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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-HWQFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100gj dna-u0

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(2/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application <small>Note</small>	Ordering Part Number
25 pins	25-pin plastic WFLGA (3 × 3 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F1008AALA#U0, R5F1008CALA#U0, R5F1008DALA#U0, R5F1008EALA#U0 R5F1008AALA#W0, R5F1008CALA#W0, R5F1008DALA#W0, R5F1008EALA#W0 R5F1008AGLA#U0, R5F1008CGLA#U0, R5F1008DGLA#U0, R5F1008EGLA#U0 R5F1008AGLA#W0, R5F1008CGLA#W0, R5F1008DGLA#W0, R5F1008EGLA#W0
			G	R5F1018AALA#U0, R5F1018CALA#U0, R5F1018DALA#U0, R5F1018EALA#U0 R5F1018AALA#W0, R5F1018CALA#W0, R5F1018DALA#W0, R5F1018EALA#W0
30 pins	30-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100AAASP#V0, R5F100ACASP#V0, R5F100ADASP#V0, R5F100AEASP#V0, R5F100AFASP#V0, R5F100AGASP#V0 R5F100AAASP#X0, R5F100ACASP#X0, R5F100ADASP#X0 R5F100AEASP#X0, R5F100AFASP#X0, R5F100AGASP#X0 R5F100AADSP#V0, R5F100ACDSP#V0, R5F100ADDSP#V0, R5F100AEDSP#V0, R5F100AFDSP#V0, R5F100AGDSP#V0 R5F100AADSP#X0, R5F100ACDSP#X0, R5F100ADDSP#X0, R5F100AEDSP#X0, R5F100AFDSP#X0, R5F100AGDSP#X0 R5F100AAGSP#V0, R5F100ACGSP#V0, R5F100ADGSP#V0, R5F100AEGSP#V0, R5F100AFGSP#V0, R5F100AGGSP#V0 R5F100AAGSP#X0, R5F100ACGSP#X0, R5F100ADGSP#X0, R5F100AEGSP#X0, R5F100AFGSP#X0, R5F100AGGSP#X0
			D	R5F101AAASP#V0, R5F101ACASP#V0, R5F101ADASP#V0, R5F101AEASP#V0, R5F101AFASP#V0, R5F101AGASP#V0 R5F101AAASP#X0, R5F101ACASP#X0, R5F101ADASP#X0, R5F101AEASP#X0, R5F101AFASP#X0, R5F101AGASP#X0 R5F101AADSP#V0, R5F101ACDSP#V0, R5F101ADDSP#V0, R5F101AEDSP#V0, R5F101AFDSP#V0, R5F101AGDSP#V0 R5F101AADSP#X0, R5F101ACDSP#X0, R5F101ADDSP#X0, R5F101AEDSP#X0, R5F101AFDSP#X0, R5F101AGDSP#X0
32 pins	32-pin plastic HWQFN (5 × 5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100BAANA#U0, R5F100BCANA#U0, R5F100BDANA#U0, R5F100BEANA#U0, R5F100BFANA#U0, R5F100BGANA#U0 R5F100BAANA#W0, R5F100BCANA#W0, R5F100BDANA#W0, R5F100BEANA#W0, R5F100BFANA#W0, R5F100BGANA#W0 R5F100BADNA#U0, R5F100BCDNA#U0, R5F100BDDNA#U0, R5F100BEDNA#U0, R5F100BFDNA#U0, R5F100BGDNA#U0 R5F100BADNA#W0, R5F100BCDNA#W0, R5F100BDDNA#W0, R5F100BEDNA#W0, R5F100BFDNA#W0, R5F100BGDNA#W0 R5F100BAGNA#U0, R5F100BCGNA#U0, R5F100BDGNA#U0, R5F100BEGNA#U0, R5F100BFGNA#U0, R5F100BGGNA#U0 R5F100BAGNA#W0, R5F100BCGNA#W0, R5F100BDGNA#W0, R5F100BEGNA#W0, R5F100BFGNA#W0, R5F100BGGNA#W0
			D	R5F101BAANA#U0, R5F101BCANA#U0, R5F101BDANA#U0, R5F101BEANA#U0, R5F101BFANA#U0, R5F101BGANA#U0 R5F101BAANA#W0, R5F101BCANA#W0, R5F101BDANA#W0, R5F101BEANA#W0, R5F101BFANA#W0, R5F101BGANA#W0 R5F101BADNA#U0, R5F101BCDNA#U0, R5F101BDDNA#U0, R5F101BEDNA#U0, R5F101BFDNA#U0, R5F101BGDNA#U0 R5F101BADNA#W0, R5F101BCDNA#W0, R5F101BDDNA#W0, R5F101BEDNA#W0, R5F101BFDNA#W0, R5F101BGDNA#W0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101BAANA#U0, R5F101BCANA#U0, R5F101BDANA#U0, R5F101BEANA#U0, R5F101BFANA#U0, R5F101BGANA#U0 R5F101BAANA#W0, R5F101BCANA#W0, R5F101BDANA#W0, R5F101BEANA#W0, R5F101BFANA#W0, R5F101BGANA#W0 R5F101BADNA#U0, R5F101BCDNA#U0, R5F101BDDNA#U0, R5F101BEDNA#U0, R5F101BFDNA#U0, R5F101BGDNA#U0 R5F101BADNA#W0, R5F101BCDNA#W0, R5F101BDDNA#W0, R5F101BEDNA#W0, R5F101BFDNA#W0, R5F101BGDNA#W0
			D	R5F101BAANA#U0, R5F101BCANA#U0, R5F101BDANA#U0, R5F101BEANA#U0, R5F101BFANA#U0, R5F101BGANA#U0 R5F101BAANA#W0, R5F101BCANA#W0, R5F101BDANA#W0, R5F101BEANA#W0, R5F101BFANA#W0, R5F101BGANA#W0 R5F101BADNA#U0, R5F101BCDNA#U0, R5F101BDDNA#U0, R5F101BEDNA#U0, R5F101BFDNA#U0, R5F101BGDNA#U0 R5F101BADNA#W0, R5F101BCDNA#W0, R5F101BDDNA#W0, R5F101BEDNA#W0, R5F101BFDNA#W0, R5F101BGDNA#W0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(7/12)

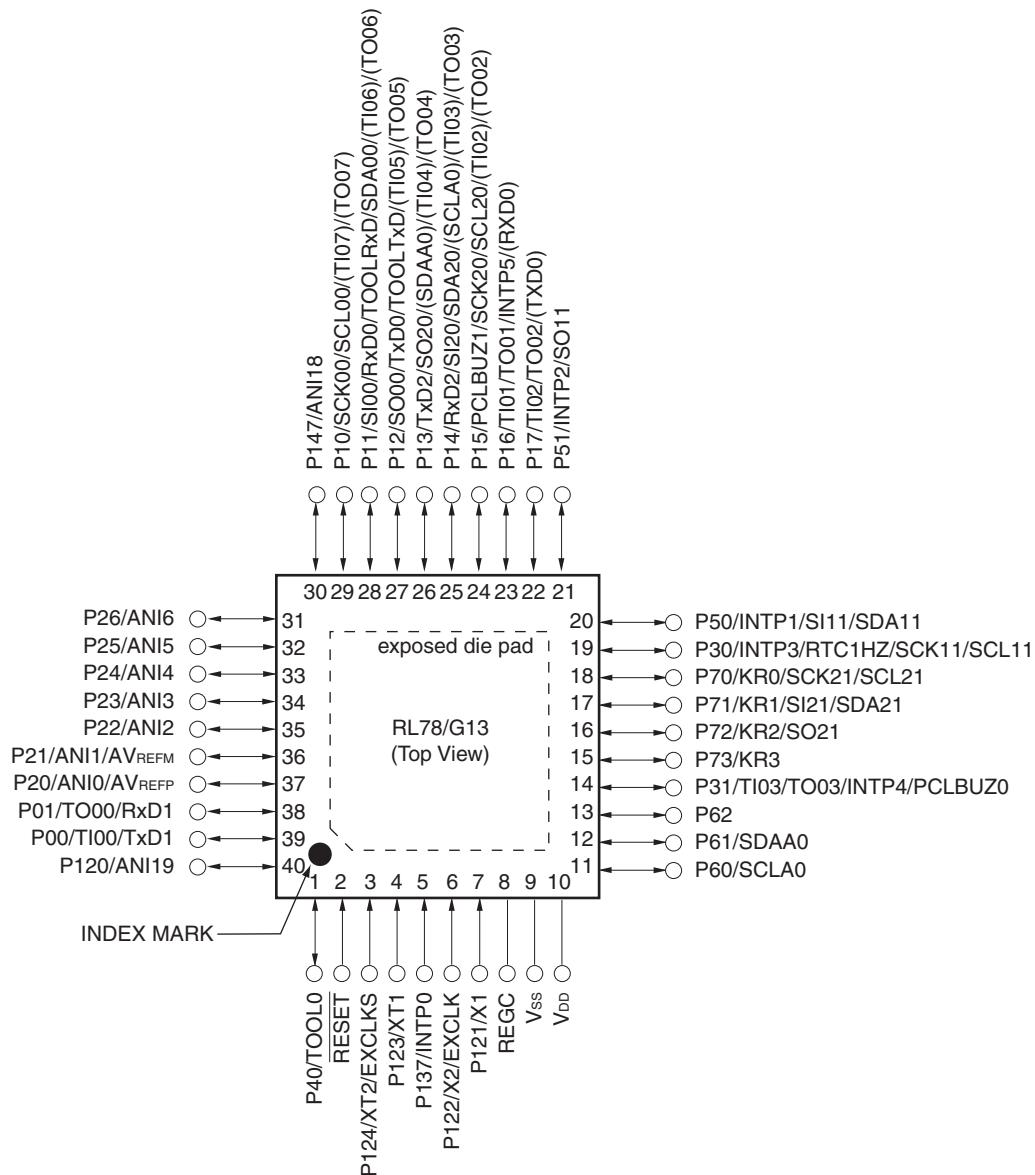
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application <small>Note</small>	Ordering Part Number
52 pins	52-pin plastic LQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100JCAFA#V0, R5F100JDAFA#V0, R5F100JEAF#V0, R5F100JFAFA#V0, R5F100JGAFA#V0, R5F100JHAFA#V0, R5F100JJFAFA#V0, R5F100JKAFA#V0, R5F100JLAFA#V0 R5F100JCAFA#X0, R5F100JDAFA#X0, R5F100JEAF#X0, R5F100JFAFA#X0, R5F100JGAFA#X0, R5F100JHAFA#X0, R5F100JJFAFA#X0, R5F100JKAFA#X0, R5F100JLAFA#X0 R5F100JCDSA#V0, R5F100JDDFA#V0, R5F100JEDFA#V0, R5F100JFDFA#V0, R5F100JGDFA#V0, R5F100JHDFA#V0, R5F100JJDFA#V0, R5F100JKDFA#V0, R5F100JLDFA#V0 R5F100JCDSA#X0, R5F100JDDFA#X0, R5F100JEDFA#X0, R5F100JFDFA#X0, R5F100JGDFA#X0, R5F100JHDFA#X0, R5F100JJDFA#X0, R5F100JKDFA#X0, R5F100JLDFA#X0 R5F100JCGFA#V0, R5F100JDGFA#V0, R5F100JEGFA#V0, R5F100JFGFA#V0, R5F100JGGFA#V0, R5F100JHGFA#V0, R5F100JJGFA#V0 R5F100JCGFA#X0, R5F100JDGFA#X0, R5F100JEGFA#X0, R5F100JFGFA#X0, R5F100JGGFA#X0, R5F100JHGFA#X0, R5F100JJGFA#X0
			D	R5F101JCAFA#V0, R5F101JDAFA#V0, R5F101JEAF#V0, R5F101JFAFA#V0, R5F101JGAFA#V0, R5F101JHAFA#V0, R5F101JJFAFA#V0, R5F101JKAFA#V0, R5F101JLAFA#V0 R5F101JCAFA#X0, R5F101JDAFA#X0, R5F101JEAF#X0, R5F101JFAFA#X0, R5F101JGAFA#X0, R5F101JHAFA#X0, R5F101JJFAFA#X0, R5F101JKAFA#X0, R5F101JLAFA#X0 R5F101JCDSA#V0, R5F101JDDFA#V0, R5F101JEDFA#V0, R5F101JFDFA#V0, R5F101JGDFA#V0, R5F101JHDFA#V0, R5F101JJDFA#V0, R5F101JKDFA#V0, R5F101JLDFA#V0 R5F101JCDSA#X0, R5F101JDDFA#X0, R5F101JEDFA#X0, R5F101JFDFA#X0, R5F101JGDFA#X0, R5F101JHDFA#X0, R5F101JJDFA#X0, R5F101JKDFA#X0, R5F101JLDFA#X0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3.7 40-pin products

- 40-pin plastic HWQFN (6 × 6 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



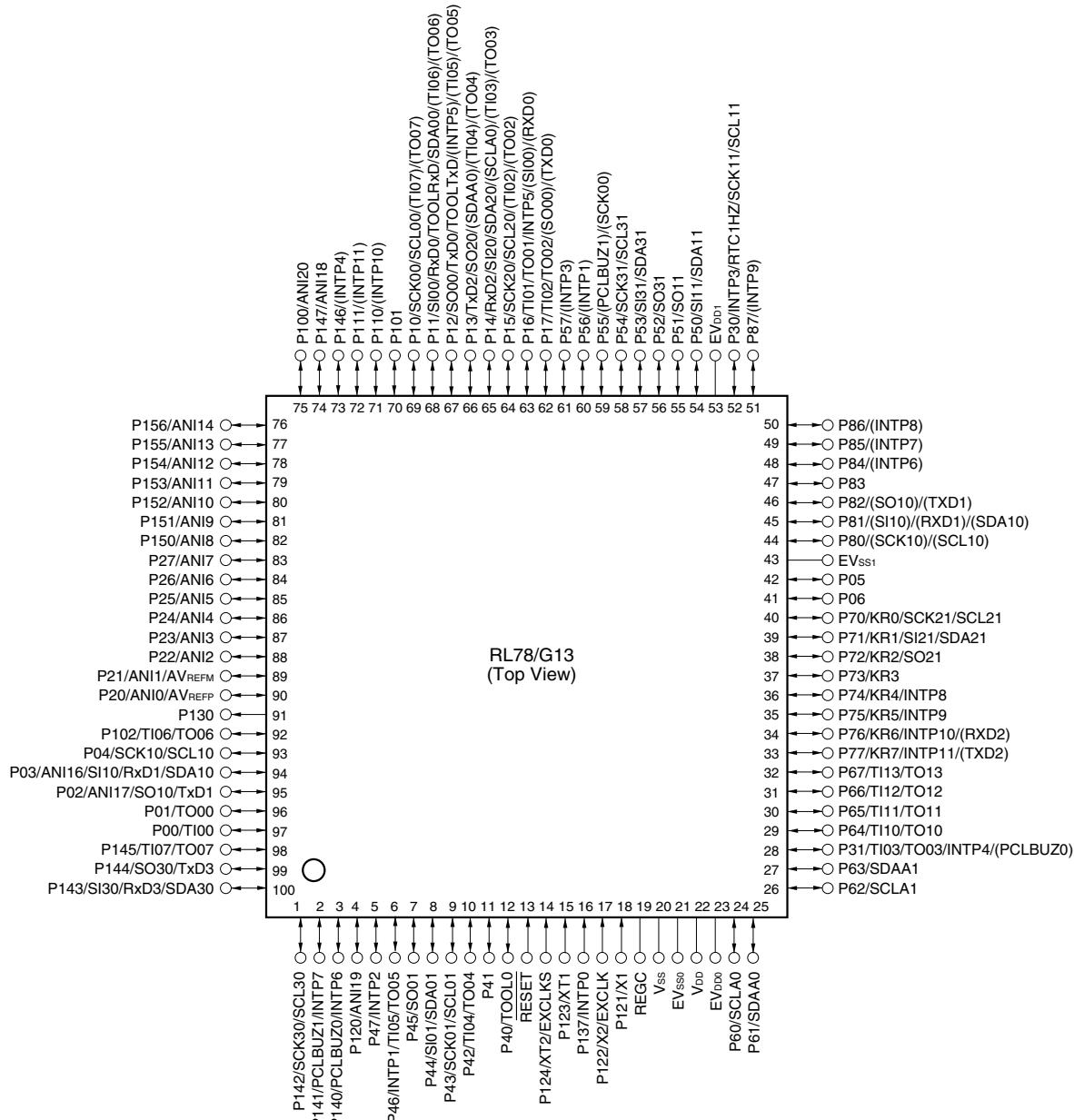
Caution Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.
3. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to V_{ss}.

1.3.13 100-pin products

- 100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

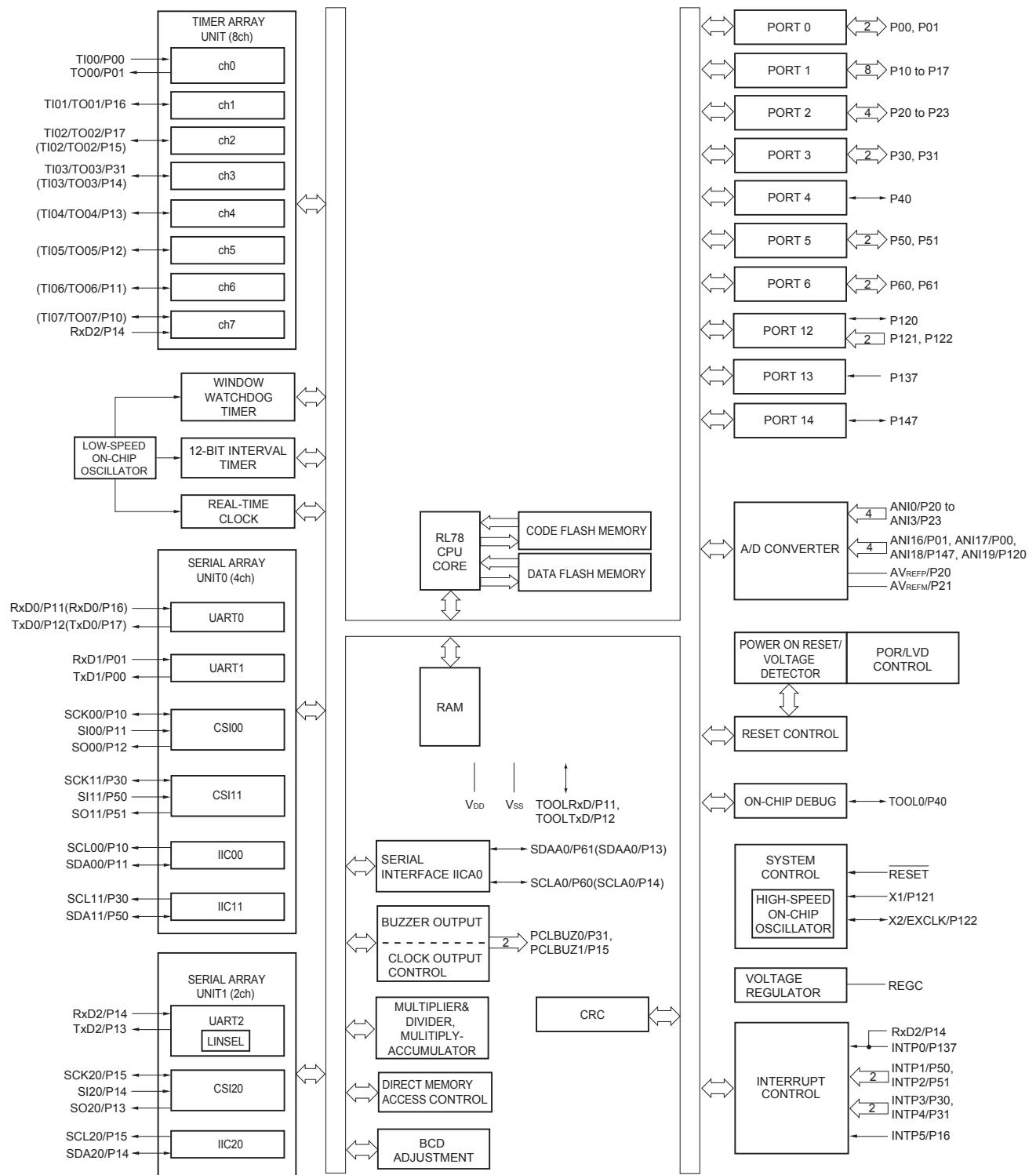


2. Make V_{dd} pin the potential that is higher than EV_{dd0}, EV_{dd1} pins (EV_{dd0} = EV_{dd1}).
3. Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

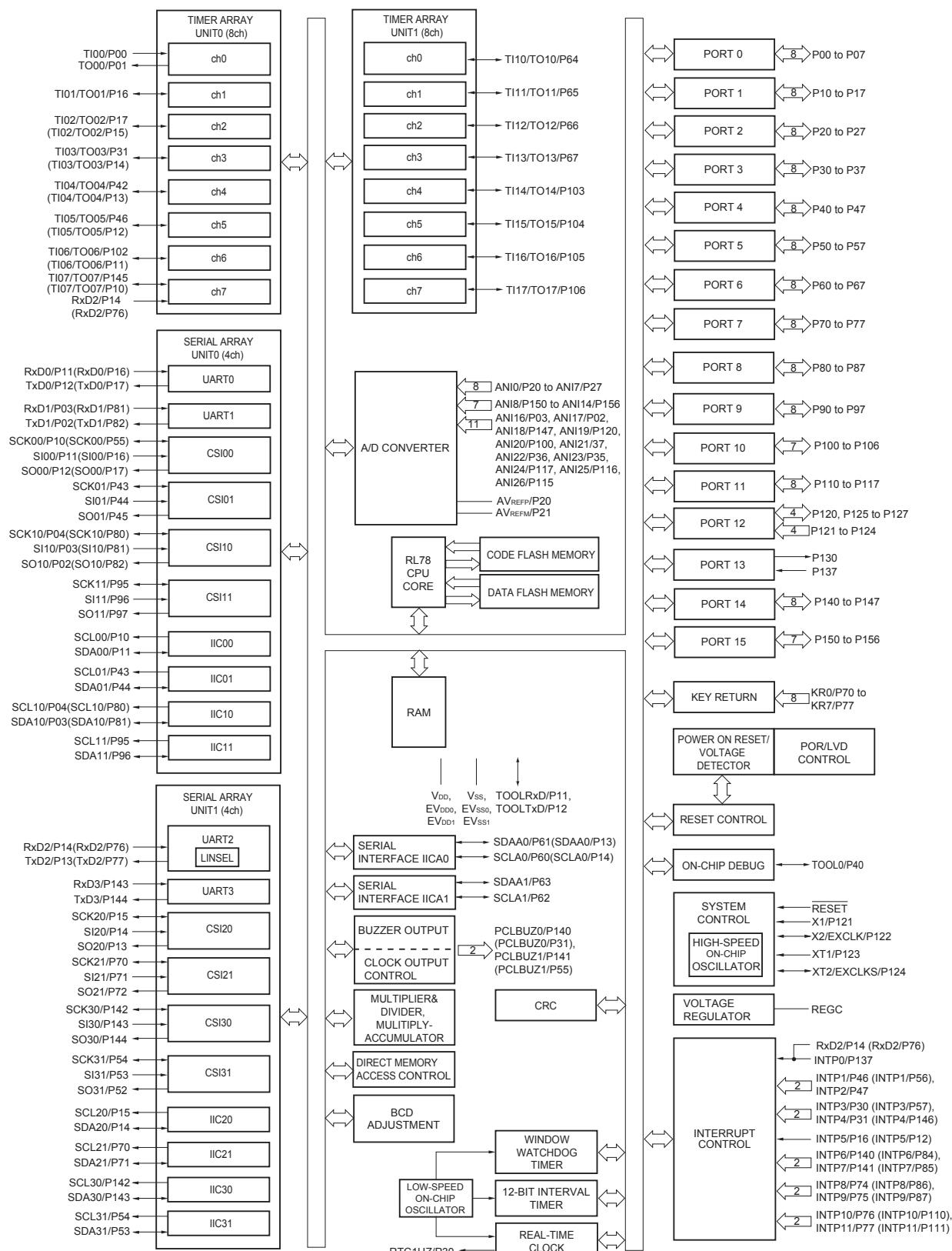
2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V_{dd}, EV_{dd0} and EV_{dd1} pins and connect the V_{ss}, EV_{ss0} and EV_{ss1} pins to separate ground lines.
3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.4 30-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.14 128-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

3. The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves) (see **6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual).
4. When setting to PIOR = 1

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Item	20-pin		24-pin		25-pin		30-pin		32-pin		36-pin	
	R5F1006x	R5F1016x	R5F1007x	R5F1017x	R5F1008x	R5F1018x	R5F1004Ax	R5F101Ax	R5F100Bx	R5F101Bx	R5F100Cx	R5F101Cx
Clock output/buzzer output	–		1		1		2		2		2	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: f_{MAIN} = 20 MHz operation) 											
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter	6 channels		6 channels		6 channels		8 channels		8 channels		8 channels	
Serial interface	<p>[20-pin, 24-pin, 25-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel <p>[30-pin, 32-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel <p>[36-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel 											
	I ² C bus	–	1 channel	1 channel								
Multiplier and divider/multiply-accumulator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16 bits × 16 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) • 32 bits ÷ 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned) • 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) 											
DMA controller	2 channels											
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	23	24	24	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
	External	3	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Key interrupt	–											
Reset	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset by <u>RESET</u> pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access 											
Power-on-reset circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-on-reset: 1.51 V (TYP.) • Power-down-reset: 1.50 V (TYP.) 											
Voltage detector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rising edge : 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 stages) • Falling edge : 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages) 											
On-chip debug function	Provided											
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD} = 1.6 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ($T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$) $V_{DD} = 2.4 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ($T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^\circ\text{C}$)											
Operating ambient temperature	$T_A = 40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications) $T_A = 40 \text{ to } +105^\circ\text{C}$ (G: Industrial applications)											

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$) (4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -10.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 1.5		V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -3.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.7		V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -2.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.6		V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -1.5 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.5		V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -1.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.5		V
	V _{OH2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH2} = -100 μA	V _{DD} – 0.5		V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 20 mA		1.3	V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 8.5 mA		0.7	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 3.0 mA		0.6	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 1.5 mA		0.4	V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 0.6 mA		0.4	V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 0.3 mA		0.4	V
	V _{OL2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL2} = 400 μA		0.4	V
	V _{OL3}	P60 to P63	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 15.0 mA		2.0	V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 5.0 mA		0.4	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 3.0 mA		0.4	V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 2.0 mA		0.4	V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 1.0 mA		0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

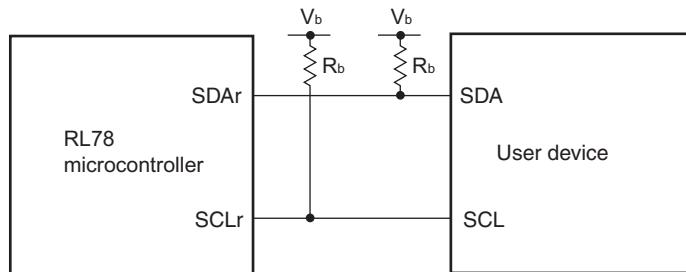
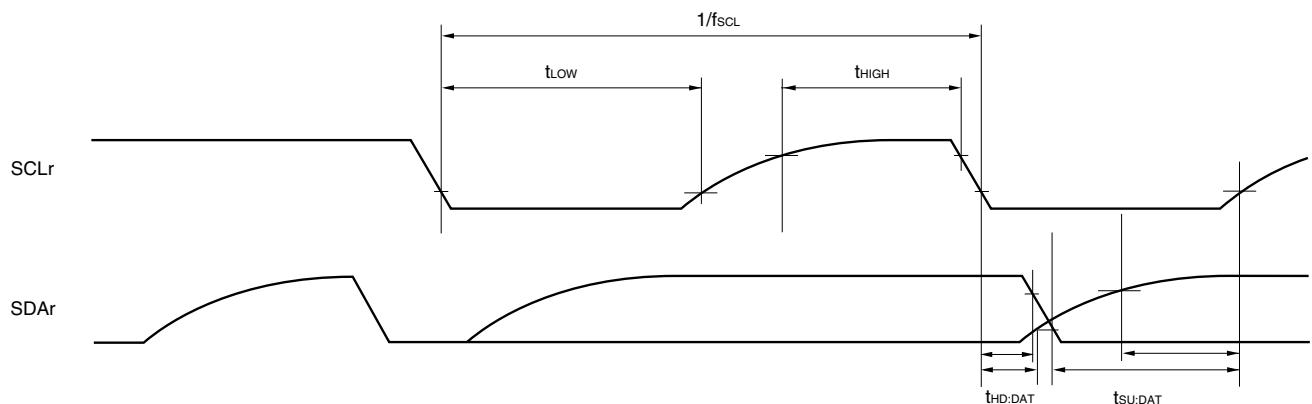
Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

2.4 AC Characteristics

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Items	Symbol	Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	TCY	Main system clock (f_{MAIN}) operation	HS (high-speed main) mode	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.03125		1	μs
				$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	0.0625		1	μs
			LS (low-speed main) mode	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.125		1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	$1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25		1	μs
		Subsystem clock (f_{SUB}) operation		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	28.5	30.5	31.3	μs
		In the self programming mode	HS (high-speed main) mode	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.03125		1	μs
				$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	0.0625		1	μs
			LS (low-speed main) mode	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.125		1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	$1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25		1	μs
External system clock frequency	f _{EX}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			1.0		20.0	MHz
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			1.0		16.0	MHz
		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 2.4 \text{ V}$			1.0		8.0	MHz
		$1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 1.8 \text{ V}$			1.0		4.0	MHz
	f _{EXS}				32		35	kHz
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			24			ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			30			ns
		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 2.4 \text{ V}$			60			ns
		$1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 1.8 \text{ V}$			120			ns
	t _{EXHS} , t _{EXLS}				13.7			μs
TI00 to TI07, TI10 to TI17 input high-level width, low-level width	t _{TIH} , t _{TL}				1/f _{MCK} +10			ns ^{Note}
TO00 to TO07, TO10 to TO17 output frequency	f _{TO}	HS (high-speed main) mode	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				16	MHz
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \text{ V}$				8	MHz
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7 \text{ V}$				4	MHz
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$				2	MHz
		LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				4	MHz
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$				2	MHz
		LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				2	MHz
		HS (high-speed main) mode	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				16	MHz
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \text{ V}$				8	MHz
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7 \text{ V}$				4	MHz
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$				2	MHz
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output frequency	f _{PCL}	LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				4	MHz
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$				2	MHz
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				4	MHz
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$				2	MHz
		LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				4	MHz
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$				2	MHz
Interrupt input high-level width, low-level width	t _{INTH} , t _{INTL}	INTP0	$1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1				μs
		INTP1 to INTP11	$1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1				μs
Key interrupt input low-level width	t _{KR}	KR0 to KR7	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	250				ns
			$1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$	1				μs
RESET low-level width	t _{RS}				10			μs

(Note and Remark are listed on the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)**

- Remarks**
1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. r: IIC number ($r = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31$), g: PIM, POM number ($g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14$)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number ($mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13$)

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

4. Values when the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

5. Refer to **2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (G: INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS $T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$)

This chapter describes the following electrical specifications.

Target products G: Industrial applications $T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$
R5F100xxGxx

- Cautions**
1. The RL78 microcontrollers have an on-chip debug function, which is provided for development and evaluation. Do not use the on-chip debug function in products designated for mass production, because the guaranteed number of rewritable times of the flash memory may be exceeded when this function is used, and product reliability therefore cannot be guaranteed. Renesas Electronics is not liable for problems occurring when the on-chip debug function is used.
 2. With products not provided with an EV_{DD0}, EV_{DD1}, EV_{SS0}, or EV_{SS1} pin, replace EV_{DD0} and EV_{DD1} with V_{DD}, or replace EV_{SS0} and EV_{SS1} with V_{SS}.
 3. The pins mounted depend on the product. Refer to 2.1 Port Function to 2.2.1 Functions for each product.
 4. Please contact Renesas Electronics sales office for derating of operation under $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$. Derating is the systematic reduction of load for the sake of improved reliability.

Remark When RL78/G13 is used in the range of $T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, see **CHAPTER 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)**.

There are following differences between the products "G: Industrial applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$)" and the products "A: Consumer applications, and D: Industrial applications".

Parameter	Application	
	A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications	G: Industrial applications
Operating ambient temperature	$T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$
Operating mode Operating voltage range	HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 32 MHz $2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 16 MHz LS (low-speed main) mode: $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 8 MHz LV (low-voltage main) mode: $1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 4 MHz	HS (high-speed main) mode only: $2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 32 MHz $2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @1 MHz to 16 MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock accuracy	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ $\pm 1.0\% @ T_A = -20$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ $\pm 1.5\% @ T_A = -40$ to -20°C $1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} < 1.8 \text{ V}$ $\pm 5.0\% @ T_A = -20$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ $\pm 5.5\% @ T_A = -40$ to -20°C	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ $\pm 2.0\% @ T_A = +85$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$ $\pm 1.0\% @ T_A = -20$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ $\pm 1.5\% @ T_A = -40$ to -20°C
Serial array unit	UART CSI: $f_{CLK}/2$ (supporting 16 Mbps), $f_{CLK}/4$ Simplified I ² C communication	UART CSI: $f_{CLK}/4$ Simplified I ² C communication
I ² CA	Normal mode Fast mode Fast mode plus	Normal mode Fast mode
Voltage detector	Rise detection voltage: 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 levels) Fall detection voltage: 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 levels)	Rise detection voltage: 2.61 V to 4.06 V (8 levels) Fall detection voltage: 2.55 V to 3.98 V (8 levels)

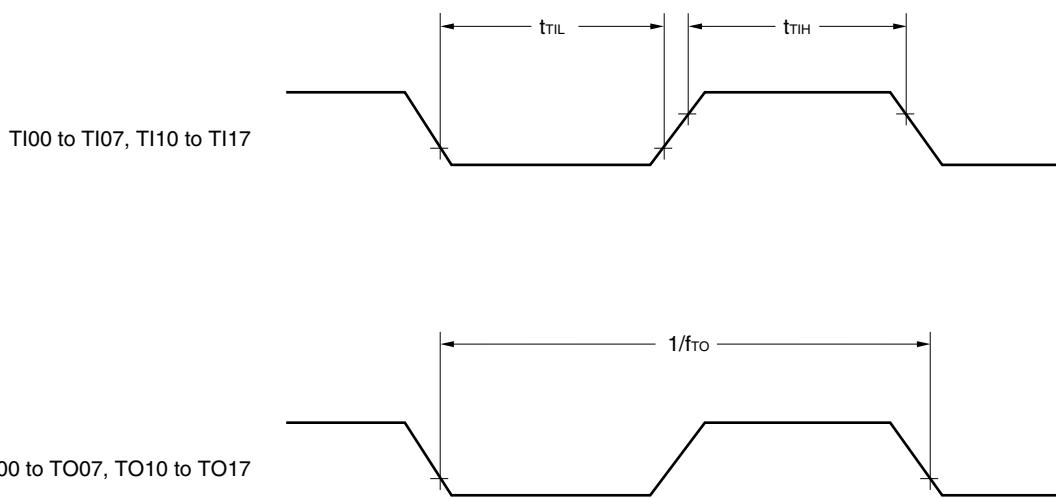
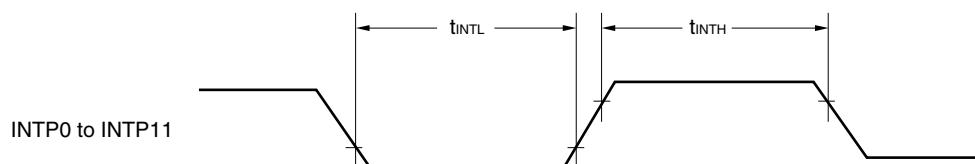
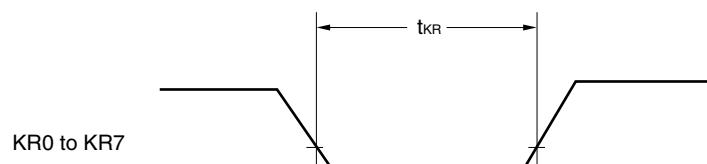
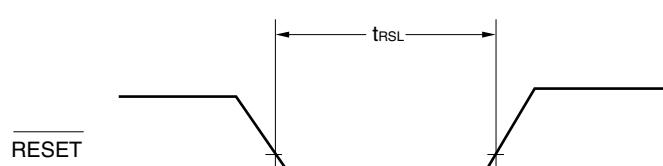
(Remark is listed on the next page.)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V) (4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OH1} = -3.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.7		V
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OH1} = -2.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.6		V
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OH1} = -1.5 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.5		V
	V _{OH2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OH2} = -100 μA	V _{DD} – 0.5		V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 8.5 mA		0.7	V
			4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 3.0 mA		0.6	V
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 1.5 mA		0.4	V
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL1} = 0.6 mA		0.4	V
	V _{OL2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL2} = 400 μA		0.4	V
	V _{OL3}	P60 to P63	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 15.0 mA		2.0	V
			4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 5.0 mA		0.4	V
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 3.0 mA		0.4	V
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, I _{OL3} = 2.0 mA		0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

TI/TO Timing**Interrupt Request Input Timing****Key Interrupt Input Timing****RESET Input Timing**

(3) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time ^{Note 5}	t _{KCY2}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	20 MHz < f _{MCK}	16/f _{MCK}		ns
			f _{MCK} ≤ 20 MHz	12/f _{MCK}		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	16 MHz < f _{MCK}	16/f _{MCK}		ns
			f _{MCK} ≤ 16 MHz	12/f _{MCK}		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		16/f _{MCK}		ns
				12/f _{MCK} and 1000		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH2} , t _{KL2}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 – 14		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 – 16		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 – 36		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK2}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +40		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +60		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 2}	t _{KSI2}	2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} +62		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 3}	t _{KSO2}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 4}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +66	ns
			2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{MCK} +113	ns

- Notes**
- When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.
 - Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode : MAX. 1 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

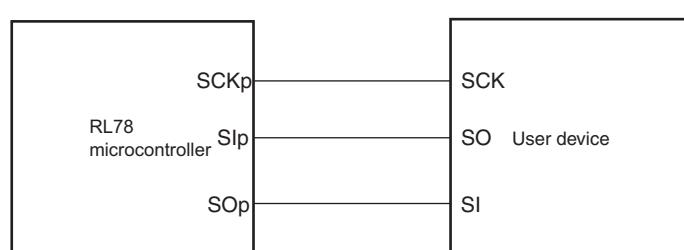
- Remarks** 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1),

n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), g: PIM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)

2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

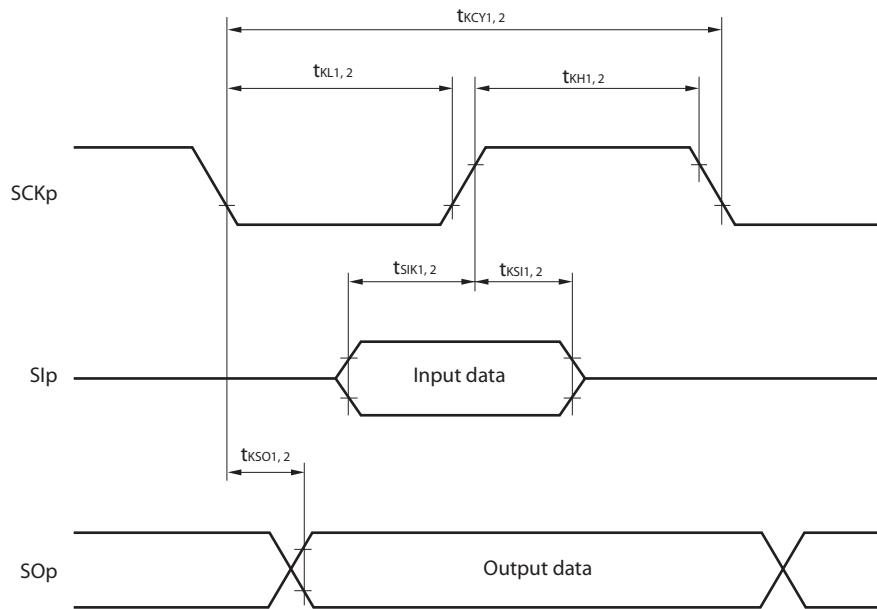
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)

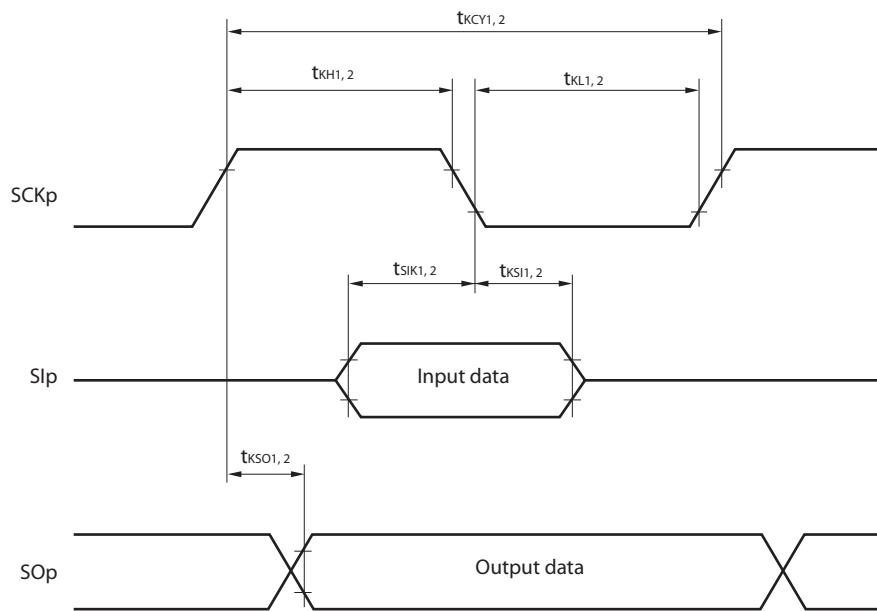


CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)

(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)

**CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)**

(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)

**Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)**2.** m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

(5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (2/2)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate	Transmission	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ, V _b = 2.7 V		Note 1	bps
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ, V _b = 2.3 V		Note 3	bps
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ, V _b = 1.6 V		Note 5	bps

Notes 1. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 4.0 V ≤ EV_{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V and 2.7 V ≤ V_b ≤ 4.0 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\}}{\frac{1}{(\text{Transfer rate})} \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 [\%]$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

2. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 1 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.
3. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 4.0 V and 2.4 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{\frac{1}{(\text{Transfer rate})} \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 [\%]$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

4. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 3 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

3.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics

LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode

(TA = -40 to +105°C, VPDR ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Detection voltage	Supply voltage level	V _{LVDO}	Power supply rise time	3.90	4.06	4.22	V
			Power supply fall time	3.83	3.98	4.13	V
	V _{LVD1}	Power supply rise time	3.60	3.75	3.90	V	
		Power supply fall time	3.53	3.67	3.81	V	
	V _{LVD2}	Power supply rise time	3.01	3.13	3.25	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.94	3.06	3.18	V	
	V _{LVD3}	Power supply rise time	2.90	3.02	3.14	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.85	2.96	3.07	V	
	V _{LVD4}	Power supply rise time	2.81	2.92	3.03	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.75	2.86	2.97	V	
	V _{LVD5}	Power supply rise time	2.70	2.81	2.92	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.64	2.75	2.86	V	
	V _{LVD6}	Power supply rise time	2.61	2.71	2.81	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.55	2.65	2.75	V	
	V _{LVD7}	Power supply rise time	2.51	2.61	2.71	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.45	2.55	2.65	V	
Minimum pulse width	t _{LW}		300			μs	
Detection delay time					300	μs	

LVD Detection Voltage of Interrupt & Reset Mode

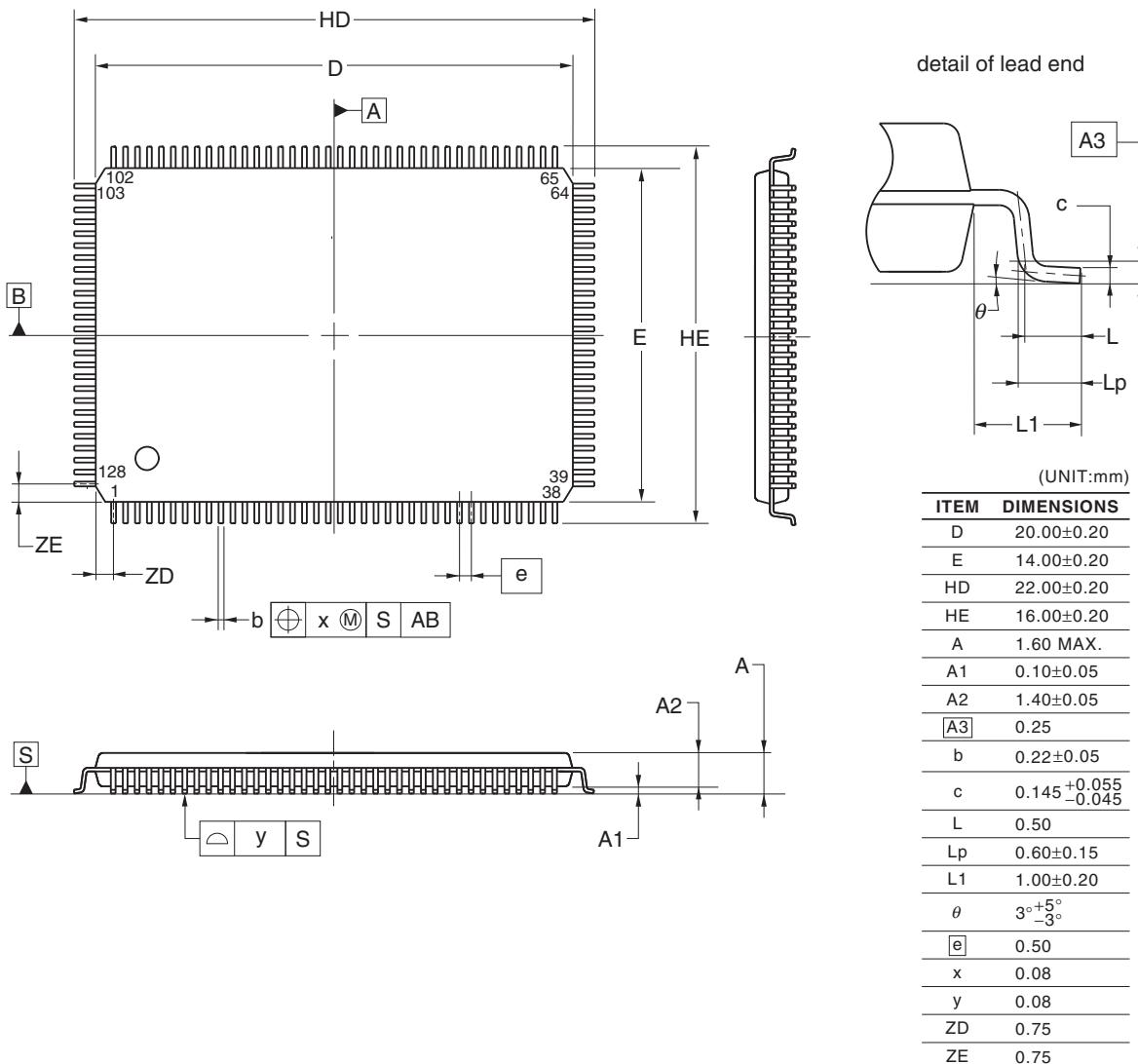
(TA = -40 to +105°C, VPDR ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Interrupt and reset mode	V _{LVDD0}	V _{POC2} , V _{POC1} , V _{POC0} = 0, 1, 1, falling reset voltage	2.64	2.75	2.86	V	
		LVIS1, LVIS0 = 1, 0	Rising release reset voltage	2.81	2.92	3.03	V
	V _{LVDD2}		Falling interrupt voltage	2.75	2.86	2.97	V
	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 1	Rising release reset voltage	2.90	3.02	3.14	V	
		V _{LVDD3}		Falling interrupt voltage	2.85	2.96	3.07
	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 0	Rising release reset voltage	3.90	4.06	4.22	V	
		Falling interrupt voltage	3.83	3.98	4.13	V	

4.14 128-pin Products

R5F100SHAFB, R5F100SJAFB, R5F100SKAFB, R5F100SLAFB
 R5F101SHAFB, R5F101SJAFB, R5F101SKAFB, R5F101SLAFB
 R5F100SHDFB, R5F100SJDFB, R5F100SKDFB, R5F100SLDFB
 R5F101SHDFB, R5F101SJDFB, R5F101SKDFB, R5F101SLDFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP128-14x20-0.50	PLQP0128KD-A	P128GF-50-GBP-1	0.92



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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.00	Aug 02, 2013	81	Modification of figure of AC Timing Test Points
		81	Modification of description and note 3 in (1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)
		83	Modification of description in (2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode)
		84	Modification of description in (3) During communication at same potential (CSI mode)
		85	Modification of description in (4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (1/2)
		86	Modification of description in (4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (2/2)
		88	Modification of table in (5) During communication at same potential (simplified I ² C mode) (1/2)
		89	Modification of table and caution in (5) During communication at same potential (simplified I ² C mode) (2/2)
		91	Modification of table and notes 1 and 4 in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)
		92, 93	Modification of table and notes 2 to 7 in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (2/2)
		94	Modification of remarks 1 to 4 in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (2/2)
		95	Modification of table in (7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (1/2)
		96	Modification of table and caution in (7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (2/2)
		97	Modification of table in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (1/3)
		98	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (2/3)
		99	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (3/3)
		100	Modification of remarks 3 and 4 in (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (3/3)
		102	Modification of table in (9) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (1/2)
		103	Modification of table and caution in (9) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (2/2)
		106	Modification of table in (10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I ² C mode) (1/2)
		107	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I ² C mode) (2/2)
		109	Addition of (1) I ² C standard mode
		111	Addition of (2) I ² C fast mode
		112	Addition of (3) I ² C fast mode plus
		112	Modification of IICA serial transfer timing
		113	Addition of table in 2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics
		113	Modification of description in 2.6.1 (1)
		114	Modification of notes 3 to 5 in 2.6.1 (1)
		115	Modification of description and notes 2, 4, and 5 in 2.6.1 (2)
		116	Modification of description and notes 3 and 4 in 2.6.1 (3)
		117	Modification of description and notes 3 and 4 in 2.6.1 (4)