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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LFQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100gjafb-50

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(3/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application	Ordering Part Number
			Note	
36 pins	36-pin plastic WFLGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A G	R5F100CAALA#U0, R5F100CCALA#U0, R5F100CDALA#U0, R5F100CEALA#U0, R5F100CFALA#U0, R5F100CGALA#U0 R5F100CAALA#W0, R5F100CAALA#W0, R5F100CBALA#W0, R5F100CEALA#W0, R5F100CGALA#W0 R5F100CAGLA#W0 R5F100CAGLA#U0, R5F100CAGLA#U0, R5F100CBA#U0, R5F100CBA#U0 R5F100CAGLA#W0, R5F100CAGLA#W0 R5F100CAGLA#W0, R5F100CAGLA#W0, R5F100CAGLA#W0, R5F100CAGLA#W0, R5F100CAGLA#W0, R5F100CAGLA#W0, R5F100CAGLA#W0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101CAALA#U0, R5F101CCALA#U0, R5F101CDALA#U0, R5F101CEALA#U0, R5F101CFALA#U0, R5F101CGALA#U0 R5F101CAALA#W0, R5F101CCALA#W0, R5F101CDALA#W0,
40 pins	40-pin plastic HWQFN (6 × 6 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F101CEALA#W0, R5F101CFALA#W0, R5F101CGALA#W0 R5F100EAANA#U0, R5F100ECANA#U0, R5F100EDANA#U0, R5F100EEANA#U0, R5F100EFANA#U0, R5F100EGANA#U0, R5F100EHANA#U0 R5F100EAANA#W0, R5F100ECANA#W0, R5F100EDANA#W0, R5F100EEANA#W0, R5F100EFANA#W0, R5F100EGANA#W0,
			D	R5F100EHANA#W0 R5F100EADNA#U0, R5F100ECDNA#U0, R5F100EDDNA#U0, R5F100EEDNA#U0, R5F100EFDNA#U0, R5F100EGDNA#U0, R5F100EHDNA#U0 R5F100EADNA#W0, R5F100ECDNA#W0, R5F100EDDNA#W0, R5F100EEDNA#W0, R5F100EFDNA#W0, R5F100EGDNA#W0, R5F100EHDNA#W0
			G	R5F100EAGNA#U0, R5F100ECGNA#U0, R5F100EDGNA#U0, R5F100EEGNA#U0, R5F100EFGNA#U0, R5F100EGGNA#U0, R5F100EHGNA#U0 R5F100EAGNA#W0, R5F100ECGNA#W0, R5F100EDGNA#W0, R5F100EEGNA#W0, R5F100EFGNA#W0, R5F100EFGNA#W0, R5F100EHGNA#W0
		Not mounted	A D	R5F101EAANA#U0, R5F101ECANA#U0, R5F101EDANA#U0, R5F101EEANA#U0, R5F101EFANA#U0, R5F101EGANA#U0, R5F101EHANA#U0 R5F101EAANA#W0, R5F101ECANA#W0, R5F101EDANA#W0, R5F101EEANA#W0, R5F101EGANA#W0, R5F101EHANA#W0 R5F101EHANA#W0 R5F101EADNA#U0, R5F101ECDNA#U0, R5F101EDDNA#U0, R5F101EEDNA#U0, R5F101EEDNA#U0, R5F101EEDNA#U0, R5F101EHDNA#U0 R5F101EADNA#W0, R5F101ECDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0, R5F101EDDNA#W0,

Note For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

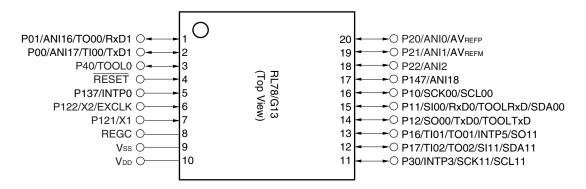
Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.



# 1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View)

# 1.3.1 20-pin products

• 20-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)

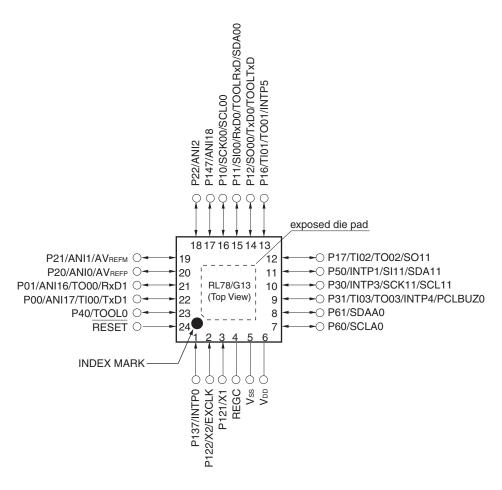


Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).

Remark For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

## 1.3.2 24-pin products

• 24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

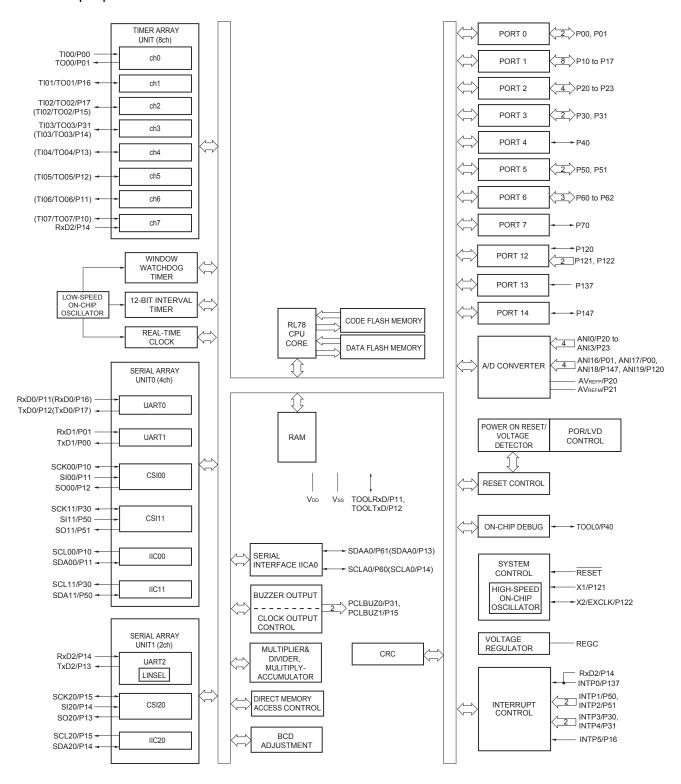


Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

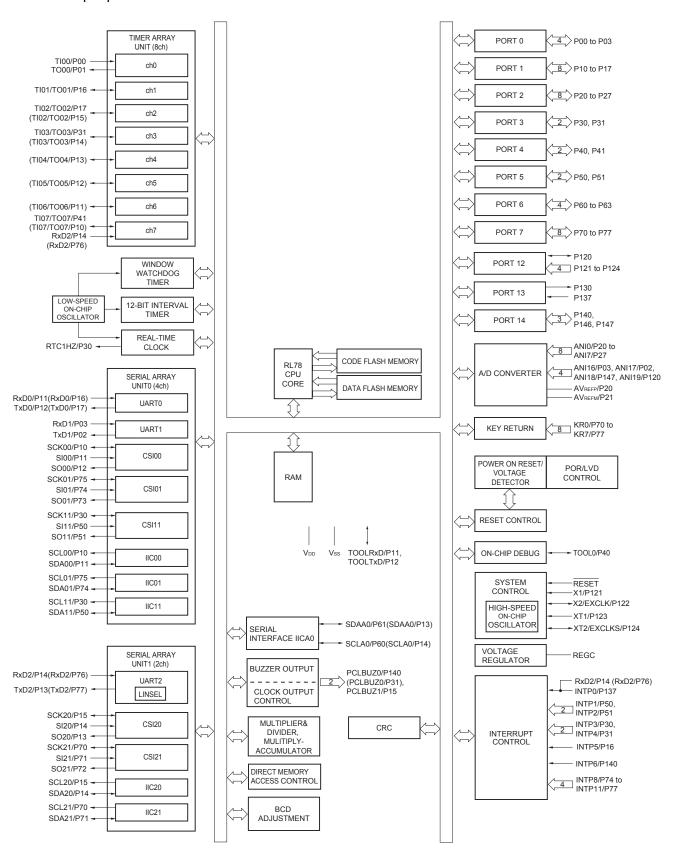
2. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize ss}}.$ 

# 1.5.5 32-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

# 1.5.10 52-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

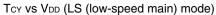
# 2.4 AC Characteristics

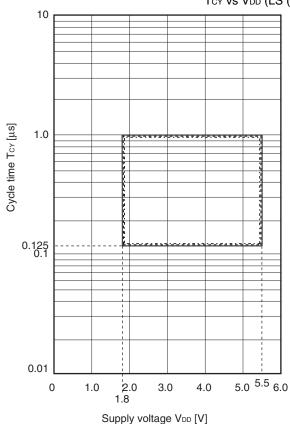
(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V  $\leq$  EVDD0 = EVDD1  $\leq$  VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V)

Items	Symbol		Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum	Тсч	Main	HS (high-	$2.7  V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5  V$	0.03125		1	μS
instruction execution time)		system clock (fmain)	speed main) mode	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	0.0625		1	μS
		operation	LS (low-speed main) mode	$1.8 V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$	0.125		1	μS
			LV (low- voltage main) mode	1.6 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0.25		1	μS
		Subsystem of	clock (fsuв)	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	28.5	30.5	31.3	μS
		operation						
		In the self	HS (high-	$2.7 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.03125		1	μS
		programming mode	speed main) mode	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	0.0625		1	μS
			LS (low-speed main) mode	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.125		1	μS
			LV (low- voltage main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0.25		1	μS
External system clock	fex	2.7 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤	≤ 5.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz
frequency		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{Vpp} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			1.0		16.0	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> < 2.4 V		1.0		8.0	MHz	
		1.6 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> < 1.8 V			1.0		4.0	MHz
	fexs			32		35	kHz	
External system clock input	texh, texl	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			24			ns
high-level width, low-level width		2.4 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> •	< 2.7 V		30			ns
		1.8 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> •	< 2.4 V		60			ns
		1.6 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> <	< 1.8 V		120			ns
	texhs, texhs				13.7			μS
TI00 to TI07, TI10 to TI17 input high-level width, low-level width	tтін, tтіL				1/fмск+10			ns <sup>Note</sup>
TO00 to TO07, TO10 to TO17	fто	HS (high-spe	eed 4.0 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
output frequency		main) mode	2.7 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V			8	MHz
			1.8 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 2.7 V			4	MHz
			1.6 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 1.8 V			2	MHz
		LS (low-spec	ed 1.8 V	$\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V			4	MHz
		main) mode	1.6 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 1.8 V			2	MHz
		LV (low-volta main) mode	age 1.6 V	$\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V			2	MHz
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output	fpcL	HS (high-spe	eed 4.0 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
frequency		main) mode	2.7 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V			8	MHz
			1.8 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 2.7 V			4	MHz
				≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 1.8 V			2	MHz
		LS (low-spee		$\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V			4	MHz
		main) mode	_	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 1.8 V			2	MHz
		LV (low-volta main) mode		$\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V $\leq$ EV <sub>DD0</sub> $<$ 1.8 V			2	MHz MHz
Interrupt input high-level width,	tinitii	INTP0		$\leq V_{DD} \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$ $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1			
low-level width	tinth, tintl	INTPU		≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V ≤ EVDD0 ≤ 5.5 V	1			μS
Key interrupt input low-level	tkr	KR0 to KR7	1.8 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	250			ns
width			1.6 V	≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 1.8 V	1			μS
RESET low-level width	trsl		•		10			μS

(Note and Remark are listed on the next page.)

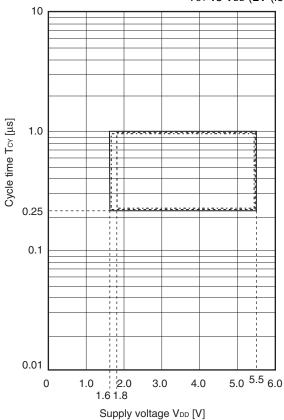






- When the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is selected
- During self programming
   When high-speed system clock is selected

# Tcy vs Vdd (LV (low-voltage main) mode)



- When the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is selected During self programming
- --- When high-speed system clock is selected

# (4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input) (2/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbo		Conditions	HS (high main)		LS (low-sp Mo	,	LV (low-vol		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time tsik2 (to SCKp↑) Note 1		2.7 V ≤ E	EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	1/fмск+2 0		1/fмск+30		1/fмск+30		ns
		1.8 V ≤ E	$EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	1/fмск+3 0		1/fмск+30		1/fмск+30		ns
		1.7 V ≤ E	$EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	1/fмск+4 0		1/fмск+40		1/fмск+40		ns
		1.6 V ≤	EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	_		1/fмск+40		1/fмск+40		ns
SIp hold time tκsi₂ (from SCKp↑)	tksi2	$1.8~V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5~V$		1/fмск+3 1		1/fмск+31		1/fмск+31		ns
Note 2		1.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		1/fмск+ 250		1/fмск+ 250		1/fмск+ 250		ns
		1.6 V ≤	$EV_{DD0} \le 5.5 V$	_		1/fмск+ 250		1/fмск+ 250		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to	tkso2	C = 30 pF Note 4	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$ V		2/f <sub>MCK+</sub> 44		2/f <sub>MCK+</sub> 110		2/f <sub>MCK+</sub> 110	ns
SOp output Note			$2.4~V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5$ V		2/fмск+ 75		2/fмск+ 110		2/fмск+ 110	ns
			$1.8~V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5$ V		2/fмск+ 110		2/fмск+ 110		2/fмск+ 110	ns
			1.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		2/fмск+ 220		2/fмск+ 220		2/fмск+ 220	ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V		_		2/fмск+ 220		2/fмск+ 220	ns

- **Notes 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - 4. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.
  - 5. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- **Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
  - 2. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

    (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,

    n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

- **Notes 1.** Excludes quantization error ( $\pm 1/2$  LSB).
  - 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
  - **3.** When  $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$ , the MAX. values are as follows.
    - Overall error: Add  $\pm 1.0$  LSB to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> =  $V_{DD}$ .
    - Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add  $\pm 0.05\%FSR$  to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>.
    - Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add  $\pm 0.5$  LSB to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>.
  - **4.** Values when the conversion time is set to 57  $\mu$ s (min.) and 95  $\mu$ s (max.).
  - 5. Refer to 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.



#### 3.3 DC Characteristics

#### 3.3.1 Pin characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}) (1/5)$ 

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high <sup>Note 1</sup>	Іон1	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-3.0 Note 2	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37,	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-30.0	mA
		P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0~V$			-10.0	mA
			$2.4~V \le EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V$			-5.0	mA
		Total of P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31,				-30.0	mA
		P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0~V$			-19.0	mA
		P117, P146, P147 (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)	2.4 V ≤ EVDD0 < 2.7 V			-10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$ )	$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-60.0	mA
	<b>І</b> ОН2	Per pin for P20 to P27, P150 to P156	$2,4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			-0.1 <sup>Note 2</sup>	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$ )	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			-1.5	mA

- **Notes 1**. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the EV<sub>DD0</sub>, EV<sub>DD1</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub> pins to an output pin.
  - 2. Do not exceed the total current value.
  - **3.** Specification under conditions where the duty factor  $\leq 70\%$ .

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

• Total output current of pins =  $(IOH \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ 

<Example> Where n = 80% and  $I_{OH} = -10.0$  mA

Total output current of pins =  $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong -8.7$  mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}. 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}. \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$  (4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64		$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ Iон1 = $-3.0 \text{ mA}$	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.7			V
P90 to P97 P117, P12 P140 to P1		P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to	$\label{eq:loss_state} \begin{bmatrix} 2.7 \ \text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \ \text{V}, \\ \\ \text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -2.0 \ \text{mA} \end{bmatrix}$	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.6			V
	P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OH1} = -1.5~mA$	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.5			V	
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V $\leq$ V <sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, I <sub>OH2</sub> = $-100~\mu$ A	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.5			V
Output voltage, low	V <sub>OL1</sub>	P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 8.5~mA$			0.7	V
		P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 3.0~mA$			0.6	V
		P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 1.5~mA$			0.4	V
			$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 0.6~mA$			0.4	V
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V $\leq$ V <sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, I <sub>DL2</sub> = 400 $\mu$ A			0.4	V
	Vоьз	P60 to P63	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 15.0~mA$			2.0	V
			$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 5.0~mA$			0.4	V
			$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 3.0~mA$			0.4	V
			$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 2.0~mA$			0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}) (5/5)$ 

Items	Symbol	Condition	ns		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input leakage current, high	Ішн1	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	VI = EVDDO				1	μΑ
	ILIH2	P20 to P27, P137, P150 to P156, RESET	$V_I = V_{DD}$				1	μΑ
	Ішнз	P121 to P124 (X1, X2, XT1, XT2, EXCLK, EXCLKS)	VI = VDD	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> In input port or external clock input			1	μΑ
				In resonator connection			10	μΑ
Input leakage current, low	lut1	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	Vi = EVsso				<b>-1</b>	μΑ
	ILIL2	P20 to P27, P137, P150 to P156, RESET	Vı = Vss				-1	μΑ
	ILIL3	P121 to P124 (X1, X2, XT1, XT2, EXCLK, EXCLKS)	V <sub>I</sub> = Vss	In input port or external clock input			-1	μΑ
				In resonator connection			-10	μΑ
On-chip pll-up resistance	Rυ	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	V <sub>I</sub> = EVsso	, In input port	10	20	100	kΩ

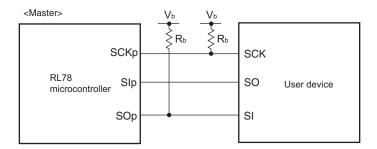
**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD and EVDDO, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO or Vss, EVsso. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
  - 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
  - 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
  - **4.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
  - **5.** Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode:  $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$  to 32 MHz  $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$  to 16 MHz

- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
  - 2. fih: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
  - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
  - 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C

#### CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



- Remarks 1.  $R_b[\Omega]$ :Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance,  $C_b[F]$ : Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance,  $V_b[V]$ : Communication line voltage
  - 2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
  - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))
  - **4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

# (7) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

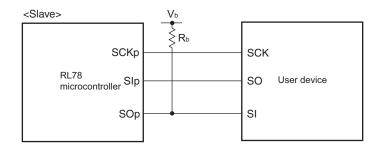
Parameter	Symbol	C	Conditions	HS (high-spe	ed main) Mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 1	tkCY2	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$	24 MHz < fмск	28/fмск		ns
		V,	20 MHz < fмcк ≤ 24 MHz	24/fмск		ns
		$2.7~V \leq V_b \leq 4.0~V$	8 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	20/fмск		ns
			4 MHz < fmck ≤ 8 MHz	16/fмск		ns
			fмcк ≤ 4 MHz	12/fмск		ns
		$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0$	24 MHz < fмск	40/fмск		ns
		V,	$20~\text{MHz} < \text{fmck} \le 24~\text{MHz}$	32/fмск		ns
		$2.3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	16 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	28/fмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмcк ≤ 16 MHz	24/fмск		ns
			4 MHz < fмcк ≤ 8 MHz	16/fмск		ns
			fмcк ≤ 4 MHz	12/fмск		ns
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3$	24 MHz < fмск	96/fмск		ns
		V,	20 MHz < fмcк ≤ 24 MHz	72/fмск		ns
		$1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V$	16 MHz < fмcк ≤ 20 MHz	64/fмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмск ≤ 16 MHz	52/fмск		ns
			4 MHz < fмcк ≤ 8 MHz	32/fмск		ns
			fмcк ≤ 4 MHz	20/fмск		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	tкн2, tкL2	$4.0 \ V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.$ $2.7 \ V \le V_b \le 4.0 \ V$	5 V,	tkcy2/2 - 24		ns
		$2.7 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 4.$ $2.3 \ V \le V_b \le 2.7 \ V$		tkcy2/2 - 36		ns
		$ 2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, \\ 1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \text{ V}^{\text{Note 2}} $		tkcy2/2 - 100		ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note2	tsık2	$ 4.0 \ V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 $ $ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V $	5 V,	1/fмск + 40		ns
		$2.7 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 4.$ $2.3 \ V \le V_b \le 2.7 \ V$	0 V,	1/fмск + 40		ns
		$2.4 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.$ $1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V$	3 V,	1/fмск + 60		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp <sup>↑</sup> ) Note 3	tksi2			1/fmck + 62		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 4	tkso2		$0.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 4.0 \text{ V},$ $0.5 = 30 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$		2/fмск + 240	ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.$ $C_{\text{b}} = 30 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 2$	0 V, 2.3 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V, .7 kΩ		2/fмск + 428	ns
		$2.4 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.$ $C_b = 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 5$	3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.0 V .5 kΩ		2/fмск + 1146	ns

(Notes, Caution and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

- Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps
  - 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - **4.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and SCKp pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

#### CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



- **Remarks 1.** R<sub>b</sub>[Ω]:Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, C<sub>b</sub>[F]: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance, V<sub>b</sub>[V]: Communication line voltage
  - 2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 00, 01, 02,
    - 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
  - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))
  - **4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

# (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified $I^2C$ mode) (2/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-sp	,	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$\begin{aligned} 4.0 & \ V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 & \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b & = 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned}$	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 340 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} 2.7 & \ V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 & \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b & = 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 340 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 760 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.7 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \; V, \\ &2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 760 Note 2		ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.4 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \; V, \\ &1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f <sub>MCK</sub> + 570 Note 2		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$ \begin{aligned} 4.0 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ 2.7 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	770	ns
		$\begin{split} 2.7 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	0	770	ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	1420	ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.7 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \; V, \\ &2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	1420	ns
		$\label{eq:substitute} \begin{split} 2.4 \ V & \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V & \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_b & = 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	0	1215	ns

**Notes 1.** The value must also be equal to or less than fmck/4.

2. Set the fmck value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(3) When reference voltage (+) = VDD (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = Vss (ADREFM = 0), target pin : ANI0 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V  $\leq$  EVDD0 = EVDD1  $\leq$  VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = VDD, Reference voltage (-) = Vss)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	S	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error <sup>Note 1</sup>	AINL	10-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$		1.2	±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	tconv	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μS
		Target pin: ANIO to ANI14,	$2.7~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.1875		39	μS
		ANI16 to ANI26	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μS
		10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.375		39	μS
		Target pin: Internal reference	$2.7~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.5625		39	μS
		voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μS
		(high-speed main) mode)					
Zero-scale error <sup>Notes 1, 2</sup>	Ezs	10-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			±0.60	%FSR
Full-scale errorNotes 1, 2	Ers	10-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error <sup>Note 1</sup>	ILE	10-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			±4.0	LSB
Differential linearity error	DLE	10-bit resolution	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	Vain	ANI0 to ANI14		0		V <sub>DD</sub>	٧
		ANI16 to ANI26		0		EV <sub>DD0</sub>	٧
		Internal reference voltage output (2.4 V $\leq$ VDD $\leq$ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VBGR Note 3		V
		Temperature sensor output vo $(2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, HS (high-$	J	,	VTMPS25 Note:	3	V

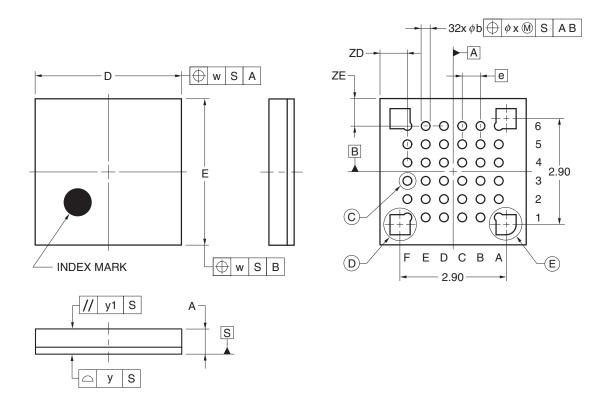
Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

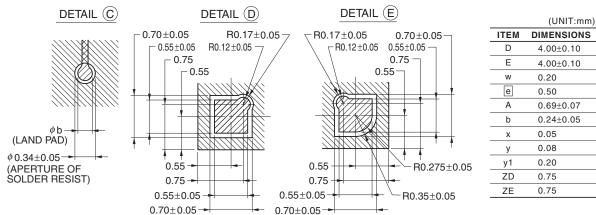
- 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
- 3. Refer to 3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

## 4.6 36-pin Products

R5F100CAALA, R5F100CCALA, R5F100CDALA, R5F100CEALA, R5F100CFALA, R5F100CGALA R5F101CAALA, R5F101CCALA, R5F101CDALA, R5F101CEALA, R5F101CFALA, R5F101CGALA R5F100CAGLA, R5F100CCGLA, R5F100CDGLA, R5F100CEGLA, R5F100CFGLA, R5F100CGGLA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-WFLGA36-4x4-0.50	PWLG0036KA-A	P36FC-50-AA4-2	0.023

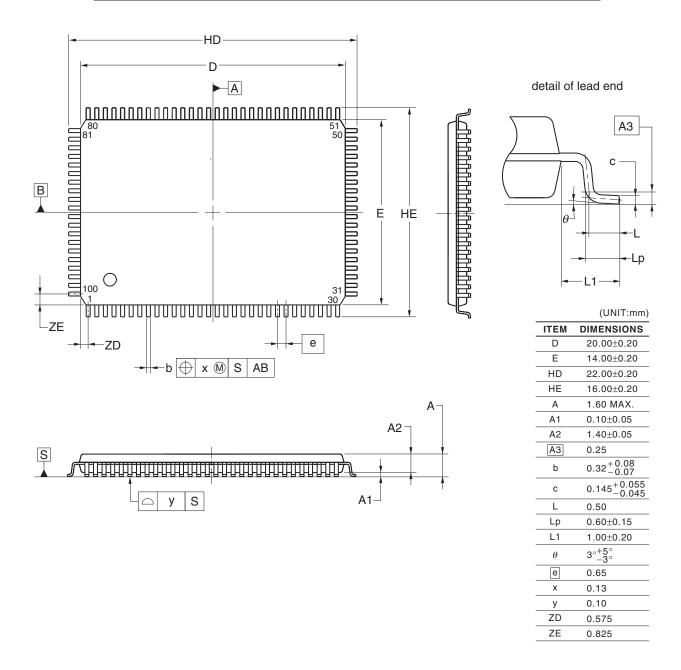




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R5F100PFAFA, R5F100PGAFA, R5F100PHAFA, R5F100PJAFA, R5F100PKAFA, R5F100PLAFA R5F101PFAFA, R5F101PGAFA, R5F101PHAFA, R5F101PJAFA, R5F101PKAFA, R5F101PLAFA R5F100PFDFA, R5F100PGDFA, R5F100PHDFA, R5F100PJDFA, R5F100PKDFA, R5F101PLDFA R5F101PFDFA, R5F101PGDFA, R5F101PHDFA, R5F101PJDFA, R5F101PKDFA, R5F101PLDFA R5F100PFGFA, R5F100PGGFA, R5F100PHGFA, R5F100PJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP100-14x20-0.65	PLQP0100JC-A	P100GF-65-GBN-1	0.92



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