNA#U0,
			G	R5F1007AGNA#00, R5F1007CGNA#00, R5F1007DGNA#00,
				R5F1007AGNA#W0, R5F1007CGNA#W0, R5F1007DGNA#W0,
				R5F1007EGNA#W0
		Not	Α	R5F1017AANA#U0, R5F1017CANA#U0, R5F1017DANA#U0.
		mounted		R5F1017EANA#U0
		mounted		R5F1017AANA#W0, R5F1017CANA#W0, R5F1017DANA#W0,
				R5F1017EANA#W0
			D	R5F1017ADNA#U0, R5F1017CDNA#U0, R5F1017DDNA#U0,
				R5F1017EDNA#U0
				R5F1017ADNA#W0, R5F1017CDNA#W0, R5F1017DDNA#W0,
				R5F1017EDNA#W0

Note For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.



Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(8/12)

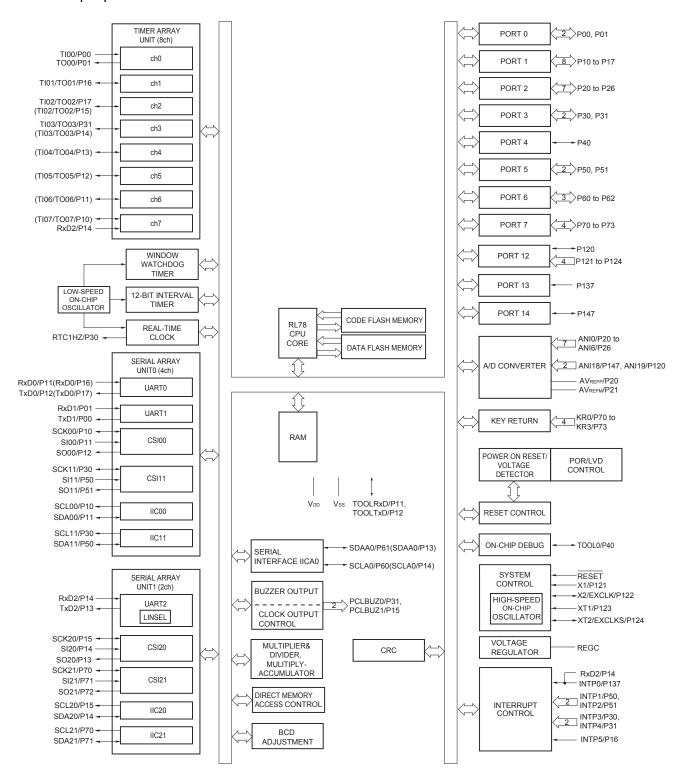
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of	Ordering Part Number
			Application Note	
64 pins	64-pin plastic LQFP	Mounted	Α	R5F100LCAFA#V0, R5F100LDAFA#V0,
	(12 × 12 mm, 0.65			R5F100LEAFA#V0, R5F100LFAFA#V0,
	mm pitch)			R5F100LGAFA#V0, R5F100LHAFA#V0,
				R5F100LJAFA#V0, R5F100LKAFA#V0, R5F100LLAFA#V0
				R5F100LCAFA#X0, R5F100LDAFA#X0,
				R5F100LEAFA#X0, R5F100LFAFA#X0,
			D	R5F100LGAFA#X0, R5F100LHAFA#X0,
				R5F100LJAFA#X0, R5F100LKAFA#X0, R5F100LLAFA#X0
				R5F100LCDFA#V0, R5F100LDDFA#V0,
				R5F100LEDFA#V0, R5F100LFDFA#V0,
				R5F100LGDFA#V0, R5F100LHDFA#V0,
				R5F100LJDFA#V0, R5F100LKDFA#V0, R5F100LLDFA#V0
			G	R5F100LCDFA#X0, R5F100LDDFA#X0,
				R5F100LEDFA#X0, R5F100LFDFA#X0,
				R5F100LGDFA#X0, R5F100LHDFA#X0,
				R5F100LJDFA#X0, R5F100LKDFA#X0, R5F100LLDFA#X0
				R5F100LCGFA#V0, R5F100LDGFA#V0,
				R5F100LEGFA#V0, R5F100LFGFA#V0
				R5F100LCGFA#X0, R5F100LDGFA#X0,
				R5F100LEGFA#X0, R5F100LFGFA#X0
				R5F100LGGFA#V0, R5F100LHGFA#V0,
				R5F100LJGFA#V0
				R5F100LGGFA#X0, R5F100LHGFA#X0,
				R5F100LJGFA#X0
		Not	Α	R5F101LCAFA#V0, R5F101LDAFA#V0,
		mounted		R5F101LEAFA#V0, R5F101LFAFA#V0,
				R5F101LGAFA#V0, R5F101LHAFA#V0,
				R5F101LJAFA#V0, R5F101LKAFA#V0, R5F101LLAFA#V0
				R5F101LCAFA#X0, R5F101LDAFA#X0,
				R5F101LEAFA#X0, R5F101LFAFA#X0,
			D	R5F101LGAFA#X0, R5F101LHAFA#X0,
				R5F101LJAFA#X0, R5F101LKAFA#X0, R5F101LLAFA#X0
				R5F101LCDFA#V0, R5F101LDDFA#V0,
				R5F101LEDFA#V0, R5F101LFDFA#V0,
				R5F101LGDFA#V0, R5F101LHDFA#V0,
				R5F101LJDFA#V0, R5F101LKDFA#V0, R5F101LLDFA#V0
				R5F101LCDFA#X0, R5F101LDDFA#X0,
				R5F101LEDFA#X0, R5F101LFDFA#X0,
				R5F101LGDFA#X0, R5F101LHDFA#X0,
				R5F101LJDFA#X0, R5F101LKDFA#X0, R5F101LLDFA#X0

Note For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.



# 1.5.7 40-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

[40-pin, 44-pin, 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products]

# Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

(1/2)

	Item	40	·pin	4.4	-pin	40	·pin	F0	nin		·pin
	item		<u> </u>	44	i			52-	-pin I		İ
		R5F100Ex	R5F101Ex	R5F100Fx	R5F101Fx	R5F100Gx	R5F101Gx	R5F100Jx	R5F101Jx	R5F100Lx	R5F101Lx
		100	101	100	101	100	101	100	101	100	101
		Ex	Ex	×	×	χ Ω	ωx	×	×	Ž	Ž
Code flash me	emory (KB)	16 to	o 192	16 t	o 512	16 t	512	32 to	o 512	32 to	o 512
Data flash me	emory (KB)	4 to 8	-	4 to 8	_	4 to 8	-	4 to 8	_	4 to 8	_
RAM (KB)		2 to 1	16 <sup>Note1</sup>	2 to :	32 <sup>Note1</sup>	2 to 3	32 <sup>Note1</sup>	2 to 3	32 <sup>Note1</sup>	2 to 3	32 <sup>Note1</sup>
Address space	e	1 MB									
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	HS (High HS (High LS (Low-	1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) S (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz (VDD = 2.7 to 5.5 V), S (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (VDD = 2.4 to 5.5 V), S (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (VDD = 1.8 to 5.5 V), V (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (VDD = 1.6 to 5.5 V)								
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	HS (High LS (Low-	speed ma	ain) mode in) mode:	: 1 to 32 M : 1 to 16 M : 1 to 8 M e: 1 to 4 M	MHz (Vdd = Hz (Vdd =	= 2.4 to 5.5 1.8 to 5.5	5 V), V),			
Subsystem cl	ock	XT1 (crys 32.768 k		ation, exte	ernal subsy	stem cloc	k input (E	XCLKS)			
Low-speed or	n-chip oscillator	15 kHz (	TYP.)								
General-purp	ose registers	(8-bit reg	ister × 8)	× 4 banks							
Minimum insti	ruction execution time	0.03125	μs (High-s	speed on-	chip oscilla	tor: fin = 3	2 MHz op	eration)			
		0.05 <i>μ</i> s (	High-spee	ed system	clock: fmx	= 20 MHz	operation	)			
		30.5 μs (	Subsyster	n clock: fs	ыв = 32.76	8 kHz ope	ration)				
Instruction se	t	<ul><li>Adder</li><li>Multipl</li></ul>	ication (8	actor/logic bits × 8 bit	al operation ts) t manipula			and Book	ean opera	tion), etc.	
I/O port	Total	3	36	4	40	2	14	4	18	5	58
	CMOS I/O	(N-ch (	28 O.D. I/O ithstand ge]: 10)	(N-ch [V <sub>DD</sub> w	31 O.D. I/O rithstand ge]: 10)	(N-ch (	34 O.D. I/O ithstand je]: 11)	(N-ch (	38 O.D. I/O ithstand ge]: 13)	(N-ch (	18 O.D. I/O ithstand ge]: 15)
	CMOS input		5		5		5		5		5
	CMOS output		=		=		1		1		1
	N-ch O.D. I/O (withstand voltage: 6 V)		3		4		4		4		4
Timer	16-bit timer					8 cha	nnels				
	Watchdog timer					1 cha	annel				
	Real-time clock (RTC)					1 cha	annel				
	12-bit interval timer (IT)				-		annel				
	Timer output	outputs: 3 8 channels	channels (PWM outputs: 4 Note 2), a channels (PWM outputs: 7 Note 2) Note 3 outputs: 7 Note 2) outputs: 7 Note 2) Note 3 outputs: 7 Note 2)								
	RTC output	1 channe • 1 Hz (s		ı clock: fsu	ıв = 32.768	3 kHz)					

Notes 1. The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = E to G, J, L): Start address FF300H R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = E to G, J, L): Start address FEF00H R5F100xJ, R5F101xJ (x = F, G, J, L): Start address FAF00H R5F100xL, R5F101xL (x = F, G, J, L): Start address F7F00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVsso, and EVss1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
  - 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
  - 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
  - **4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
  - **5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode:  $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$  to 32 MHz

 $2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$  to 16 MHz

LS (low-speed main) mode:  $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$  @1 MHz to 8 MHz LV (low-voltage main) mode:  $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$  @1 MHz to 4 MHz

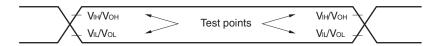
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
  - 2. fih: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
  - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
  - 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

- **6.** Current flowing only to the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1 or IDD2 and IADC when the A/D converter operates in an operation mode or the HALT mode.
- 7. Current flowing only to the LVD circuit. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3 and ILVD when the LVD circuit is in operation.
- 8. Current flowing only during data flash rewrite.
- 9. Current flowing only during self programming.
- 10. For shift time to the SNOOZE mode, see 18.3.3 SNOOZE mode.
- Remarks 1. fil: Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
  - 2. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
  - 3. fclk: CPU/peripheral hardware clock frequency
  - **4.** Temperature condition of the TYP. value is  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$



# 2.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

#### **AC Timing Test Points**



# 2.5.1 Serial array unit

# (1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	` `	h-speed Mode	,	/-speed Mode	`	-voltage Mode	Unit
			MIN. MAX. MIN. MAX. MIN. MAX.							
Transfer rate Note 1		2.4 V≤ EV	DD0 ≤ 5.5 V		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6		fмск/6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{MCK} = f_{CLK}^{Note 3}$		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.8 V ≤ EV	$_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6		fмск/6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 3		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.7 V ≤ EV	$000 \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		fMCK/6 Note 2		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fMCK = fCLK Note 3		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.6 V ≤ EV	$000 \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	_	_		fMCK/6 Note 2		fмск/6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 3	_	_		1.3		0.6	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDDO < VDD.

 $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 2.7 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 2.6 \text{ Mbps}$   $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 2.4 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 1.3 \text{ Mbps}$   $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DDO}} < 1.8 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 0.6 \text{ Mbps}$ 

3. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fclk) are:

HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V  $\leq$  V<sub>DD</sub>  $\leq$  5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V  $\leq$  VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V  $\leq$  VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V) LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V  $\leq$  VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V)

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

# (3) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	C	Conditions	HS (high main)	•	LS (low main)	•	LV (low- main)	-voltage Mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
CKp cycle time tkcY1		tkcy1 $\geq$ 4/fclk $2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$ $V$		125		500		1000		ns
			$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$ V	250		500		1000		ns
			$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$ $V$	500		500		1000		ns
			$1.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$ $V$	1000		1000		1000		ns
			$1.6~V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5$ $V$	_		1000		1000		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	tкн1, tкL1	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tксу1/2 — 12		tксу1/2 — 50		tксү1/2 — 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EVD	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tксу1/2 — 18		tксу1/2 — 50		tксү1/2 — 50		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EVD	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tксү1/2 – 38		tксү1/2 – 50		tксү1/2 – 50		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EVD	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tксү1/2 — 50		tксу1/2 — 50		tксү1/2 — 50		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EVD	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tксу1/2 — 100		tксу1/2 — 100		tксу1/2 — 100		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>D</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	_		tксу1/2 — 100		tксу1/2 — 100		ns
SIp setup time	tsıĸı	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	00 ≤ 5.5 V	44		110		110		ns
(to SCKp↑)		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	00 ≤ 5.5 V	44		110		110		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	00 ≤ 5.5 V	75		110		110		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	oo ≤ 5.5 V	110		110		110		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	oo ≤ 5.5 V	220		220		220		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	00 ≤ 5.5 V	_		220		220		ns
SIp hold time	t <sub>KSI1</sub>	1.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	00 ≤ 5.5 V	19		19		19		ns
(from SCKp↑) Note 2		1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>DI</sub>	00 ≤ 5.5 V	_		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp	tkso1	$1.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ $C = 30 \text{ pF}^{\text{Note 4}}$			25		25		25	ns
output Note 3		$1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{DI}$ $C = 30 \text{ pF}^{\text{Note}}$			_		25		25	ns

**Notes 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

- 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from  $SCKp\downarrow$ " when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

**Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3),

g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)

2. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,

n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

# (4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input) (1/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	ter Symbol Conditions			HS (hig	h-speed Mode	LS (low	r-speed Mode	LV (low main)	-voltage Mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	tkcy2	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$	20 MHz < fмск	8/fмск				_		ns
Note 5		V	fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	6/fмск		6/ƒмск		6/ƒмск		ns
		$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$	16 MHz < fмск	8/fмск		_		_		ns
		V	fмcк ≤ 16 MHz	6/fмск		6/fмск		6/fмск		ns
		$2.4~V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5~V$		6/fмск and 500		6/fмск and 500		6/fмск and 500		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		6/fмск and 750		6/fмск and 750		6/fмск and 750		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5	V	_		6/fмск and 1500		6/fмск and 1500		ns
SCKp high-/low- level width	tkH2,	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		tксү2/2 – 7		tксү2/2 - 7		tксү2/2 - 7		ns
		$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{EV}_\text{DD0} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$		tксу2/2 — 8		tксу2/2 - 8		tксу2/2 - 8		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		tксү2/2 – 18		tксу2/2 - 18		tксу2/2 - 18		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		tксү2/2 – 66		tксү2/2 - 66		tксү2/2 - 66		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5	V	_		tkcy2/2 - 66		tkcy2/2 - 66		ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

### (5) During communication at same potential (simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode) (2/2)

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V  $\leq$  EVDD0 = EVDD1  $\leq$  VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	, ,	h-speed Mode	,	r-speed Mode	`	-voltage Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 50~pF,~R_b = 2.7~k\Omega$	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 85 <sub>Note2</sub>		1/fmck + 145 Note2		1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 145 <sub>Note2</sub>		ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 145 <sub>Note2</sub>		1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 145 <sub>Note2</sub>		1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 145 <sub>Note2</sub>		ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	1/fmck + 230 Note2		1/fmck + 230 Note2		1/fmck + 230 Note2		ns
		$1.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	1/fmck + 290 Note2		1/fmck + 290 Note2		1/fmck + 290 Note2		ns
		$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	_		1/fmck + 290 Note2		1/fmck + 290 Note2		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 50~pF,~R_b = 2.7~k\Omega$	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns
		$1.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns
		$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	_	_	0	405	0	405	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than fmck/4.

2. Set the fmck value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the normal input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (Vpb tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EVpb tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the normal output mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register h (POMh).

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

#### 3.2 Oscillator Characteristics

#### 3.2.1 X1, XT1 oscillator characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation	Ceramic resonator/	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	1.0		20.0	MHz
frequency (fx) <sup>Note</sup>	crystal resonator	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7~V$	1.0		16.0	MHz
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) <sup>Note</sup>	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

**Note** Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator.

#### 3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Oscillators	Parameters		Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	fін			1		32	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator		–20 to +85 °C	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	-1.0		+1.0	%
clock frequency accuracy		–40 to −20 °C	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	-1.5		+1.5	%
		+85 to +105 °C	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	-2.0		+2.0	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	fı∟				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

**Notes 1.** High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 3 of option byte (000C2H/010C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of HOCODIV register.

2. This indicates the oscillator characteristics only. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time.

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD and EVDDO, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO or Vss, EVsso. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
  - 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
  - 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
  - **4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
  - **5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode:  $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$  to 32 MHz  $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$  to 16 MHz

- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
  - 2. fih: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
  - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
  - 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

# 3.4 AC Characteristics

# $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Items	Symbol		Conditions	6	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum	Tcy	Main	HS (high-speed	$1 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.03125		1	μS
instruction execution time)		system clock (fmain) operation	main) mode	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	0.0625		1	μS
		Subsystem of operation	clock (fsua)	$2.4~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V$	28.5	30.5	31.3	μS
		In the self	HS (high-speed	$1  2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.03125		1	μS
		programming mode	main) mode	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	0.0625		1	μS
External system clock frequency	fex	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq$	≤ 5.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> <	< 2.7 V		1.0		16.0	MHz
	fexs				32		35	kHz
External system clock input high-	texh, texl	2.7 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤	≤ 5.5 V		24			ns
level width, low-level width		2.4 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> <	< 2.7 V		30			ns
	texhs, texhs				13.7			μS
TI00 to TI07, TI10 to TI17 input high-level width, low-level width	tтін, tтіL				1/fмск+10			ns <sup>Note</sup>
TO00 to TO07, TO10 to TO17	<b>f</b> то	HS (high-spe	eed 4.0 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
output frequency		main) mode	2.7 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V			8	MHz
			2.4 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 2.7 V			4	MHz
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output	fpcL	HS (high-spe	eed 4.0 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
frequency		main) mode	2.7 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V			8	MHz
			2.4 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 2.7 V			4	MHz
Interrupt input high-level width,	tinth,	INTP0	2.4 V	$\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1			μS
low-level width	tintl	INTP1 to INT	TP11 2.4 V	$\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 V$	1			μS
Key interrupt input low-level width	<b>t</b> KR	KR0 to KR7	2.4 V	$\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	250			ns
RESET low-level width	trsL		•		10			μS

**Note** The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when  $E_{VDD0} < V_{DD}$  $2.4V \le EV_{DD0} < 2.7 \text{ V}$ : MIN. 125 ns

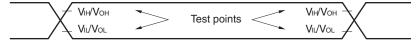
Remark fmck: Timer array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn0, CKSmn1 bits of timer mode register mn (TMRmn).

m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7))

# 3.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

#### **AC Timing Test Points**



#### 3.5.1 Serial array unit

#### (1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate Note 1				fmck/12 Note 2	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fclk = 32 MHz, fMck = fclk		2.6	Mbps

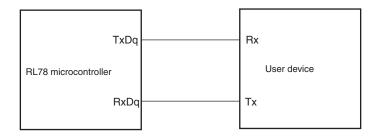
Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDDO < VDD.

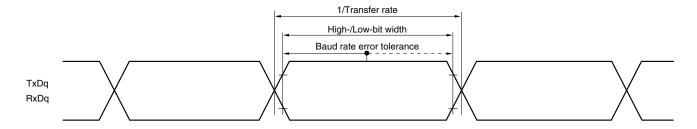
 $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$ : MAX. 1.3 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

#### **UART** mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



#### **UART** mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



**Remarks 1.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

# (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (3/3)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time (to SCKp↓) Note	tsıĸı	$4.0 \ V \leq EV_{DD} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V,$	88		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \ 2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$	88		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \ V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V,$	220		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Slp hold time (from SCKp↓) Note	t <sub>KSI1</sub>	$4.0~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0~V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \; V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \; V, \; 2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3~V,~1.6~V \leq V_b \leq 2.0~V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOp output Note	tkso1	$4.0~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0~V,$		50	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \; V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \; V, \; 2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V,$		50	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \ 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.0 \text{ V},$		50	ns
		$C_b=30~pF,~R_b=5.5~k\Omega$			

**Note** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

# 3.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
CPU/peripheral hardware clock frequency	fclk	$2.4~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V$	1		32	MHz
Number of code flash rewrites	Cerwr	Retained for 20 years  TA = 85°C Note 4	1,000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites		Retained for 1 years TA = 25°C		1,000,000		
		Retained for 5 years TA = 85°C Note 4	100,000			
		Retained for 20 years  TA = 85°C Note 4	10,000			

- **Notes 1.** 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.
  - 2. When using flash memory programmer and Renesas Electronics self programming library.
  - **3.** These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics Corporation.
  - 4. This temperature is the average value at which data are retained.

# 3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

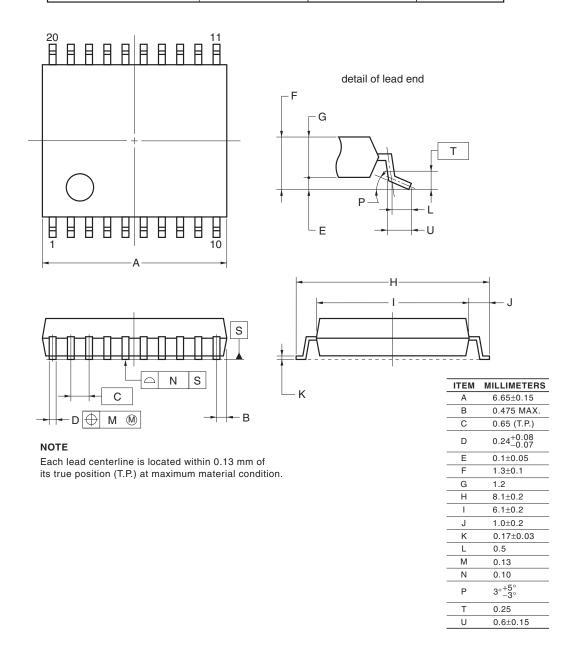
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps

# 4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

# 4.1 20-pin Products

R5F1006AASP, R5F1006CASP, R5F1006DASP, R5F1006EASP R5F1016AASP, R5F1016CASP, R5F1016DASP, R5F1016EASP R5F1006ADSP, R5F1006CDSP, R5F1006DDSP, R5F1006EDSP R5F1016ADSP, R5F1016CDSP, R5F1016DDSP, R5F1016EDSP R5F1006AGSP, R5F1006CGSP, R5F1006DGSP, R5F1006EGSP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP20-0300-0.65	PLSP0020JC-A	S20MC-65-5A4-3	0.12



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# 4.8 44-pin Products

R5F100FAAFP, R5F100FCAFP, R5F100FDAFP, R5F100FEAFP, R5F100FFAFP, R5F100FGAFP,

R5F100FHAFP, R5F100FJAFP, R5F100FKAFP, R5F100FLAFP

R5F101FAAFP, R5F101FCAFP, R5F101FDAFP, R5F101FEAFP, R5F101FFAFP, R5F101FGAFP,

R5F101FHAFP, R5F101FJAFP, R5F101FKAFP, R5F101FLAFP

R5F100FADFP, R5F100FCDFP, R5F100FDDFP, R5F100FEDFP, R5F100FFDFP, R5F100FGDFP,

R5F100FHDFP, R5F100FJDFP, R5F100FKDFP, R5F100FLDFP

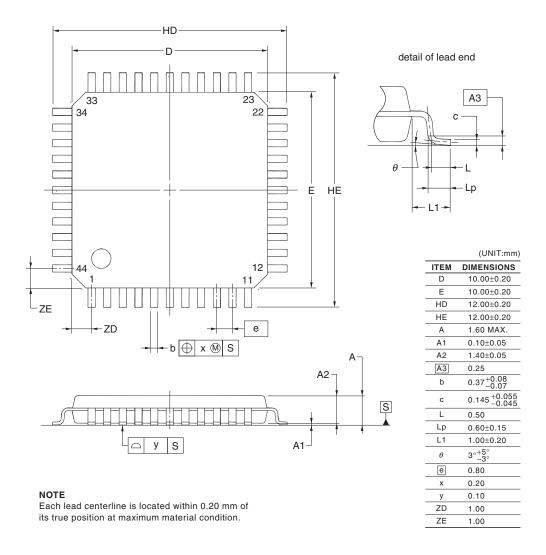
R5F101FADFP, R5F101FCDFP, R5F101FDDFP, R5F101FEDFP, R5F101FFDFP, R5F101FGDFP,

R5F101FHDFP, R5F101FJDFP, R5F101FKDFP, R5F101FLDFP

R5F100FAGFP, R5F100FCGFP, R5F100FDGFP, R5F100FEGFP, R5F100FFGFP, R5F100FGGFP,

R5F100FHGFP, R5F100FJGFP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP44-10x10-0.80	PLQP0044GC-A	P44GB-80-UES-2	0.36

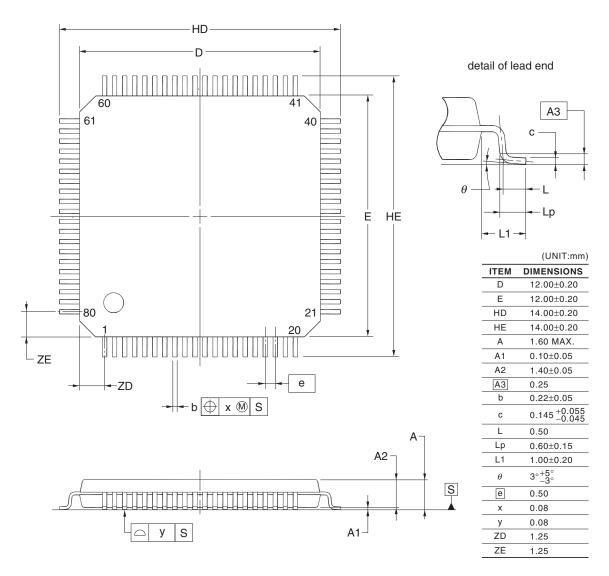


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R5F100MFAFB, R5F100MGAFB, R5F100MHAFB, R5F100MJAFB, R5F100MKAFB, R5F100MLAFB R5F101MFAFB, R5F101MGAFB, R5F101MHAFB, R5F101MJAFB, R5F101MKAFB, R5F101MLAFB R5F100MFDFB, R5F100MGDFB, R5F100MHDFB, R5F100MJDFB, R5F100MKDFB, R5F100MLDFB R5F101MFDFB, R5F101MGDFB, R5F101MHDFB, R5F101MJDFB, R5F101MKDFB, R5F101MLDFB R5F100MFGFB, R5F100MGGFB, R5F100MHGFB, R5F100MJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP80-12x12-0.50	PLQP0080KE-A	P80GK-50-8EU-2	0.53



#### NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

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