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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-HWQFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100gjgna-u0

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

O ROM, RAM capacities

Flash	Data	RAM			RL78	/G13		
ROM	flash		20 pins	24 pins	25 pins	30 pins	32 pins	36 pins
128	8 KB	12	-	-	-	R5F100AG	R5F100BG	R5F100CG
KB	-	KB	-	-	-	R5F101AG	R5F101BG	R5F101CG
96	8 KB	8 KB	=	=	=	R5F100AF	R5F100BF	R5F100CF
KB	-		-	-	-	R5F101AF	R5F101BF	R5F101CF
64	4 KB	4 KB	R5F1006E	R5F1007E	R5F1008E	R5F100AE	R5F100BE	R5F100CE
KB	=	Note	R5F1016E	R5F1017E	R5F1018E	R5F101AE	R5F101BE	R5F101CE
48	4 KB	3 KB	R5F1006D	R5F1007D	R5F1008D	R5F100AD	R5F100BD	R5F100CD
KB	_	1.0.0	R5F1016D	R5F1017D	R5F1018D	R5F101AD	R5F101BD	R5F101CD
32	4 KB	2 KB	R5F1006C	R5F1007C	R5F1008C	R5F100AC	R5F100BC	R5F100CC
KB	=		R5F1016C	R5F1017C	R5F1018C	R5F101AC	R5F101BC	R5F101CC
16 KB	4 KB	2 KB	R5F1006A	R5F1007A	R5F1008A	R5F100AA	R5F100BA	R5F100CA
KB	-		R5F1016A	R5F1017A	R5F1018A	R5F101AA	R5F101BA	R5F101CA

Flash	Data	RAM				RL78	3/G13			
ROM	flash		40 pins	44 pins	48 pins	52 pins	64 pins	80 pins	100 pins	128 pins
512	8 KB	32 KB Note	=	R5F100FL	R5F100GL	R5F100JL	R5F100LL	R5F100ML	R5F100PL	R5F100SL
KB	-	Note	-	R5F101FL	R5F101GL	R5F101JL	R5F101LL	R5F101ML	R5F101PL	R5F101SL
384	8 KB	24 KB	1	R5F100FK	R5F100GK	R5F100JK	R5F100LK	R5F100MK	R5F100PK	R5F100SK
KB	-		-	R5F101FK	R5F101GK	R5F101JK	R5F101LK	R5F101MK	R5F101PK	R5F101SK
256	8 KB	20 KB Note	-	R5F100FJ	R5F100GJ	R5F100JJ	R5F100LJ	R5F100MJ	R5F100PJ	R5F100SJ
KB	_	Note	-	R5F101FJ	R5F101GJ	R5F101JJ	R5F101LJ	R5F101MJ	R5F101PJ	R5F101SJ
192	8 KB	16 KB	R5F100EH	R5F100FH	R5F100GH	R5F100JH	R5F100LH	R5F100MH	R5F100PH	R5F100SH
KB	=		R5F101EH	R5F101FH	R5F101GH	R5F101JH	R5F101LH	R5F101MH	R5F101PH	R5F101SH
128	8 KB	12 KB	R5F100EG	R5F100FG	R5F100GG	R5F100JG	R5F100LG	R5F100MG	R5F100PG	-
KB	-		R5F101EG	R5F101FG	R5F101GG	R5F101JG	R5F101LG	R5F101MG	R5F101PG	-
96	8 KB	8 KB	R5F100EF	R5F100FF	R5F100GF	R5F100JF	R5F100LF	R5F100MF	R5F100PF	=
KB	_		R5F101EF	R5F101FF	R5F101GF	R5F101JF	R5F101LF	R5F101MF	R5F101PF	-
64	4 KB	4 KB Note	R5F100EE	R5F100FE	R5F100GE	R5F100JE	R5F100LE	=	=	=
KB	_	Note	R5F101EE	R5F101FE	R5F101GE	R5F101JE	R5F101LE	-	=	-
48	4 KB	3 KB Note	R5F100ED	R5F100FD	R5F100GD	R5F100JD	R5F100LD	=	=	=
KB	-		R5F101ED	R5F101FD	R5F101GD	R5F101JD	R5F101LD	=	=	=
32	4 KB	2 KB	R5F100EC	R5F100FC	R5F100GC	R5F100JC	R5F100LC	-	=	-
KB	_	1	R5F101EC	R5F101FC	R5F101GC	R5F101JC	R5F101LC	-	-	-
16	4 KB	2 KB	R5F100EA	R5F100FA	R5F100GA	=	=	=	=	=
KB	_	1	R5F101EA	R5F101FA	R5F101GA	-	-	-	-	=

Note The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

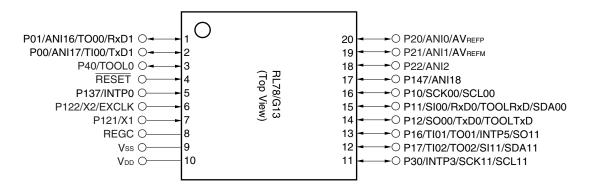
R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = 6 to 8, A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FF300H R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = 6 to 8, A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FEF00H R5F100xJ, R5F101xJ (x = F, G, J, L, M, P): Start address FAF00H R5F100xL, R5F101xL (x = F, G, J, L, M, P, S): Start address F7F00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.

1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View)

1.3.1 20-pin products

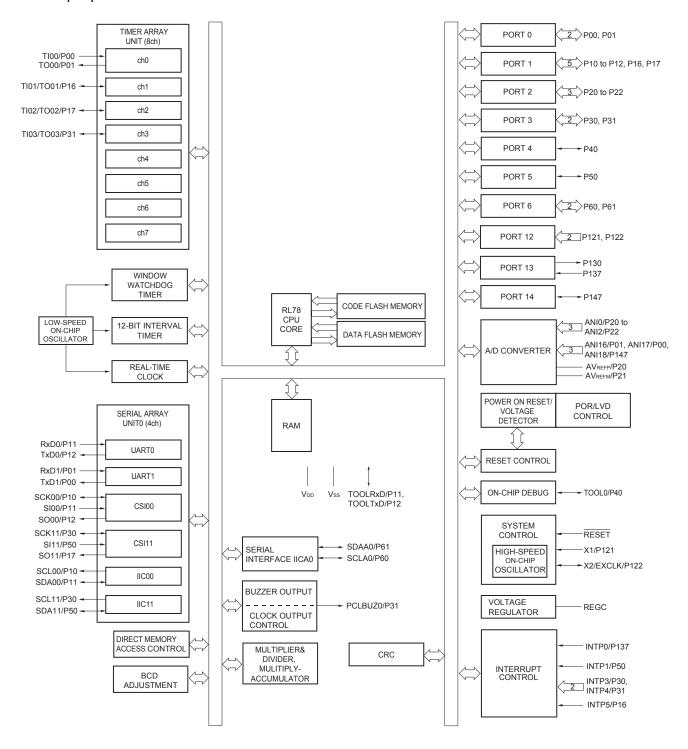
• 20-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)



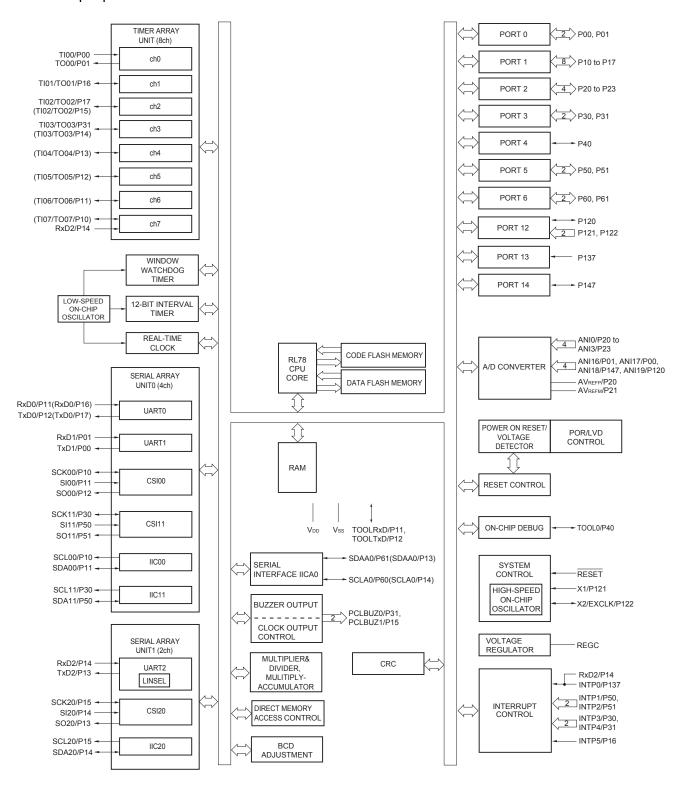
Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

1.5.3 25-pin products



1.5.4 30-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.6 Outline of Functions

[20-pin, 24-pin, 25-pin, 30-pin, 32-pin, 36-pin products]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

(1/2)

												(1/2)
	Item	20-	pin	24-	pin	25	-pin	30-	pin	32-	pin	36-	pin
		R5F1006x	R5F1016x	R5F1007x	R5F1017x	R5F1008x	R5F1018x	R5F100Ax	R5F101Ax	R5F100Bx	R5F101Bx	R5F100Cx	R5F101Cx
Code flash me	emory (KB)	16 to	o 64	16 t	o 64	16 t	o 64	16 to	128	16 to	3 to 128 16 to 128		128
Data flash me	mory (KB)	4	_	4	-	4	=	4 to 8	=	4 to 8	-	4 to 8	=
RAM (KB)		2 to	2 to 4 ^{Note1} 2 to 4 ^{Note1} 2 to 4 ^{Note1} 2 to 12 ^{Note1} 2 to 12 ^{Note1} 2 to 1							2 ^{Note1}			
Address space	е	1 MB											
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	HS (Hig HS (Hig LS (Lov	jh-speed jh-speed v-speed	I main) m I main) m main) m	node: 1 t node: 1 t ode: 1 tc	o 20 MH o 16 MH o 8 MHz	z (V _{DD} = z (V _{DD} =	tem cloc 2.7 to 5. 2.4 to 5. 8 to 5.5 1.6 to 5.5	5 V), 5 V), V),	(EXCLK)			
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	HS (Hig LS (Lov	HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V_{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)										
Subsystem clo	ock		-										
Low-speed on	n-chip oscillator	15 kHz (TYP.)											
General-purpo	ose registers	(8-bit register × 8) × 4 banks											
Minimum instr	ruction execution time	0.03125	5 μs (Hig	h-speed	on-chip	oscillato	r: fін = 3	2 MHz op	peration)			
		0.05 μs (High-speed system clock: f _{MX} = 20 MHz operation)											
Instruction set	t	 Data transfer (8/16 bits) Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits) Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 											
I/O port	Total	1	6	2	0	2	21	2	6	2	8	3	2
	CMOS I/O	1 (N-ch C [Vpp wit voltag	D.D. I/O thstand	(N-ch C	5 D.D. I/O thstand ge]: 6)	(N-ch (5 D.D. I/O thstand ge]: 6)	2 (N-ch C [V _{DD} wit voltag	D.D. I/O thstand	2 (N-ch ([V _{DD} wi voltag	thstand	(N-ch C [V _{DD} with voltage	thstand
	CMOS input	3	3	;	3	;	3	3	3	;	3	3	3
	CMOS output	-	-	-	-		1	_	-	-	-	-	-
	N-ch O.D. I/O (withstand voltage: 6 V)	=	_	2	2	:	2	2	2	(3	3	3
Timer	16-bit timer						8 cha	nnels					
	Watchdog timer						1 cha	annel					
	Real-time clock (RTC)						1 chan	nel Note 2					
	12-bit interval timer (IT)						1 cha	annel					
	Timer output 3 channels (PWM outputs: 3 Note 3)												
	RTC output						=	=					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													

Notes 1. The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = 6 to 8, A to C): Start address FF300H R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = 6 to 8, A to C): Start address FEF00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944).

2. Only the constant-period interrupt function when the low-speed on-chip oscillator clock (fill) is selected

 The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves) (see 6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function in the RL78/G13 User's Manual).

(2/2)

							(2/2)		
Ite	m	80-	pin	100	-pin	128	3-pin		
		R5F100Mx	R5F101Mx	R5F100Px	R5F101Px	R5F100Sx	R5F101Sx		
Clock output/buzz	er output		2	1	2		2		
		• 2.44 kHz, 4.8	8 kHz, 9.76 kHz,	1.25 MHz, 2.5 M	Hz, 5 MHz, 10 M	ИHz			
		· ·	clock: fmain = 20						
				.048 kHz, 4.096 k		16.384 kHz, 32.76	68 kHz		
0/40 1 "	A /D		CIOCK: ISUB = 32.70	68 kHz operation)		I			
8/10-bit resolution	A/D converter	17 channels 20 channels 26 channels							
Serial interface		[80-pin, 100-pin, 128-pin products]							
		CSI: 2 channels/simplified I ² C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel							
		CSI: 2 channels/simplified I ² C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel CSI: 2 channels/simplified I ² C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel							
		CSI: 2 chann	ung En v buoj. T c	onamo:					
	I ² C bus	2 channels	·	2 channels		2 channels			
Multiplier and divid	der/multiply-	• 16 bits × 16 bi	ts = 32 bits (Uns	igned or signed)					
accumulator		• 32 bits ÷ 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned)							
		• 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed)							
DMA controller		4 channels							
Vectored	Internal		37	3	37		41		
interrupt sources	External		13	1	3	13			
Key interrupt			8	1	8		8		
Reset		Reset by RES							
			by watchdog tim						
			by power-on-res by voltage detec						
				tion execution Note					
			by RAM parity e						
			by illegal-memor						
Power-on-reset cir	rcuit	Power-on-res	et: 1.51 V (TY	P.)					
		Power-down-	reset: 1.50 V (TY	P.)					
Voltage detector		Rising edge :		.06 V (14 stages))				
		Falling edge: 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages)							
On-chip debug fur	nction	Provided							
Power supply volta	age	V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V (T _A = -40 to +85°C)							
		$V_{DD} = 2.4 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V } (T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C})$							
Operating ambien	t temperature	T _A = 40 to +85°C (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications)							
		$T_A = 40 \text{ to } +105$	°C (G: Industrial	applications)					
		1							



Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = 25°C) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbols		Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Output current, high	Іон1	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	-40	mA
		Total of all pins -170 mA	P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	-70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	-100	mA
	І ОН2	Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	-0.5	mA
		Total of all pins		-2	mA
Output current, low	lo _{L1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	40	mA
		Total of all pins 170 mA	P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	100	mA
	lo _{L2}	Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1	mA
		Total of all pins		5	mA
Operating ambient	TA	In normal operati	on mode	-40 to +85	°C
temperature	I	In flash memory	programming mode		
Storage temperature	Tstg			-65 to +150	°C

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

2.2.1 X1, XT1 oscillator characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation	Ceramic resonator/	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	1.0		20.0	MHz
frequency (fx) ^{Note}	crystal resonator	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7~V$	1.0		16.0	MHz
		$1.8~V \leq V_{DD} < 2.4~V$	1.0		8.0	MHz
		$1.6~V \leq V_{DD} < 1.8~V$	1.0		4.0	MHz
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) ^{Note}	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator and XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator.

2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Oscillators	Parameters		Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	fін			1		32	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator		–20 to +85 °C	$1.8~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	-1.0		+1.0	%
clock frequency accuracy			$1.6~V \leq V_{DD} < 1.8~V$	-5.0		+5.0	%
		–40 to −20 °C	$1.8~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	-1.5		+1.5	%
			$1.6~V \le V_{DD} < 1.8~V$	-5.5		+5.5	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	fıL				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Notes 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 3 of option byte (000C2H/010C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of HOCODIV register.

2. This indicates the oscillator characteristics only. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time.

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ (3/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147		0.8EVDDO		EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IH2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	2.2		EV _{DD0}	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer $3.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}$	2.0		EV _{DD0}	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V	1.5		EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IH3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0.7V _{DD}		V _{DD}	٧
	V _{IH4}	P60 to P63	0.7EV _{DD0}		6.0	٧	
	V _{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCL	0.8V _{DD}		V _{DD}	٧	
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	,	0		0.2EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IL2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.8	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	VIL3	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0		0.3V _{DD}	٧
	V _{IL4}	P60 to P63		0		0.3EV _{DD0}	٧
	V _{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCL	KS, RESET	0		0.2V _{DD}	٧

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 is EV_{DD0}, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	(Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		r-speed Mode	LV (low- main)	Unit	
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t KCY1	tkcy1 ≥ 2/fclk	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$	62.5		250		500		ns
			$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$	83.3		250		500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	tкн1, tкL1	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DI}	00 ≤ 5.5 V	tксү1/2 — 7		tксү1/2 – 50		tксү1/2 — 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DI}	00 ≤ 5.5 V	tксү1/2 – 10		tксү1/2 — 50		tксү1/2 — 50		ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑)	tsıĸı	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DI}	00 ≤ 5.5 V	23		110		110		ns
Note 1		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DI}	00 ≤ 5.5 V	33		110		110		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp [↑]) Note 2	tksı1	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$		10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 3	tkso1	C = 20 pF No	te 4		10		10		10	ns

- **Notes 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
 - 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- Remarks 1. This value is valid only when CSI00's peripheral I/O redirect function is not used.
 - p: CSI number (p = 00), m: Unit number (m = 0), n: Channel number (n = 0),g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 1)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,n: Channel number (mn = 00))

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions			HS (high- speed main) Mode		/-speed Mode	LV (low- voltage main) Mode		Unit
					MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate		Recep- tion	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 4.0 \text{ V}$			fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1	bps
				Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
			$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$			fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1		fMCK/6 Note 1	bps
				Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fack Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
			$1.8 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V,$ $1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V$			fMCK/6 Notes 1 to 3		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2		fMCK/6 Notes 1, 2	bps
				Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fmck = fclk Note 4		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

- 2. Use it with EVDD0≥Vb.
- 3. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $E_{VDDO} < V_{DD}$.

 $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.7 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 2.6 \text{ Mbps}$ $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.4 \text{ V} : \text{MAX. } 1.3 \text{ Mbps}$

4. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fclk) are:

HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

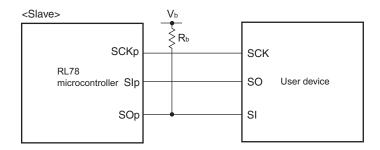
LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V) LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

Remarks 1. $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage

- 2. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)
- 3. fmcκ: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)
- **4.** UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR1) of peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1.

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



- Remarks 1. $R_b[\Omega]$:Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 - **2.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))
 - **4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

(10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high	•	`	/-speed Mode	LV (low main)	-voltage Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$\begin{aligned} &4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ &2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \text{ V}, \\ &C_{\text{b}} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$	1/f _{MCK} + 135 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$\label{eq:substitute} \begin{split} 2.7 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b &= 50 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	1/f _{MCK} + 135 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$\label{eq:section} \begin{split} 2.7 \ V &\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V &\leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_b &= 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{split}$	1/f _{MCK} + 190 Note 3		1/fMCK + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
		$ \begin{aligned} &1.8 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \; V, \\ &1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V^{\text{Note 2}}, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	1/f _{MCK} + 190 Note 3		1/fMCK + 190 Note 3		1/fmck + 190 Note 3		kHz
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$ \begin{aligned} &4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ &2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ &C_b = 50 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		$ \begin{aligned} &2.7 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0 \; V, \\ &2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ &C_b = 50 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{aligned} $	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		$ \begin{cases} 4.0 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \; V, \\ 2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{cases} $	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		eq:second-seco	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		$\begin{split} &1.8 \; V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \; V, \\ &1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V^{\text{Note 2}}, \\ &C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{split}$	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than $f_{MCK}/4$.

- 2. Use it with $EV_{DD0} \ge V_b$.
- 3. Set the fmck value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

2.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics

LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode

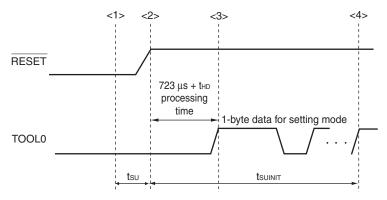
(Ta = -40 to +85°C, VPDR \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection	Supply voltage level	V _{LVD0}	Power supply rise time	3.98	4.06	4.14	>
voltage			Power supply fall time	3.90	3.98	4.06	٧
		V _{LVD1}	Power supply rise time	3.68	3.75	3.82	٧
			Power supply fall time	3.60	3.67	3.74	٧
		V _{LVD2}	Power supply rise time	3.07	3.13	3.19	٧
			Power supply fall time	3.00	3.06	3.12	V
		V LVD3	Power supply rise time	2.96	3.02	3.08	٧
			Power supply fall time	2.90	2.96	3.02	٧
		V _{LVD4}	Power supply rise time	2.86	2.92	2.97	V
			Power supply fall time	2.80	2.86	2.91	٧
		V _{LVD5}	Power supply rise time	2.76	2.81	2.87	V
			Power supply fall time	2.70	2.75	2.81	٧
		V _{LVD6}	Power supply rise time	2.66	2.71	2.76	٧
			Power supply fall time	2.60	2.65	2.70	V
		V _{LVD7}	Power supply rise time	2.56	2.61	2.66	٧
			Power supply fall time	2.50	2.55	2.60	V
		V _{LVD8}	Power supply rise time	2.45	2.50	2.55	V
			Power supply fall time	2.40	2.45	2.50	V
		V _{LVD9}	Power supply rise time	2.05	2.09	2.13	V
			Power supply fall time	2.00	2.04	2.08	V
		V _{LVD10}	Power supply rise time	1.94	1.98	2.02	V
			Power supply fall time	1.90	1.94	1.98	V
		V _{LVD11}	Power supply rise time	1.84	1.88	1.91	V
			Power supply fall time	1.80	1.84	1.87	V
		V _{LVD12}	Power supply rise time	1.74	1.77	1.81	V
			Power supply fall time	1.70	1.73	1.77	V
		V _{LVD13}	Power supply rise time	1.64	1.67	1.70	V
			Power supply fall time	1.60	1.63	1.66	V
Minimum p	ulse width	tLW		300			μS
Detection d	elay time					300	μS

2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	tsuіліт	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	tsu	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μS
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)	tно	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

Remark tsuinit: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.

tsu: Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

thd: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = 25°C) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbols	Conditions		Ratings	Unit
Output current, high	Іон1	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	-40	mA
		Total of all pins -170 mA	P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	- 70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	-100	mA
	Іон2	Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	-0.5	mA
		Total of all pins		-2	mA
Output current, low	lo _{L1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	40	mA
		Total of all pins 170 mA	P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	100	mA
	lo _{L2}	Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1	mA
		Total of all pins		5	mA
Operating ambient temperature	Та	In normal operati	on mode programming mode	-40 to +105	°C
Storage temperature T _{stg}					-

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into V_{DD} and EV_{DDO}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD}, EV_{DDO} or Vss, EVsso. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 - 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - **5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

- **8.** Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - **4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

(5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
					MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate		Reception	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5$		fmck/12 Note 1	bps	
			V , $2.7 \ V \le V_b \le 4.0 \ V$	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fclk = 32 MHz, fmck = fclk		2.6	Mbps
			$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0$			fmck/12 Note 1	bps
			$V,$ $2.3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fclk = 32 MHz, fmck = fclk		2.6	Mbps
			$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3 \text{ V},$			fMCK/12 Notes 1,2	bps
			$1.6~V \leq V_b \leq 2.0~V$	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate fclk = 32 MHz, fmck = fclk		2.6	Mbps

- Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.
 - 2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EVDDO < VDD.

 $2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$: MAX. 1.3 Mbps

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

- Remarks 1. V_b[V]: Communication line voltage
 - **2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)
 - **4.** UART2 cannot communicate at different potential when bit 1 (PIOR1) of peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1.

R5F100GAANA, R5F100GCANA, R5F100GDANA, R5F100GEANA, R5F100GFANA, R5F100GHANA, R5F100GHANA, R5F100GKANA, R5F100GKANA, R5F100GKANA, R5F100GKANA

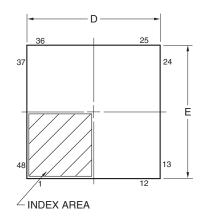
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R5F100GADNA, R5F100GCDNA, R5F100GDDNA, R5F100GEDNA, R5F100GFDNA, R5F100GDNA, R5F100GHDNA, R5F100GJDNA, R5F100GKDNA, R5F100GLDNA

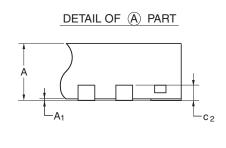
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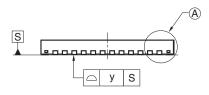
R5F100GAGNA, R5F100GCGNA, R5F100GDGNA, R5F100GEGNA, R5F100GFGNA, R5F100GHGNA, R5F100GJGNA

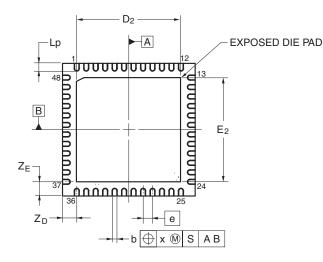
JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN48-7x7-0.50	PWQN0048KB-A	48PJN-A P48K8-50-5B4-6	0.13











Referance	Dimension in Millimeters			
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	
D	6.95	7.00	7.05	
Е	6.95	7.00	7.05	
Α			0.80	
A ₁	0.00		_	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	
е		0.50	_	
Lp	0.30	0.40	0.50	
Х			0.05	
у			0.05	
Z _D		0.75	_	
Z _E		0.75		
C ₂	0.15	0.20	0.25	
D ₂		5.50	_	
E ₂		5.50	_	

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4.11 64-pin Products

R5F100LCAFA, R5F100LDAFA, R5F100LEAFA, R5F100LFAFA, R5F100LGAFA, R5F100LHAFA, R5F100LJAFA, R5F100LKAFA, R5F100LLAFA

R5F101LCAFA, R5F101LDAFA, R5F101LEAFA, R5F101LFAFA, R5F101LGAFA, R5F101LHAFA, R5F101LJAFA, R5F101LKAFA, R5F101LLAFA

R5F100LCDFA, R5F100LDDFA, R5F100LEDFA, R5F100LFDFA, R5F100LGDFA, R5F100LHDFA, R5F100LJDFA, R5F100LKDFA, R5F100LLDFA

R5F101LCDFA, R5F101LDDFA, R5F101LEDFA, R5F101LFDFA, R5F101LGDFA, R5F101LHDFA, R5F101LJDFA, R5F101LKDFA, R5F101LLDFA

Previous Code

MASS (TYP.) [g]

R5F100LCGFA, R5F100LDGFA, R5F100LEGFA, R5F100LFGFA, R5F100LGGFA, R5F100LHGFA, R5F100LJGFA

RENESAS Code

JEITA Package Code

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