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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LFQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100gjafb-30

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(11/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application	Ordering Part Number
100 pins	100-pin plastic LFQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	А	R5F100PFAFB#V0, R5F100PGAFB#V0, R5F100PHAFB#V0, R5F100PJAFB#V0, R5F100PKAFB#V0, R5F100PLAFB#V0 R5F100PFAFB#X0, R5F100PGAFB#X0, R5F100PHAFB#X0,
	min, 0.5 min pitch)			R5F100PJAFB#X0, R5F100PKAFB#X0, R5F100PLAFB#X0
			D	R5F100PFDFB#V0, R5F100PGDFB#V0, R5F100PHDFB#V0,
				R5F100PJDFB#V0, R5F100PKDFB#V0, R5F100PLDFB#V0
				R5F100PFDFB#X0, R5F100PGDFB#X0, R5F100PHDFB#X0,
				R5F100PJDFB#X0, R5F100PKDFB#X0, R5F100PLDFB#X0
			G	R5F100PFGFB#V0, R5F100PGGFB#V0, R5F100PHGFB#V0,
				R5F100PJGFB#V0
				R5F100PFGFB#X0, R5F100PGGFB#X0, R5F100PHGFB#X0,
				R5F100PJGFB#X0
		Not	Α	R5F101PFAFB#V0, R5F101PGAFB#V0, R5F101PHAFB#V0,
		mounted		R5F101PJAFB#V0, R5F101PKAFB#V0, R5F101PLAFB#V0
				R5F101PFAFB#X0, R5F101PGAFB#X0, R5F101PHAFB#X0,
				R5F101PJAFB#X0, R5F101PKAFB#X0, R5F101PLAFB#X0
			D	R5F101PFDFB#V0, R5F101PGDFB#V0, R5F101PHDFB#V0,
				R5F101PJDFB#V0, R5F101PKDFB#V0, R5F101PLDFB#V0
				R5F101PFDFB#X0, R5F101PGDFB#X0, R5F101PHDFB#X0,
				R5F101PJDFB#X0, R5F101PKDFB#X0, R5F101PLDFB#X0
	100-pin plastic	Mounted	Α	R5F100PFAFA#V0, R5F100PGAFA#V0, R5F100PHAFA#V0,
	LQFP (14 × 20 mm,			R5F100PJAFA#V0, R5F100PKAFA#V0, R5F100PLAFA#V0
	0.65 mm pitch)			R5F100PFAFA#X0, R5F100PGAFA#X0, R5F100PHAFA#X0,
				R5F100PJAFA#X0, R5F100PKAFA#X0, R5F100PLAFA#X0
			D	R5F100PFDFA#V0, R5F100PGDFA#V0, R5F100PHDFA#V0,
				R5F100PJDFA#V0, R5F100PKDFA#V0, R5F100PLDFA#V0
				R5F100PFDFA#X0, R5F100PGDFA#X0, R5F100PHDFA#X0,
				R5F100PJDFA#X0, R5F100PKDFA#X0, R5F100PLDFA#X0
			G	R5F100PFGFA#V0, R5F100PGGFA#V0, R5F100PHGFA#V0,
				R5F100PJGFA#V0
				R5F100PFGFA#X0, R5F100PGGFA#X0, R5F100PHGFA#X0,
				R5F100PJGFA#X0
		Not	Α	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F101PGAFA#V0, R5F101PHAFA#V0,
		mounted		R5F101PJAFA#V0, R5F101PKAFA#V0, R5F101PLAFA#V0
				R5F101PFAFA#X0, R5F101PGAFA#X0, R5F101PHAFA#X0,
				R5F101PJAFA#X0, R5F101PKAFA#X0, R5F101PLAFA#X0
			D	R5F101PFDFA#V0, R5F101PGDFA#V0, R5F101PHDFA#V0,
				R5F101PJDFA#V0, R5F101PKDFA#V0, R5F101PLDFA#V0
				R5F101PFDFA#X0, R5F101PGDFA#X0, R5F101PHDFA#X0,
				R5F101PJDFA#X0, R5F101PKDFA#X0, R5F101PLDFA#X0

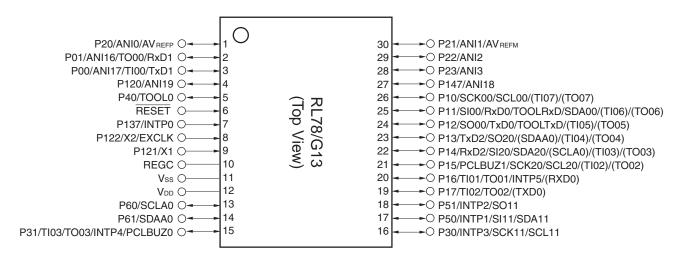
Note For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.



1.3.4 30-pin products

• 30-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)



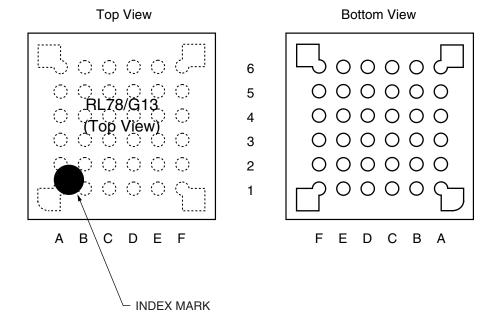
Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.3.6 36-pin products

• 36-pin plastic WFLGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



	Α	В	С	D	E	F	
6	P60/SCLA0	V _{DD}	P121/X1	P122/X2/EXCLK	P137/INTP0	P40/TOOL0	6
Ü]
5	P62	P61/SDAA0	Vss	REGC	RESET	P120/ANI19	5
4	P72/SO21	P71/SI21/ SDA21	P14/RxD2/SI20/ SDA20/(SCLA0) /(TI03)/(TO03)	P31/TI03/TO03/ INTP4/ PCLBUZ0	P00/Tl00/TxD1	P01/T000/RxD1	4
3	P50/INTP1/ SI11/SDA11	P70/SCK21/ SCL21	P15/PCLBUZ1/ SCK20/SCL20/ (TI02)/(TO02)	P22/ANI2	P20/ANI0/ AV _{REFP}	P21/ANI1/ AVREFM	3
2	P30/INTP3/ SCK11/SCL11	P16/TI01/TO01/ INTP5/(RxD0)	P12/SO00/ TxD0/TOOLTxD /(TI05)/(TO05)	P11/SI00/RxD0/ TOOLRxD/ SDA00/(TI06)/ (TO06)	P24/ANI4	P23/ANI3	2
1	P51/INTP2/ SO11	P17/Tl02/TO02/ (TxD0)	P13/TxD2/ SO20/(SDAA0)/ (TI04)/(TO04)	P10/SCK00/ SCL00/(TI07)/ (TO07)	P147/ANI18	P25/ANI5	1
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	-

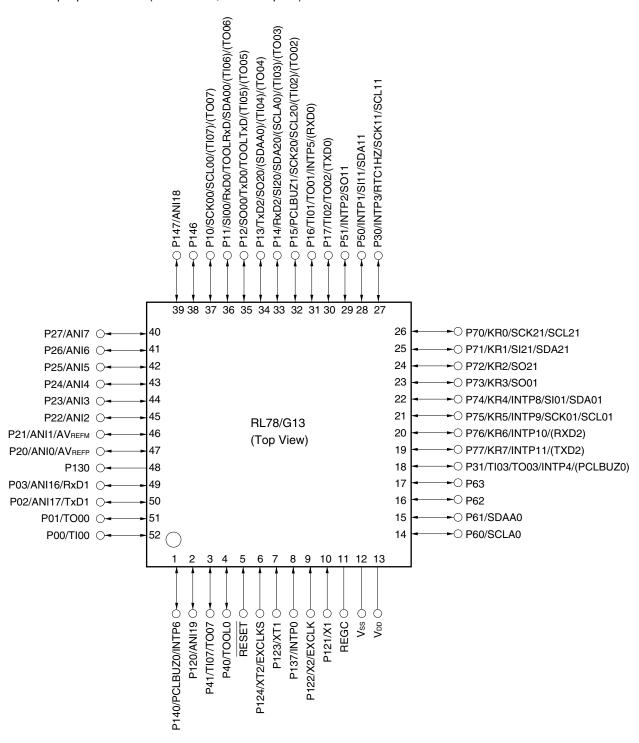
Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.3.10 52-pin products

• 52-pin plastic LQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)

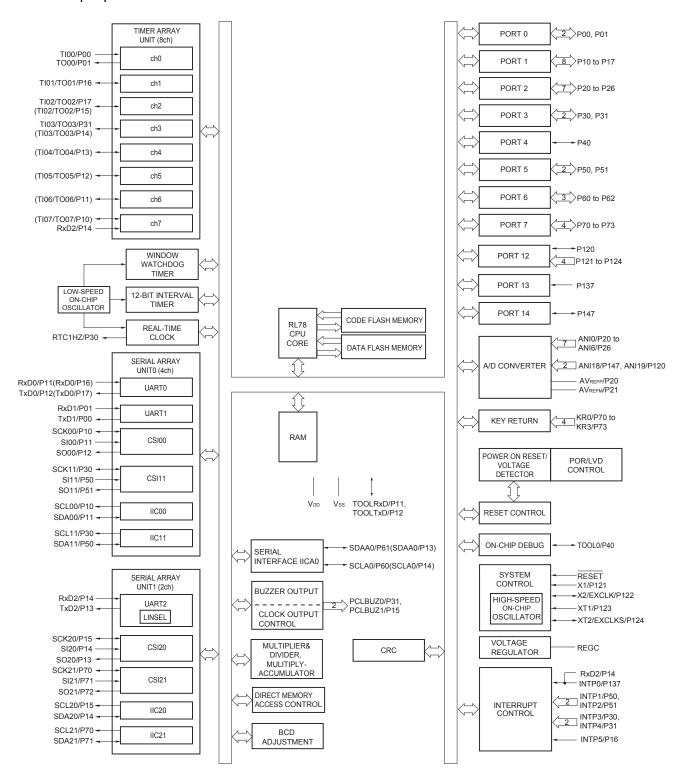


Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.7 40-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.6 Outline of Functions

[20-pin, 24-pin, 25-pin, 30-pin, 32-pin, 36-pin products]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

(1/2)

												(1/2		
	Item	20-	pin	24-	-pin	25	-pin	30-	pin	32-	pin	36-	pin	
		R5F1006x	R5F1016x	R5F1007x	R5F1017x	R5F1008x	R5F1018x	R5F100Ax	R5F101Ax	R5F100Bx	R5F101Bx	R5F100Cx	R5F101Cx	
Code flash me	emory (KB)	16 to 64		16 t	o 64	16 t	o 64	16 to	128	16 to	128	16 to	128	
Data flash me	mory (KB)	4	=	4	_	4	-	4 to 8	=	4 to 8	-	4 to 8	=	
RAM (KB)		2 to	4 ^{Note1}	2 to	4 ^{Note1}	2 to	4 ^{Note1}	2 to 1	12 ^{Note1}	2 to 1	12 ^{Note1}	2 to 1	2 ^{Note1}	
Address space	e	1 MB										-		
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	HS (Hig HS (Hig LS (Low	h-speed h-speed v-speed	l main) m I main) m main) m	node: 1 t node: 1 t ode: 1 to	o 20 M⊢ o 16 M⊢ o 8 MHz	main sys Iz (V _{DD} = Iz (V _{DD} = (V _{DD} = 1. z (V _{DD} = 1	2.7 to 5. 2.4 to 5. 8 to 5.5	5 V), 5 V), V),	EXCLK)				
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	HS (Hig LS (Lov	h-speed v-speed	l main) m main) m	node: 1 t ode: 1 t	:o 16 MH :o 8 MHz	dz (Vdd = dz (Vdd = z (Vdd = 1 z (Vdd = 1	2.4 to 5.5	.5 V), 5 V),					
Subsystem clo	clock –													
Low-speed on	-chip oscillator	15 kHz	(TYP.)											
General-purpo	ose registers	(8-bit re	gister×	8) × 4 ba	anks									
Minimum instr	ruction execution time	0.03125	μs (Hig	h-speed	on-chip	oscillato	or: fін = 32	2 MHz o _l	peration)				
		0.05 <i>μ</i> s	(High-sp	peed sys	tem cloc	:k: fмx =	20 MHz	operation	า)					
Instruction set		 Data transfer (8/16 bits) Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits) Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 												
I/O port	Total	1	6	2	.0	2	21	2	6	2	8	3	2	
	CMOS I/O	(N-ch C (V _{DD} wit voltag	D.D. I/O hstand	(N-ch C	5 D.D. I/O thstand ge]: 6)	(N-ch (D.D. I/O thstand ge]: 6)	(N-ch C [V _{DD} with voltage	D.D. I/O thstand	2 (N-ch C [V _{DD} wi ⁻ voltag	thstand	(N-ch C [V _{DD} wit voltage	D.D. I/O thstand	
	CMOS input	3	3	(3	;	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
	CMOS output	=	-	-	=		1	=	=	=	=	=	=	
	N-ch O.D. I/O (withstand voltage: 6 V)	-	-	2	2	:	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	
Timer	16-bit timer						8 cha	nnels						
	Watchdog timer						1 cha	ınnel						
	Real-time clock (RTC)						1 chanı	nel Note 2						
	12-bit interval timer (IT)						1 cha	ınnel						
	Timer output		3 channels 4 channels 4 channels (PWM outputs: 3 Note 3), (PWM outputs: 17 Note 3) Note 3 Not											
	RTC output						_	-						

Notes 1. The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = 6 to 8, A to C): Start address FF300H R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = 6 to 8, A to C): Start address FEF00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944).

2. Only the constant-period interrupt function when the low-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fill) is selected

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions			high- I main) ode		/-speed Mode	voltage	low- e main) ode	Unit
					MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate						fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps	
			$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$			fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1	bps
	2.5 v \(\times\) v \(\times\)	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate folk Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps		
			$1.8 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V,$ $1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V$			fMCK/6 Notes 1 to 3		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps	

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

- 2. Use it with EVDD0≥Vb.
- 3. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $E_{VDDO} < V_{DD}$.

 $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$: MAX. 2.6 Mbps $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.4 \text{ V}$: MAX. 1.3 Mbps

4. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fclk) are:

HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V) LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (Vpd tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EVpd tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For ViH and ViL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

Remarks 1. $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage

- **2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)
- 3. fmcκ: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)
- **4.** UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR1) of peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1.

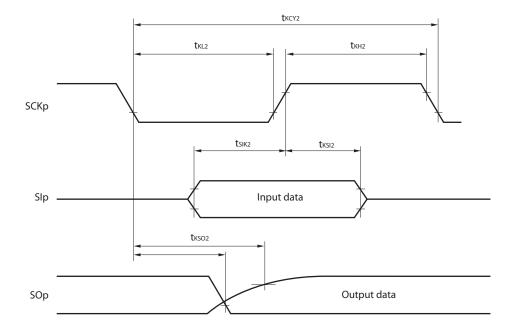
(9) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}) (1/2)$

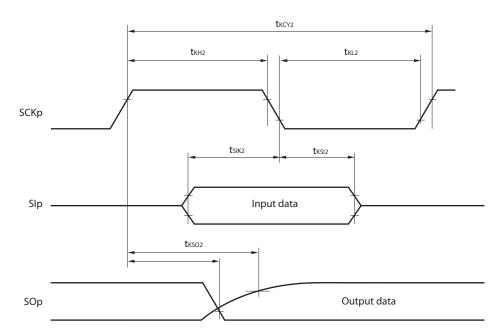
Parameter	Symbol	ĺ	≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss =	HS (high- main) ode	LS (low			-voltage Mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 1		$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_b \le 4.0 \text{ V}$	24 MHz < fмск	14/ fмск		_		_		ns
			20 MHz < fмcκ ≤ 24 MHz	12/ fмск						ns
			8 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	10/ fмск		_		_		ns
			4 MHz < fмcк ≤ 8 MHz	8/fмск		16/ fмск		_		ns
			fmck ≤ 4 MHz	6/fмск		10/ fмск		10/ fмск		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} < 4.0 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{b} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	24 MHz < fмск	20/ fмск		_		_		ns
			20 MHz < fмcк ≤ 24 MHz	16/ fмск		_		_		ns
			16 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	14/ fмск		_		_		ns
			8 MHz < fмcк ≤ 16 MHz	12/ fмск		_		_		ns
			4 MHz < fмcк ≤ 8 MHz	8/fмск		16/ fмск		_		ns
			fмск ≤ 4 MHz	6/ƒмск		10/ fмск		10/ fмск		ns
		$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V},$ $1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.0 \text{ V}^{\text{Note}}$	24 MHz < fмск	48/ fмск		_		_		ns
		2	20 MHz < fмcк ≤ 24 MHz	36/ fмск		_		_		ns
			16 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	32/ fмск		_		_		ns
		8 MHz < f _{MCK} ≤ 16 MHz	26/ fмск						ns	
		4 MHz < f _{MCK} ≤ 8 MHz	16/ fмск		16/ fмск		_		ns	
			fмcк ≤ 4 MHz	10/ fмск		10/ fмск		10/ fмск		ns

(Notes and Caution are listed on the next page, and Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remarks 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12. 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)

2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (G: INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS $T_A = -40$ to +105°C)

This chapter describes the following electrical specifications.

Target products G: Industrial applications $T_A = -40$ to +105°C R5F100xxGxx

- Cautions 1. The RL78 microcontrollers have an on-chip debug function, which is provided for development and evaluation. Do not use the on-chip debug function in products designated for mass production, because the guaranteed number of rewritable times of the flash memory may be exceeded when this function is used, and product reliability therefore cannot be guaranteed. Renesas Electronics is not liable for problems occurring when the on-chip debug function is used.
 - 2. With products not provided with an EVDD0, EVDD1, EVSS0, or EVSS1 pin, replace EVDD0 and EVDD1 with VDD, or replace EVSS0 and EVSS1 with VSS.
 - 3. The pins mounted depend on the product. Refer to 2.1 Port Function to 2.2.1 Functions for each product.
 - 4. Please contact Renesas Electronics sales office for derating of operation under $T_A = +85^{\circ}C$ to $+105^{\circ}C$. Derating is the systematic reduction of load for the sake of improved reliability.

Remark When RL78/G13 is used in the range of $T_A = -40$ to +85°C, see CHAPTER 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40$ to +85°C).

There are following differences between the products "G: Industrial applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^{\circ}$ C)" and the products "A: Consumer applications, and D: Industrial applications".

Parameter	Ар	plication
	A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications	G: Industrial applications
Operating ambient temperature	T _A = -40 to +85°C	T _A = -40 to +105°C
Operating mode Operating voltage range	HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V} \textcircled{0} 1 \text{ MHz to } 32 \text{ MHz}$ $2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V} \textcircled{0} 1 \text{ MHz to } 16 \text{ MHz}$ $LS \text{ (low-speed main) mode:}$ $1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V} \textcircled{0} 1 \text{ MHz to } 8 \text{ MHz}$ $LV \text{ (low-voltage main) mode:}$ $1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V} \textcircled{0} 1 \text{ MHz to } 4 \text{ MHz}$	HS (high-speed main) mode only: $2.7~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V @ 1~MHz~to~32~MHz$ $2.4~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V @ 1~MHz~to~16~MHz$
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock accuracy	1.8 V \leq V _{DD} \leq 5.5 V \pm 1.0%@ TA = -20 to +85°C \pm 1.5%@ TA = -40 to -20°C 1.6 V \leq V _{DD} $<$ 1.8 V \pm 5.0%@ TA = -20 to +85°C \pm 5.5%@ TA = -40 to -20°C	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ $\pm 2.0\%@ \text{ T}_{A} = +85 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ $\pm 1.0\%@ \text{ T}_{A} = -20 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ $\pm 1.5\%@ \text{ T}_{A} = -40 \text{ to } -20^{\circ}\text{C}$
Serial array unit	UART CSI: fclk/2 (supporting 16 Mbps), fclk/4 Simplified I ² C communication	UART CSI: fclk/4 Simplified I ² C communication
IICA	Normal mode Fast mode Fast mode plus	Normal mode Fast mode
Voltage detector	Rise detection voltage: 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 levels) Fall detection voltage: 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 levels)	Rise detection voltage: 2.61 V to 4.06 V (8 levels) Fall detection voltage: 2.55 V to 3.98 V (8 levels)

(Remark is listed on the next page.)



3.3 DC Characteristics

3.3.1 Pin characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}) (1/5)$

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high ^{Note 1}	Іон1	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-3.0 Note 2	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37,	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-30.0	mA
		P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0~V$			-10.0	mA
			$2.4~V \le EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V$			-5.0	mA
		Total of P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31,				-30.0	mA
		P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0~V$			-19.0	mA
		P117, P146, P147 (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V			-10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$)	$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-60.0	mA
	І ОН2	Per pin for P20 to P27, P150 to P156	$2,4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			-0.1 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$)	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			-1.5	mA

- **Notes 1**. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the EV_{DD0}, EV_{DD1}, V_{DD} pins to an output pin.
 - 2. Do not exceed the total current value.
 - **3.** Specification under conditions where the duty factor $\leq 70\%$.

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

• Total output current of pins = $(IOH \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$

<Example> Where n = 80% and $I_{OH} = -10.0$ mA

Total output current of pins = $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong -8.7$ mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}. 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}. \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ (4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ Iон1 = -3.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.7			V
		to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to	$\label{eq:loss_problem} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ \text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \ \text{V}, \\ \\ \text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -2.0 \ \text{mA} \end{array}$	EV _{DD0} – 0.6			V
		P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OH1} = -1.5~mA$	EV _{DD0} – 0.5			V
	V _{OH2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V \leq V _{DD} \leq 5.5 V, I _{OH2} = $-100~\mu$ A	V _{DD} – 0.5			V
Output voltage, Vo	V _{OL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 8.5~mA$			0.7	V
		P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 3.0~mA$			0.6	V
			$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 1.5~mA$			0.4	V
			$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 0.6~mA$			0.4	V
	V _{OL2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V \leq V _{DD} \leq 5.5 V, I _{DL2} = 400 μ A			0.4	V
	Vоьз	P60 to P63	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 15.0~mA$			2.0	V
			$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 5.0~mA$			0.4	V
			$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 3.0~mA$			0.4	V
			$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 2.0~mA$			0.4	V

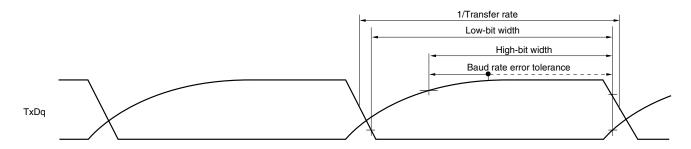
Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

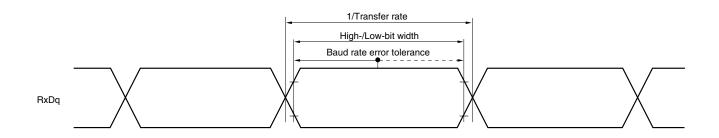
Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD and EVDDO, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO or Vss, EVsso. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 - 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 5. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

- **8.** Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - **4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

UART mode bit width (during communication at different potential) (reference)





- $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Remarks 1.} & R_b[\Omega]: Communication line (TxDq) \ pull-up \ resistance, \\ & C_b[F]: \ Communication \ line \ (TxDq) \ load \ capacitance, \ V_b[V]: \ Communication \ line \ voltage \\ \end{array}$
 - **2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))
 - **4.** UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR1) of peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1.

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (3/3)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-spe	eed main) Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time	tsıĸı	$4.0 \ V \leq EV_{DD} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V,$	88		ns
(to SCKp↓) Note		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \ 2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$	88		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V,$	220		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$			
SIp hold time (from SCKp \downarrow) Note	tksi1	$4.0~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0~V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \; V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \; V, \; 2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3~V,~1.6~V \leq V_b \leq 2.0~V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Delay time from SCKp↑ to	tkso1	$4.0~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0~V,$		50	ns
SOp output Note		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \; V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \; V, \; 2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V,$		50	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \ 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.0 \text{ V},$		50	ns
		$C_b=30~pF,~R_b=5.5~k\Omega$			

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

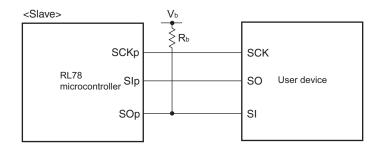
Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

- Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps
 - 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - **4.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and SCKp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)

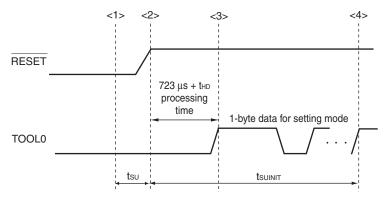


- **Remarks 1.** R_b[Ω]:Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, C_b[F]: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance, V_b[V]: Communication line voltage
 - 2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 00, 01, 02,
 - 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))
 - **4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	tsuinit	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	tsu	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μS
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)		POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

Remark tsuinit: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.

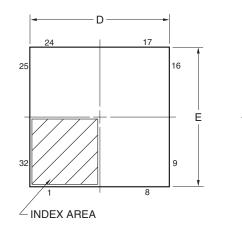
tsu: Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

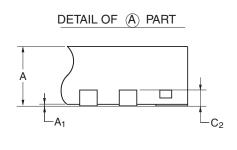
thd: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

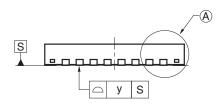
4.5 32-pin Products

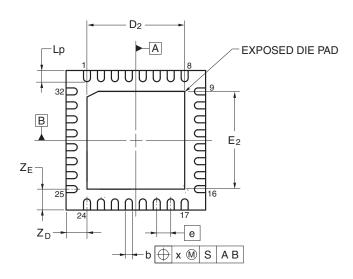
R5F100BAANA, R5F100BCANA, R5F100BDANA, R5F100BEANA, R5F100BFANA, R5F100BGANA R5F101BAANA, R5F101BCANA, R5F101BDANA, R5F101BEANA, R5F101BFANA, R5F101BGANA R5F100BADNA, R5F100BCDNA, R5F100BDDNA, R5F100BEDNA, R5F100BFDNA, R5F100BGDNA R5F101BADNA, R5F101BCDNA, R5F101BDDNA, R5F101BEDNA, R5F100BGGNA, R5F100BGNA, R5F100BGN

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS (TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN32-5x5-0.50	PWQN0032KB-A	P32K8-50-3B4-5	0.06







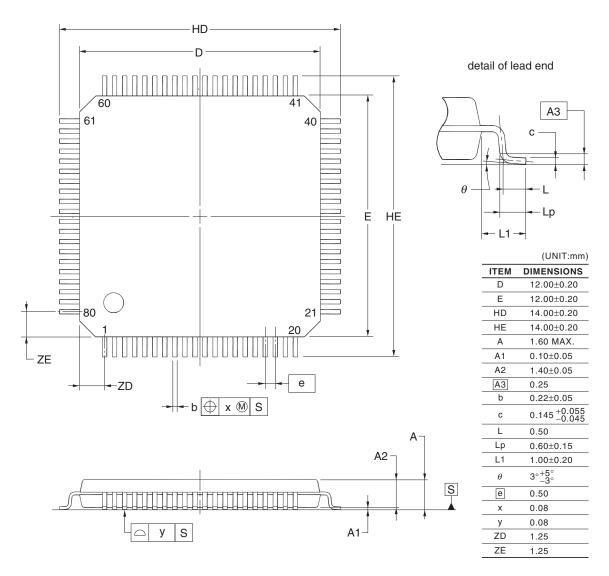


Referance	Dimension in Millimeters			
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	
D	4.95	5.00	5.05	
E	4.95	5.00	5.05	
Α			0.80	
A ₁	0.00			
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	
е		0.50		
Lp	0.30	0.40	0.50	
х			0.05	
у			0.05	
Z _D		0.75		
Z _E		0.75		
C ₂	0.15	0.20	0.25	
D ₂		3.50	_	
E ₂		3.50		

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R5F100MFAFB, R5F100MGAFB, R5F100MHAFB, R5F100MJAFB, R5F100MKAFB, R5F100MLAFB R5F101MFAFB, R5F101MGAFB, R5F101MHAFB, R5F101MJAFB, R5F101MKAFB, R5F101MLAFB R5F100MFDFB, R5F100MGDFB, R5F100MHDFB, R5F100MJDFB, R5F100MKDFB, R5F100MLDFB R5F101MFDFB, R5F101MGDFB, R5F101MHDFB, R5F101MJDFB, R5F101MKDFB, R5F101MLDFB R5F100MFGFB, R5F100MGGFB, R5F100MHGFB, R5F100MJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP80-12x12-0.50	PLQP0080KE-A	P80GK-50-8EU-2	0.53



NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

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		Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
3.00	Aug 02, 2013	163	Modification of table in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I ² C mode) (1/2)
		164, 165	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I ² C mode) (2/2)
		166	Modification of table in 3.5.2 Serial interface IICA
		166	Modification of IICA serial transfer timing
		167	Addition of table in 3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics
		167, 168	Modification of table and notes 3 and 4 in 3.6.1 (1)
		169	Modification of description in 3.6.1 (2)
		170	Modification of description and note 3 in 3.6.1 (3)
		171	Modification of description and notes 3 and 4 in 3.6.1 (4)
		172	Modification of table and note in 3.6.3 POR circuit characteristics
		173	Modification of table of LVD Detection Voltage of Interrupt & Reset Mode
		173	Modification from Supply Voltage Rise Time to 3.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics
		174	Modification of 3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)
		175	Modification of table, figure, and remark in 3.10 Timing Specs for Switching Flash Memory Programming Modes
3.10	Nov 15, 2013	123	Caution 4 added.
		125	Note for operating ambient temperature in 3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings deleted.
3.30	Mar 31, 2016		Modification of the position of the index mark in 25-pin plastic WFLGA (3 \times 3 mm, 0.50 mm pitch) of 1.3.3 25-pin products
			Modification of power supply voltage in 1.6 Outline of Functions [20-pin, 24-pin, 25-pin, 30-pin, 32-pin, 36-pin products]
			Modification of power supply voltage in 1.6 Outline of Functions [40-pin, 44-pin, 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products]
			Modification of power supply voltage in 1.6 Outline of Functions [80-pin, 100-pin, 128-pin products]
			ACK corrected to ACK
			ACK corrected to ACK

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