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#### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

#### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

##### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	48KB (48K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	3K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LFQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100gdafb-v0">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100gdafb-v0</a>

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(11/12)

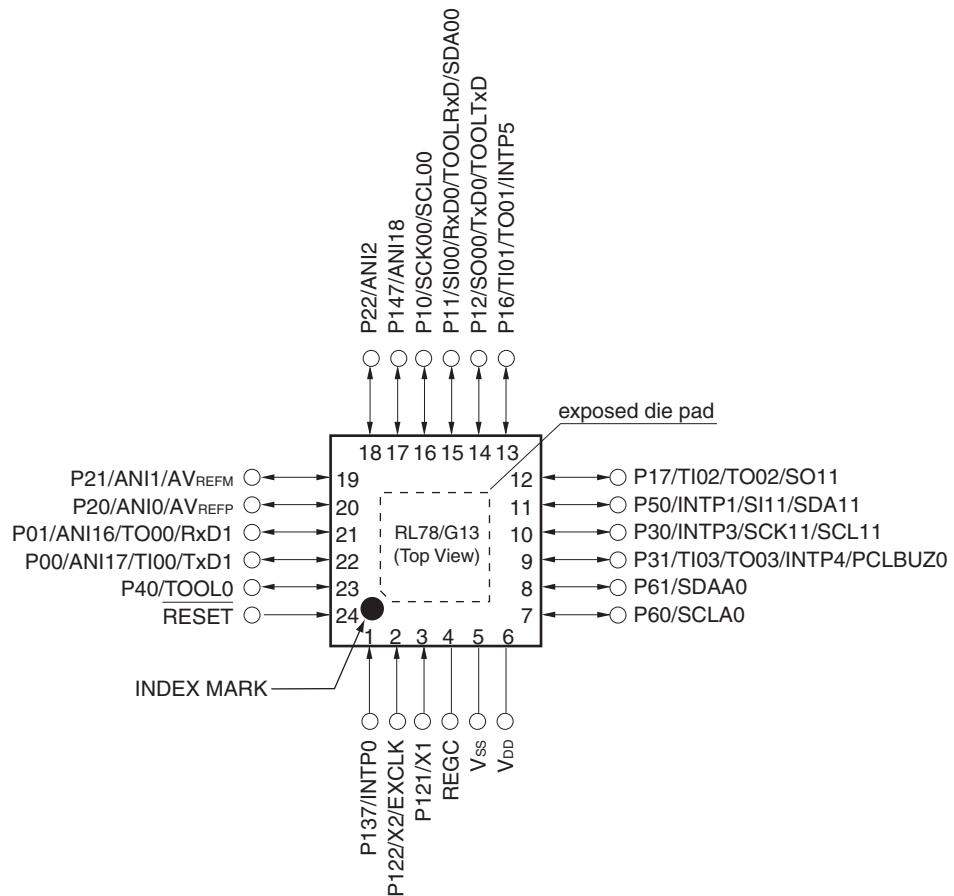
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application <small>Note</small>	Ordering Part Number
100 pins	100-pin plastic LFQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100PFAFB#V0, R5F100PGAFB#V0, R5F100PHAFB#V0, R5F100PJAFB#V0, R5F100PKAFB#V0, R5F100PLAFB#V0 R5F100PFAFB#X0, R5F100PGAFB#X0, R5F100PHAFB#X0, R5F100PJAFB#X0, R5F100PKAFB#X0, R5F100PLAFB#X0 R5F100PFDFB#V0, R5F100PGDFB#V0, R5F100PHDFB#V0, R5F100PJDFB#V0, R5F100PKDFB#V0, R5F100PLDFB#V0 R5F100PFDFB#X0, R5F100PGDFB#X0, R5F100PHDFB#X0, R5F100PJDFB#X0, R5F100PKDFB#X0, R5F100PLDFB#X0 R5F100PFGFB#V0, R5F100PGGFB#V0, R5F100PHGFB#V0, R5F100PJGFB#V0 R5F100PFGFB#X0, R5F100PGGFB#X0, R5F100PHGFB#X0, R5F100PJGFB#X0
			D	R5F100PJDFB#V0, R5F100PKDFB#V0, R5F100PLDFB#V0 R5F100PFDFB#X0, R5F100PGDFB#X0, R5F100PHDFB#X0, R5F100PJDFB#X0, R5F100PKDFB#X0, R5F100PLDFB#X0 R5F100PFGFB#V0, R5F100PGGFB#V0, R5F100PHGFB#V0, R5F100PJGFB#V0 R5F100PFGFB#X0, R5F100PGGFB#X0, R5F100PHGFB#X0, R5F100PJGFB#X0
			G	R5F101PFAFB#V0, R5F101PGAFB#V0, R5F101PHAFB#V0, R5F101PJAFB#V0, R5F101PKAFB#V0, R5F101PLAFB#V0 R5F101PFAFB#X0, R5F101PGAFB#X0, R5F101PHAFB#X0, R5F101PJAFB#X0, R5F101PKAFB#X0, R5F101PLAFB#X0 R5F101PFDFB#V0, R5F101PGDFB#V0, R5F101PHDFB#V0, R5F101PJDFB#V0, R5F101PKDFB#V0, R5F101PLDFB#V0 R5F101PFDFB#X0, R5F101PGDFB#X0, R5F101PHDFB#X0, R5F101PJDFB#X0, R5F101PKDFB#X0, R5F101PLDFB#X0 R5F101PJDFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PJDFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F100PGAFA#V0, R5F100PHAFYA#V0, R5F100PJAFYA#V0, R5F100PKAFYA#V0, R5F100PLAFYA#V0 R5F100PFAFA#X0, R5F100PGAFA#X0, R5F100PHAFYA#X0, R5F100PJAFYA#X0, R5F100PKAFYA#X0, R5F100PLAFYA#X0 R5F100PF DFA#V0, R5F100PGDFA#V0, R5F100PHDFA#V0, R5F100PJ DFA#V0, R5F100PKDFA#V0, R5F100PLDFA#V0 R5F100PF DFA#X0, R5F100PGDFA#X0, R5F100PHDFA#X0, R5F100PJ DFA#X0, R5F100PKDFA#X0, R5F100PLDFA#X0 R5F100PFGFA#V0, R5F100PGGFA#V0, R5F100PHGFA#V0, R5F100PJGFA#V0 R5F100PFGFA#X0, R5F100PGGFA#X0, R5F100PHGFA#X0, R5F100PJGFA#X0
	100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 20 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F101PGAFYA#V0, R5F101PHAFYA#V0, R5F101PJAFYA#V0, R5F101PKAFYA#V0, R5F101PLAFYA#V0 R5F101PFAFA#X0, R5F101PGAFYA#X0, R5F101PHAFYA#X0, R5F101PJAFYA#X0, R5F101PKAFYA#X0, R5F101PLAFYA#X0 R5F101PF DFA#V0, R5F101PGDFA#V0, R5F101PHDFA#V0, R5F101PJ DFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PF DFA#X0, R5F101PGDFA#X0, R5F101PHDFA#X0, R5F101PJ DFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0 R5F101PFGFA#V0, R5F101PGGFA#V0, R5F101PHGFA#V0, R5F101PJGFA#V0 R5F101PFGFA#X0, R5F101PGGFA#X0, R5F101PHGFA#X0, R5F101PJGFA#X0
			D	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F101PGAFYA#V0, R5F101PHAFYA#V0, R5F101PJAFYA#V0, R5F101PKAFYA#V0, R5F101PLAFYA#V0 R5F101PFAFA#X0, R5F101PGAFYA#X0, R5F101PHAFYA#X0, R5F101PJAFYA#X0, R5F101PKAFYA#X0, R5F101PLAFYA#X0 R5F101PF DFA#V0, R5F101PGDFA#V0, R5F101PHDFA#V0, R5F101PJ DFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PF DFA#X0, R5F101PGDFA#X0, R5F101PHDFA#X0, R5F101PJ DFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0 R5F101PJDFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PJDFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0
			G	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F101PGAFYA#V0, R5F101PHAFYA#V0, R5F101PJAFYA#V0, R5F101PKAFYA#V0, R5F101PLAFYA#V0 R5F101PFAFA#X0, R5F101PGAFYA#X0, R5F101PHAFYA#X0, R5F101PJAFYA#X0, R5F101PKAFYA#X0, R5F101PLAFYA#X0 R5F101PF DFA#V0, R5F101PGDFA#V0, R5F101PHDFA#V0, R5F101PJ DFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PF DFA#X0, R5F101PGDFA#X0, R5F101PHDFA#X0, R5F101PJ DFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0 R5F101PFGFA#V0, R5F101PGGFA#V0, R5F101PHGFA#V0, R5F101PJGFA#V0 R5F101PFGFA#X0, R5F101PGGFA#X0, R5F101PHGFA#X0, R5F101PJGFA#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F101PGAFYA#V0, R5F101PHAFYA#V0, R5F101PJAFYA#V0, R5F101PKAFYA#V0, R5F101PLAFYA#V0 R5F101PFAFA#X0, R5F101PGAFYA#X0, R5F101PHAFYA#X0, R5F101PJAFYA#X0, R5F101PKAFYA#X0, R5F101PLAFYA#X0 R5F101PF DFA#V0, R5F101PGDFA#V0, R5F101PHDFA#V0, R5F101PJ DFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PF DFA#X0, R5F101PGDFA#X0, R5F101PHDFA#X0, R5F101PJ DFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0 R5F101PJDFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0 R5F101PJDFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0

**Note** For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

**Caution** The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

### 1.3.2 24-pin products

- 24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

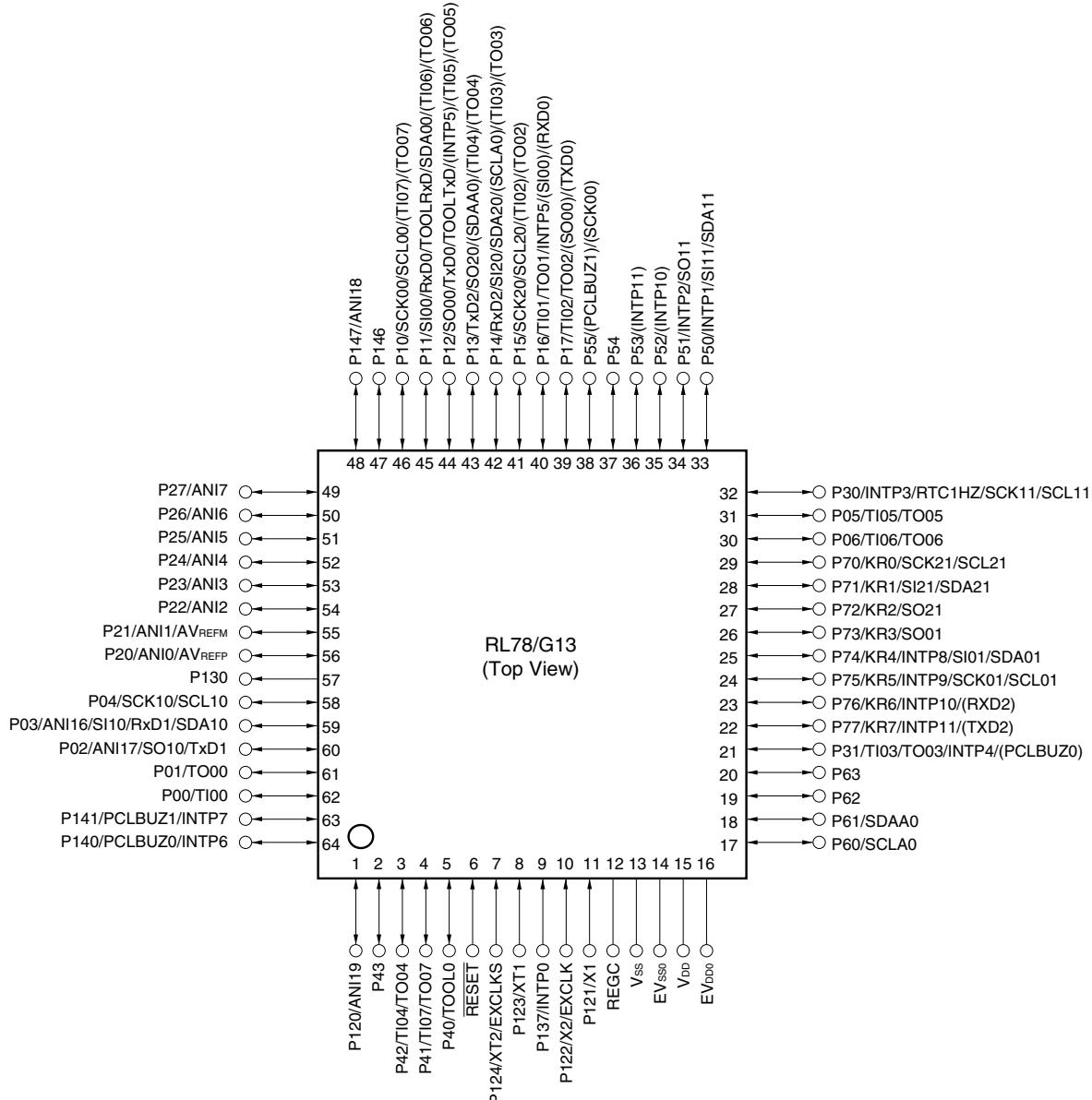


**Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).**

- Remarks**
1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.
  2. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to V<sub>ss</sub>.

### 1.3.11 64-pin products

- 64-pin plastic LQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)
- 64-pin plastic LFQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



**Cautions** 1. Make EV<sub>SS0</sub> pin the same potential as V<sub>ss</sub> pin.

2. Make V<sub>DD</sub> pin the potential that is higher than EV<sub>VDD0</sub> pin.
3. Connect the REGC pin to V<sub>ss</sub> via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).

**Remarks** 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V<sub>DD</sub> and EV<sub>VDD0</sub> pins and connect the V<sub>ss</sub> and EV<sub>SS0</sub> pins to separate ground lines.
3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

**( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{ss} = EV_{ss0} = EV_{ss1} = 0 \text{ V}$ ) (4/5)**

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V <sub>OH1</sub>	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OH1</sub> = -10.0 mA	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 1.5		V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OH1</sub> = -3.0 mA	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.7		V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OH1</sub> = -2.0 mA	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.6		V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OH1</sub> = -1.5 mA	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.5		V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OH1</sub> = -1.0 mA	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.5		V
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OH2</sub> = -100 $\mu\text{A}$	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.5		V
Output voltage, low	V <sub>OL1</sub>	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL1</sub> = 20 mA		1.3	V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL1</sub> = 8.5 mA		0.7	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL1</sub> = 3.0 mA		0.6	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL1</sub> = 1.5 mA		0.4	V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL1</sub> = 0.6 mA		0.4	V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL1</sub> = 0.3 mA		0.4	V
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL2</sub> = 400 $\mu\text{A}$		0.4	V
	V <sub>OL3</sub>	P60 to P63	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL3</sub> = 15.0 mA		2.0	V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL3</sub> = 5.0 mA		0.4	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL3</sub> = 3.0 mA		0.4	V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL3</sub> = 2.0 mA		0.4	V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$ , I <sub>OL3</sub> = 1.0 mA		0.4	V

**Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.**

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

## (3) 128-pin products, and flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 44- to 100-pin products

 $(T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{ss} = EV_{ss0} = EV_{ss1} = 0 \text{ V}$ ) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current <small>Note 1</small>	$I_{DD2}^{Note 2}$	HALT mode	HS (high-speed main) mode <sup>Note 7</sup>	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.62	1.89 mA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$			0.62	1.89 mA
			$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.50	1.48	mA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		0.50	1.48	mA
			$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.44	1.12	mA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		0.44	1.12	mA
		LS (low-speed main) mode <sup>Note 7</sup>	$f_{IH} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		290	620	$\mu\text{A}$
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		290	620	$\mu\text{A}$
		LV (low-voltage main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{IH} = 4 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		460	700	$\mu\text{A}$
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		460	700	$\mu\text{A}$
		HS (high-speed main) mode <sup>Note 7</sup>	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$ , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.31	1.14	mA
				Resonator connection		0.48	1.34	mA
			$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.31	1.14	mA
				Resonator connection		0.48	1.34	mA
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$ , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.21	0.68	mA
				Resonator connection		0.28	0.76	mA
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		0.21	0.68	mA
				Resonator connection		0.28	0.76	mA
		LS (low-speed main) mode <sup>Note 7</sup>	$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		110	390	$\mu\text{A}$
				Resonator connection		160	450	$\mu\text{A}$
			$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$ , $V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		110	390	$\mu\text{A}$
				Resonator connection		160	450	$\mu\text{A}$
		Subsystem clock operation	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{Note 5}$ $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.31	0.66	$\mu\text{A}$
				Resonator connection		0.50	0.85	$\mu\text{A}$
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{Note 5}$ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.38	0.66	$\mu\text{A}$
				Resonator connection		0.57	0.85	$\mu\text{A}$
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{Note 5}$ $T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.47	3.49	$\mu\text{A}$
				Resonator connection		0.66	3.68	$\mu\text{A}$
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{Note 5}$ $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input		0.80	6.10	$\mu\text{A}$
				Resonator connection		0.99	6.29	$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_{DD3}^{Note 6}$	STOP mode <sup>Note 8</sup>	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{Note 5}$ $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input	1.52	10.46	$\mu\text{A}$
					Resonator connection	1.71	10.65	$\mu\text{A}$
				$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$		0.19	0.54	$\mu\text{A}$
				$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		0.26	0.54	$\mu\text{A}$
				$T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$		0.35	3.37	$\mu\text{A}$
				$T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$		0.68	5.98	$\mu\text{A}$
				$T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$		1.40	10.34	$\mu\text{A}$

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

## (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (2/2)

 $(T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate	Transmission	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$ V, 2.7 V $\leq V_b \leq 4.0$ V	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}$ , $R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_b = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Note 1		Note 1		Note 1		bps
				2.8 Note 2		2.8 Note 2		2.8 Note 2		Mbps
				Note 3		Note 3		Note 3		bps
		2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0$ V, 2.3 V $\leq V_b \leq 2.7$ V	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}$ , $R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_b = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.2 Note 4		1.2 Note 4		1.2 Note 4		Mbps
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3$ V, 1.6 V $\leq V_b \leq 2.0$ V	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}$ , $R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_b = 1.6 \text{ V}$	Notes 5, 6		Notes 5, 6		Notes 5, 6		bps
				0.43 Note 7		0.43 Note 7		0.43 Note 7		Mbps

**Notes 1.** The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using  $f_{MCK}/6$  or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when  $4.0 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$  and  $2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\}}{\left(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}\right) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

\* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

- 2.** This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 1 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)  
 (2/3)

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$ )

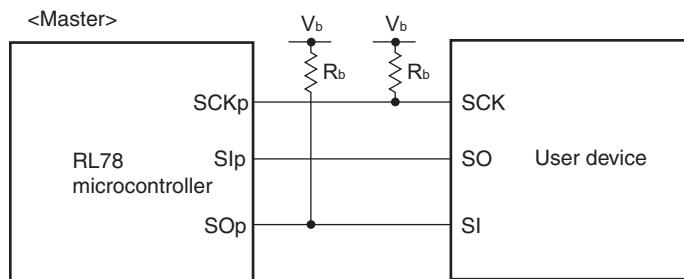
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp $\uparrow$ ) <sup>Note 1</sup>	tsIK1	4.0 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, 2.7 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 k $\Omega$	81		479		479		ns
		2.7 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 k $\Omega$	177		479		479		ns
		1.8 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.0 V <sup>Note 2</sup> , C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 k $\Omega$	479		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp $\uparrow$ ) <sup>Note 1</sup>	tKS11	4.0 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, 2.7 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 k $\Omega$	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 k $\Omega$	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.0 V <sup>Note 2</sup> , C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 k $\Omega$	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp $\downarrow$ to SO <sub>p</sub> output <sup>Note 1</sup>	tKS01	4.0 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, 2.7 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 k $\Omega$		100		100		100	ns
		2.7 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 k $\Omega$		195		195		195	ns
		1.8 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.0 V <sup>Note 2</sup> , C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 k $\Omega$		483		483		483	ns

Notes 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

2. Use it with EV<sub>DD0</sub>  $\geq$  V<sub>b</sub>.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SO<sub>p</sub> pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

**CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**

- Remarks**
1.  $R_b[\Omega]$ : Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance,  $C_b[F]$ : Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance,  $V_b[V]$ : Communication line voltage
  2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number , n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
  3.  $f_{MCK}$ : Serial array unit operation clock frequency  
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).  
m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))
  4. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential.  
Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

- (4) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage ( $\text{ADREFP1} = 1$ ,  $\text{ADREFP0} = 0$ ), reference voltage (-) =  $\text{AV}_{\text{REFM}}/\text{ANI1}$  ( $\text{ADREFM} = 1$ ), target pin : ANI0, ANI2 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} = EV_{\text{DD1}} \leq V_{\text{DD}}$ ,  $V_{\text{SS}} = EV_{\text{SS0}} = EV_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V}$ , Reference voltage (+) =  $\text{VBGR}^{\text{Note 3}}$ , Reference voltage (-) =  $\text{AV}_{\text{REFM}} = 0 \text{ V}^{\text{Note 4}}$ , HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		bit	
Conversion time	tconv	8-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	17		39	$\mu\text{s}$
Zero-scale error <sup>Notes 1, 2</sup>	Ezs	8-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			$\pm 0.60$	%FSR
Integral linearity error <sup>Note 1</sup>	ILE	8-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			$\pm 2.0$	LSB
Differential linearity error <sup>Note 1</sup>	DLE	8-bit resolution	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			$\pm 1.0$	LSB
Analog input voltage	V <sub>Ain</sub>			0		$\text{VBGR}^{\text{Note 3}}$	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ( $\pm 1/2$  LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. Refer to 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

4. When reference voltage (-) =  $V_{\text{SS}}$ , the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add  $\pm 0.35\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) =  $\text{AV}_{\text{REFM}}$ .

Integral linearity error: Add  $\pm 0.5$  LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) =  $\text{AV}_{\text{REFM}}$ .

Differential linearity error: Add  $\pm 0.2$  LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) =  $\text{AV}_{\text{REFM}}$ .

### 2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0$  V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	$S_{VDD}$				54	V/ms

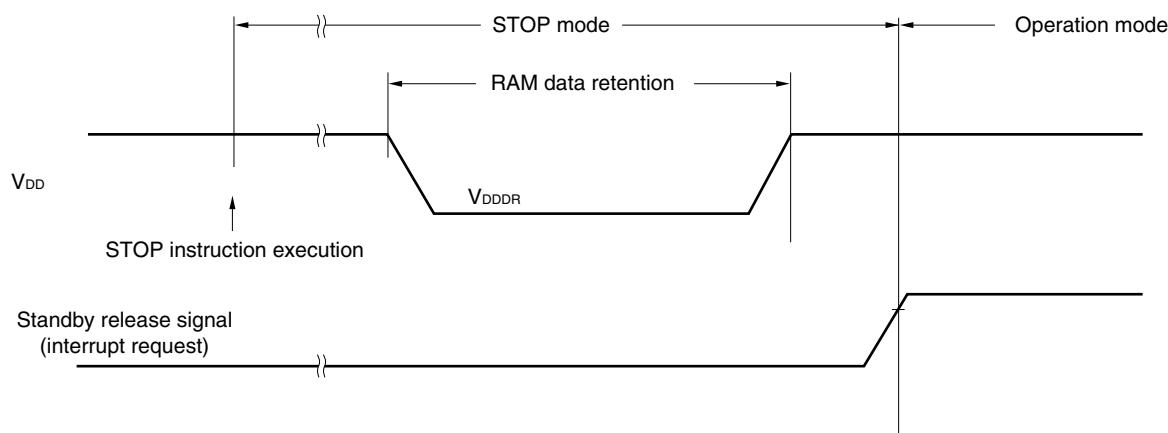
**Caution** Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the LVD circuit or an external reset until  $V_{DD}$  reaches the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.

### 2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0$  V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	$V_{DDDR}$		1.46 <sup>Note</sup>		5.5	V

**Note** This depends on the POR detection voltage. For a falling voltage, data in RAM are retained until the voltage reaches the level that triggers a POR reset but not once it reaches the level at which a POR reset is generated.



### 3.3 DC Characteristics

#### 3.3.1 Pin characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V) (1/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high <sup>Note 1</sup>	I <sub>OH1</sub>	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		-3.0 <sup>Note 2</sup>	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145 (When duty ≤ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		-30.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V		-10.0	mA
			2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 2.7 V		-5.0	mA
		Total of P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147 (When duty ≤ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		-30.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V		-19.0	mA
			2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 2.7 V		-10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )	2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		-60.0	mA
	I <sub>OH2</sub>	Per pin for P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		-0.1 <sup>Note 2</sup>	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )	2.4 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		-1.5	mA

**Notes** 1. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the EV<sub>DD0</sub>, EV<sub>DD1</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub> pins to an output pin.

2. Do not exceed the total current value.

3. Specification under conditions where the duty factor ≤ 70%.

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

- Total output current of pins = (I<sub>OH</sub> × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)

<Example> Where n = 80% and I<sub>OH</sub> = -10.0 mA

$$\text{Total output current of pins} = (-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx -8.7 \text{ mA}$$

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor.

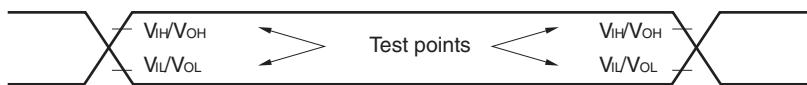
A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

**Caution** P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

### 3.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

#### AC Timing Test Points



#### 3.5.1 Serial array unit

##### (1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V)

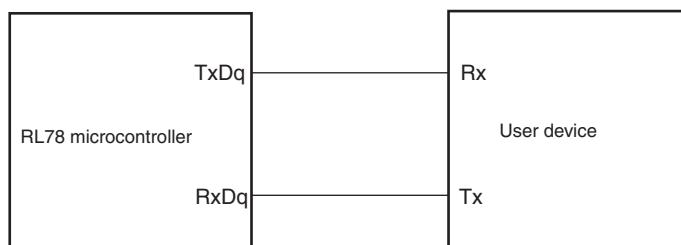
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate <sup>Note 1</sup>		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f <sub>CLK</sub> = 32 MHz, f <sub>MCK</sub> = f <sub>CLK</sub>		f <sub>MCK</sub> /12 <sup>Note 2</sup>	bps
				2.6	Mbps

**Notes 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

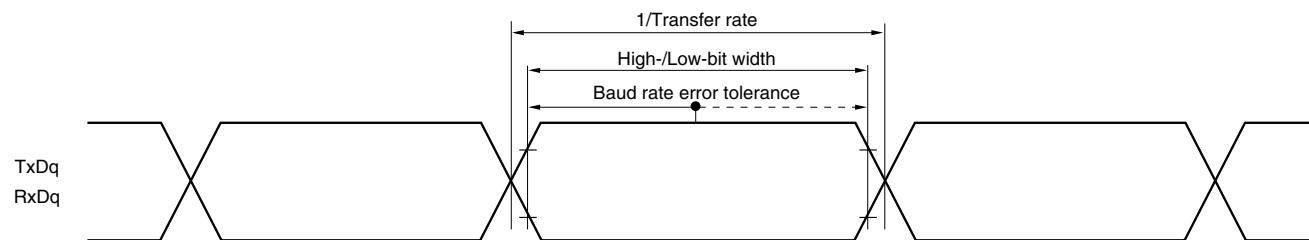
2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EV<sub>DD0</sub> < V<sub>DD</sub>.
- 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> < 2.7 V : MAX. 1.3 Mbps

**Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

#### UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



#### UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



**Remarks 1.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. f<sub>MCK</sub>: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(4) During communication at same potential (simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode)(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCL <sub>r</sub> clock frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>	2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		400 <sup>Note1</sup>	kHz
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 3 kΩ		100 <sup>Note1</sup>	kHz
Hold time when SCL <sub>r</sub> = "L"	t <sub>LOW</sub>	2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1200		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 3 kΩ	4600		ns
Hold time when SCL <sub>r</sub> = "H"	t <sub>HIGH</sub>	2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1200		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 3 kΩ	4600		ns
Data setup time (reception)	t <sub>SU:DAT</sub>	2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 220 <sup>Note2</sup>		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 3 kΩ	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 580 <sup>Note2</sup>		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	t <sub>HD:DAT</sub>	2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	0	770	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 3 kΩ	0	1420	ns

**Notes** 1. The value must also be equal to or less than f<sub>MCK</sub>/4.2. Set the f<sub>MCK</sub> value to keep the hold time of SCL<sub>r</sub> = "L" and SCL<sub>r</sub> = "H".**Caution** Select the normal input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the normal output mode for the SCL<sub>r</sub> pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register h (POMh).

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

**(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (1/3)**

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>ss</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t <sub>KCY1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	600		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1000		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	2300		ns
SCKp high-level width	t <sub>KH1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 340		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 916		ns
SCKp low-level width	t <sub>KL1</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 24		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 36		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	t <sub>KCY1</sub> /2 – 100		ns

**Caution** Select the TTL input buffer for the S<sub>l</sub>p pin and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SO<sub>p</sub> pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode) (1/2)(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCL <sub>r</sub> clock frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		400 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		400 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ		100 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ		100 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ		100 <sup>Note 1</sup>	kHz
Hold time when SCL <sub>r</sub> = "L"	t <sub>LOW</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1200		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1200		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ	4600		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	4600		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	4650		ns
Hold time when SCL <sub>r</sub> = "H"	t <sub>HIGH</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	620		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	500		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ	2700		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	2400		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	1830		ns

(Notes and Caution are listed on the next page, and Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode) (2/2)(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	t <sub>SU:DAT</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 340 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 340 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 760 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 760 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 570 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	t <sub>HD:DAT</sub>	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	0	770	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	0	770	ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 4.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.8 kΩ	0	1420	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 2.7 kΩ	0	1420	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V, C <sub>b</sub> = 100 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 5.5 kΩ	0	1215	ns

**Notes** 1. The value must also be equal to or less than f<sub>MCK</sub>/4.2. Set the f<sub>MCK</sub> value to keep the hold time of SCL<sub>r</sub> = "L" and SCL<sub>r</sub> = "H".

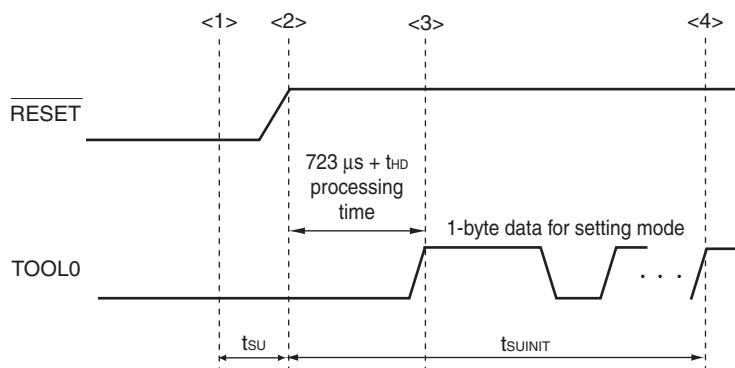
**Caution** Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCL<sub>r</sub> pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

### 3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV<sub>DD0</sub> = EV<sub>DD1</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = EV<sub>SS1</sub> = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	t <sub>SUINIT</sub>	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	t <sub>SU</sub>	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μs
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)	t <sub>HD</sub>	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



<1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.

<2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).

<3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.

<4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

**Remark** t<sub>SUINIT</sub>: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.

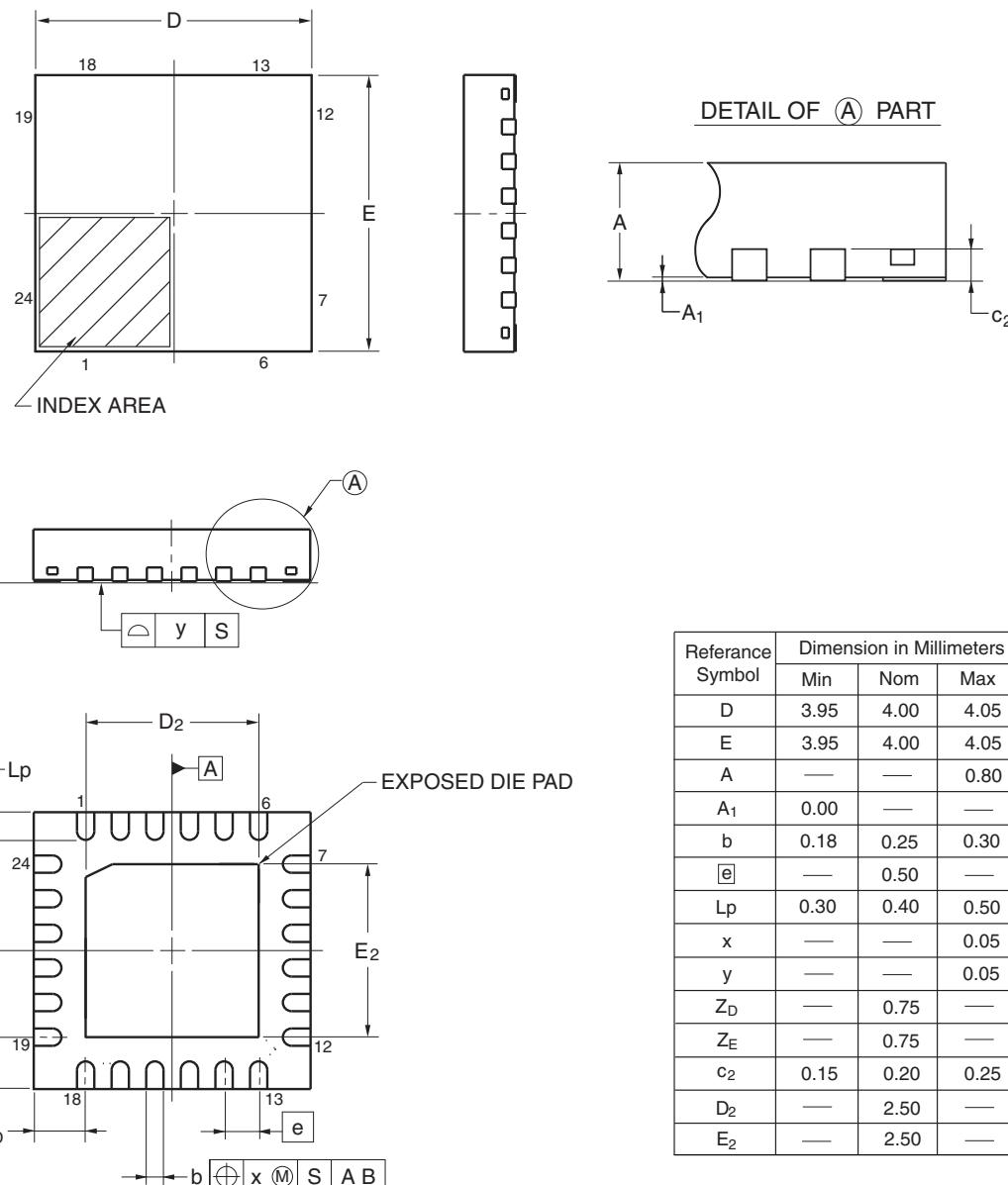
t<sub>SU</sub>: Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

t<sub>HD</sub>: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

## 4.2 24-pin Products

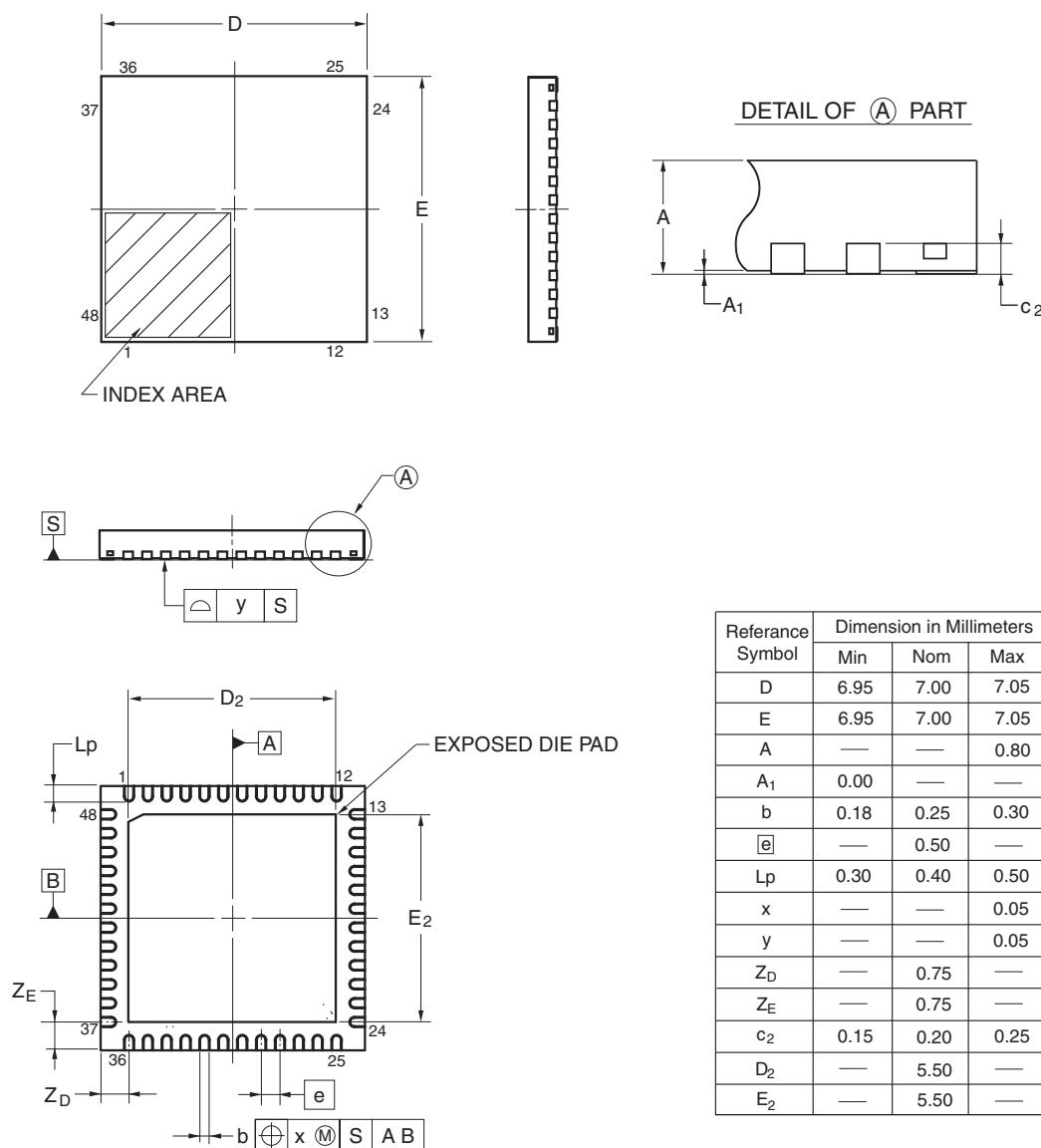
R5F1007AANA, R5F1007CANA, R5F1007DANA, R5F1007EANA  
 R5F1017AANA, R5F1017CANA, R5F1017DANA, R5F1017EANA  
 R5F1007ADNA, R5F1007CDNA, R5F1007DDNA, R5F1007EDNA  
 R5F1017ADNA, R5F1017CDNA, R5F1017DDNA, R5F1017EDNA  
 R5F1007AGNA, R5F1007CGNA, R5F1007DGNA, R5F1007EGNA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN24-4x4-0.50	PWQN0024KE-A	P24K8-50-CAB-3	0.04



R5F100GAANA, R5F100GCANA, R5F100GDANA, R5F100GEANA, R5F100GFANA, R5F100GGANA,  
 R5F100GHANA, R5F100GJANA, R5F100GKANA, R5F100GLANA  
 R5F101GAANA, R5F101GCANA, R5F101GDANA, R5F101GEANA, R5F101GFANA, R5F101GGANA,  
 R5F101GHANA, R5F101GJANA, R5F101GKANA, R5F101GLANA  
 R5F100GADNA, R5F100GCDNA, R5F100GDDNA, R5F100GEDNA, R5F100GFDNA, R5F100GGDNA,  
 R5F100GHDNA, R5F100GJDNA, R5F100GKDNA, R5F100GLDNA  
 R5F101GADNA, R5F101GCDNA, R5F101GDDNA, R5F101GEDNA, R5F101GFDNA, R5F101GGDNA,  
 R5F101GHDNA, R5F101GJDNA, R5F101GKDNA, R5F101GLDNA  
 R5F100GAGNA, R5F100GCGNA, R5F100GDGNA, R5F100GEGNA, R5F100GFGNA, R5F100GGGNA,  
 R5F100GHGNA, R5F100GJGNA

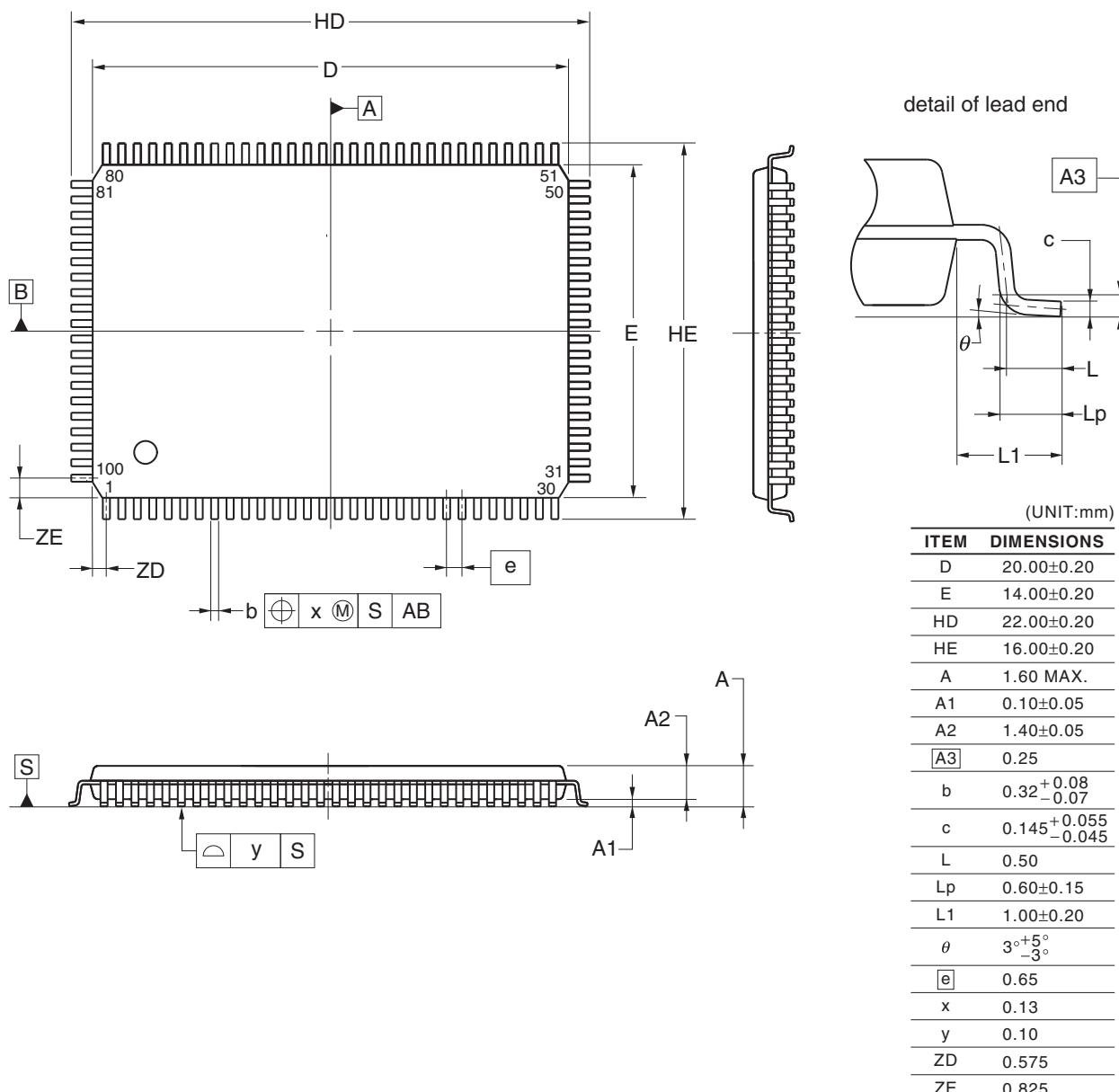
JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN48-7x7-0.50	PWQN0048KB-A	48PQN-A P48K8-50-5B4-6	0.13



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R5F100PFAFA, R5F100PGAFA, R5F100PHAFA, R5F100PJAFA, R5F100PKAFA, R5F100PLAFA  
 R5F101PFAFA, R5F101PGAFA, R5F101PHAFA, R5F101PJAFA, R5F101PKAFA, R5F101PLAFA  
 R5F100PFDFA, R5F100PGDFA, R5F100PHDFA, R5F100PJ DFA, R5F100PK DFA, R5F100PL DFA  
 R5F101PFDFA, R5F101PGDFA, R5F101PHDFA, R5F101PJ DFA, R5F101PK DFA, R5F101PL DFA  
 R5F100PFGFA, R5F100PGGFA, R5F100PHGFA, R5F100PJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP100-14x20-0.65	PLQP0100JC-A	P100GF-65-GBN-1	0.92



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